







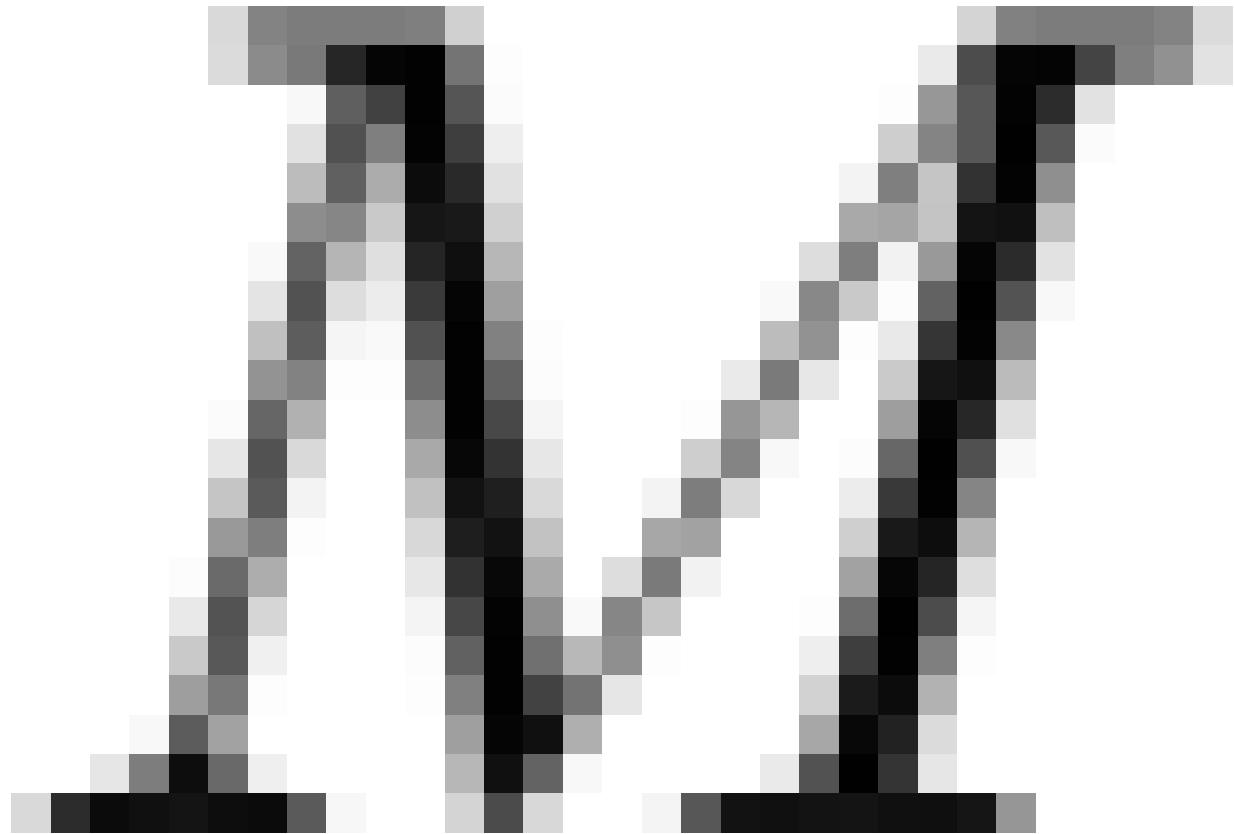
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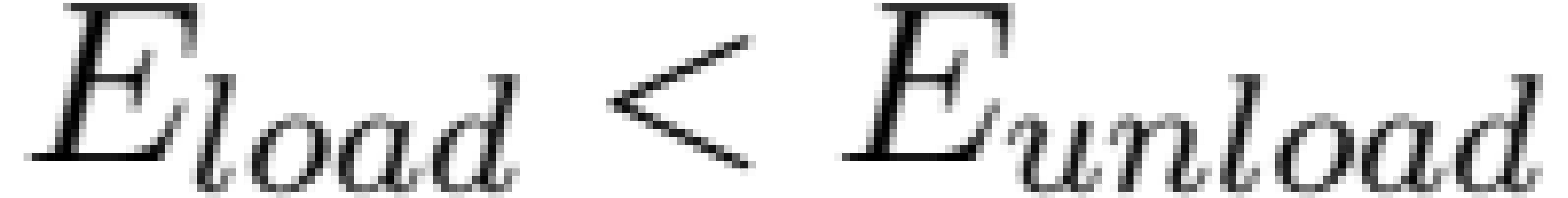
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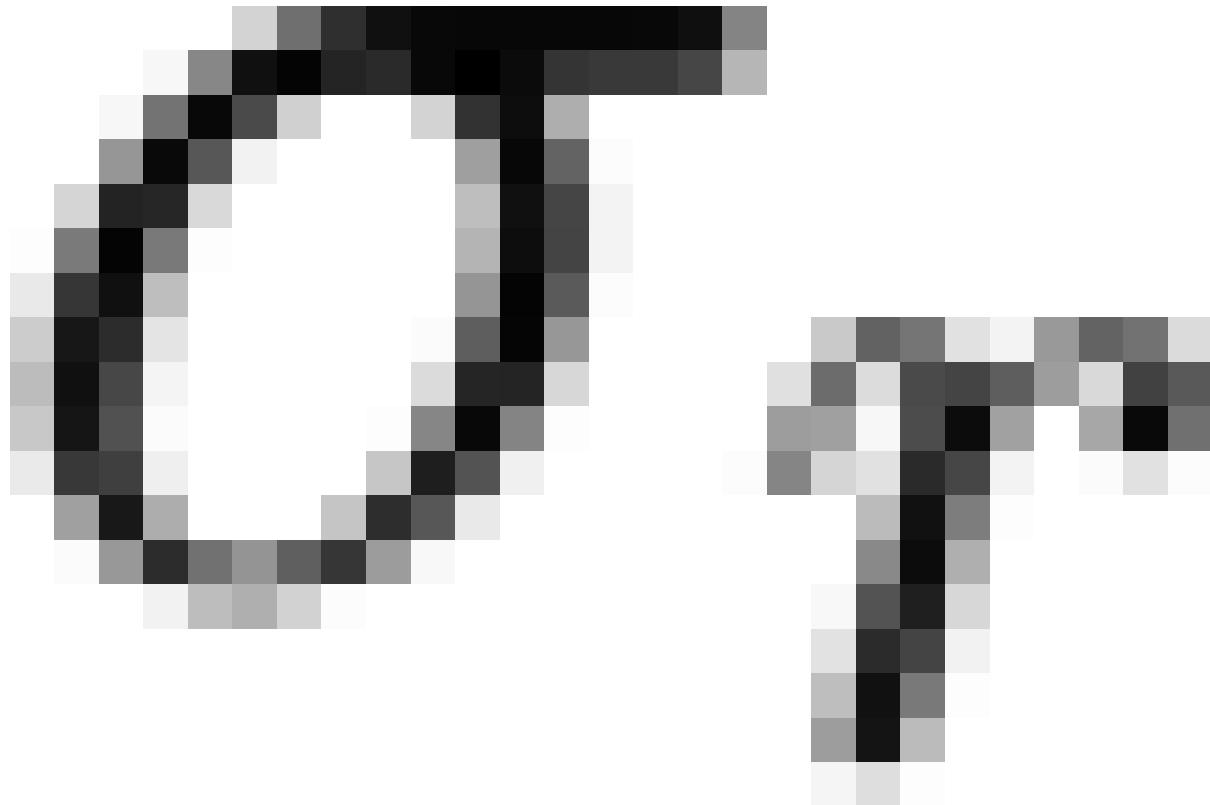








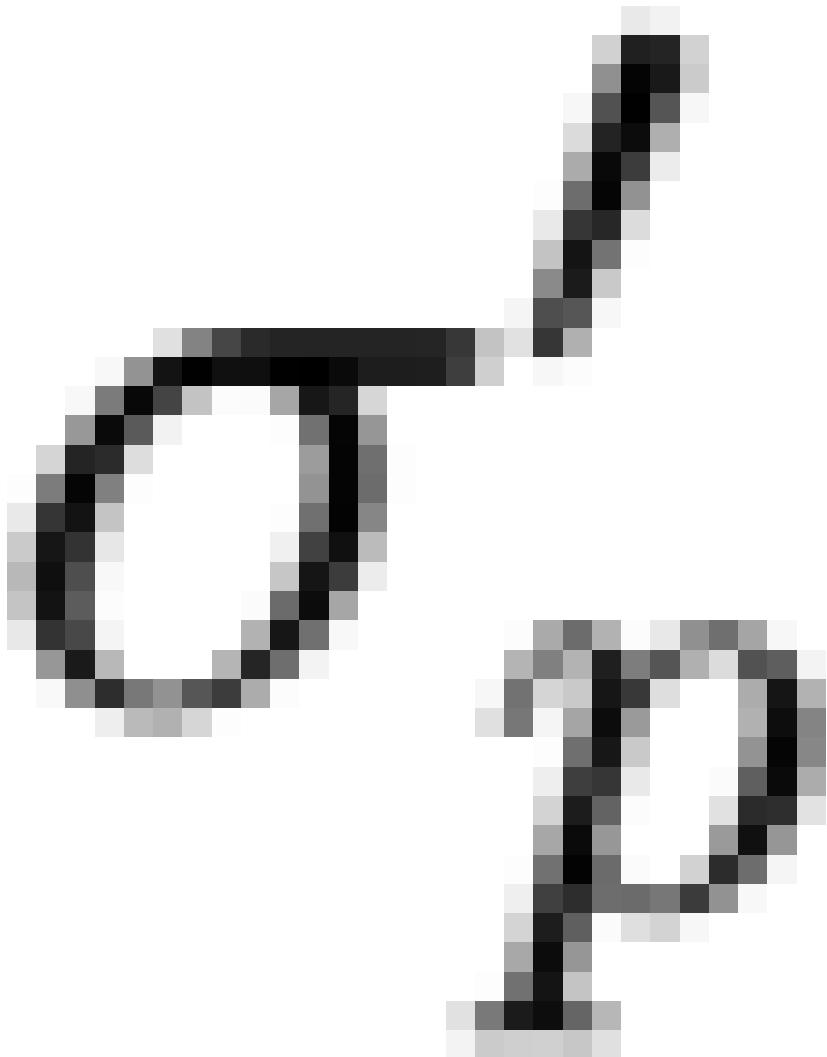


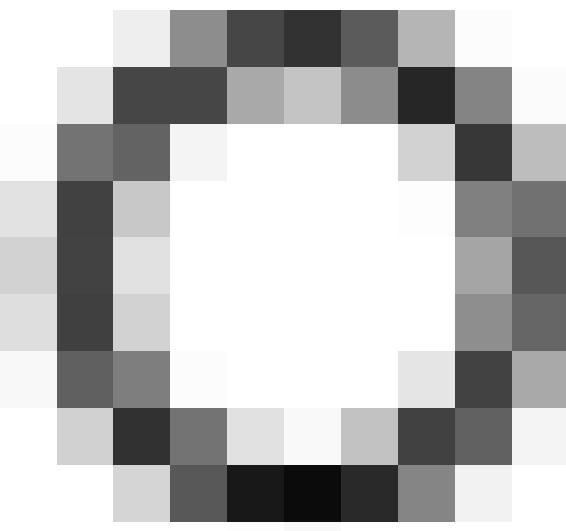


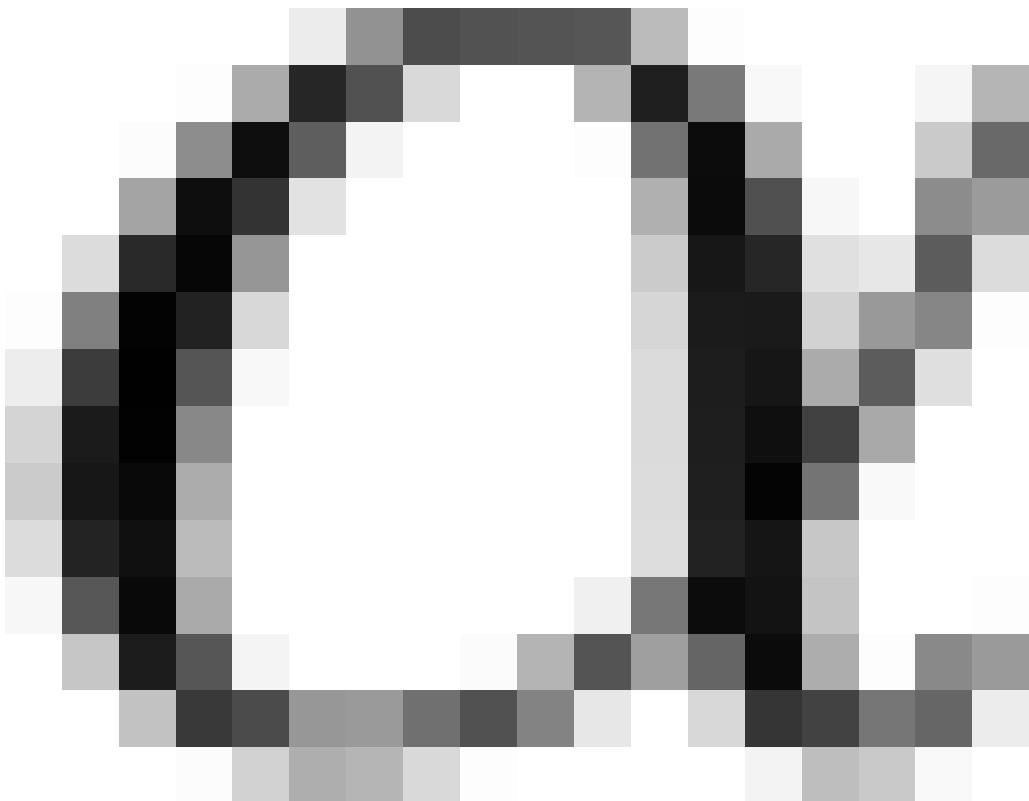


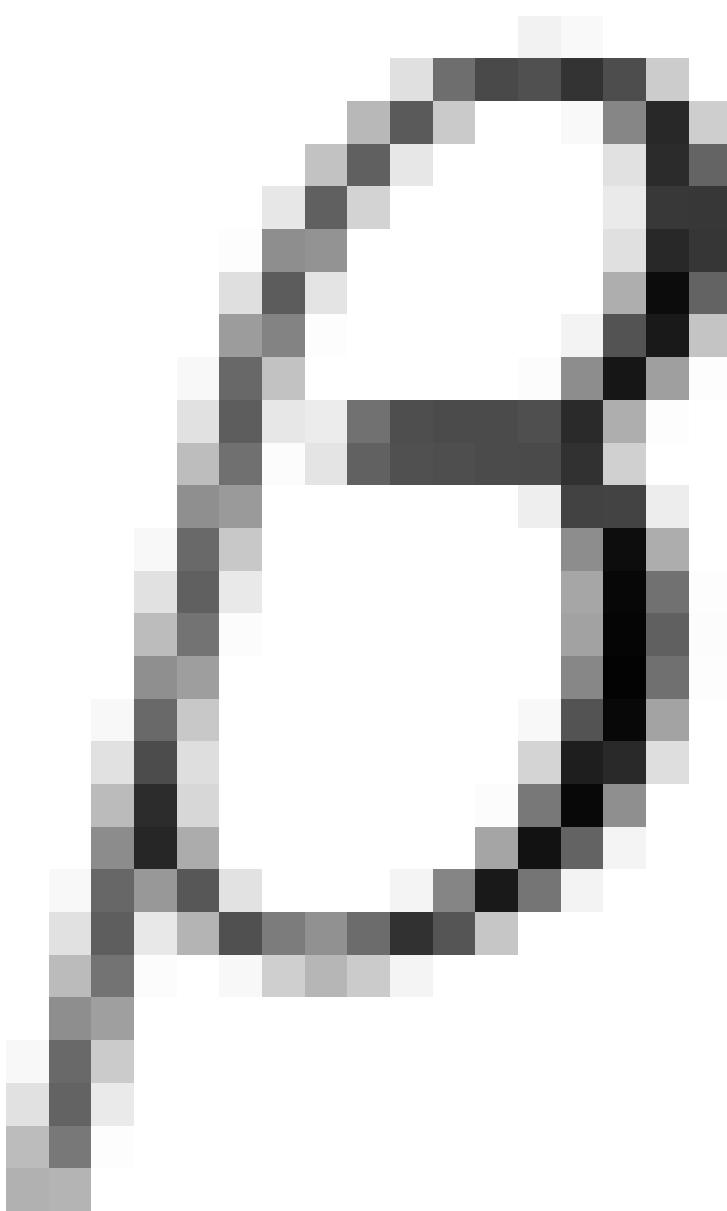


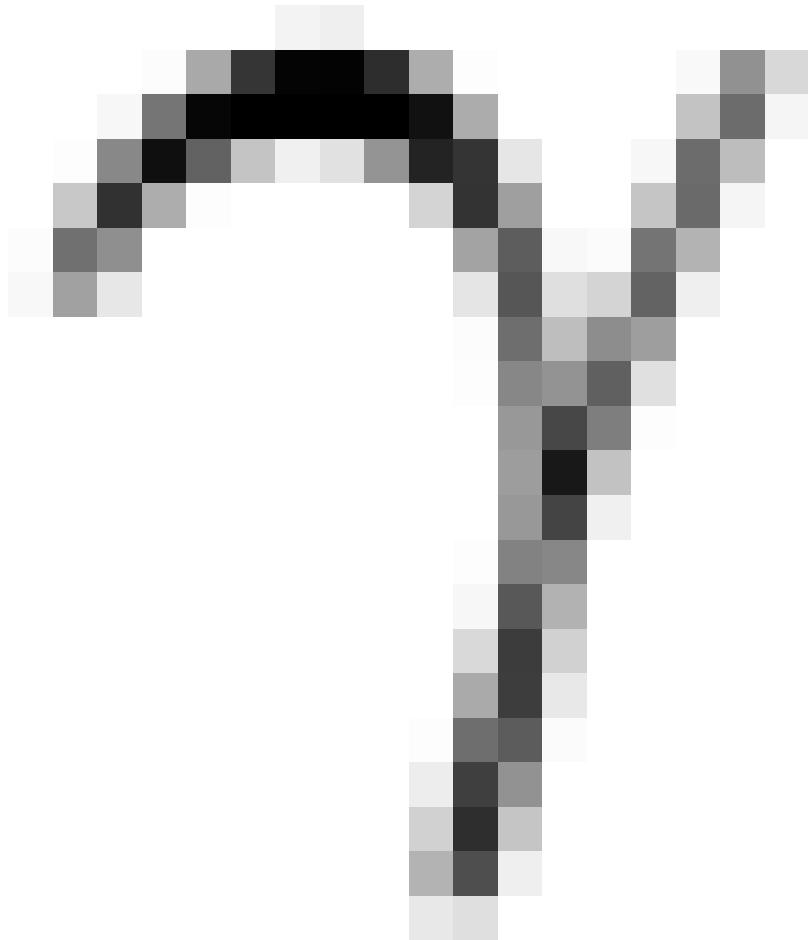






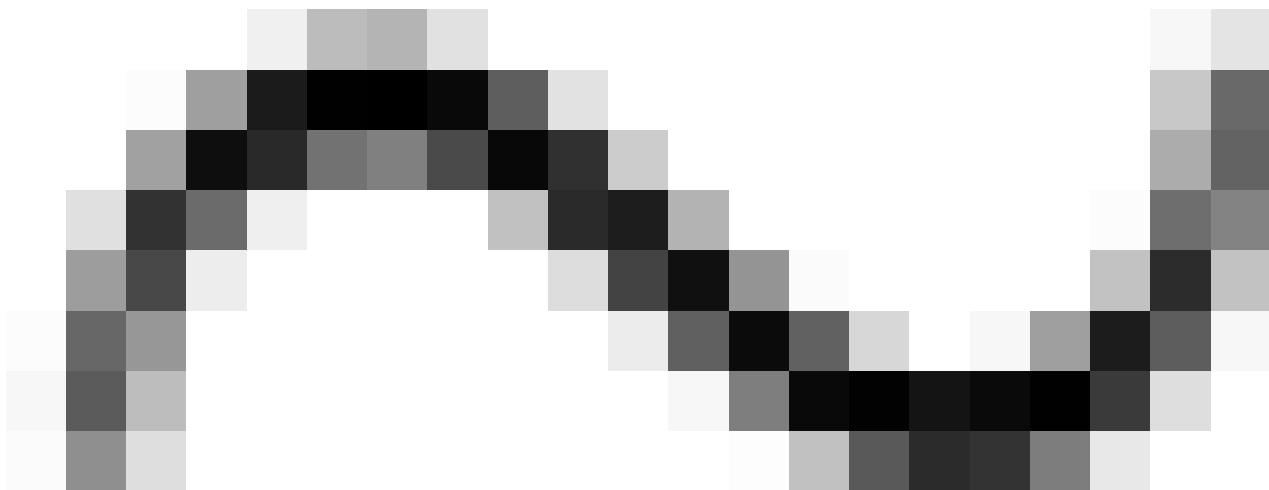




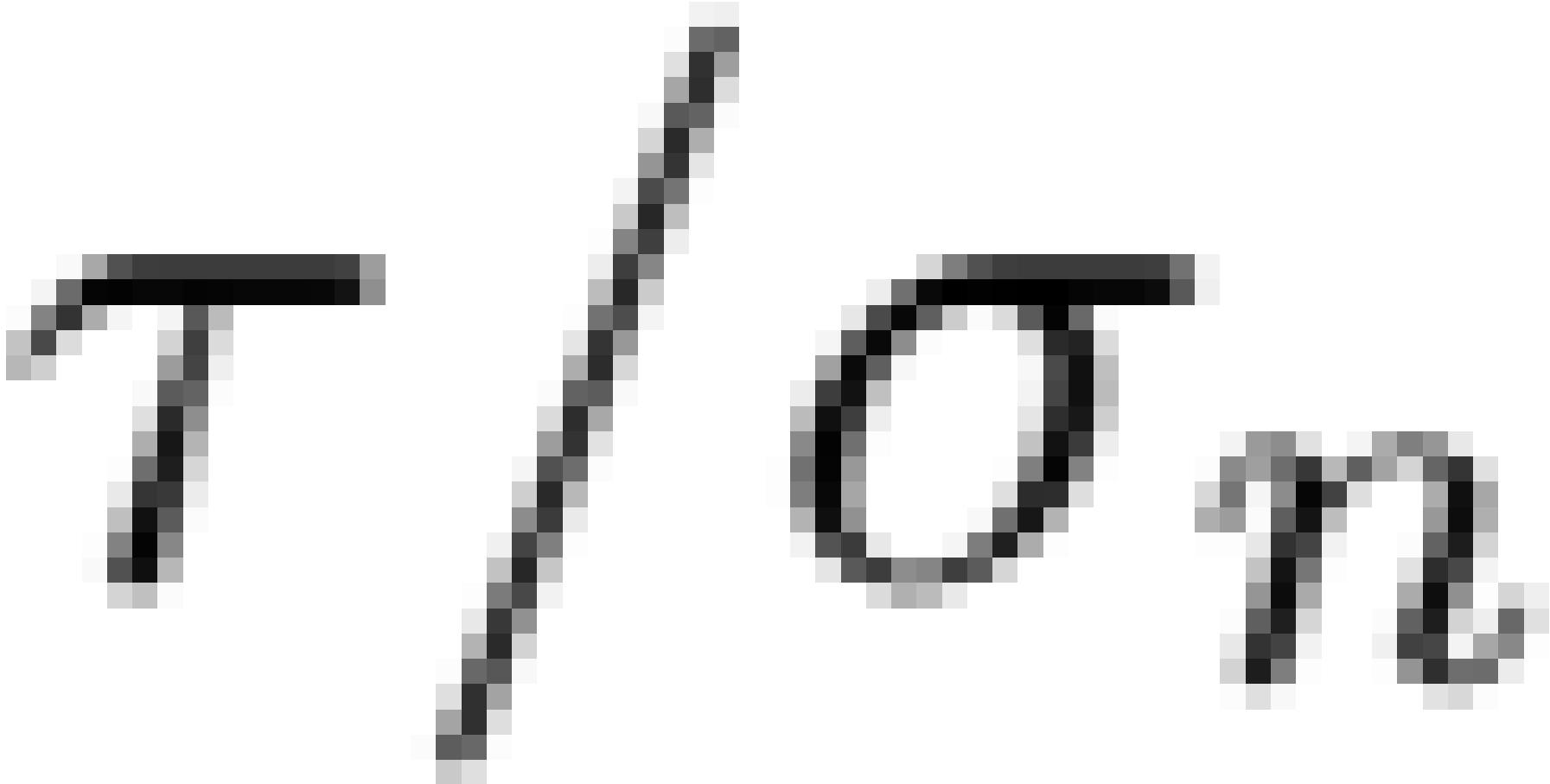


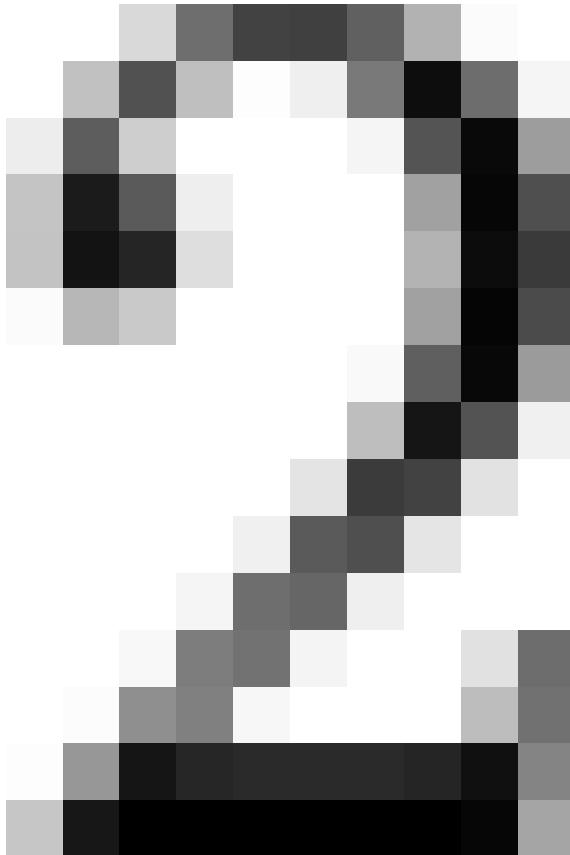


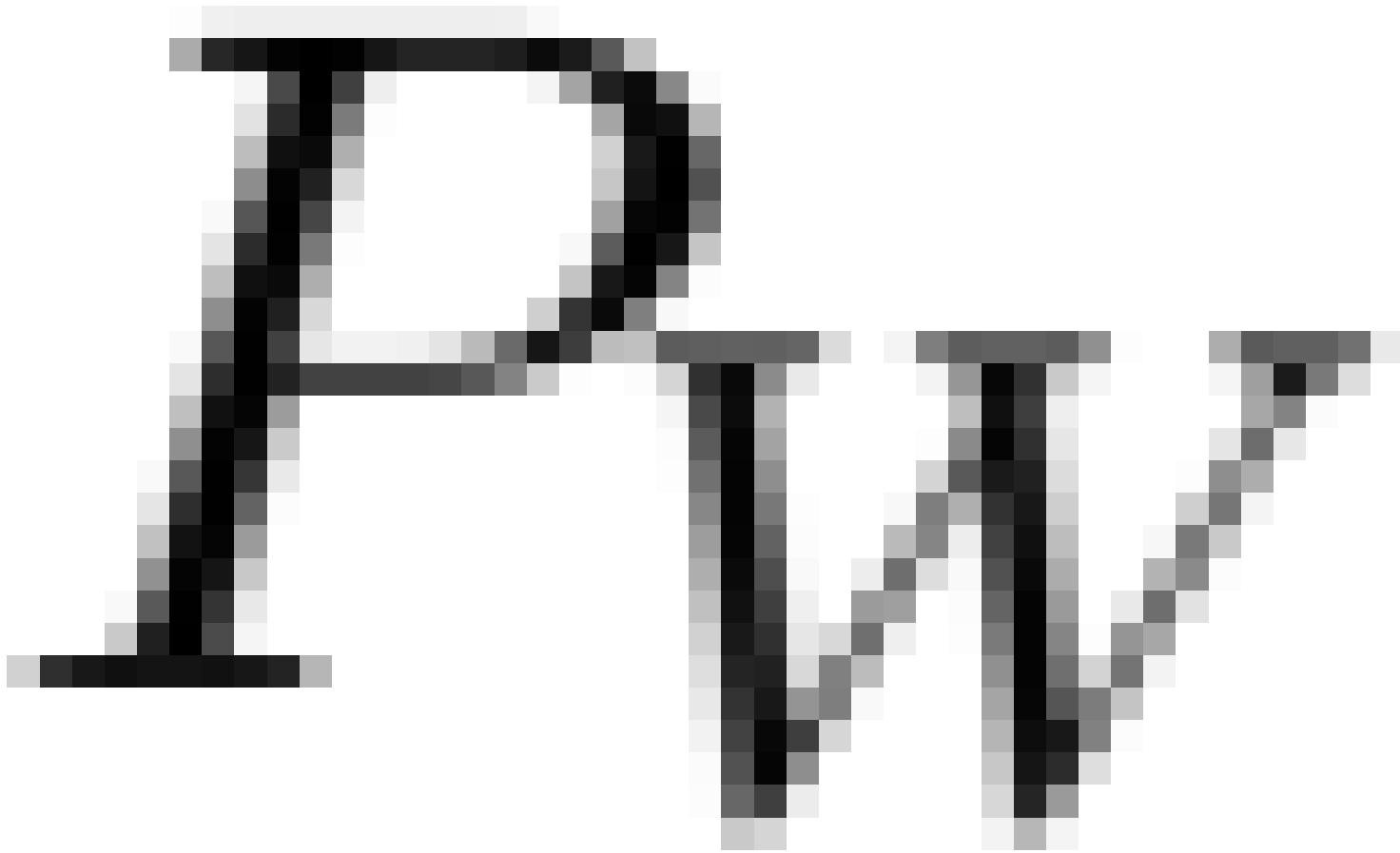


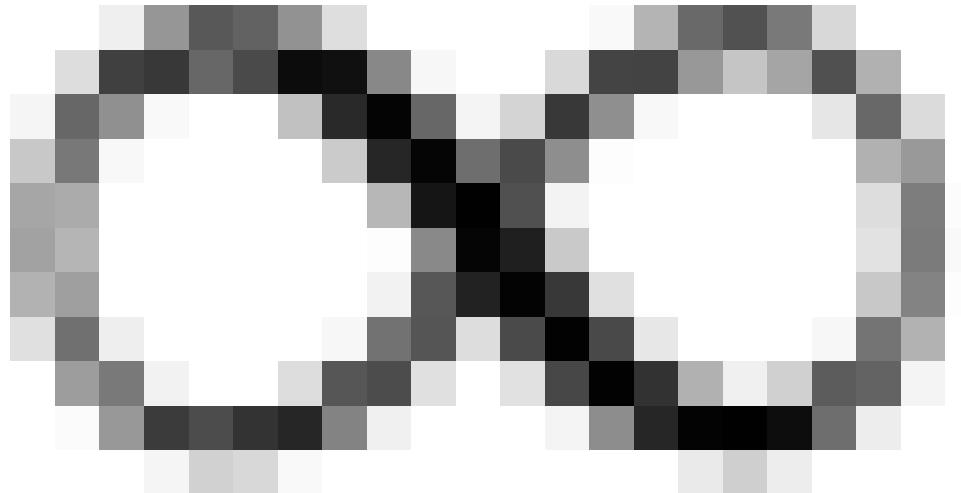
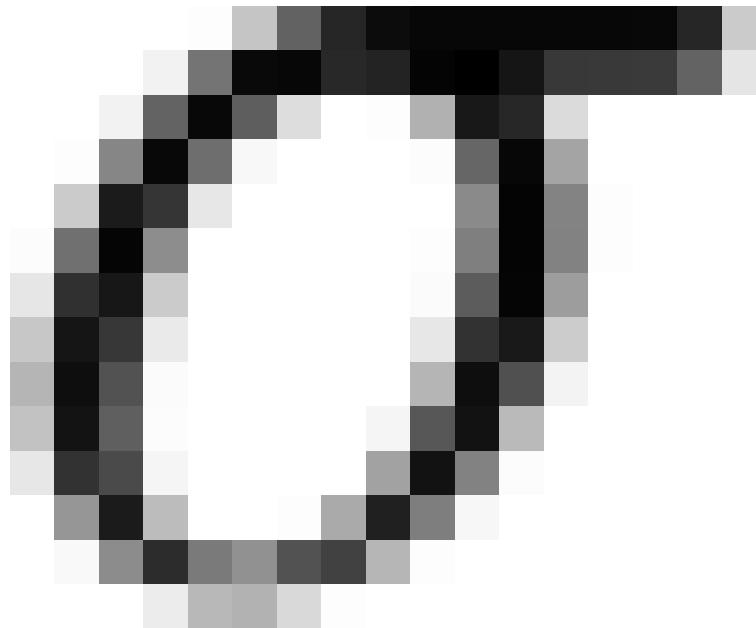


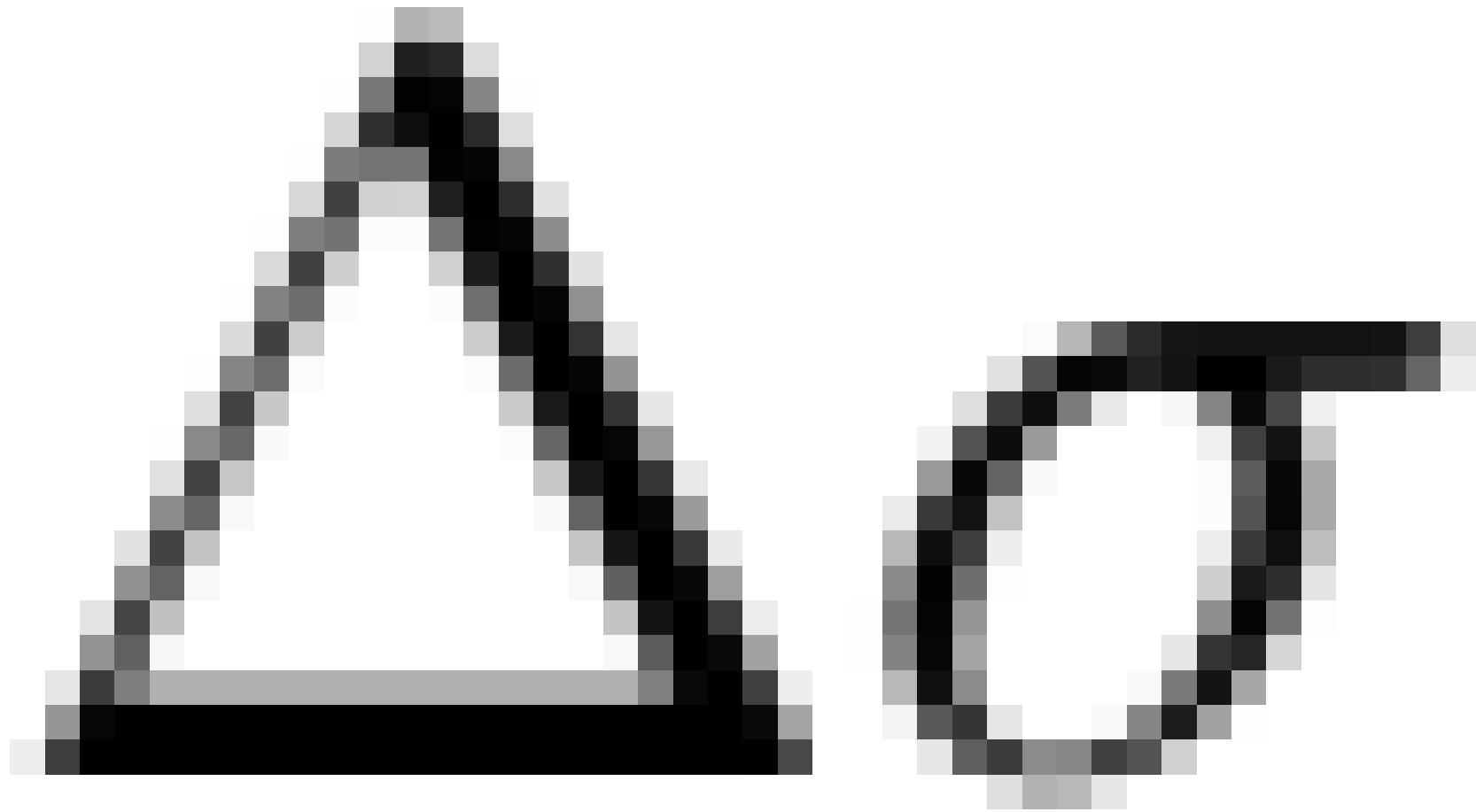


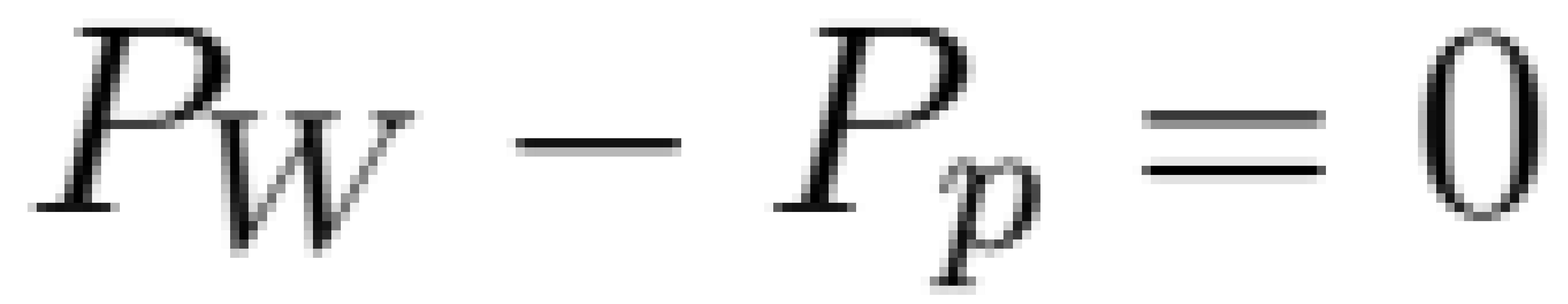


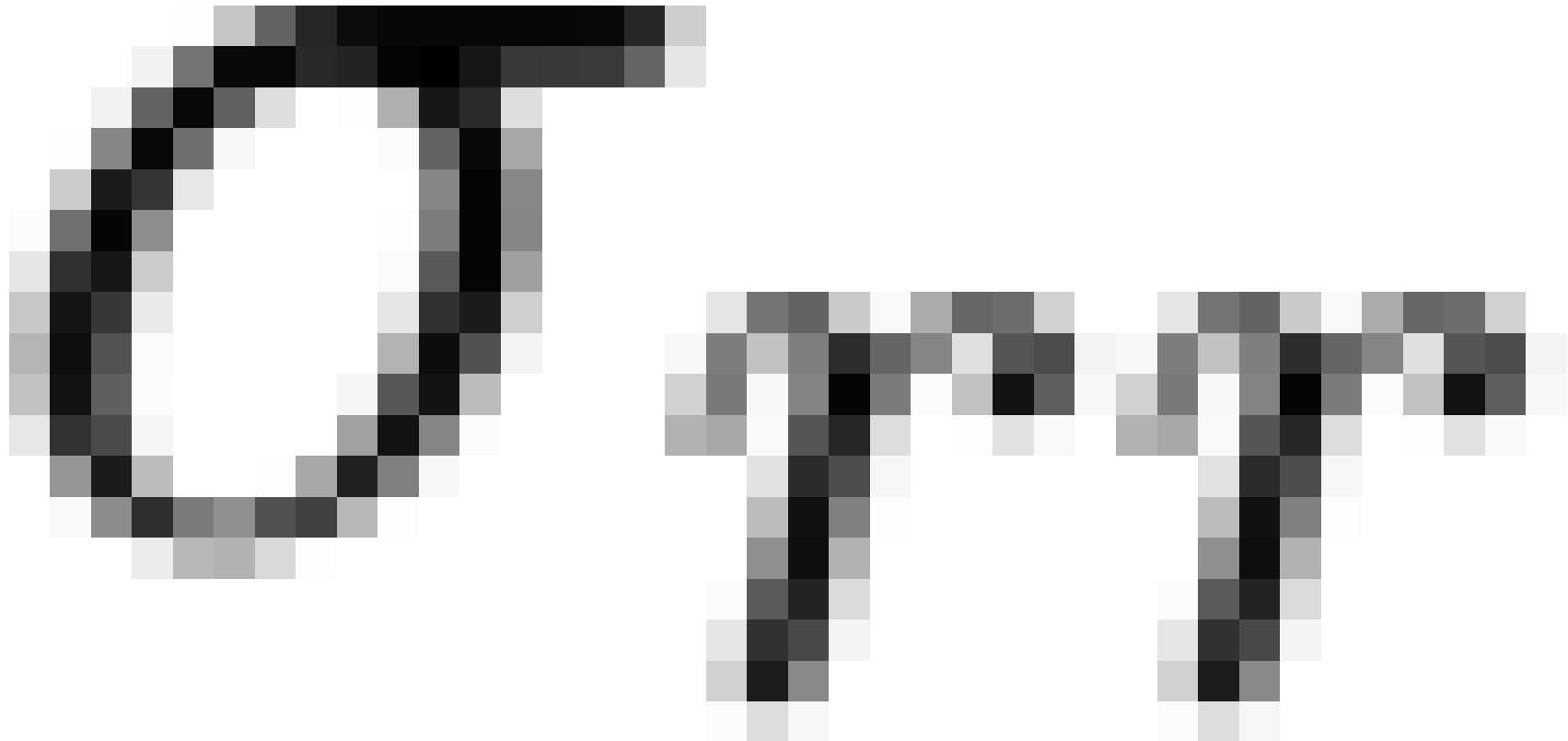


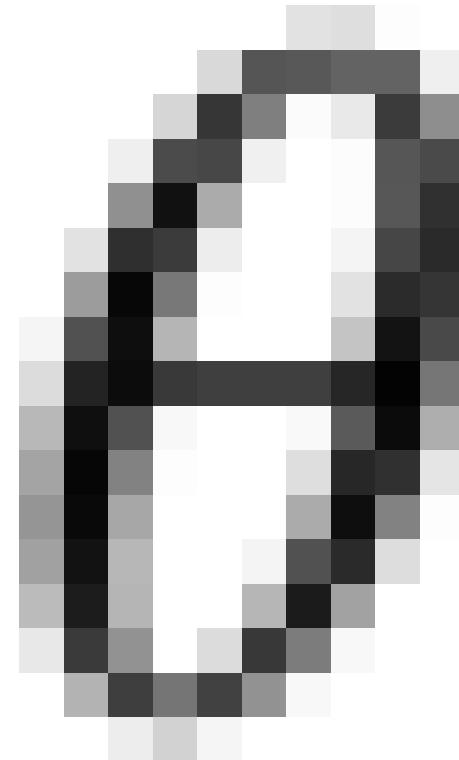
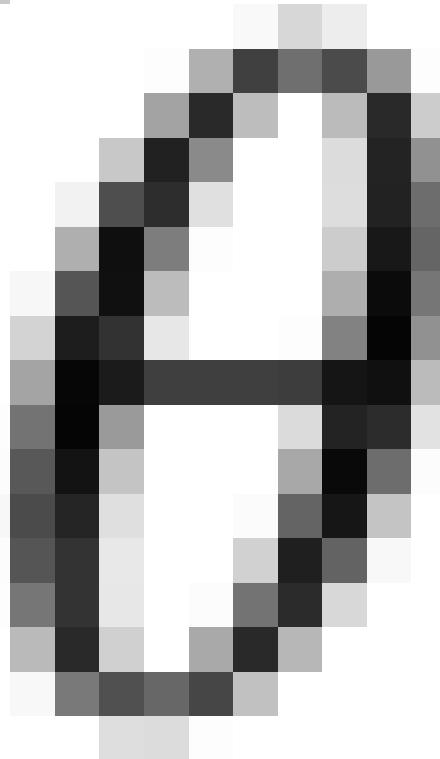
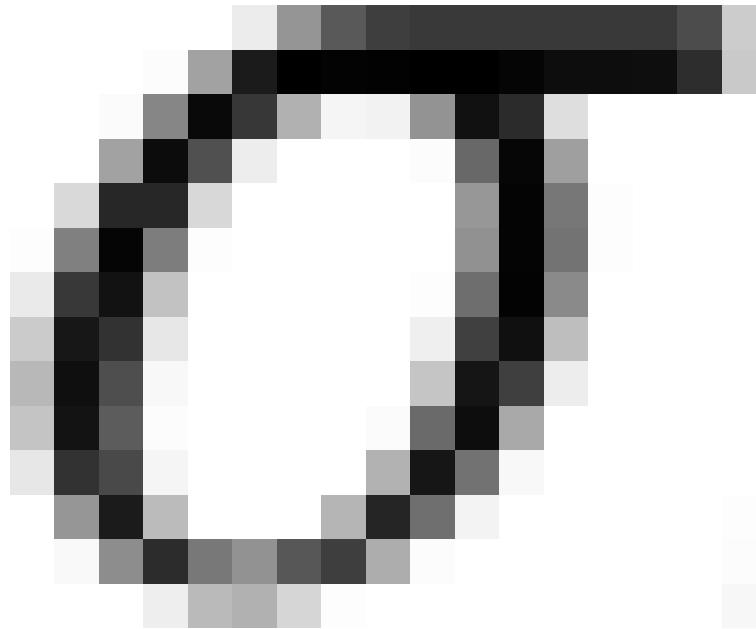


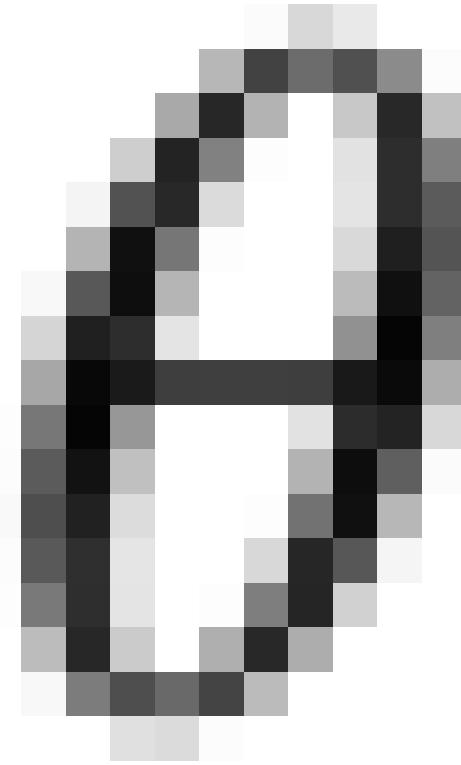
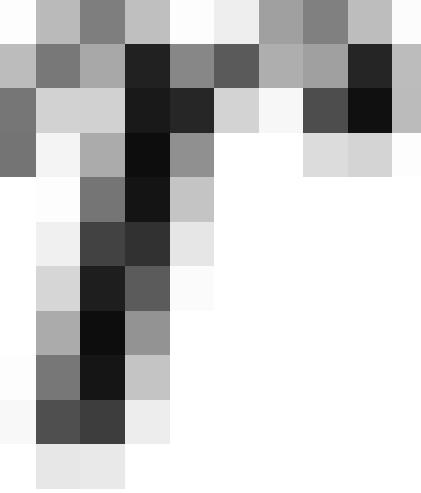
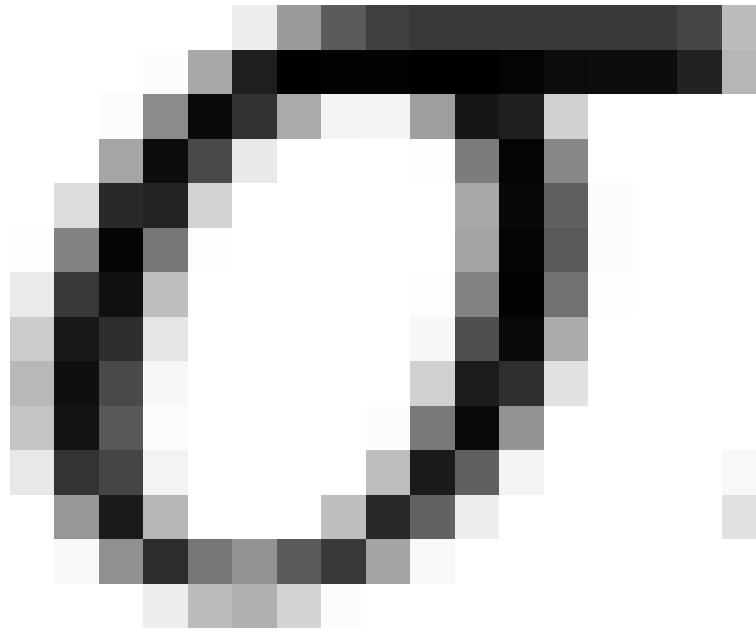


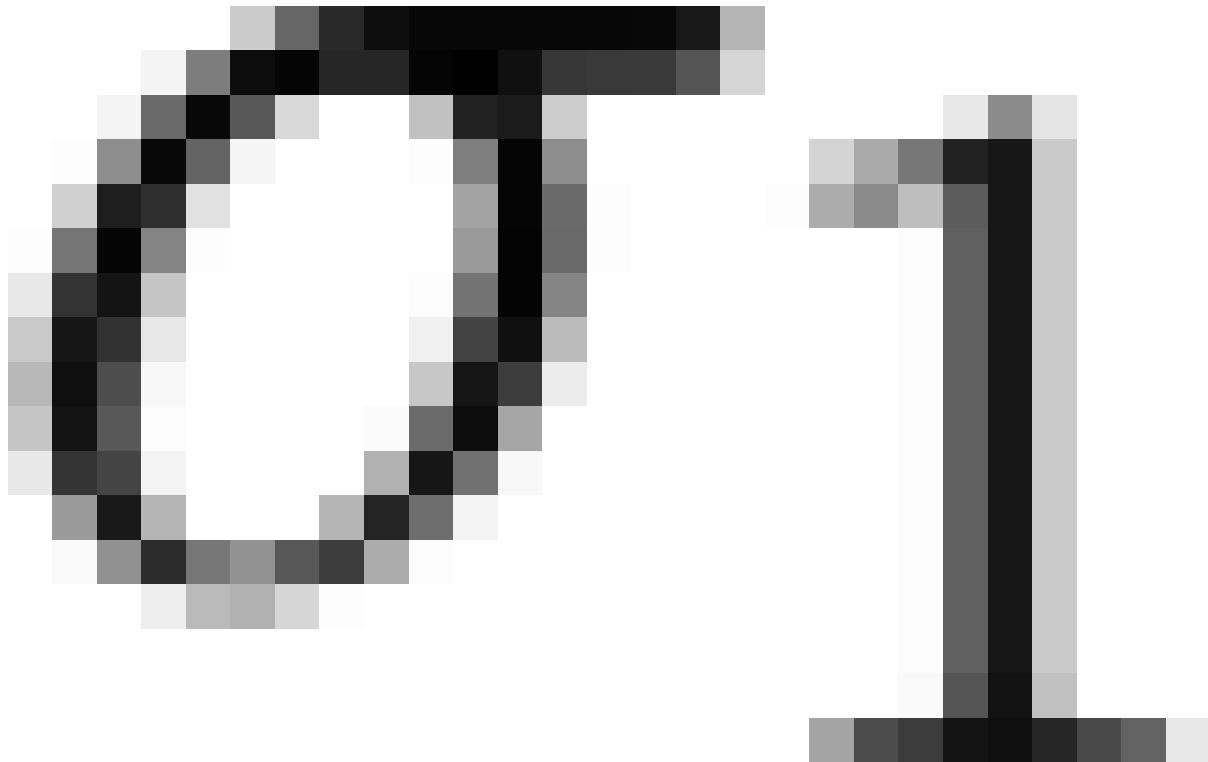


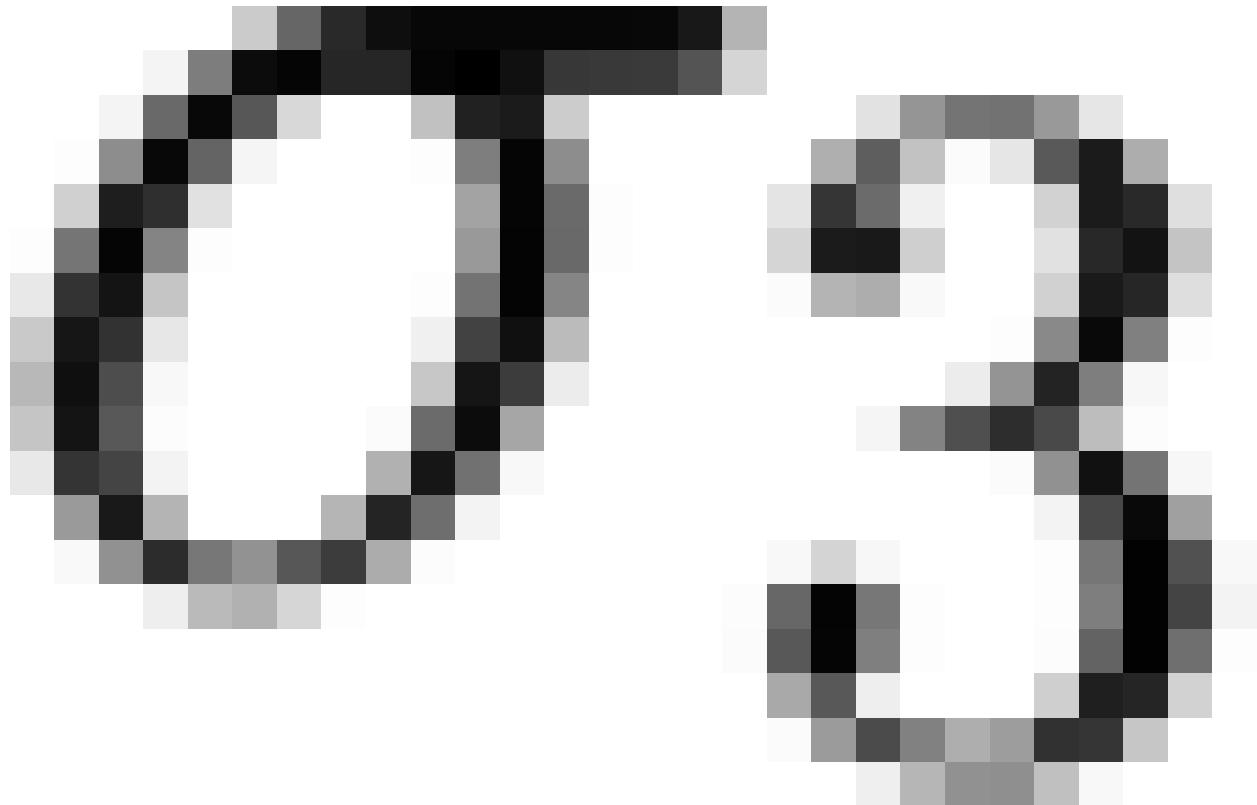


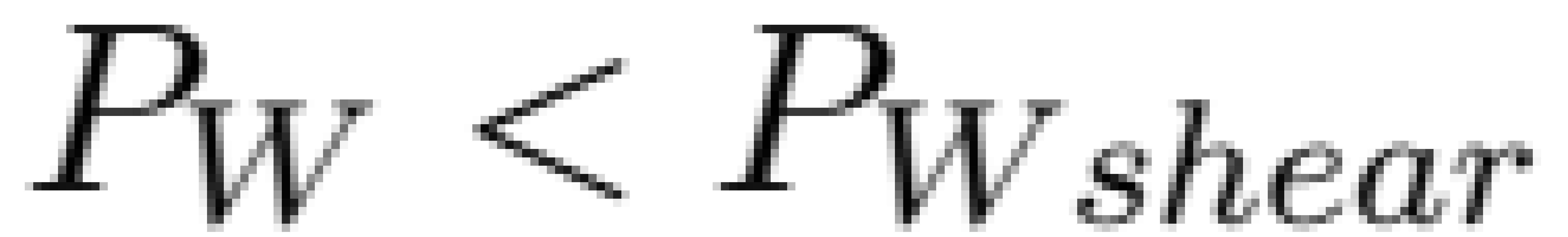


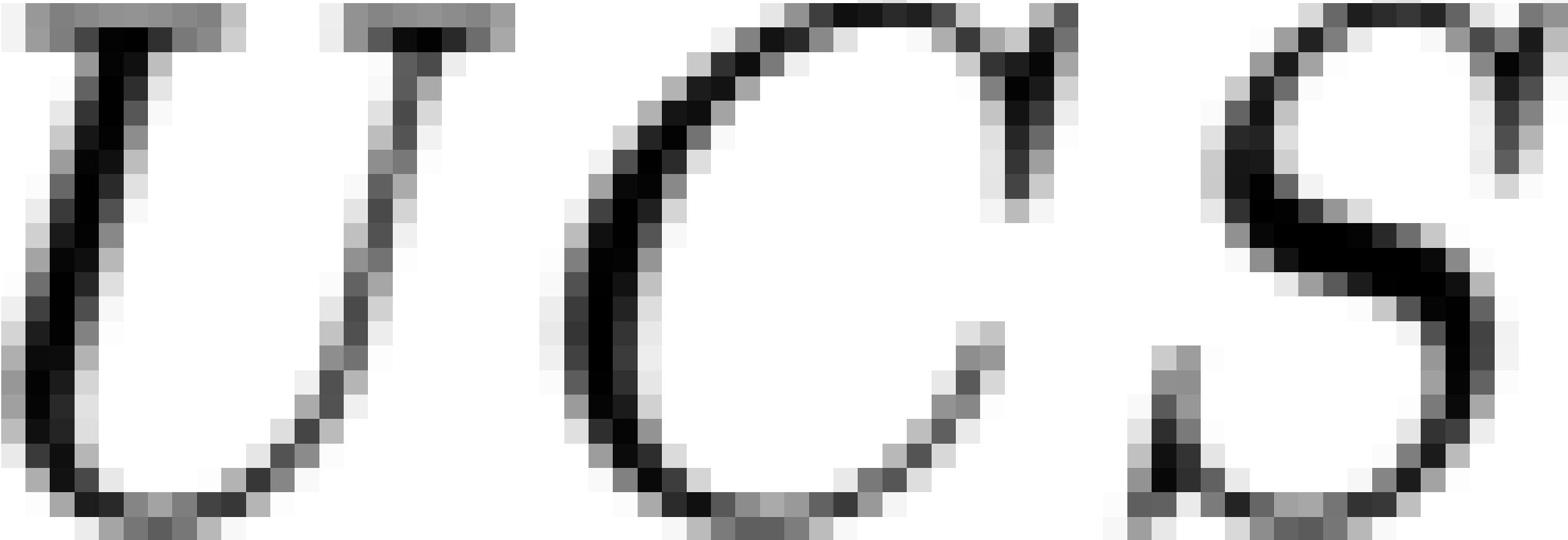


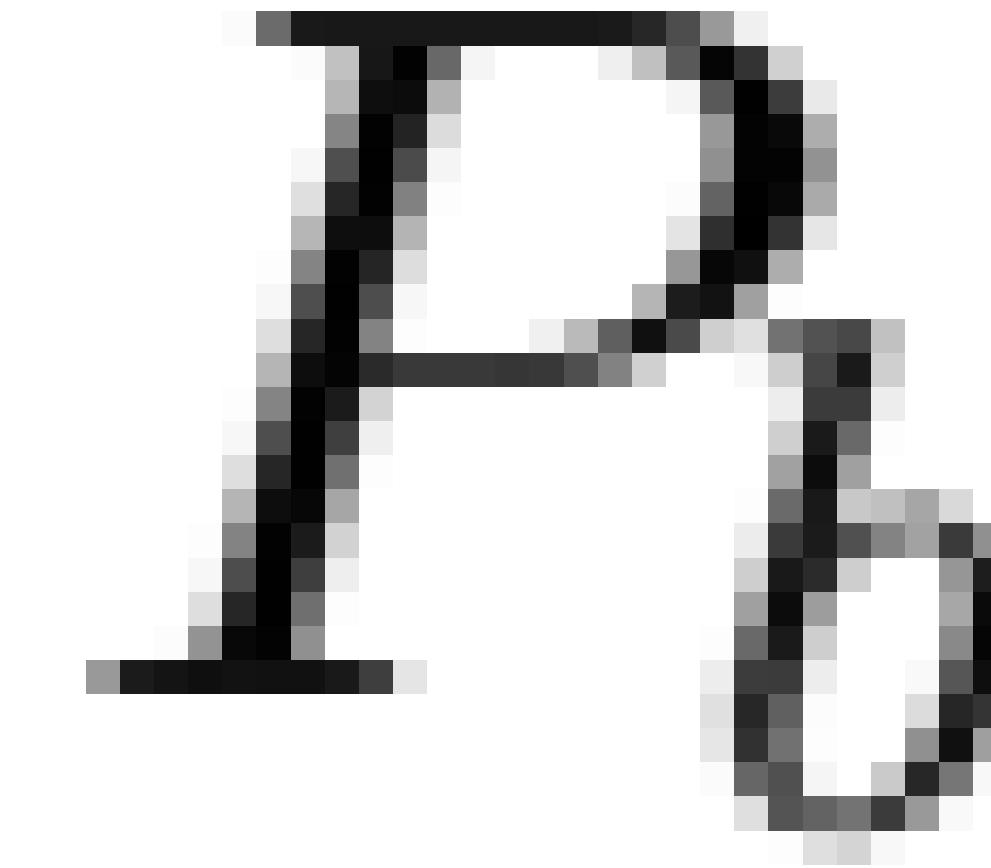
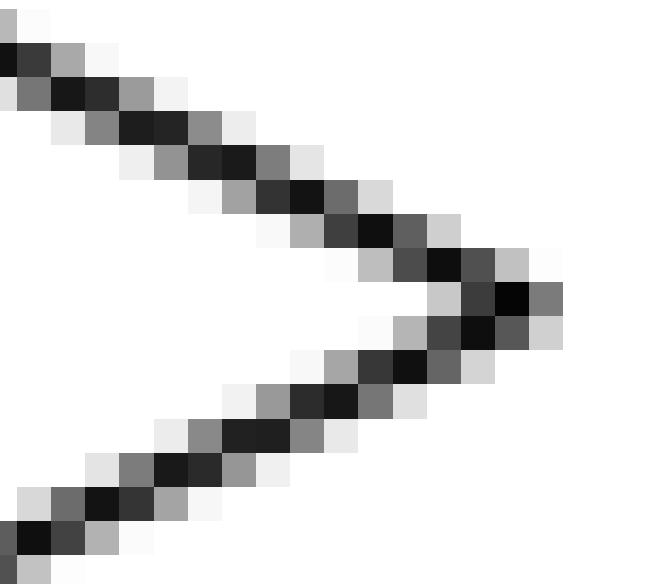
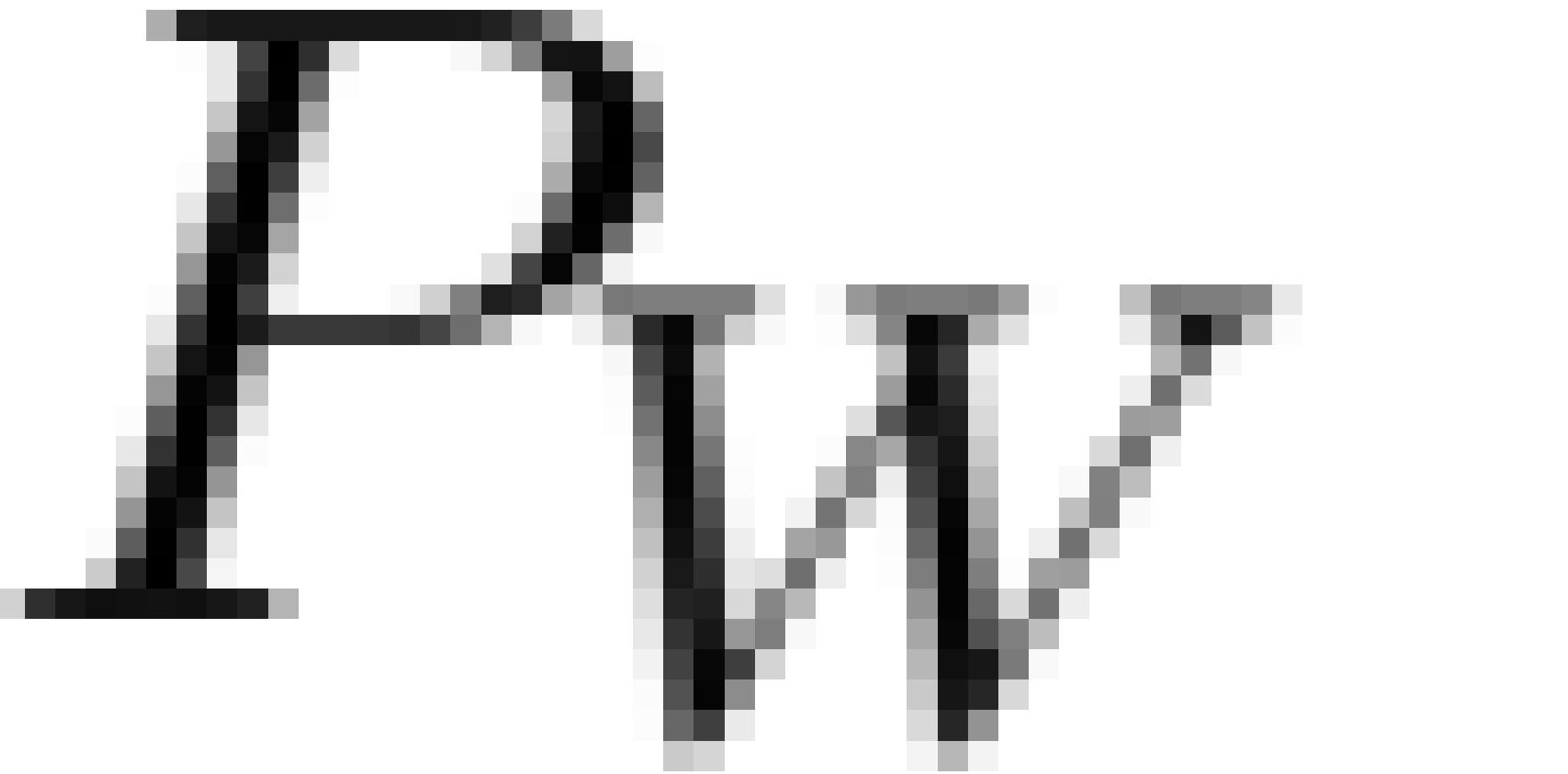


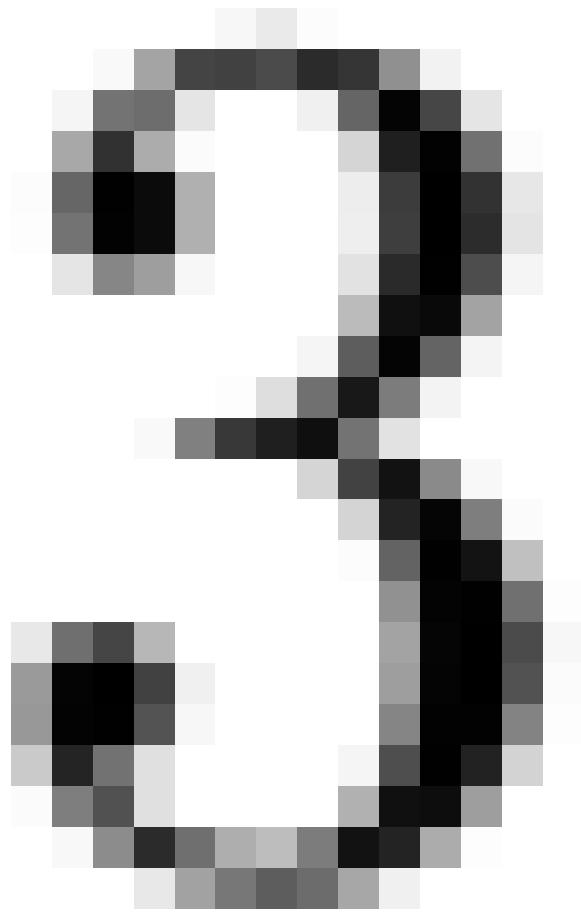
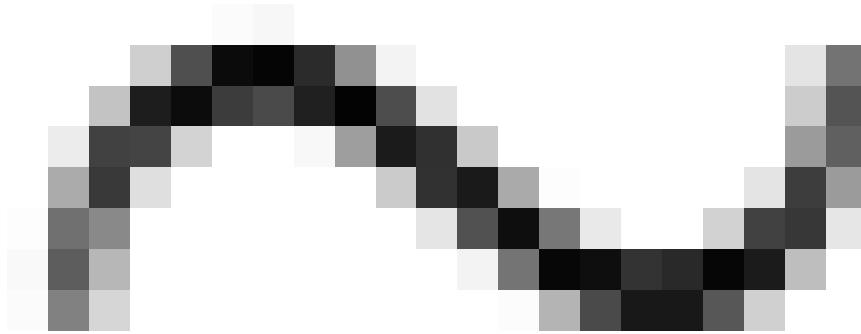




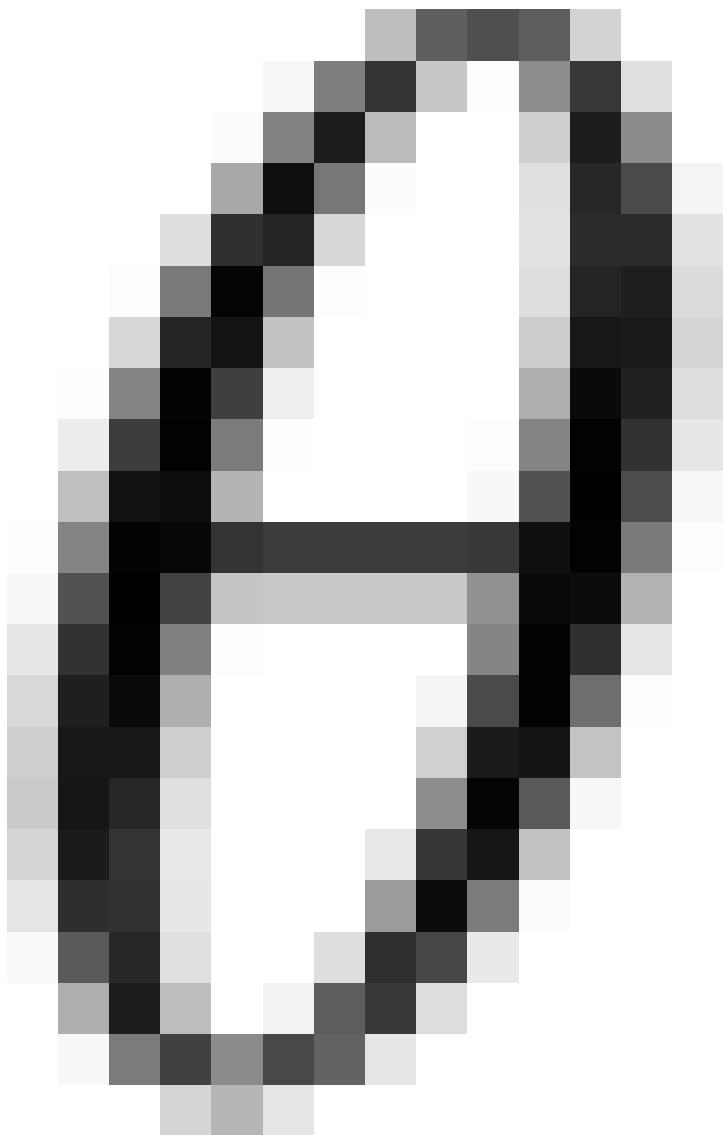




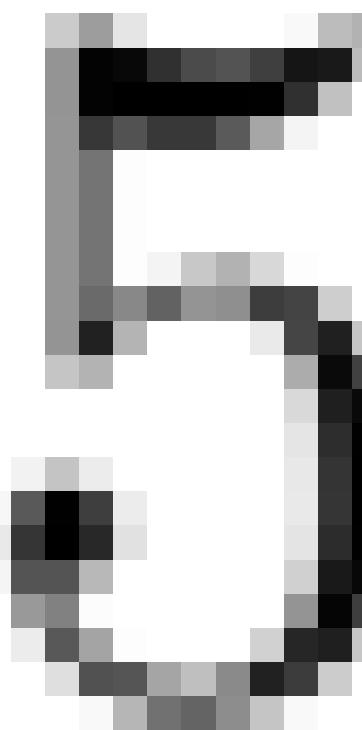
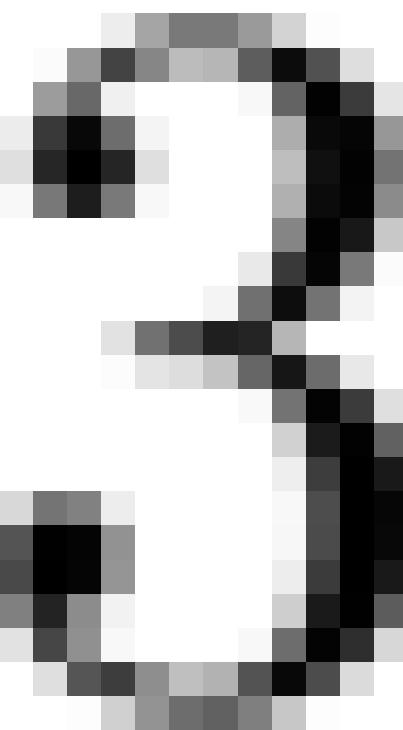
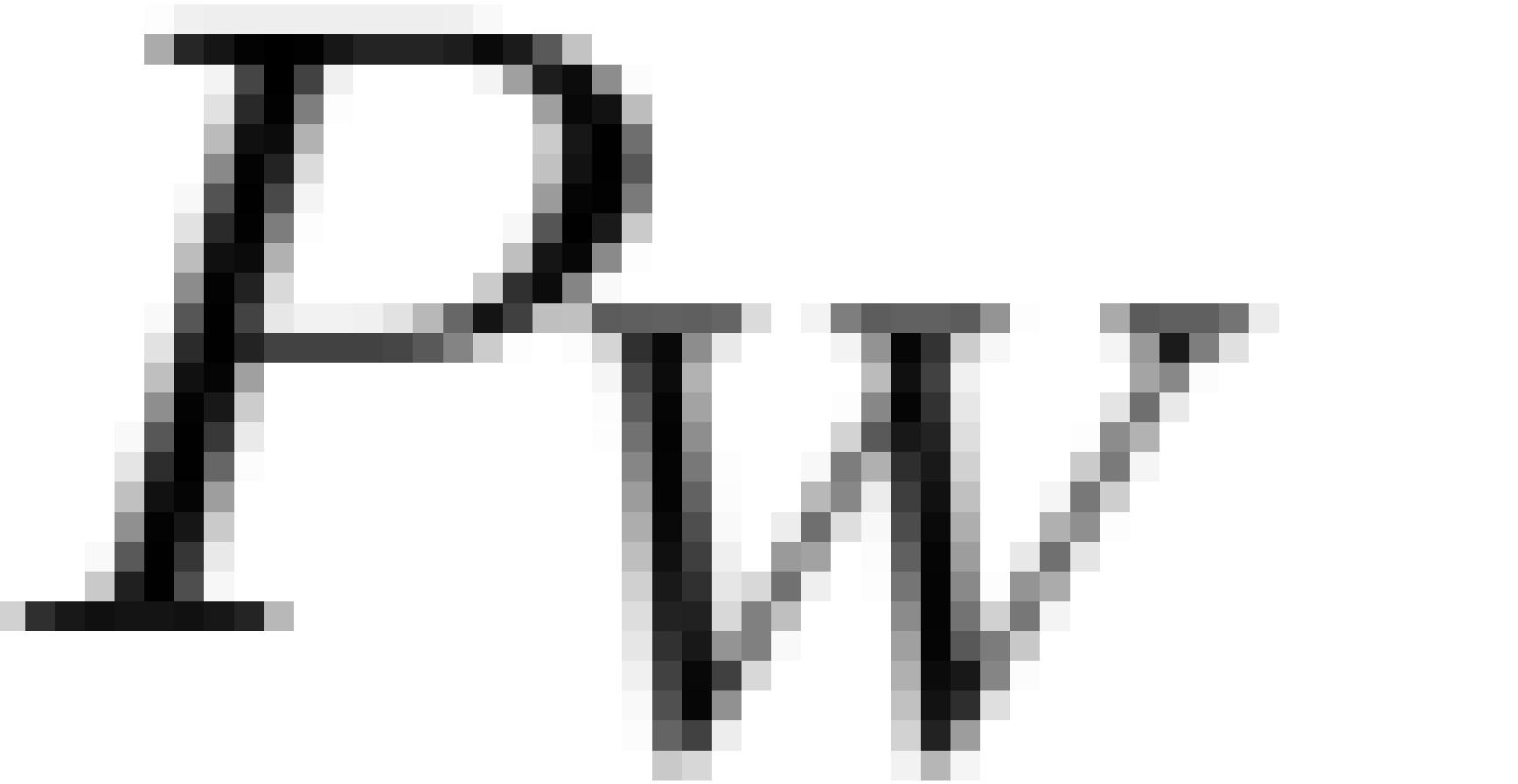










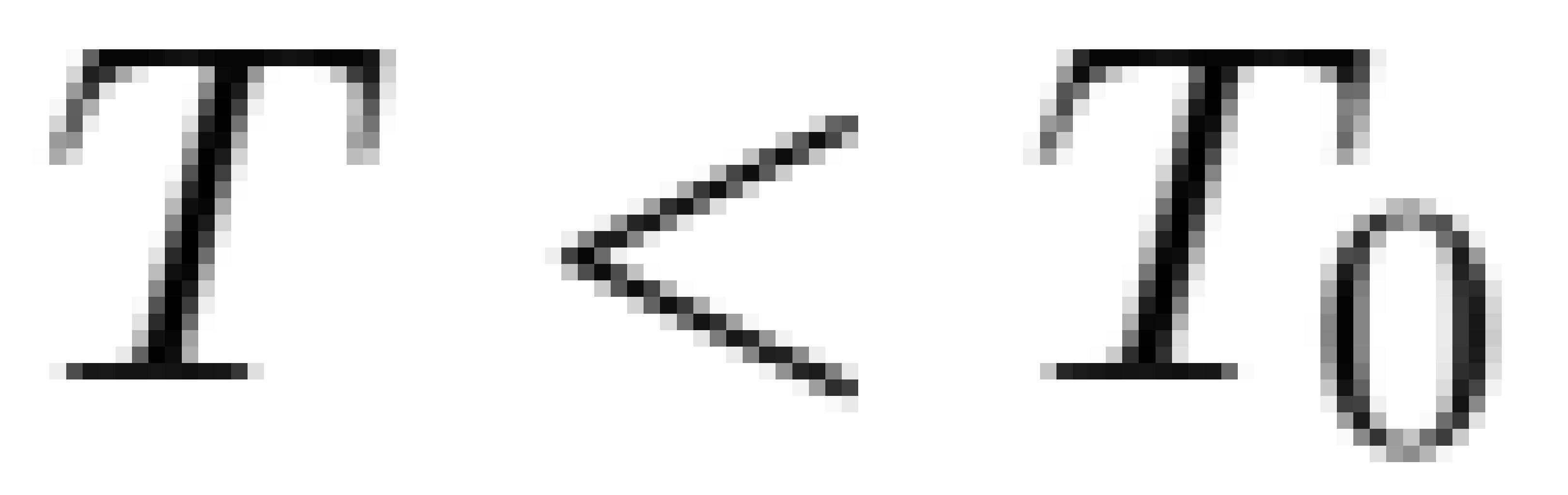


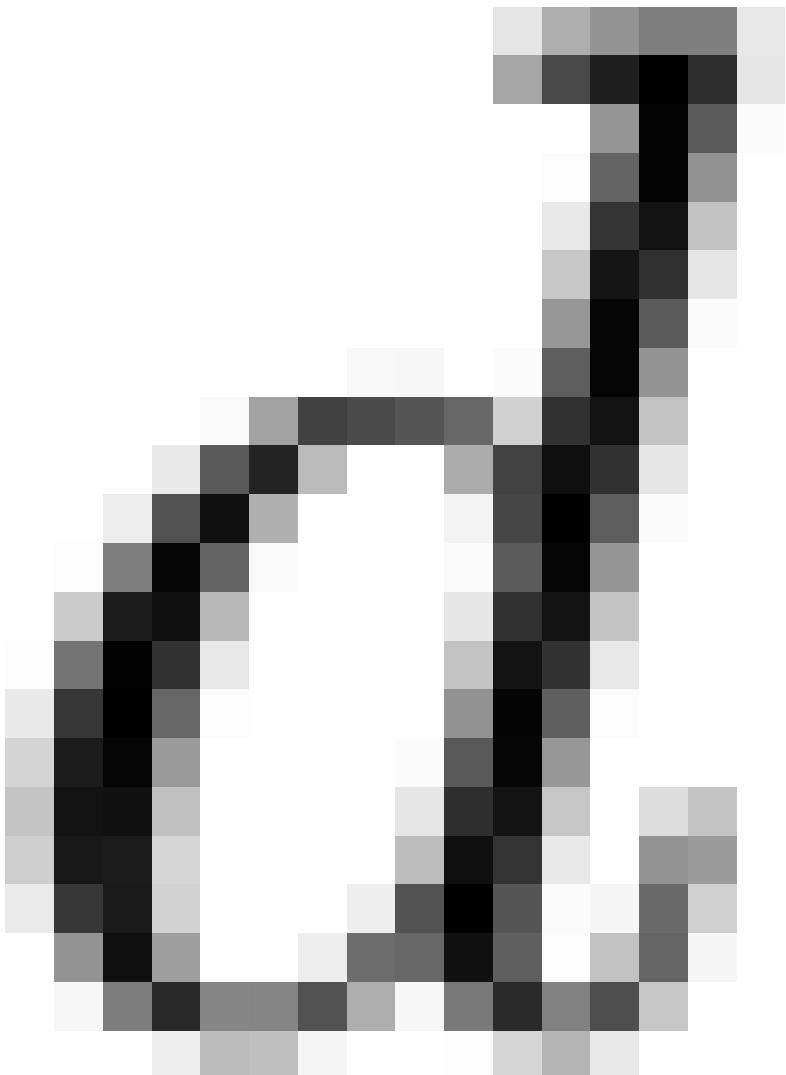


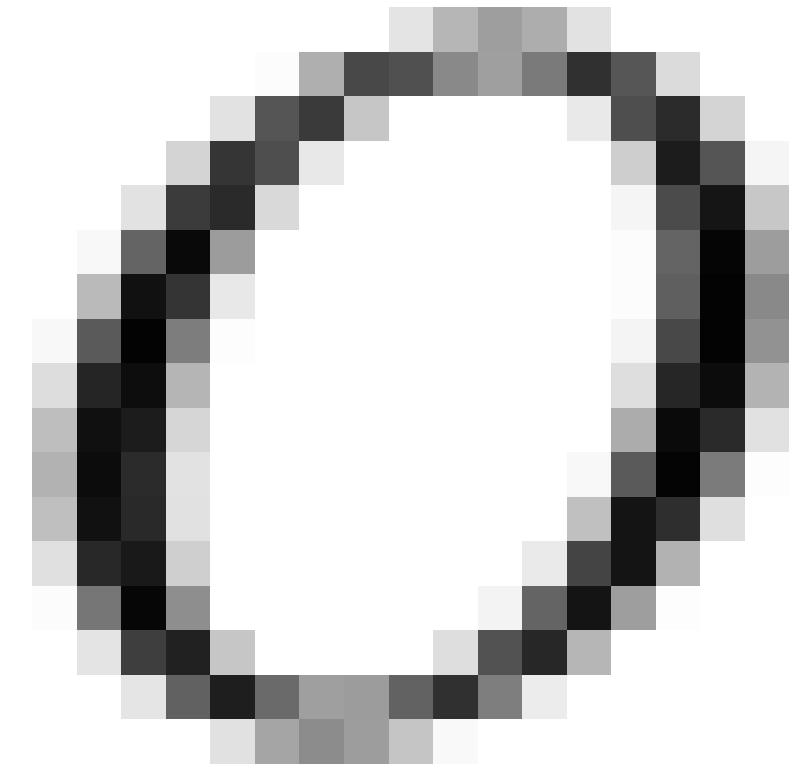
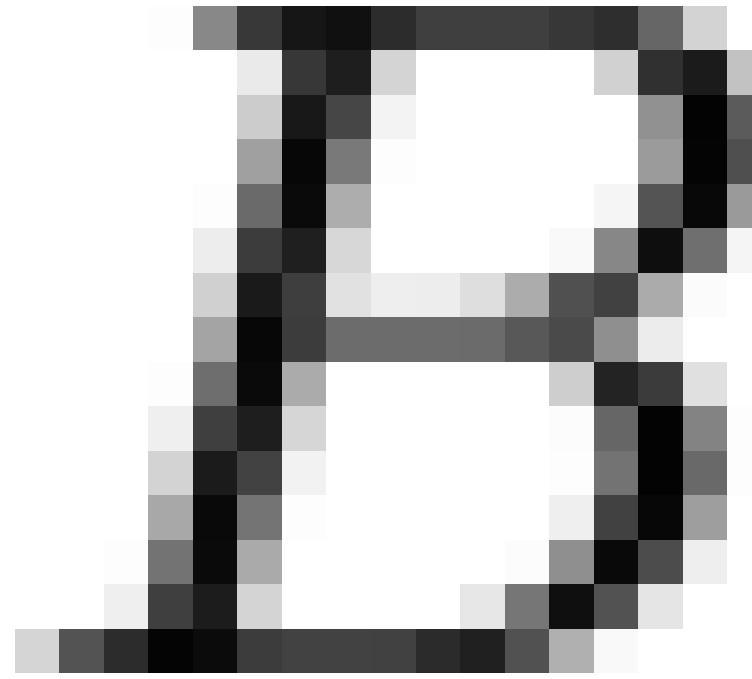
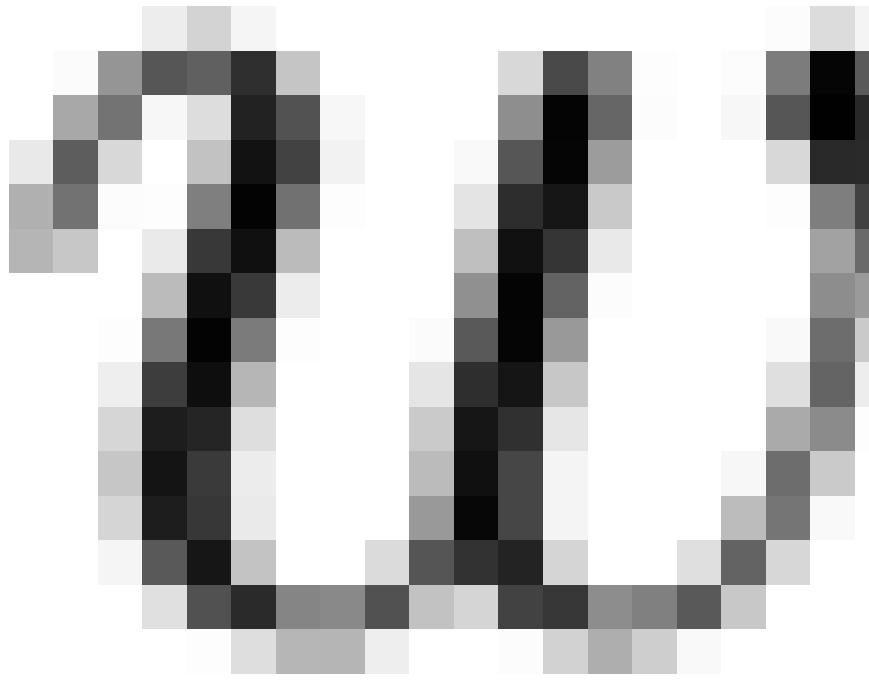




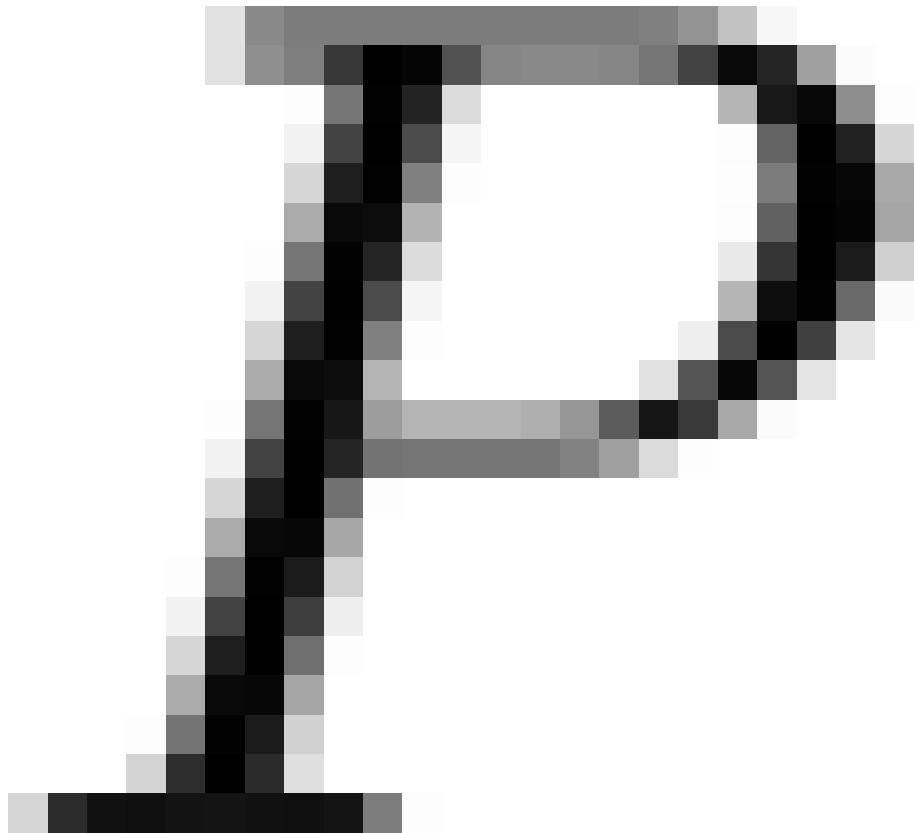


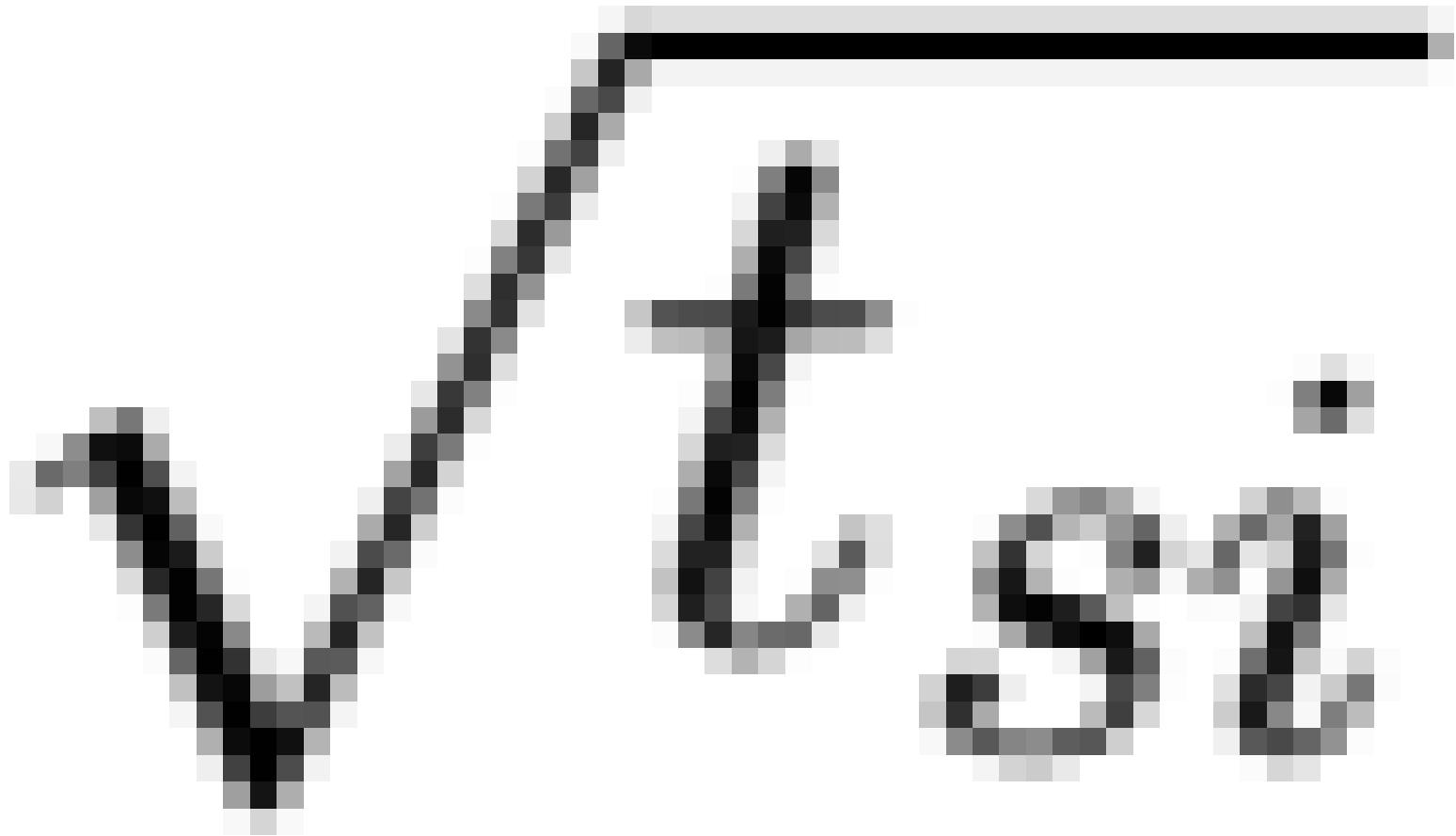




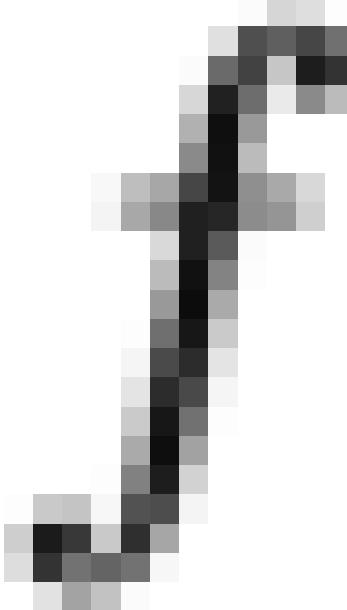
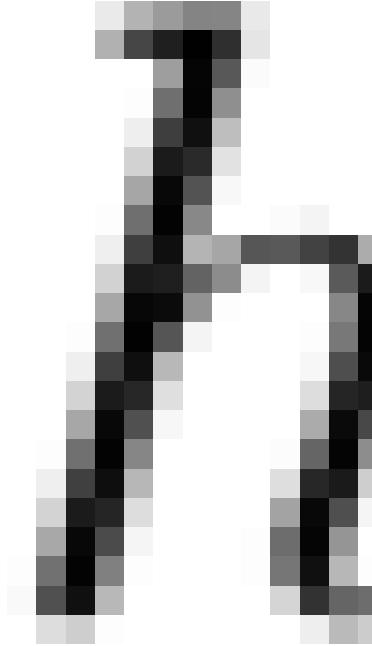
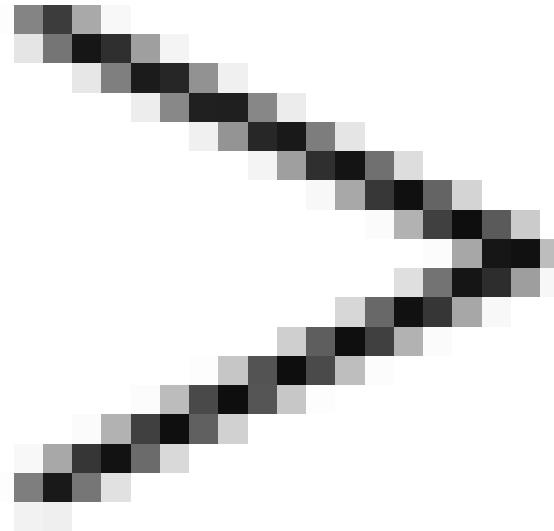
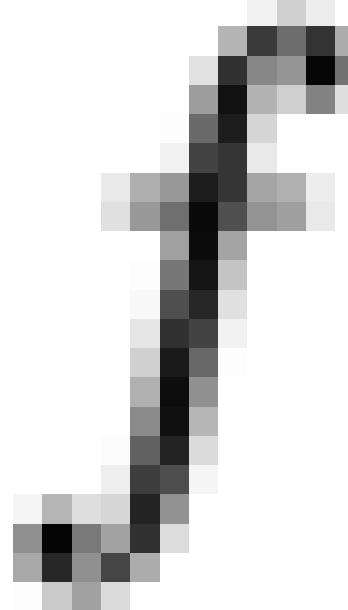
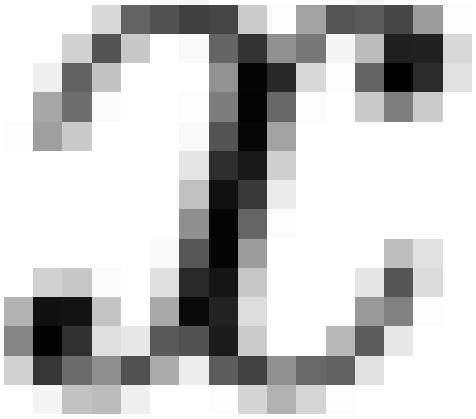


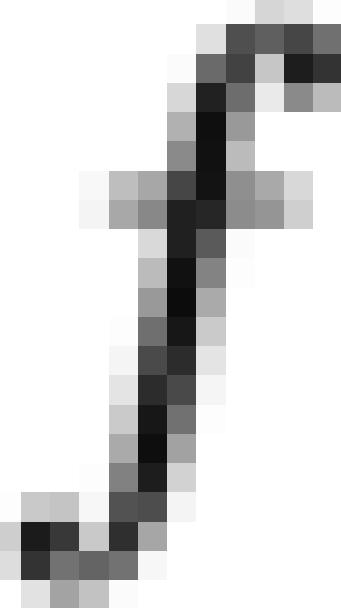
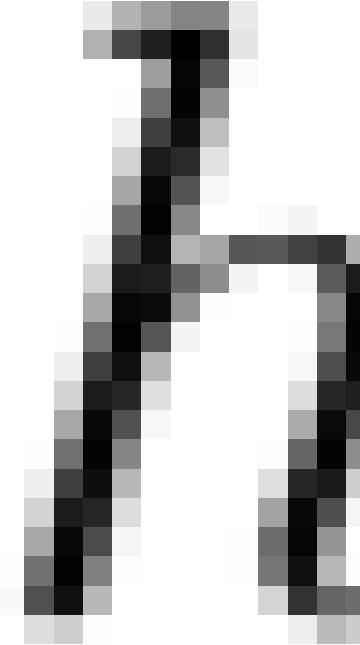
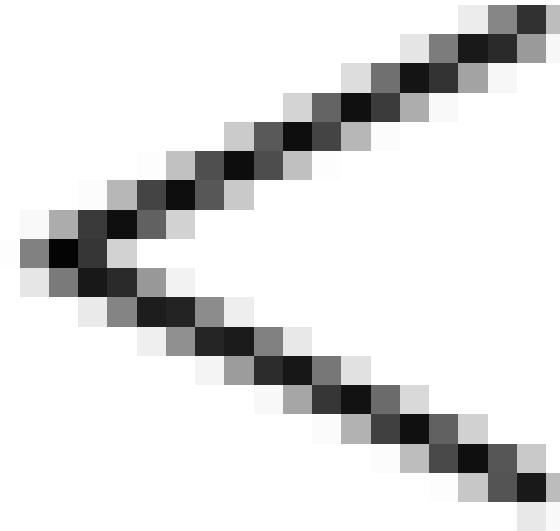
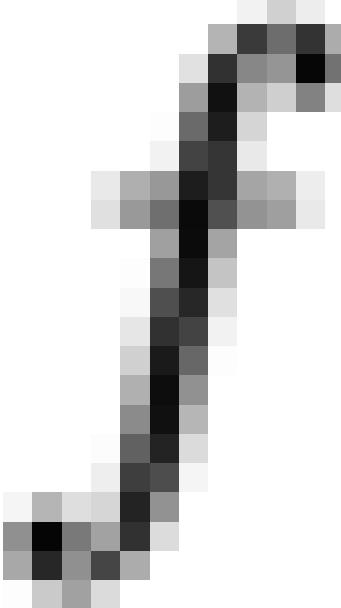
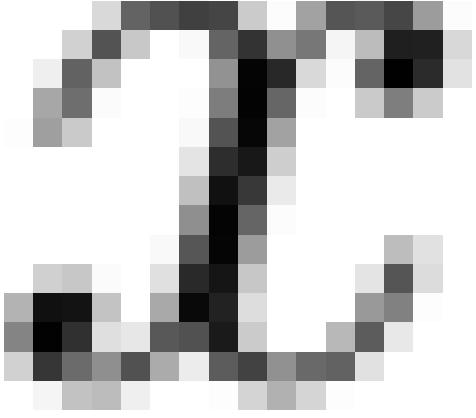




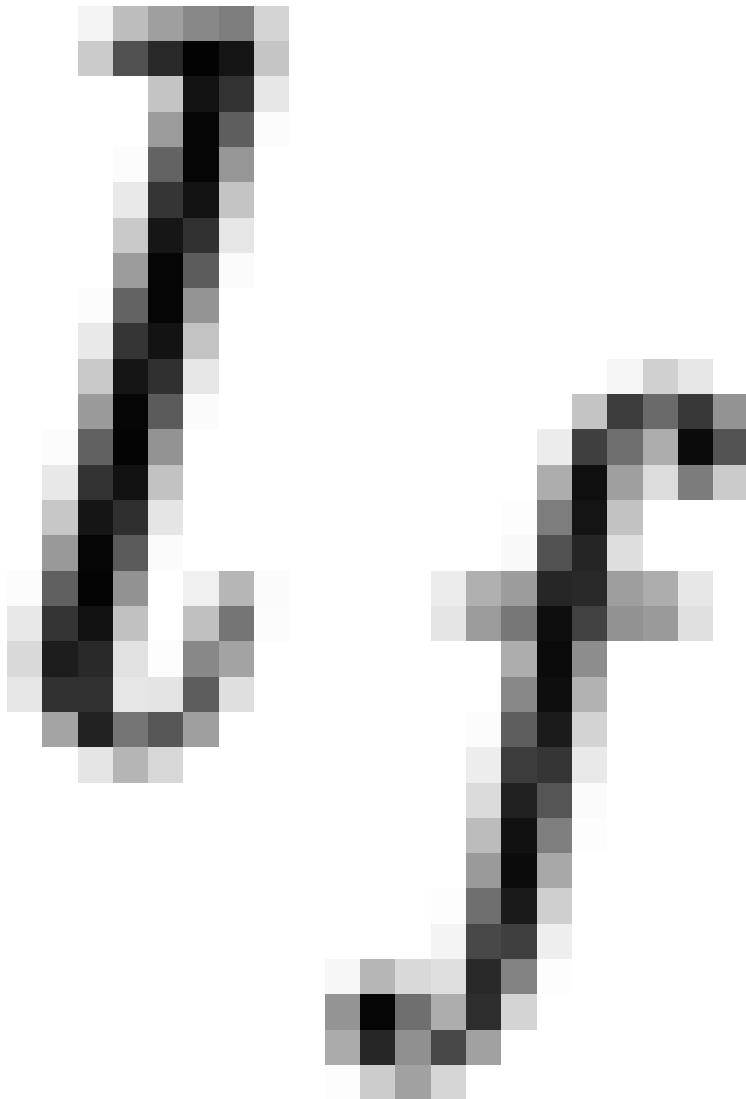


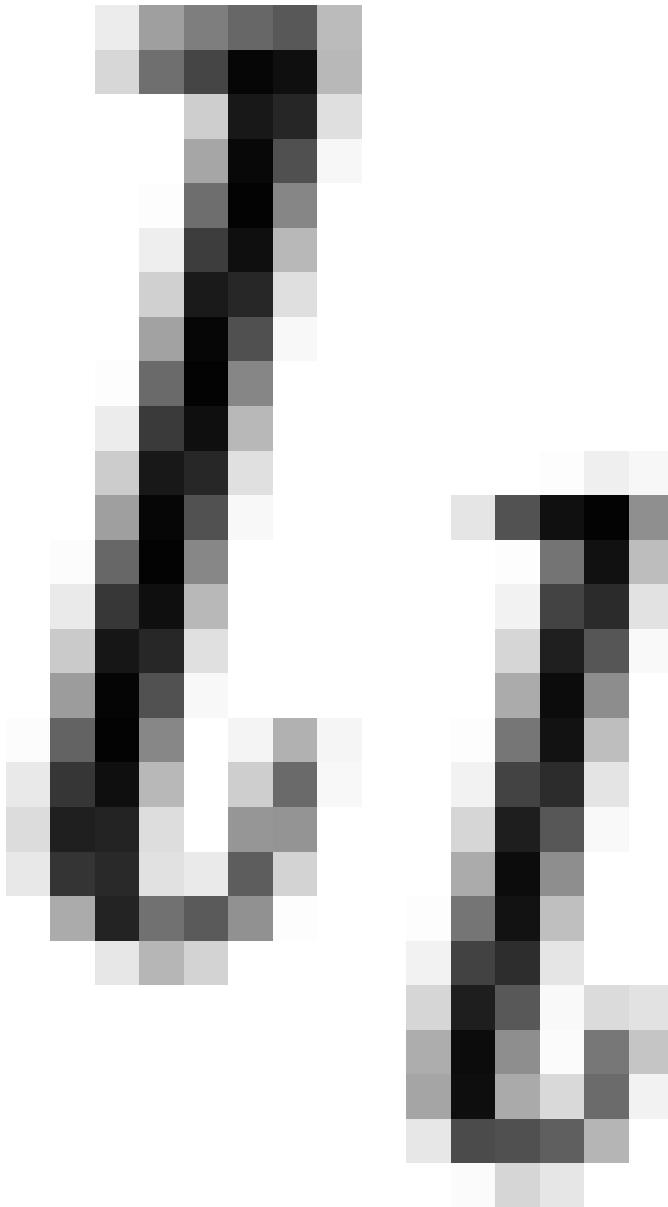




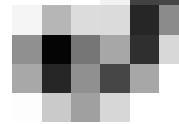
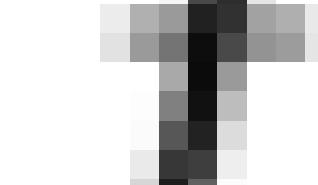
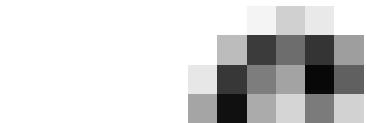
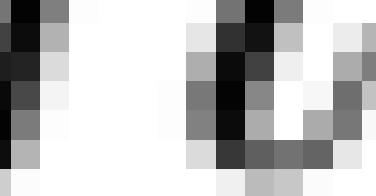


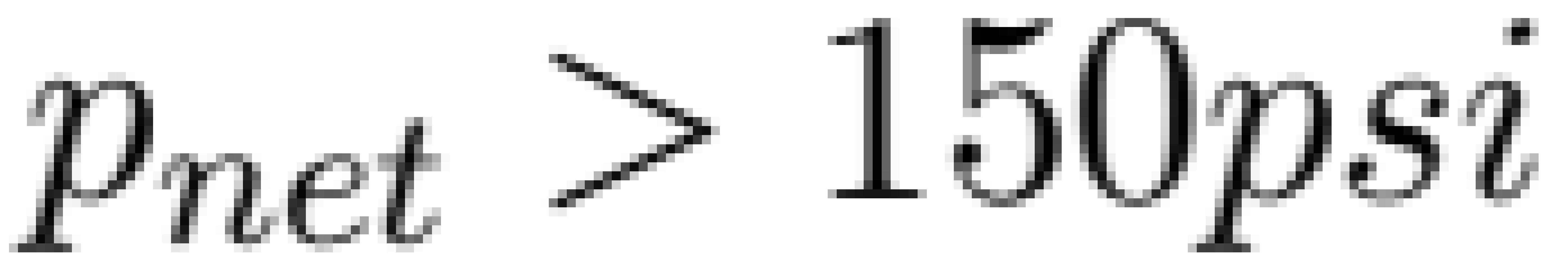


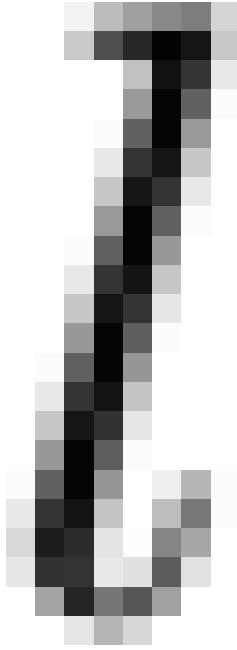




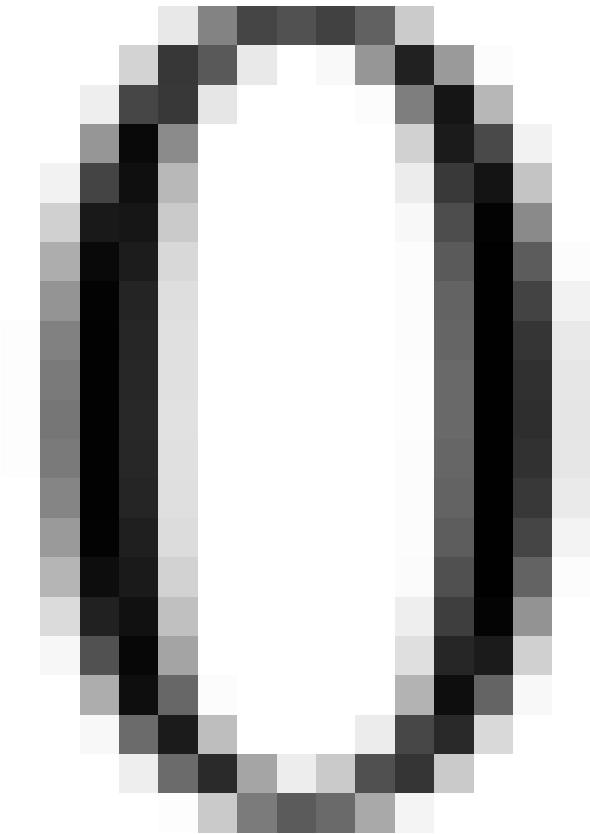
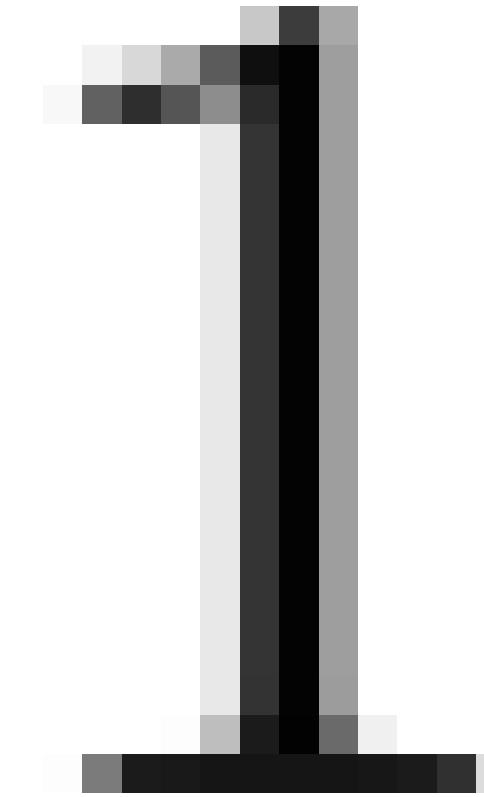
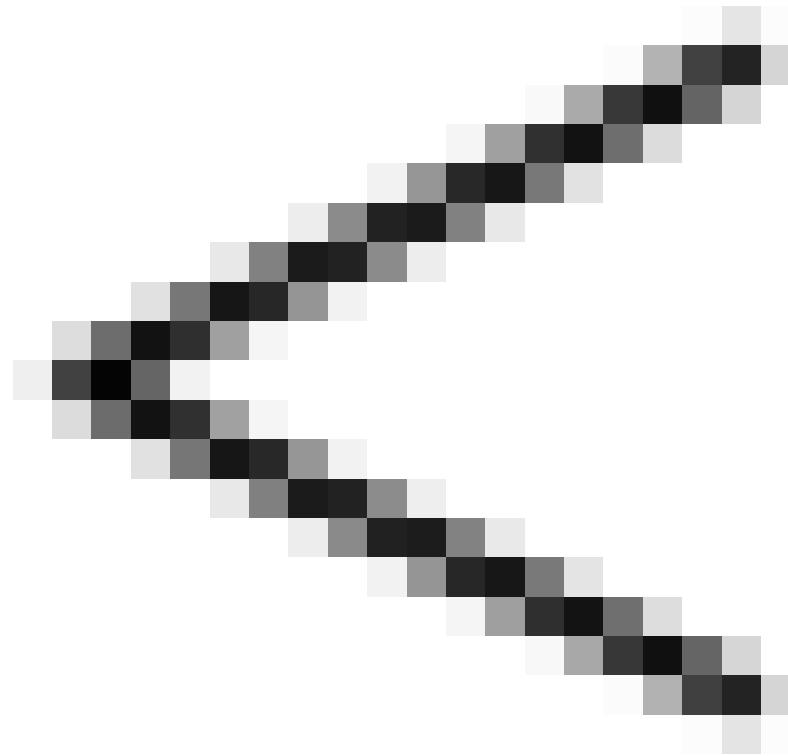


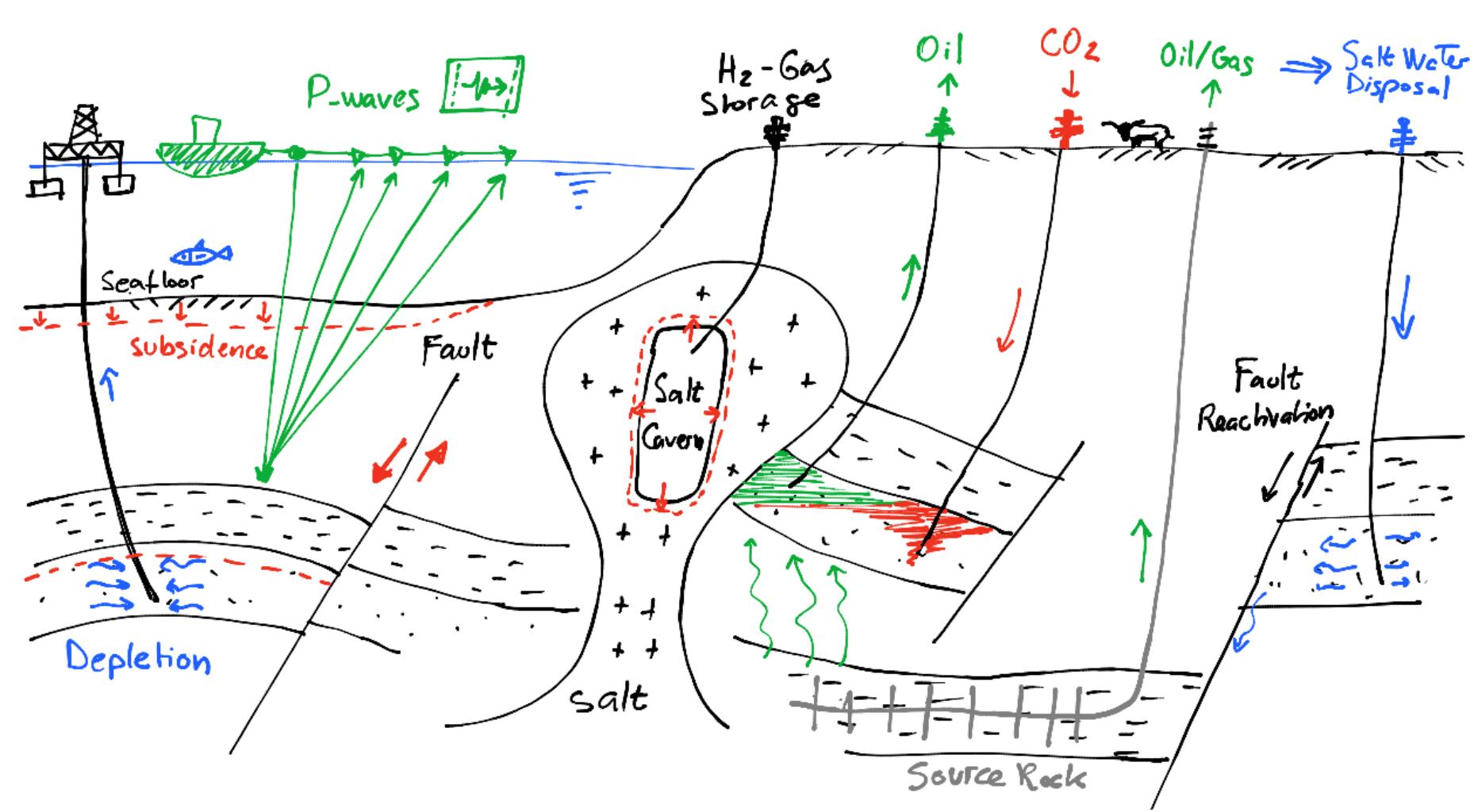


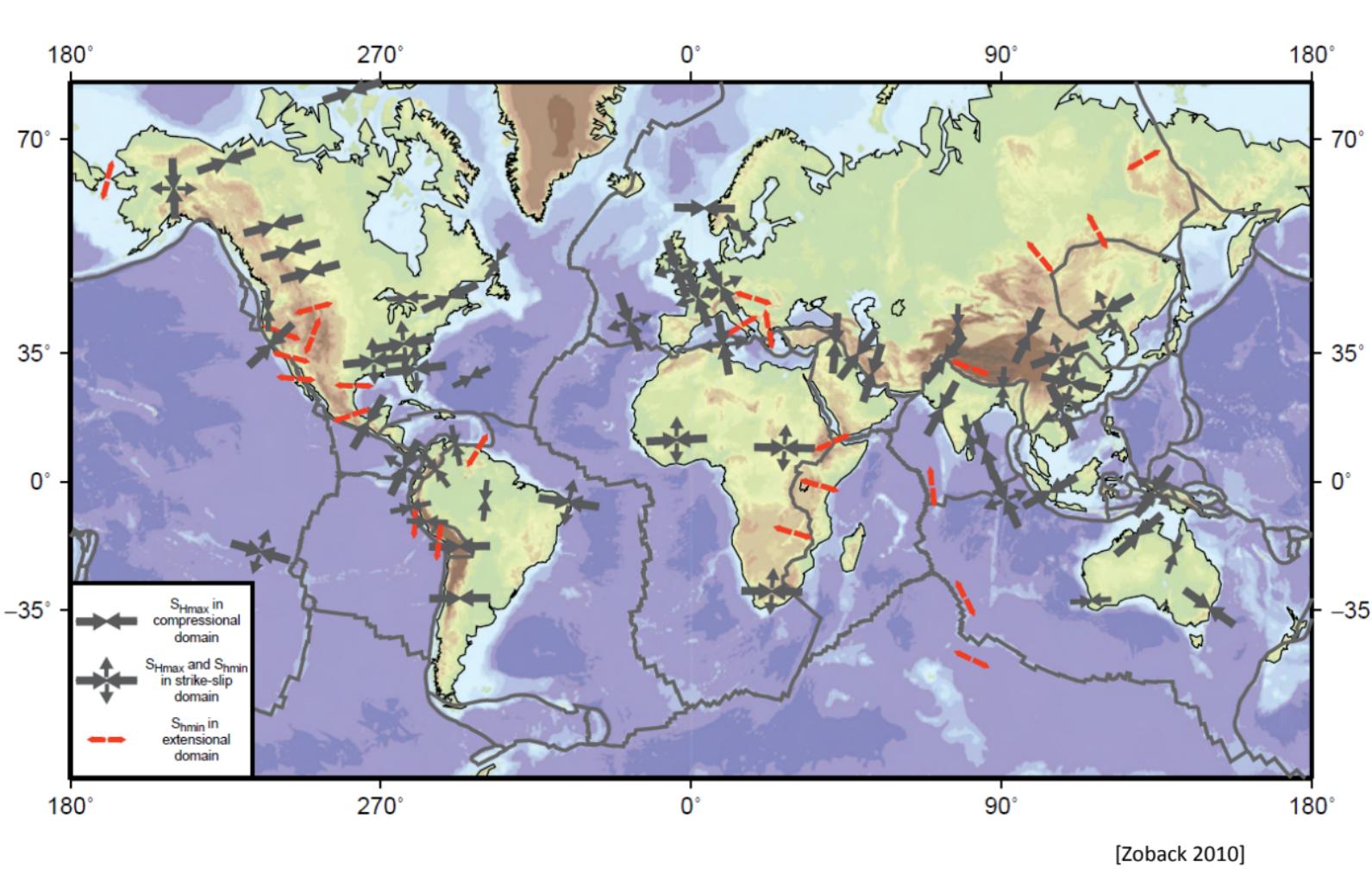








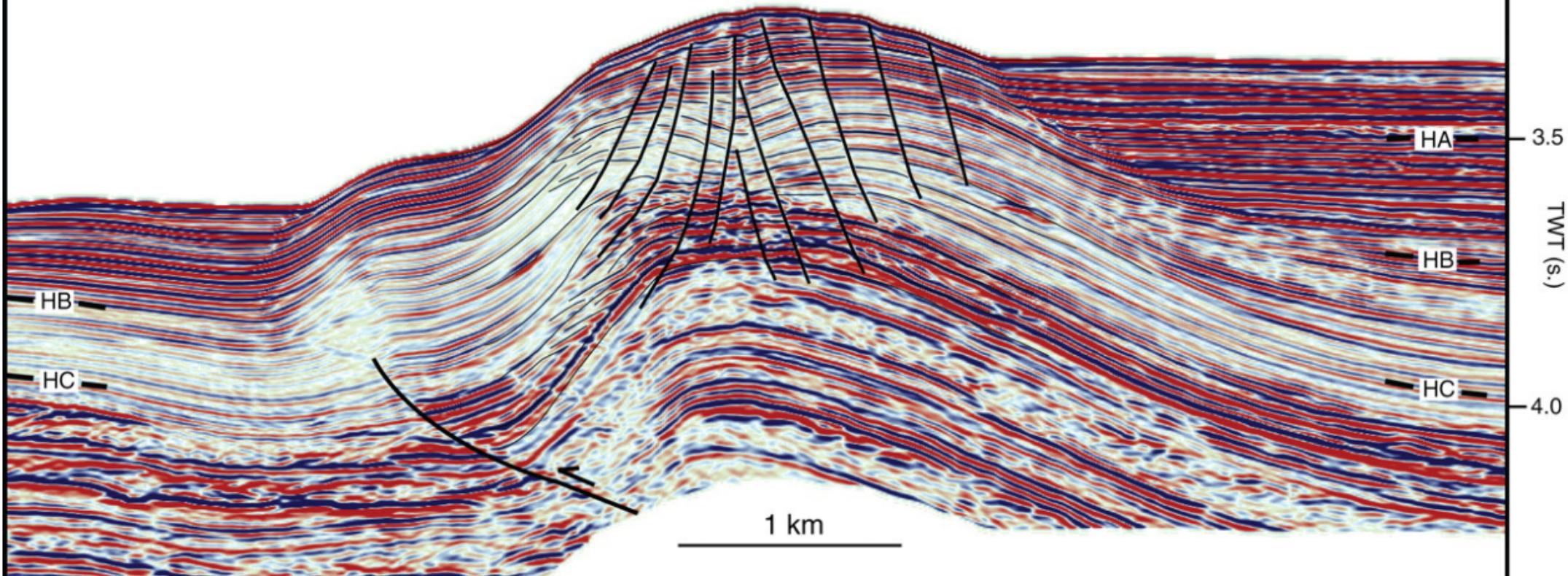




NW

Crestal normal faults

SE



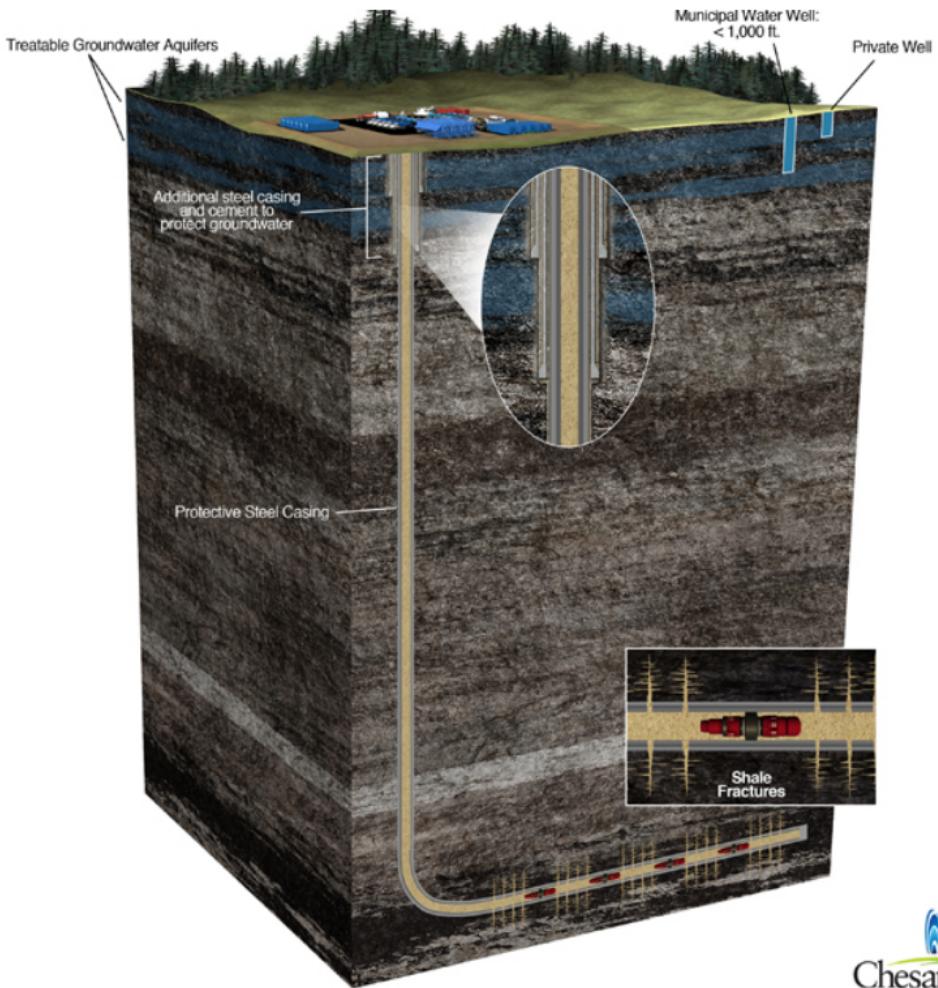


~1850



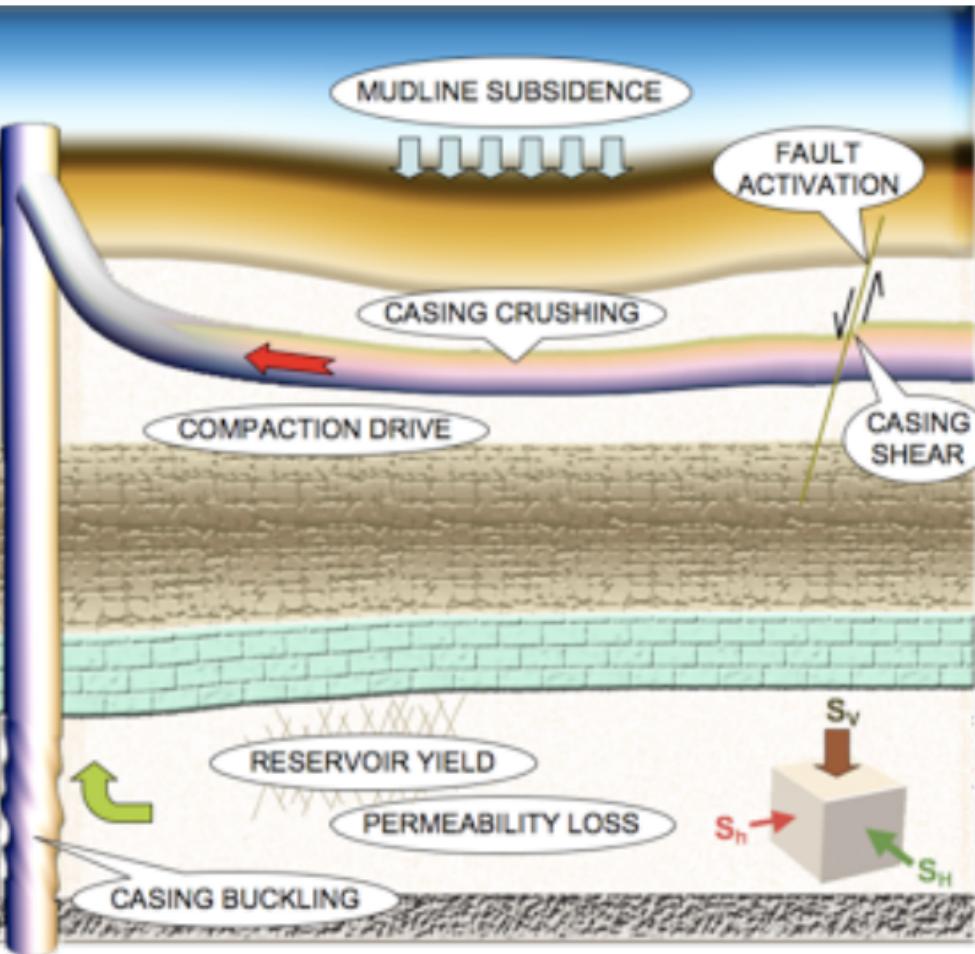
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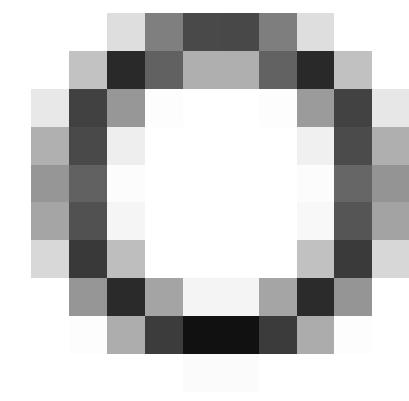
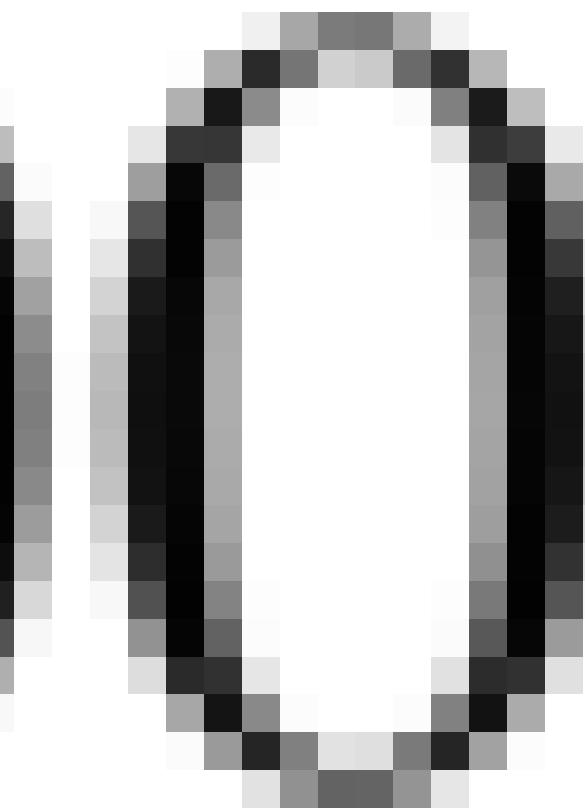
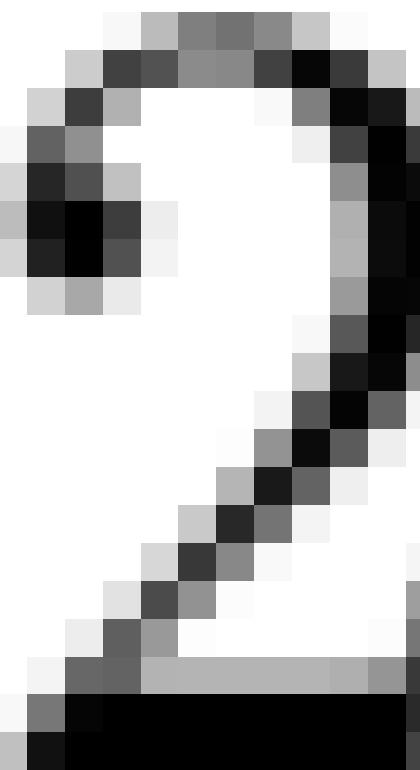
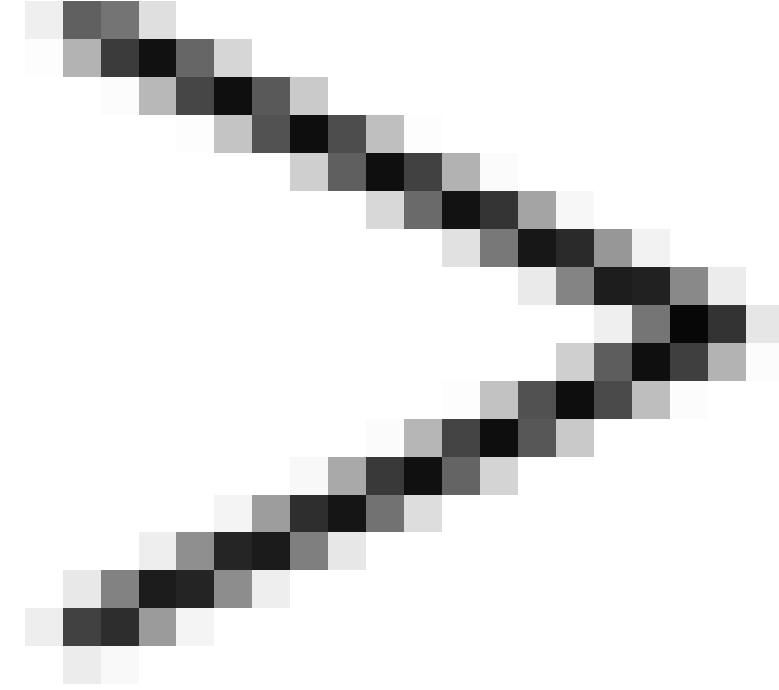




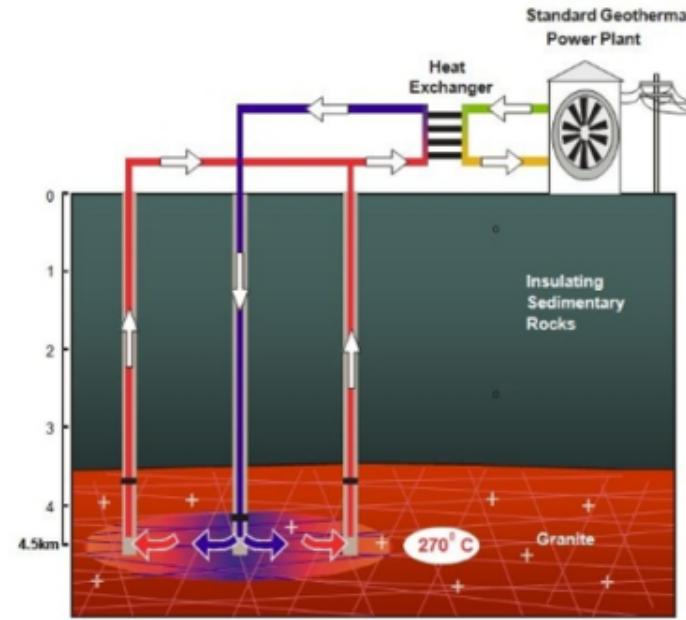
Risk-Based
Geomechanical
Screening

Stress Man



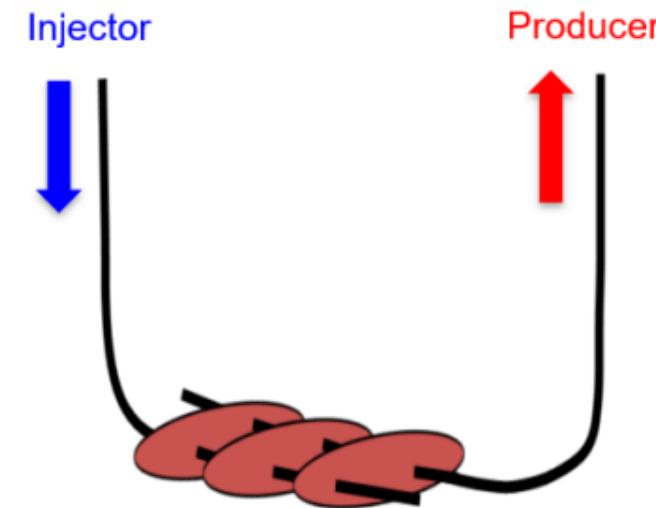


(a) Two wells connected by natural fractures

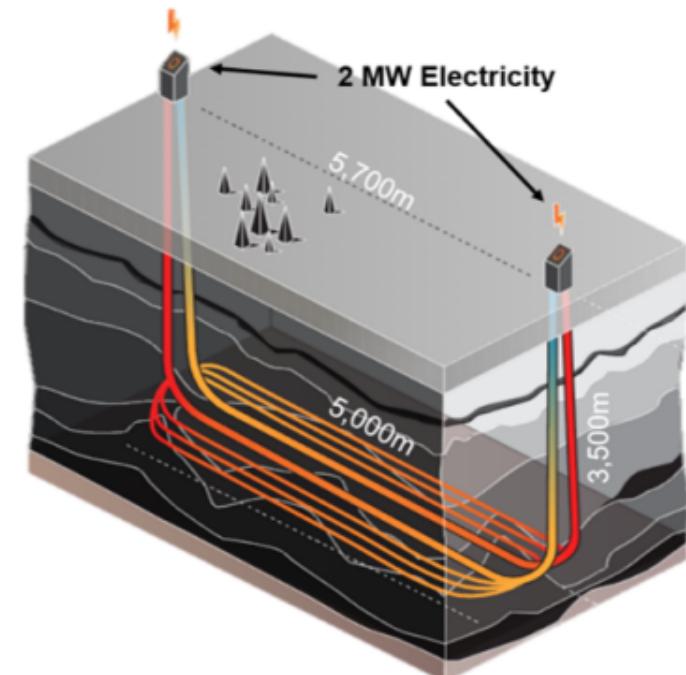


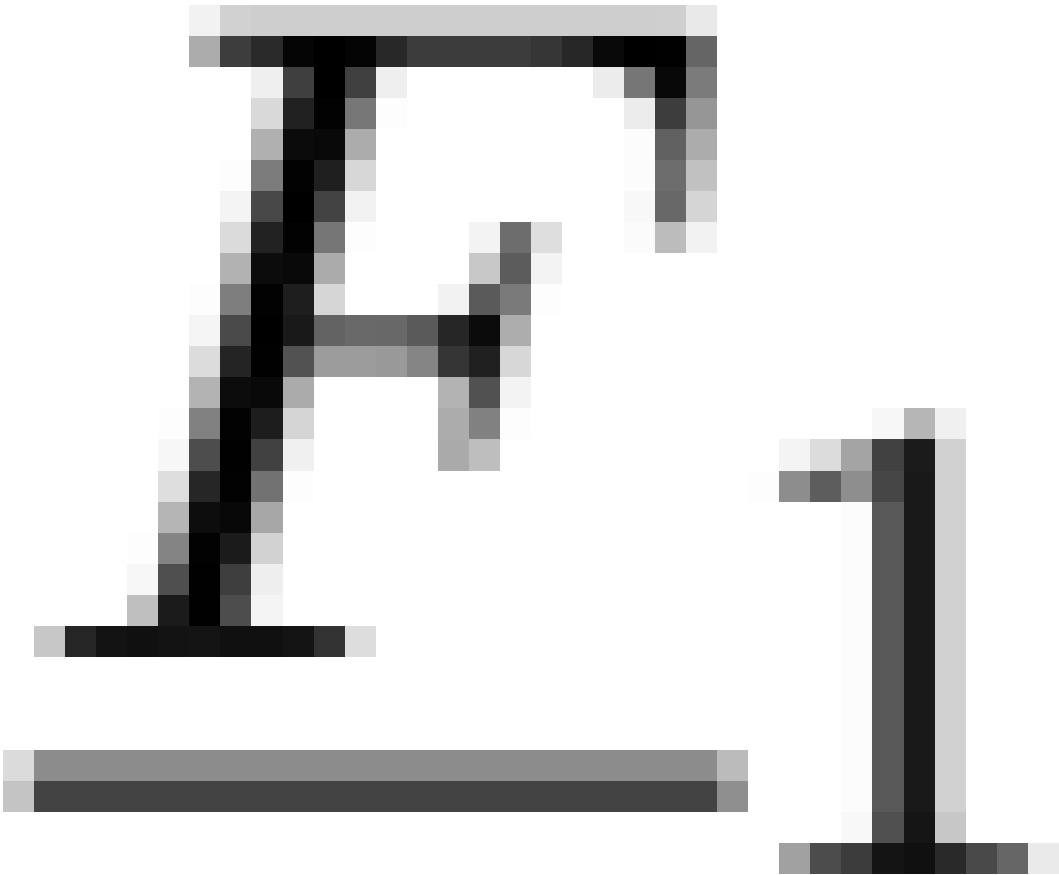
(b) Two wells connected by manmade fractures

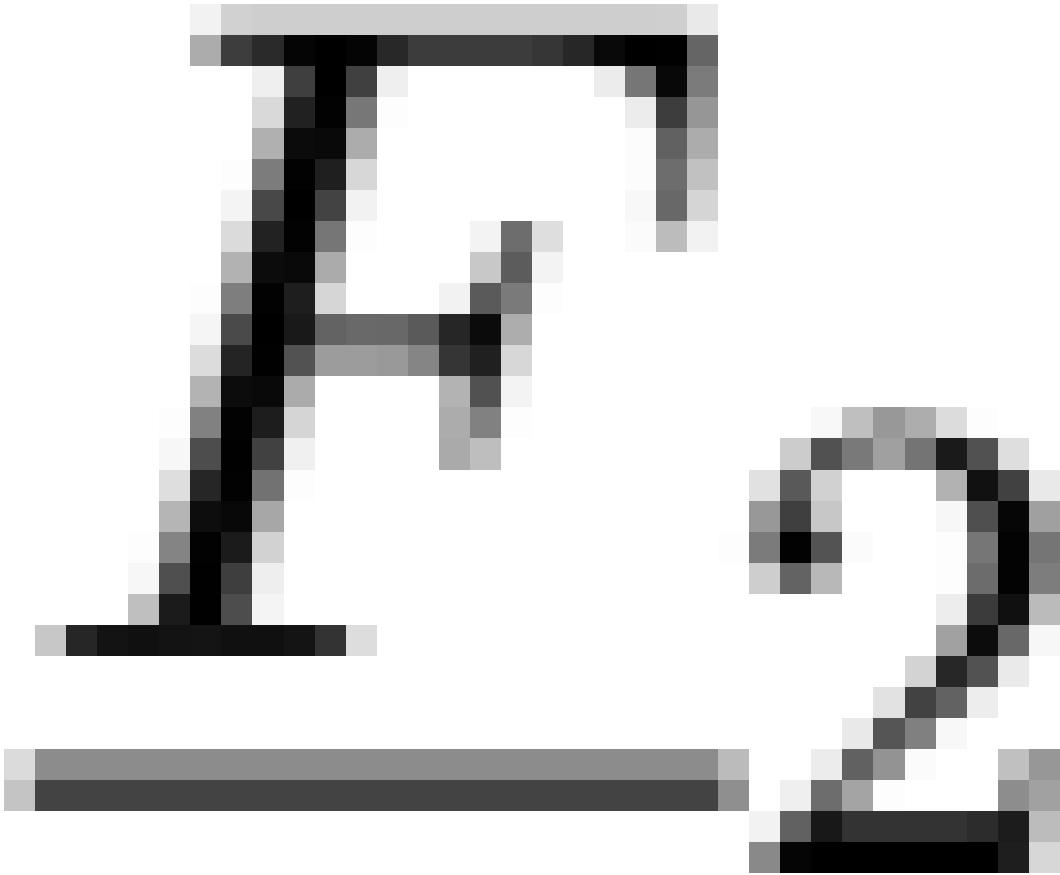
Enhanced Geothermal Systems

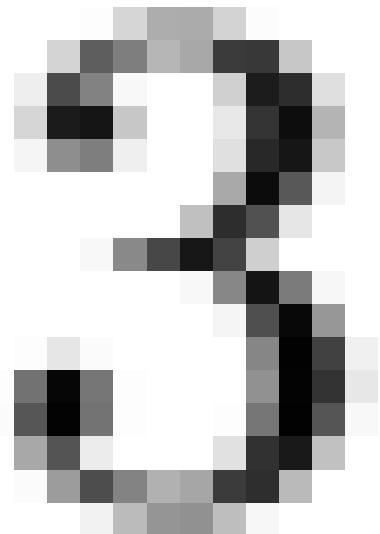
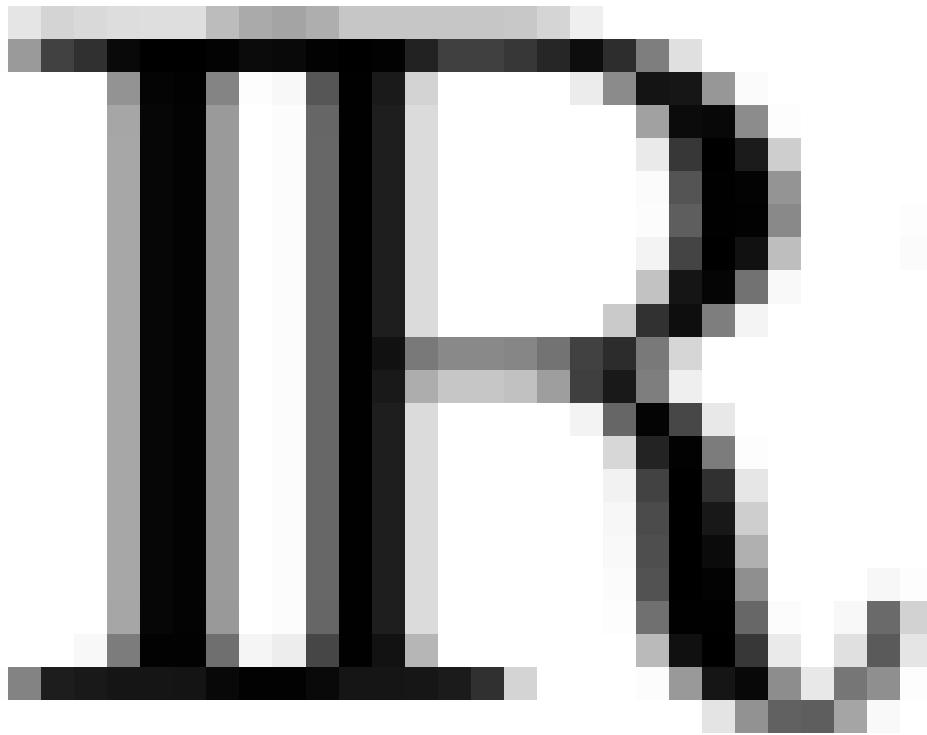


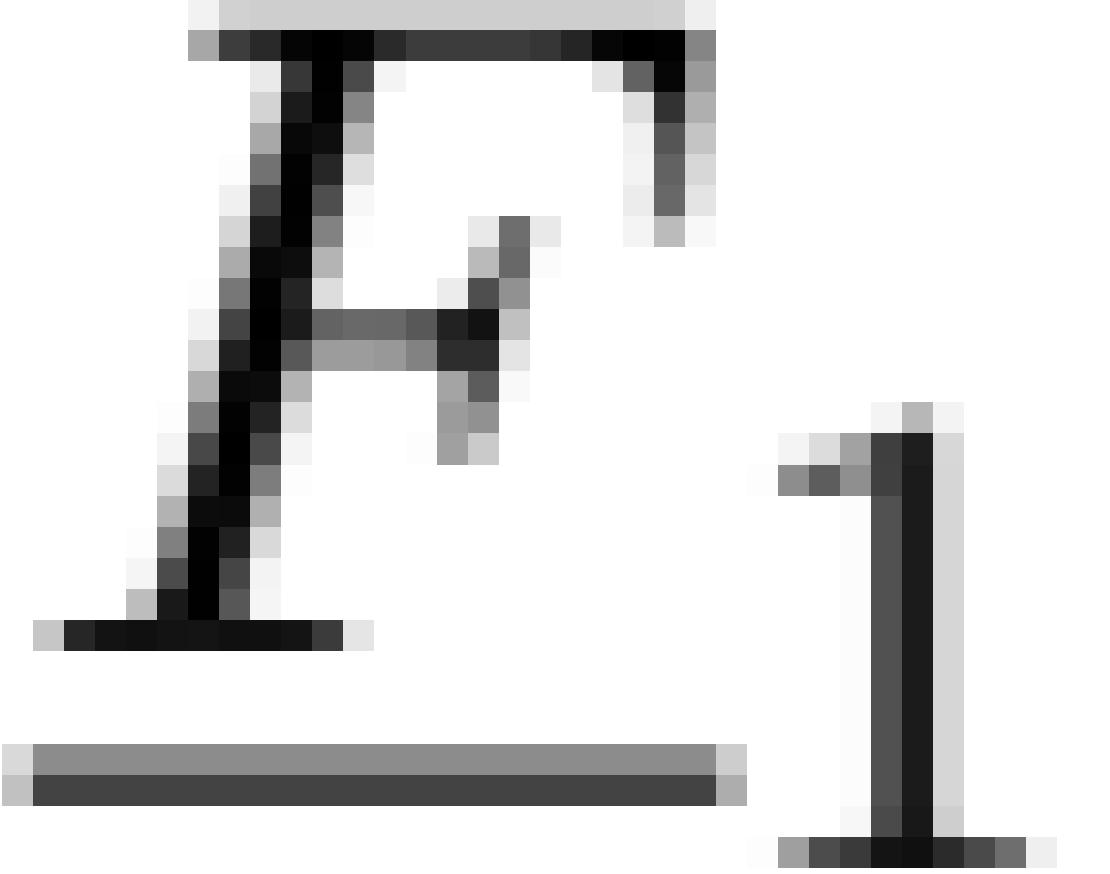
(c) U-loop well without fractures



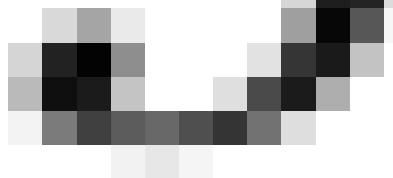
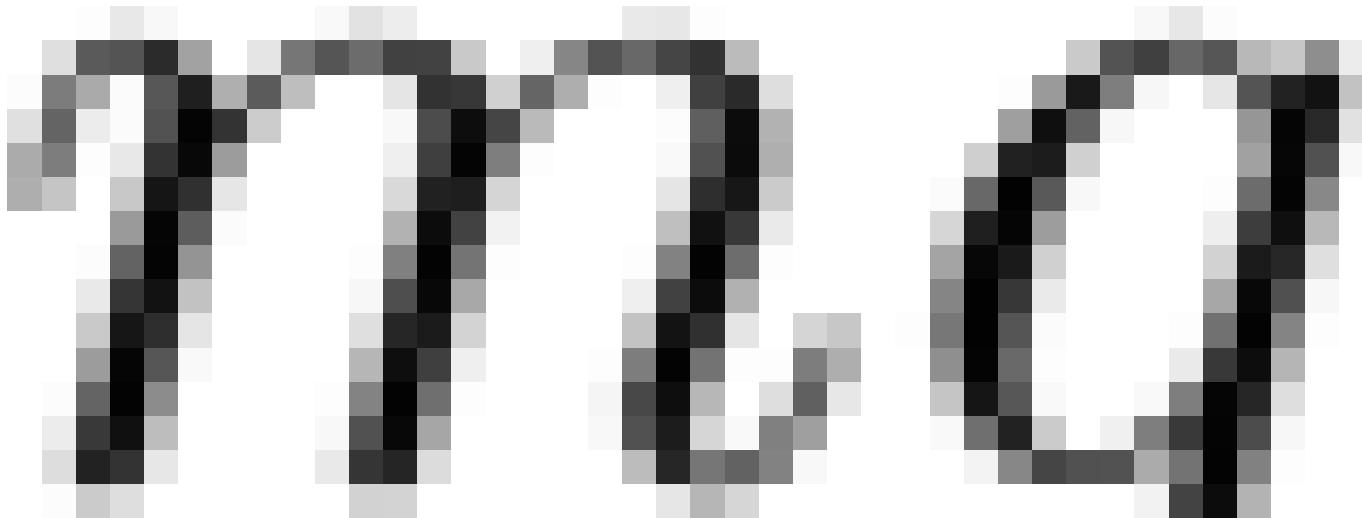


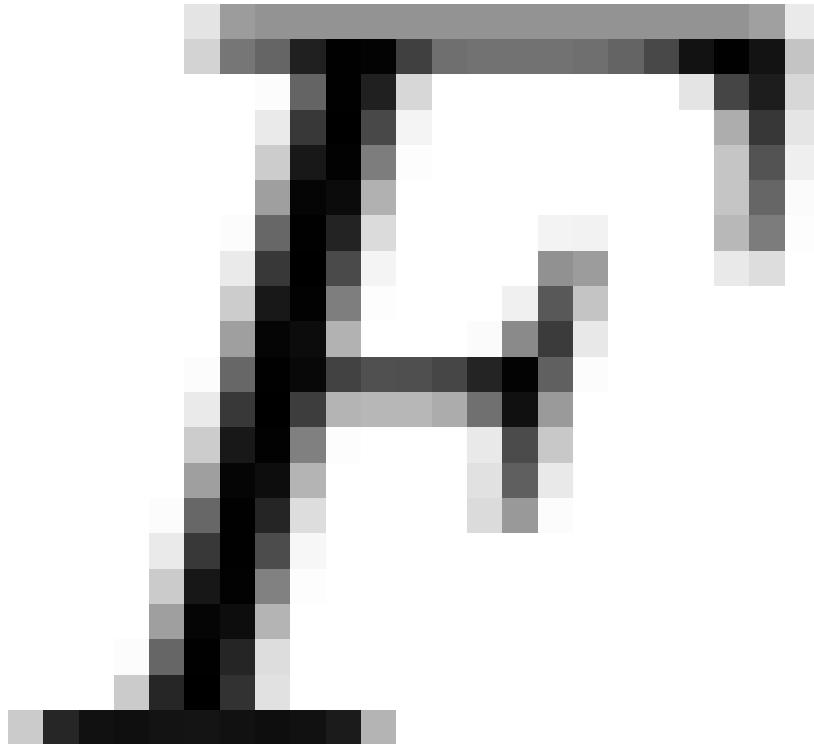


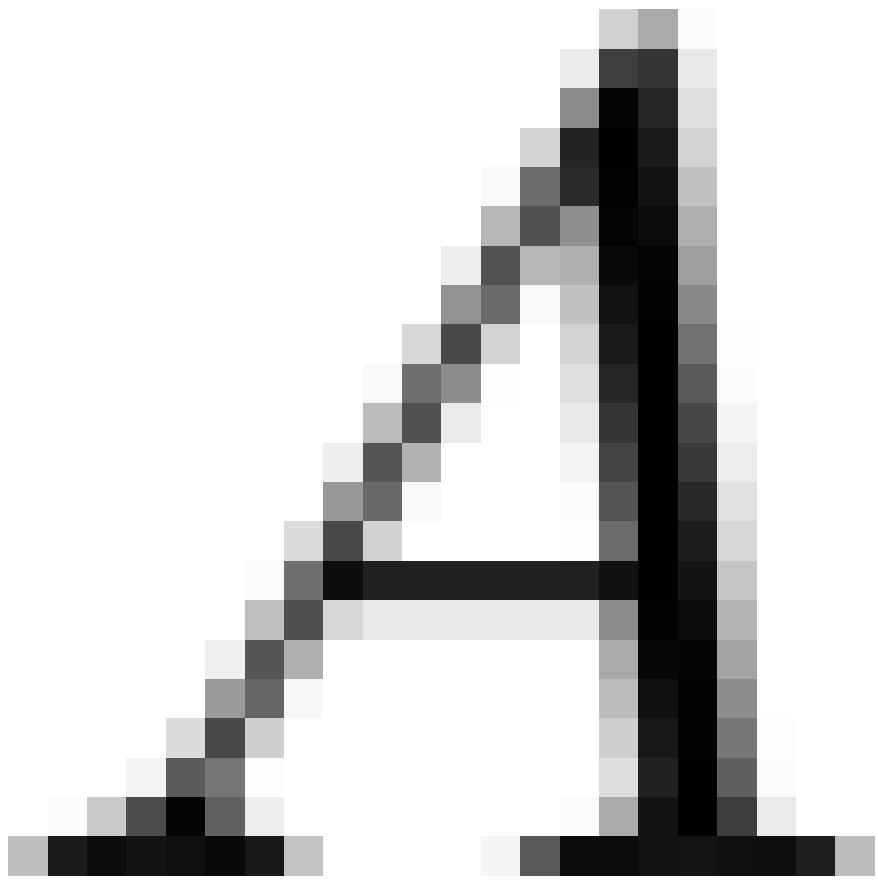












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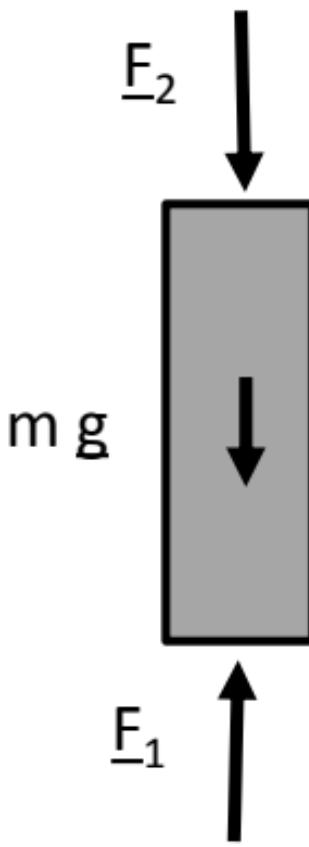
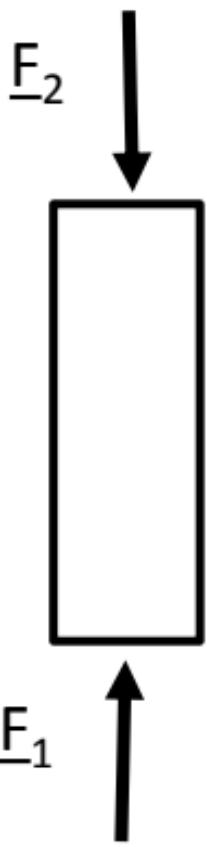
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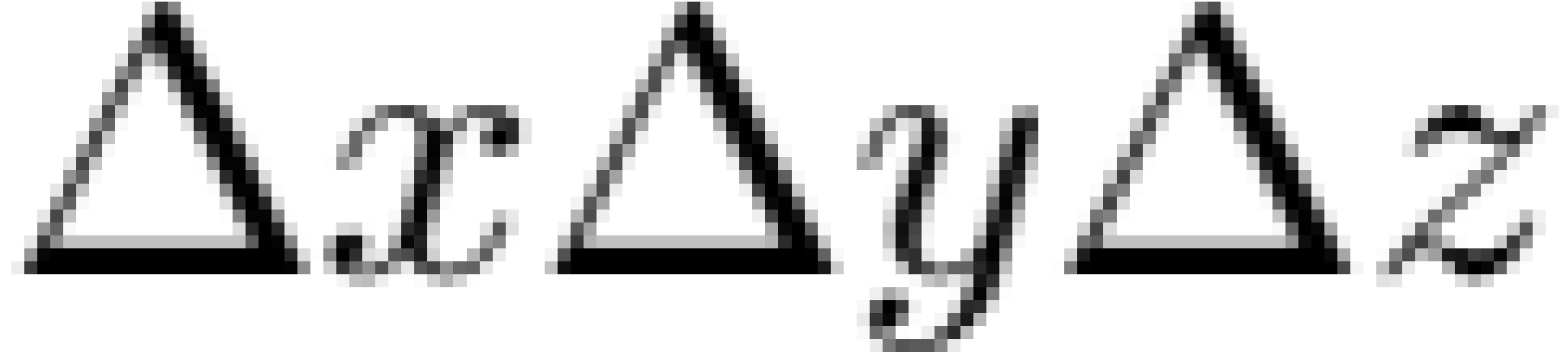
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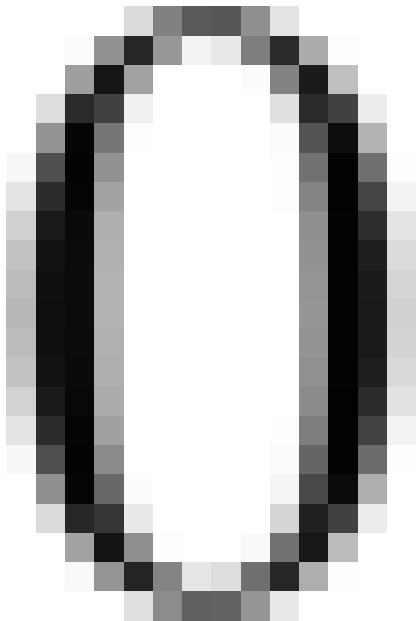
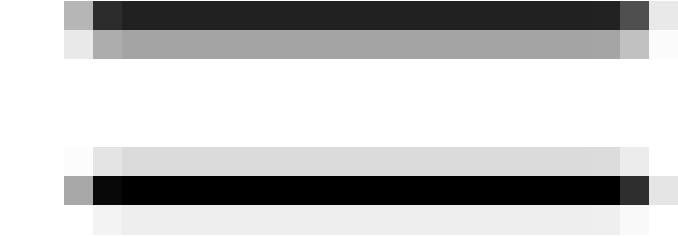
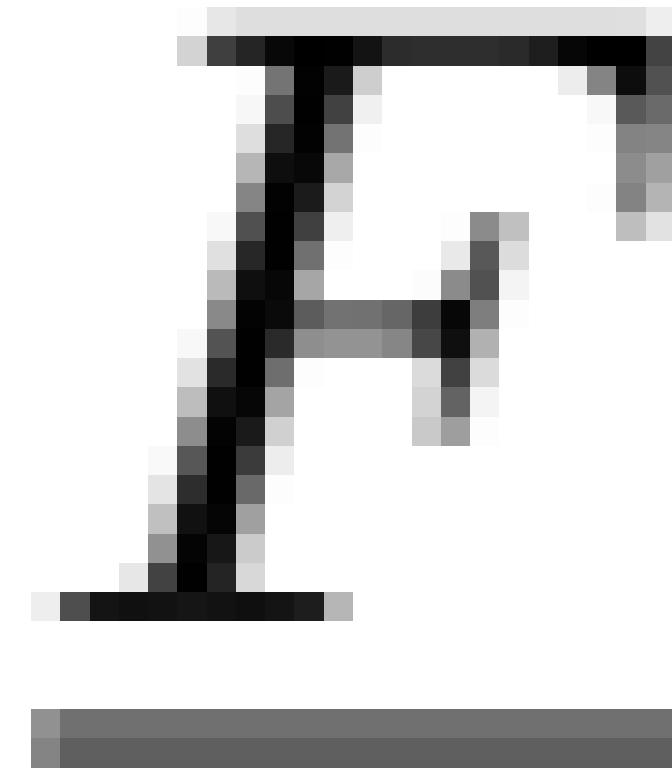
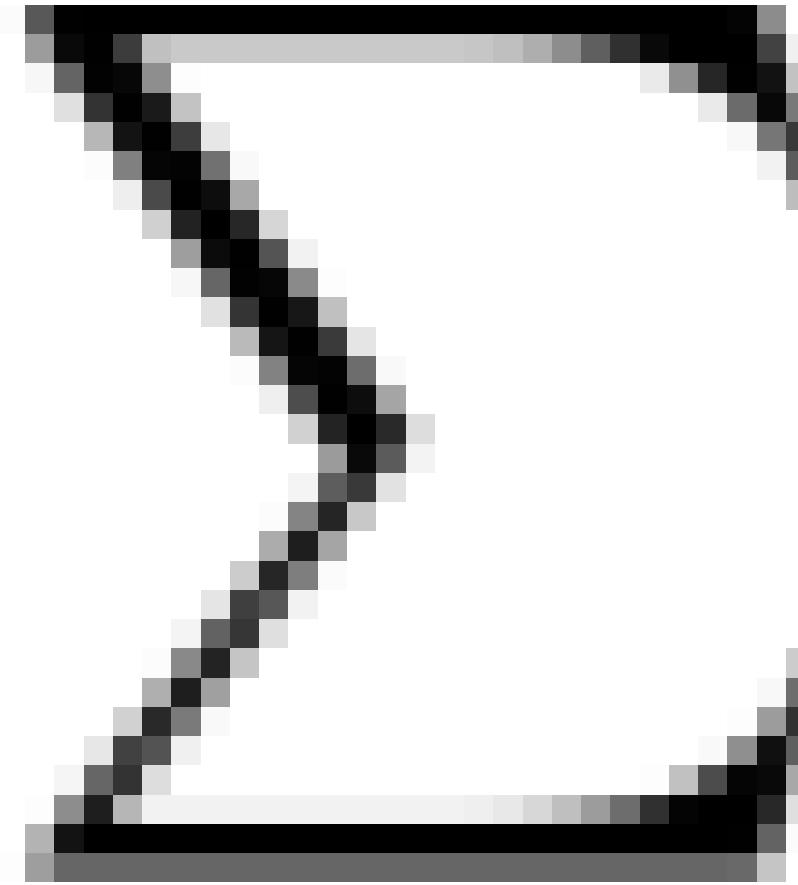


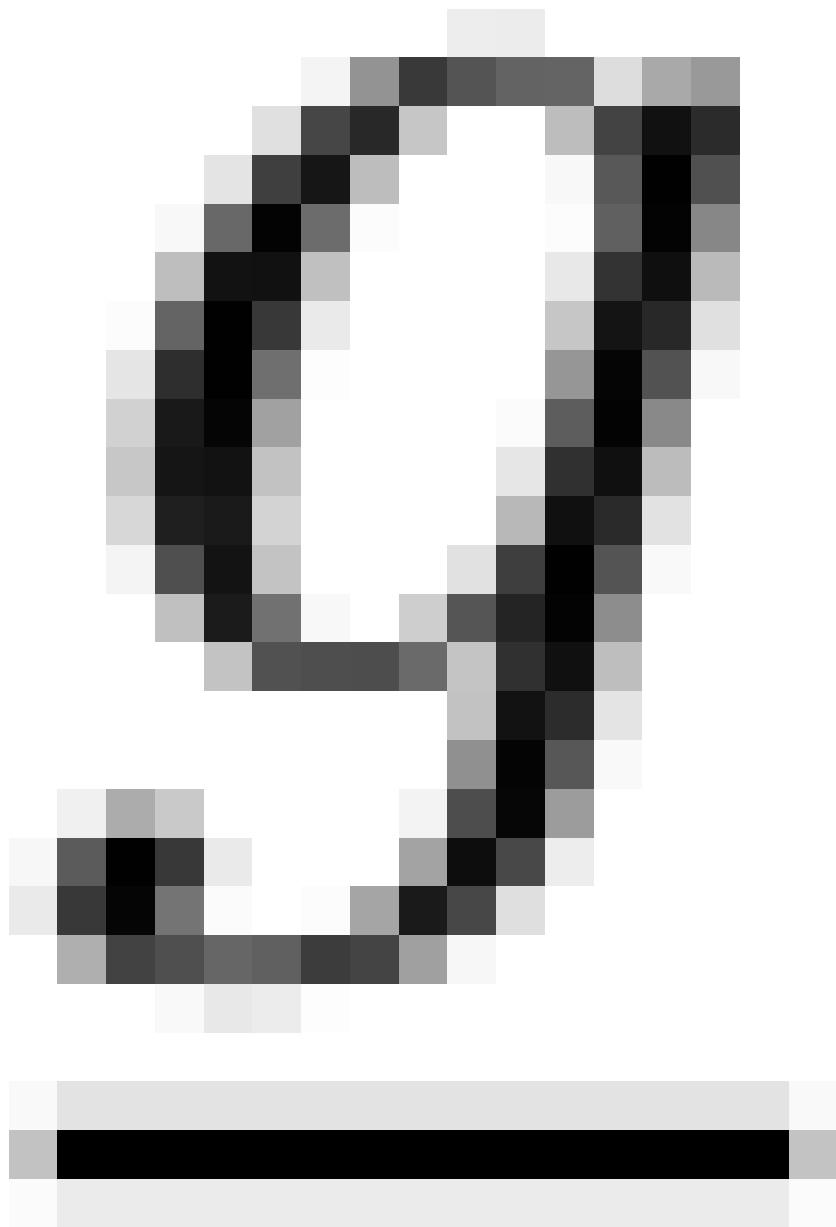
$$\Sigma F_z = +F_1 - F_2 = 0$$

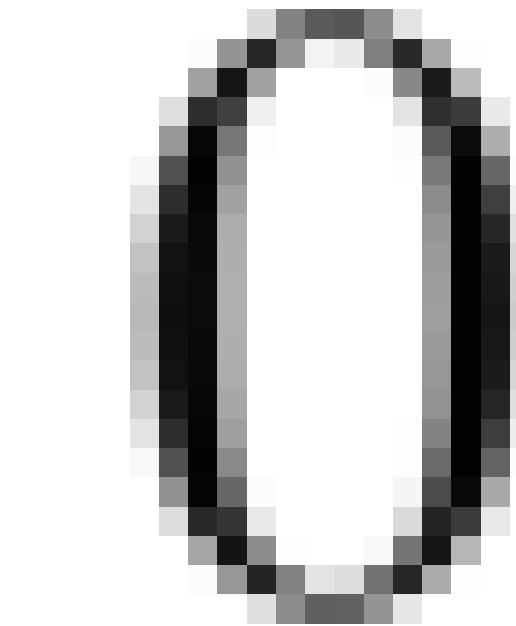
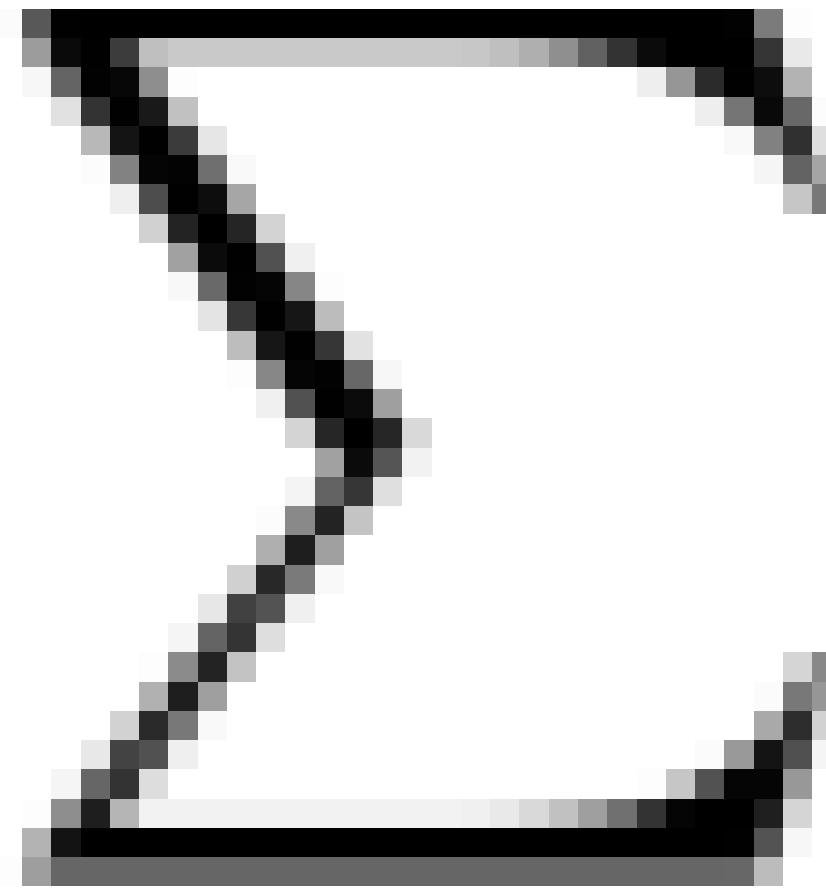
$$\Sigma F_z = +F_1 - m g - F_2$$

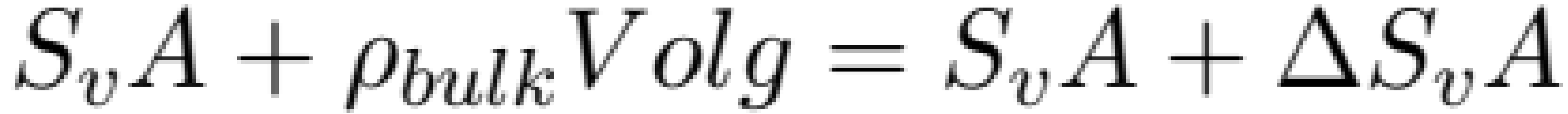
$$\Sigma F_z = +\sigma_1 A - (\rho A L) g - \sigma_2 A$$











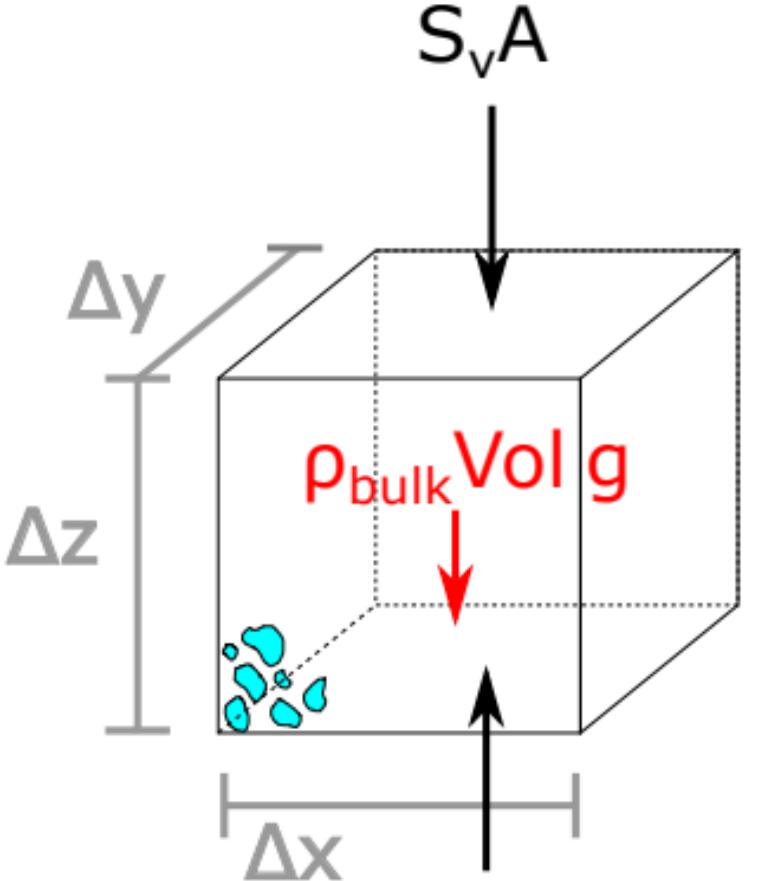


△ S2

— z

—

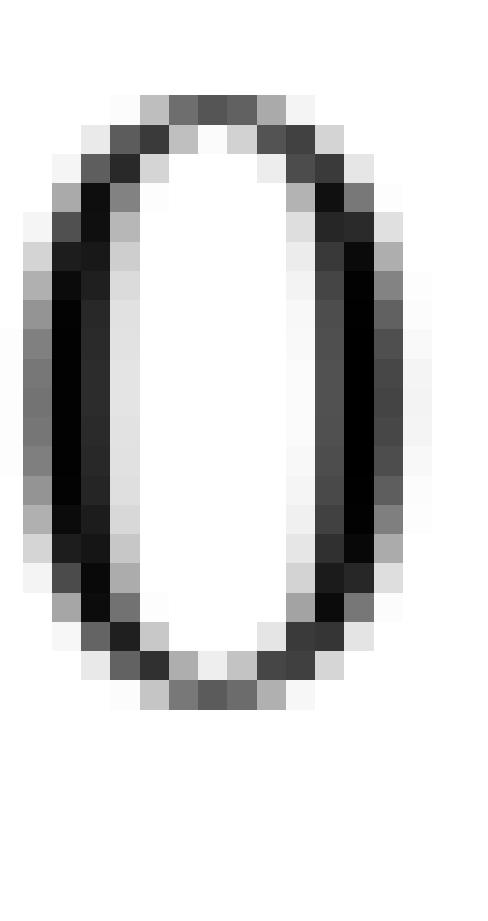
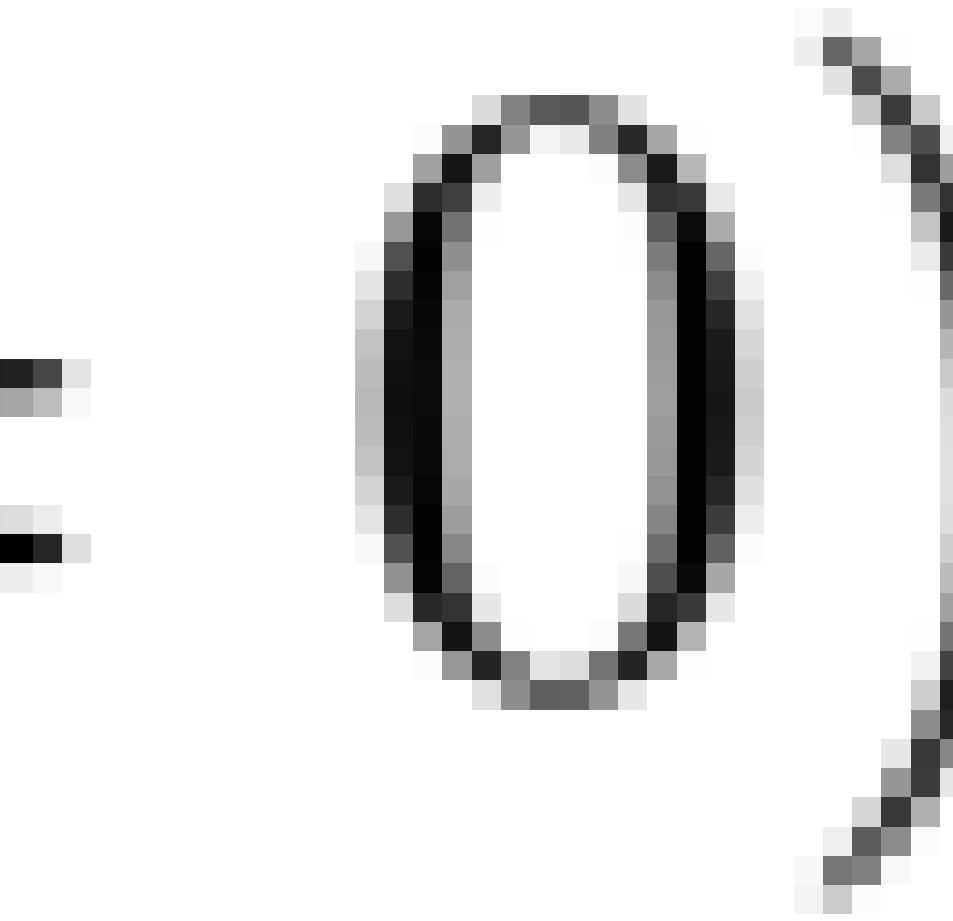
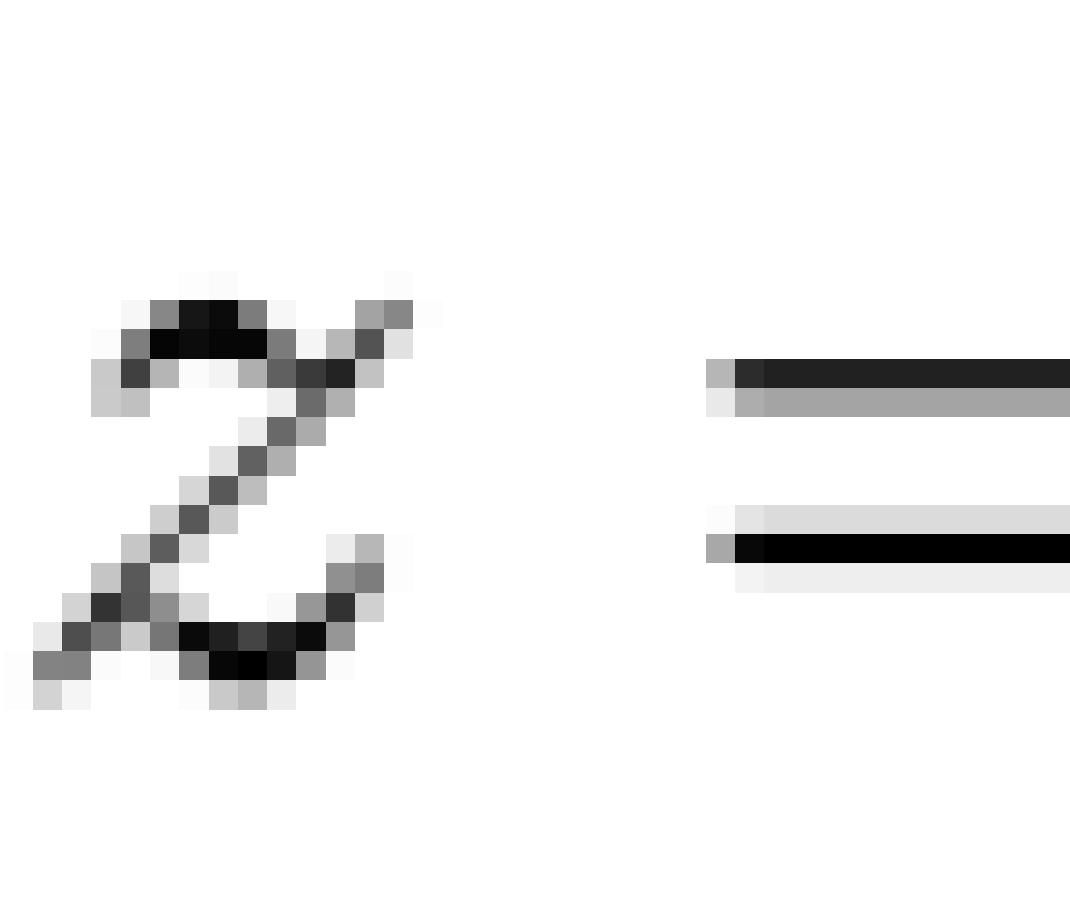
Pbulk 9



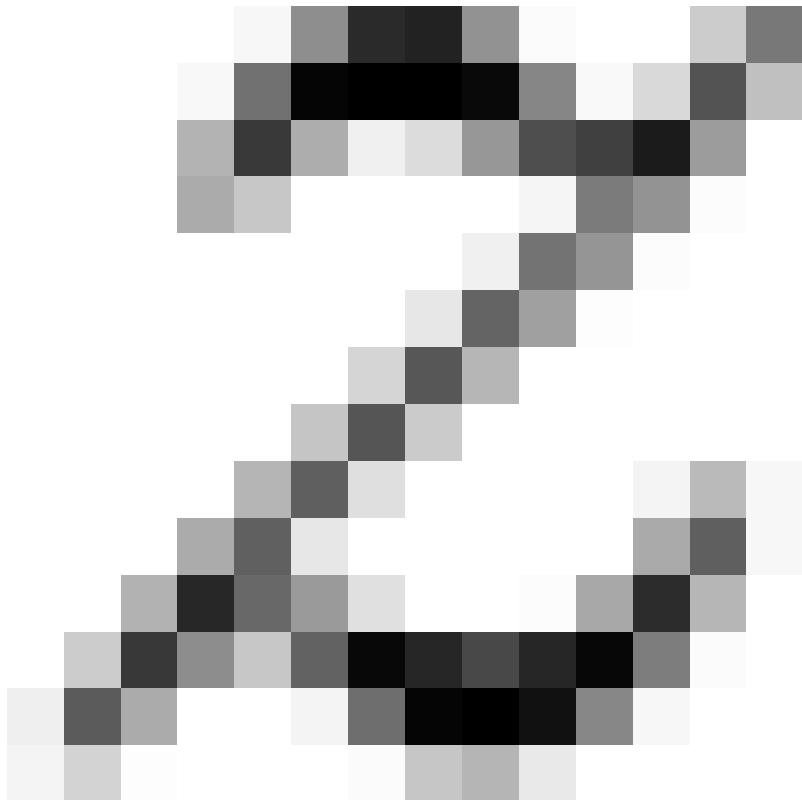
$$S_v A + \Delta S_v A$$

$$S_u(z) = \int_0^z \rho_{bulk}(z') g dz'$$



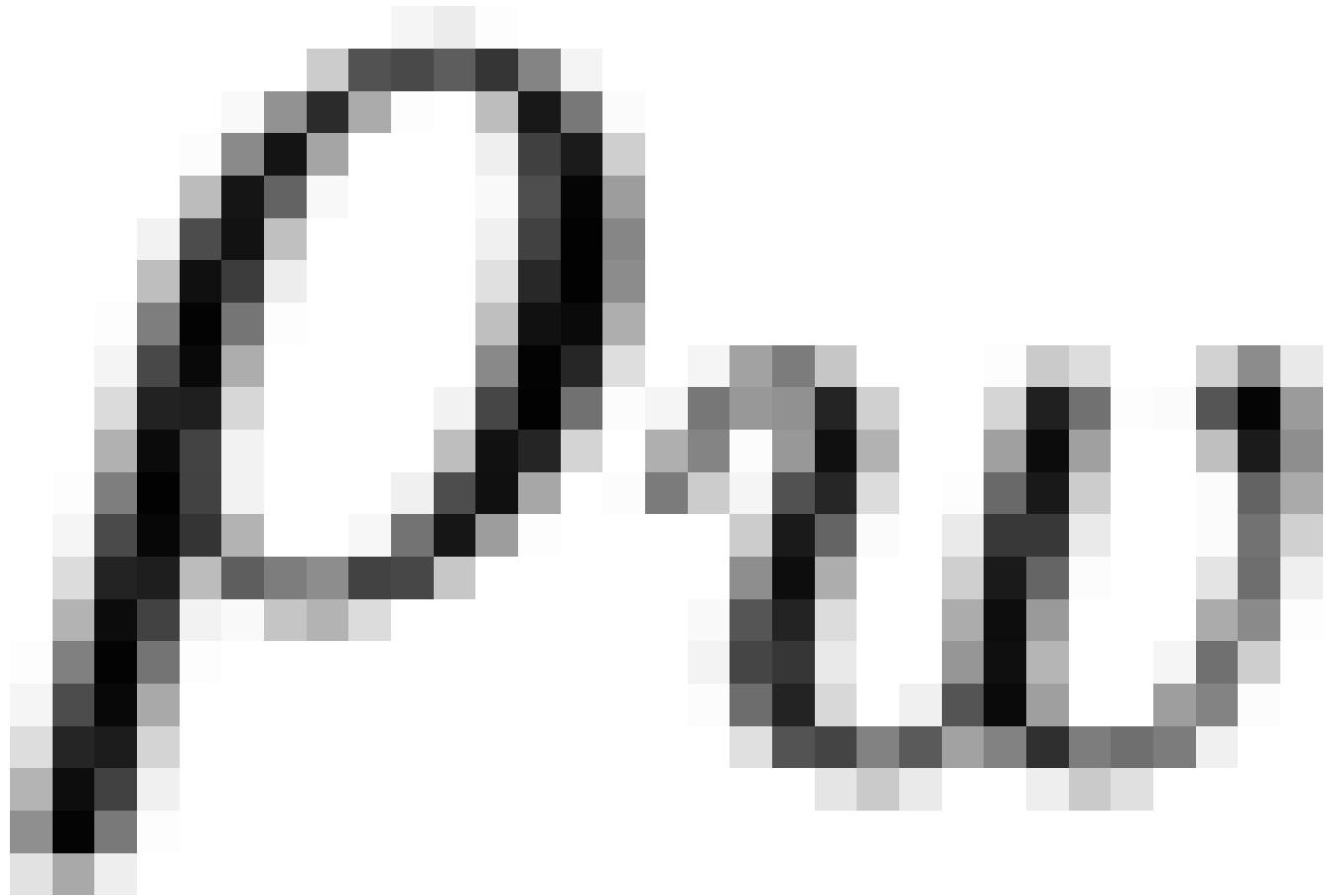




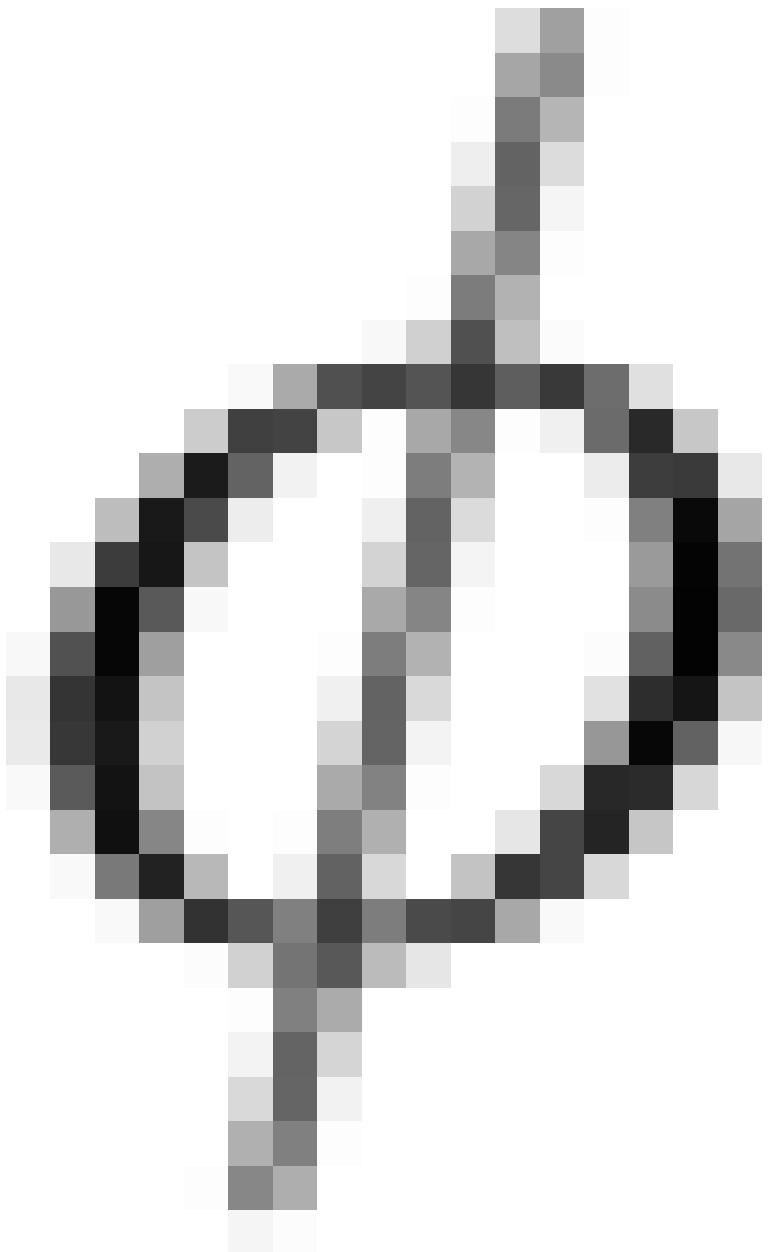


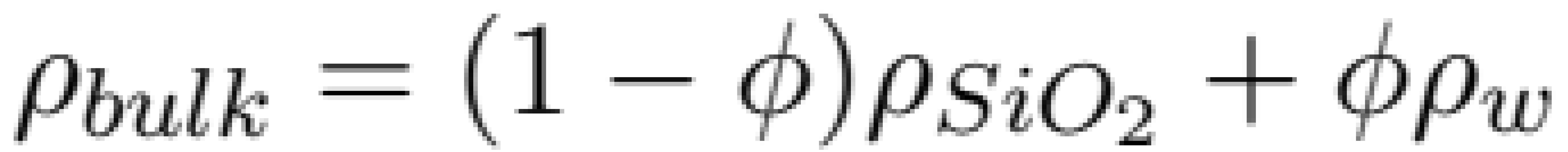


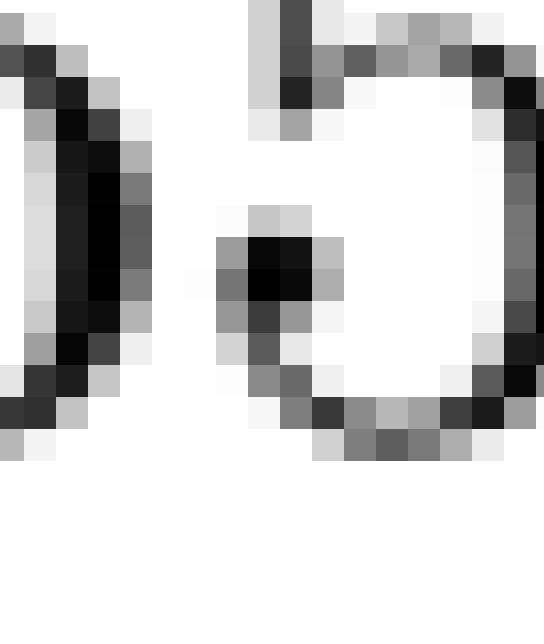
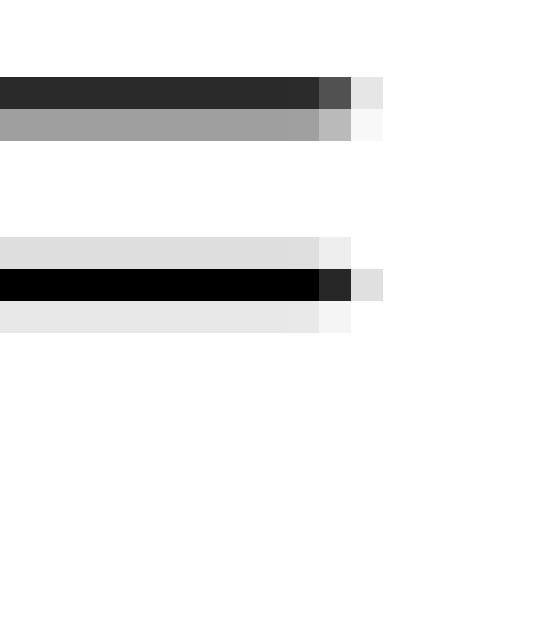
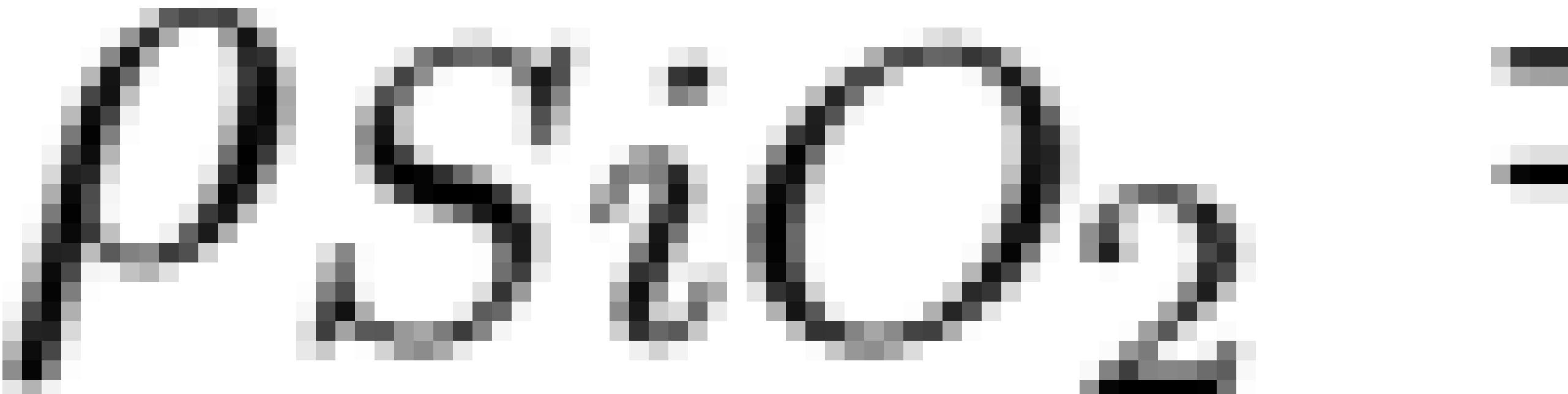


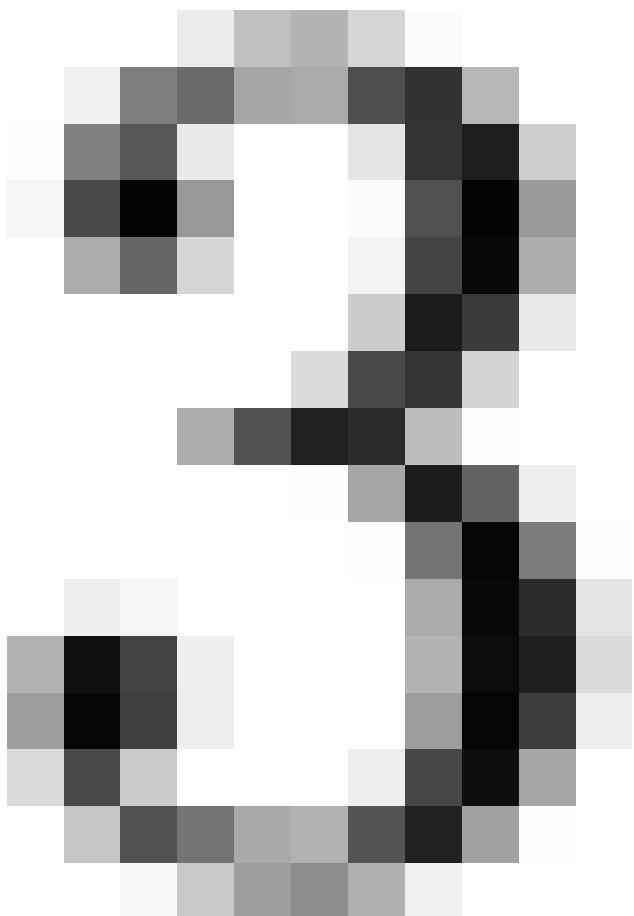


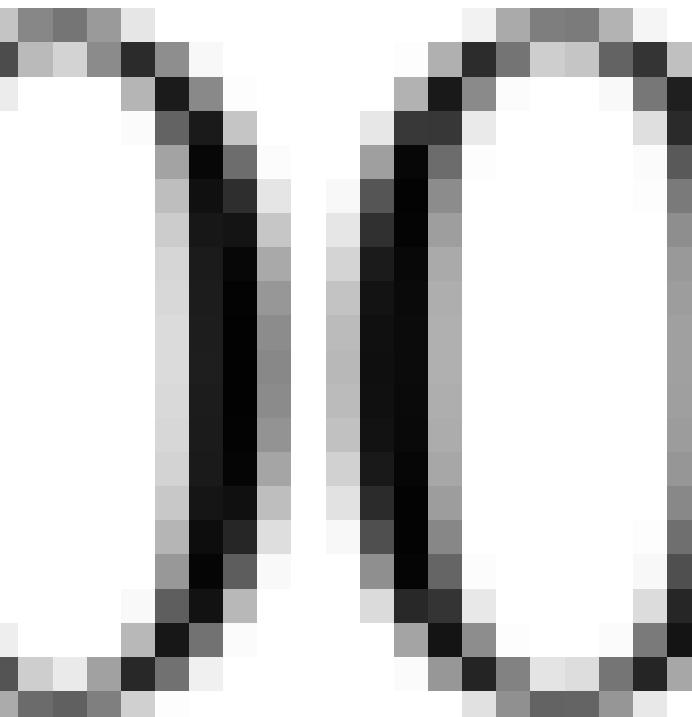
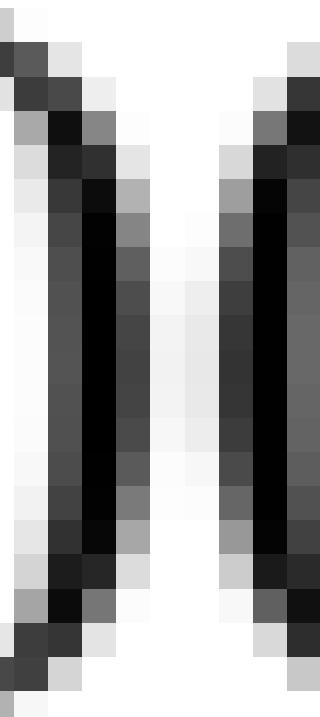
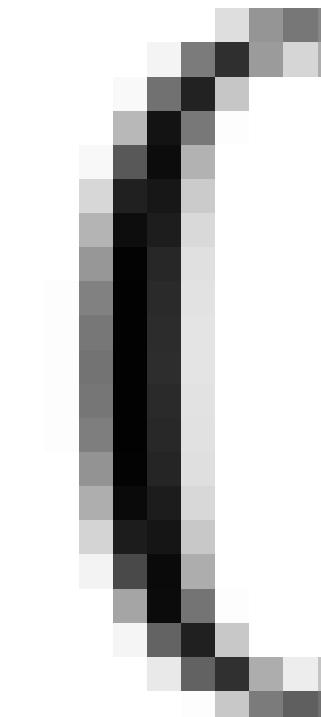


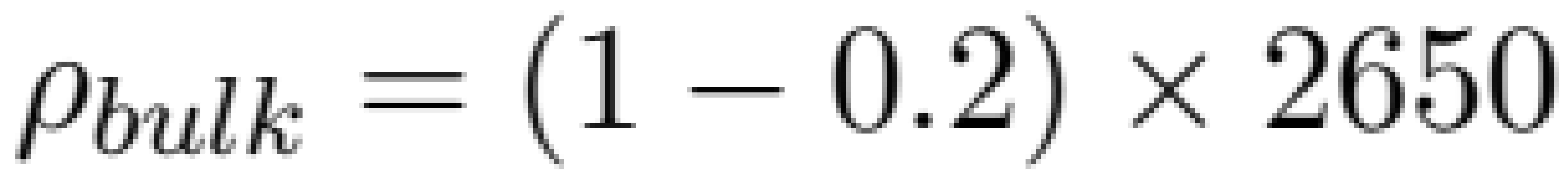


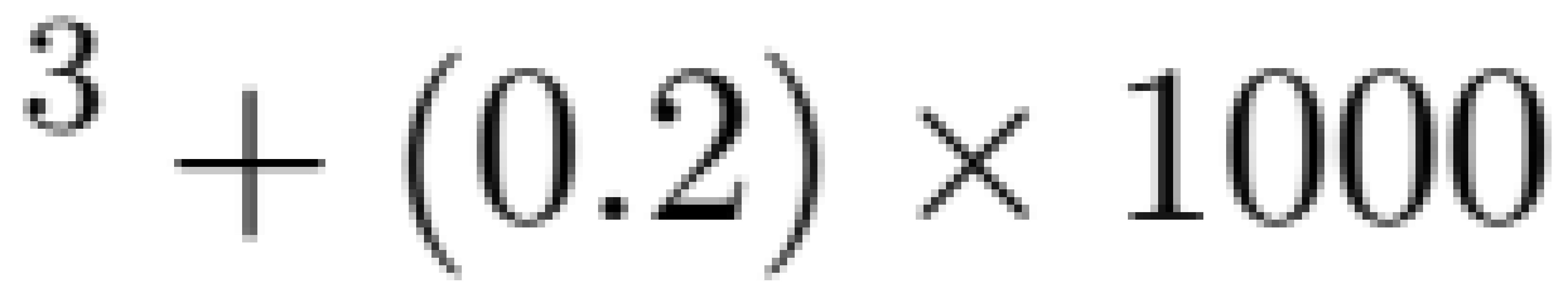


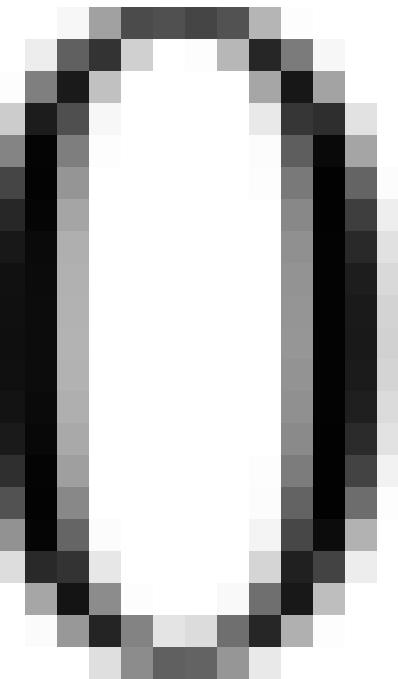
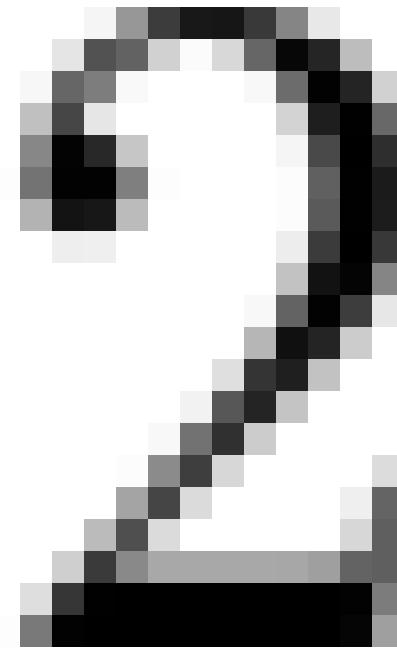
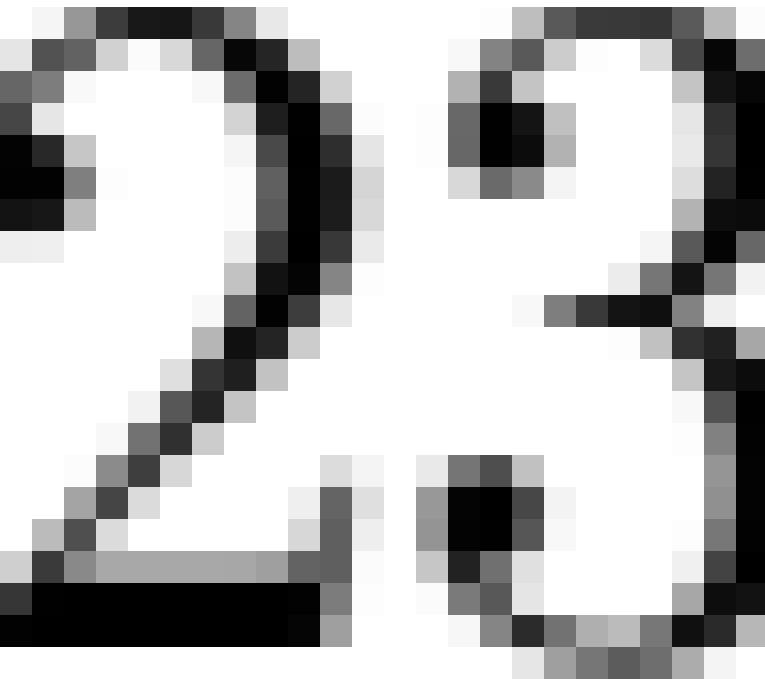
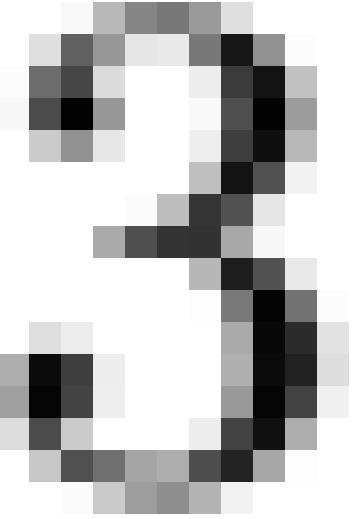


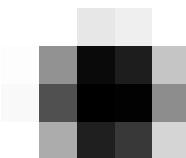
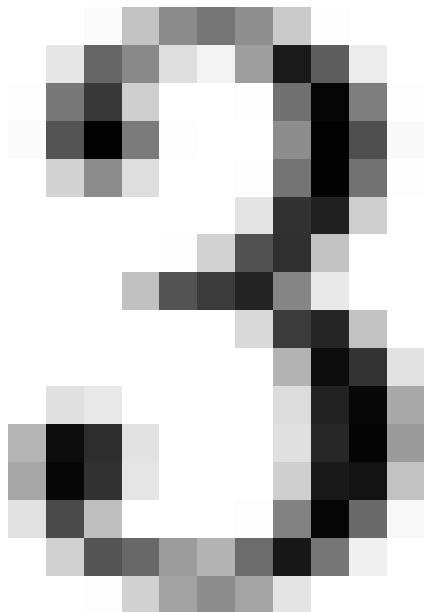


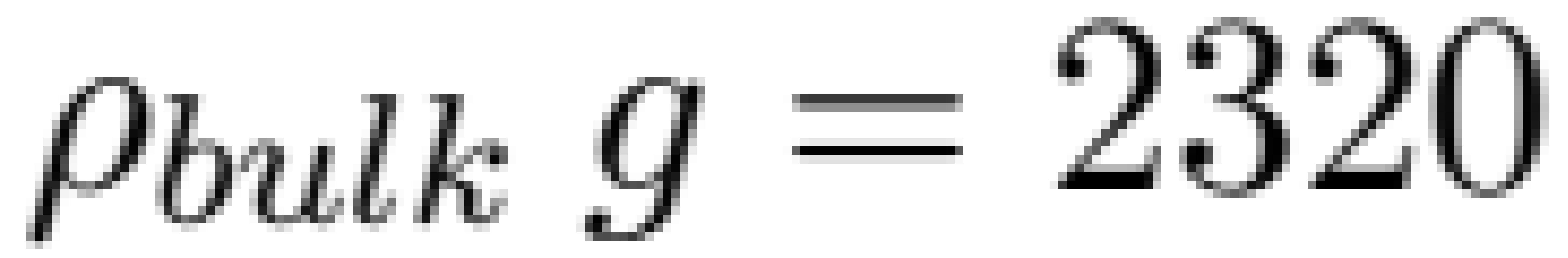


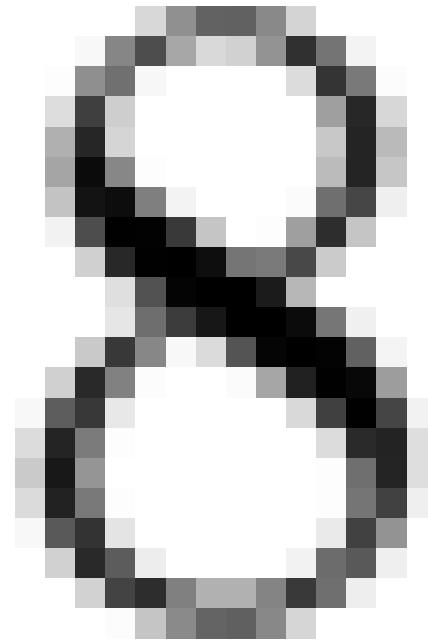
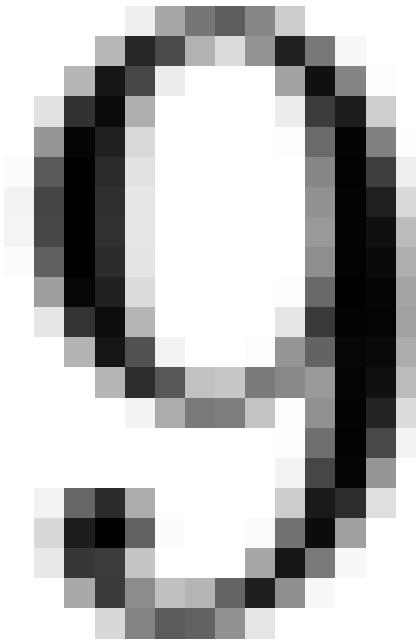
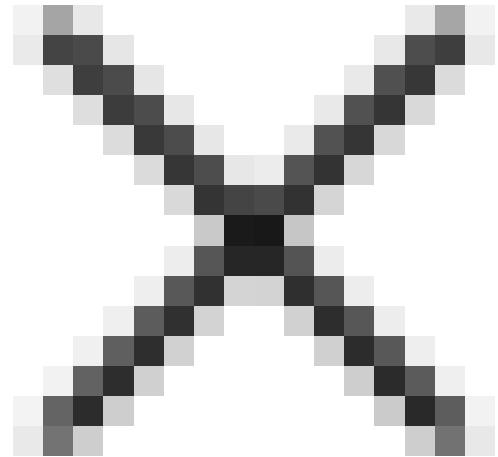
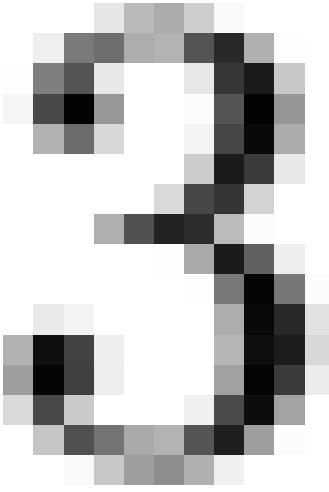


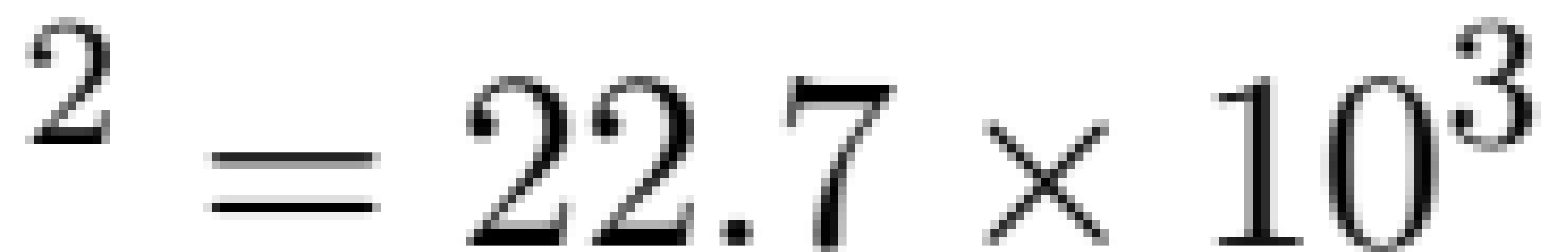


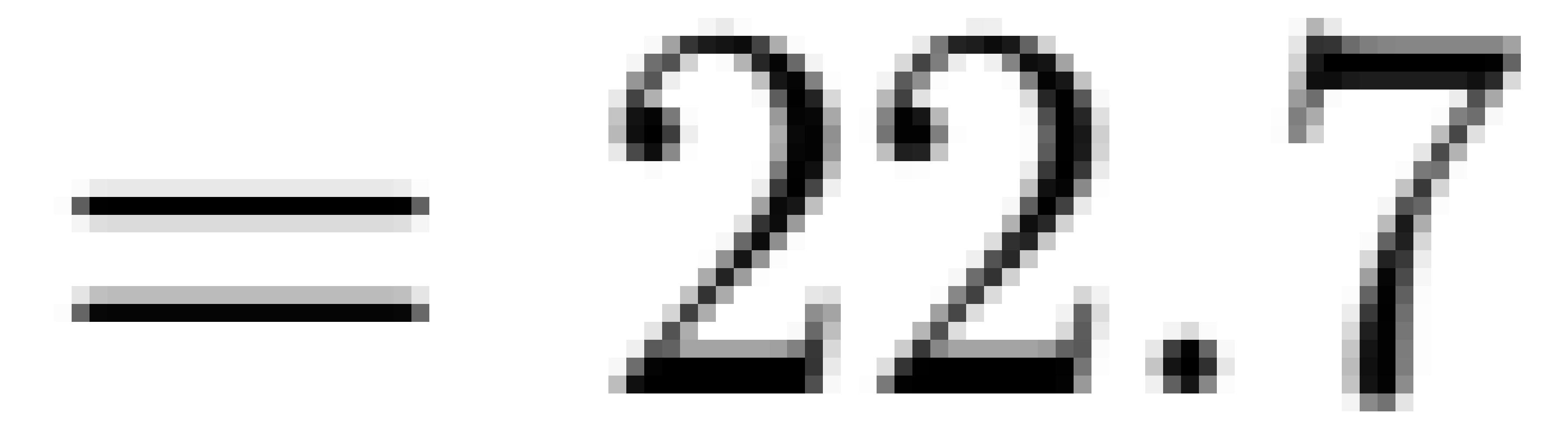


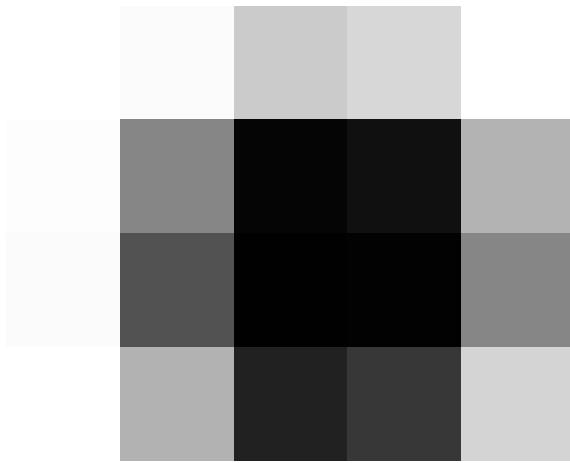


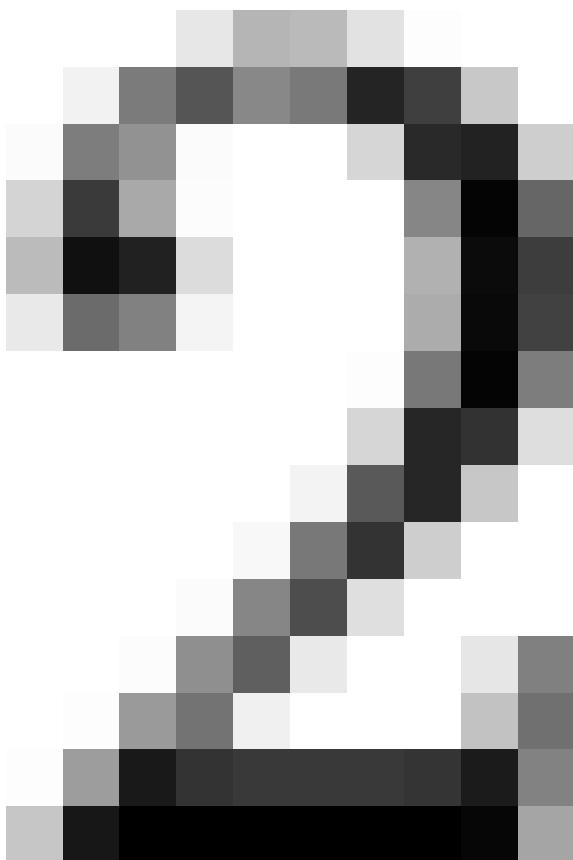


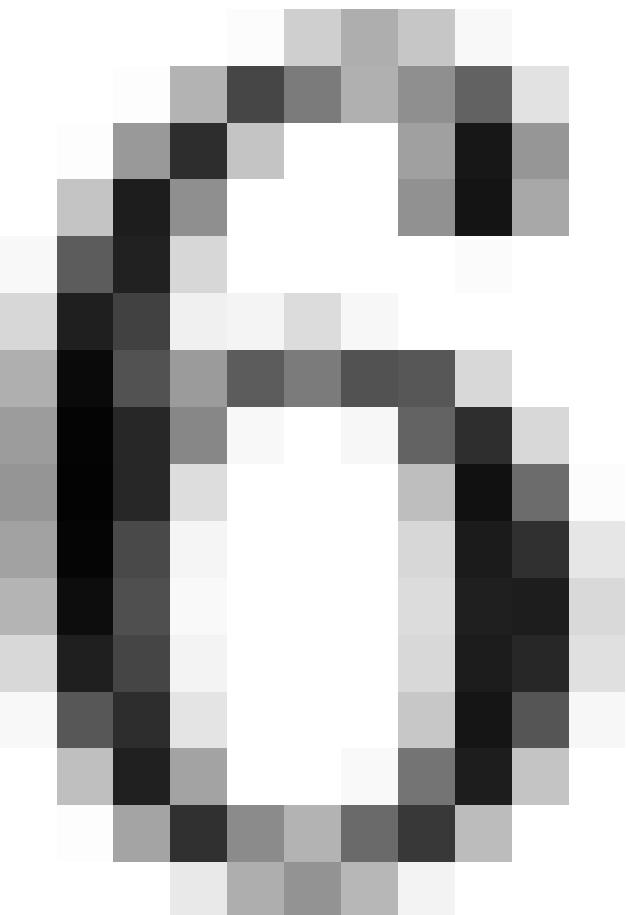


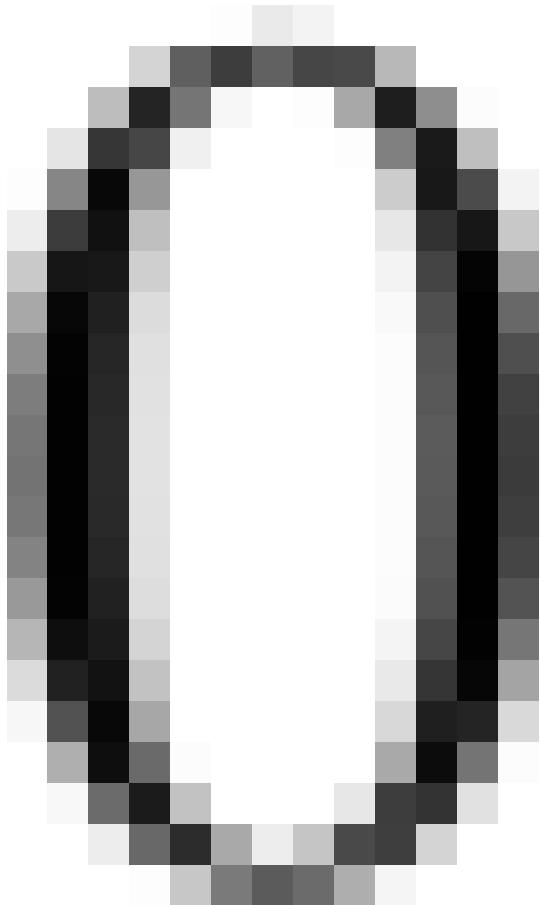
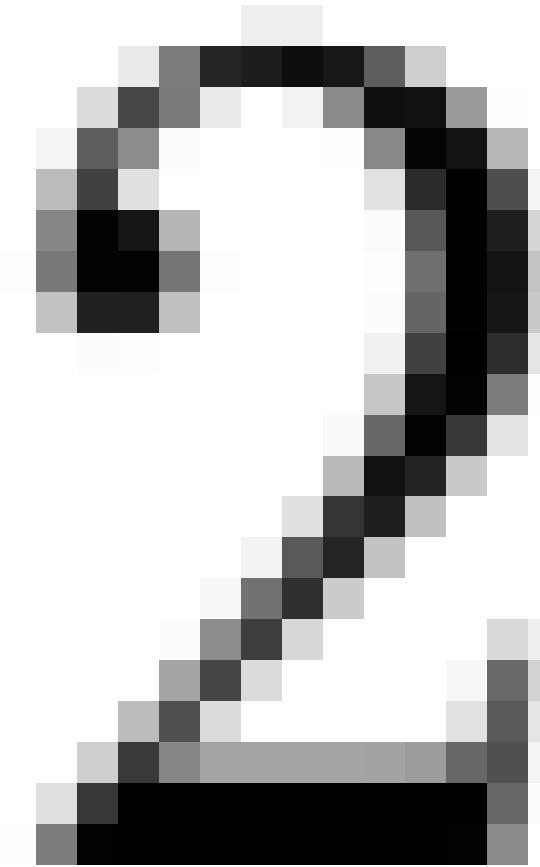
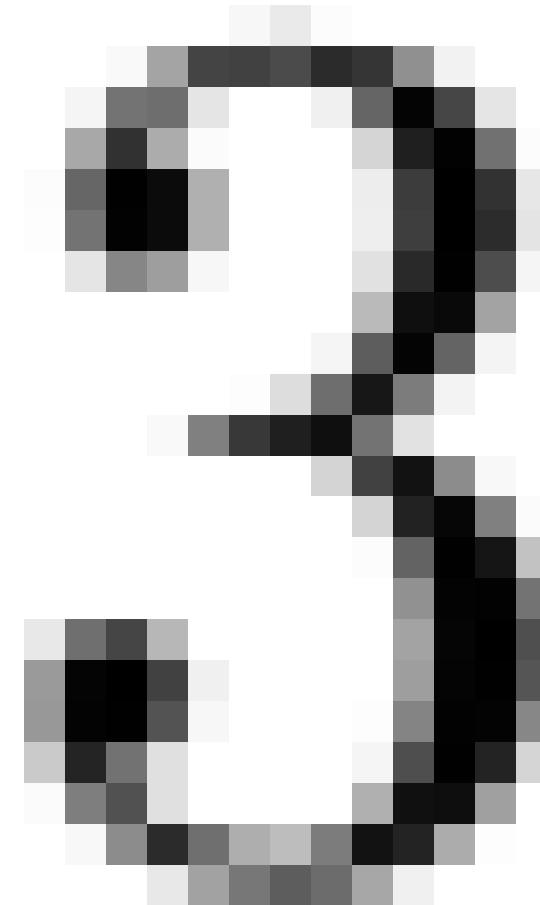
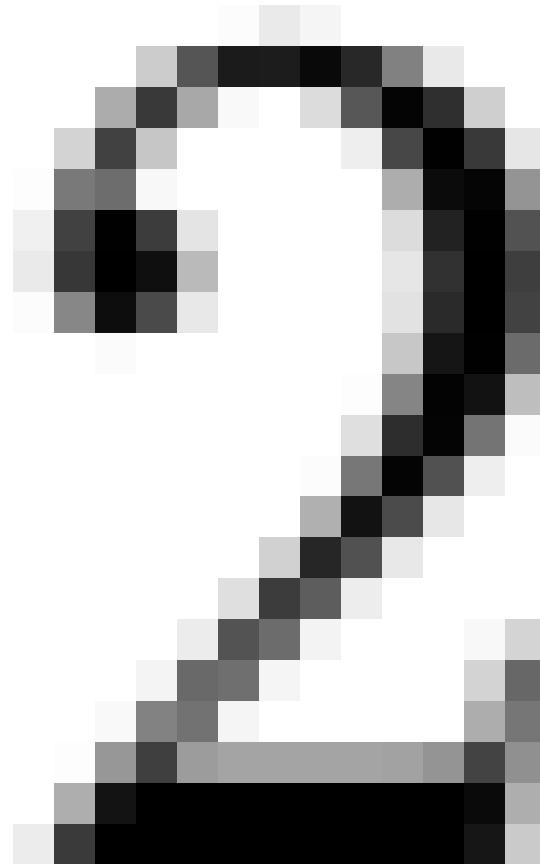


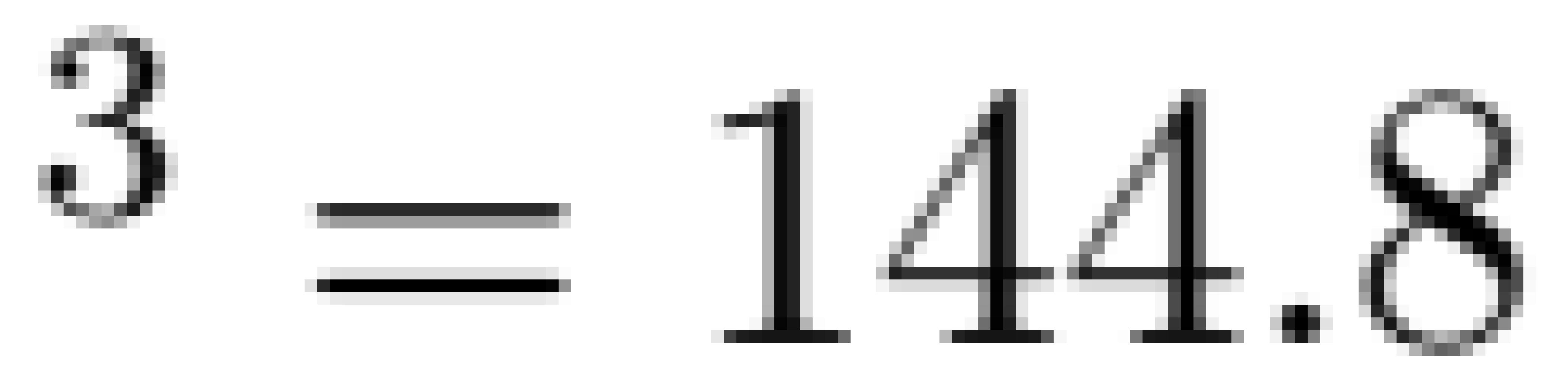


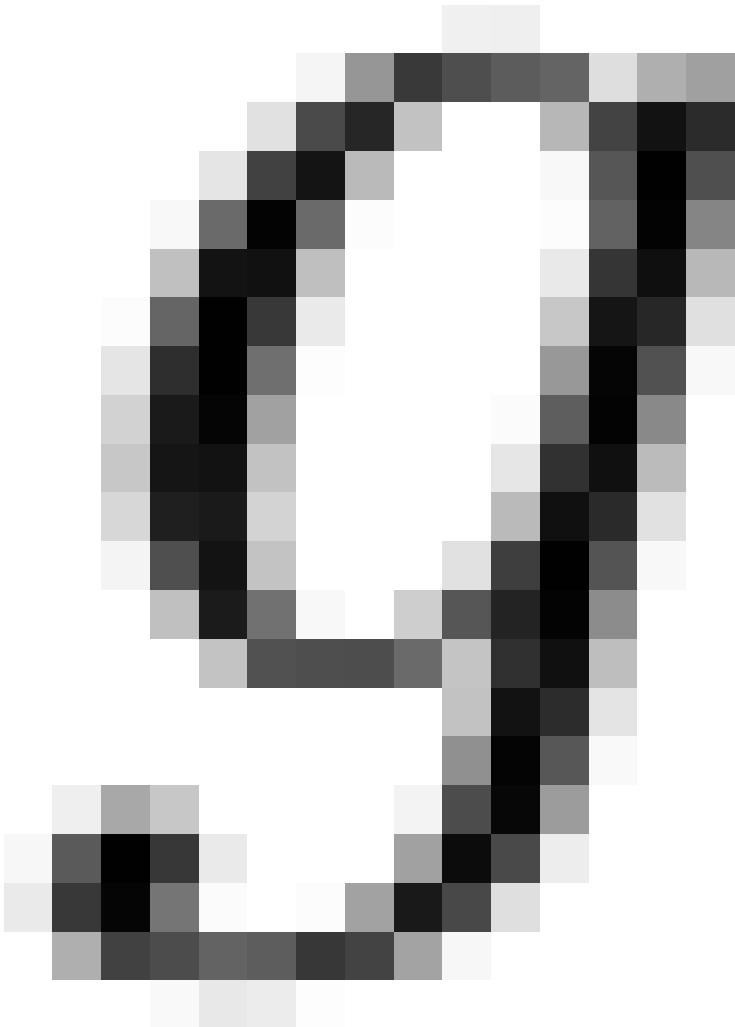


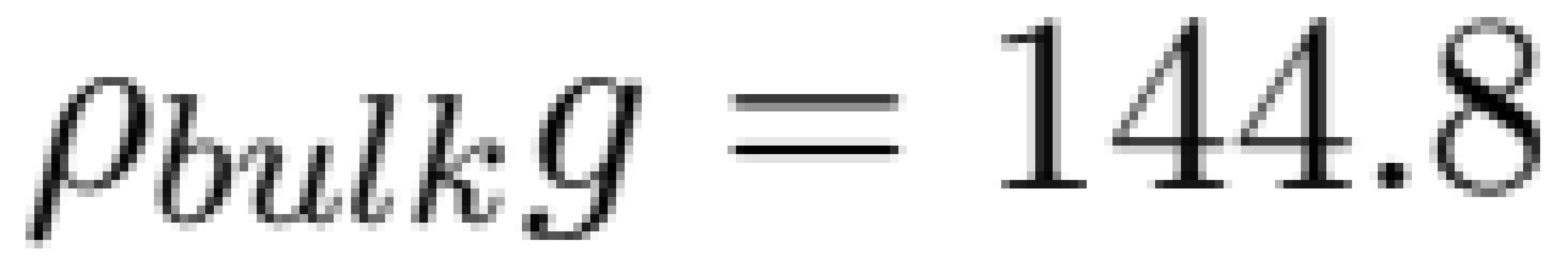


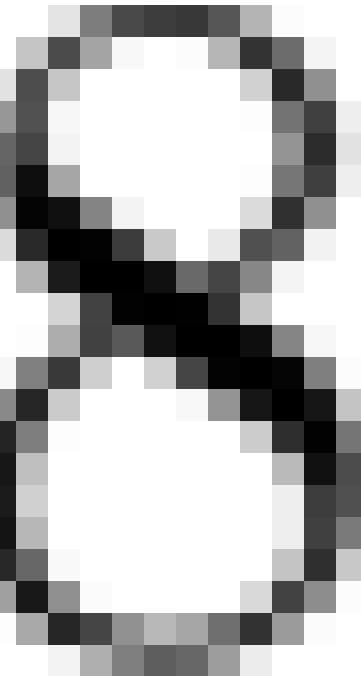
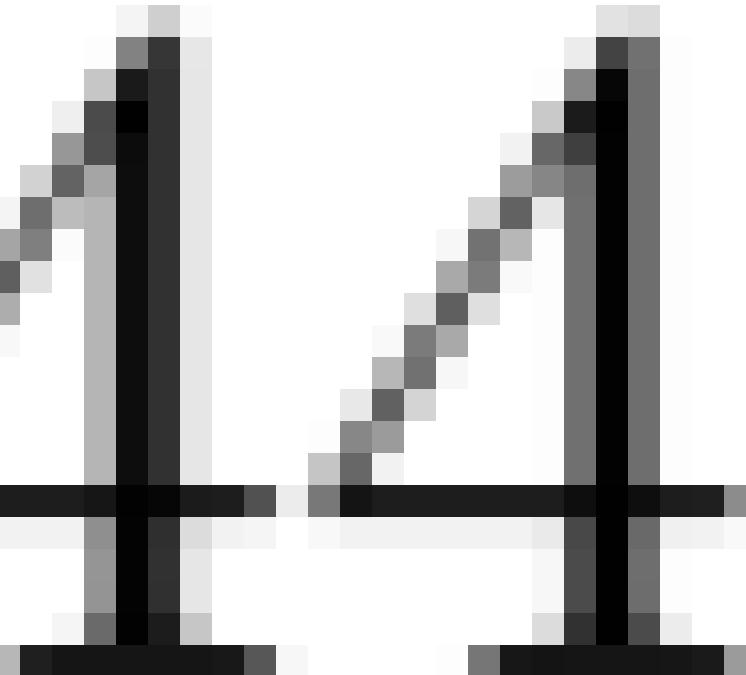
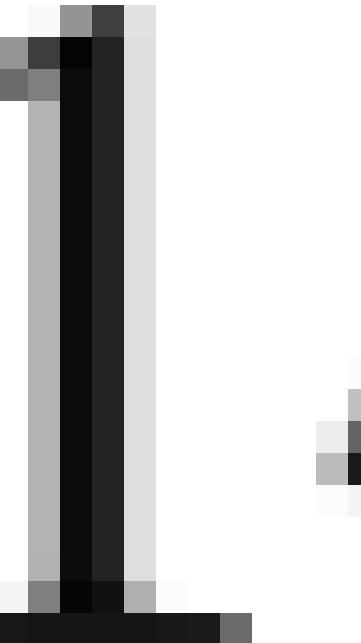
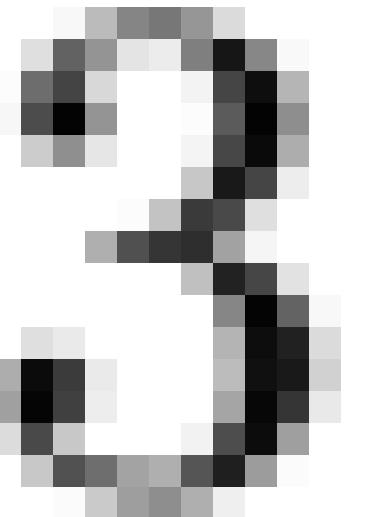


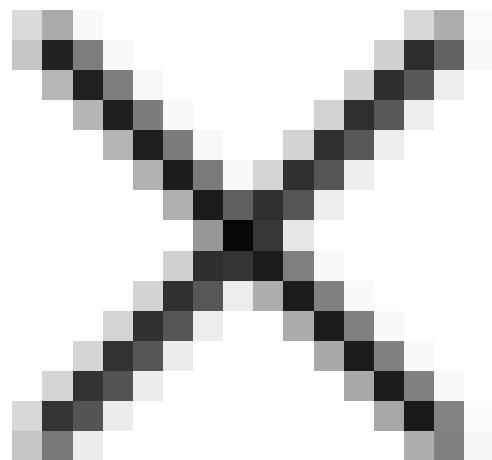
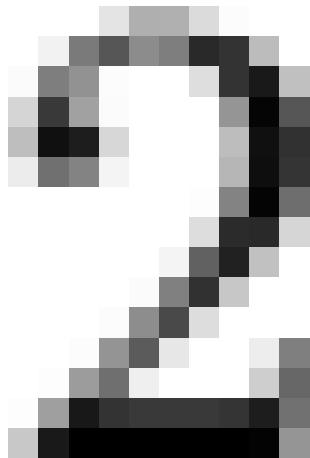


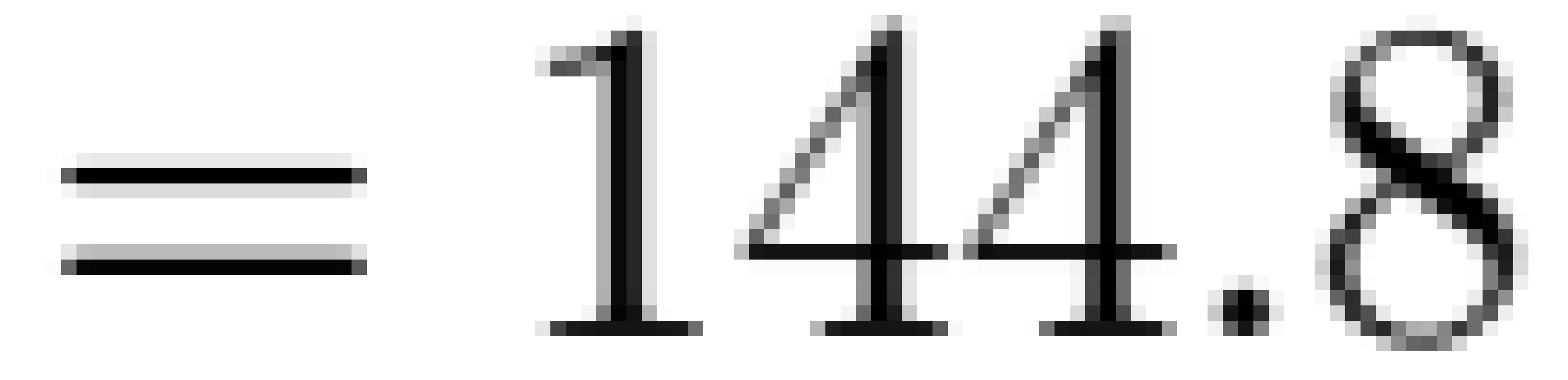


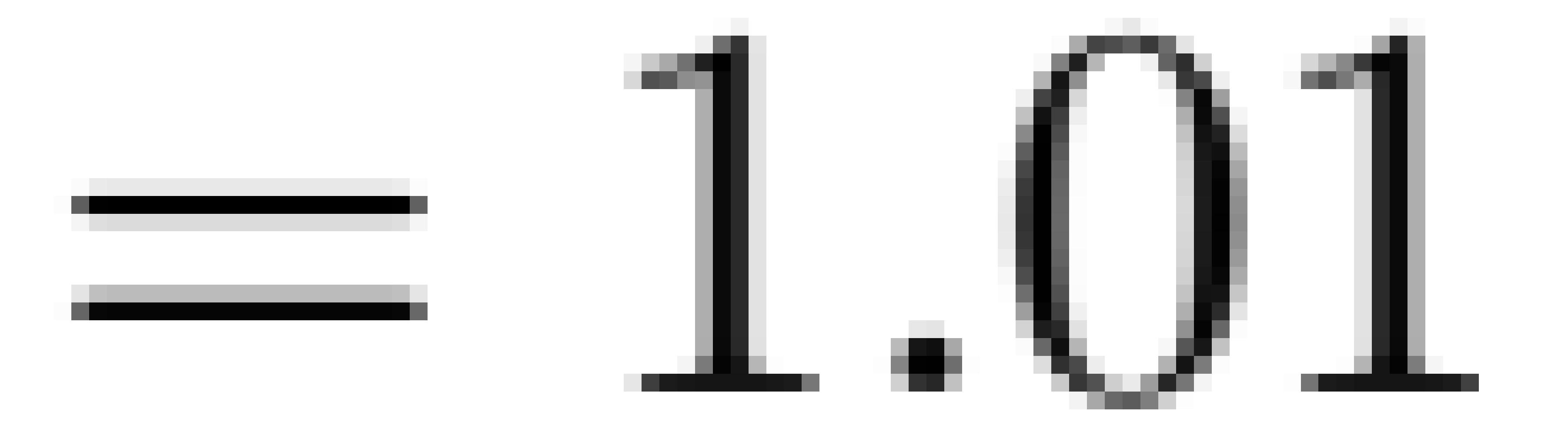


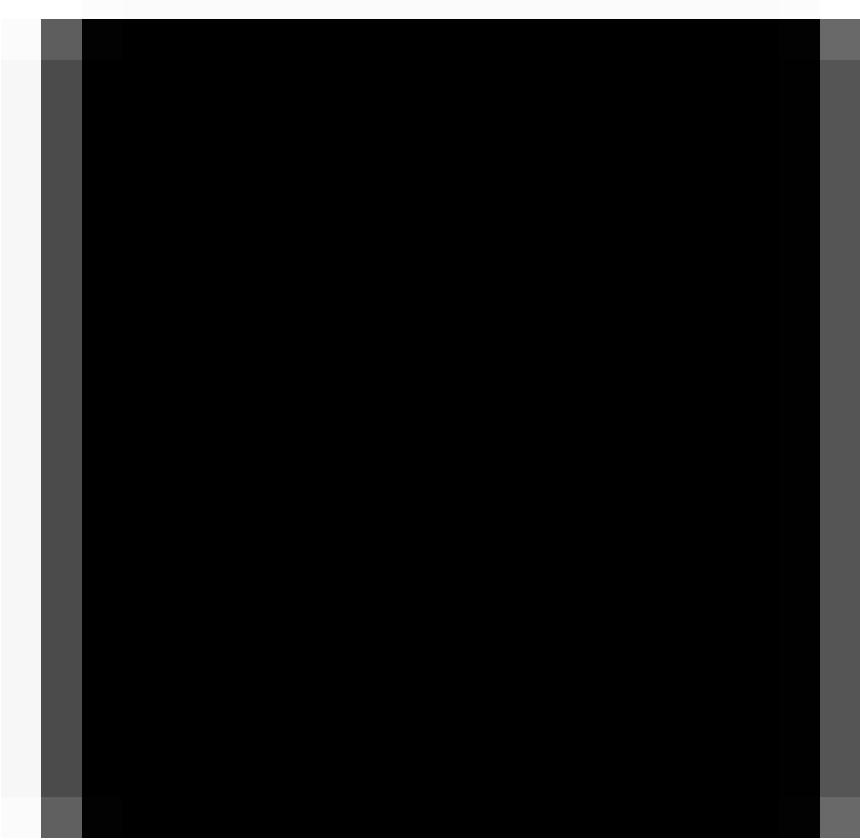
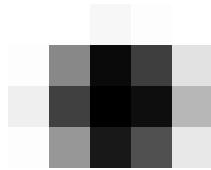


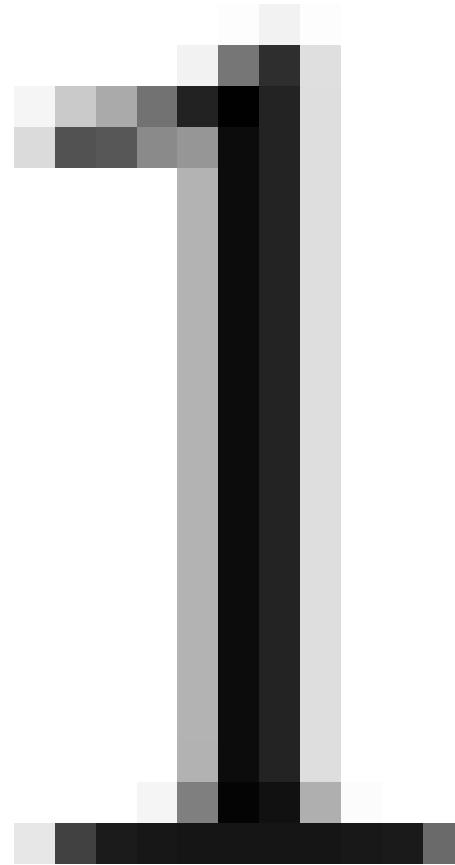
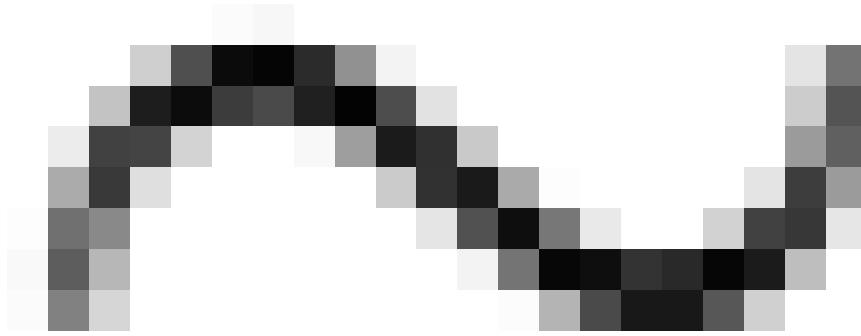


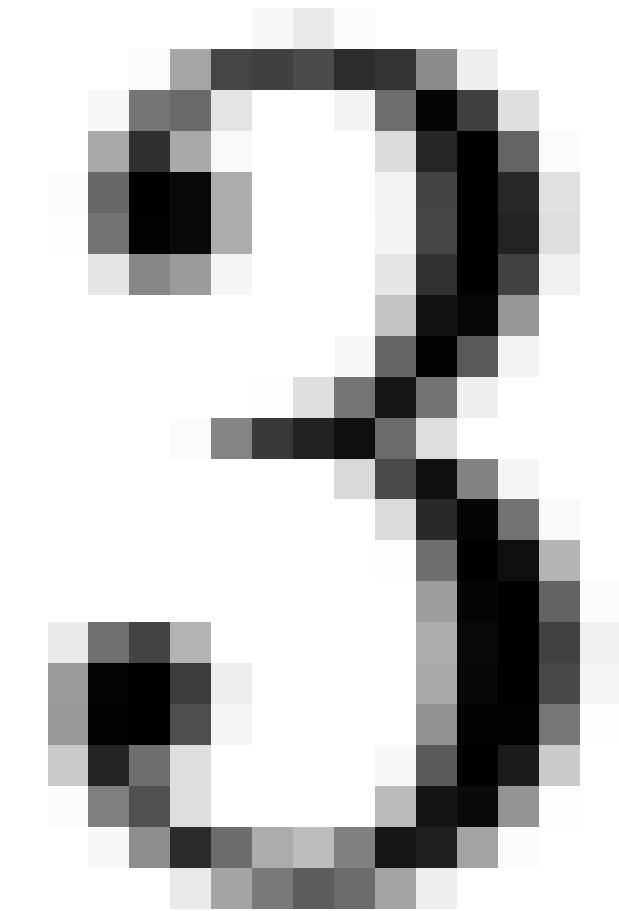
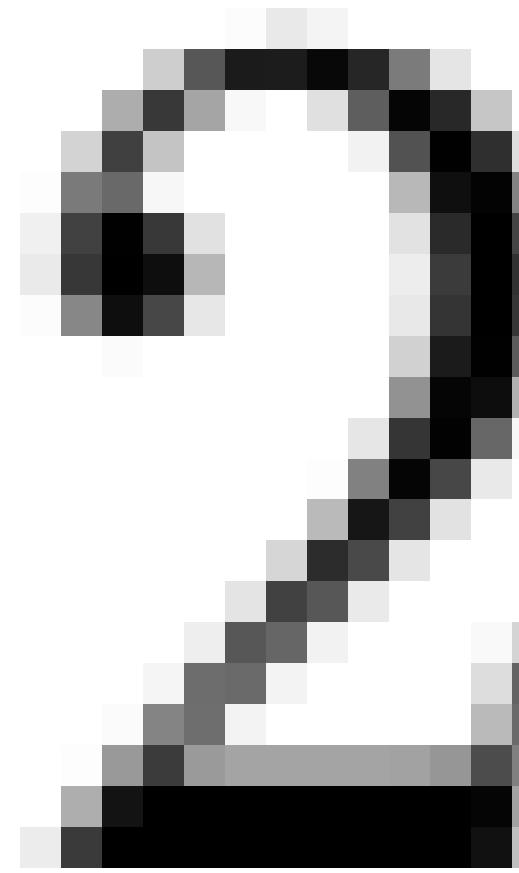
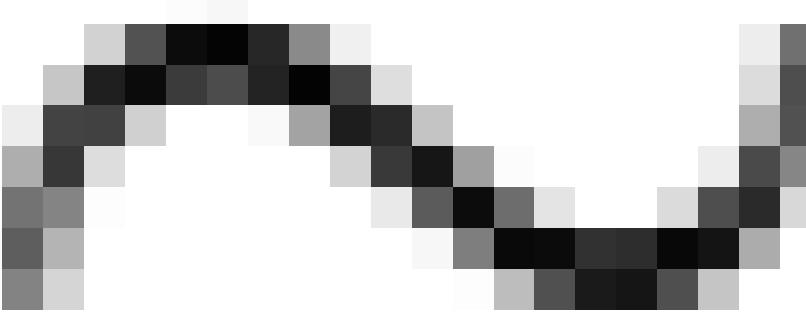


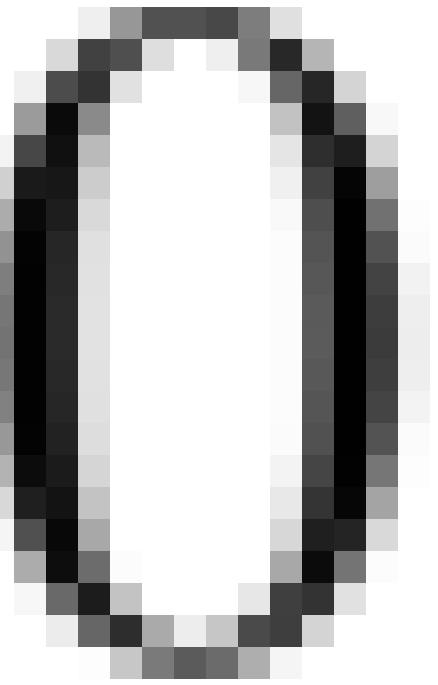
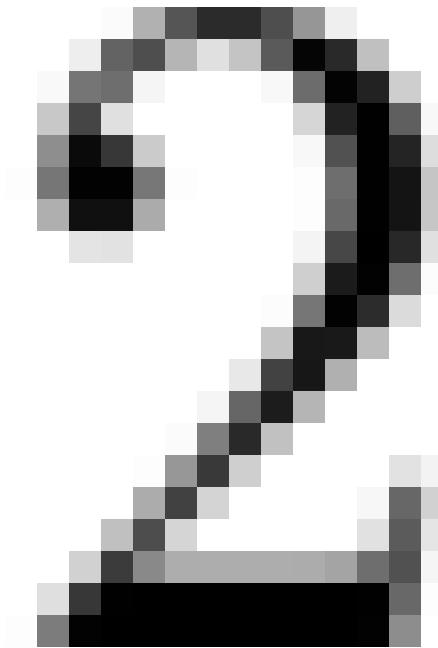
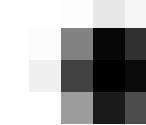
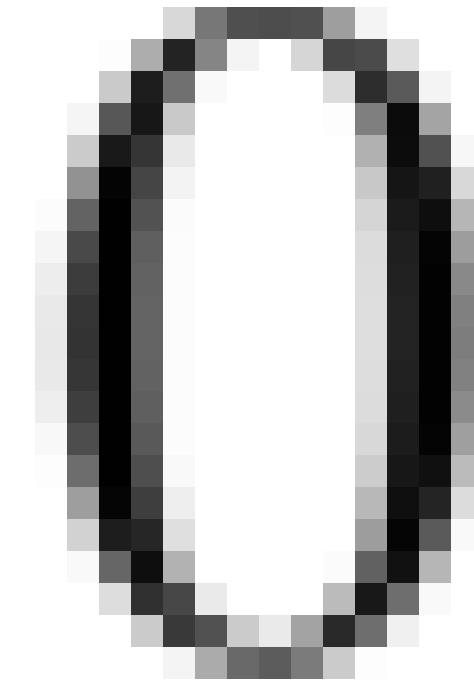
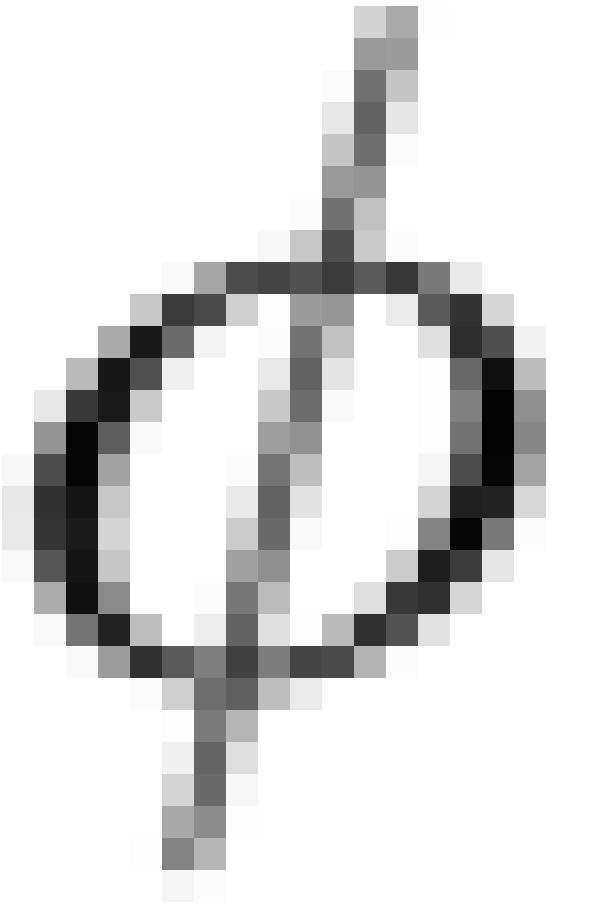


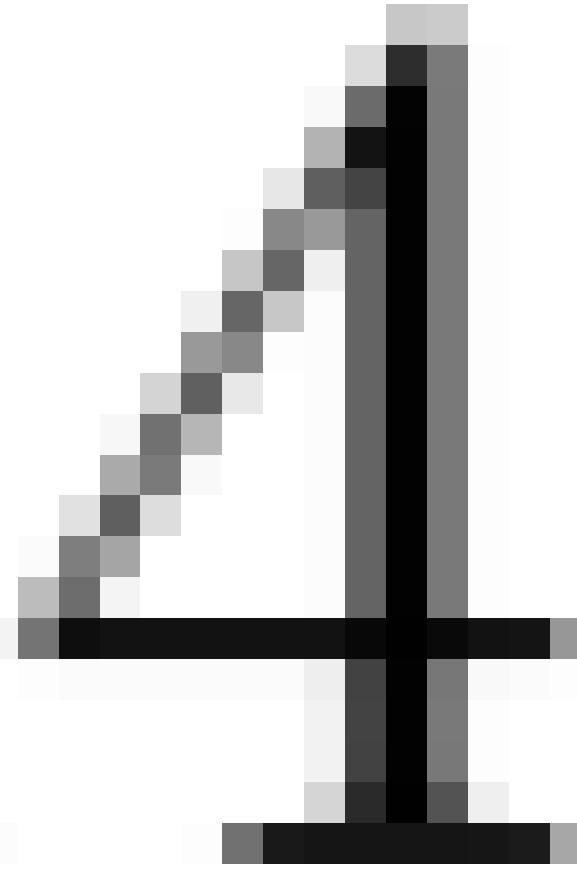
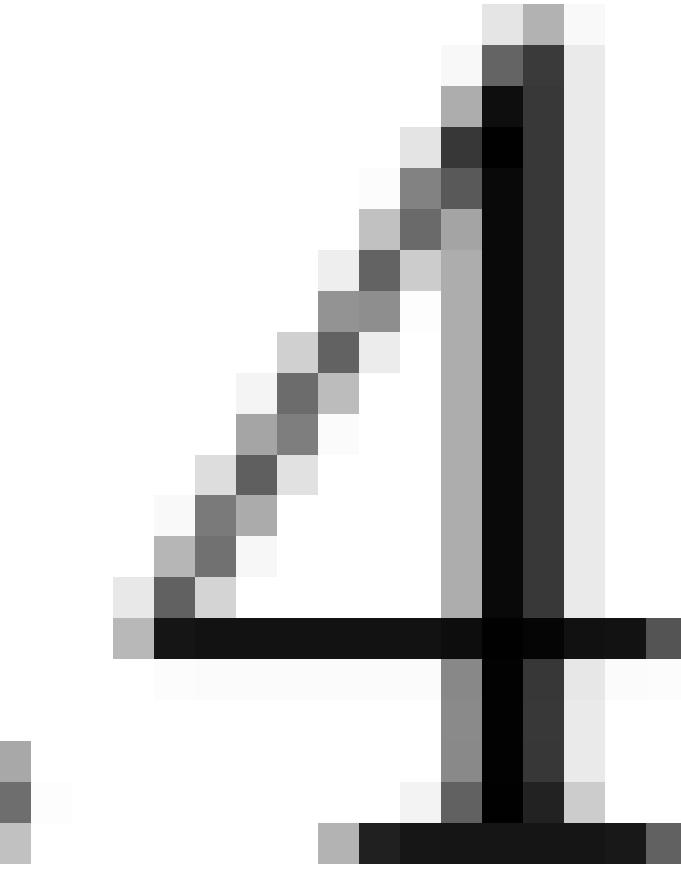
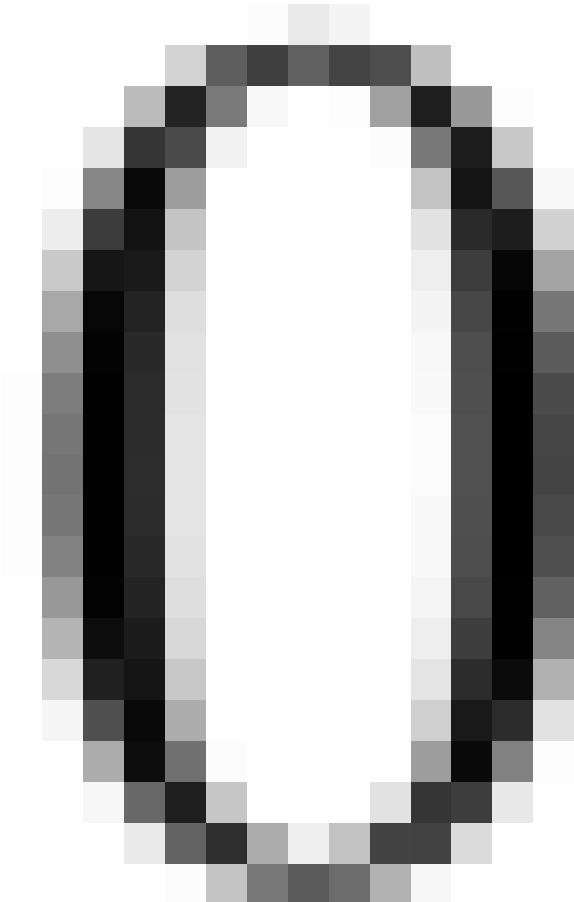
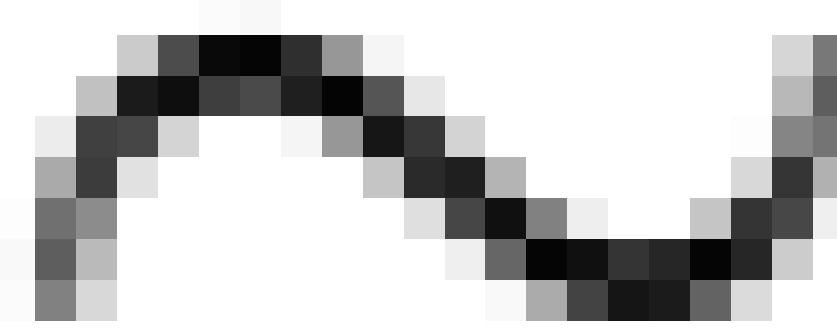


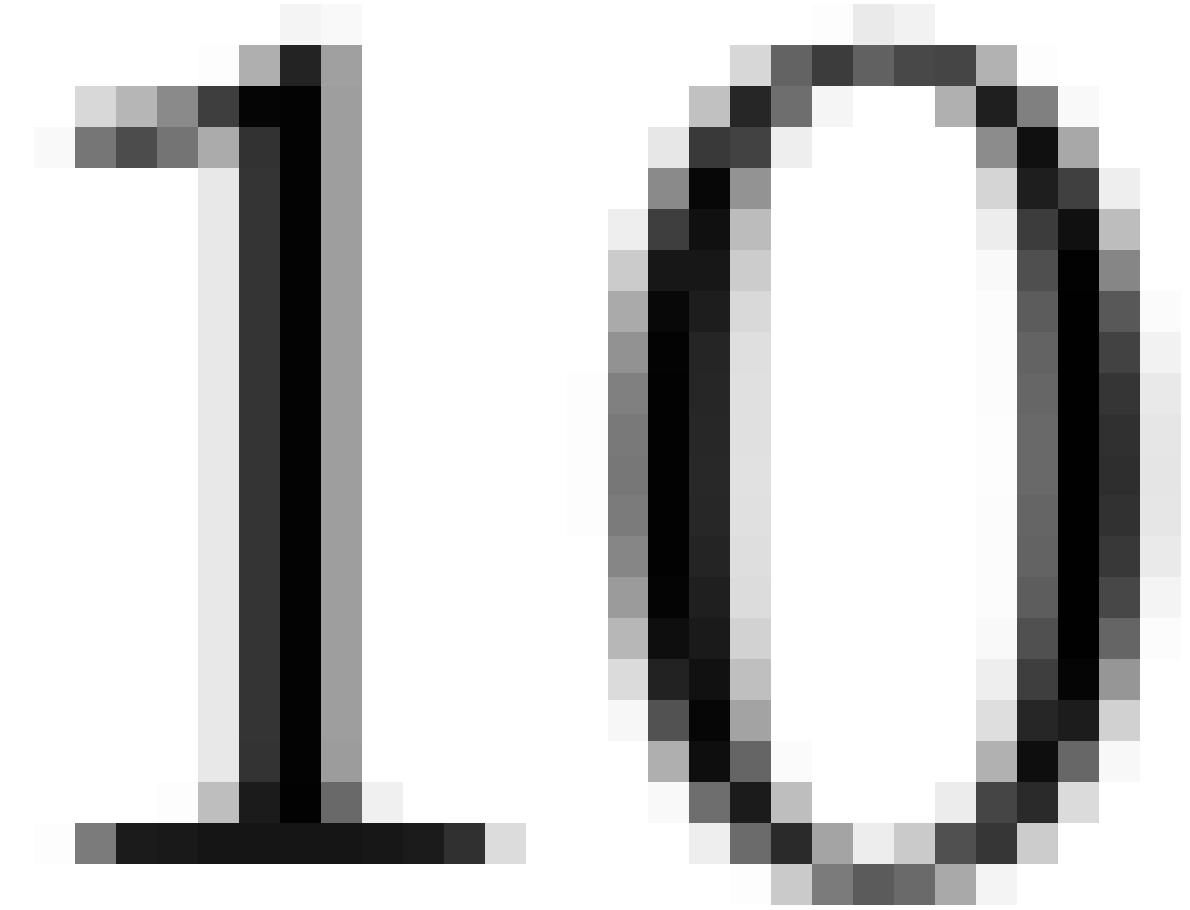
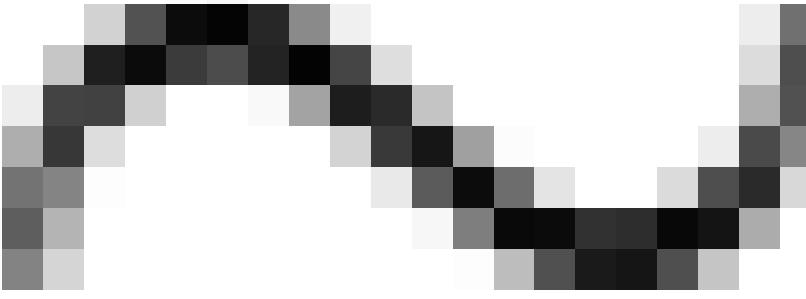




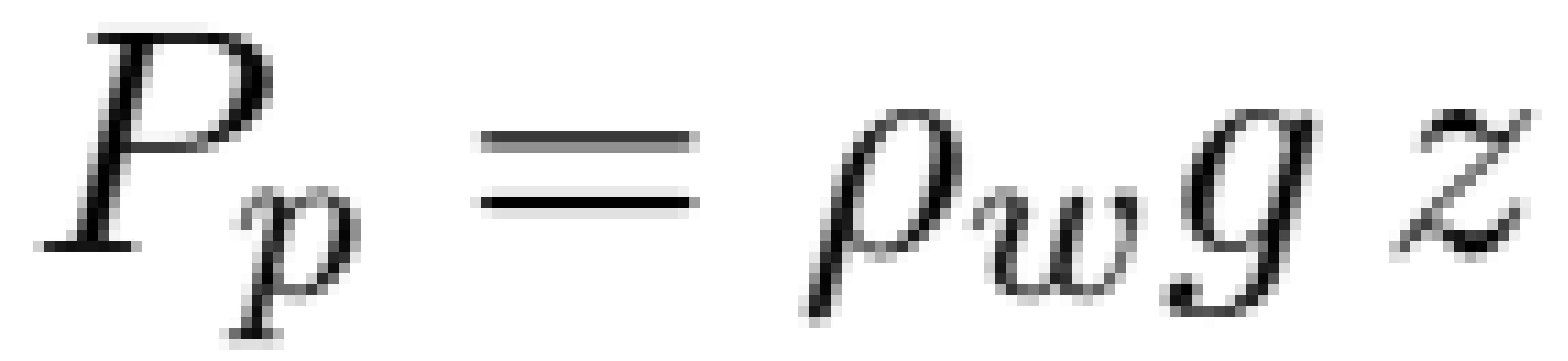


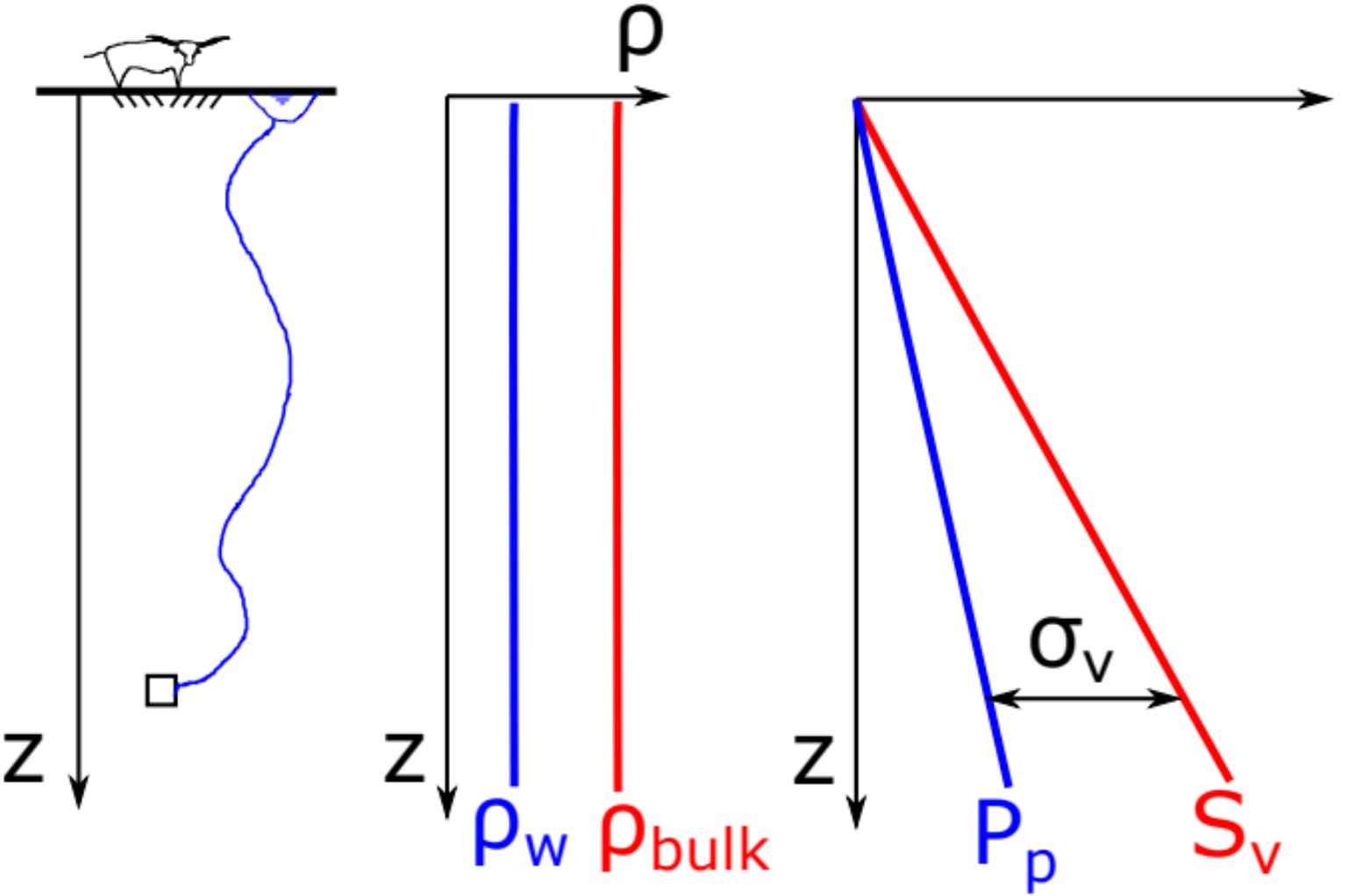




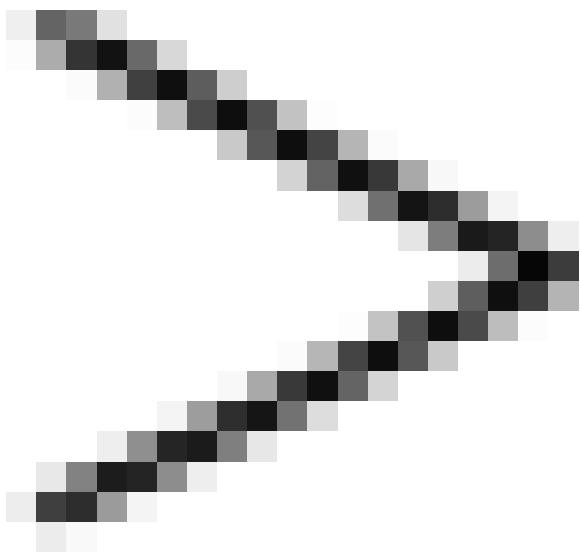








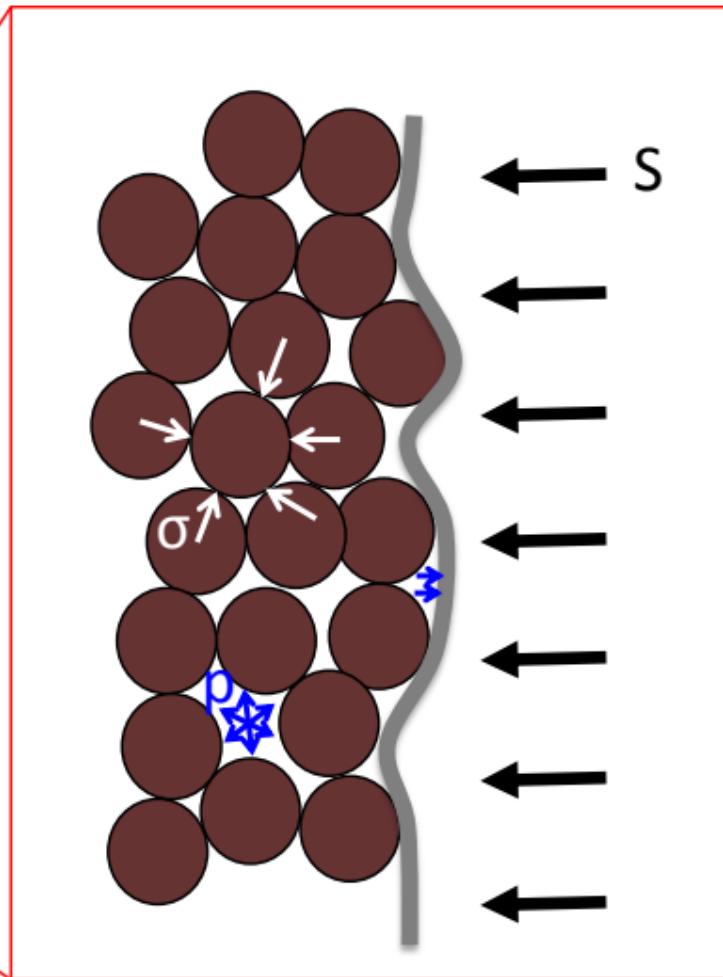




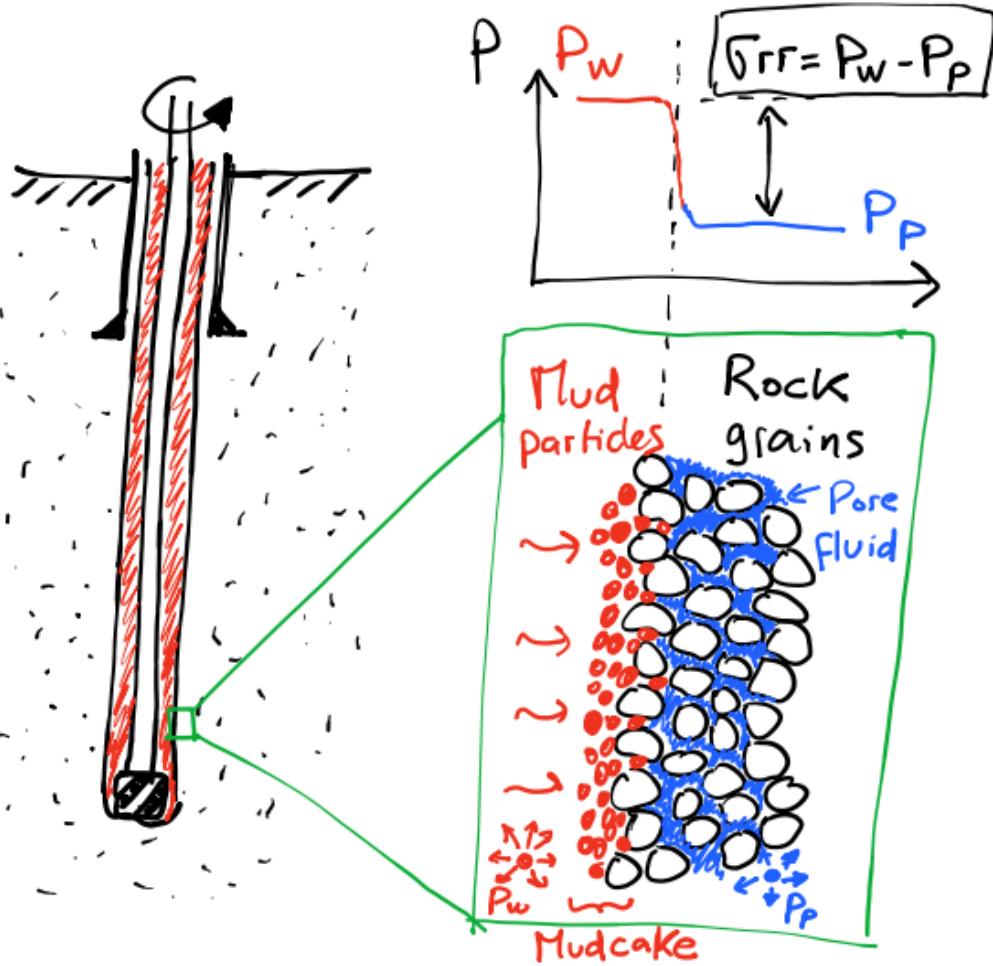
Effective stress =

Total stress – Pore pressure

$$\sigma = S - p$$







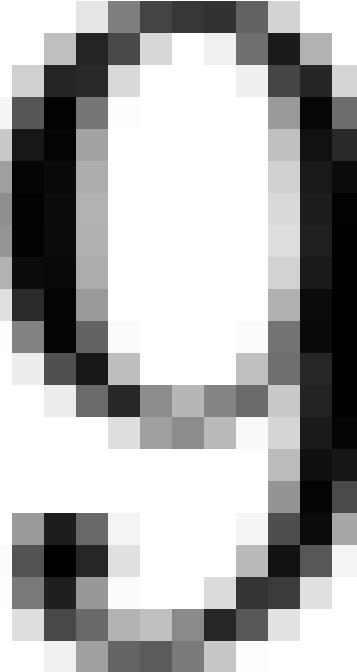
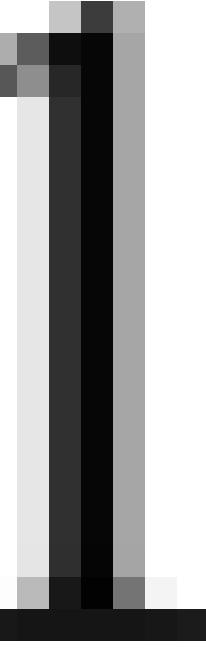
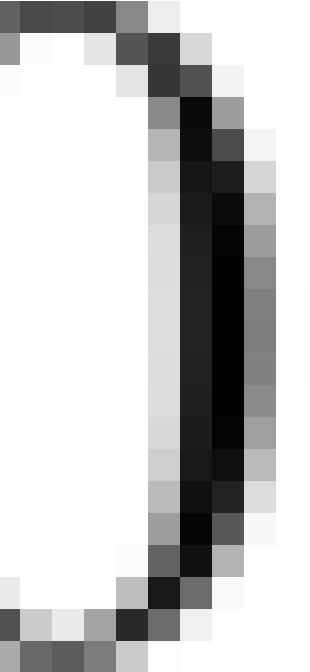
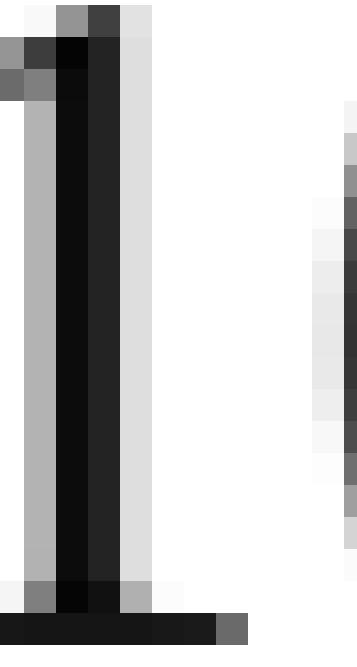
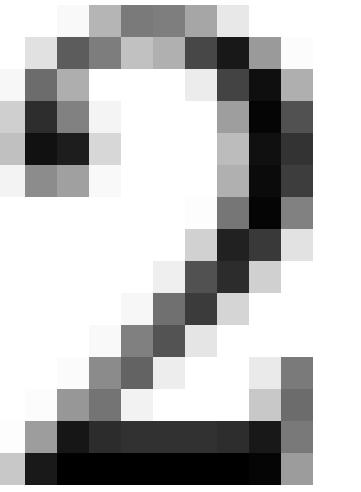
α_P

— — —

ρ_{avg}

— — —

1040



d_s

d_s

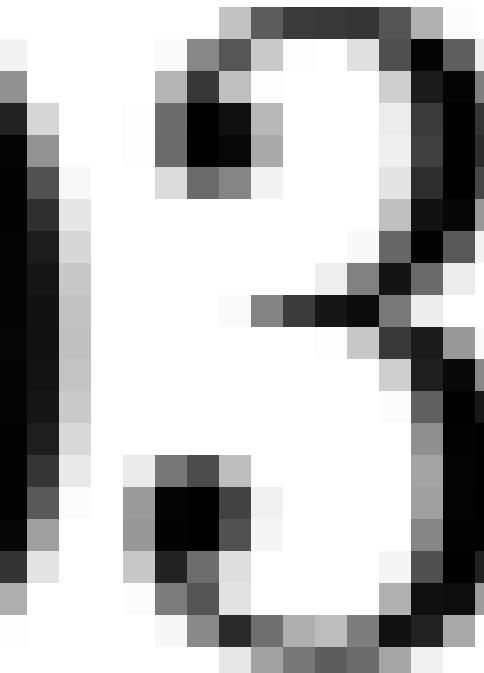
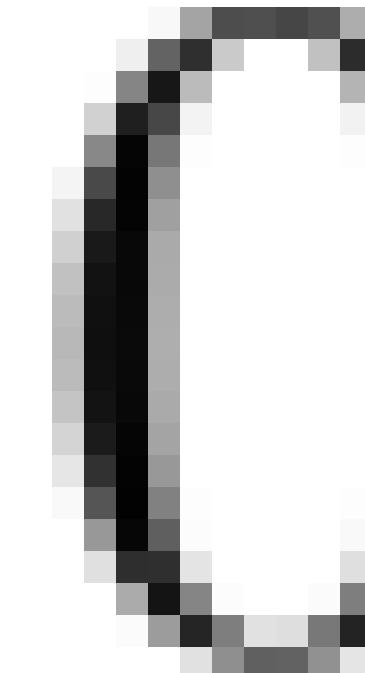
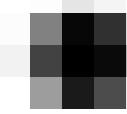
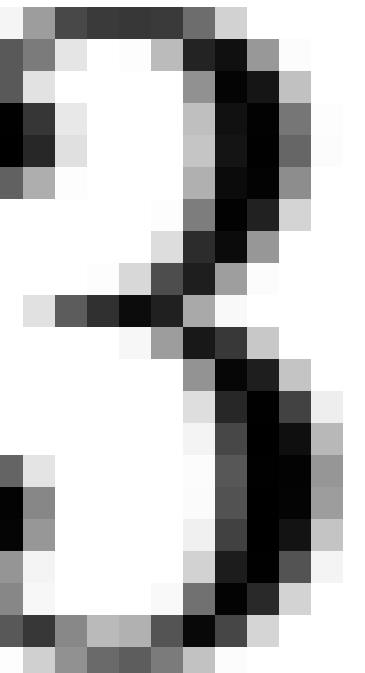
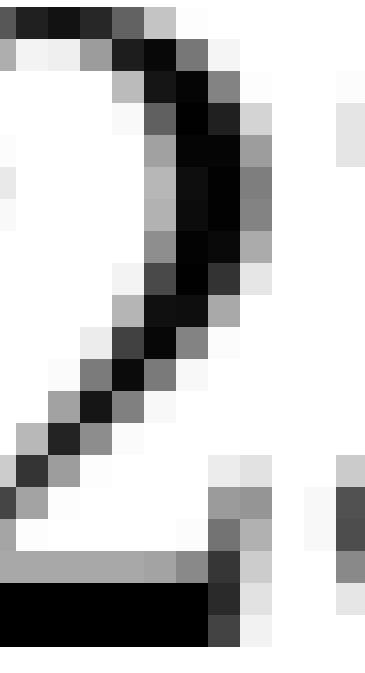
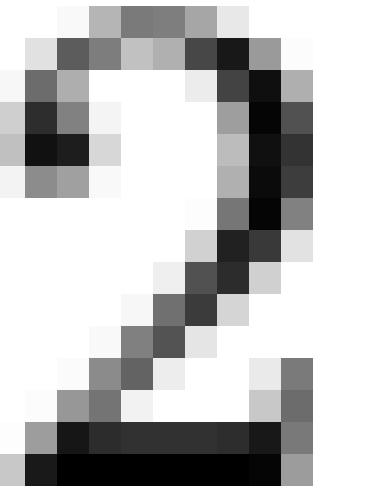
d_z

\equiv

Pbulk9

\equiv

2350



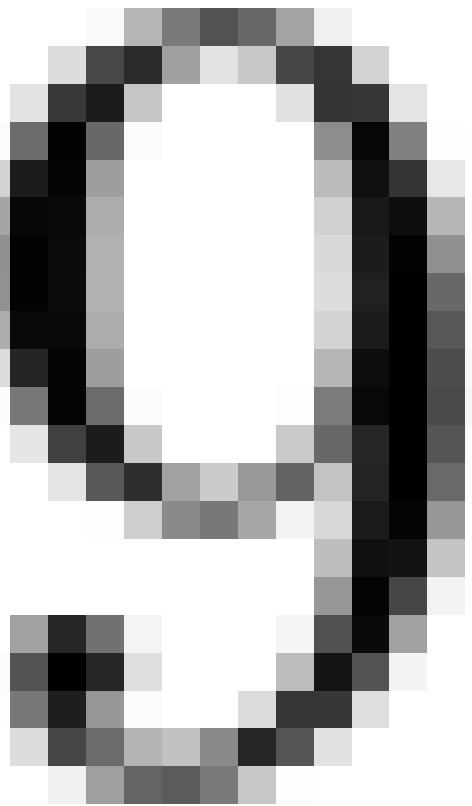
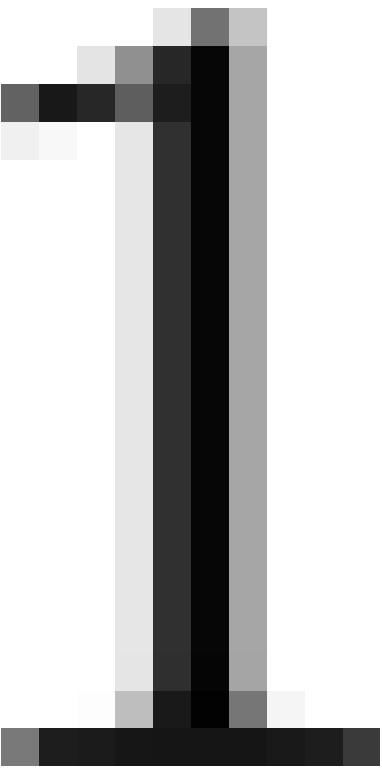
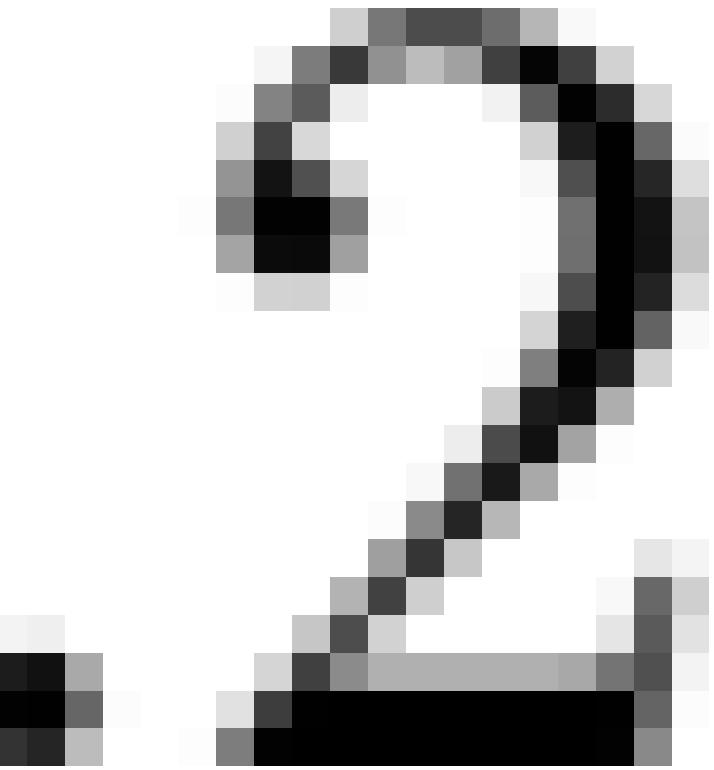
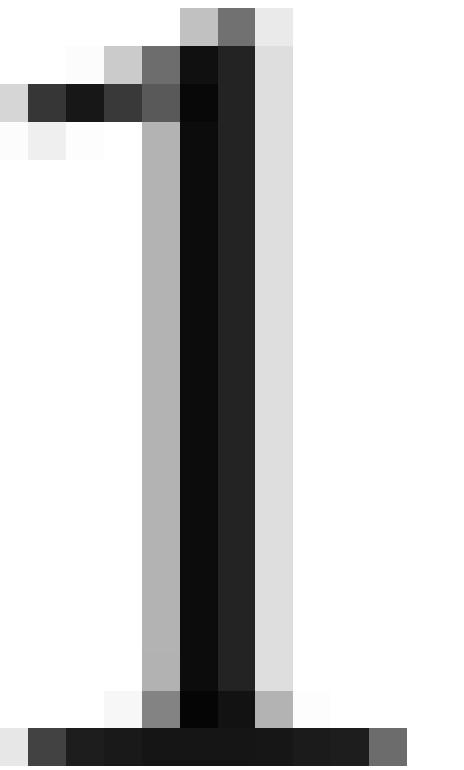
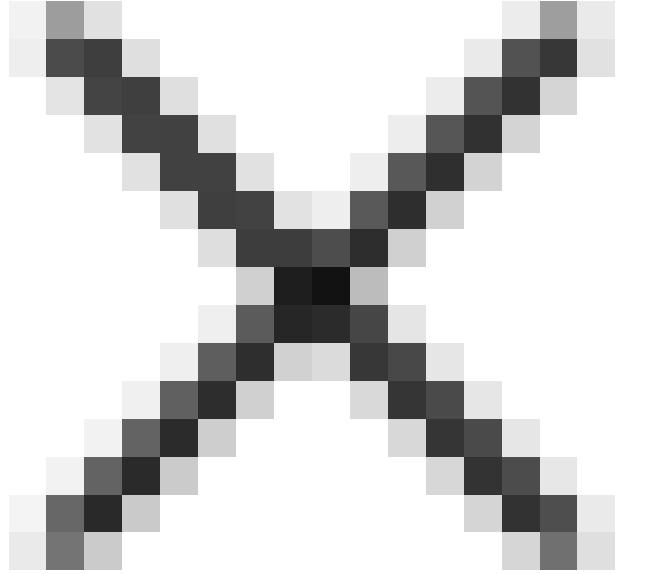
P_p

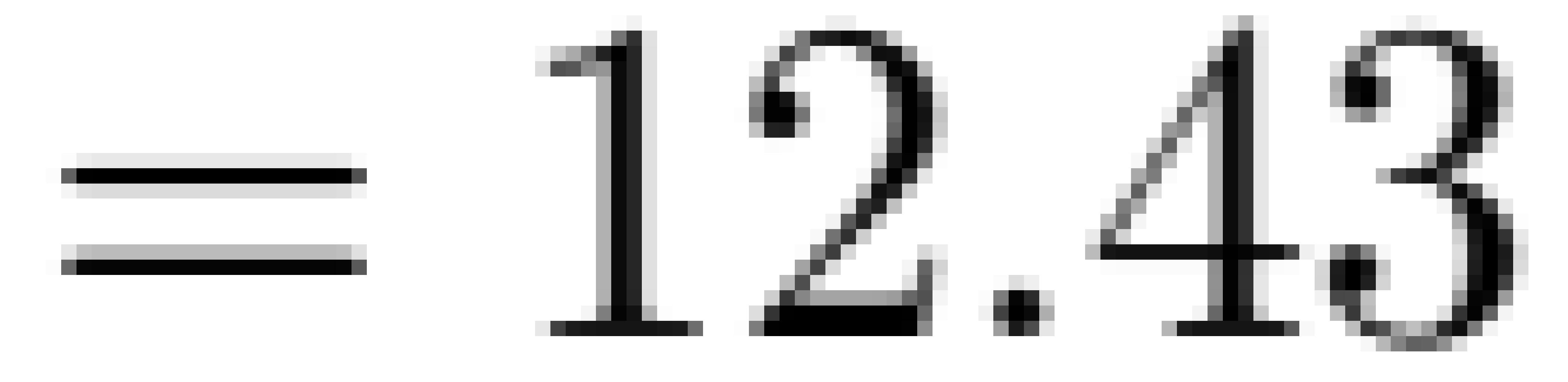


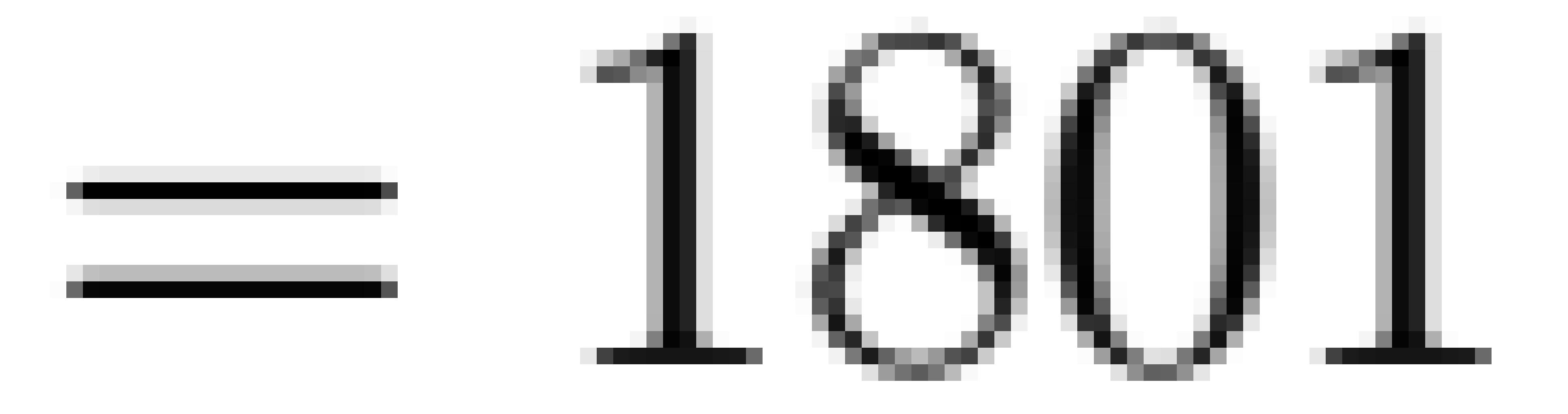
∂P
 ∂z



10.19





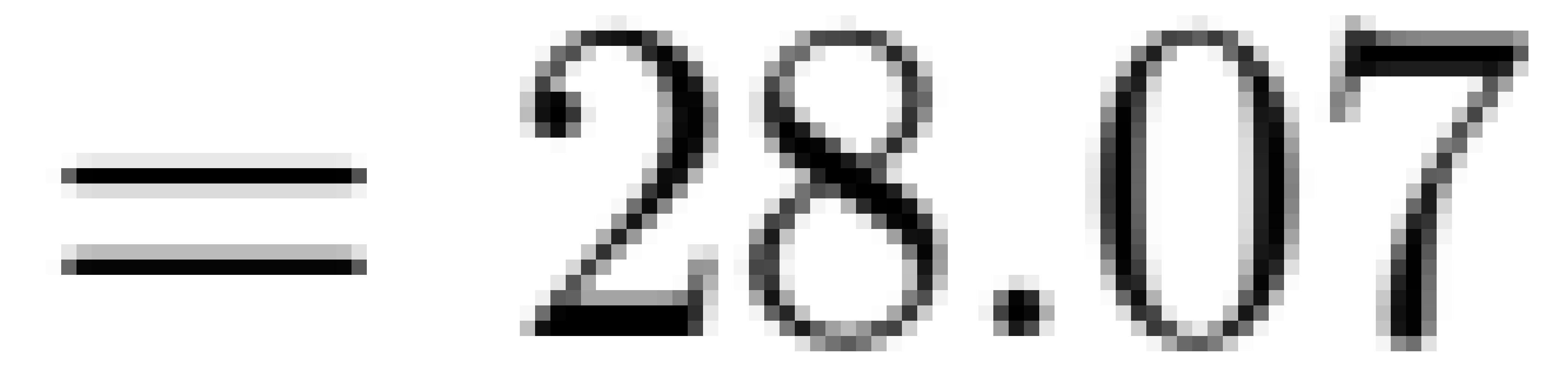


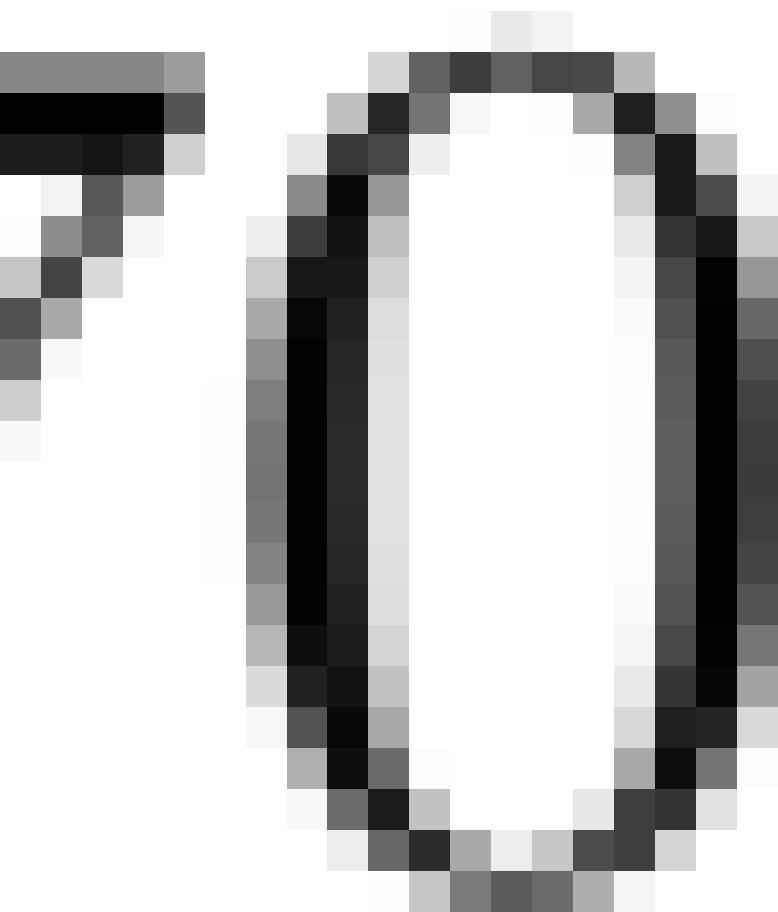
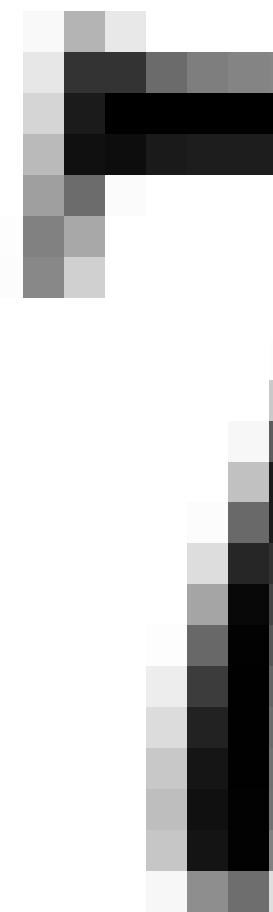
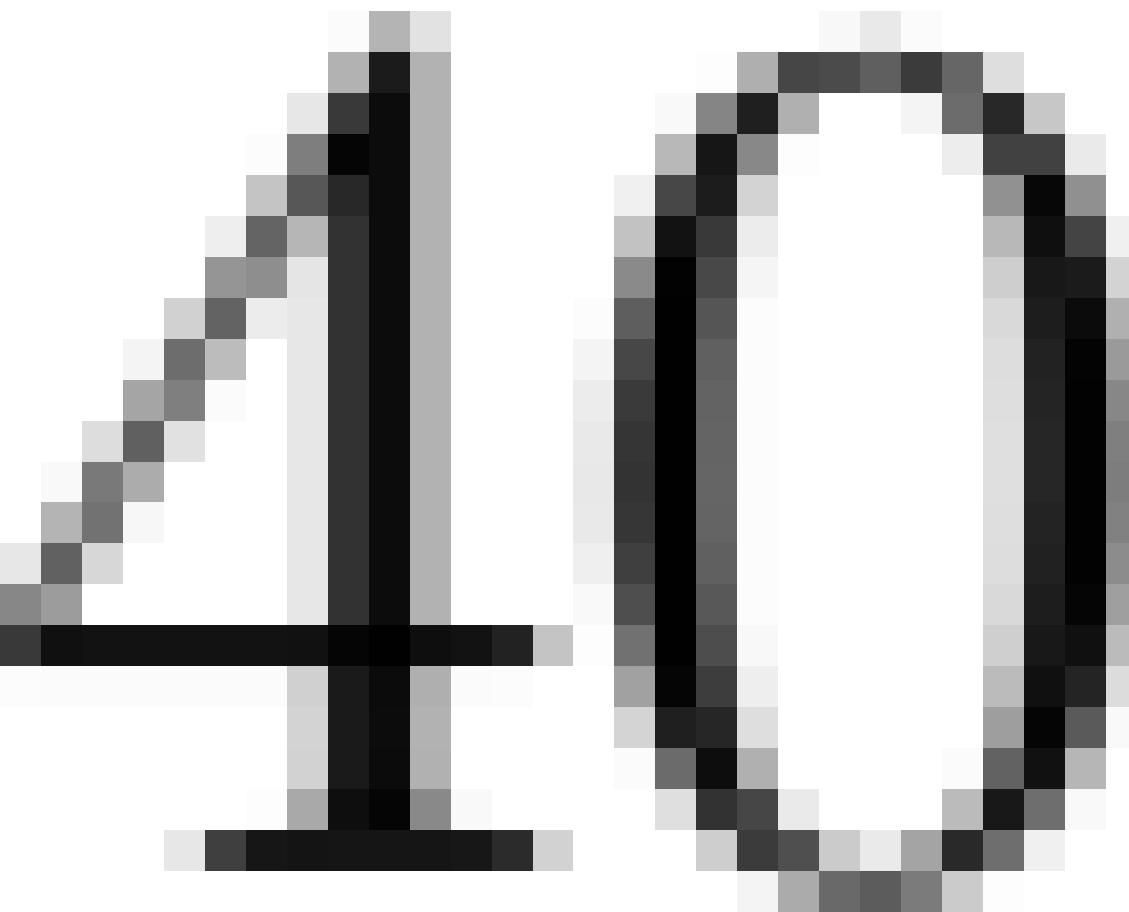
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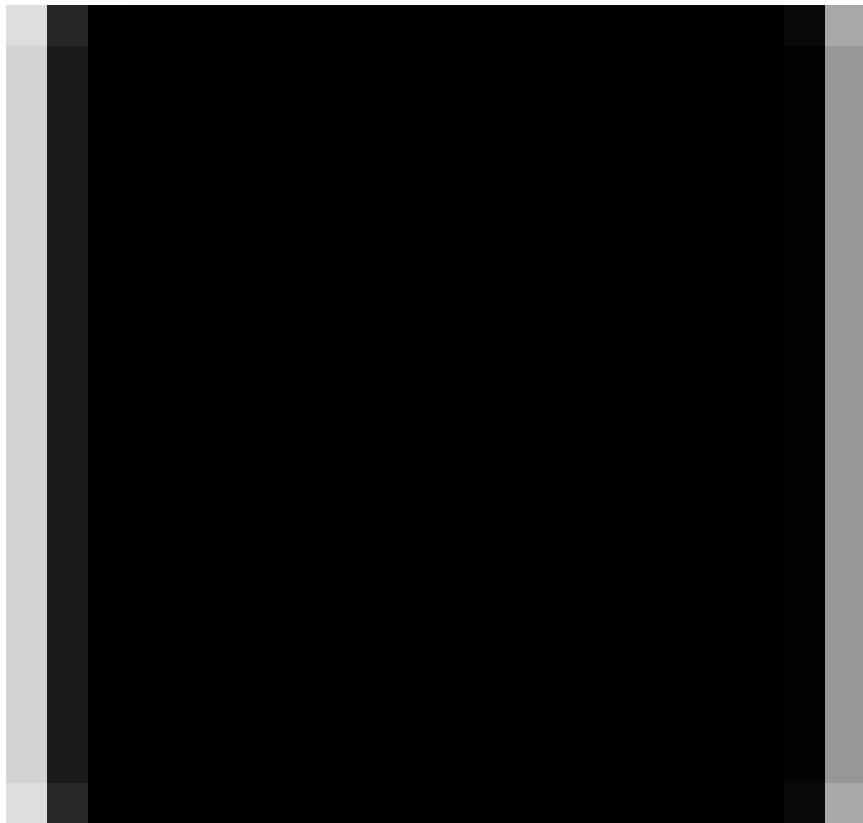
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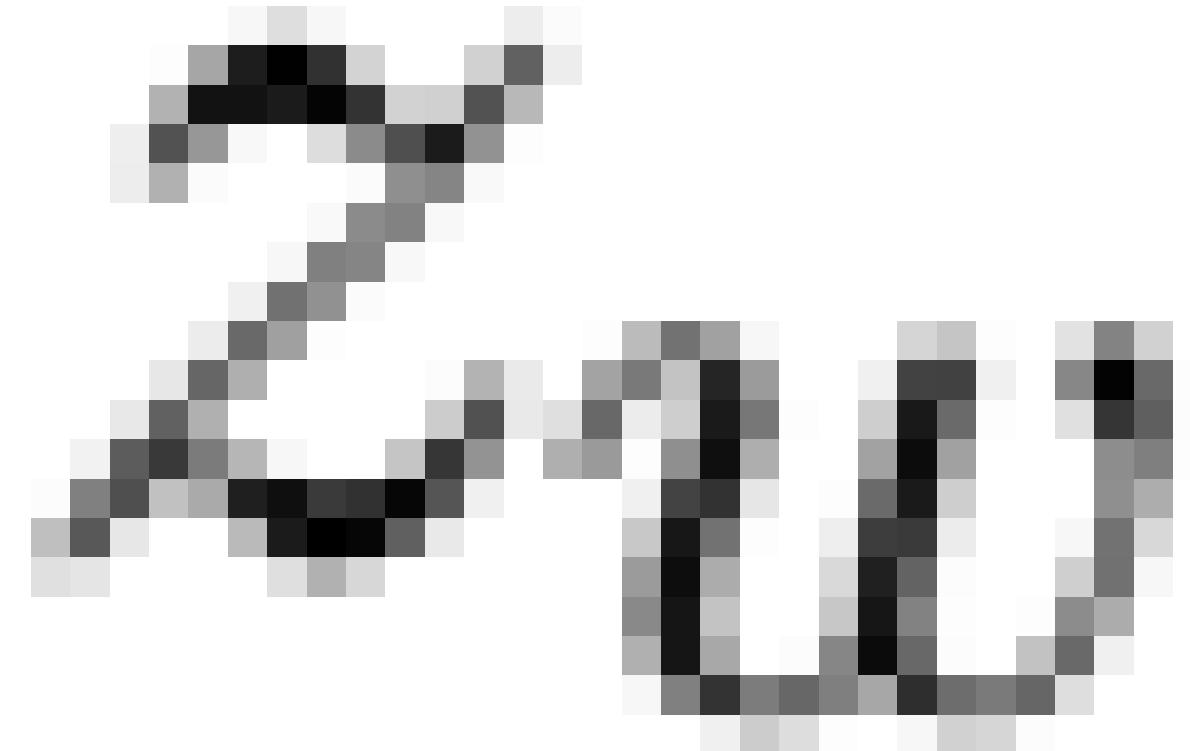
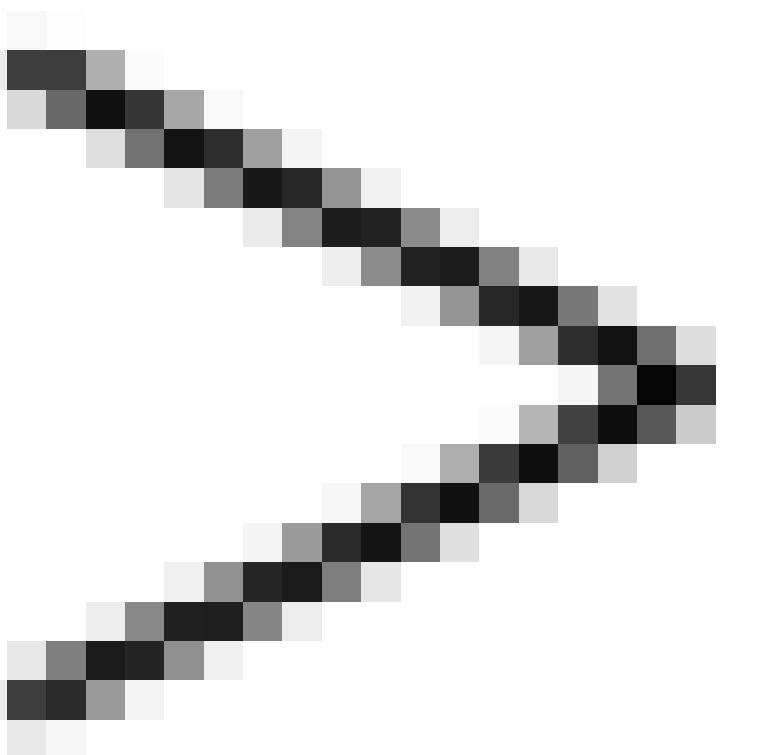
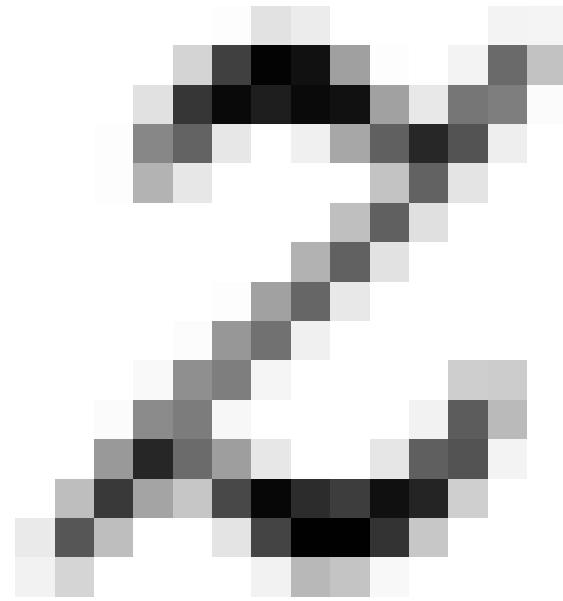
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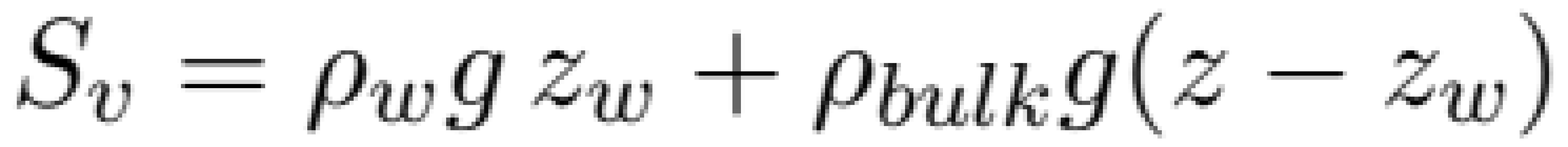




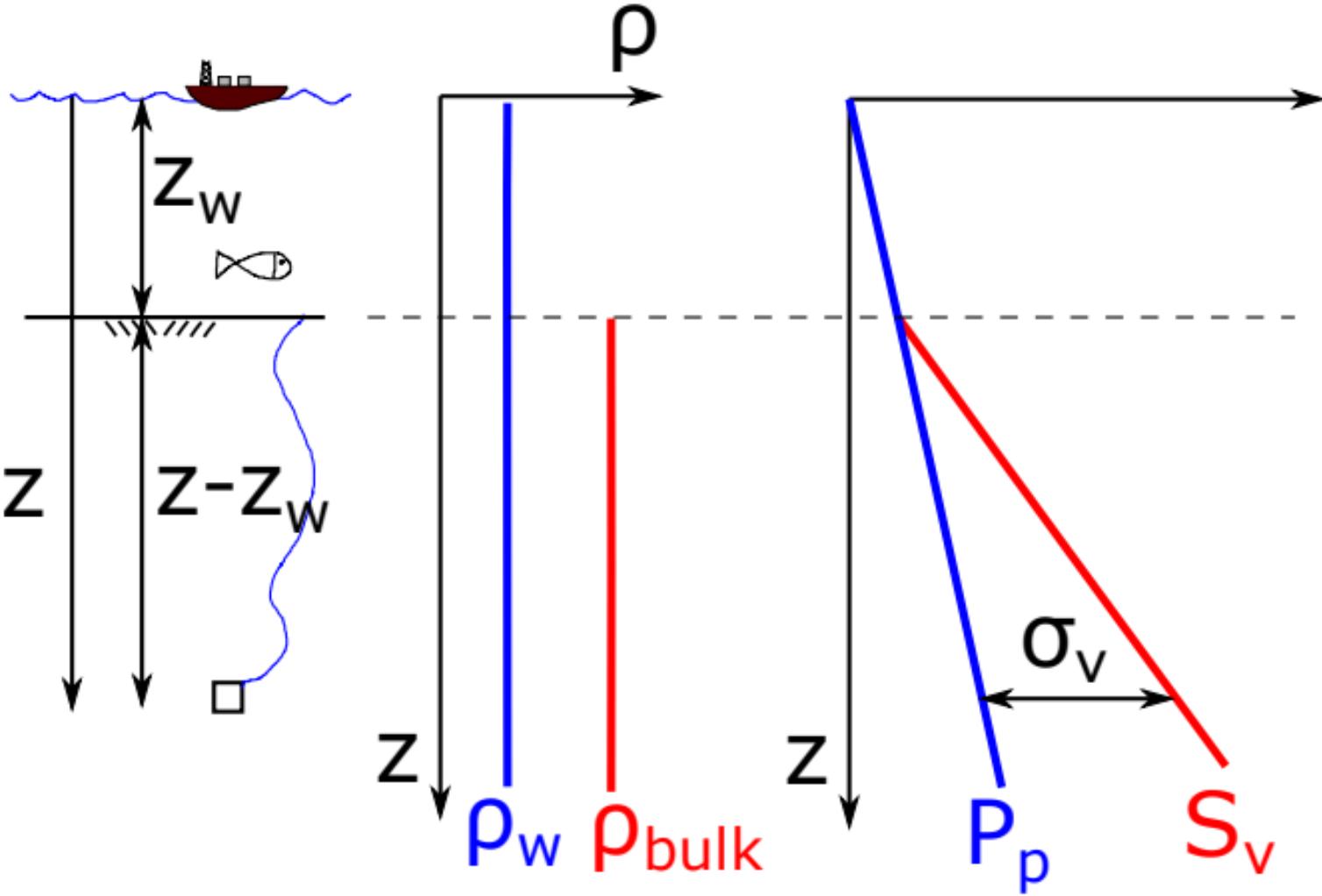


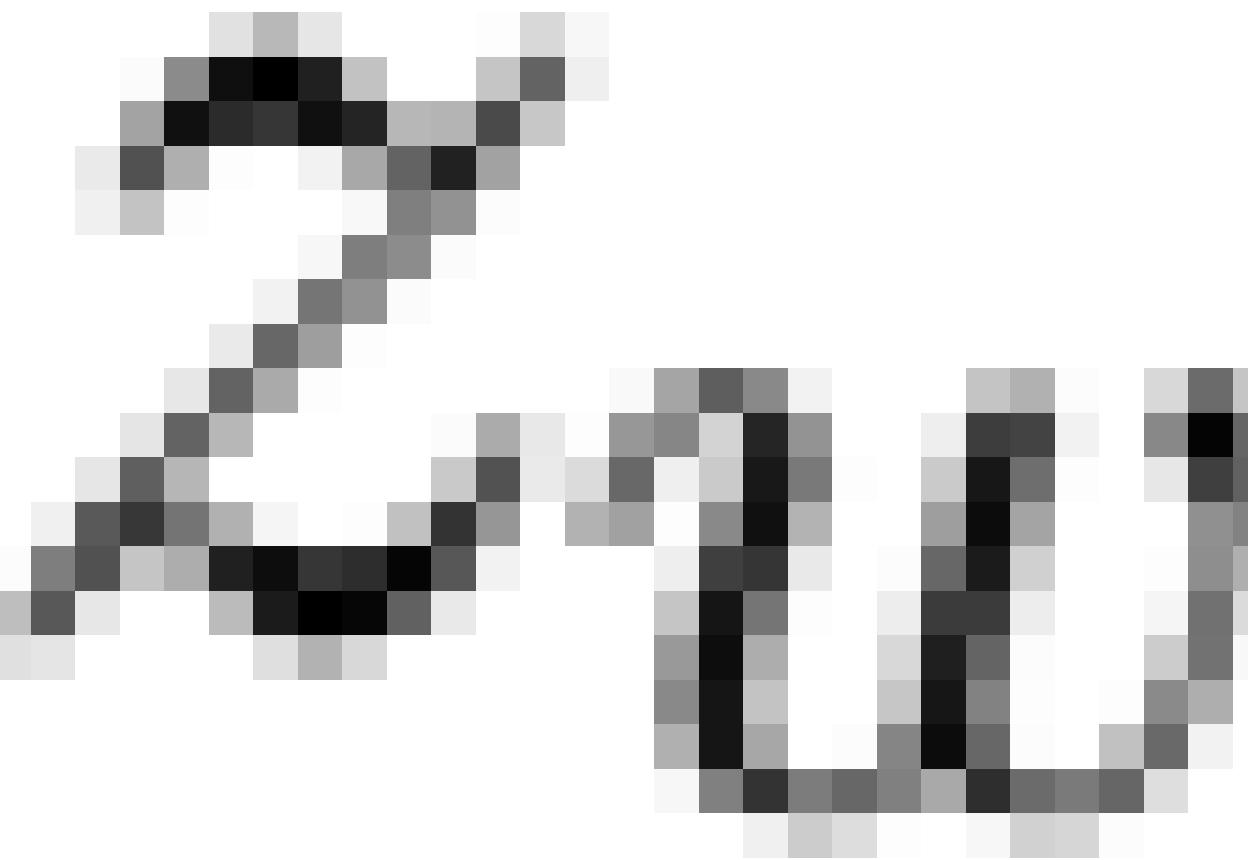
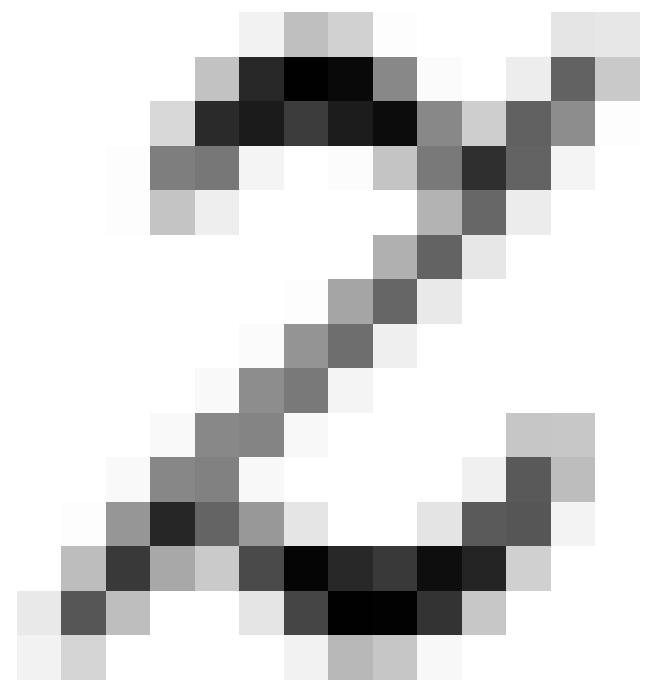


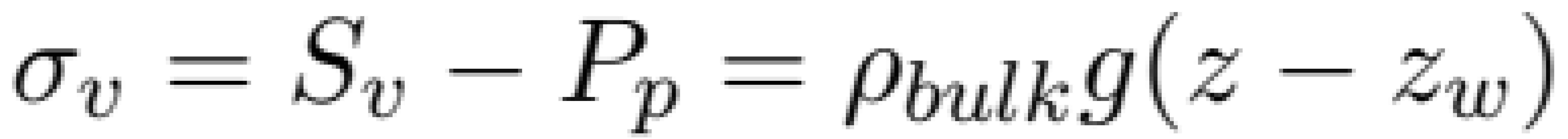




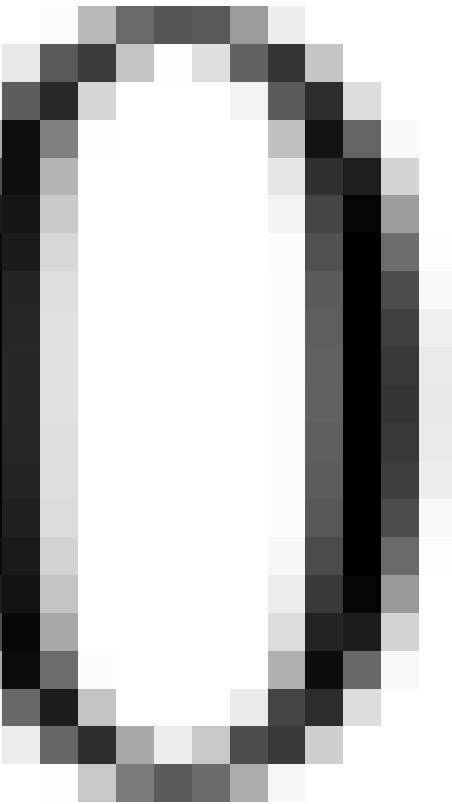
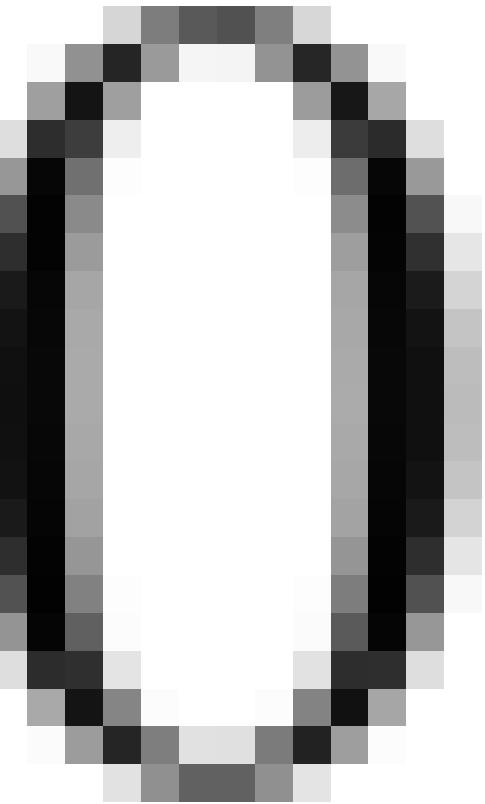
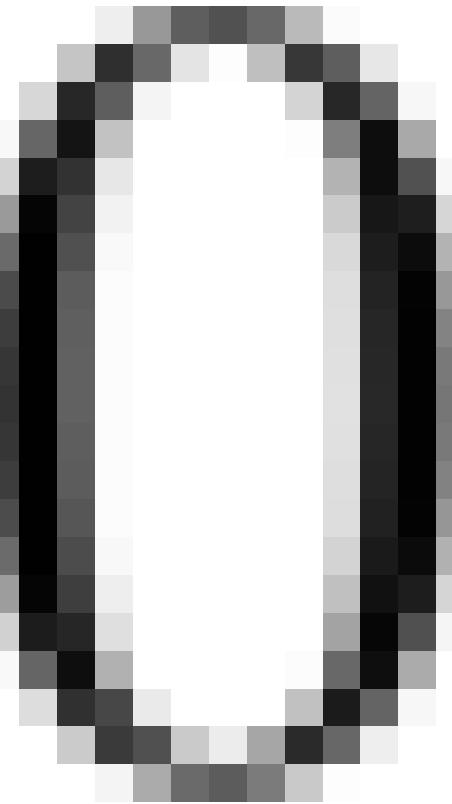
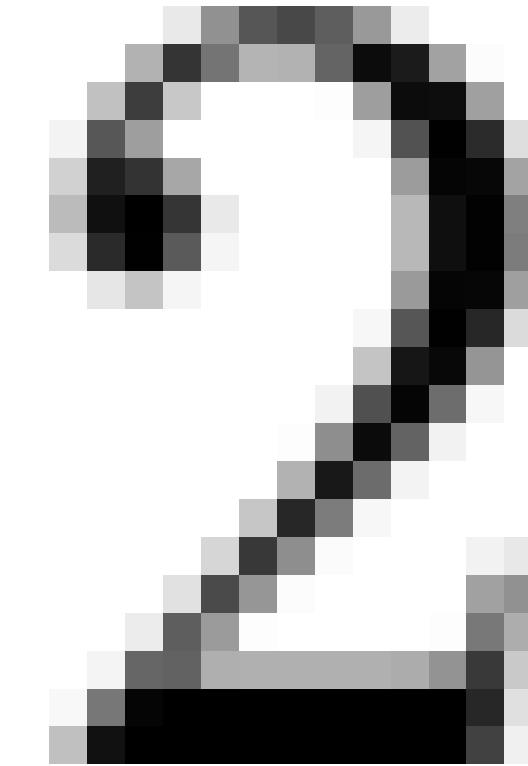
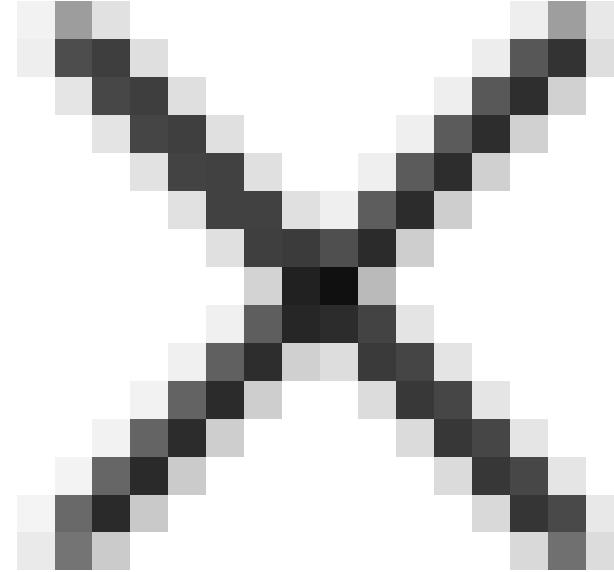


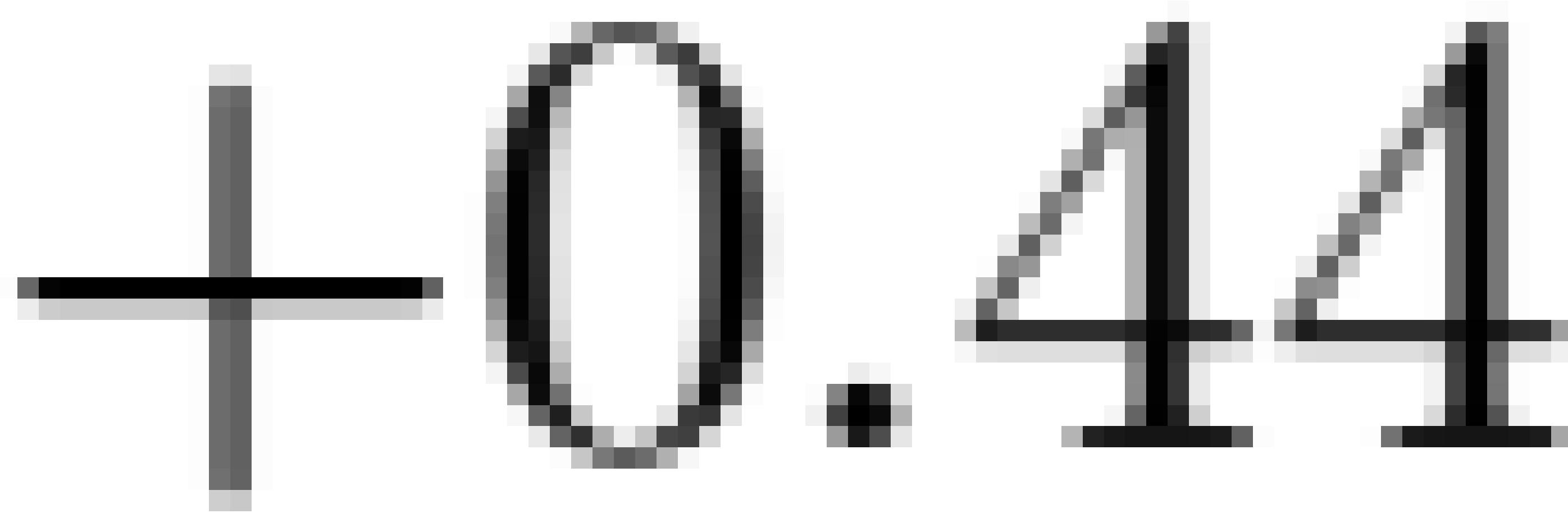


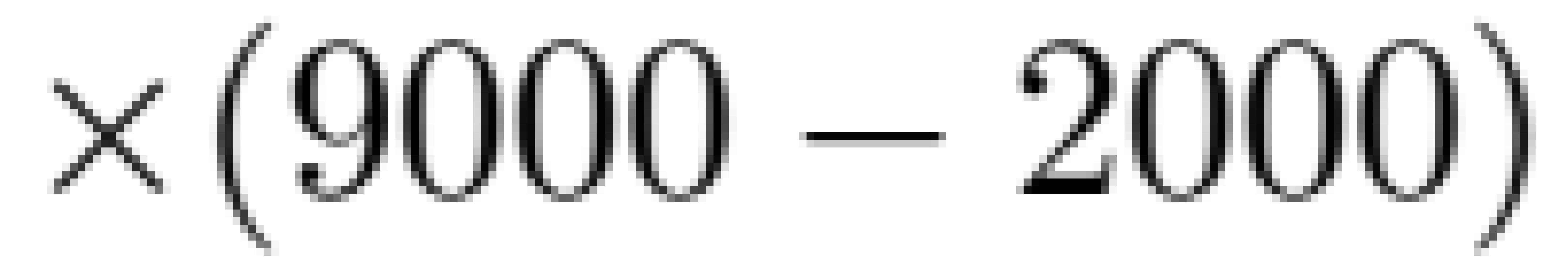


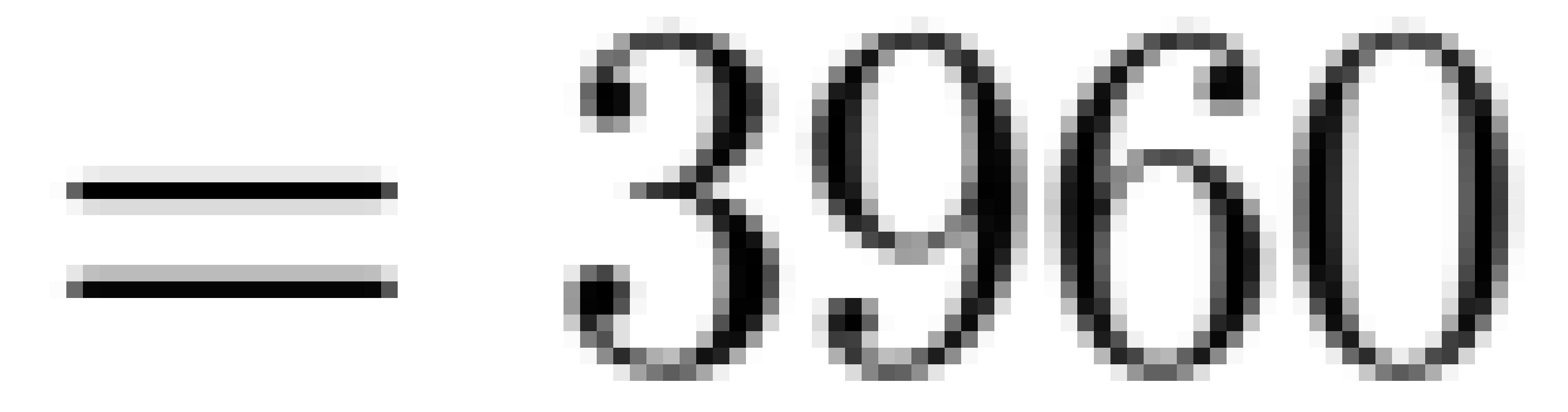


$$P_p = \rho_w g z_w + \frac{dP}{dz}(z - z_w) = 0.44$$

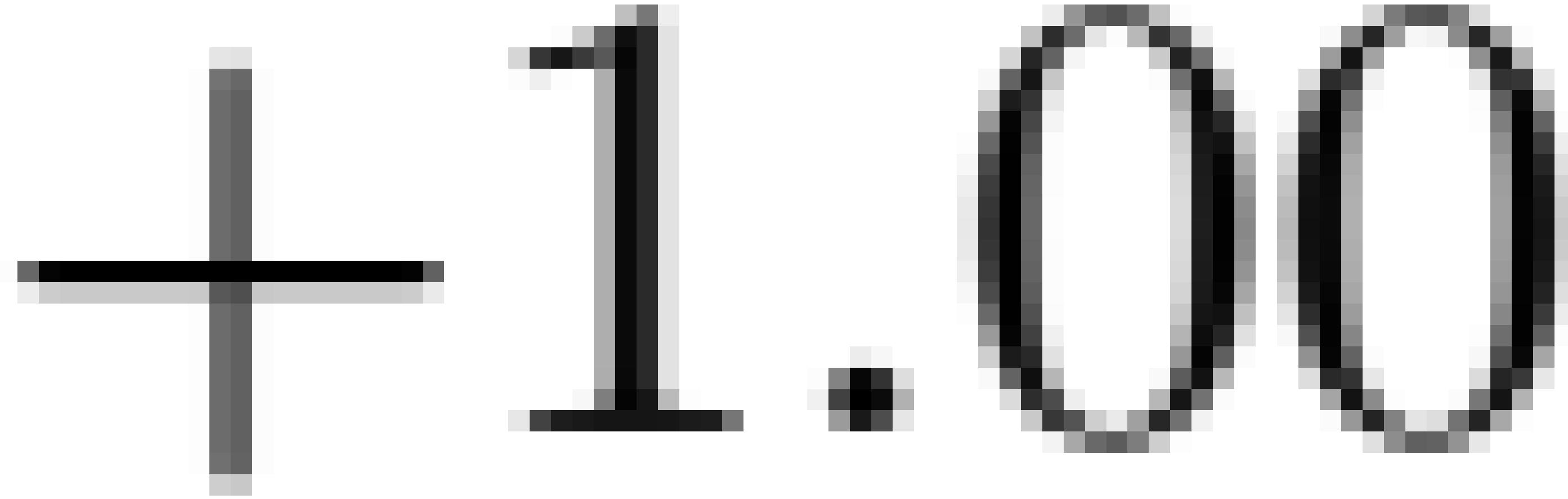


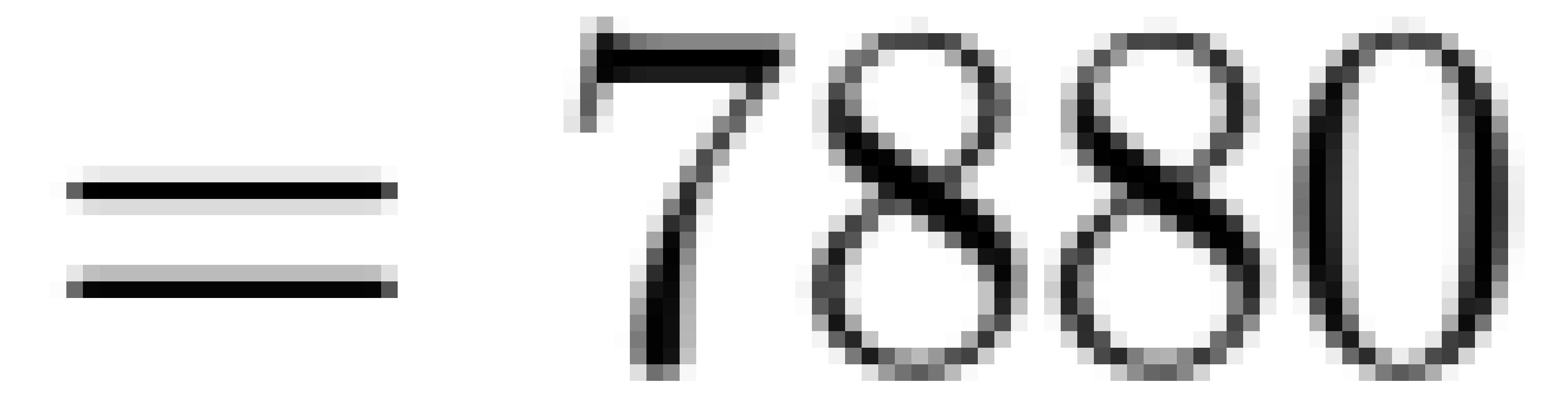


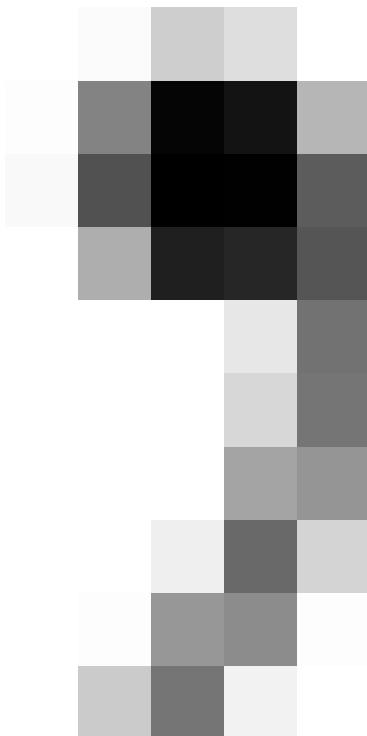


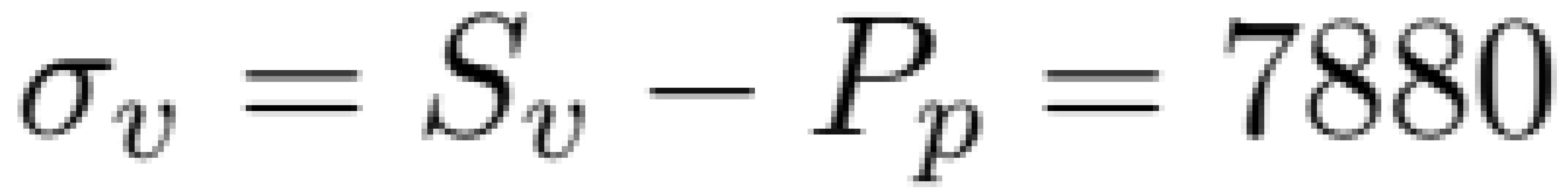


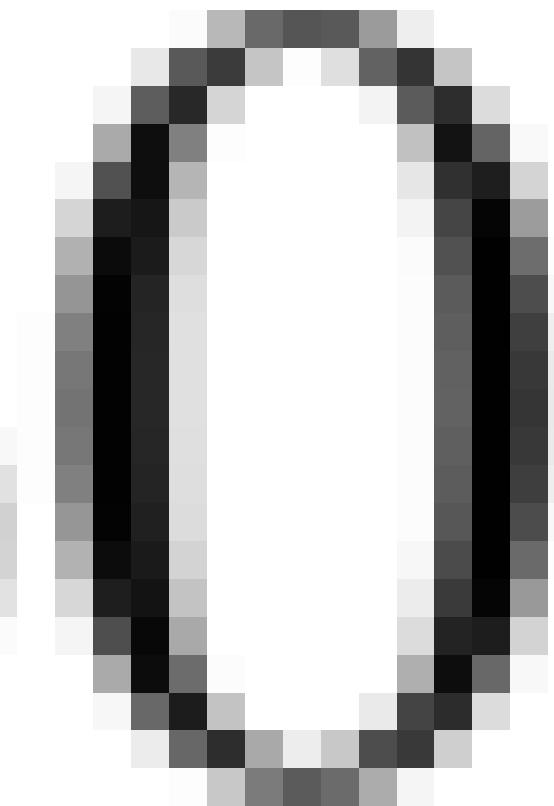
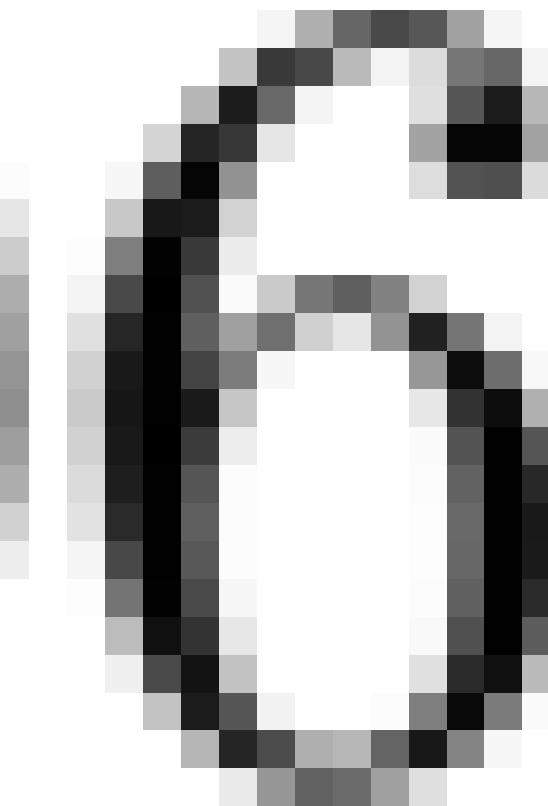
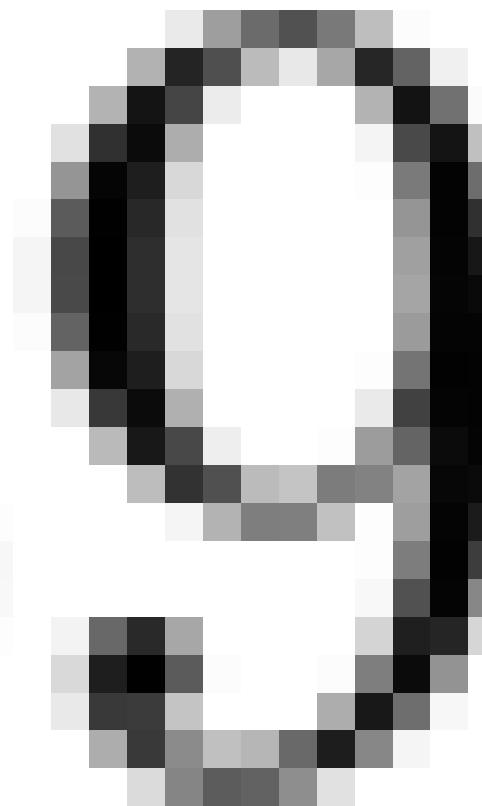
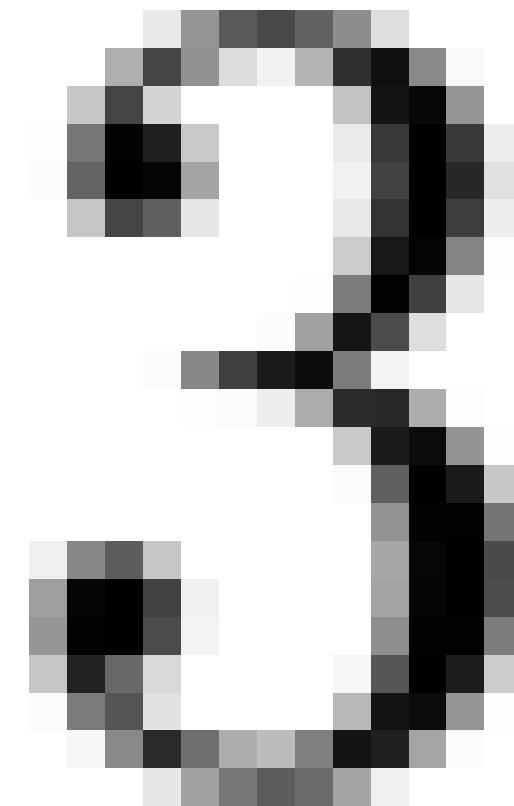
$$S_{20} = \rho_{20} g_{20} + \frac{d^5 e}{dz^5}(z - z_{20}) = 0.44$$



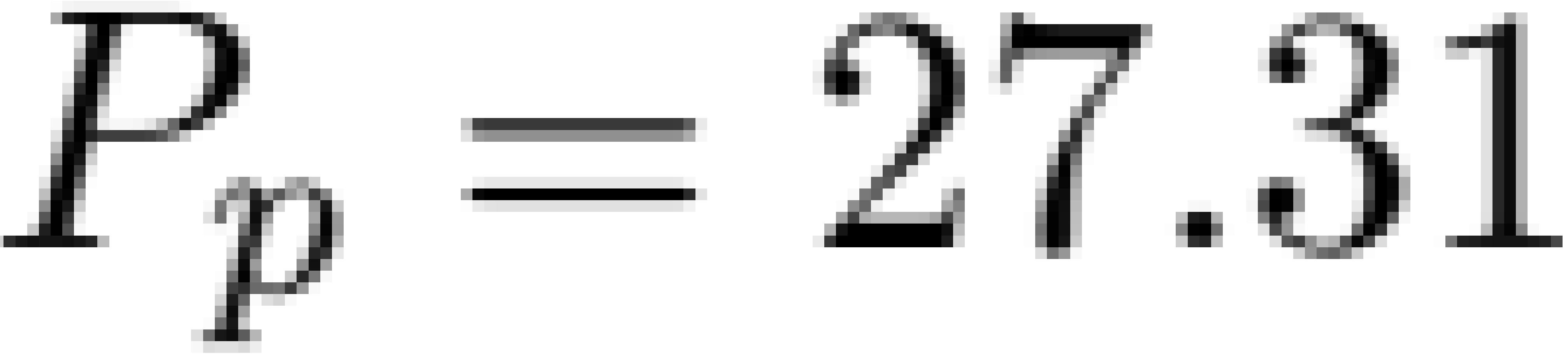




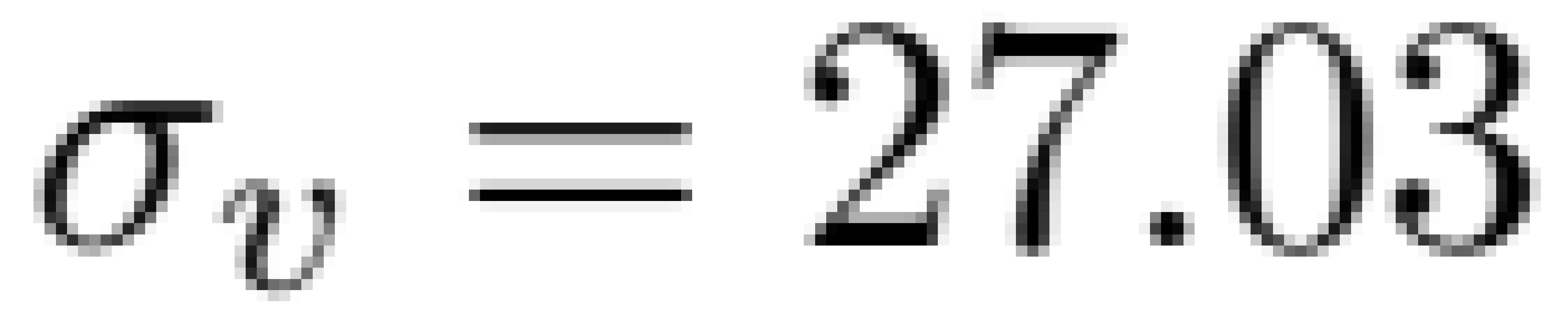






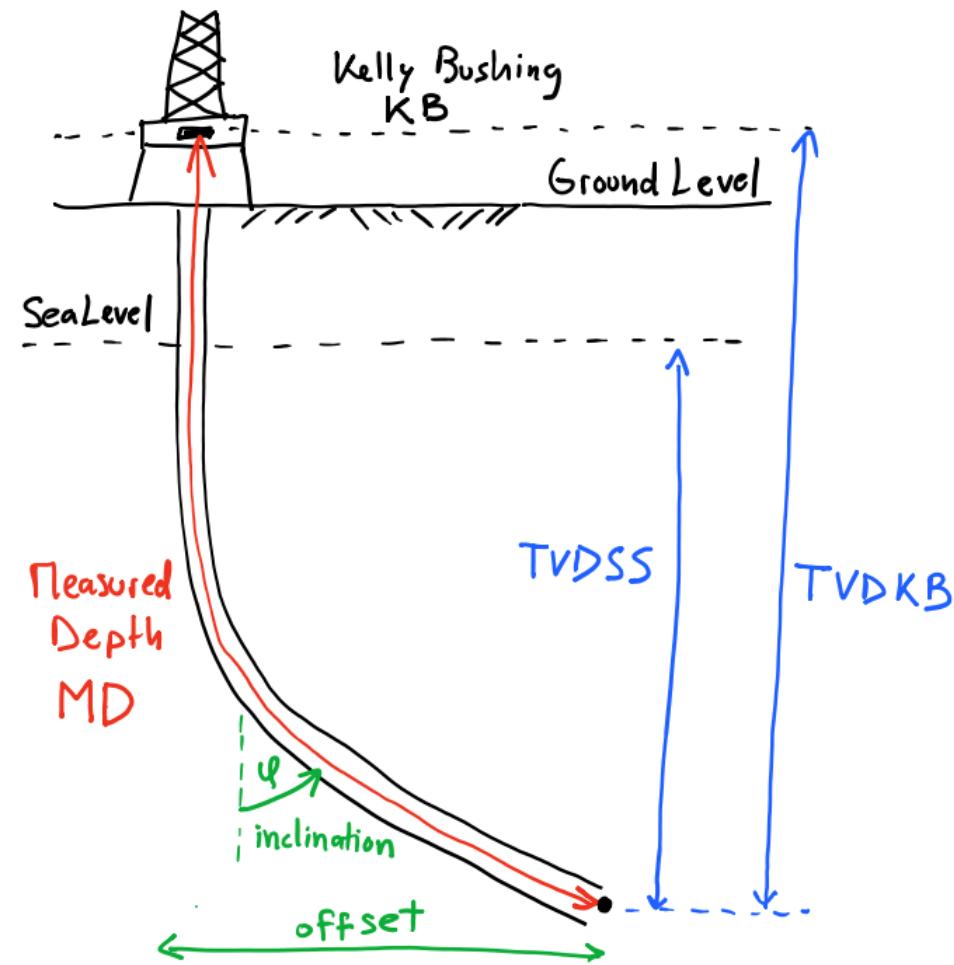




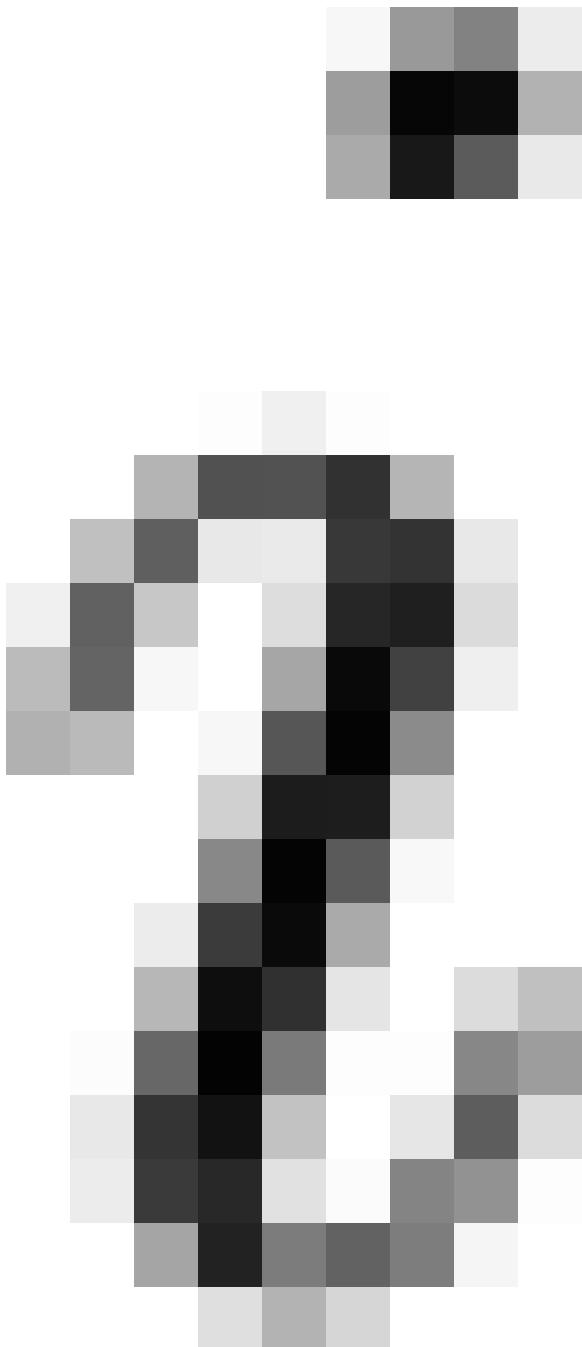


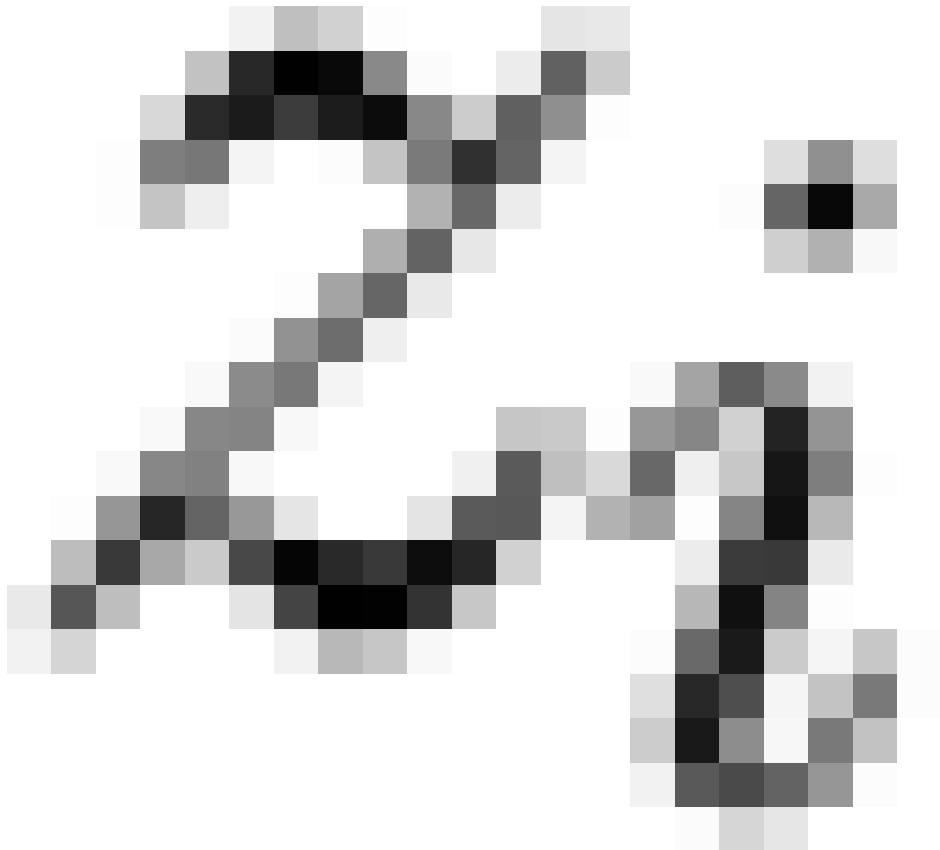
$$S_v(z) = \int_0^z \rho_{bulk}(z') dz'$$





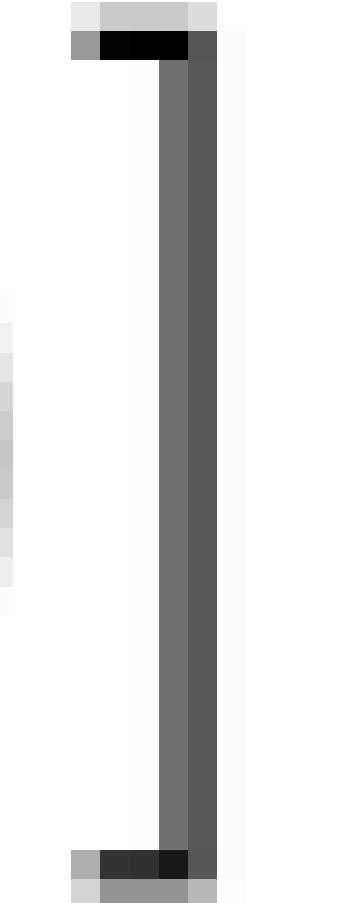
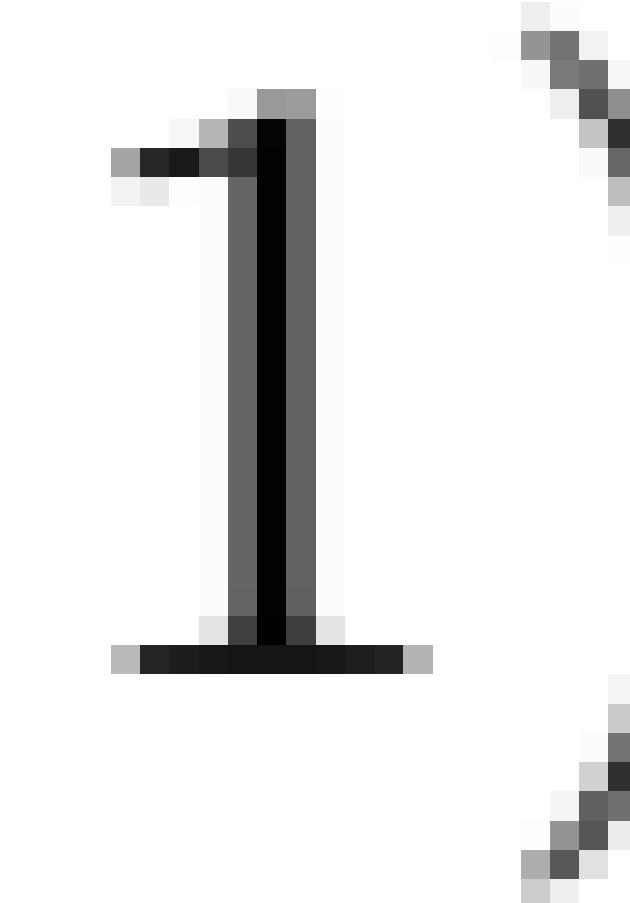
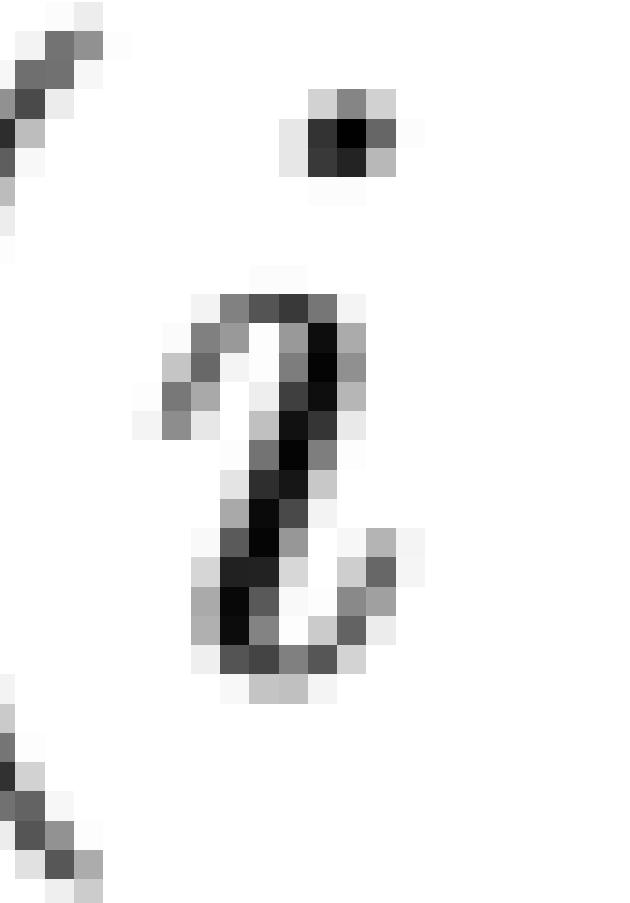
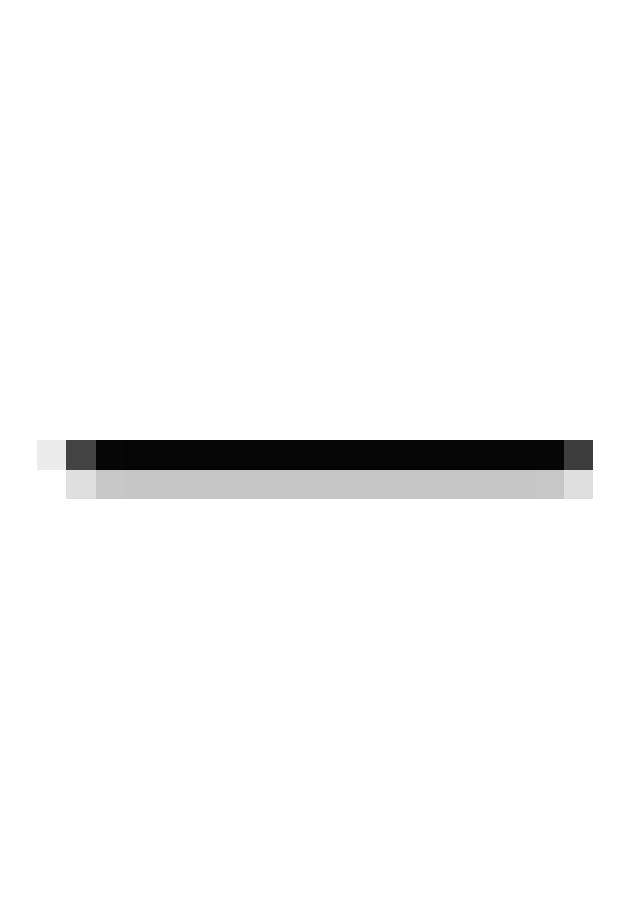
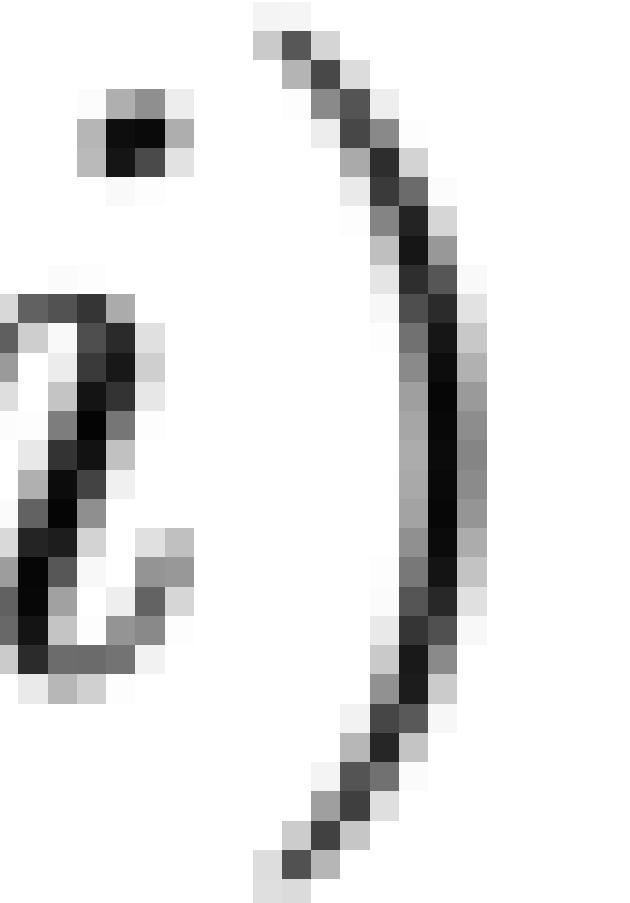
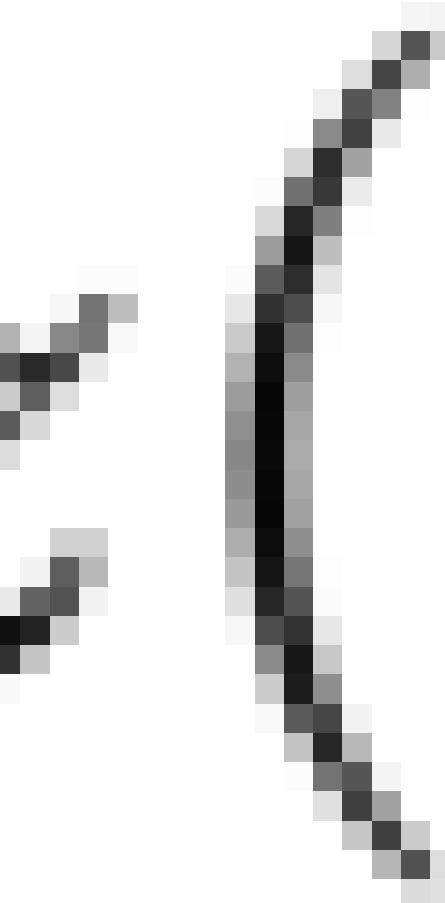
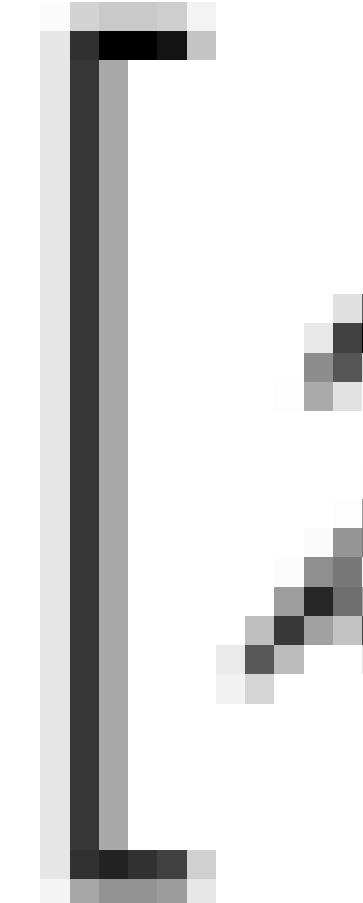
$$S_v(z_i) = \sum_{j=1}^i \rho_{bulk}(z_j) g\Delta z_j$$

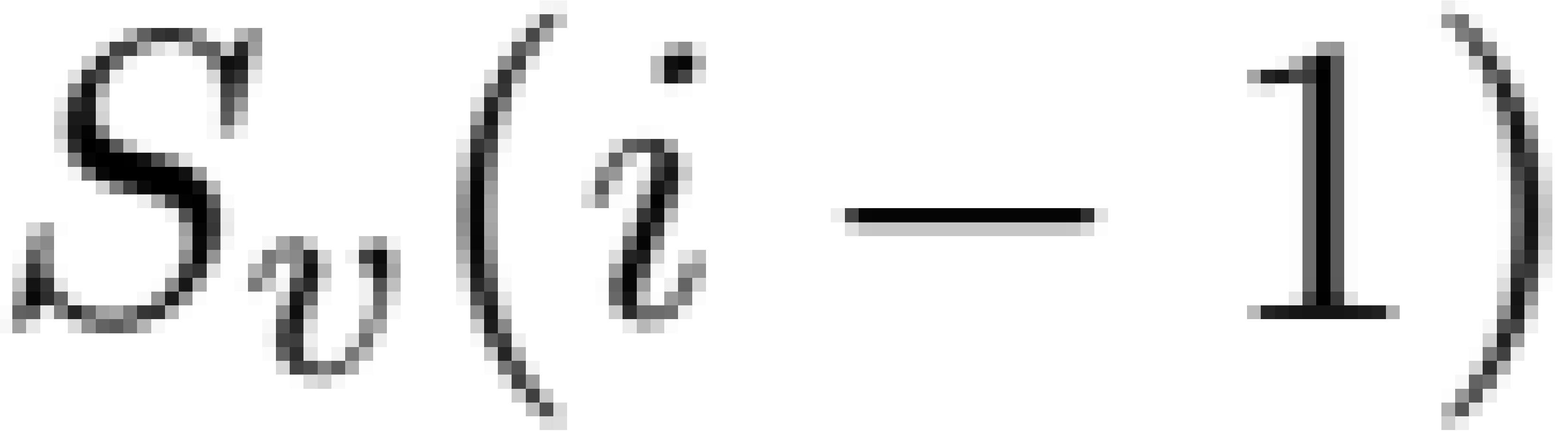


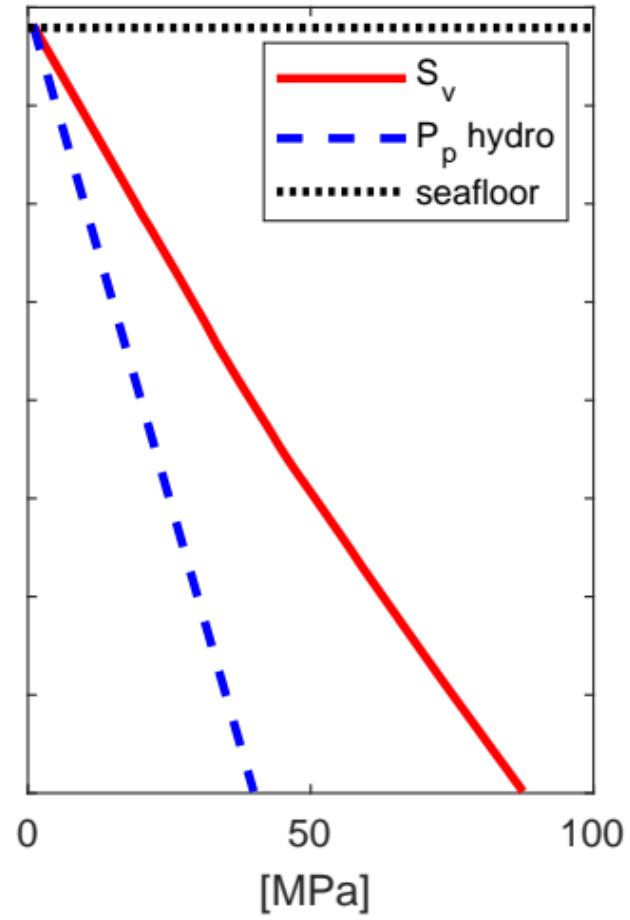
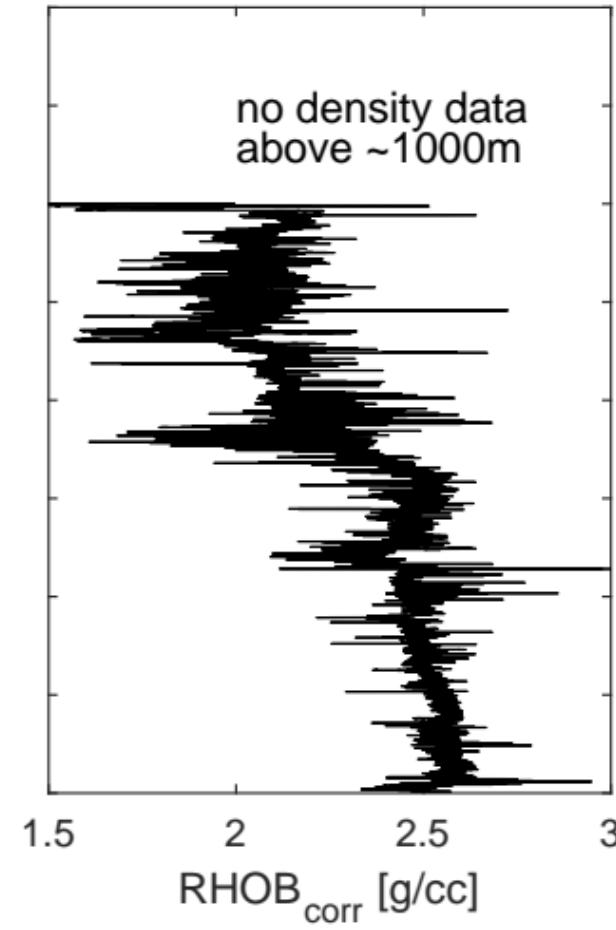
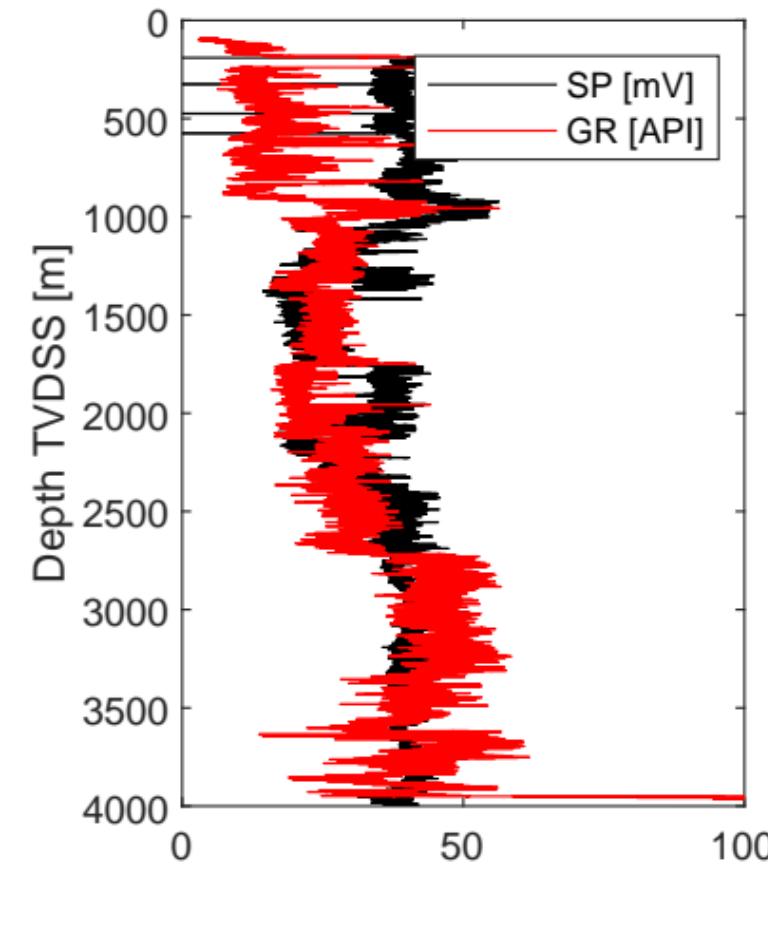


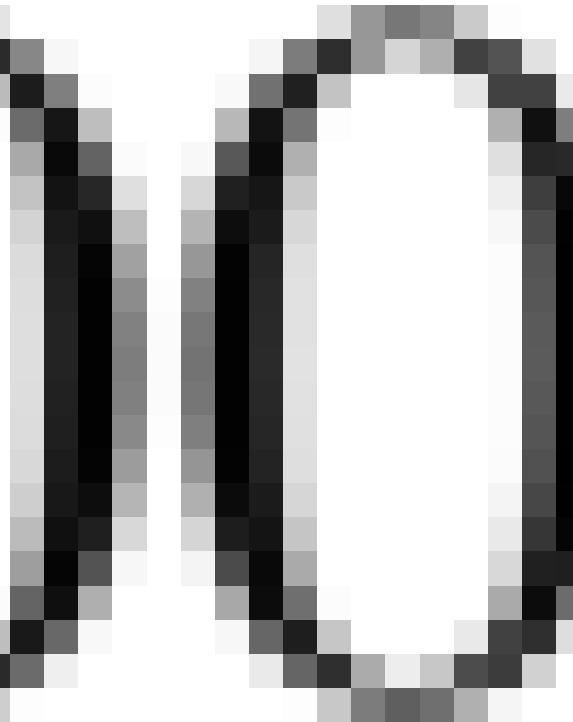
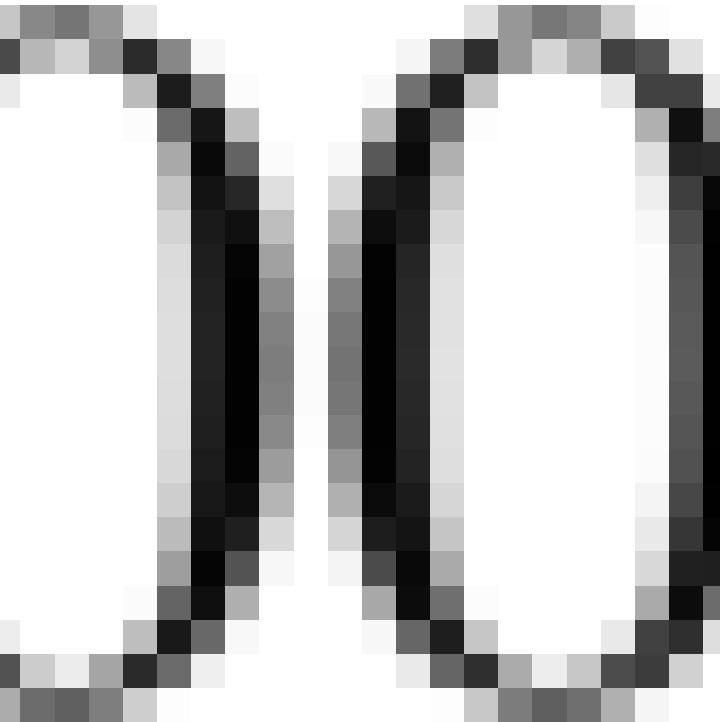
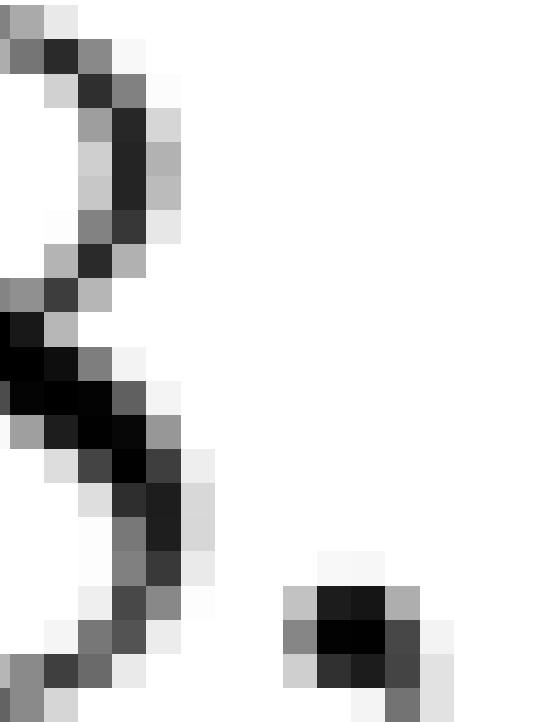
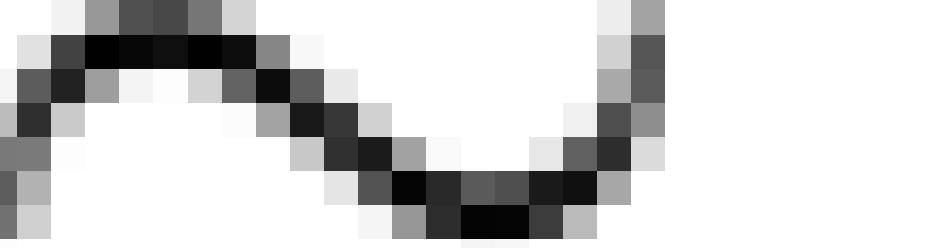
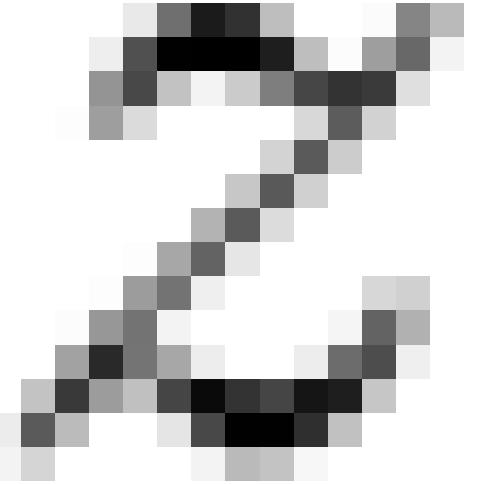
$$s_v(i) = \left[\frac{\rho_{bulk}(i) + \rho_{bulk}(i-1)}{2} \right] g[z(i-1)] + s_v(i-1)$$

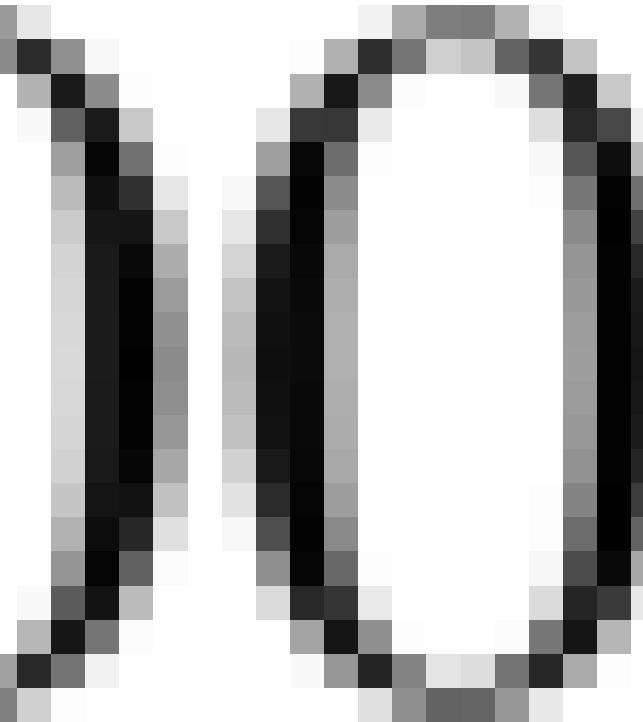
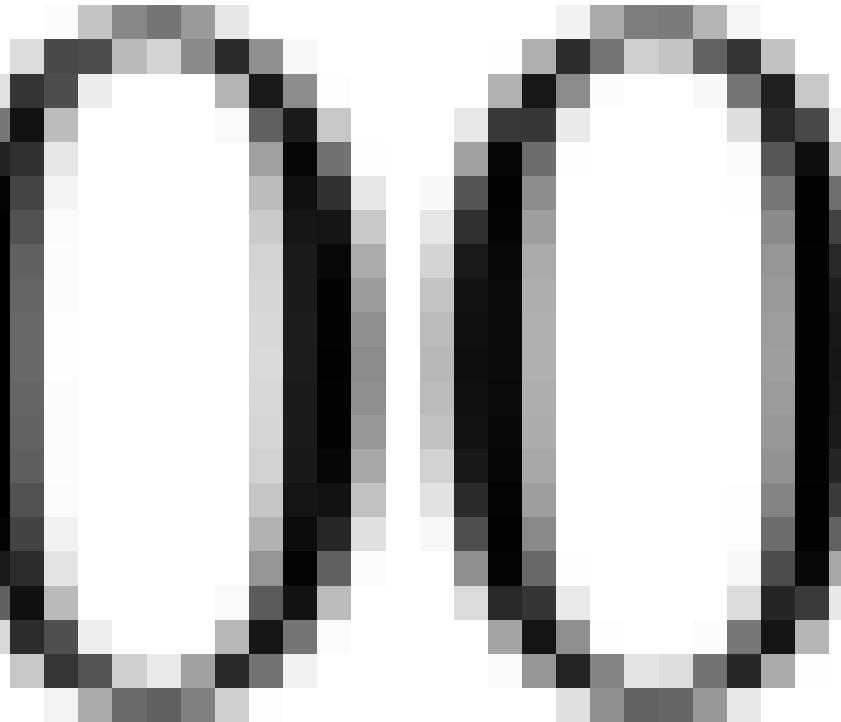
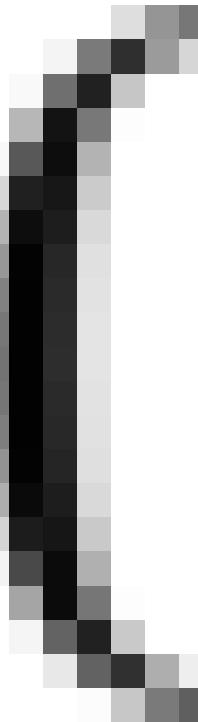
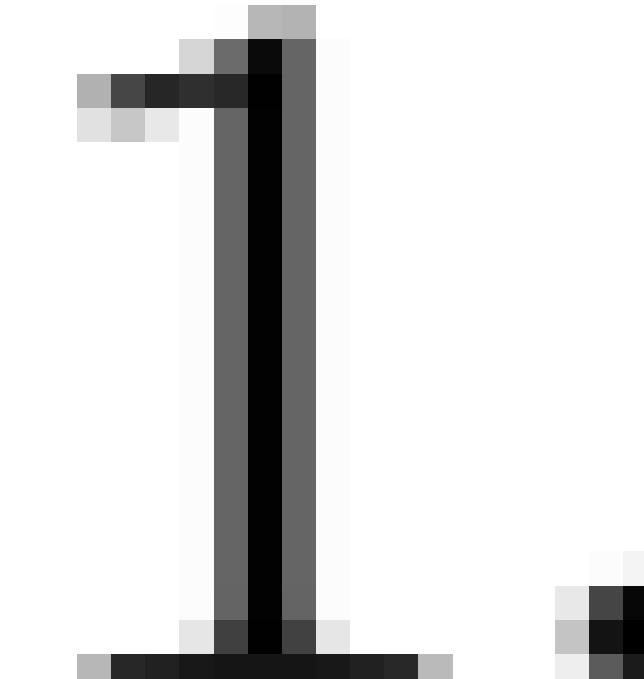
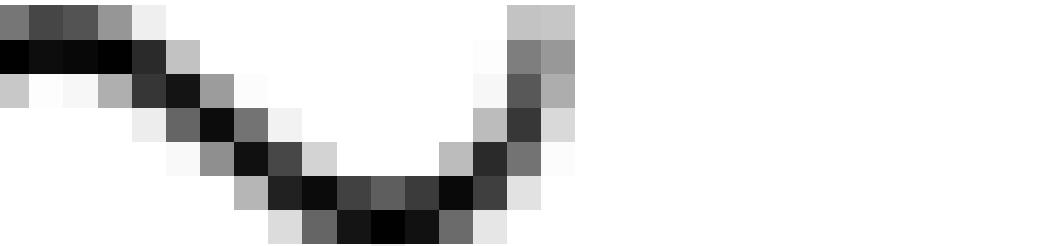
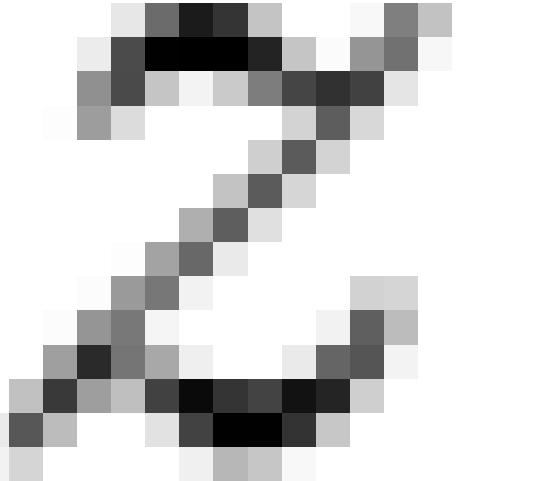




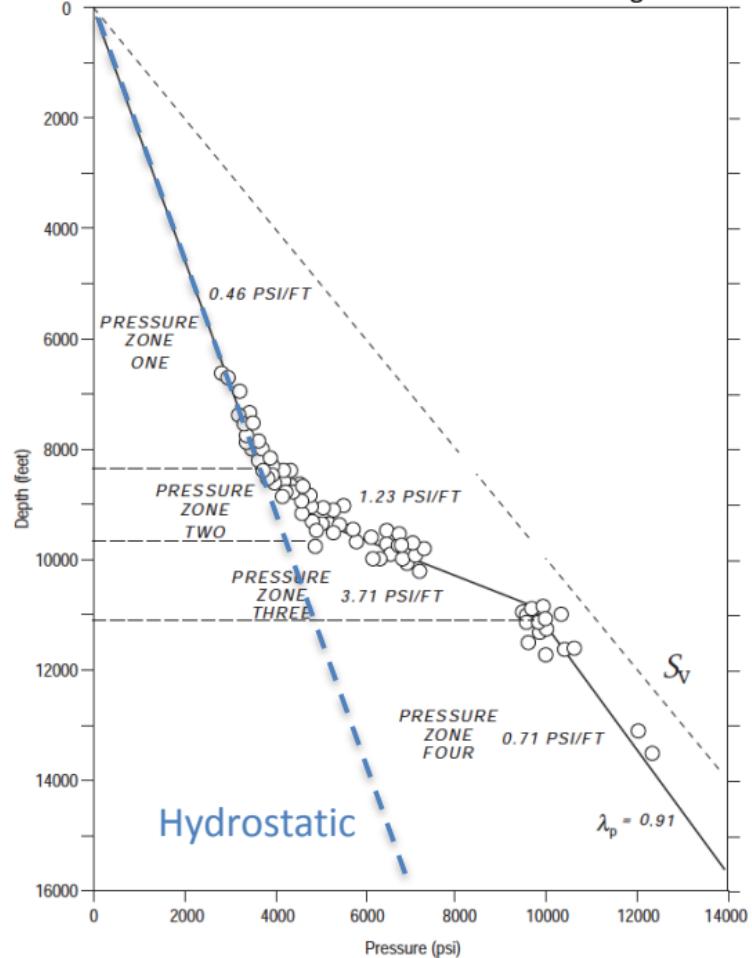








Monte Cristo field Onshore - Zoback 2013 – Figure 2.2

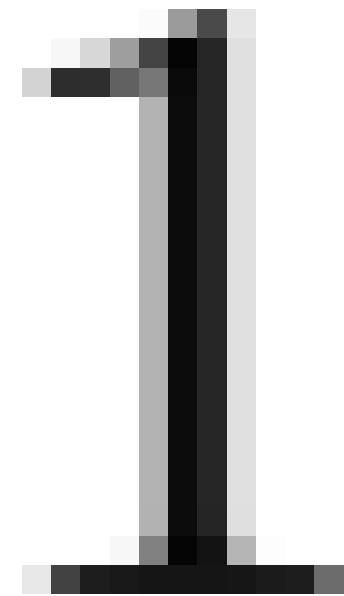
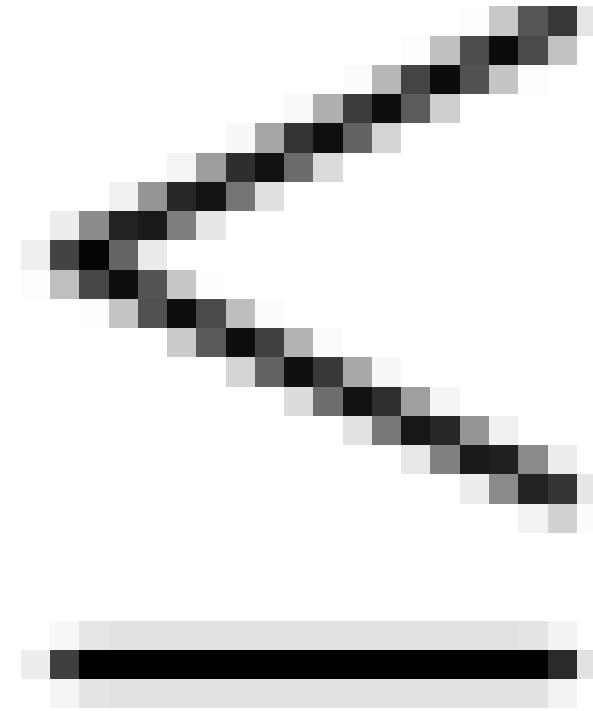




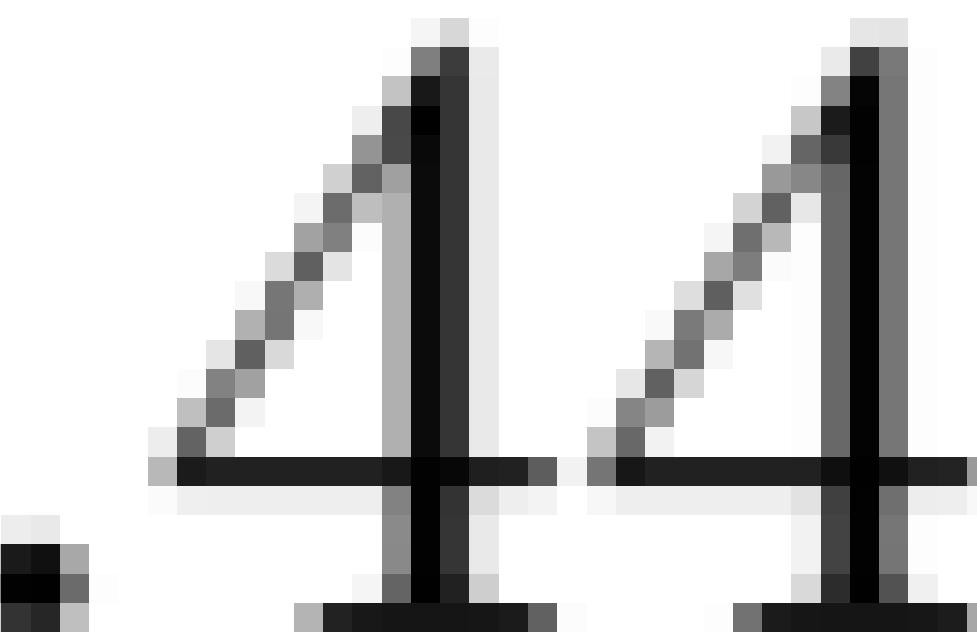
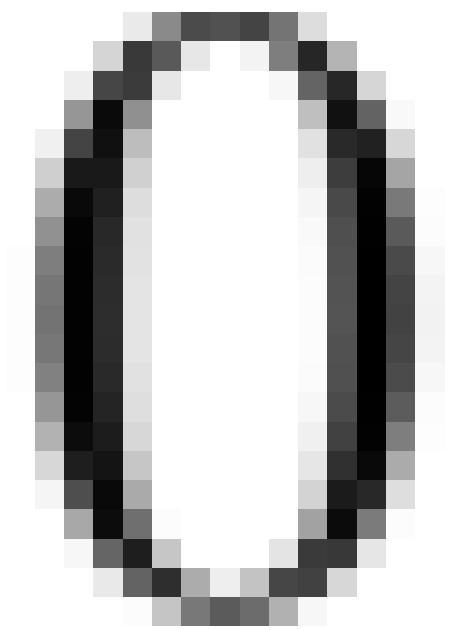
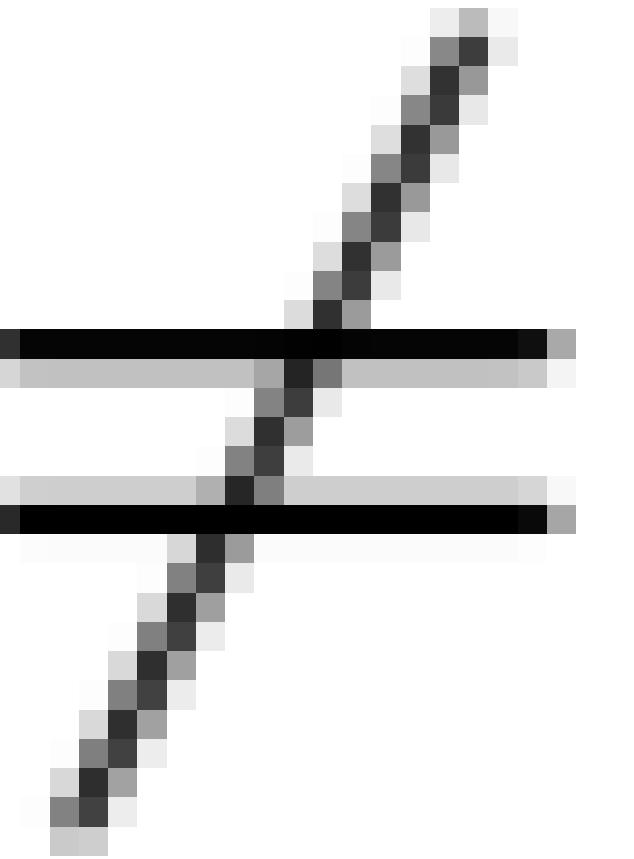
$$\lambda_p(z)$$

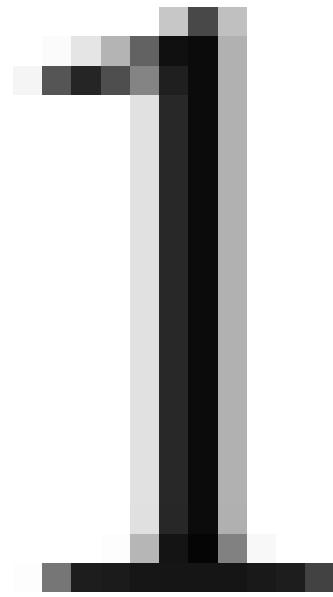
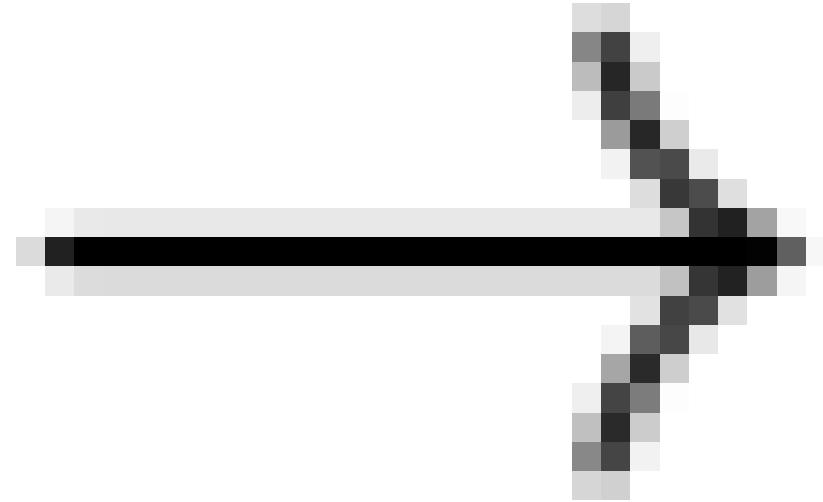
$$=$$

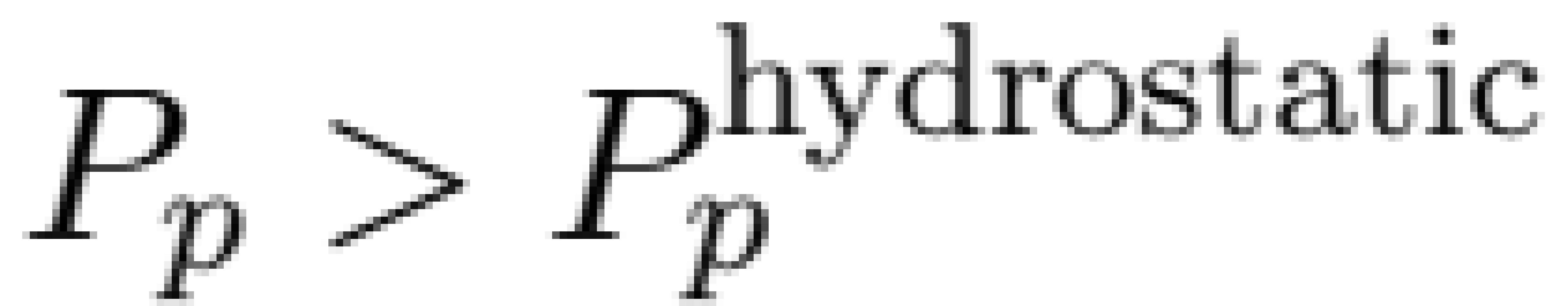
$$\frac{P(z)}{S_2(z)}$$



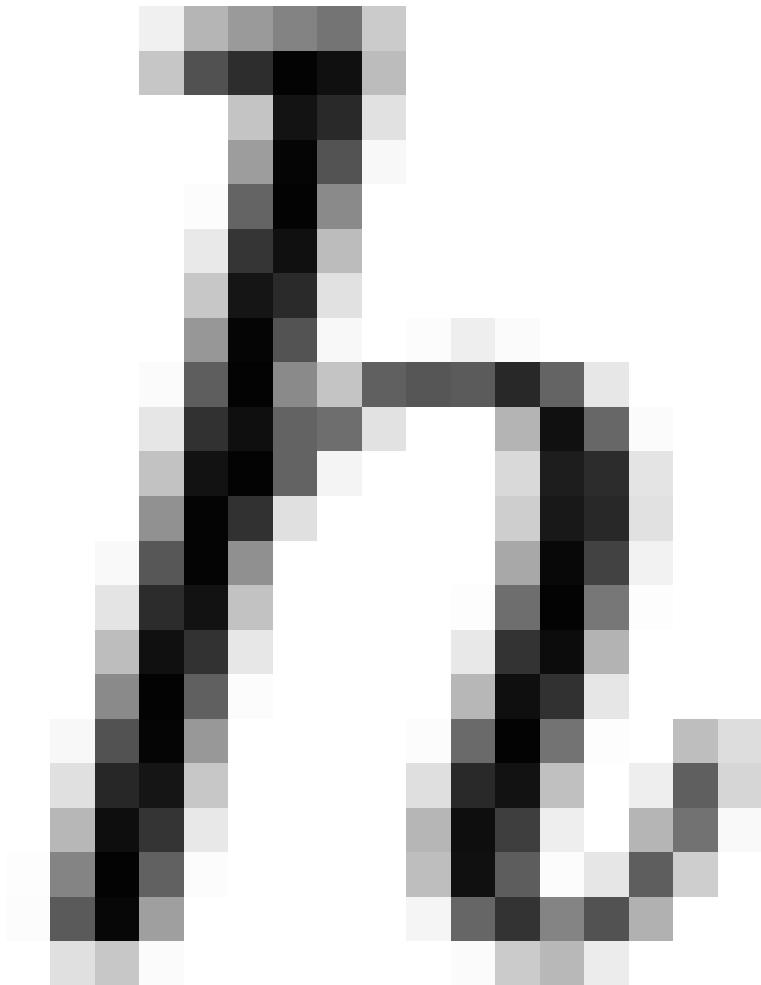






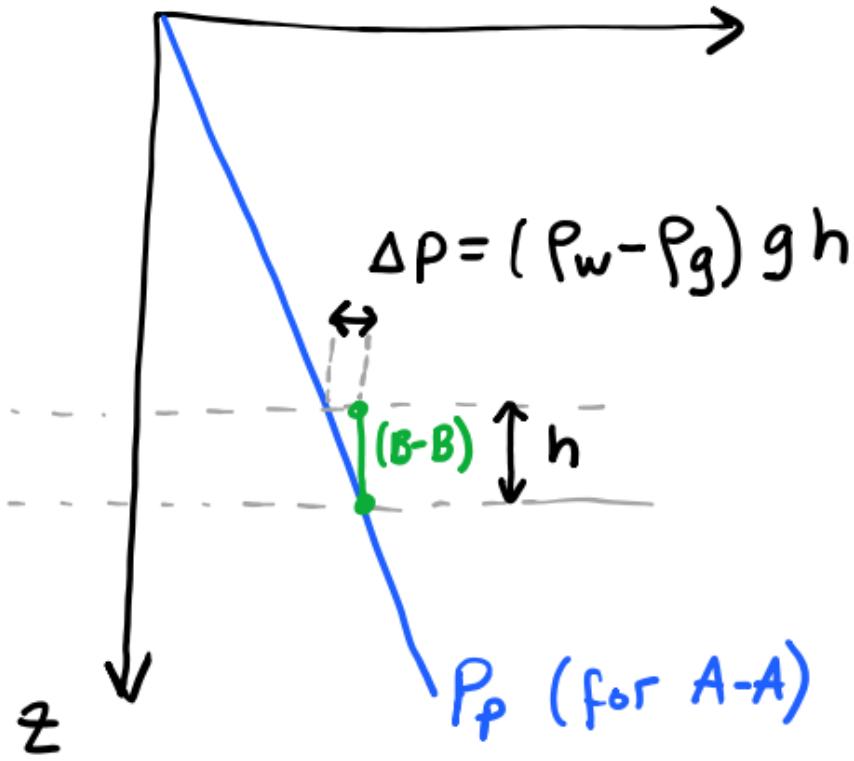
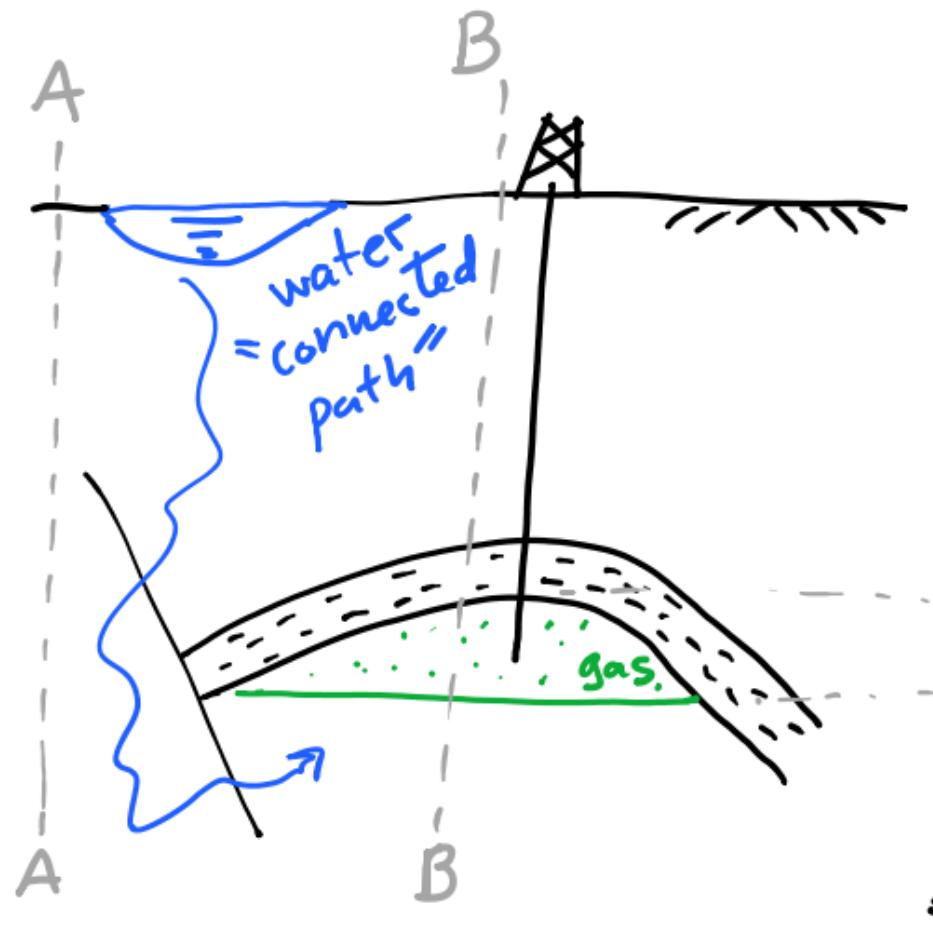






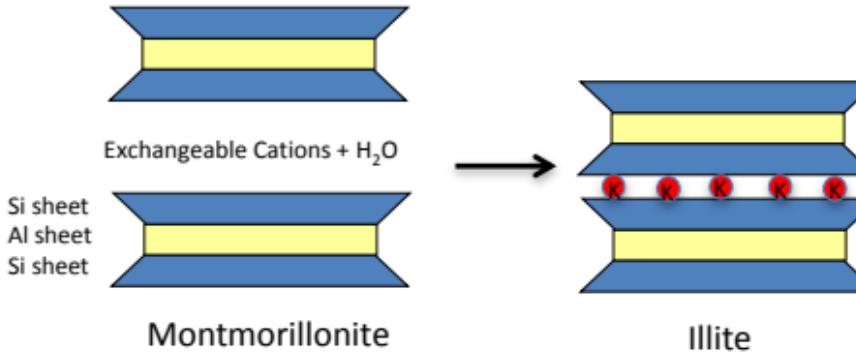


La storia della
politica europea
è stata un
lungo e
complesso
processo di
negoziazione
e compromesso
che ha portato
alla creazione
di istituzioni
comunitarie
europee.
Questo processo
è stato influenzato
da numerosi
fattori, tra cui
l'evoluzione
delle relazioni
politiche
tra i paesi
europei,
il cambiamento
della situazione
politica
mondiale,
e le diverse
visioni
sull'Europa
che si sono
sviluppate
presso
varie
forze
politiche
e
gruppi
interessati.
Il risultato
di questo
processo
è stato
l'Europa
attuale,
una
comunità
politica
economica
e culturale
che
ha
influito
sulla
politica
mondiale
e
sulla
vita
dei
paesi
europei
in
modo
profondo
e duraturo.



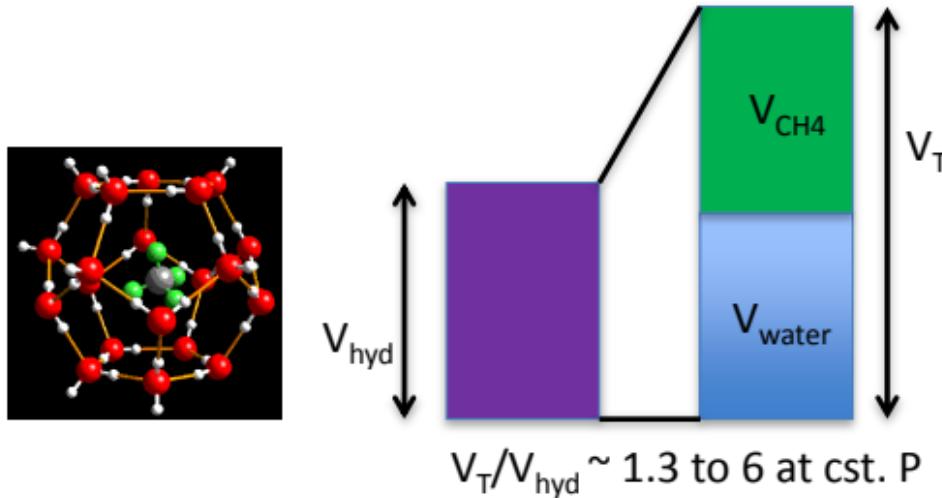
- Aquathermal pressurization

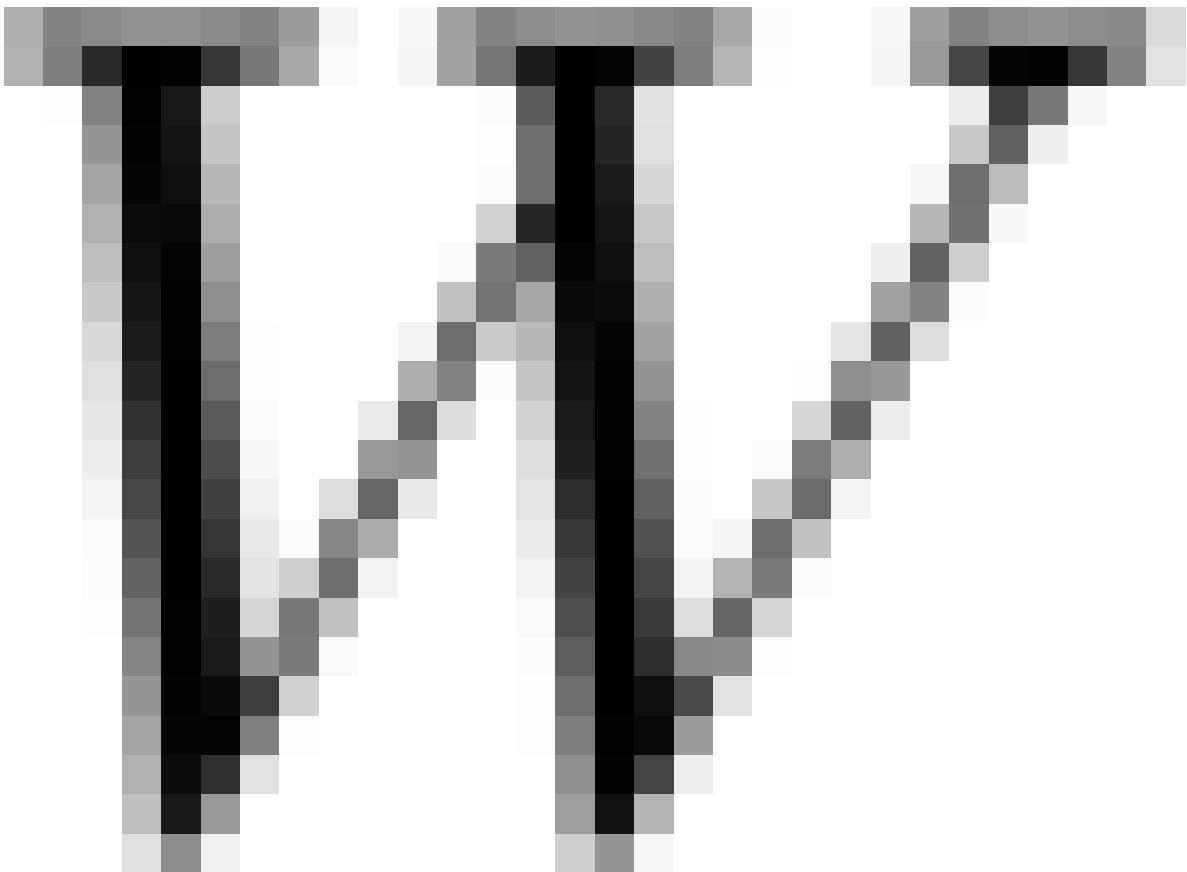
- $\Delta T \rightarrow \Delta P$



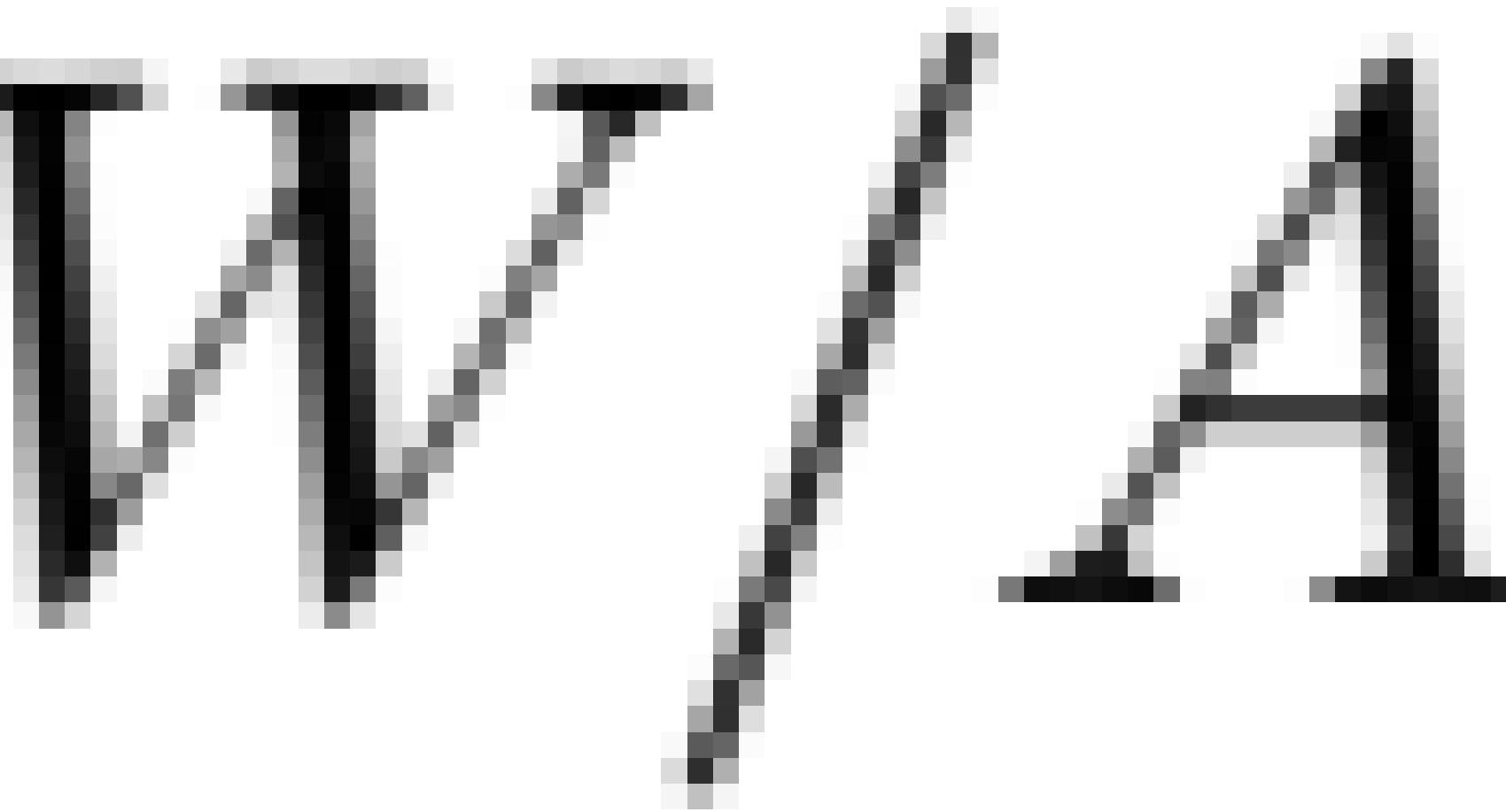
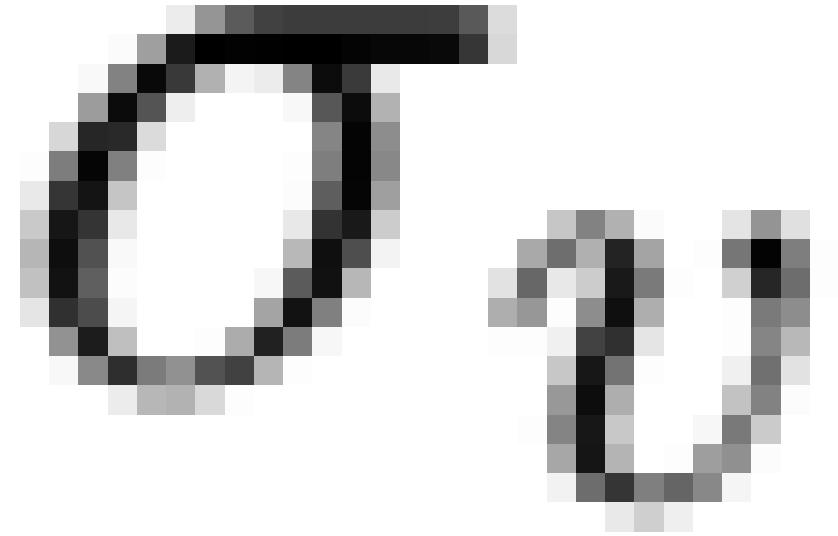
- Dehydration reactions

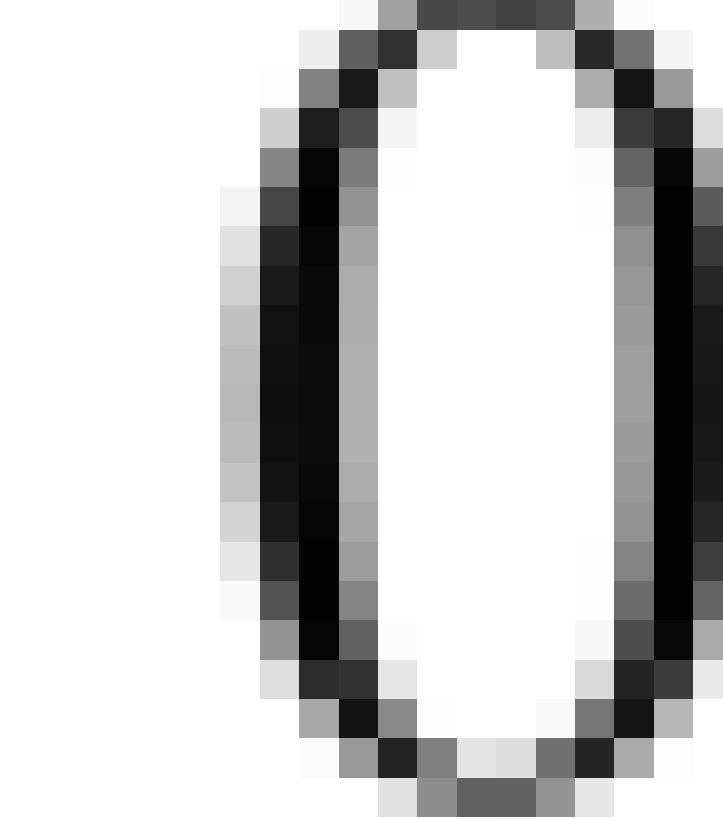
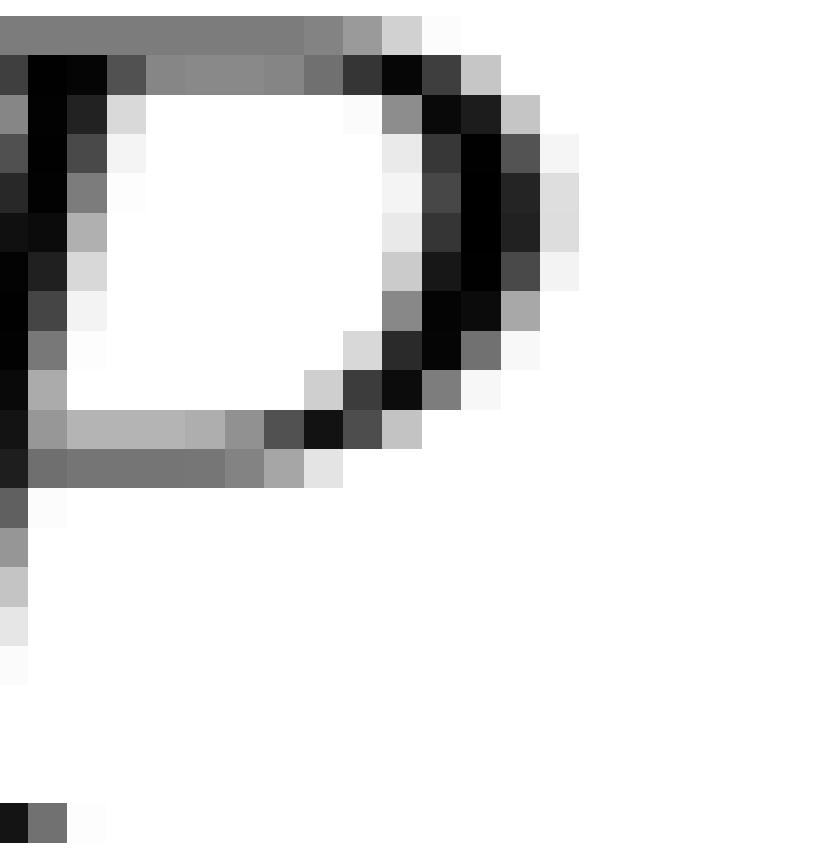
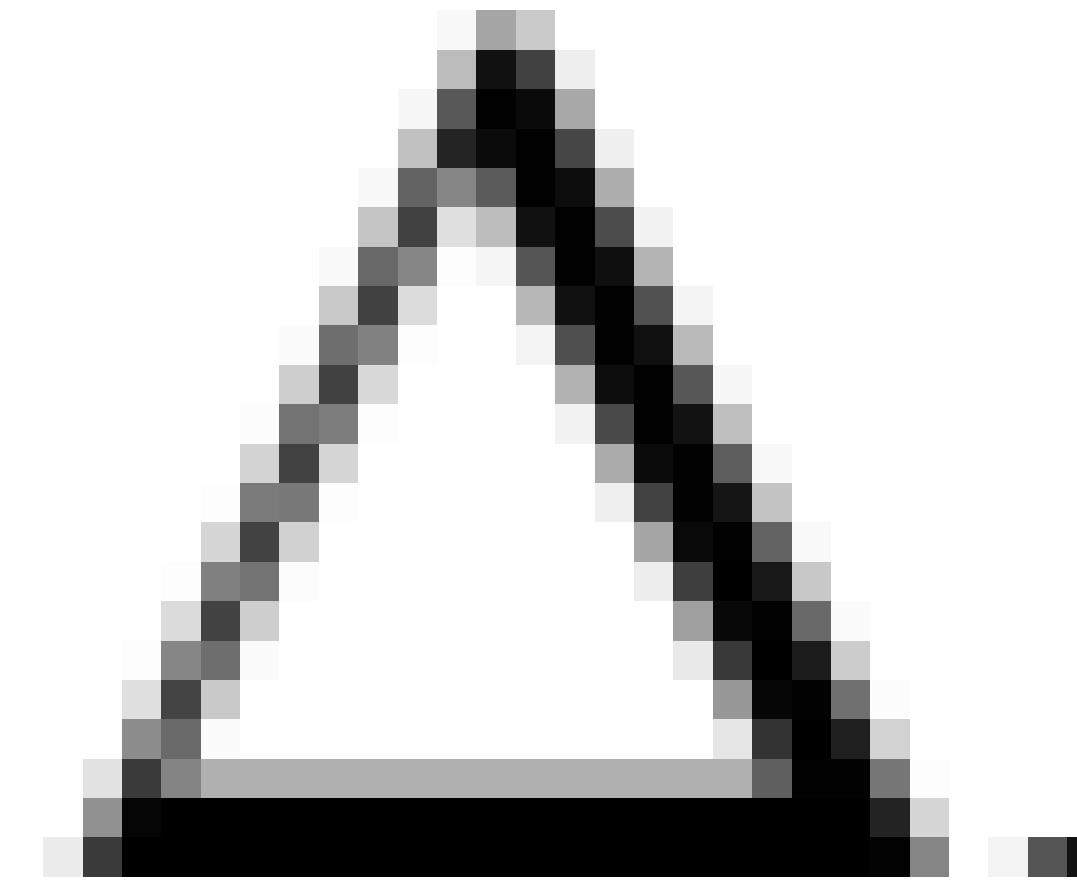
- $\Delta V \rightarrow \Delta P$
 - Montmorillonite to Illite (frees water)









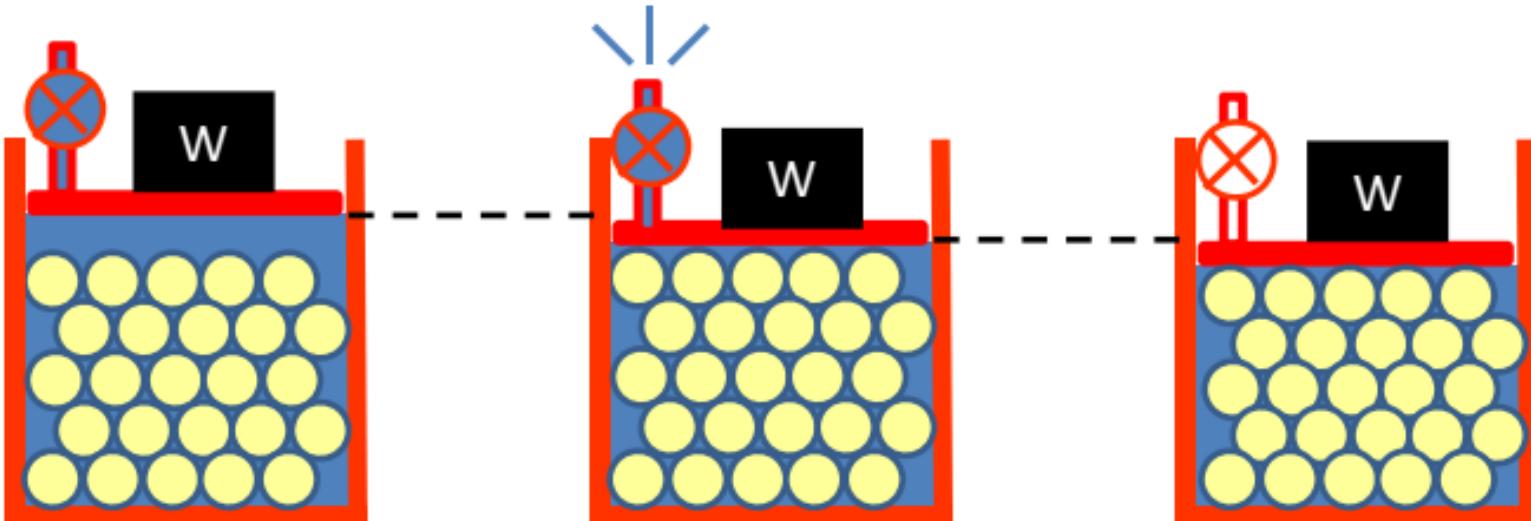


- **Disequilibrium compaction (Underconsolidation)**

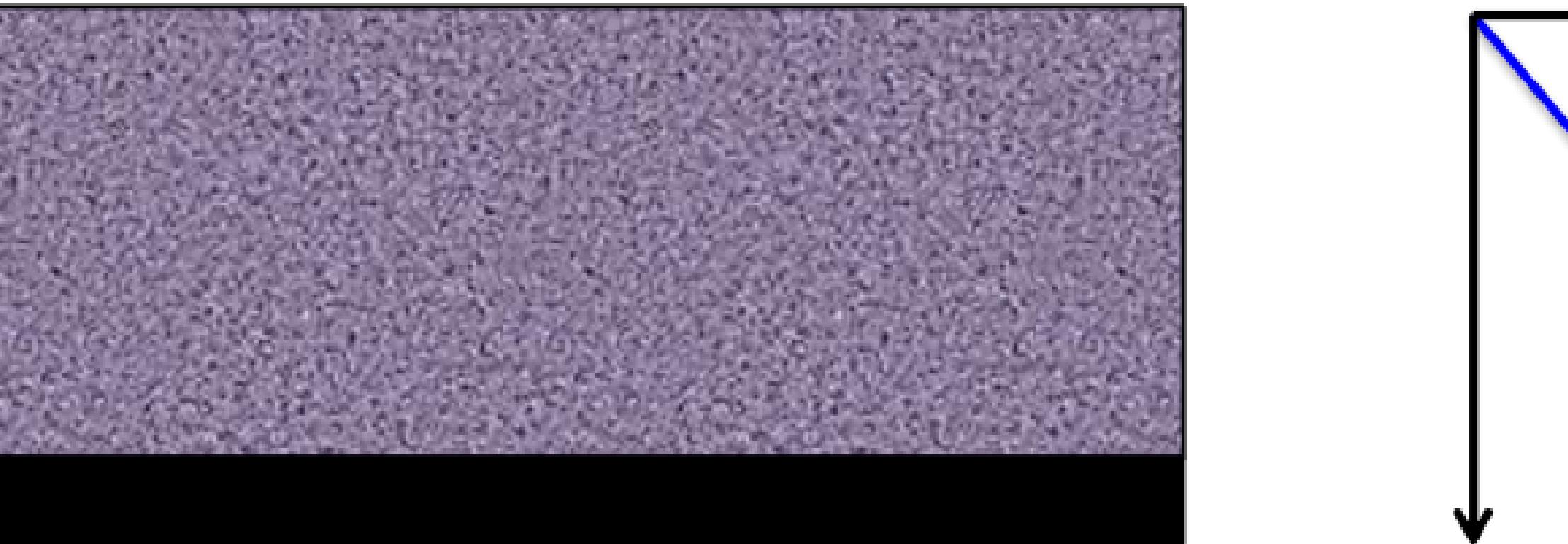
- $\Delta S \rightarrow \Delta P$ (Vertical)

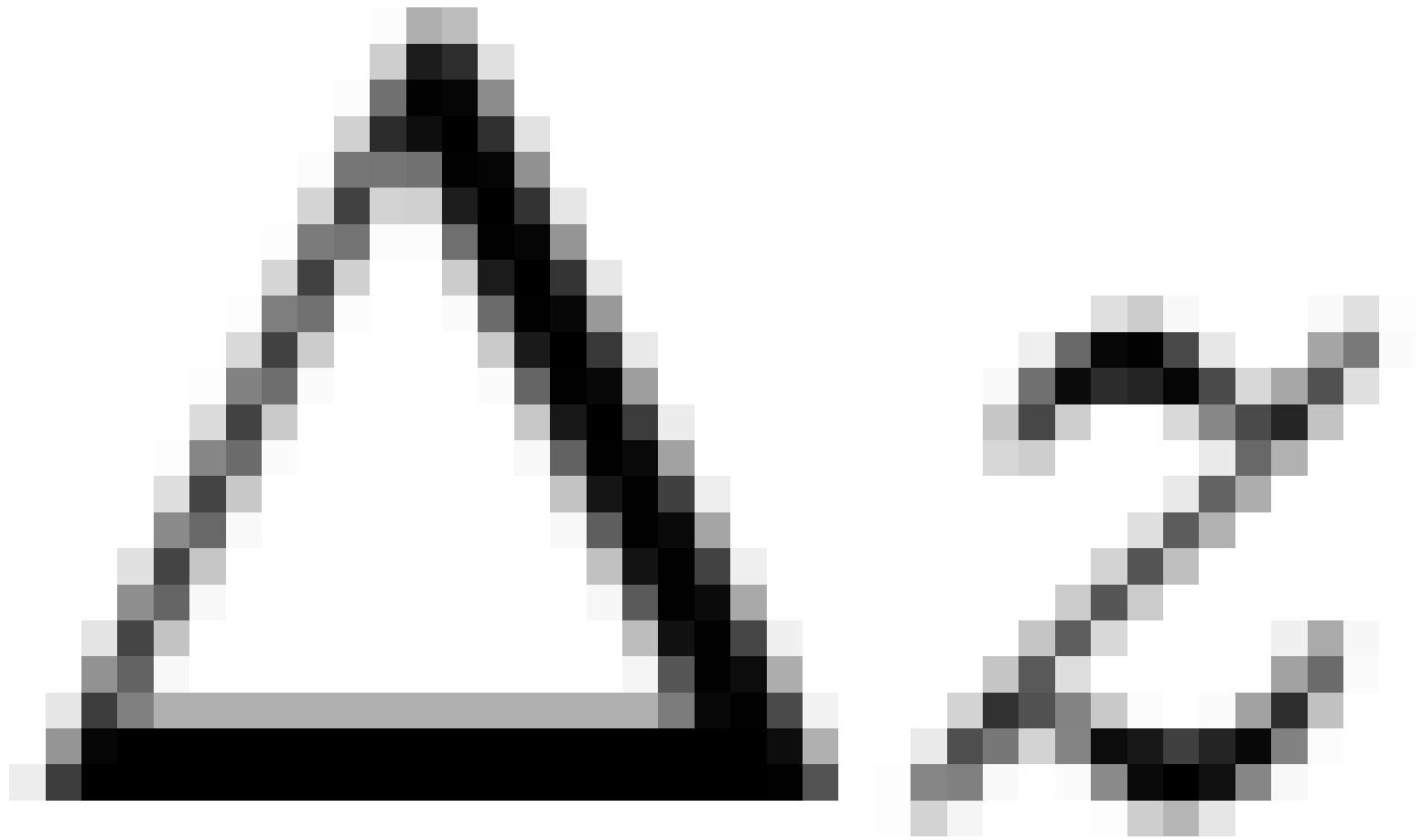
- **Tectonic compression**

- $\Delta S \rightarrow \Delta P$ (Horizontal)



Pressure water





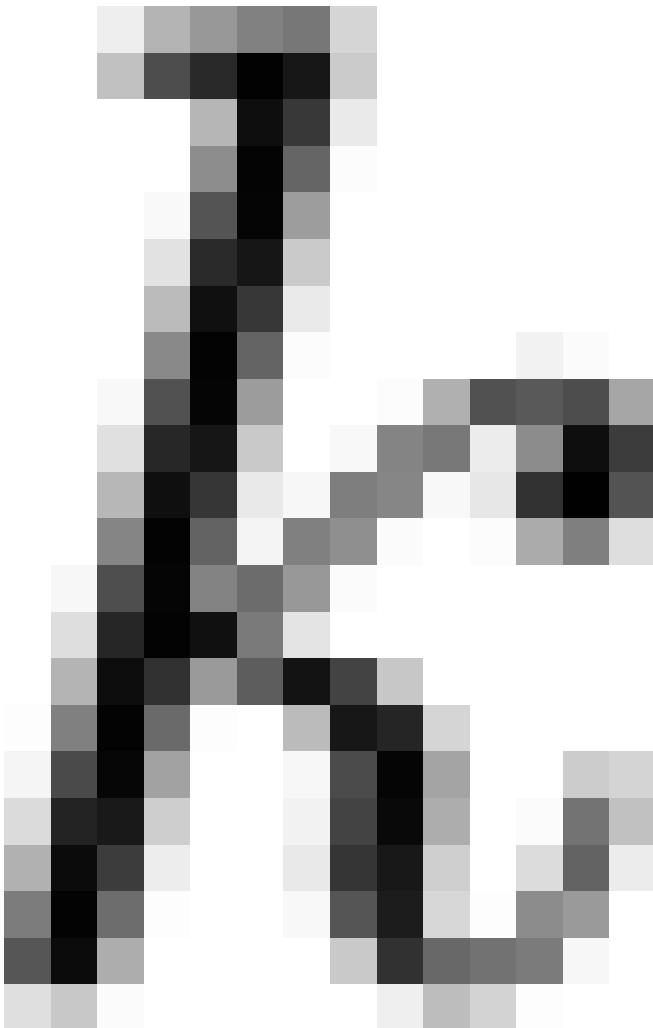
D
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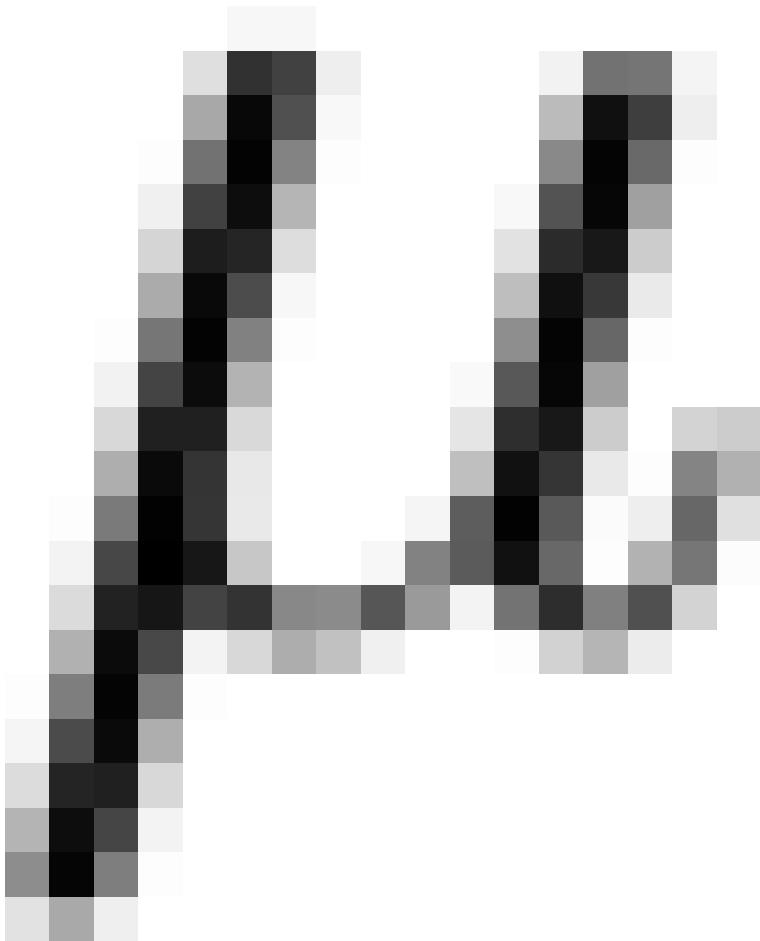
$=$

M
k

μ







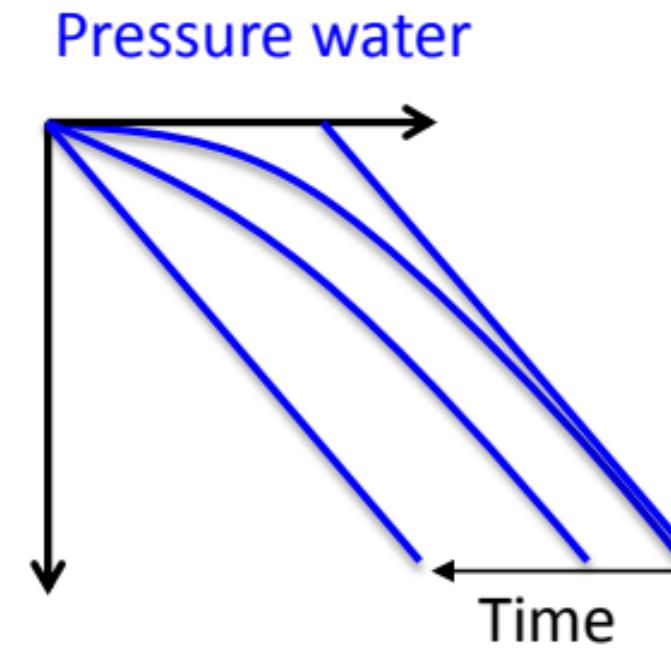
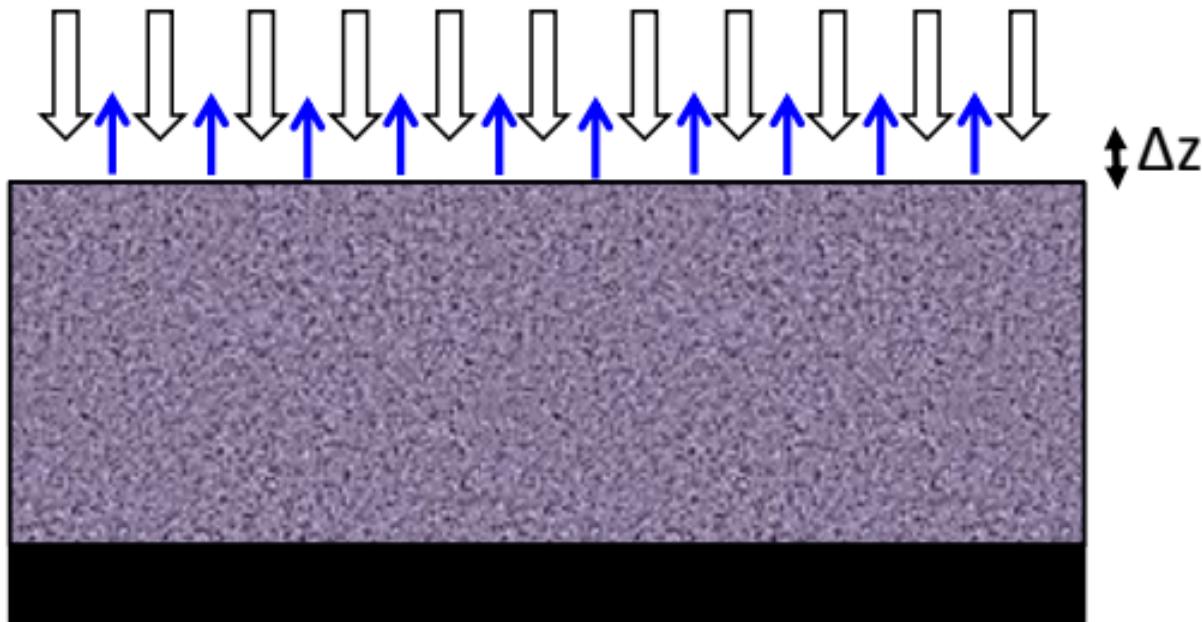
$\frac{\partial P}{\partial t} =$

D_h

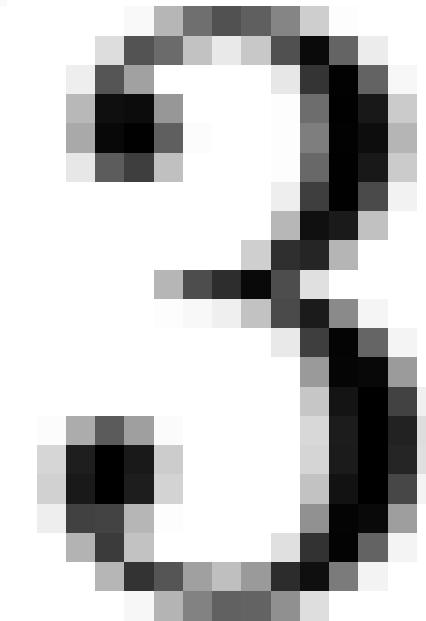
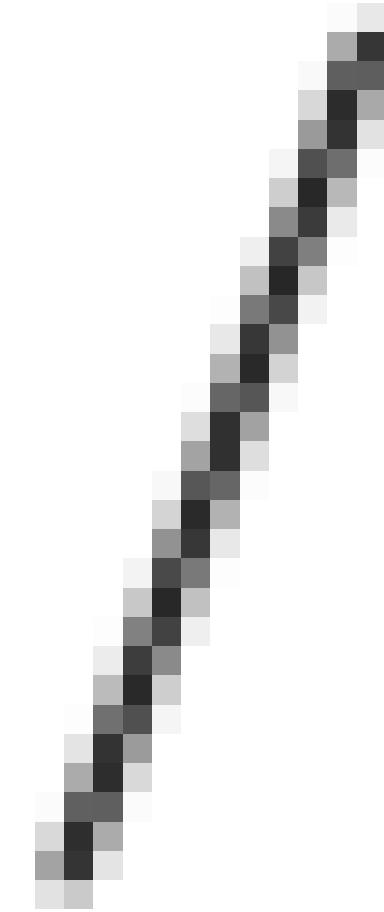
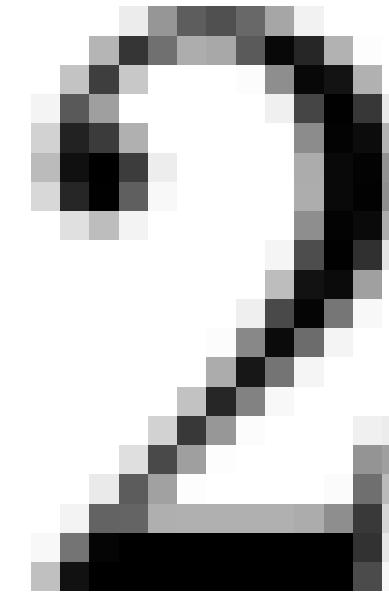
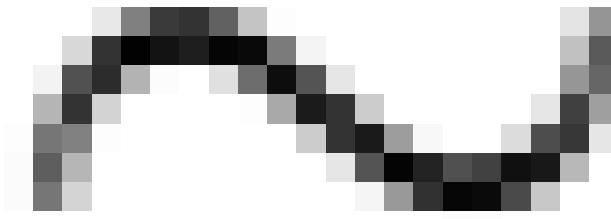
$d z^2$

$d^2 P$

Rate of sedimentation (loading) and rate of fluid “escape”



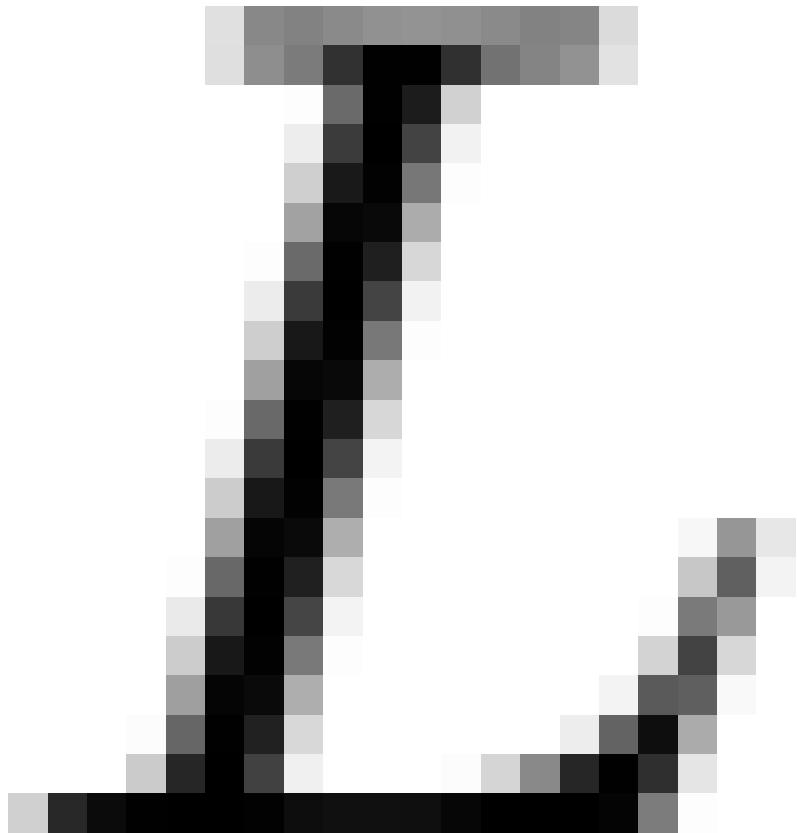


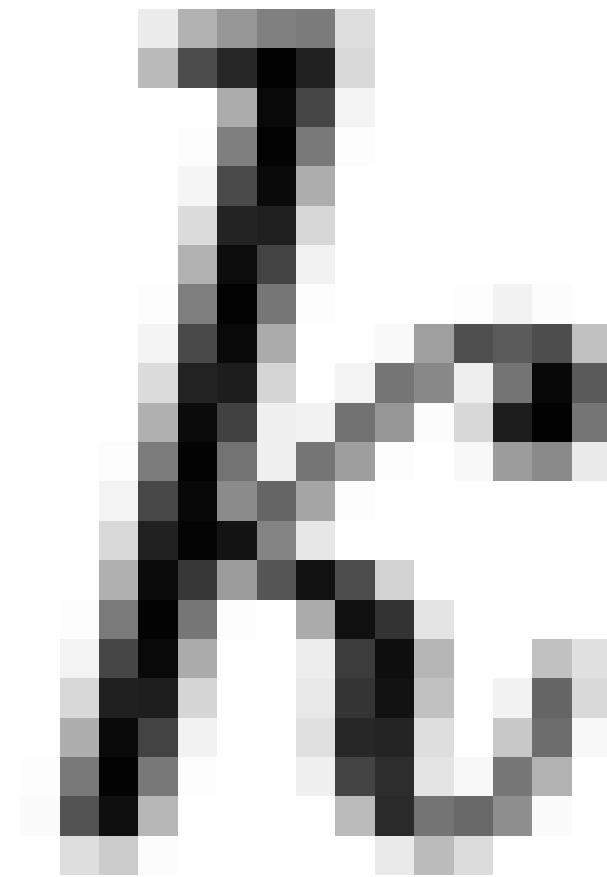


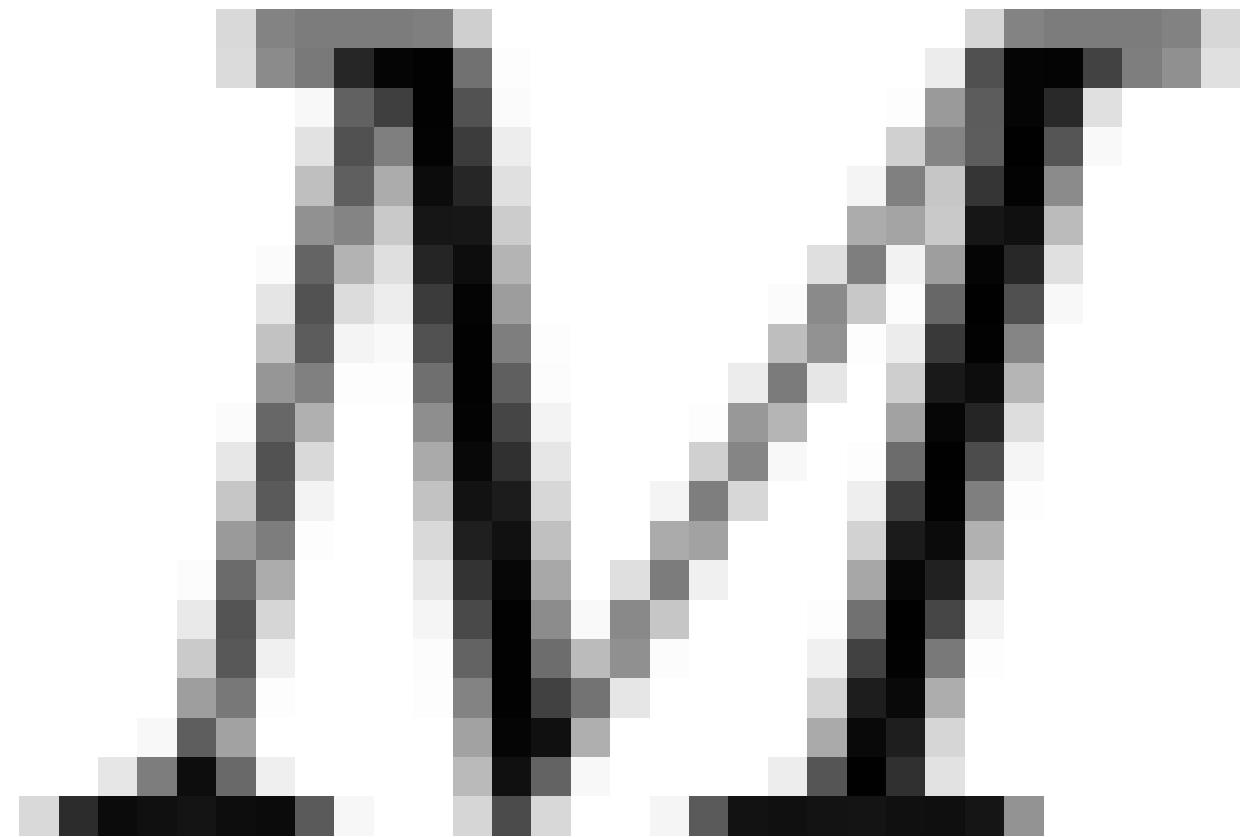
T_{ch}



T^2
 T
 \overline{T}
 D_b

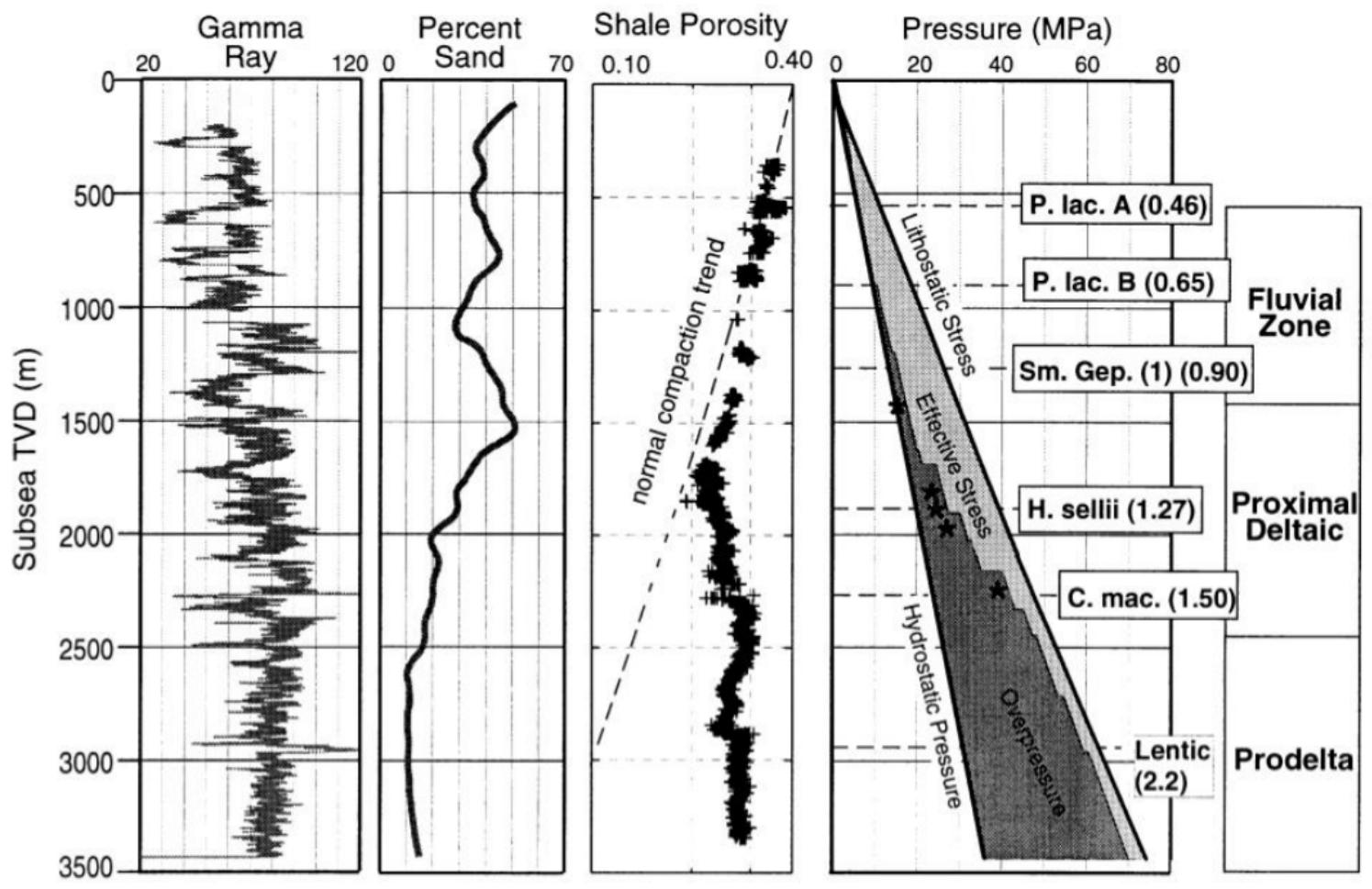




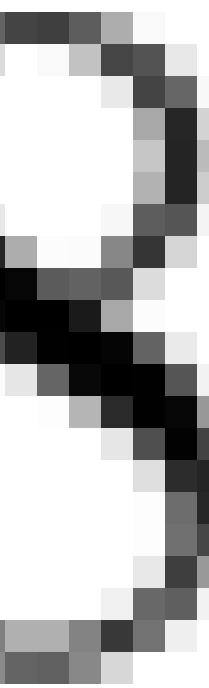
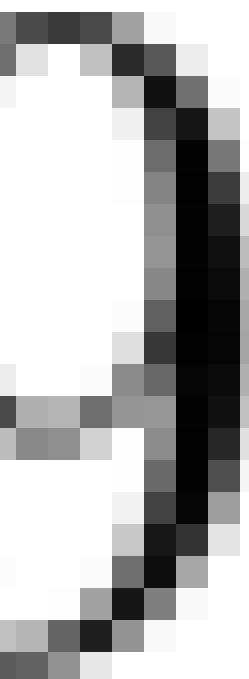
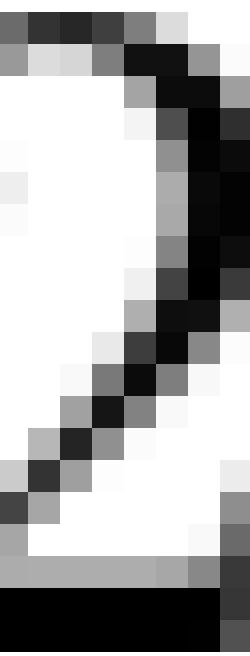
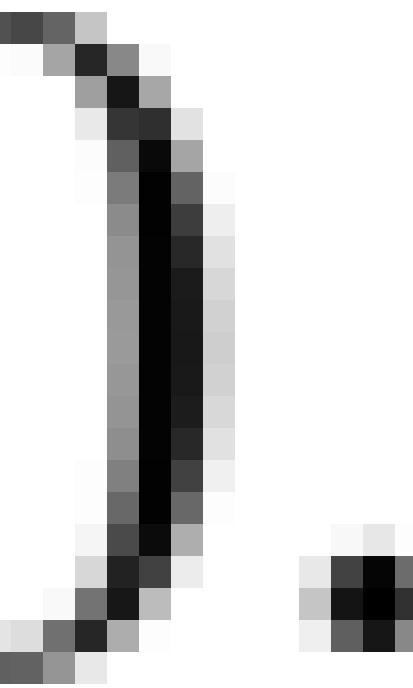
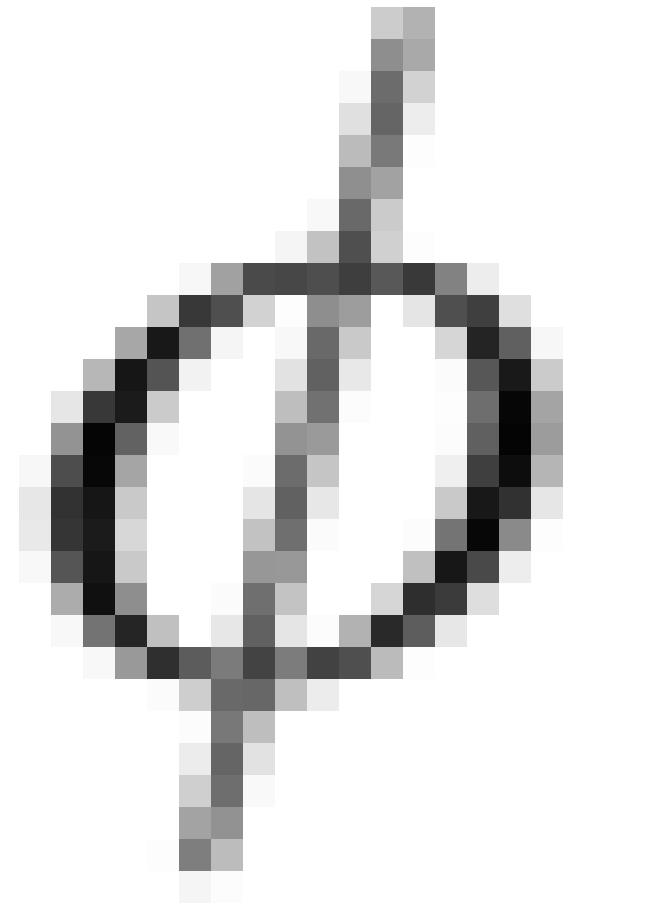


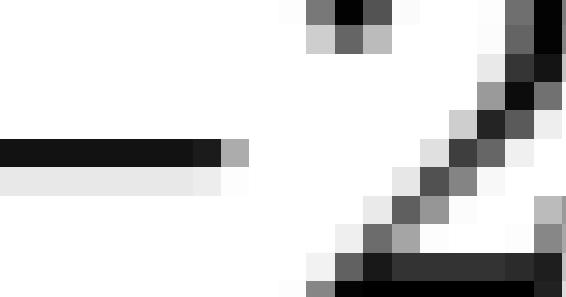
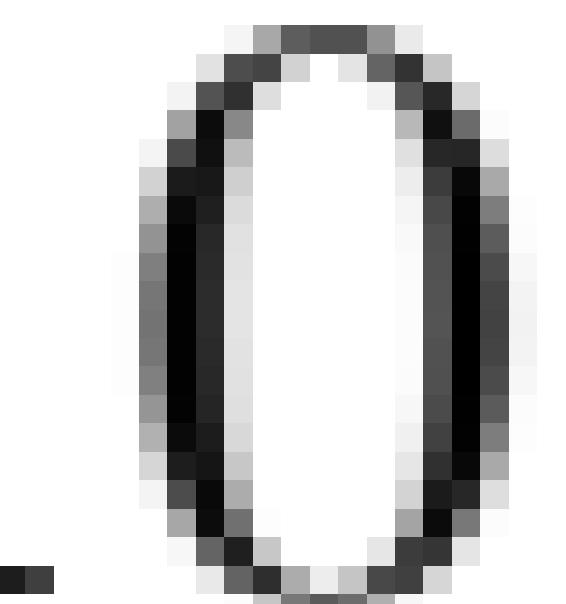
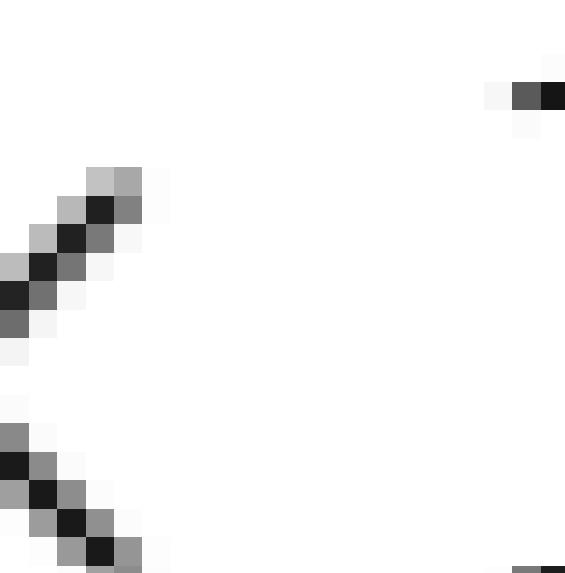
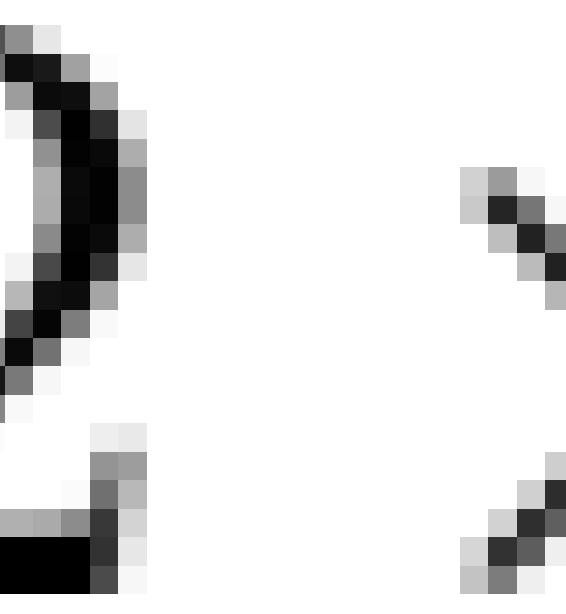
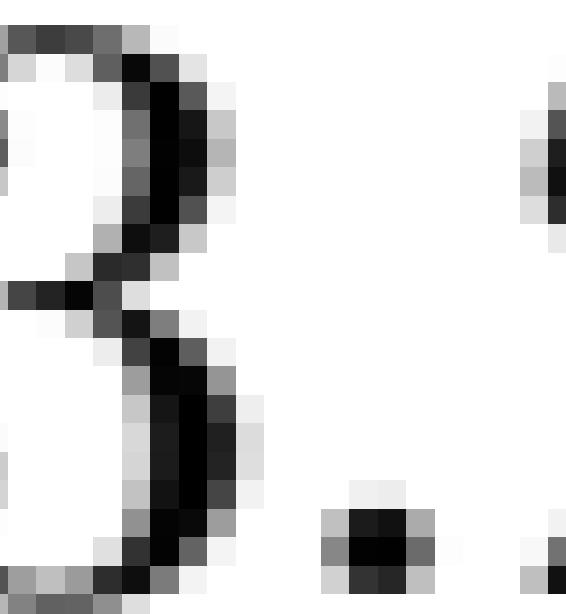
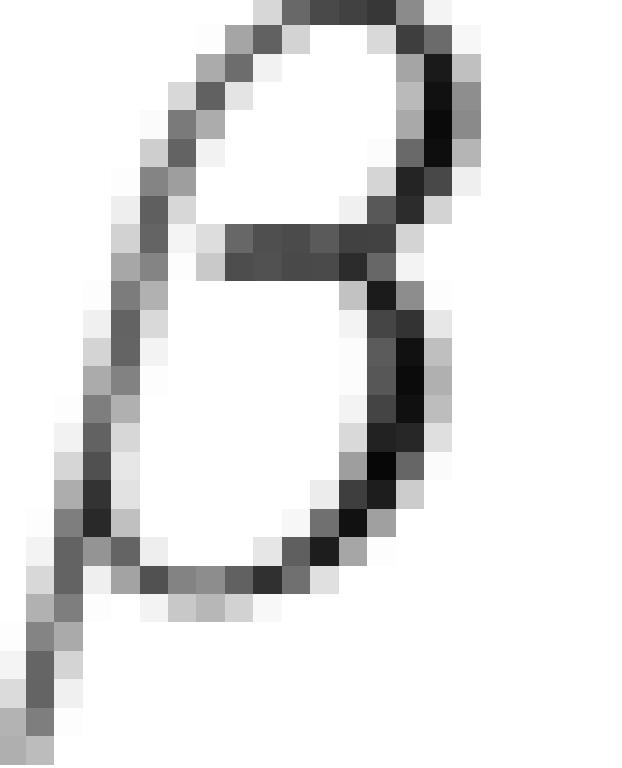


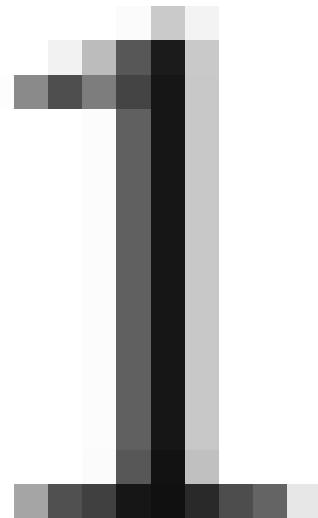


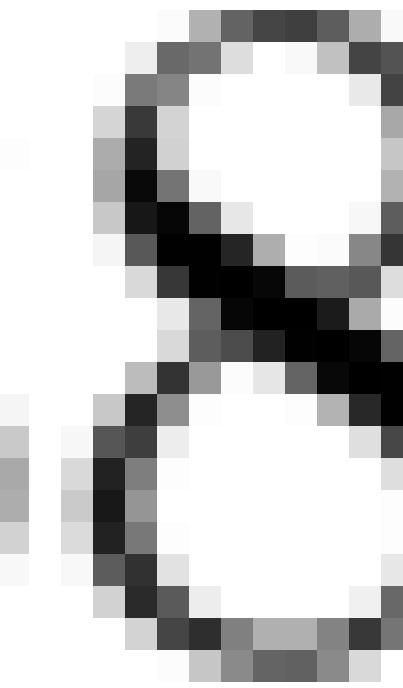
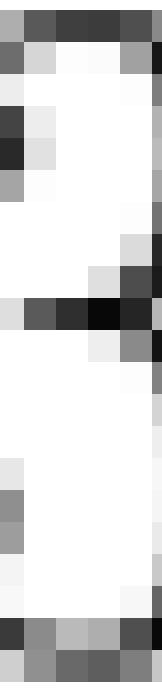
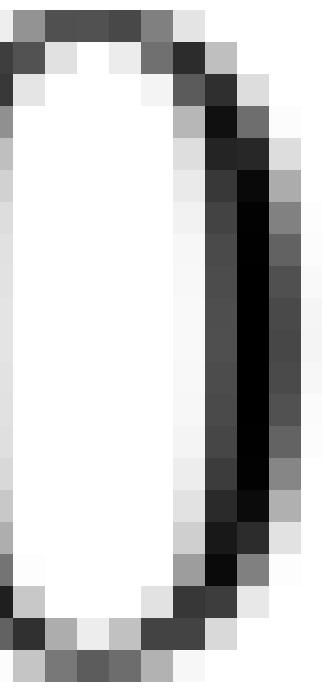
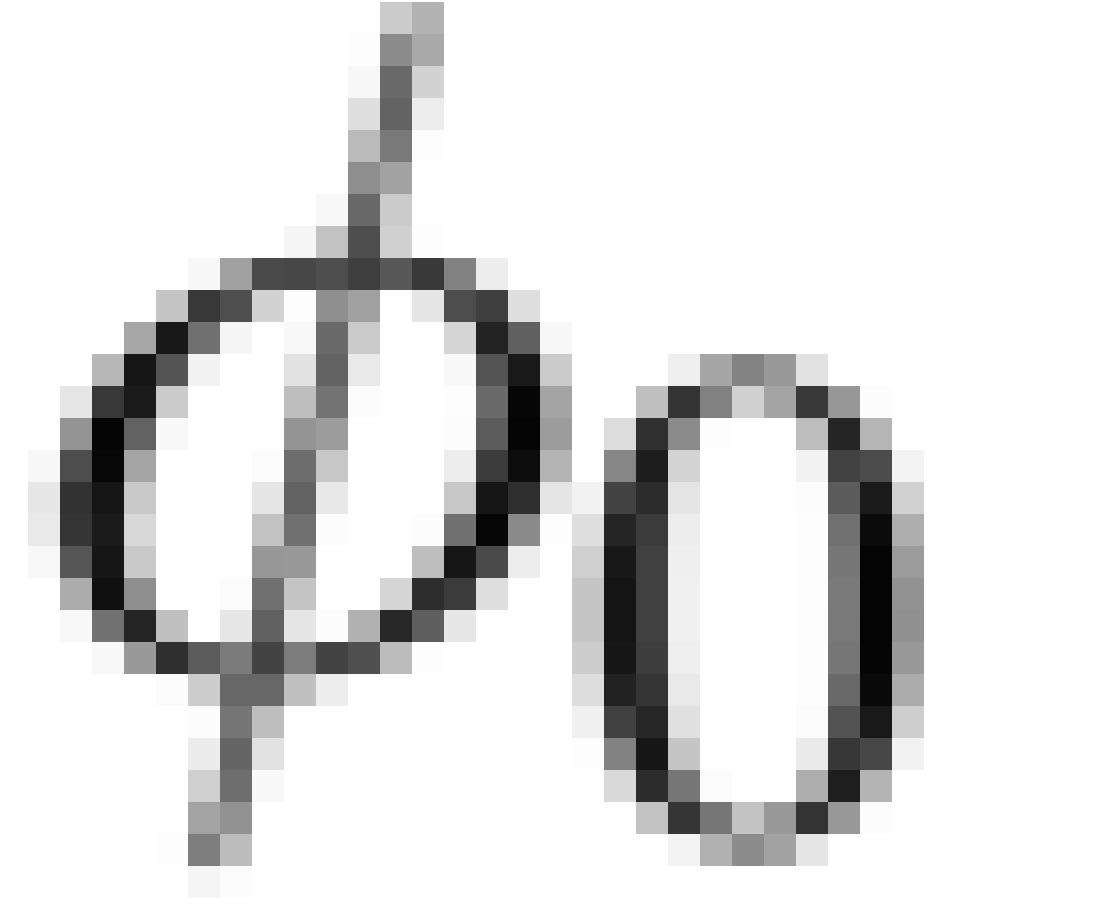


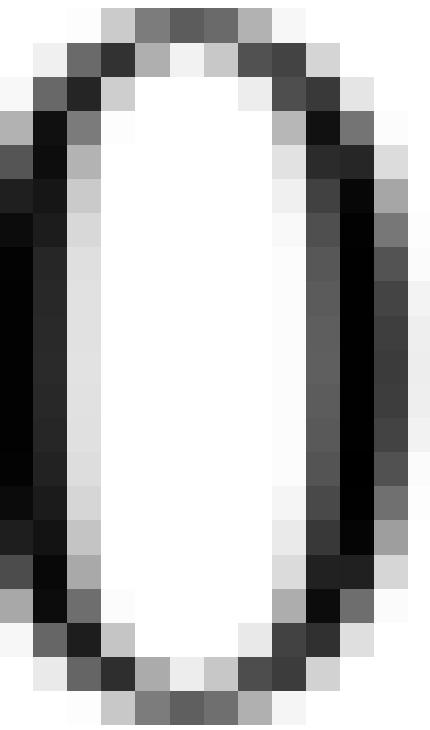
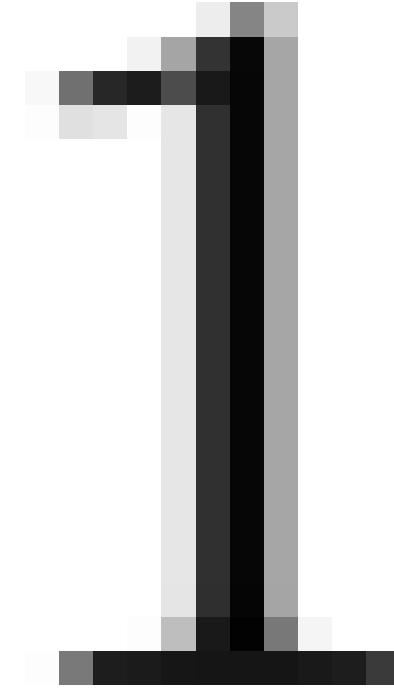
Off-shore Louisiana – Gordon and Flemings (1998) Basin Research

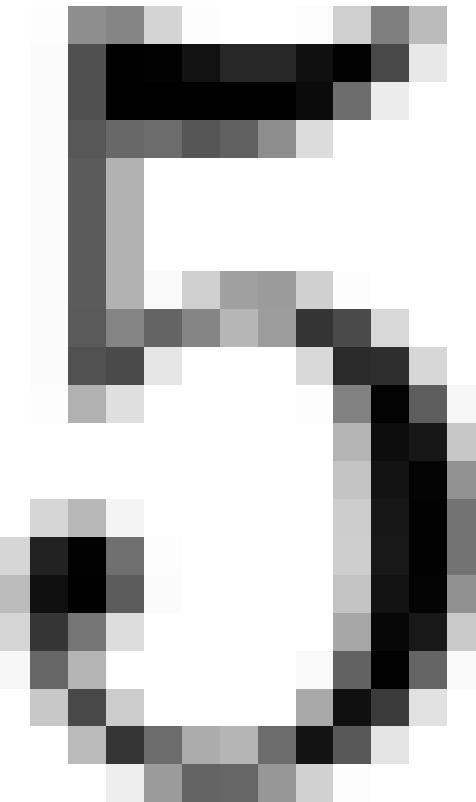
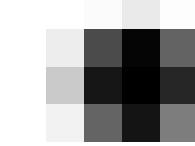
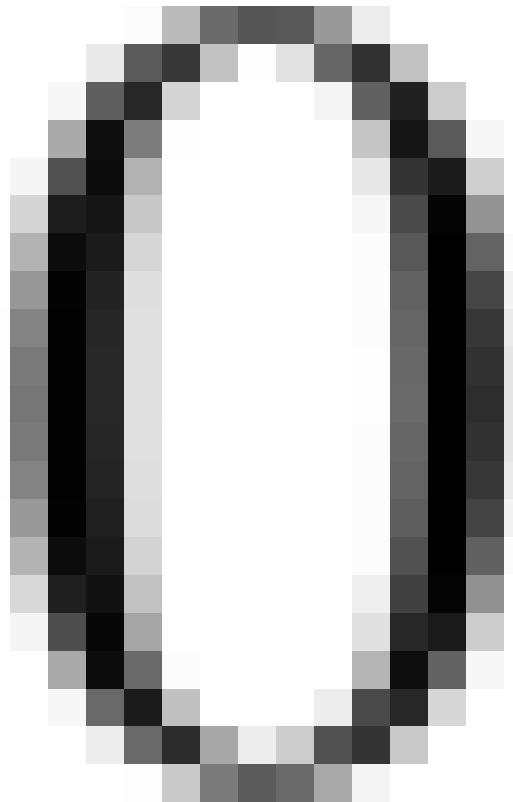
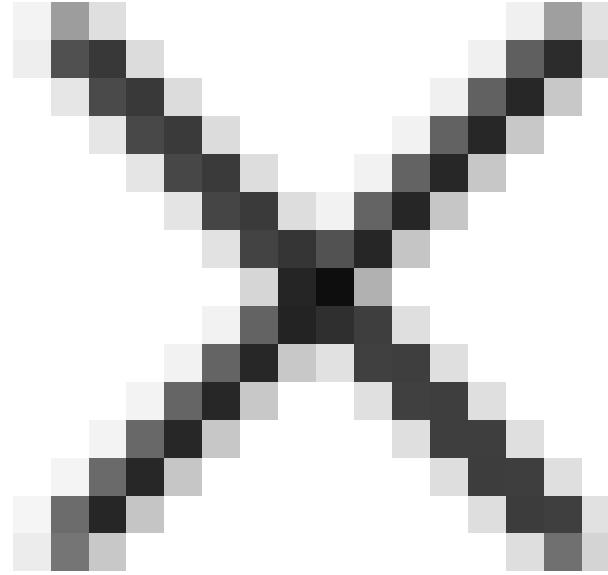


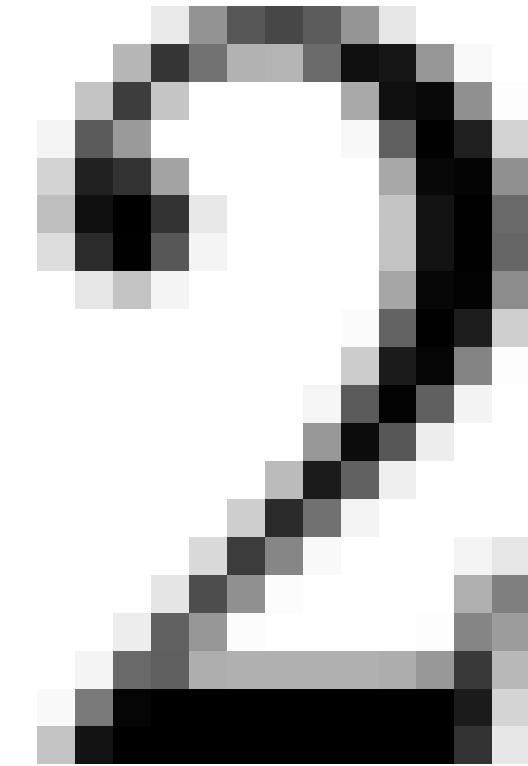
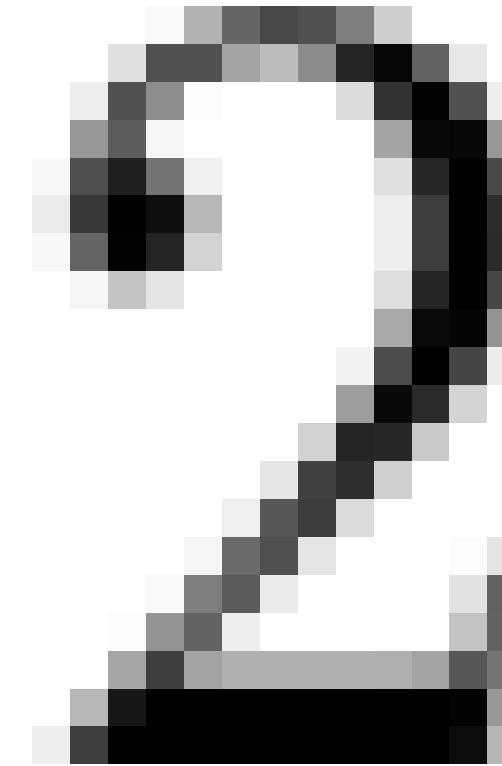
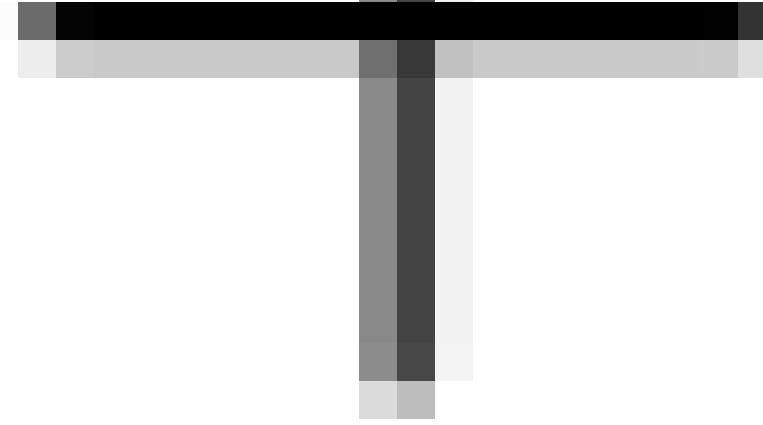


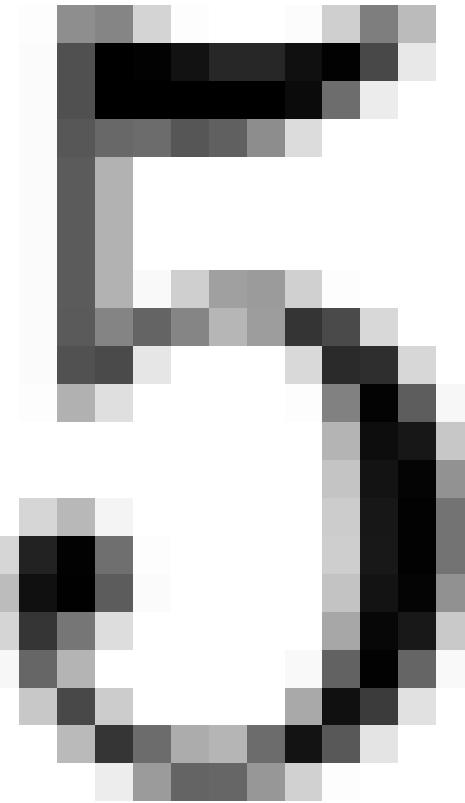
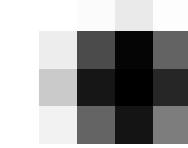
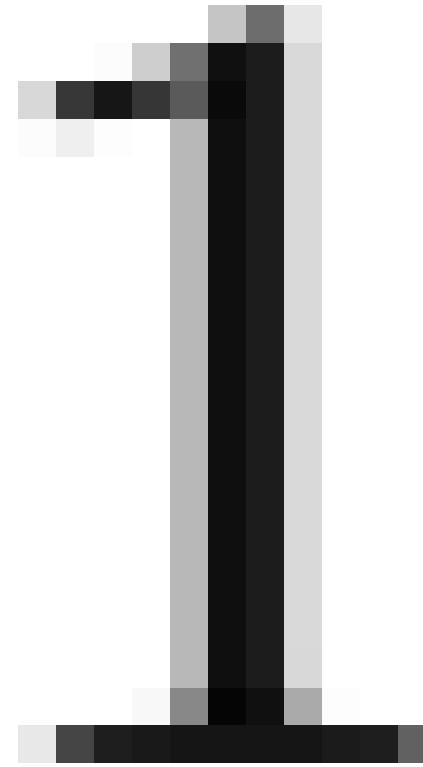
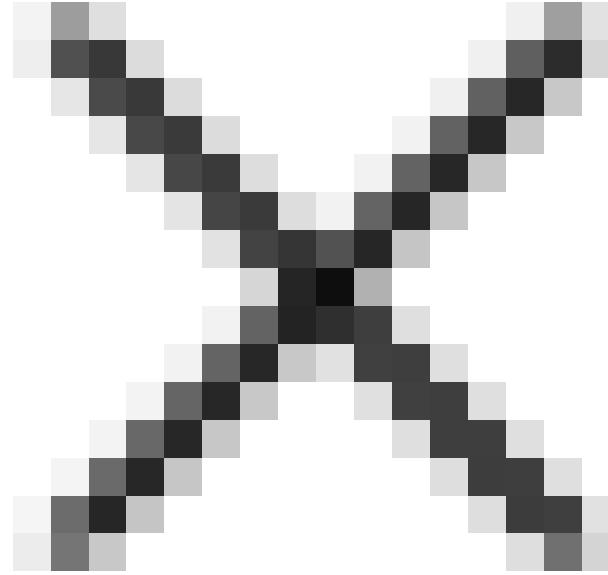


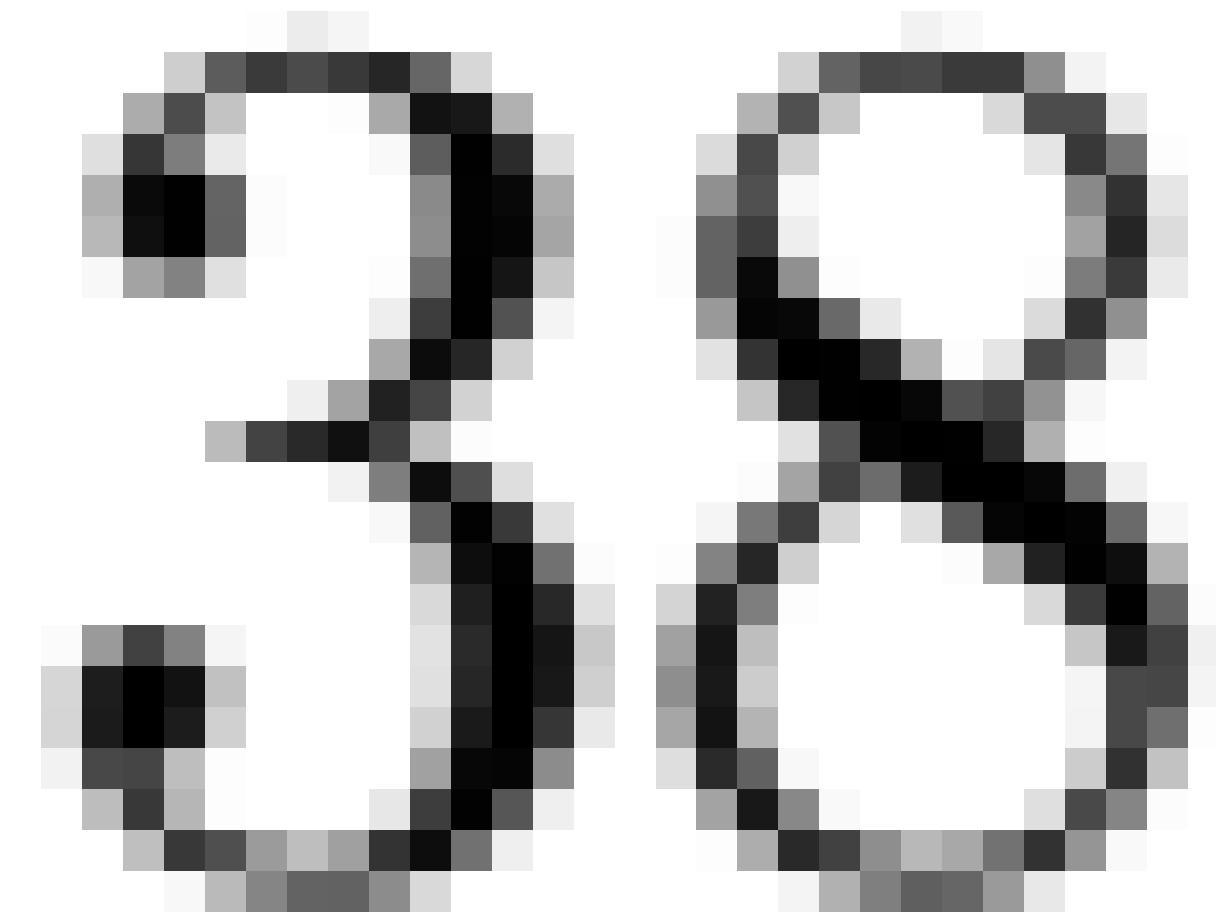












σ_0

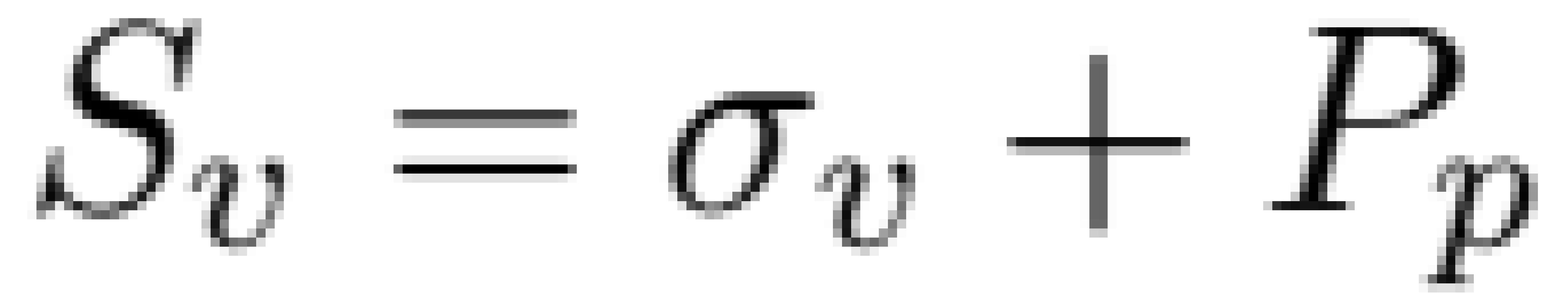
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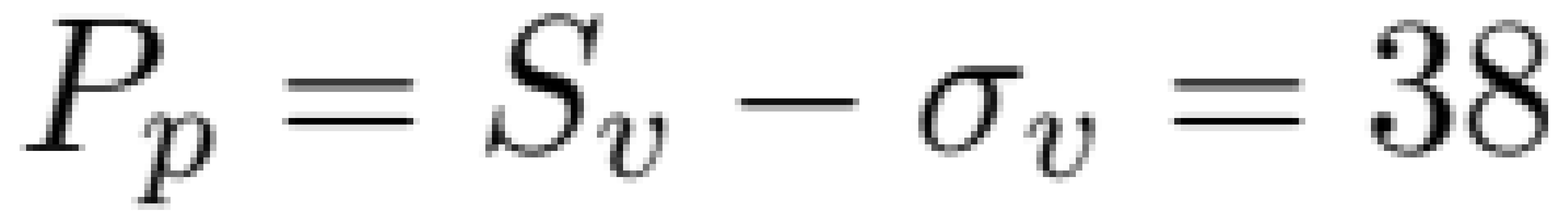
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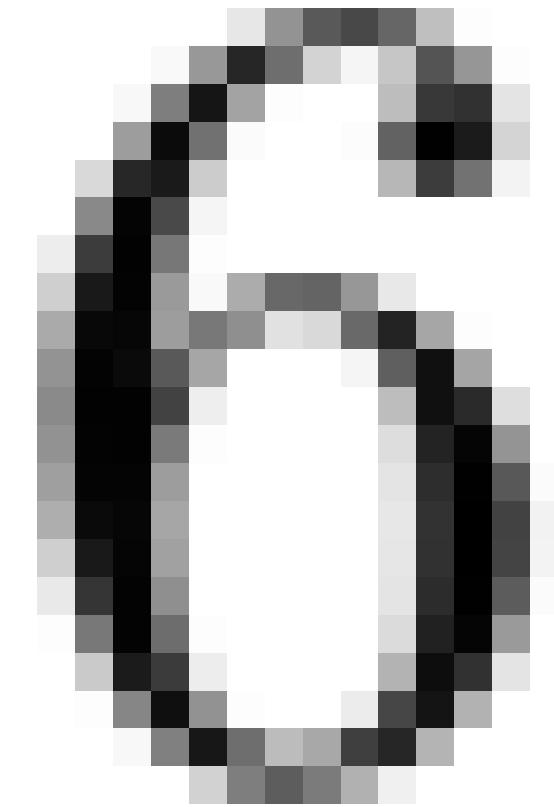
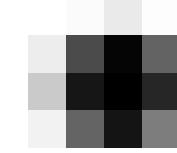
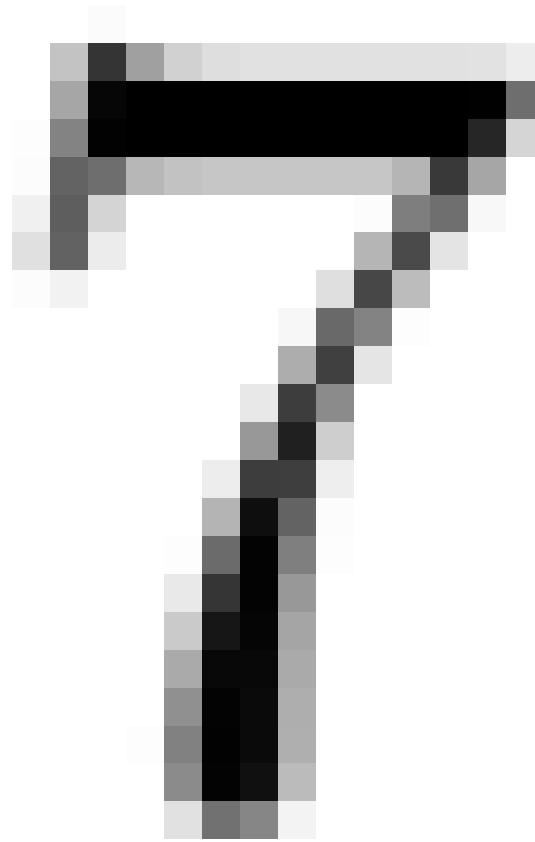
$\ln(\phi_0/\phi)$

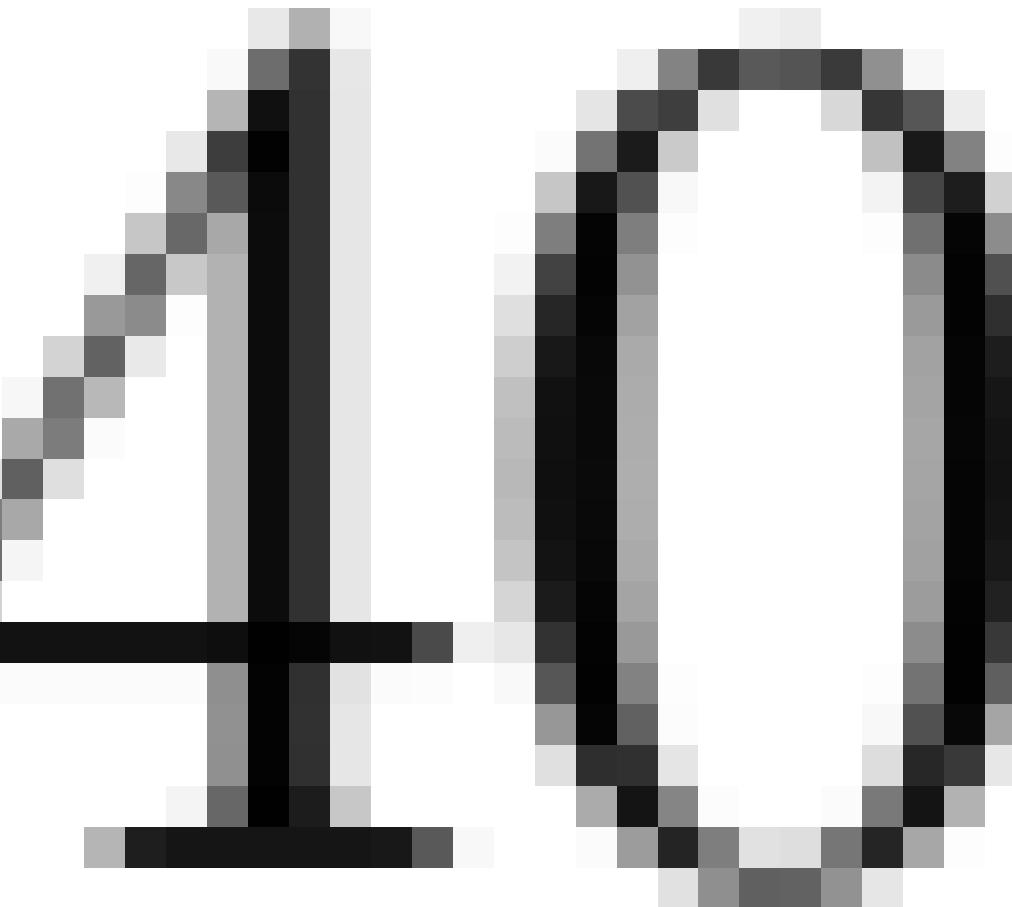
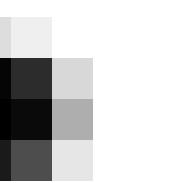
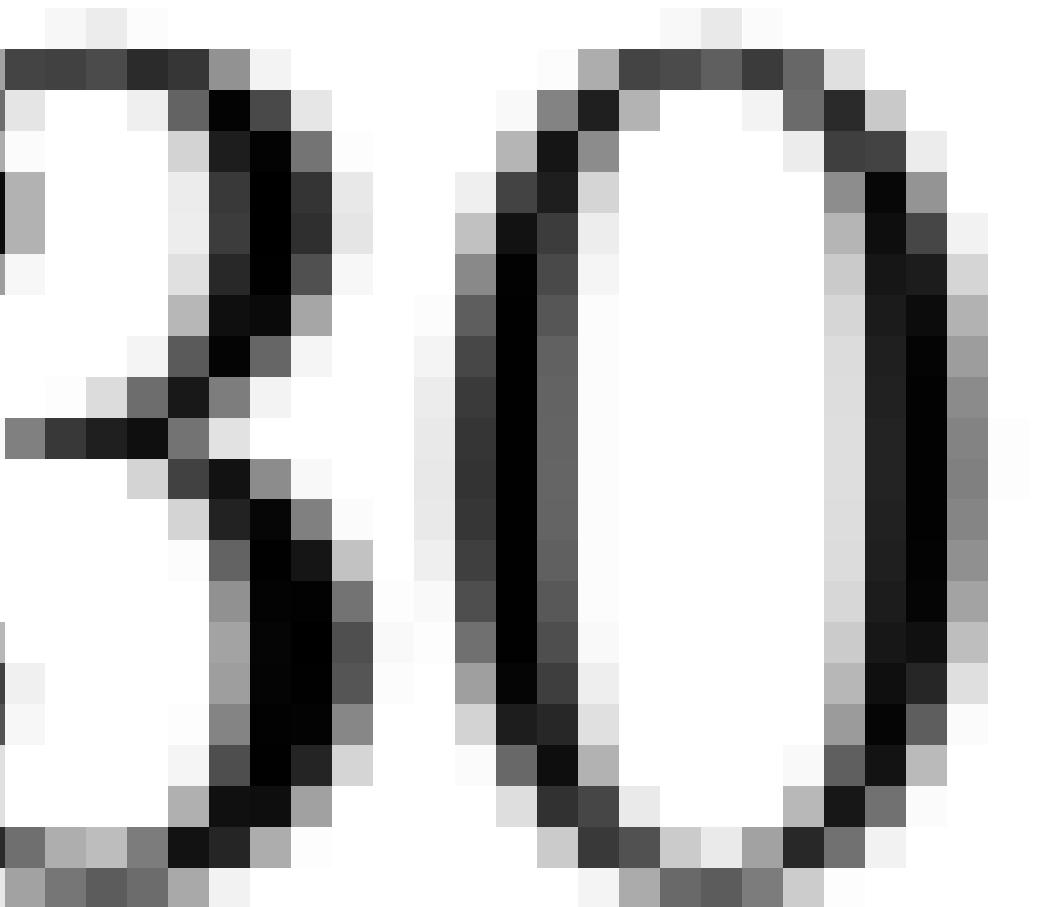
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7.6

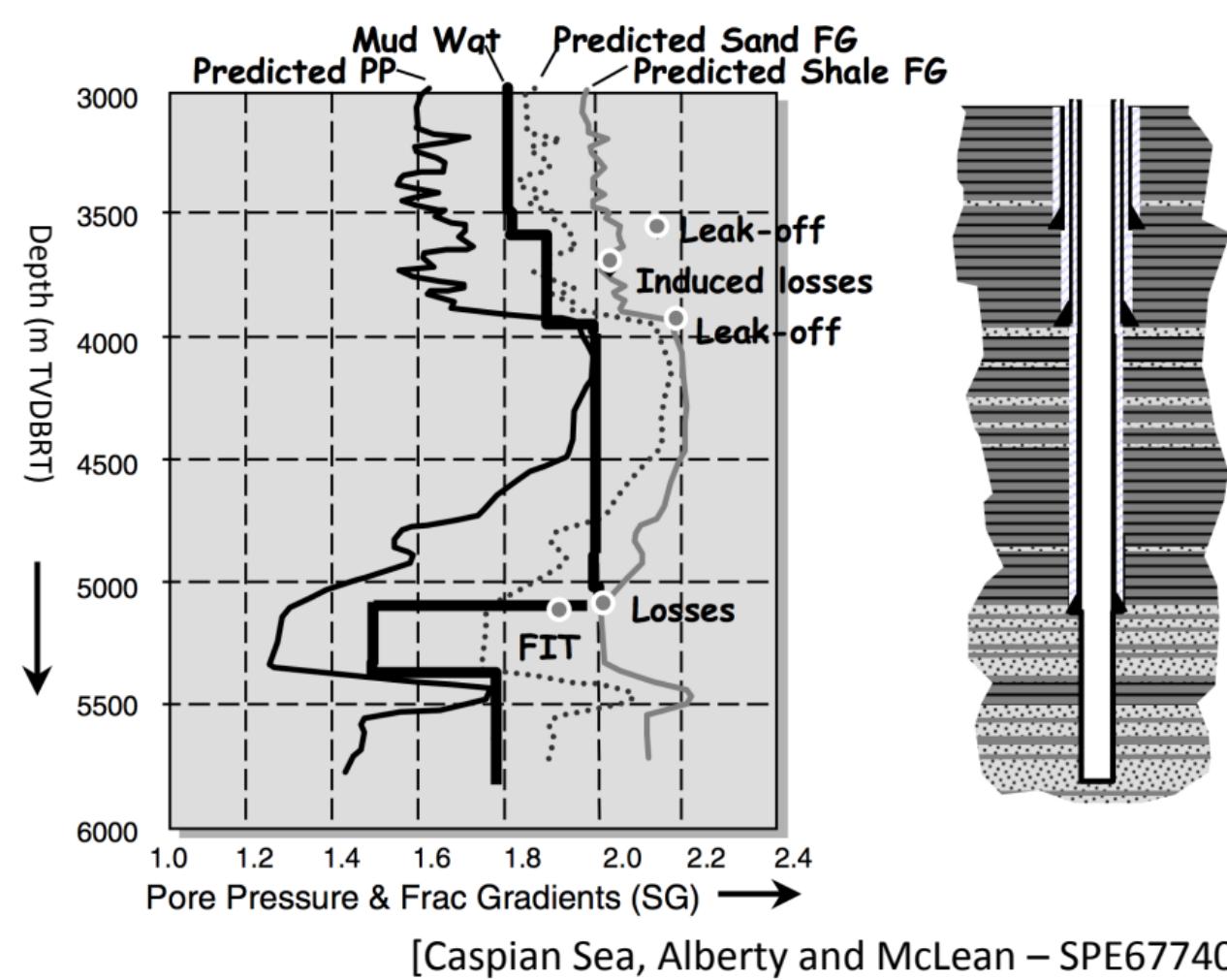






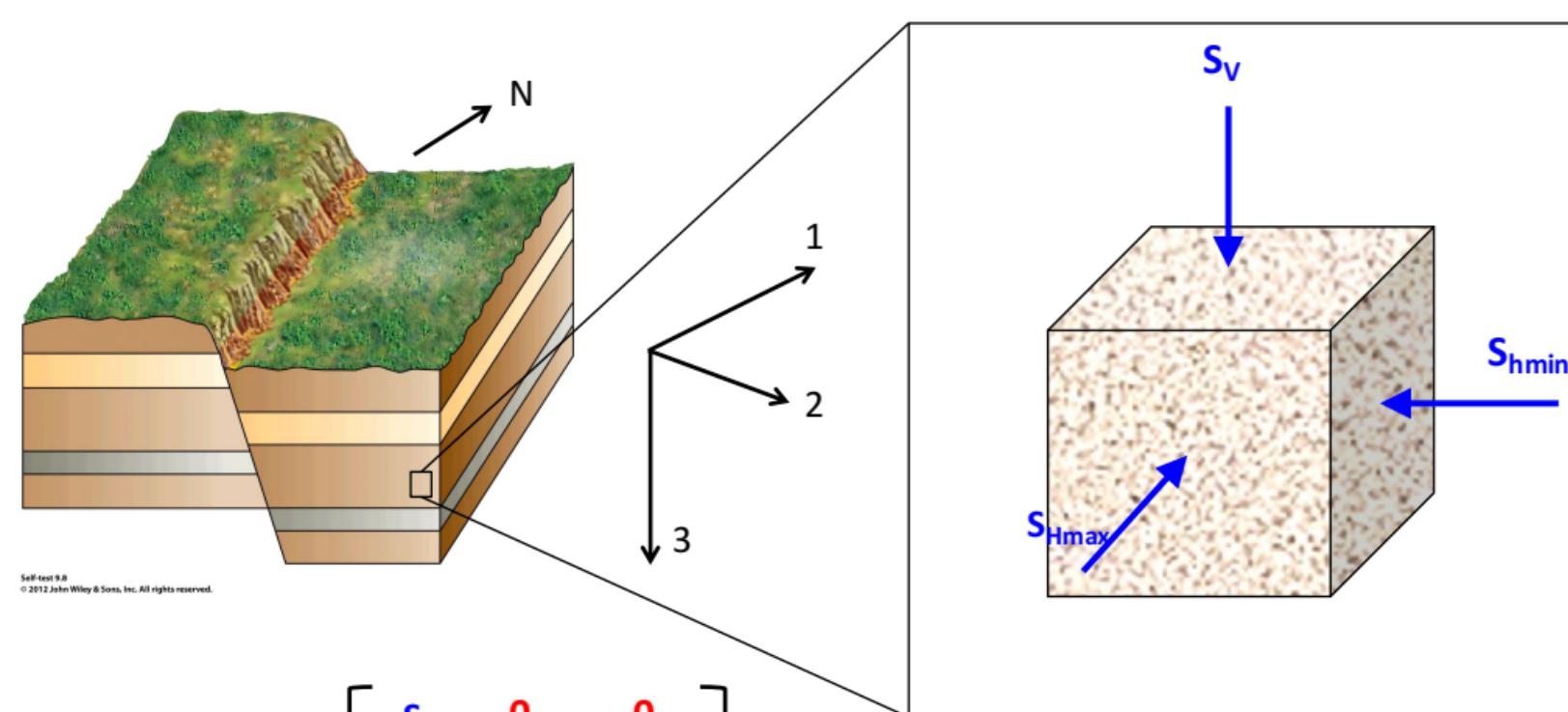


$$\lambda_p = \frac{P_p}{G_2} = \frac{30.40 \text{ MPa}}{0.8 \cdot 38 \text{ MPa}}$$



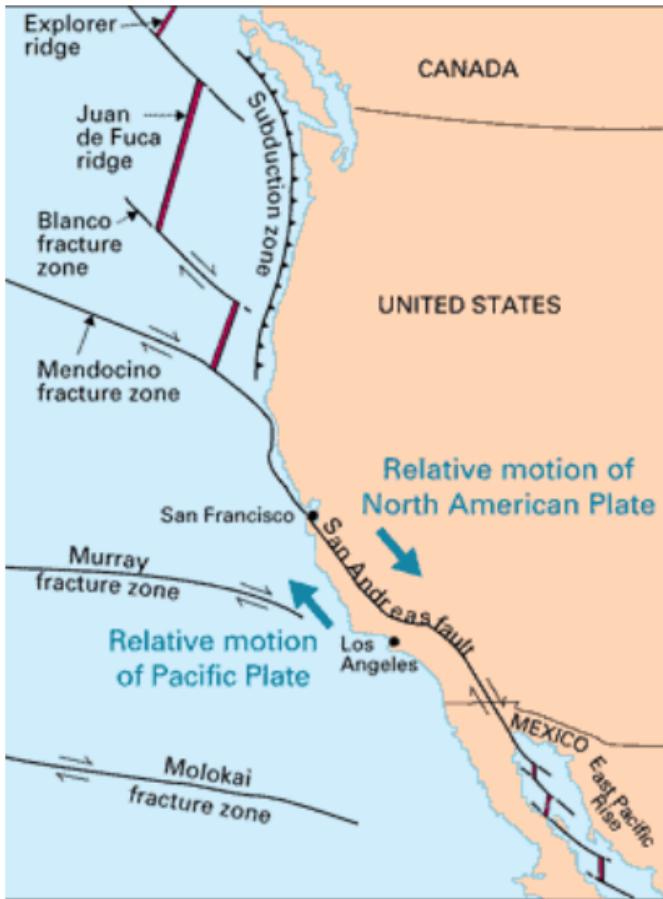
[Caspian Sea, Alberta and McLean – SPE67740]



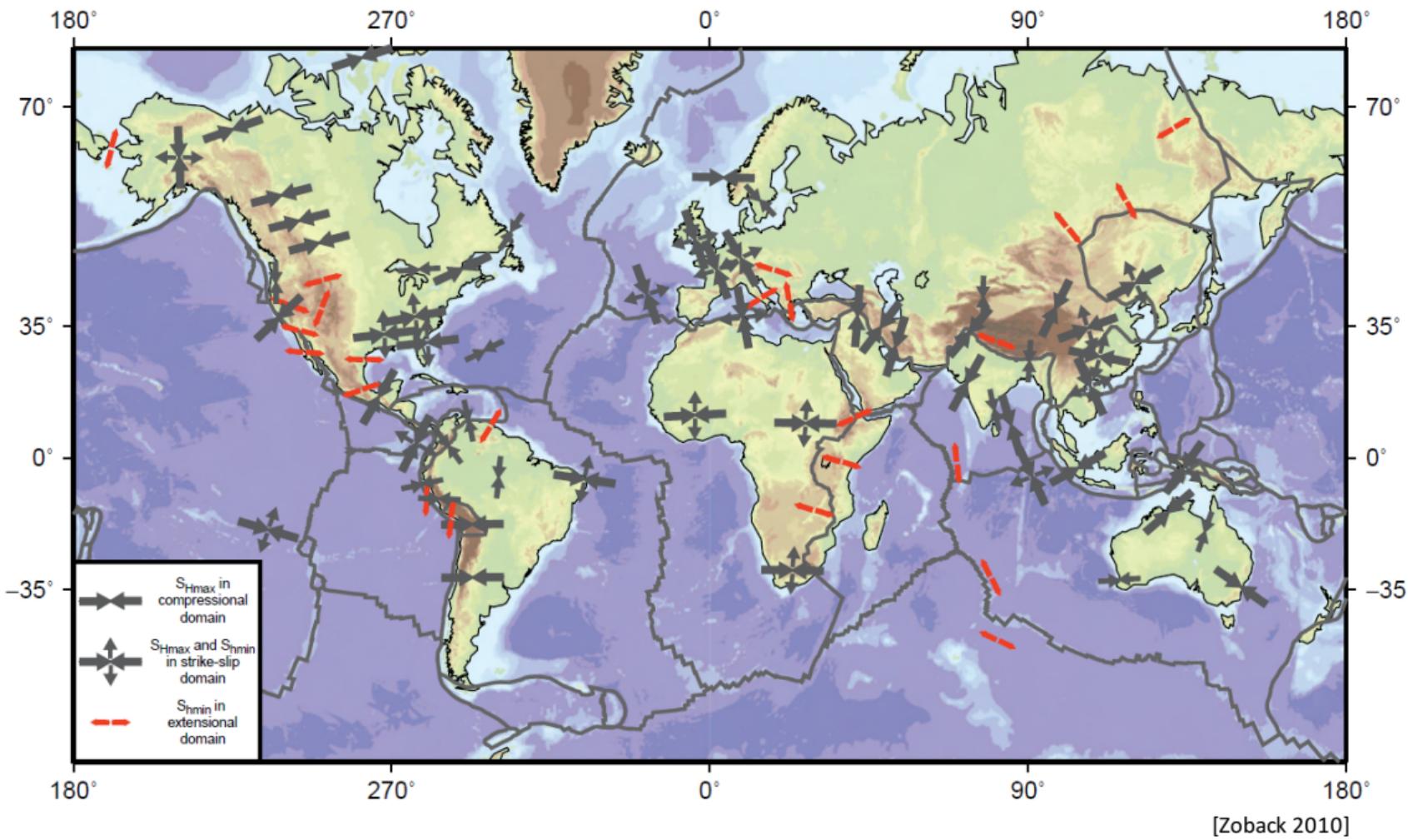


Self-test 9.8
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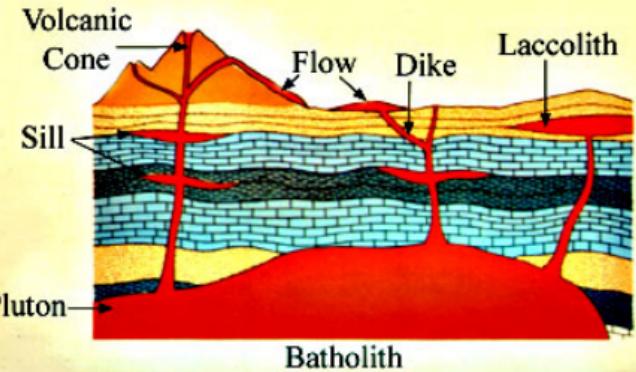
$$\underline{\underline{S}} = \begin{bmatrix} S_V & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S_{Hmax} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & S_{hmin} \end{bmatrix}$$



<http://pubs.usgs.gov/gip/dynamic/understanding.html#anchor5798673>
<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Aerial-SanAndreas-CarrizoPlain.jpg>



PLUTONS & VOLCANIC LANDFORMS



<http://www.indiana.edu/~geol105/1425chap5.htm>
<http://geophysics.ou.edu/geol1114>



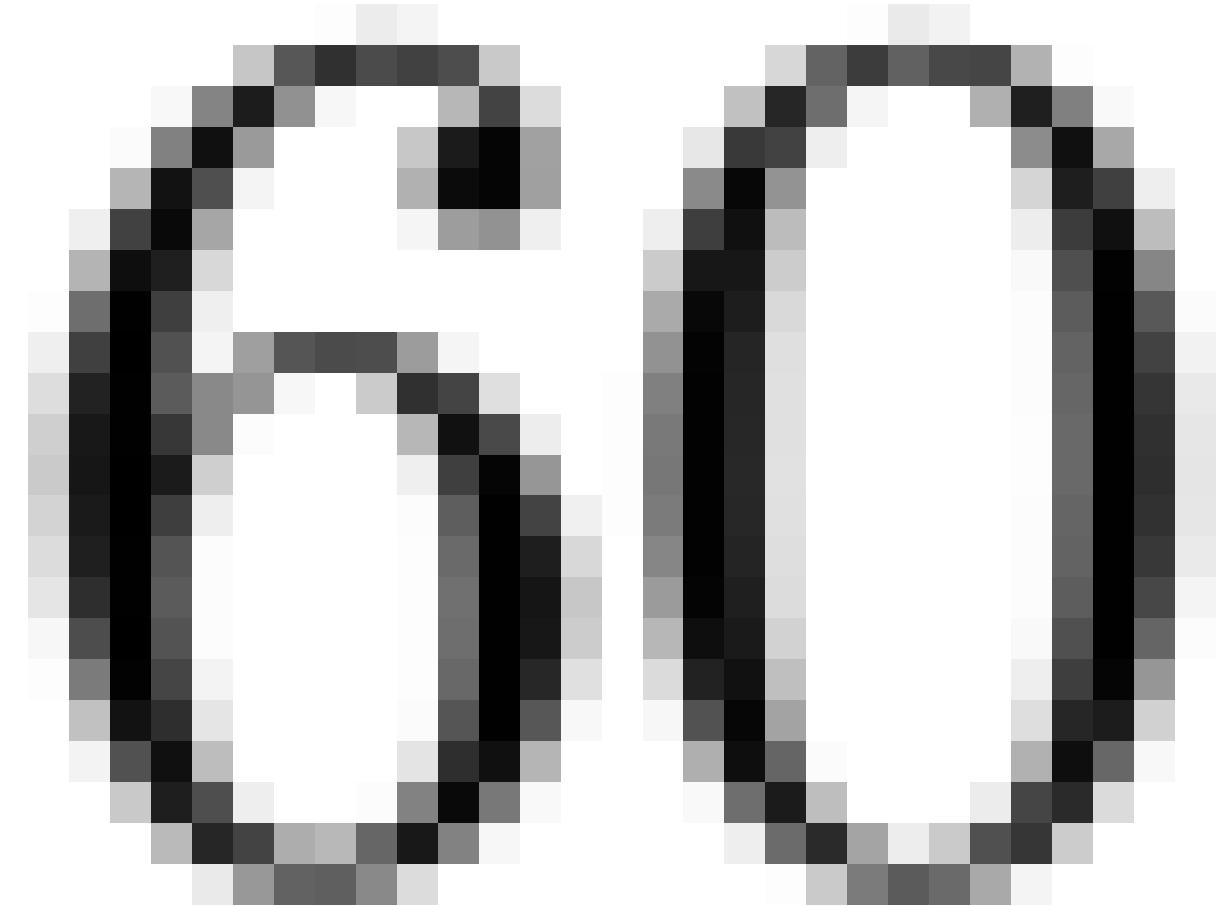
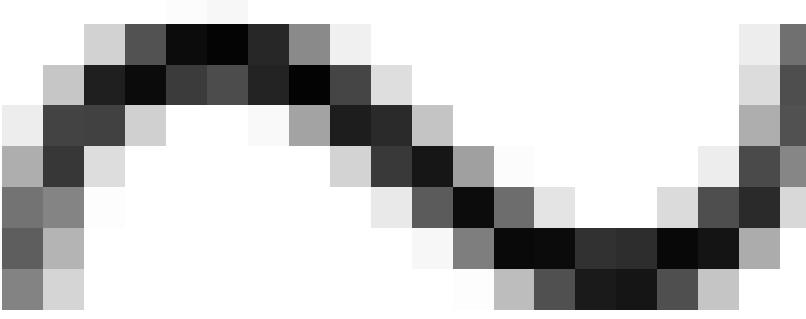








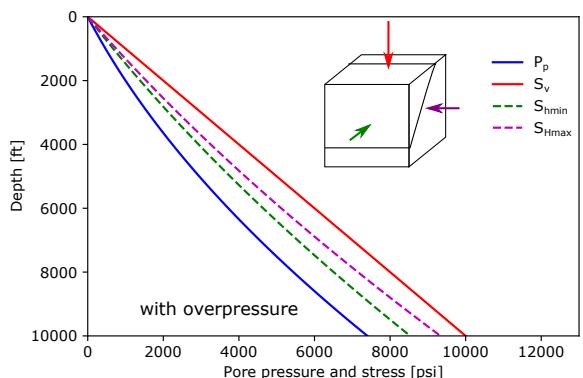
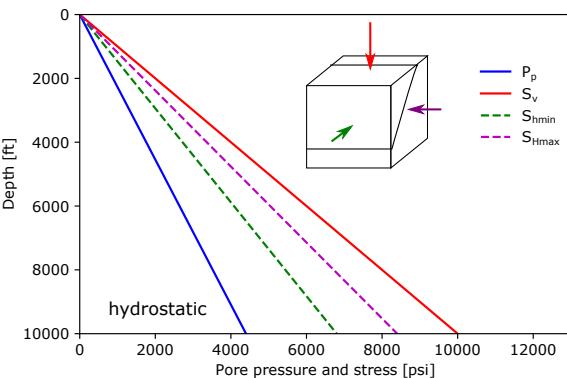




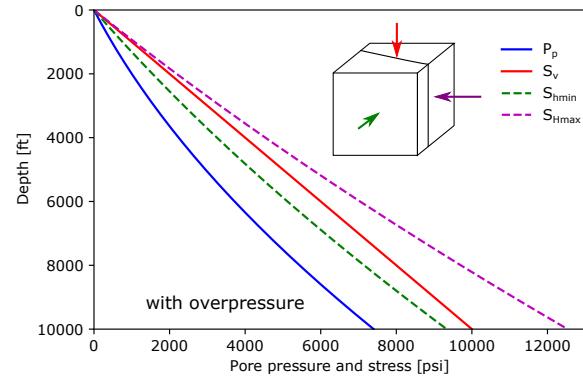
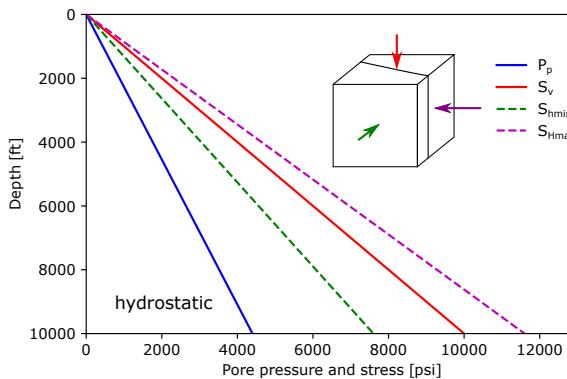




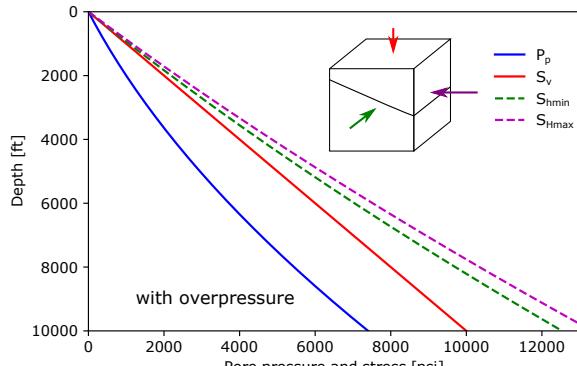
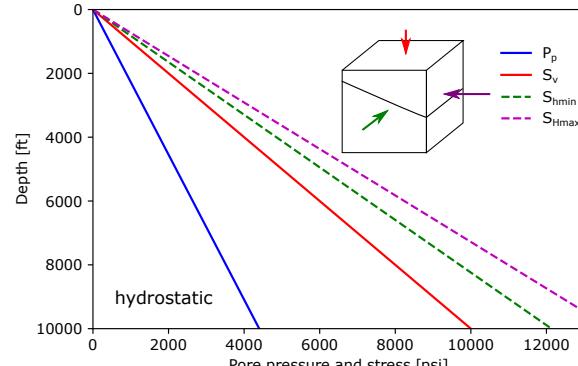
Normal faulting: $S_v > S_{H\max} > S_{h\min}$



Strike slip faulting: $S_{H\max} > S_v > S_{h\min}$

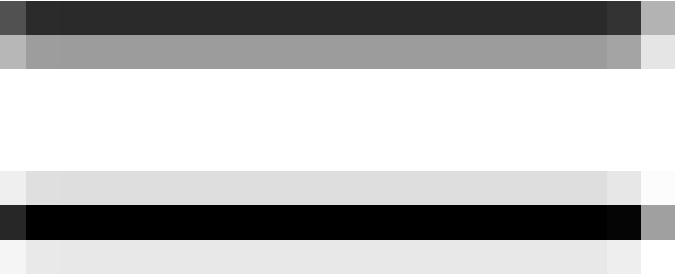


Reverse faulting: $S_{H\max} > S_{h\min} > S_v$







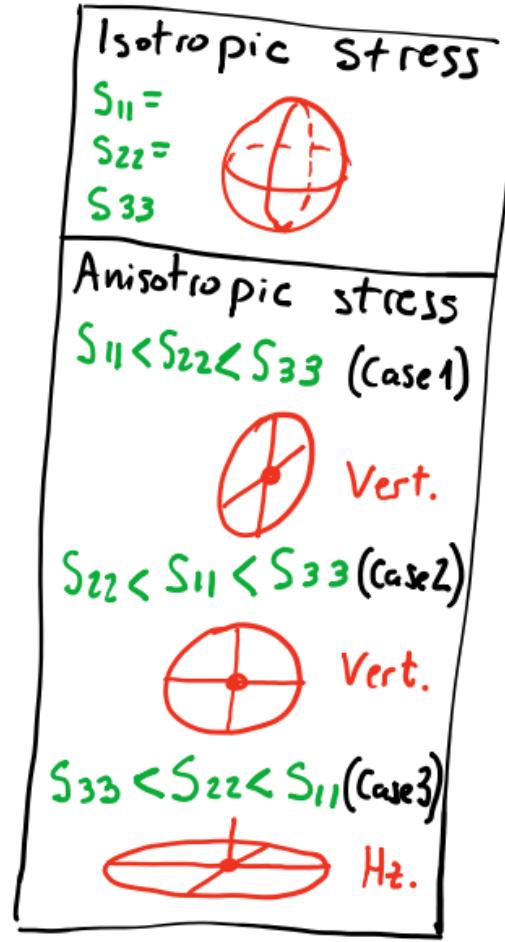
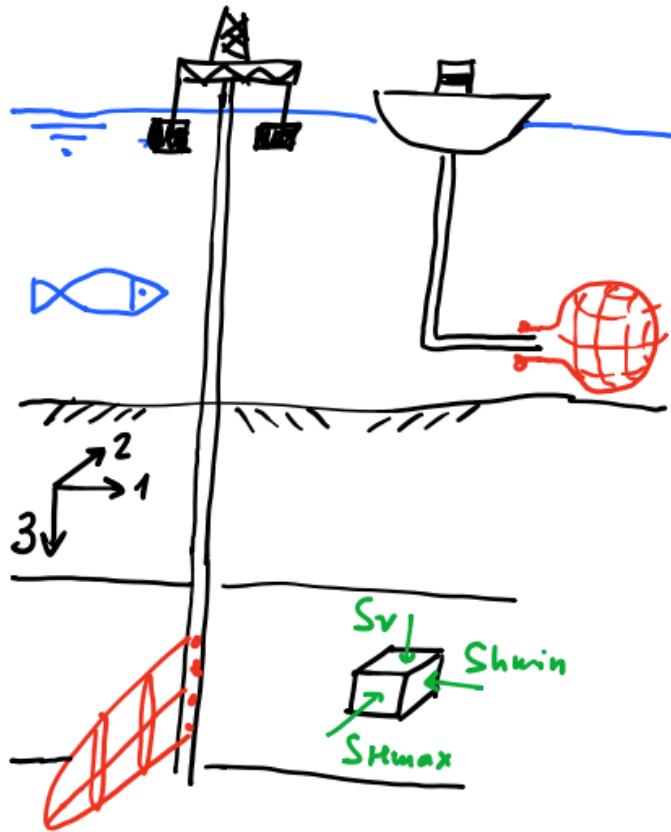










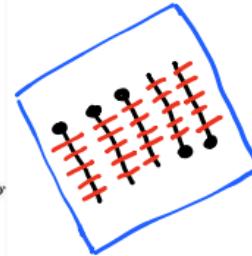
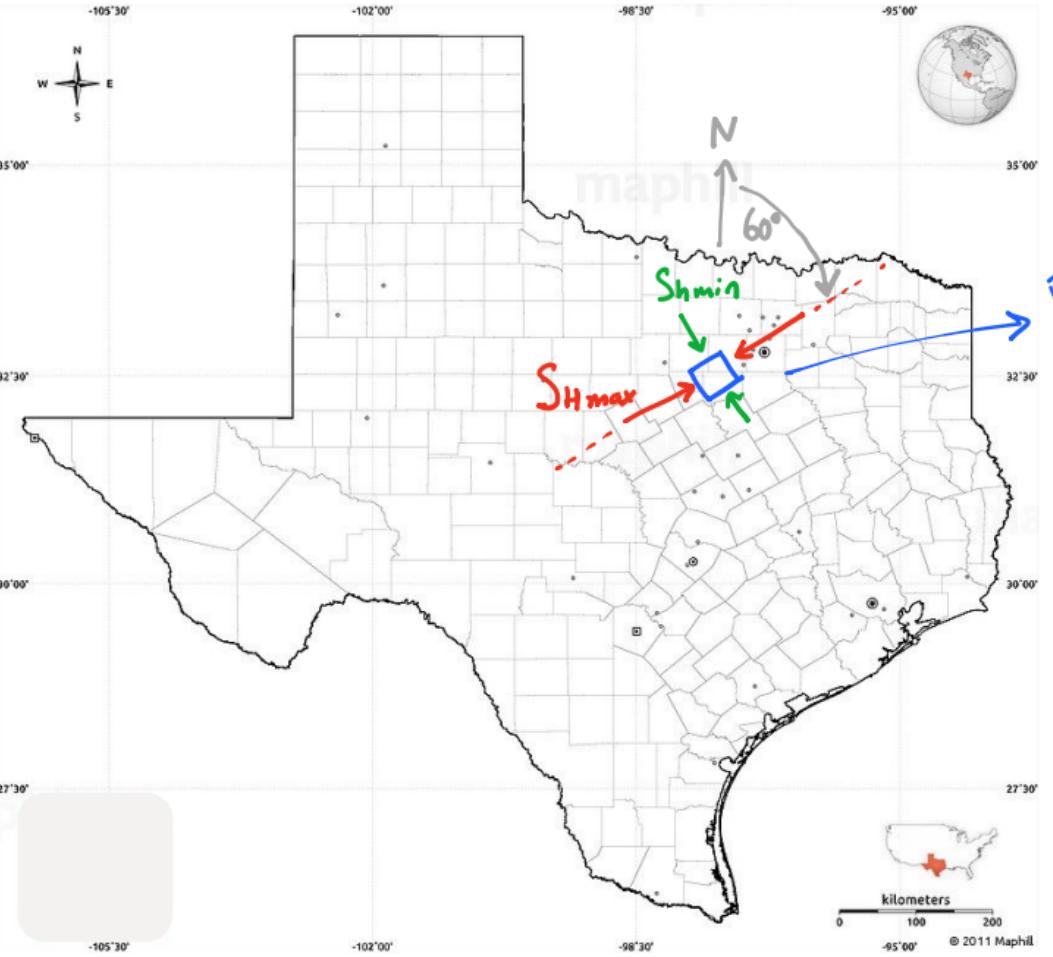










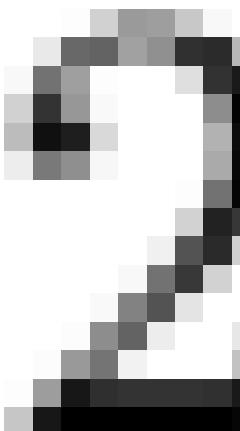
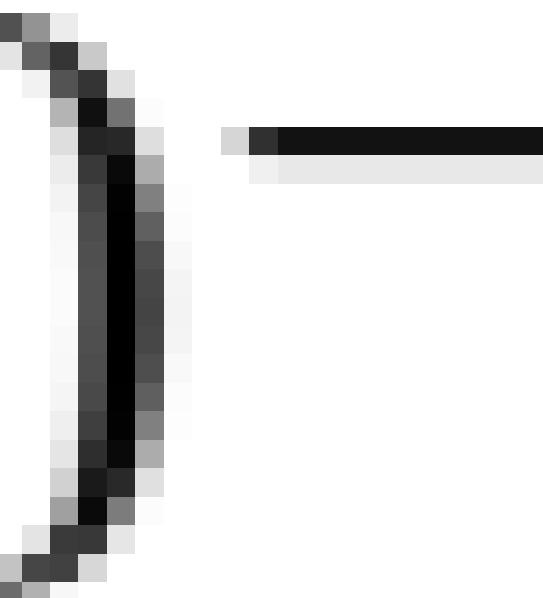
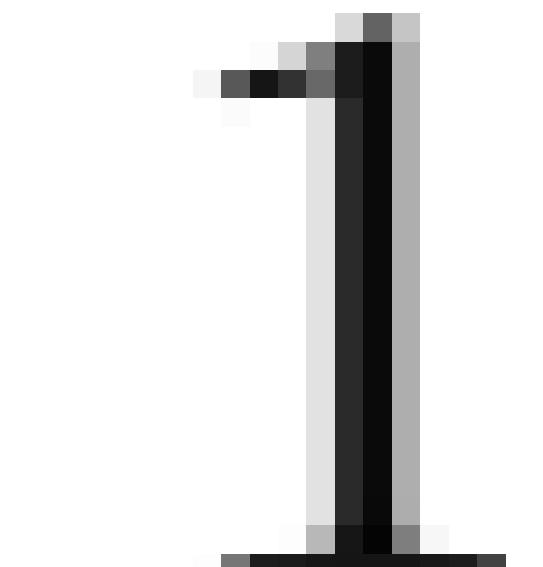
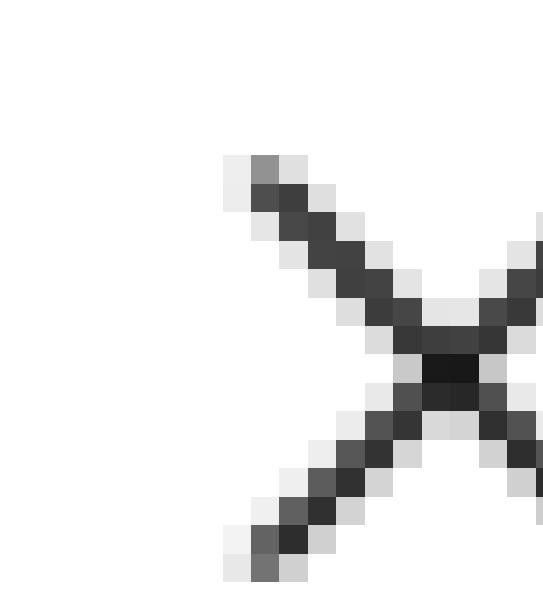
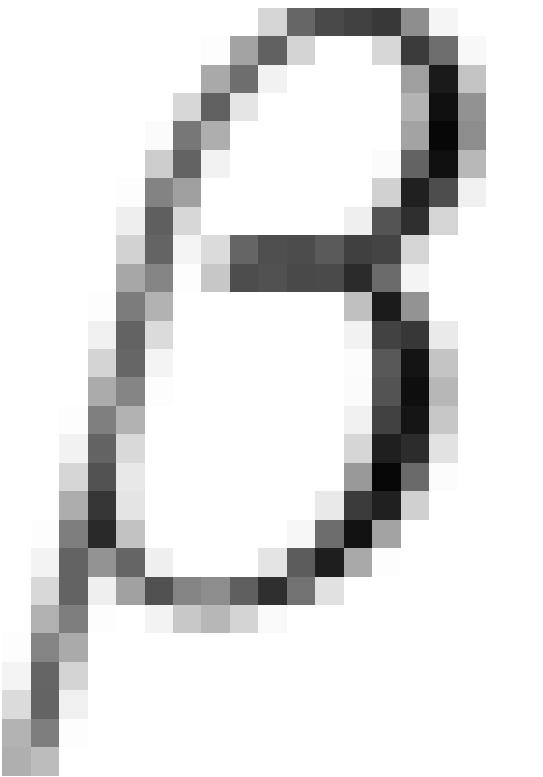


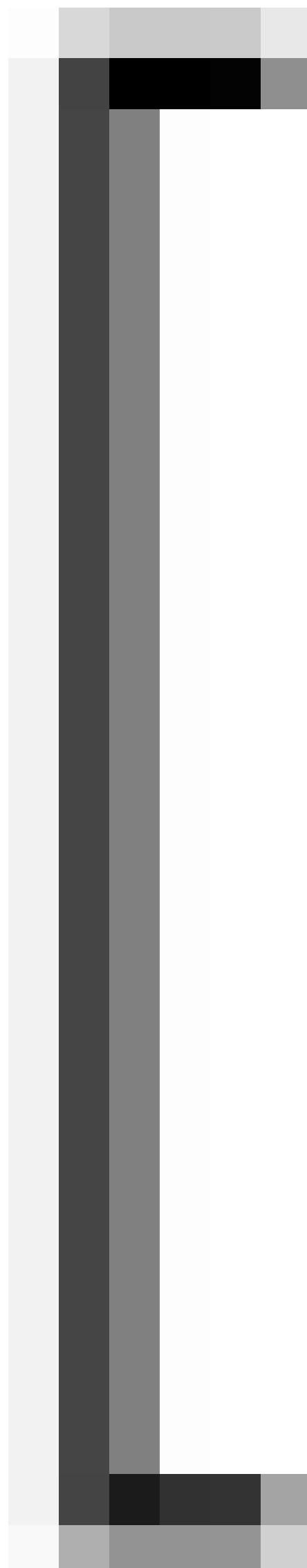
Barnett: Normal Faulting
stress regime

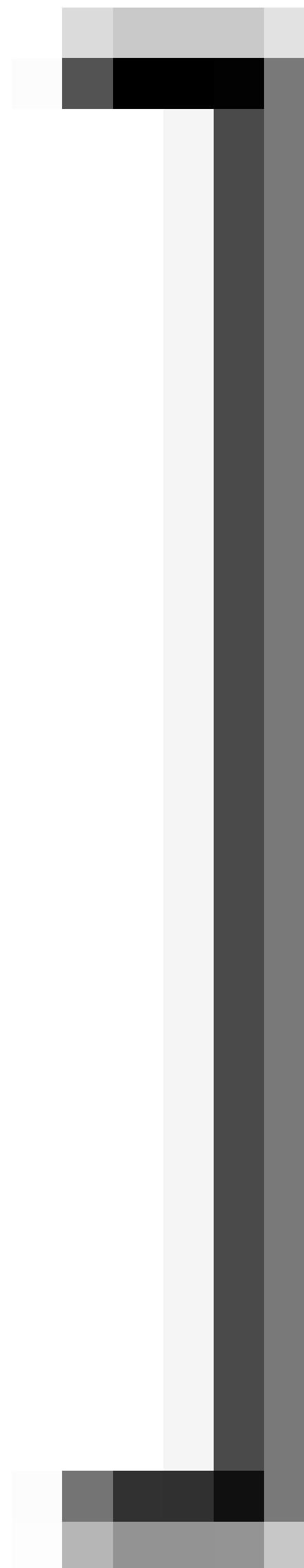
$\text{HF (plane)} \perp S_{\text{Hmin}}$

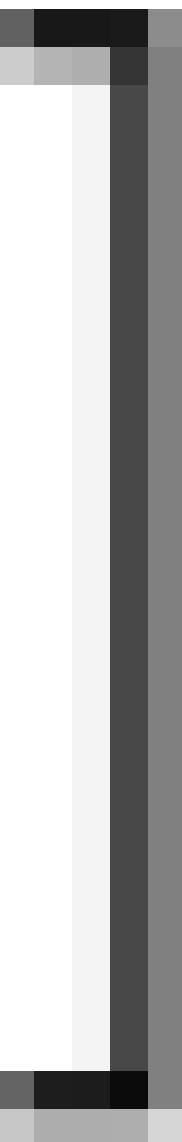
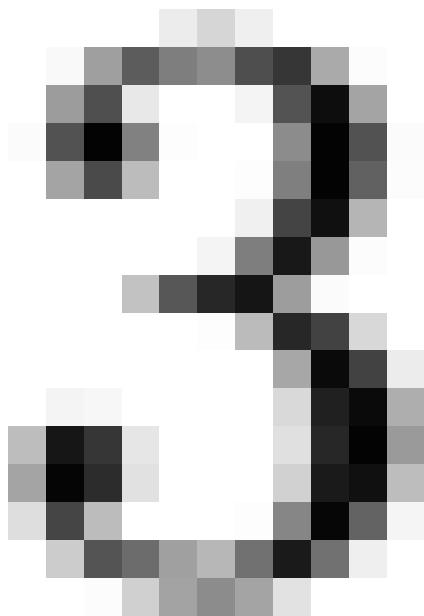
$H_z \text{ well} \parallel S_{\text{Hmin}}$

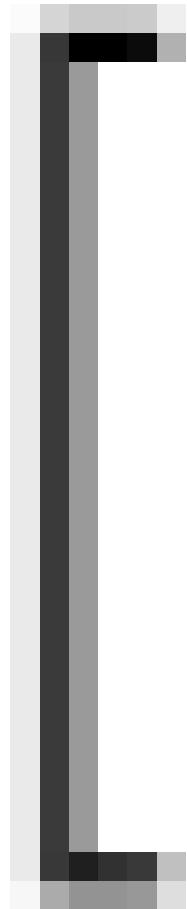
$P_{\text{BHP}} > S_{\text{Hmin}}$

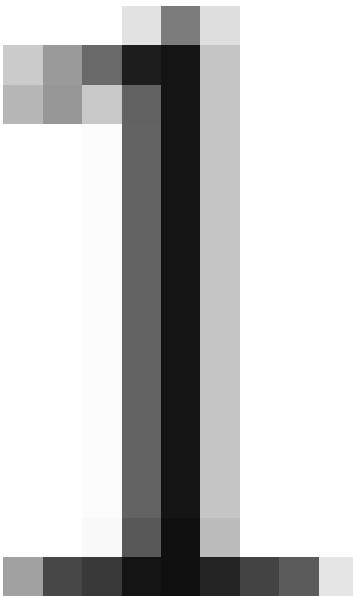
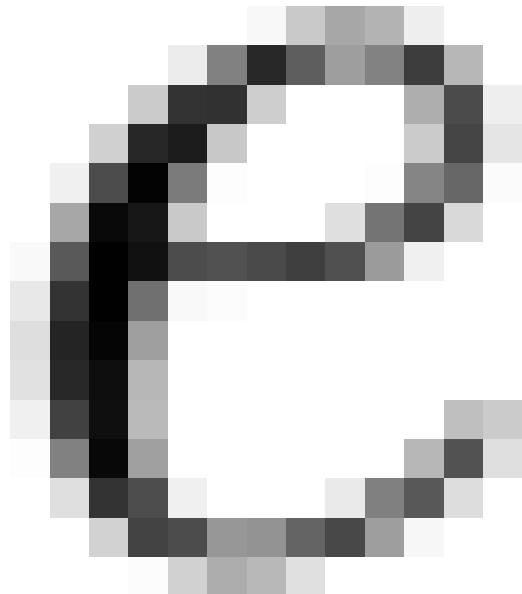




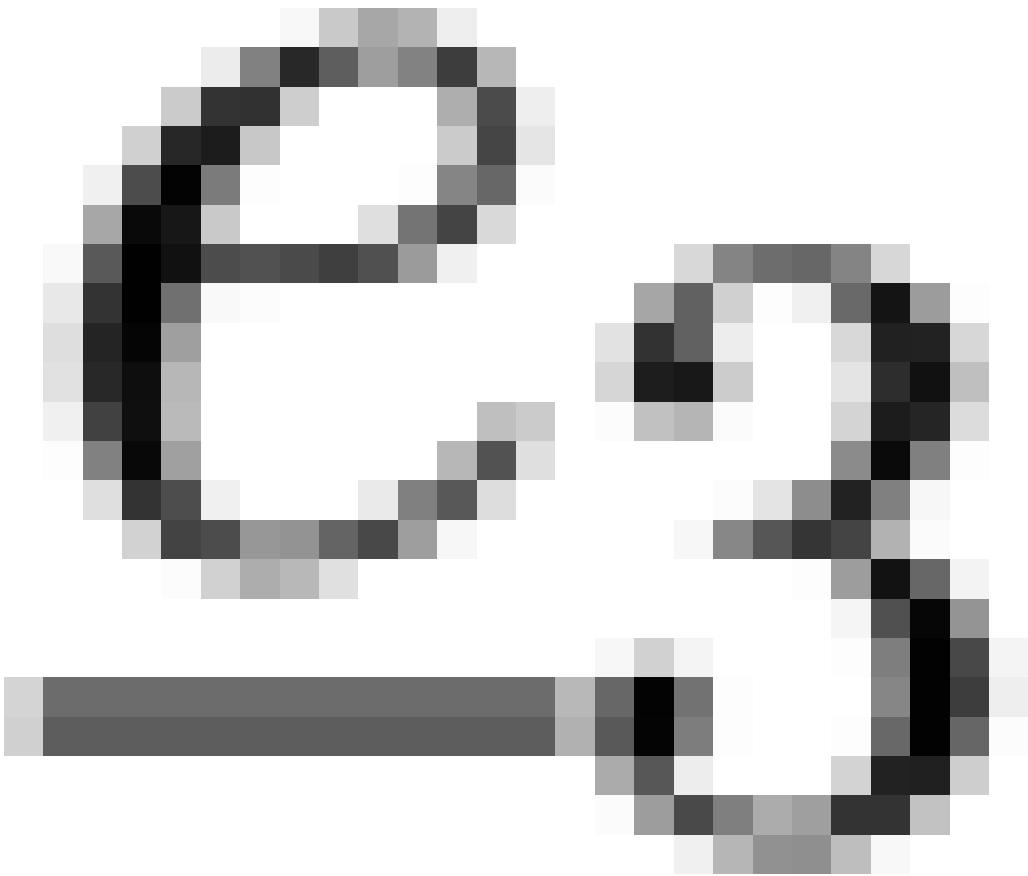


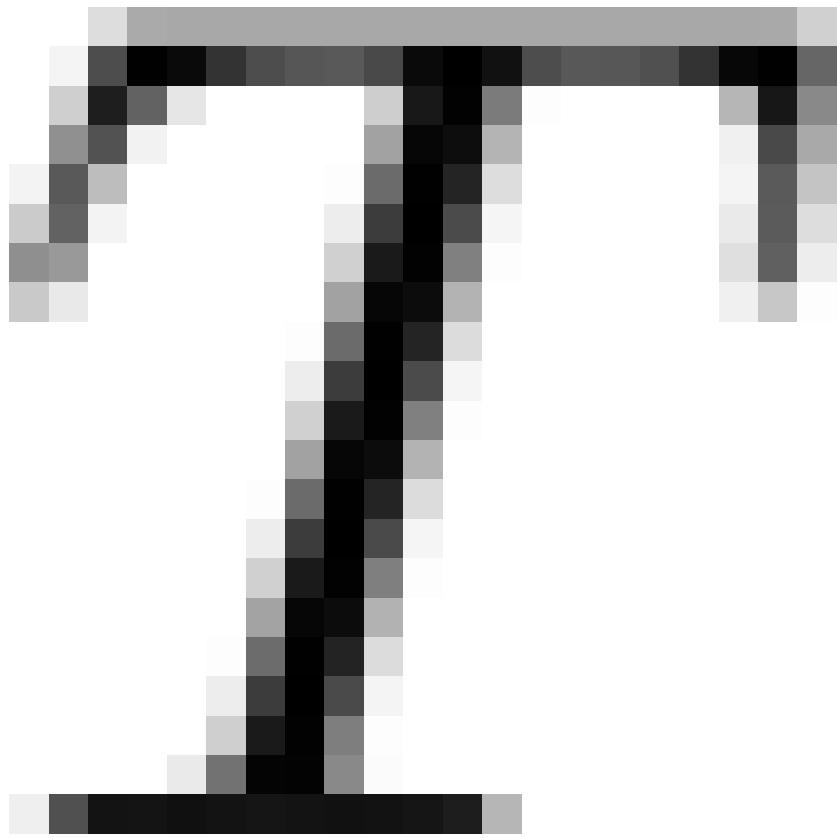


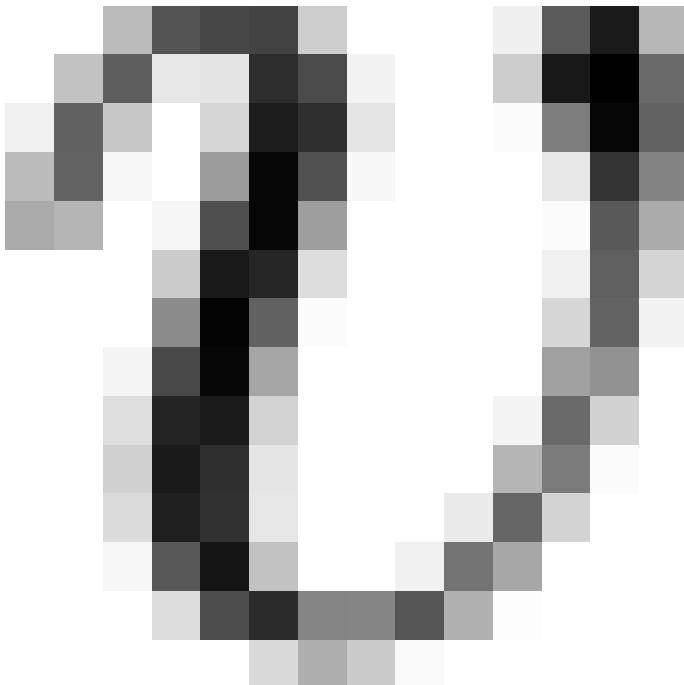


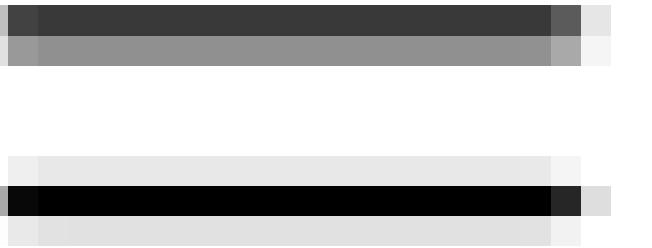


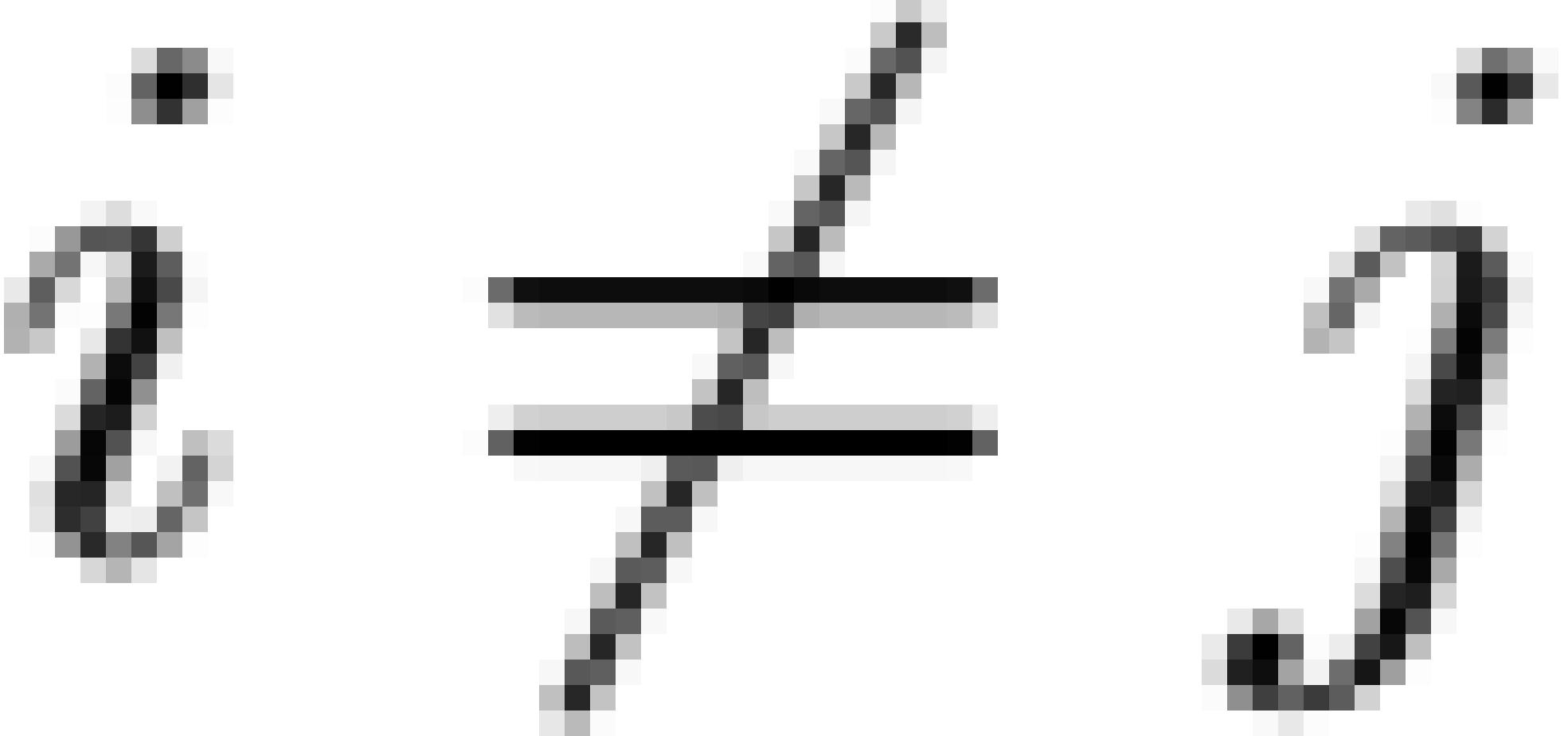


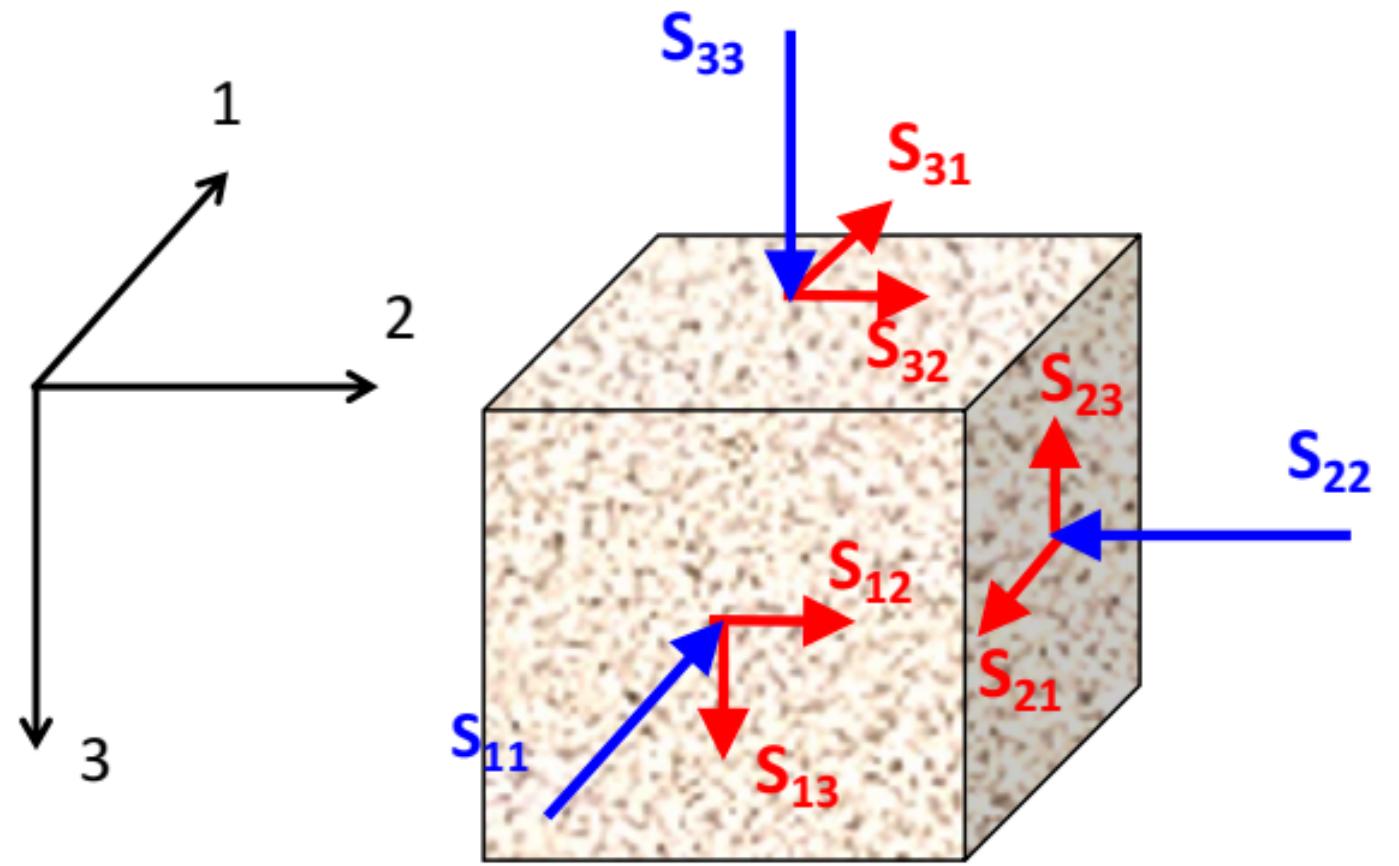






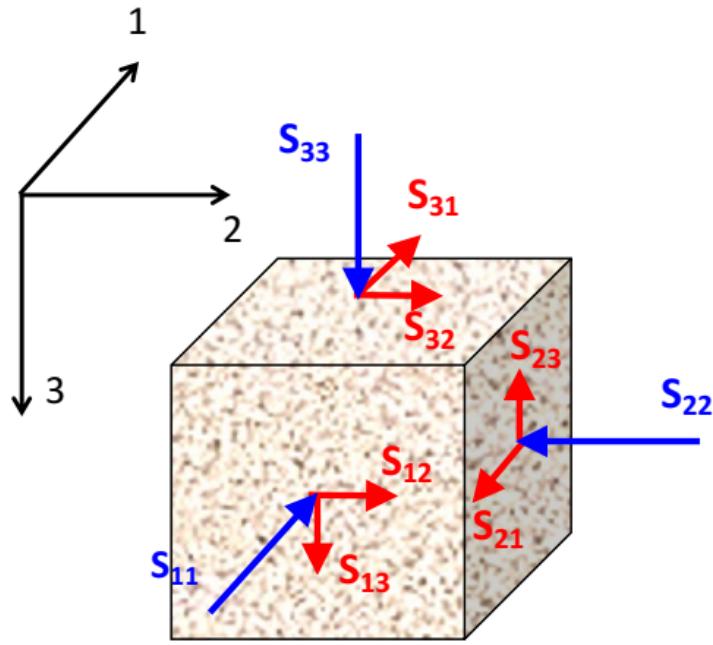






$$S = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} & S_{13} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} & S_{23} \\ S_{31} & S_{32} & S_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$





$$\underline{\underline{S}} = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} & S_{13} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} & S_{23} \\ S_{31} & S_{32} & S_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{\underline{S}_P} = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & S_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

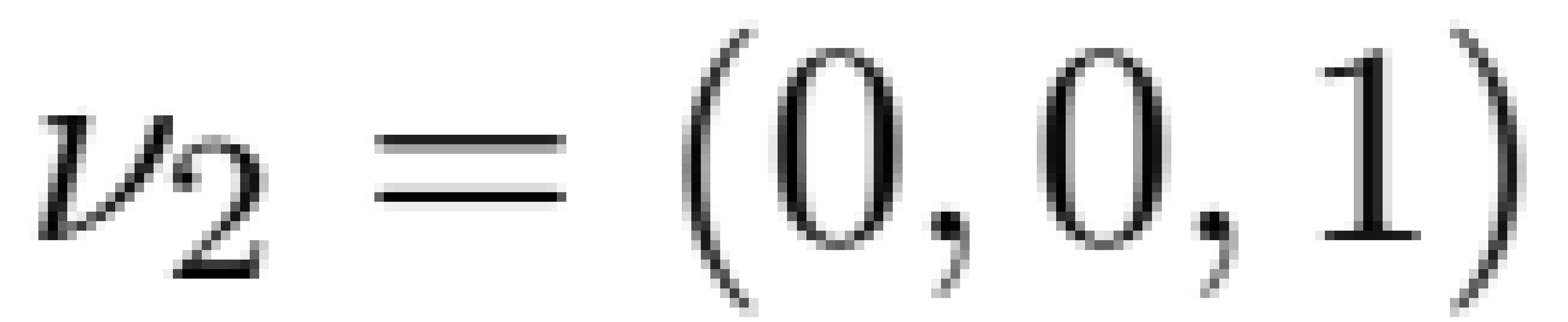
$$\underline{\sigma} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{NN} & \sigma_{NE} & \sigma_{ND} \\ \sigma_{EN} & \sigma_{EE} & \sigma_{ED} \\ \sigma_{DN} & \sigma_{DE} & \sigma_{DD} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8580 & 100 & 0 \\ 100 & 9900 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 9000 \end{bmatrix}$$

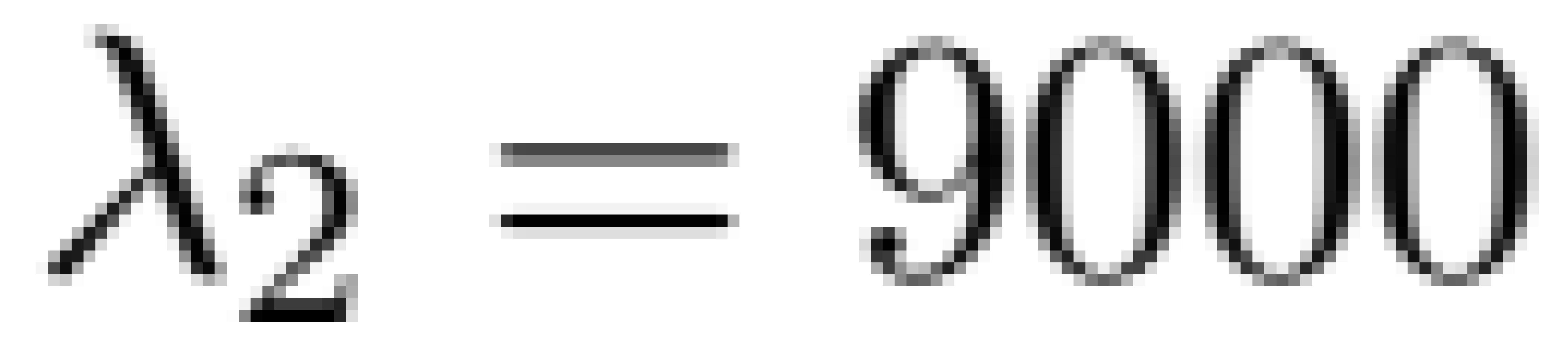


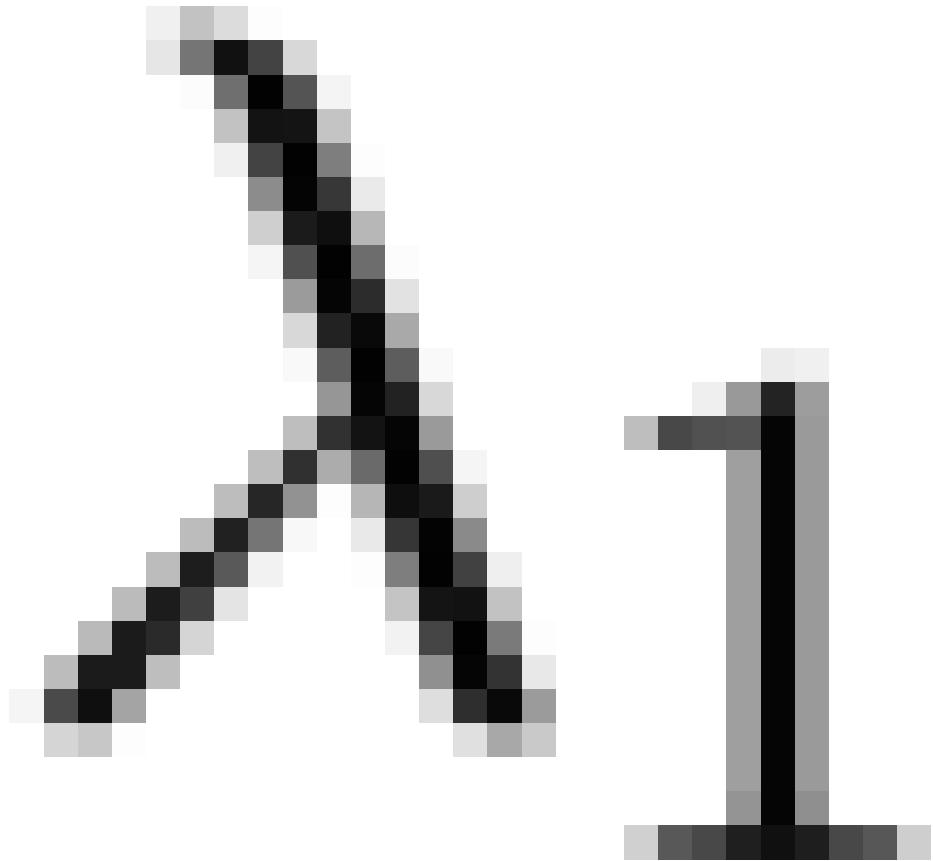
$$\begin{cases} \lambda_1 = 9907.53 \\ \lambda_2 = 9000 \\ \lambda_3 = 8572.47 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \nu_1 = (0.0753277, 1, 0) \\ \nu_2 = (0, 0, 1) \\ \nu_3 = (-13.2753, 1, 0) \end{cases}$$

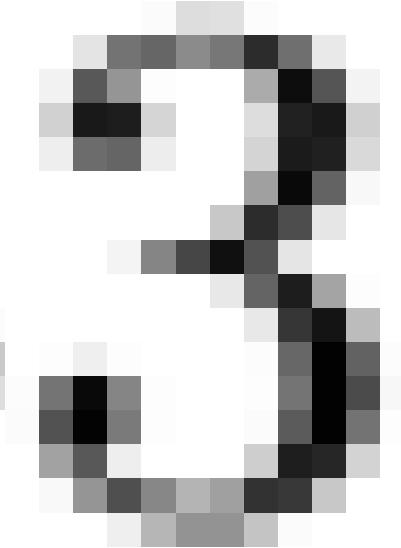
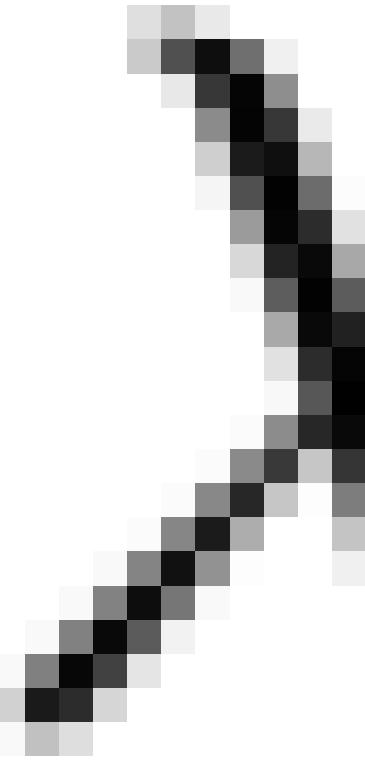
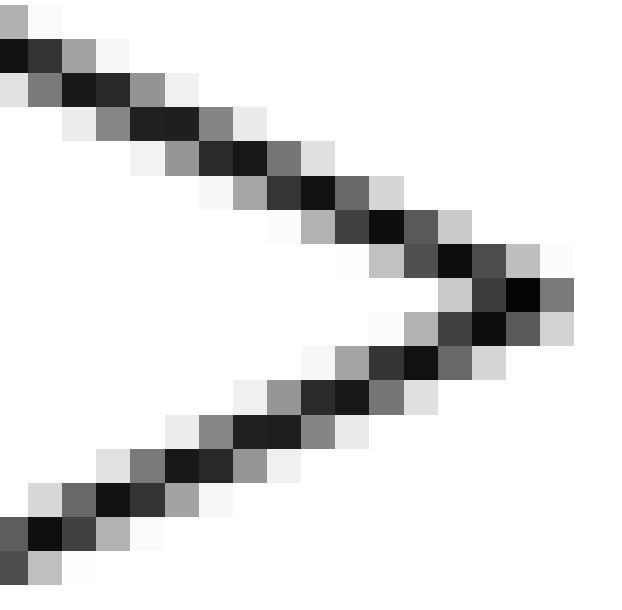
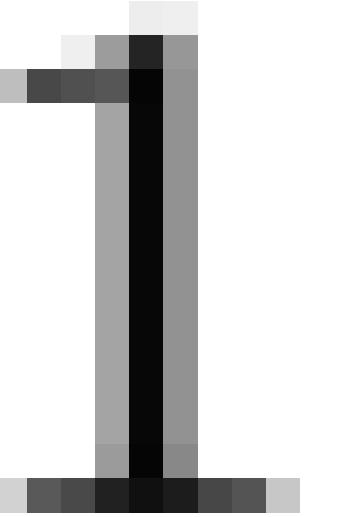
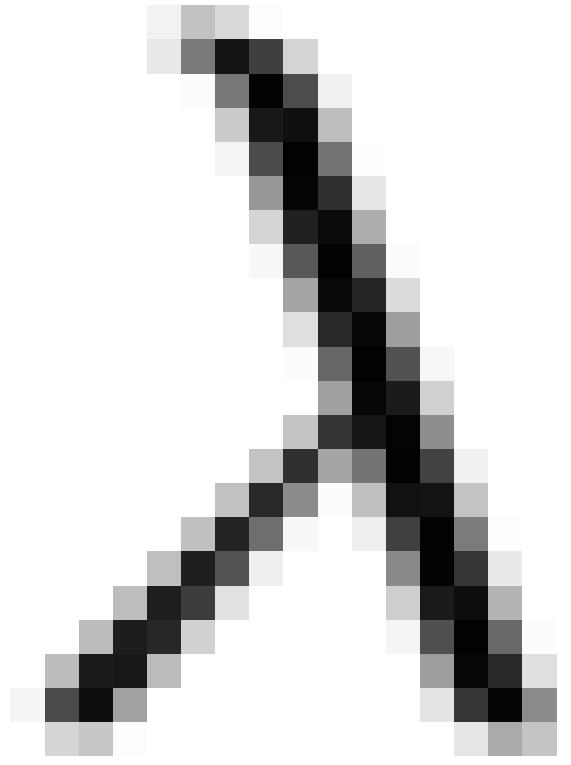
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} S_{Hmax} = 9907.53 \text{ psi} \\ S_v = 9000 \text{ psi} \\ S_{hmin} = 8572.47 \text{ psi} \end{array} \right.$$





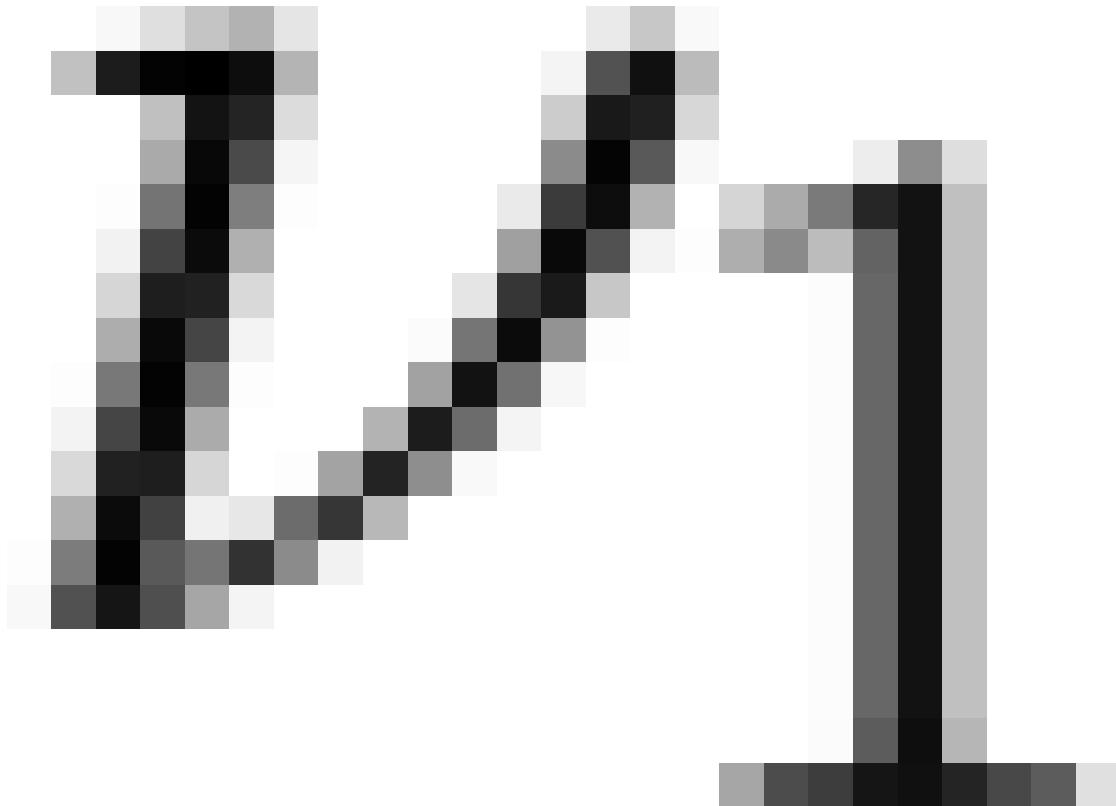




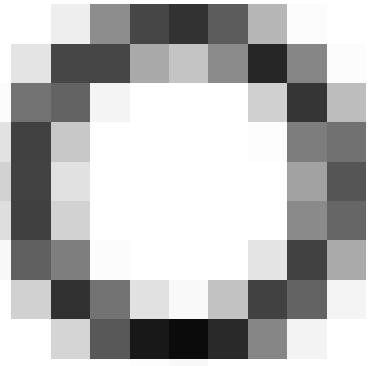
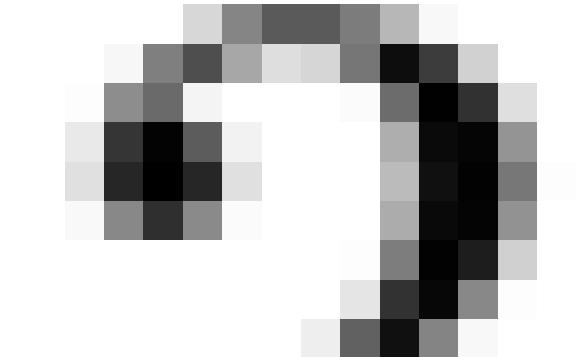
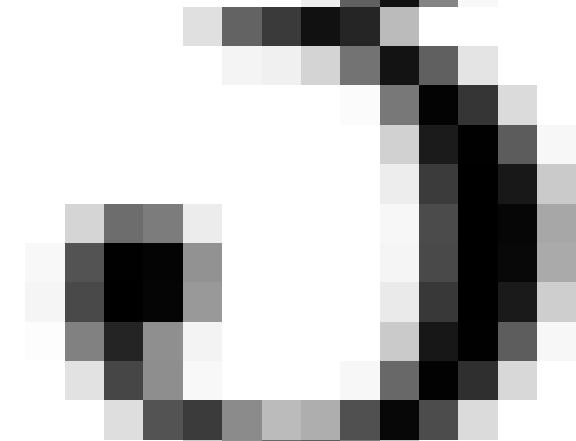
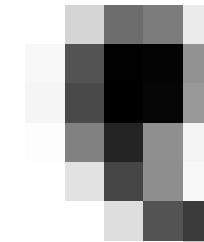
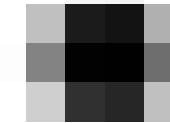
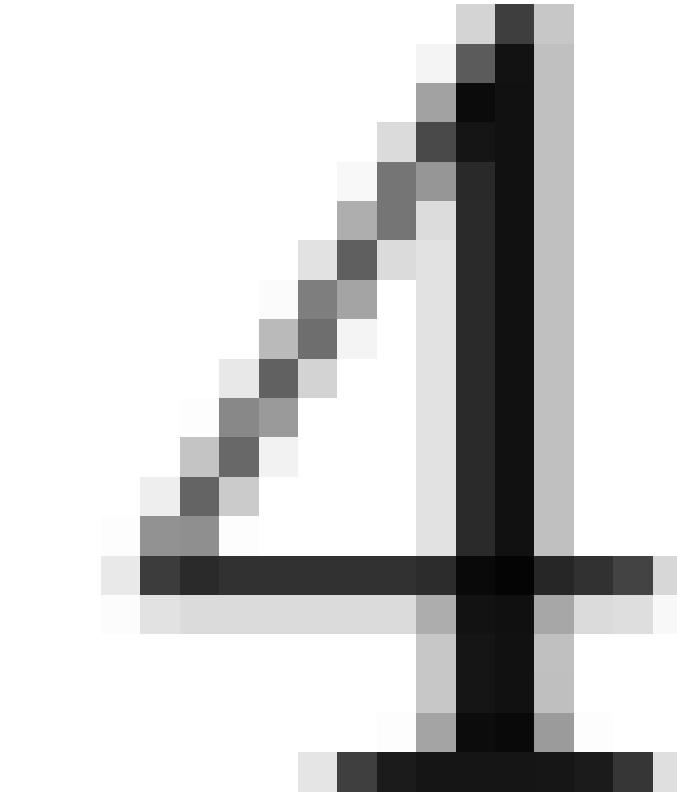


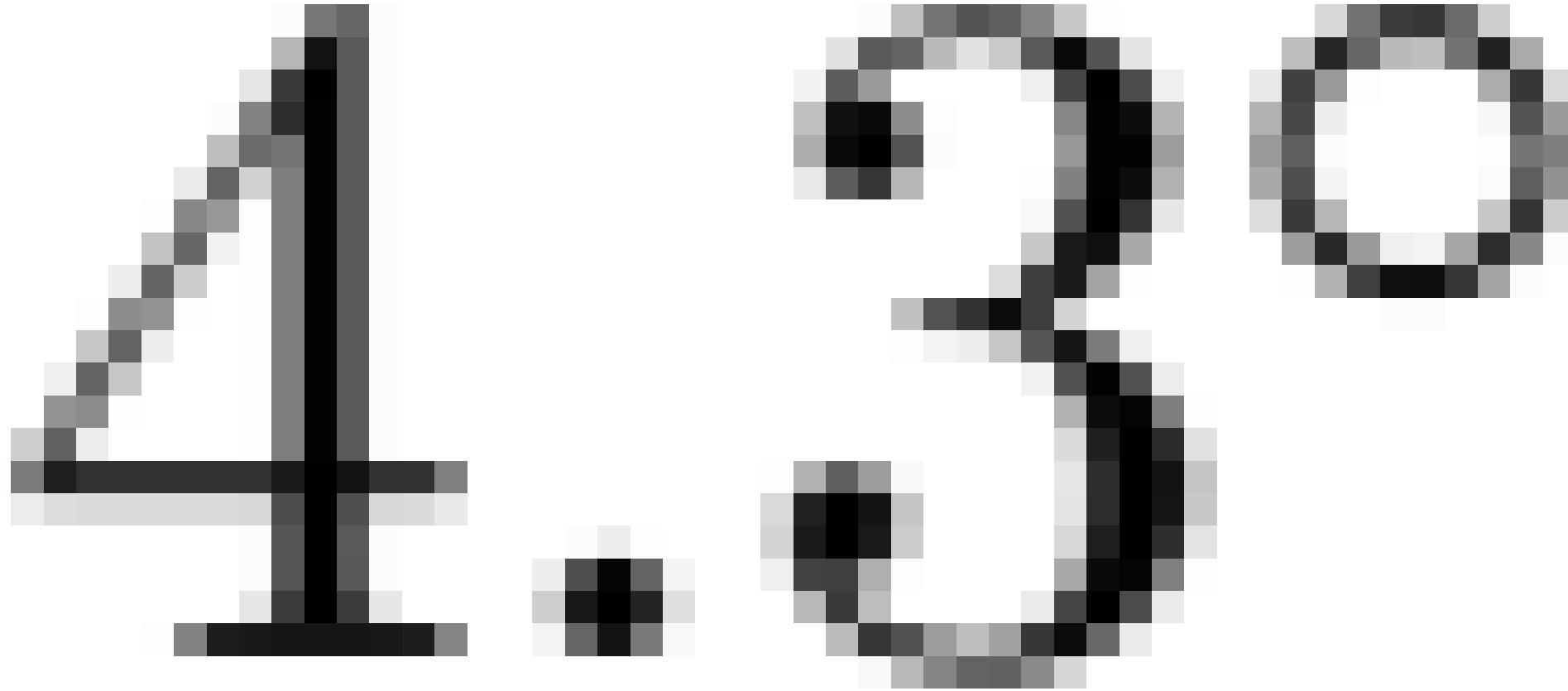


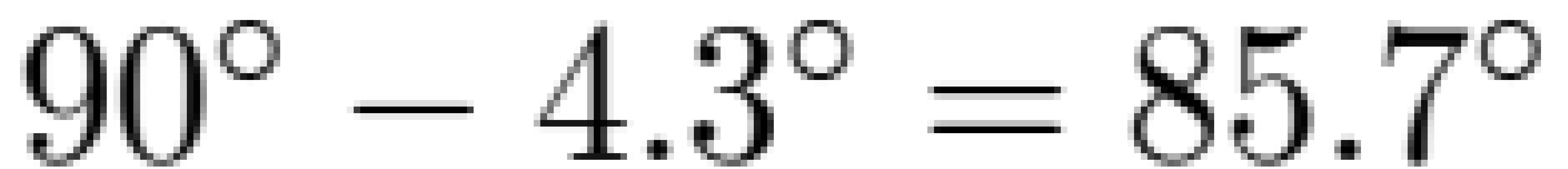


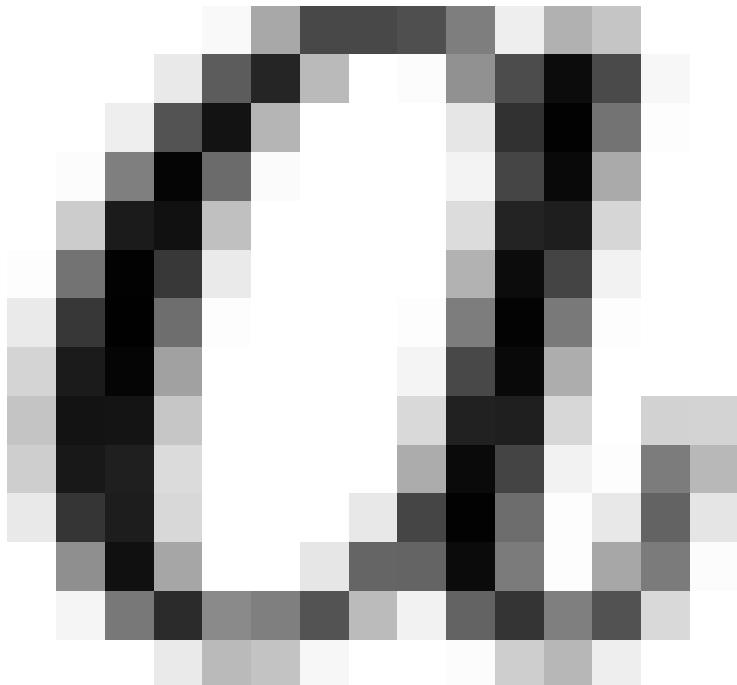


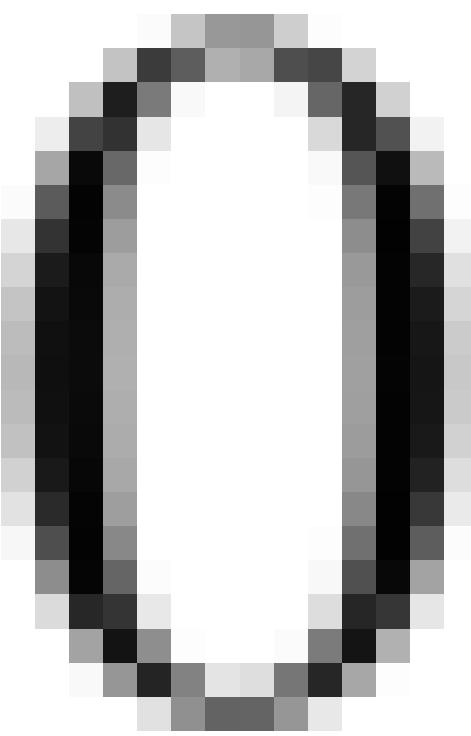
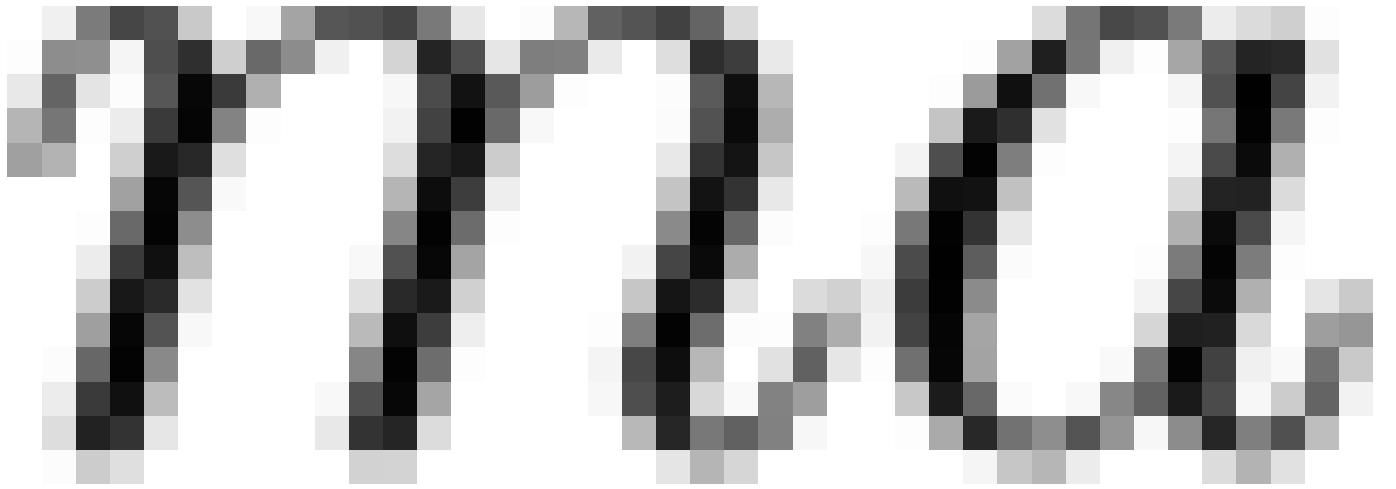




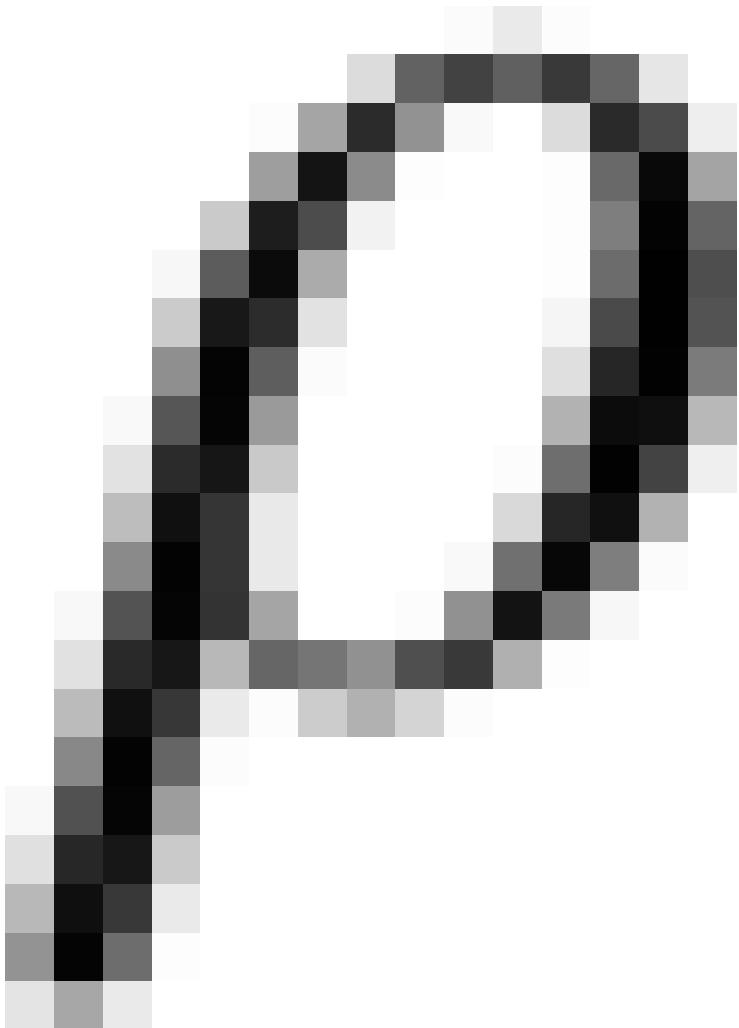


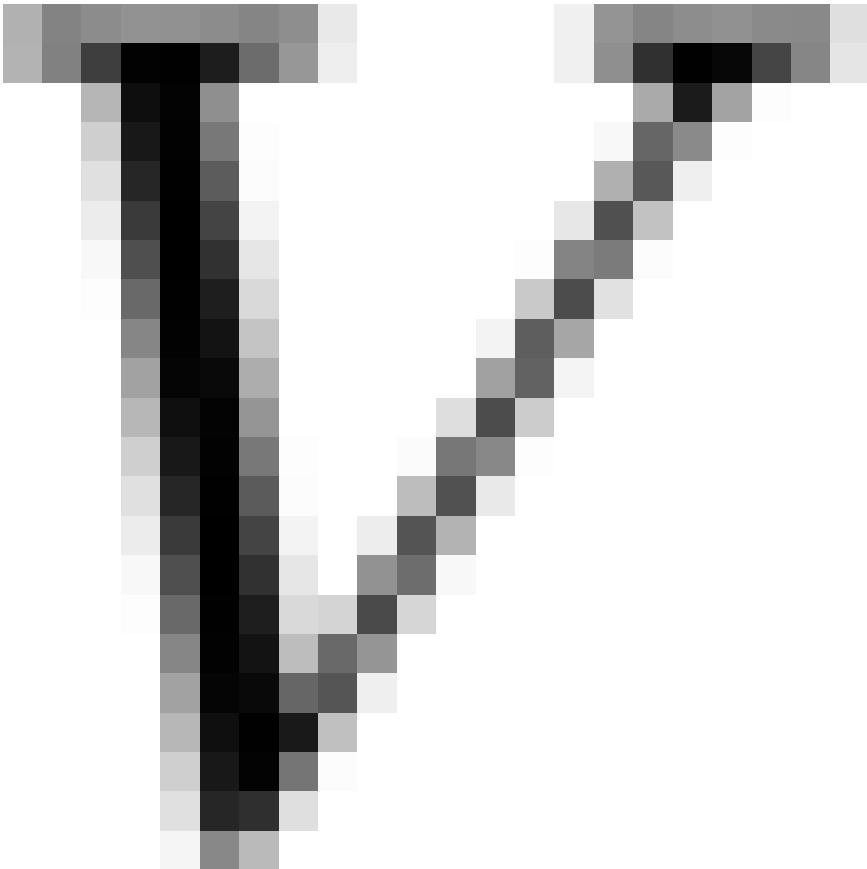


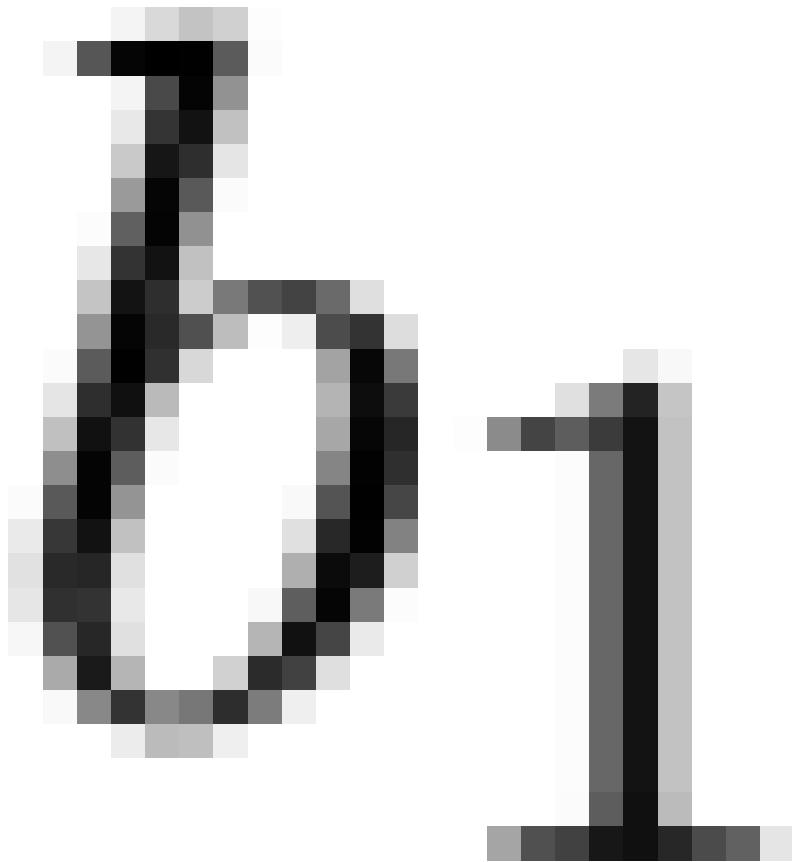










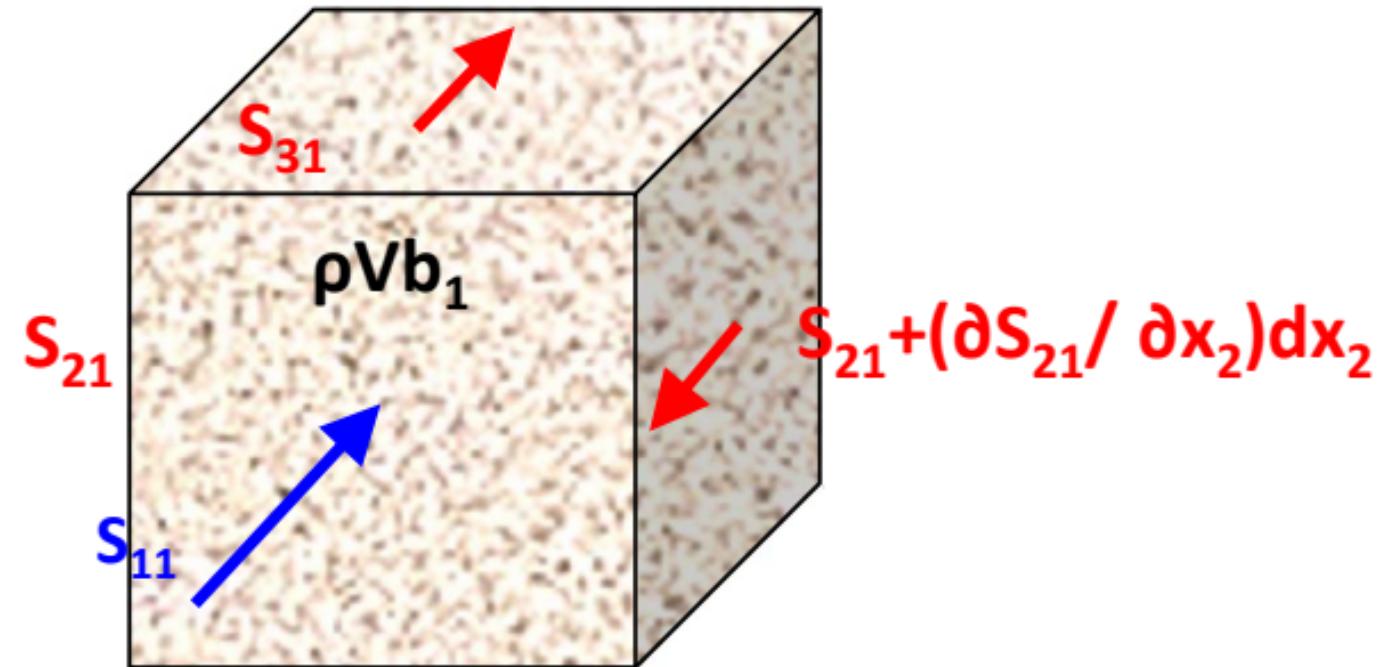
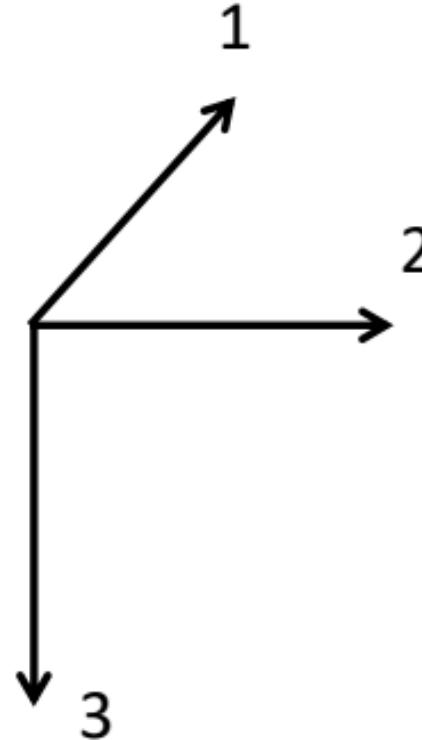


$$\sum F_1 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sum F_1 &= +S_{11}dx_2dx_3 - \left[S_{11} + \left(\frac{\partial S_{11}}{\partial x_1} \right) dx_1 \right] dx_2dx_3 \\ &\quad + S_{21}dx_1dx_3 - \left[S_{21} + \left(\frac{\partial S_{21}}{\partial x_2} \right) dx_2 \right] dx_1dx_3 \\ &\quad + S_{31}dx_1dx_2 - \left[S_{31} + \left(\frac{\partial S_{31}}{\partial x_3} \right) dx_3 \right] dx_1dx_2 \\ &\quad - \rho(dx_1dx_2dx_3)b_1 = 0\end{aligned}$$

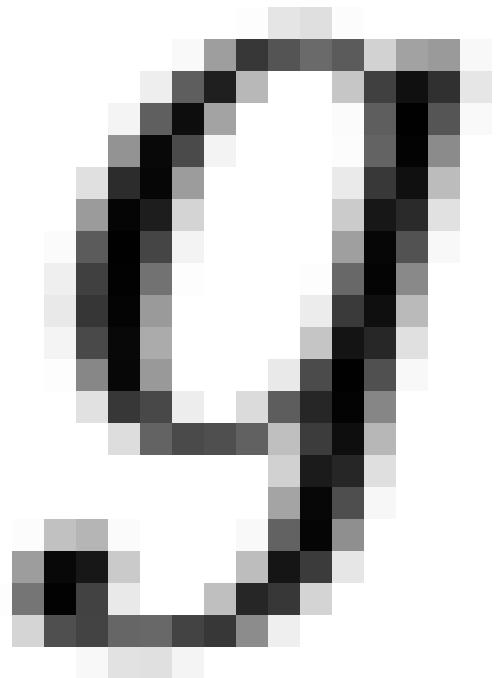


$$\begin{array}{c} \hat{o}s_{11} \\ \hline \hat{o}c_1 \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \hat{o}s_{21} \\ \hline \hat{o}c_2 \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \hat{o}s_{31} \\ \hline \hat{o}c_3 \end{array} - \rho_1 = \begin{array}{c} \circ \\ \hline \circ \end{array}$$



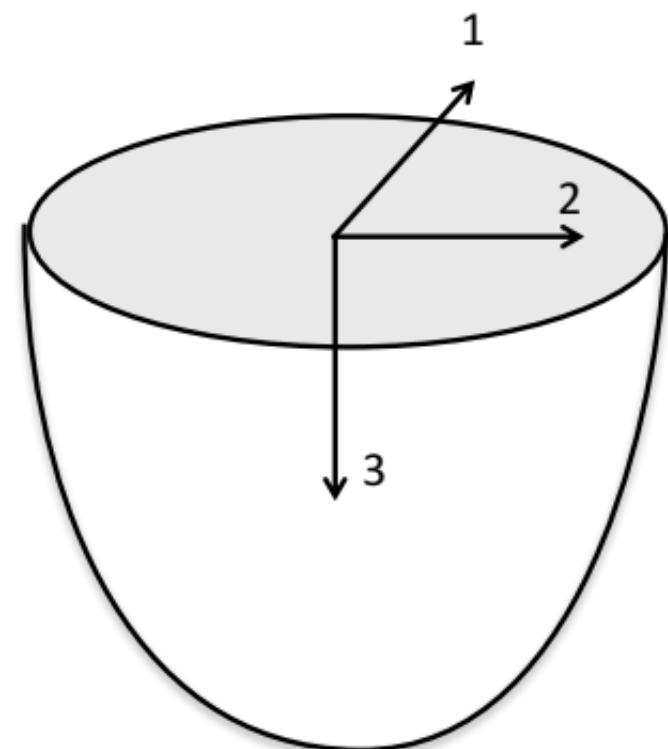
$$S_{31} + (\partial S_{31} / \partial x_3) dx_3$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial S_{11}}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial S_{21}}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial S_{31}}{\partial x_3} - \rho b_1 = 0 \\ \frac{\partial S_{12}}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial S_{22}}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial S_{32}}{\partial x_3} - \rho b_2 = 0 \\ \frac{\partial S_{13}}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial S_{23}}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial S_{33}}{\partial x_3} - \rho b_3 = 0 \end{array} \right.$$





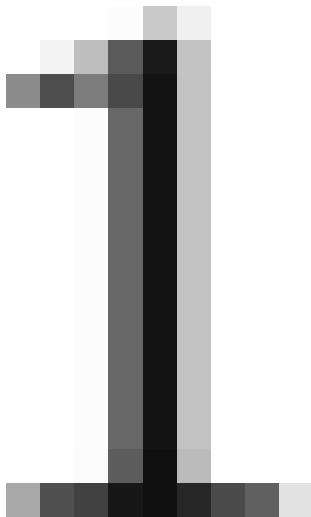
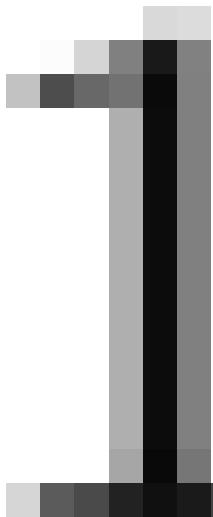
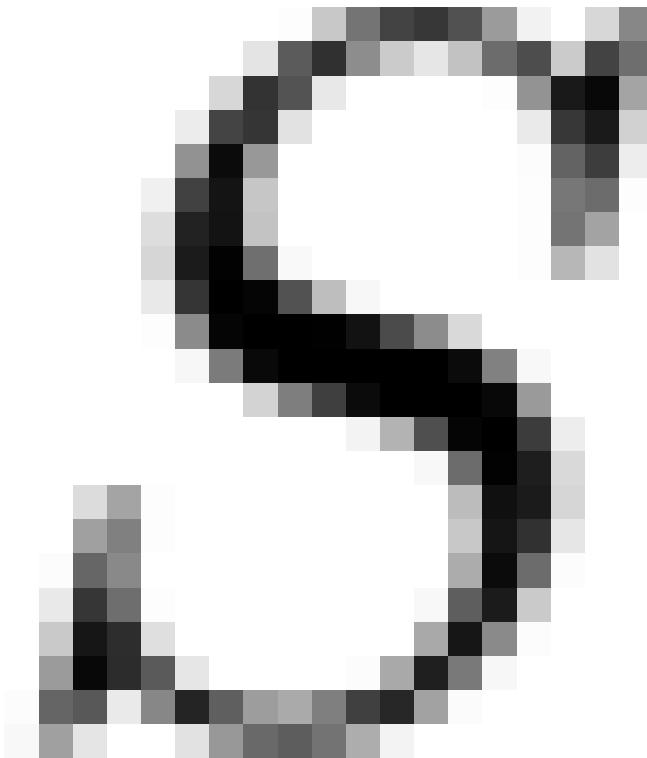
$$S_{33}(C_3) = \langle C_3 \rangle \cup \rho(C_3)g\,dc_3$$



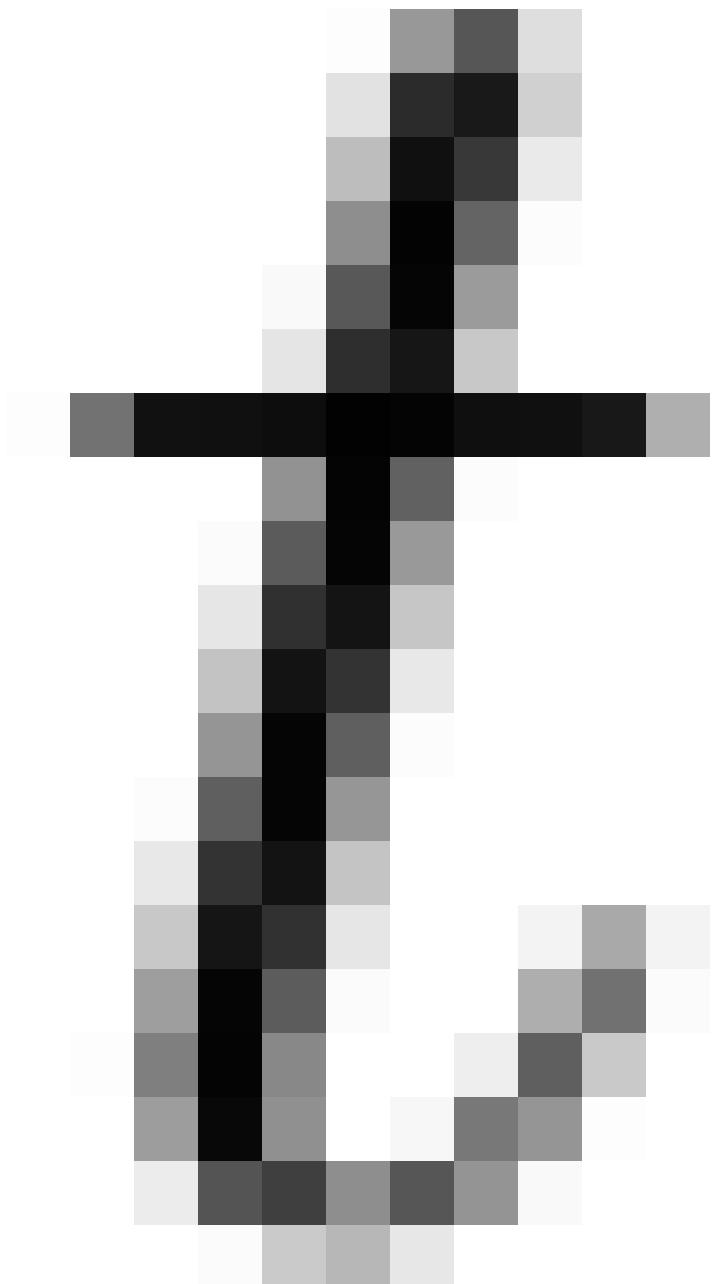
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \cancel{\frac{\partial S_{11}}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial S_{21}}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial S_{31}}{\partial x_3} + \rho b_1 = \frac{\partial^2 (\rho u_1)}{\partial t^2}} \\ \cancel{\frac{\partial S_{12}}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial S_{22}}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial S_{32}}{\partial x_3} + \rho b_2 = \frac{\partial^2 (\rho u_2)}{\partial t^2}} \\ \cancel{\frac{\partial S_{13}}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial S_{23}}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial S_{33}}{\partial x_3} + \rho b_3 = \frac{\partial^2 (\rho u_3)}{\partial t^2}} \end{array} \right.$$

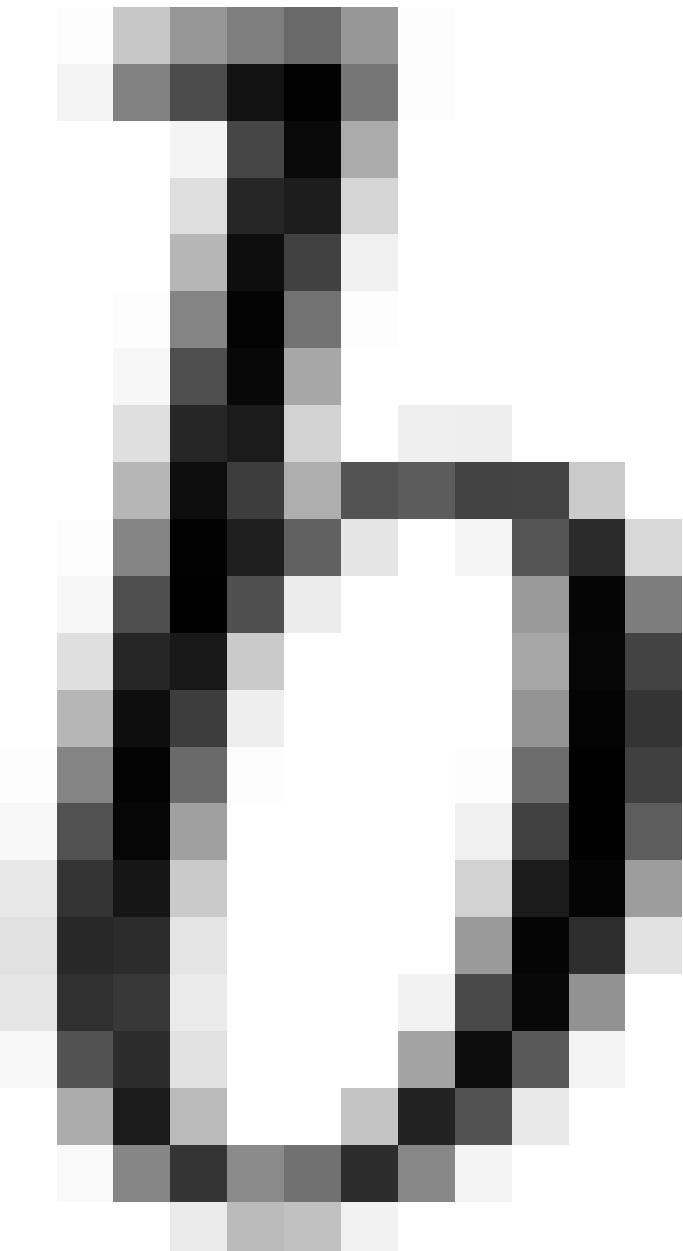
$$\frac{\partial S_{33}}{\partial x_3} - \rho(x_3)g = 0$$

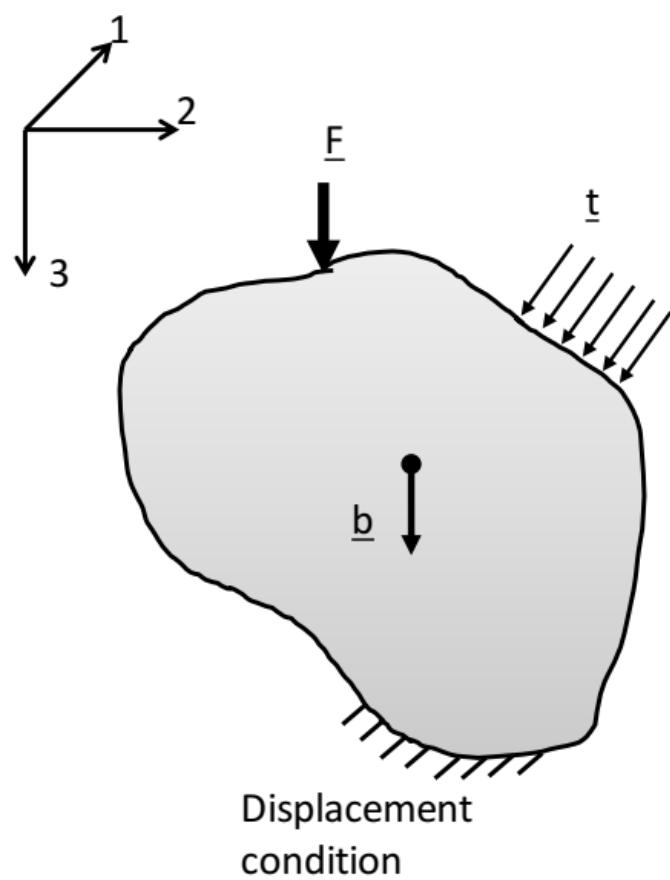
$$S_{33} = \int_0^{x_3} \rho(x_3)g \, dx_3$$











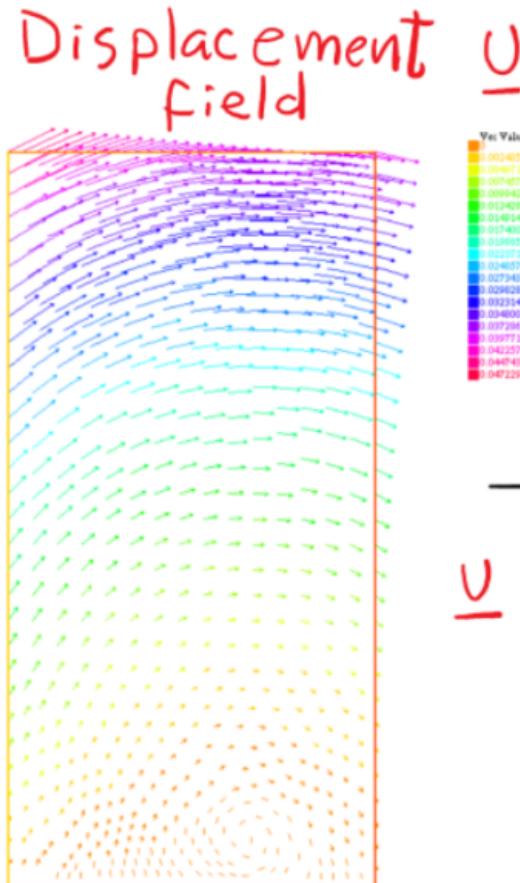
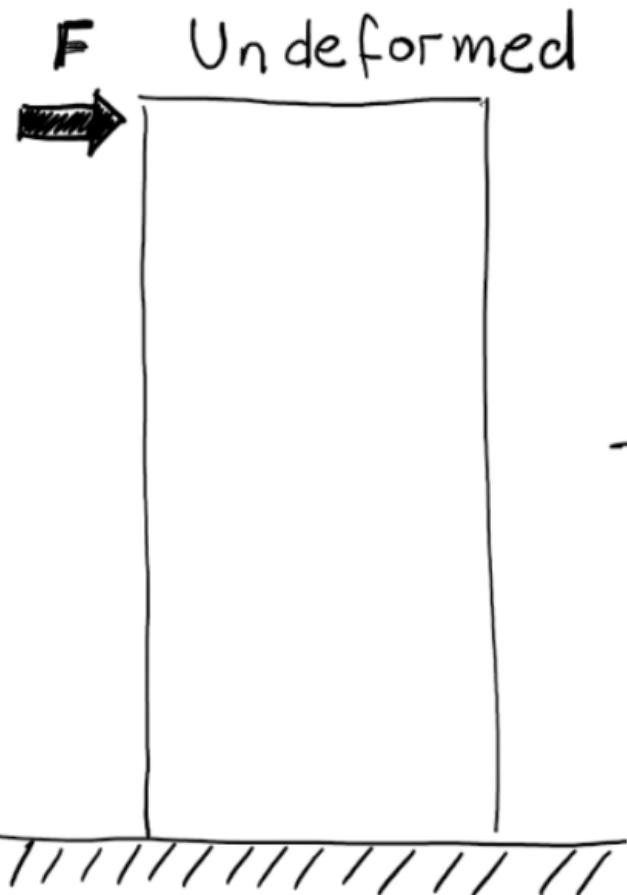
$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial S_{11}}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial S_{21}}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial S_{31}}{\partial x_3} + \rho b_1 = \frac{\partial^2 (\rho u_1)}{\partial t^2} \\ \frac{\partial S_{12}}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial S_{22}}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial S_{32}}{\partial x_3} + \rho b_2 = \frac{\partial^2 (\rho u_2)}{\partial t^2} \\ \frac{\partial S_{13}}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial S_{23}}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial S_{33}}{\partial x_3} + \rho b_3 = \frac{\partial^2 (\rho u_3)}{\partial t^2} \end{cases}$$

And respect the boundary conditions:

- Displacement
- Boundary stresses
- Boundary Forces
- Body Forces

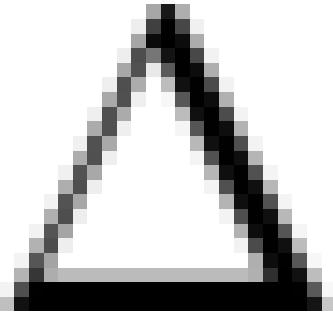
How do we relate stresses to displacements?

- Displacements \rightarrow Strains (**Kinematic equations**)
- Strains \rightarrow Stresses (**Constitutive equations**)

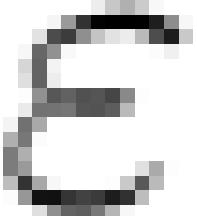


$\underline{U} \rightarrow \underline{\epsilon}$

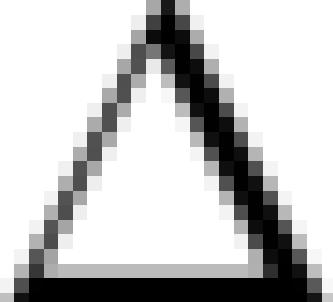




Δu_1



s_{11}



Δc_1

ϵ_{22}



Δu_2

c_2

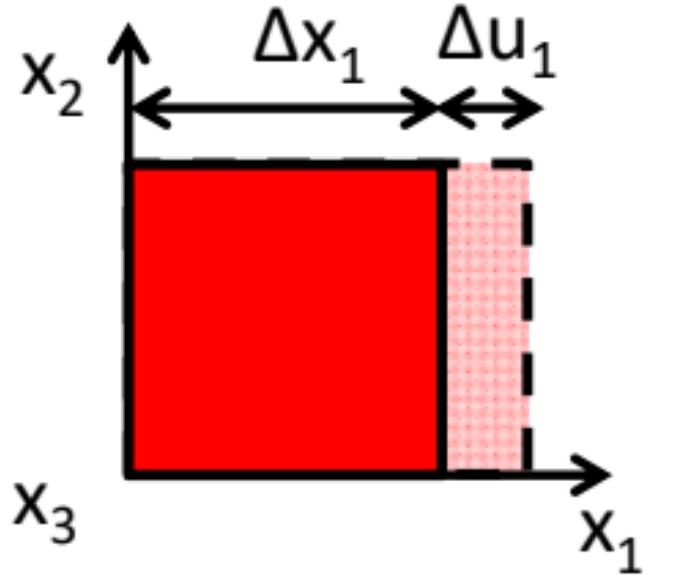




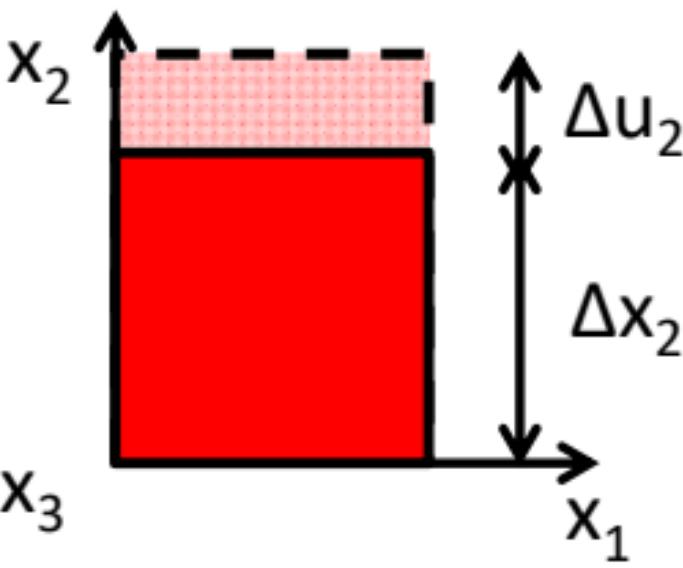
$$\epsilon_{12} =$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}$$

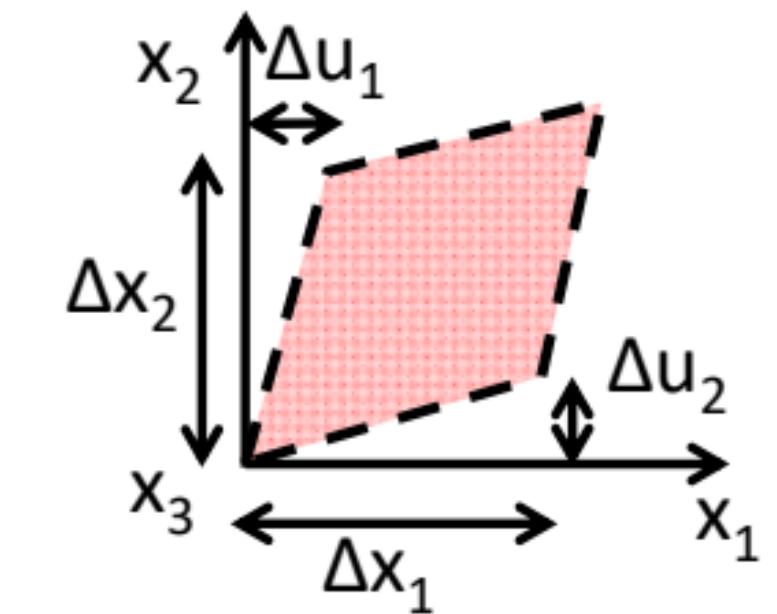
$$\left(\frac{1}{2} \triangle u_1 + \frac{1}{2} \triangle u_2 - \frac{1}{2} \triangle c_2 + \frac{1}{2} \triangle c_1 \right)$$



$$\varepsilon_{11} \approx \frac{\Delta u_1}{\Delta x_1}$$



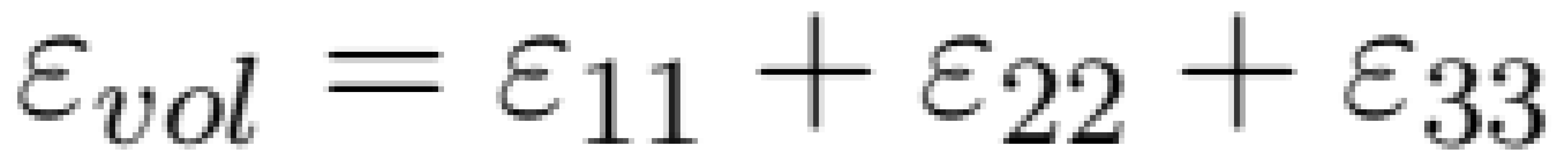
$$\varepsilon_{22} \approx \frac{\Delta u_2}{\Delta x_2}$$



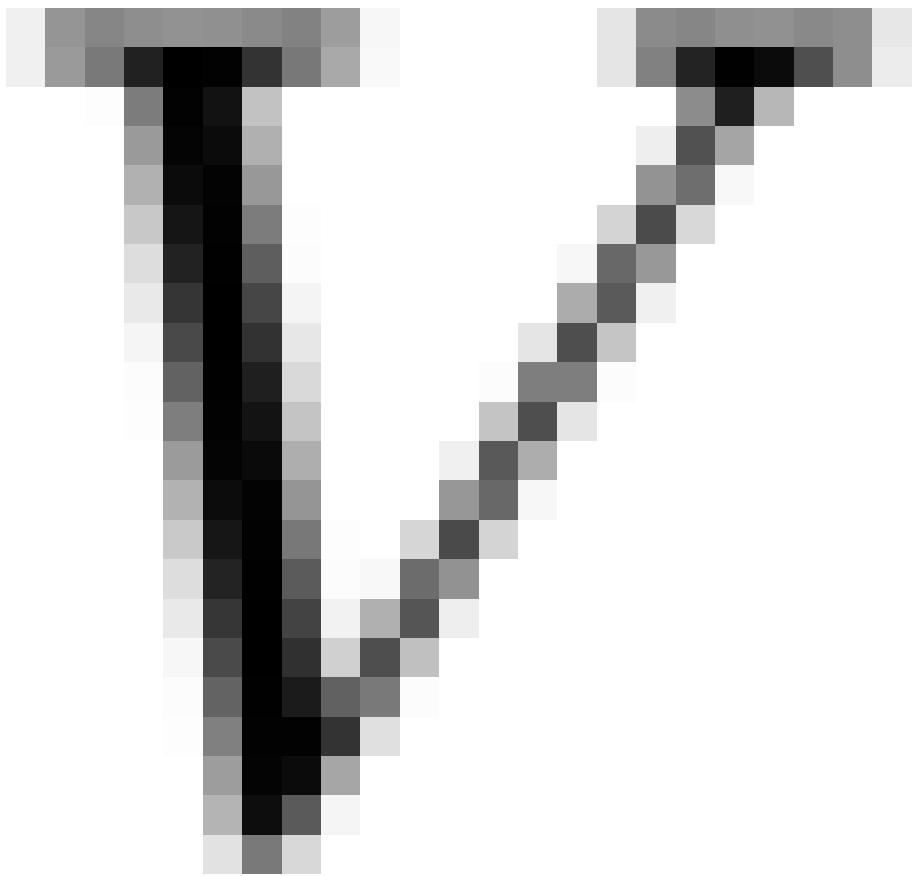
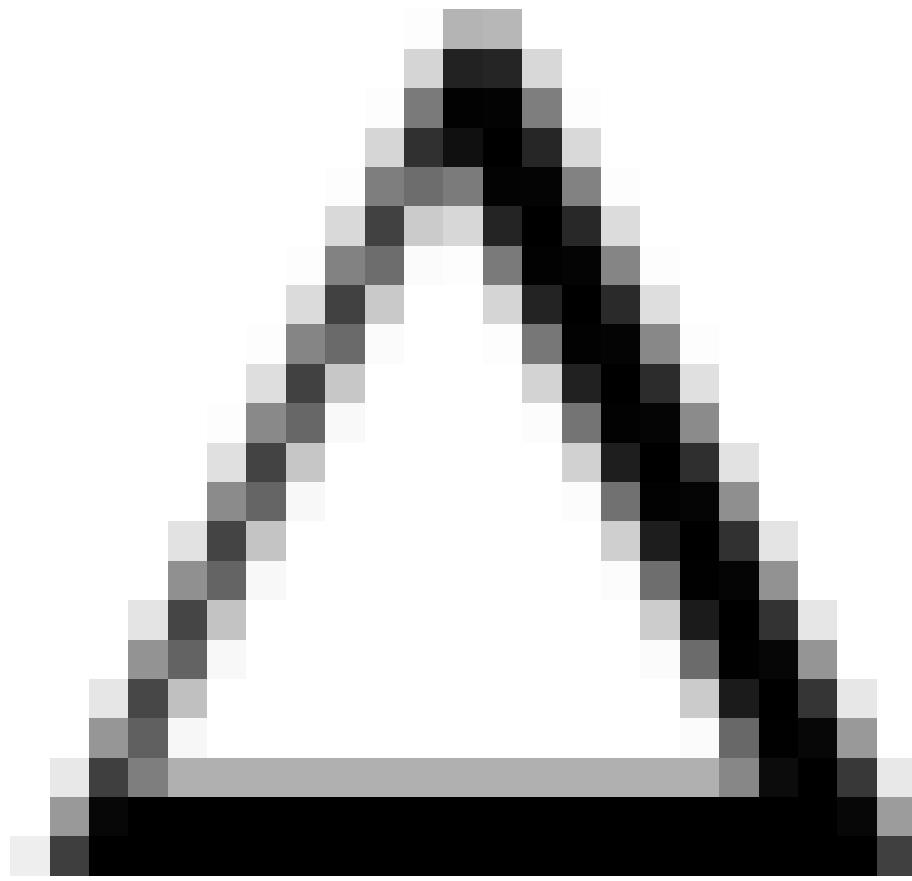
$$\varepsilon_{12} \approx \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\Delta u_1}{\Delta x_2} + \frac{\Delta u_2}{\Delta x_1} \right)$$

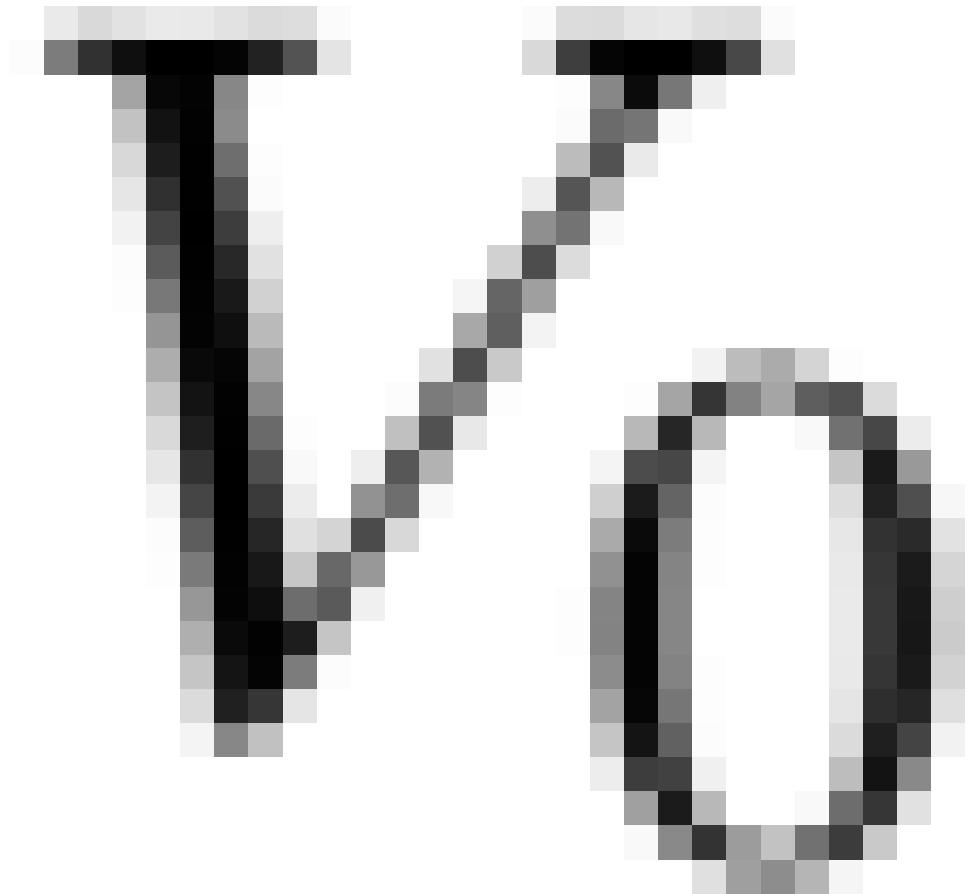


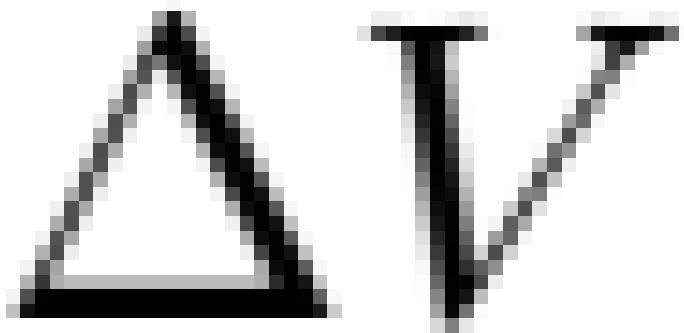
$$\varepsilon = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial u_1}{\partial x_1} & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u_1}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial u_2}{\partial x_1} \right) & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u_1}{\partial x_3} + \frac{\partial u_3}{\partial x_1} \right) \\ \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u_2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial u_1}{\partial x_2} \right) & \frac{\partial u_2}{\partial x_2} & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u_2}{\partial x_3} + \frac{\partial u_3}{\partial x_2} \right) \\ \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u_3}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial u_1}{\partial x_3} \right) & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u_3}{\partial x_2} + \frac{\partial u_2}{\partial x_3} \right) & \frac{\partial u_3}{\partial x_3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_{11} & \varepsilon_{12} & \varepsilon_{13} \\ \varepsilon_{21} & \varepsilon_{22} & \varepsilon_{23} \\ \varepsilon_{31} & \varepsilon_{32} & \varepsilon_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$









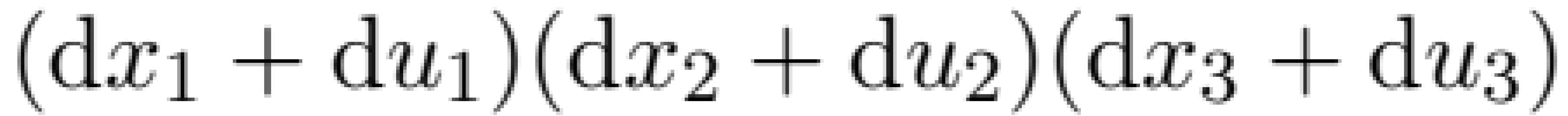


End =



V₀





$$\epsilon_{vol} = \frac{[(dx_1 + du_1)(dx_3 + du_2) - (dx_1 dx_2 dx_3)]}{(dx_1 dx_2 dx_3)}$$

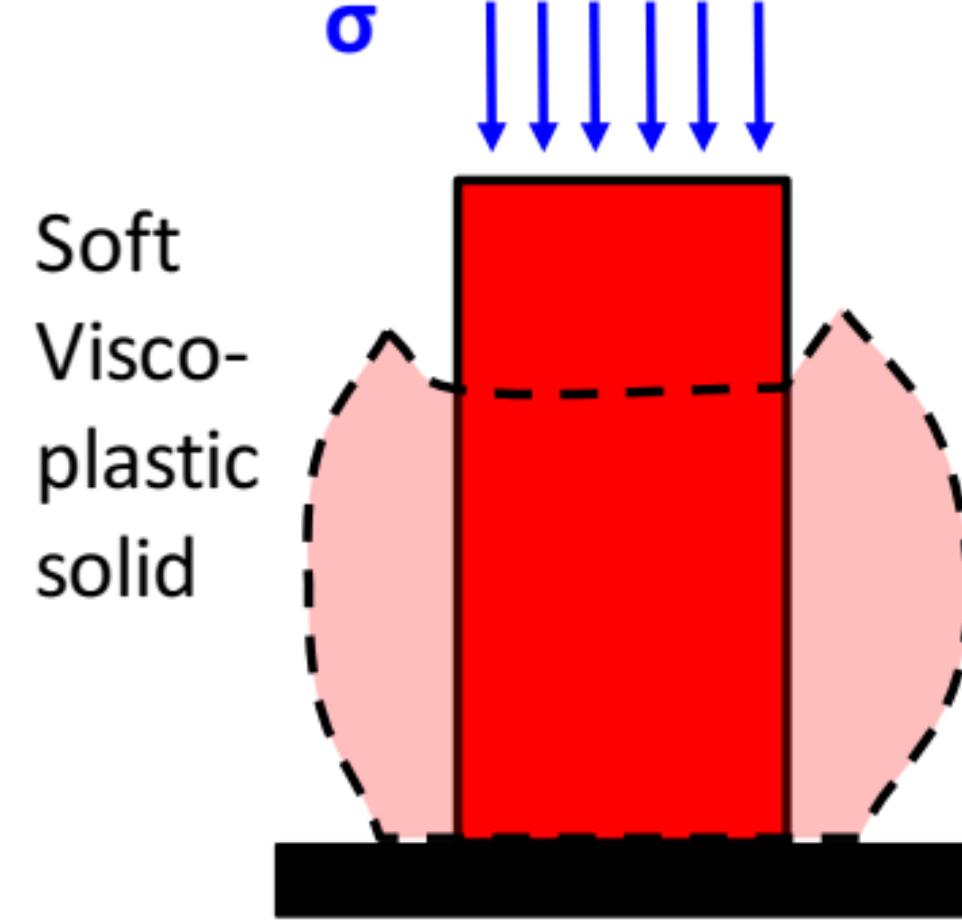
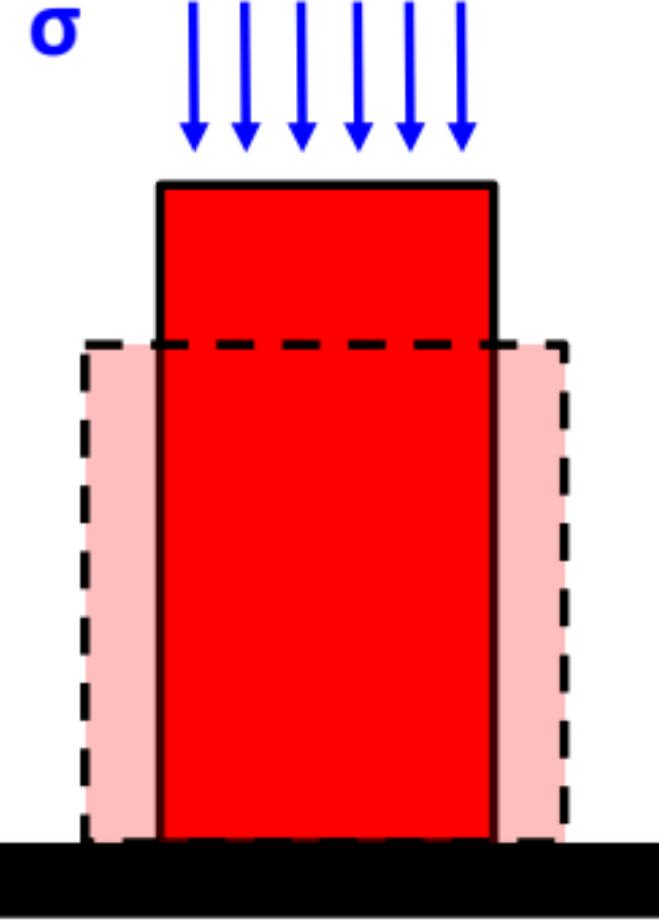
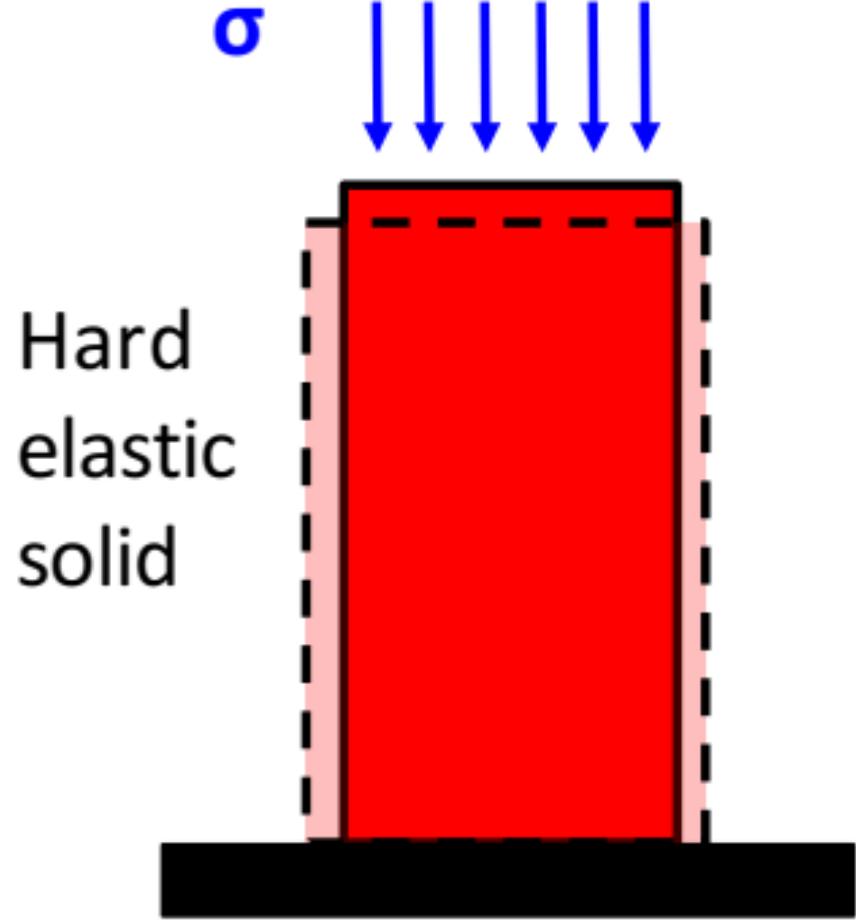


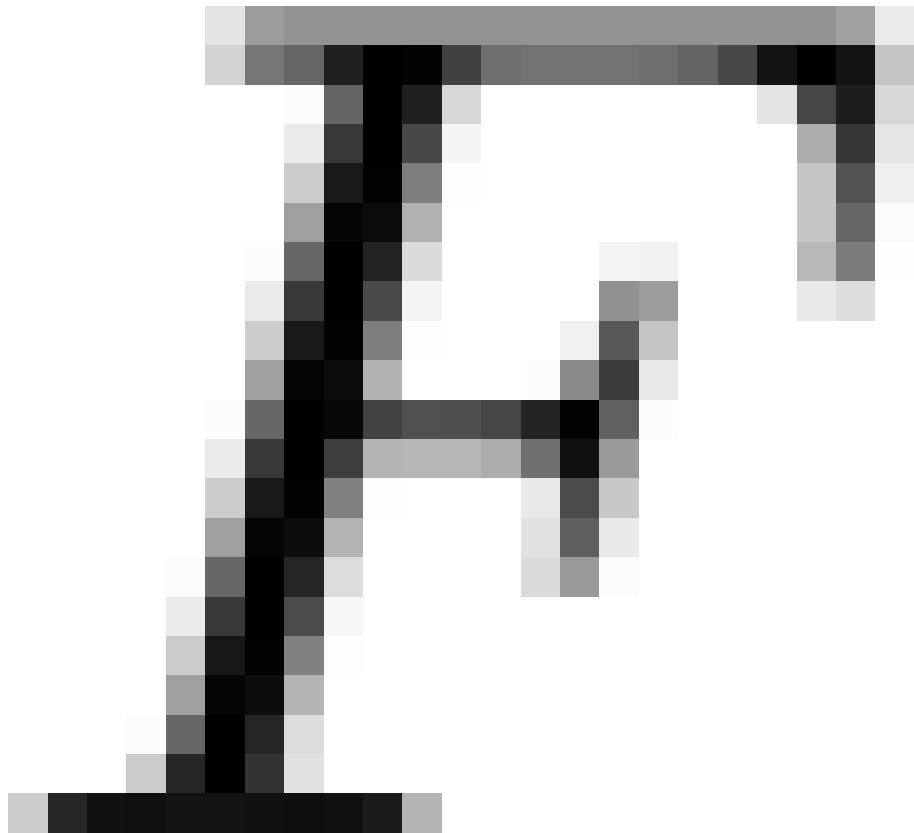


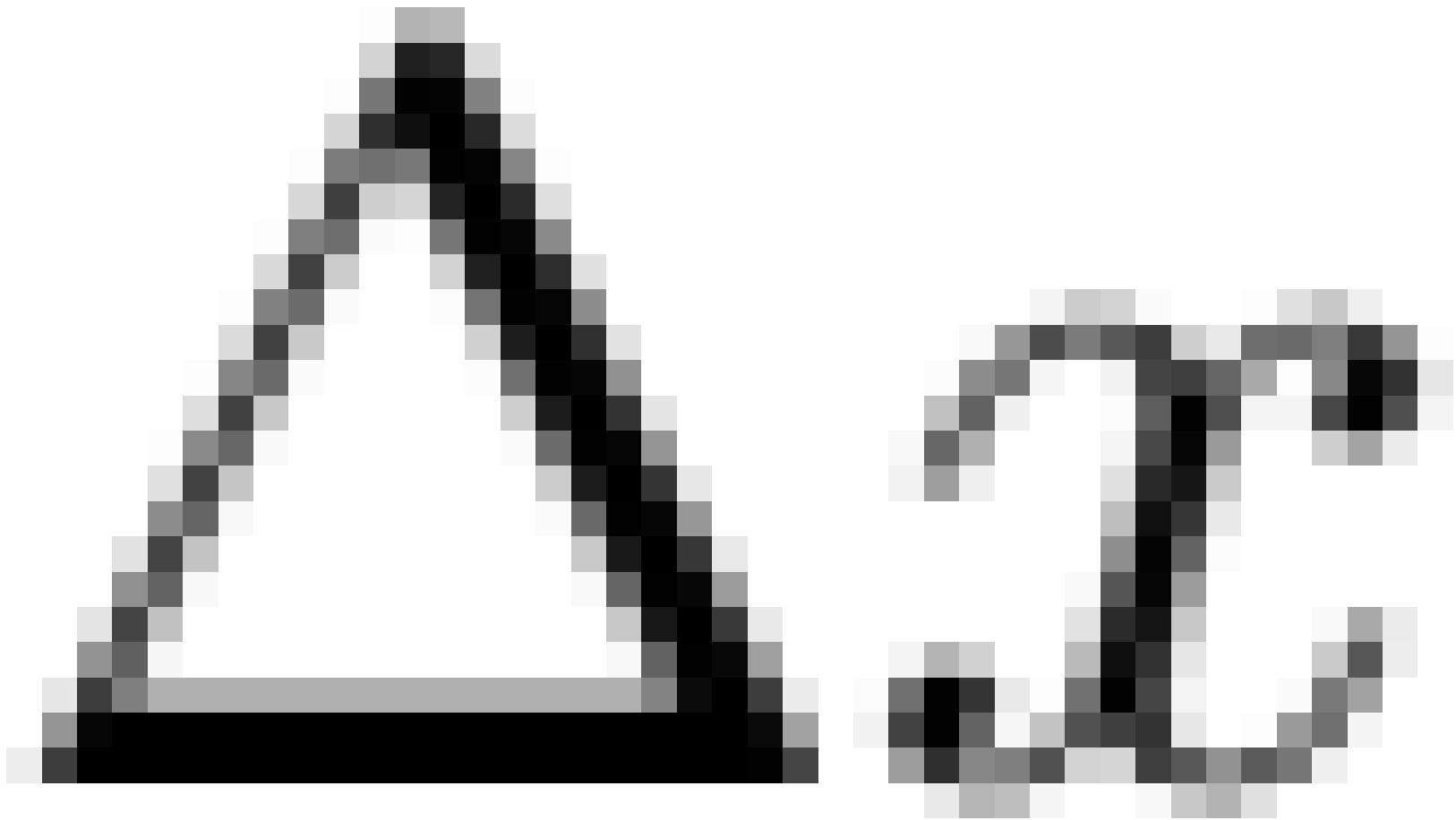


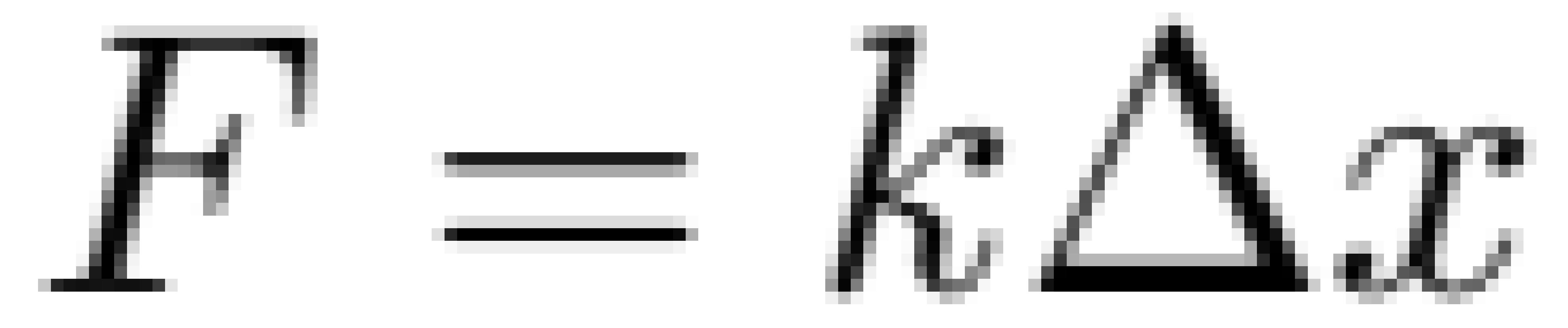


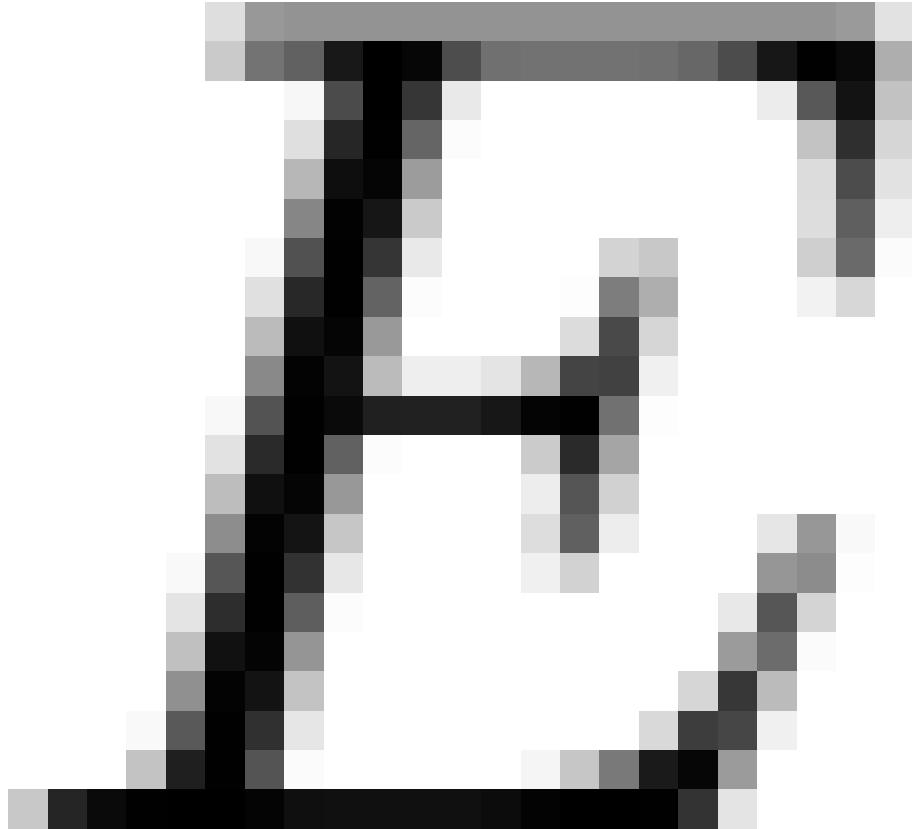
$$\epsilon_{vol} \sim \frac{(dx_1 dx_2 du_3 + dx_1 dx_3 du_2 + dx_2 dx_3 du_1)}{(dx_1 dx_2 dx_3)} = \frac{du_1}{dx_1} + \frac{du_2}{dx_2} + \frac{du_3}{dx_3} = \epsilon_{11} + \epsilon_{22} + \epsilon_{33}$$











\overline{F}

\overline{G}

\overline{A}

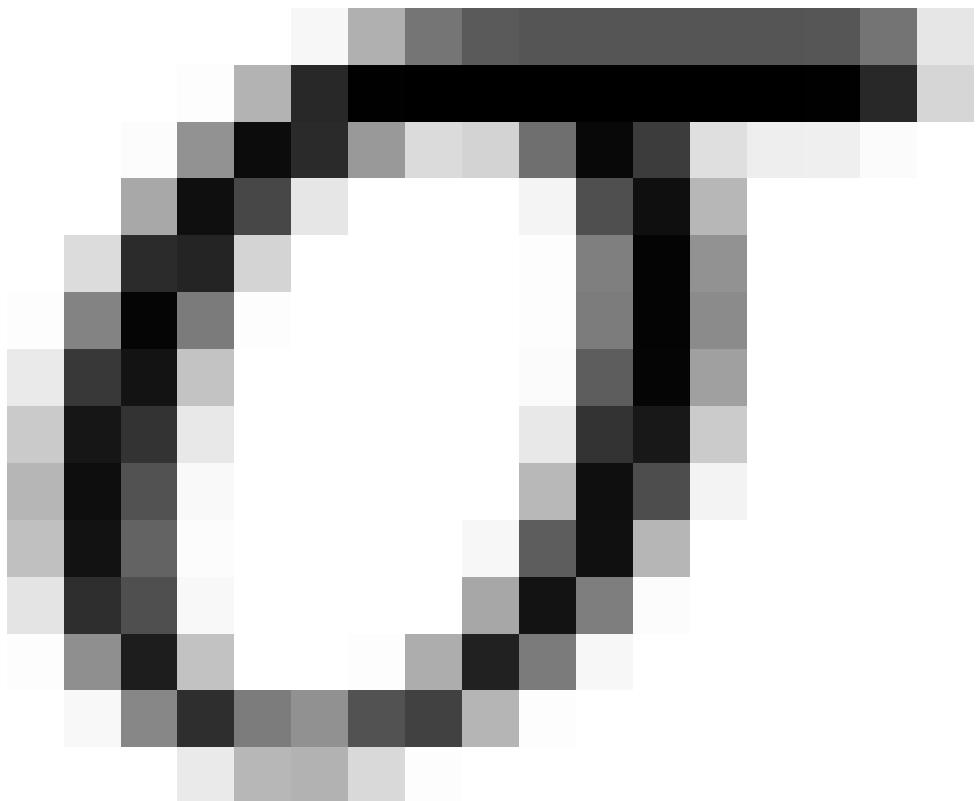
\overline{H}

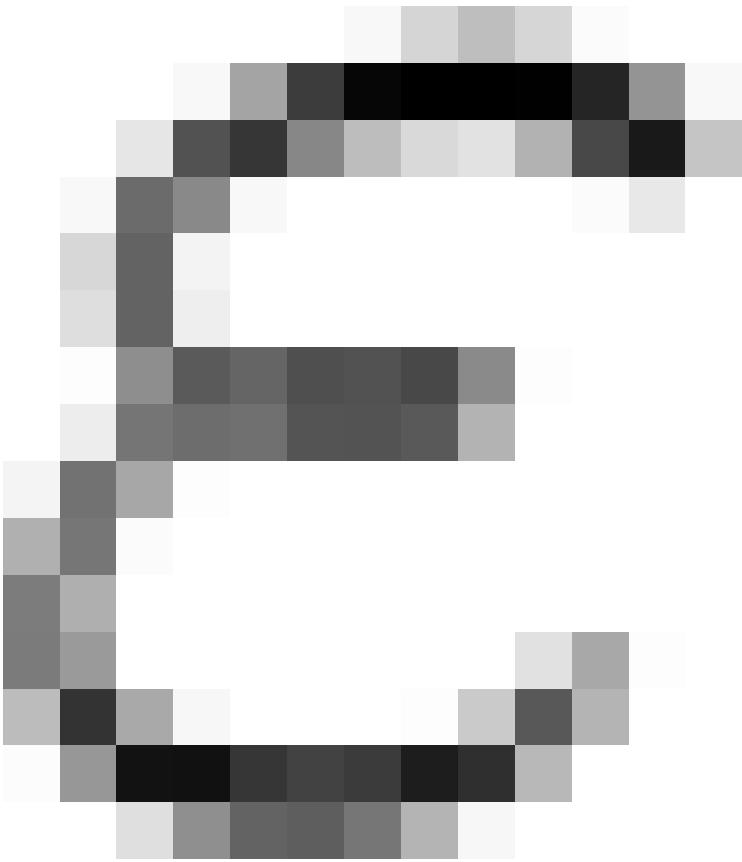
\overline{B}

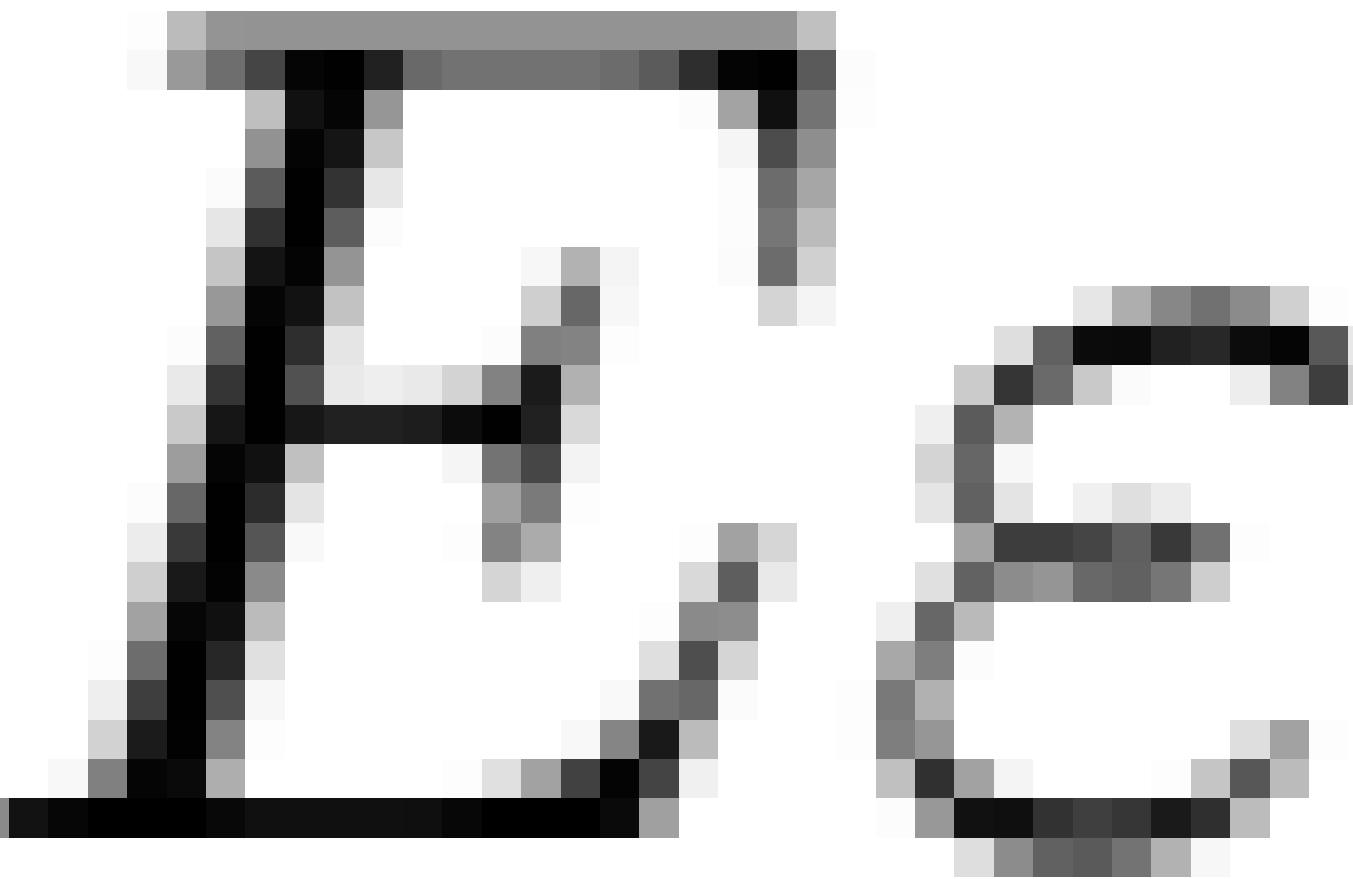
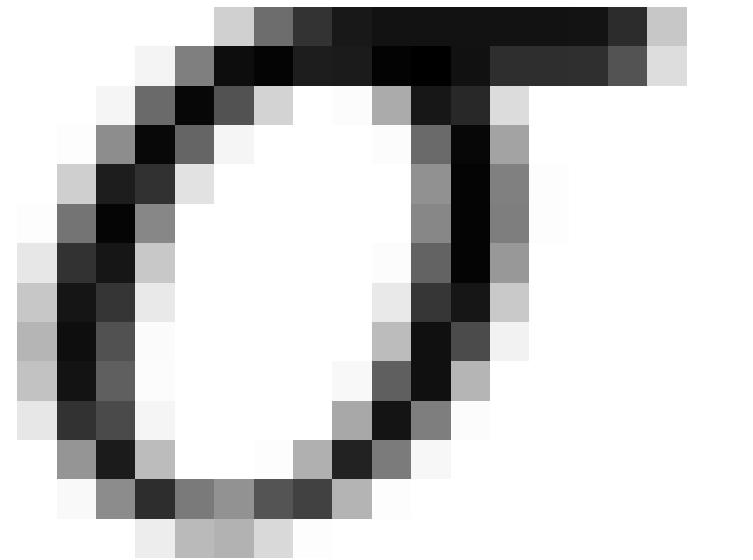
\overline{C}

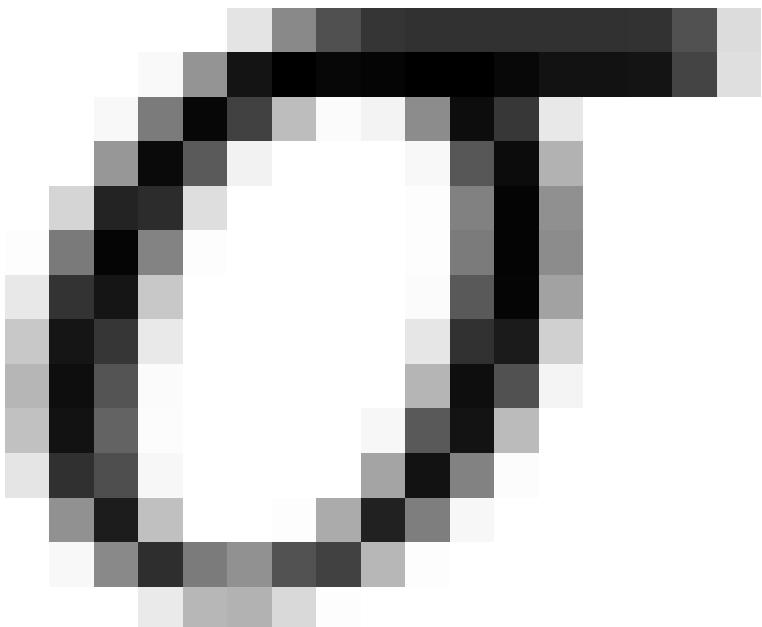
\overline{D}

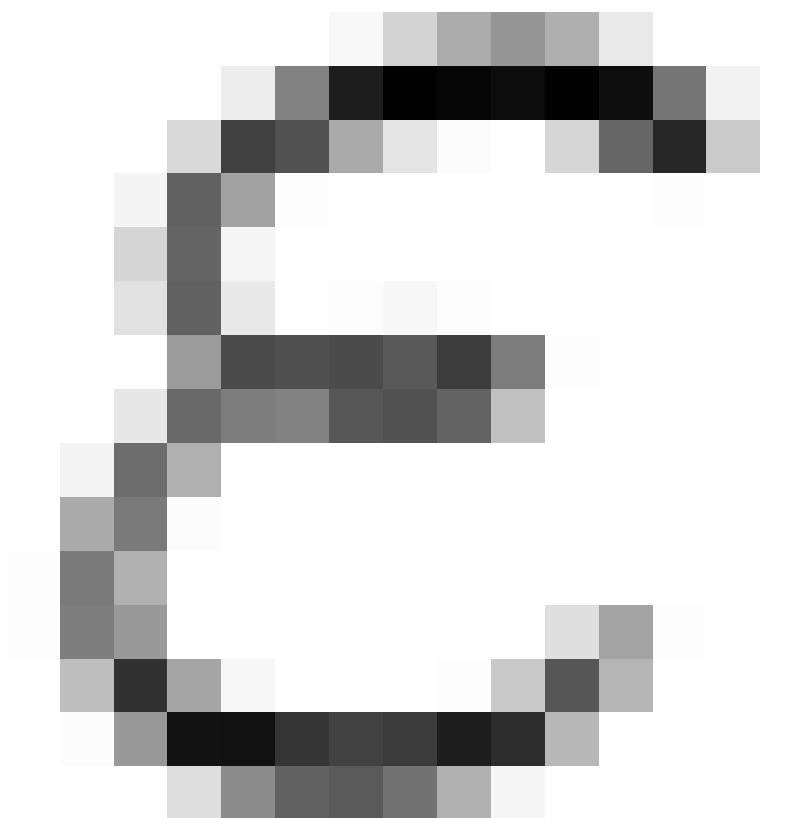
\overline{E}

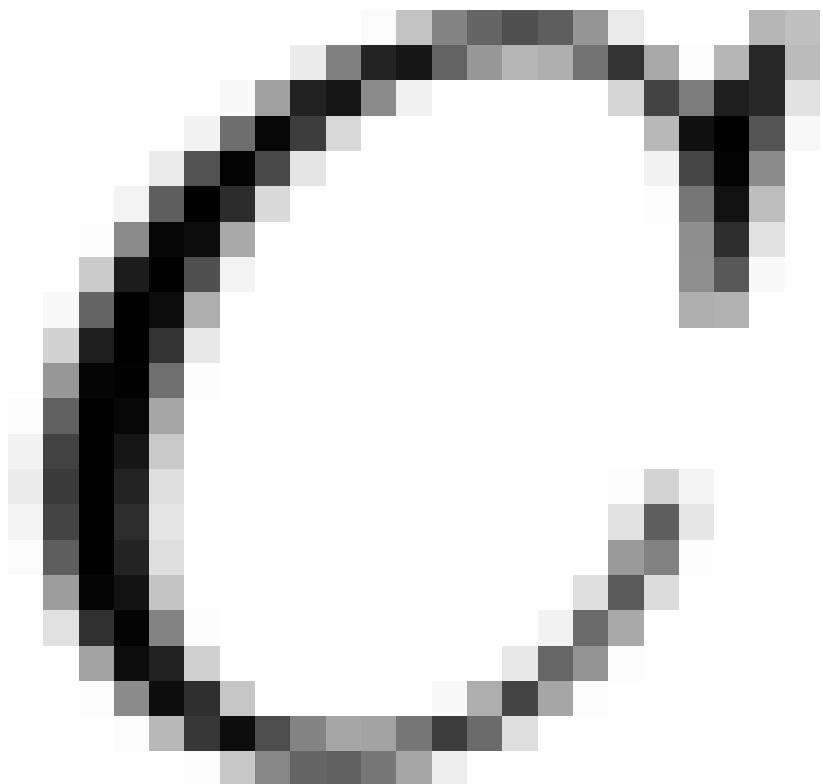












π

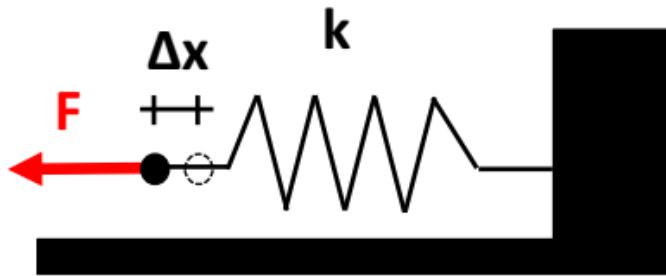
π

π

π

Hooke's law

$$F = k\Delta x$$

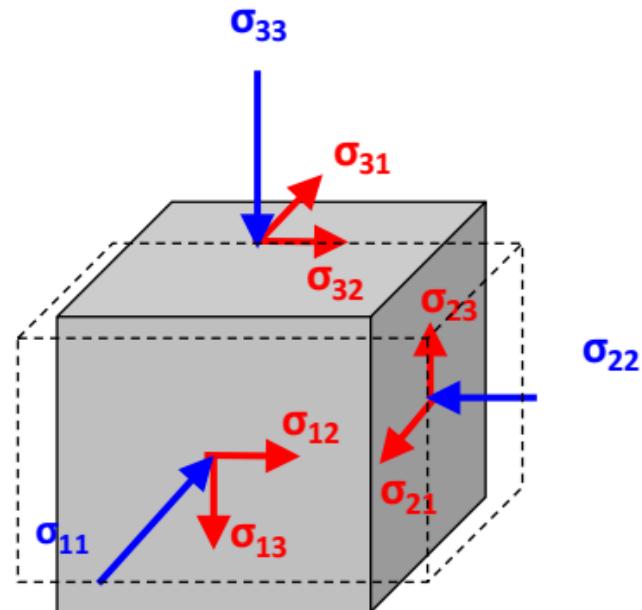


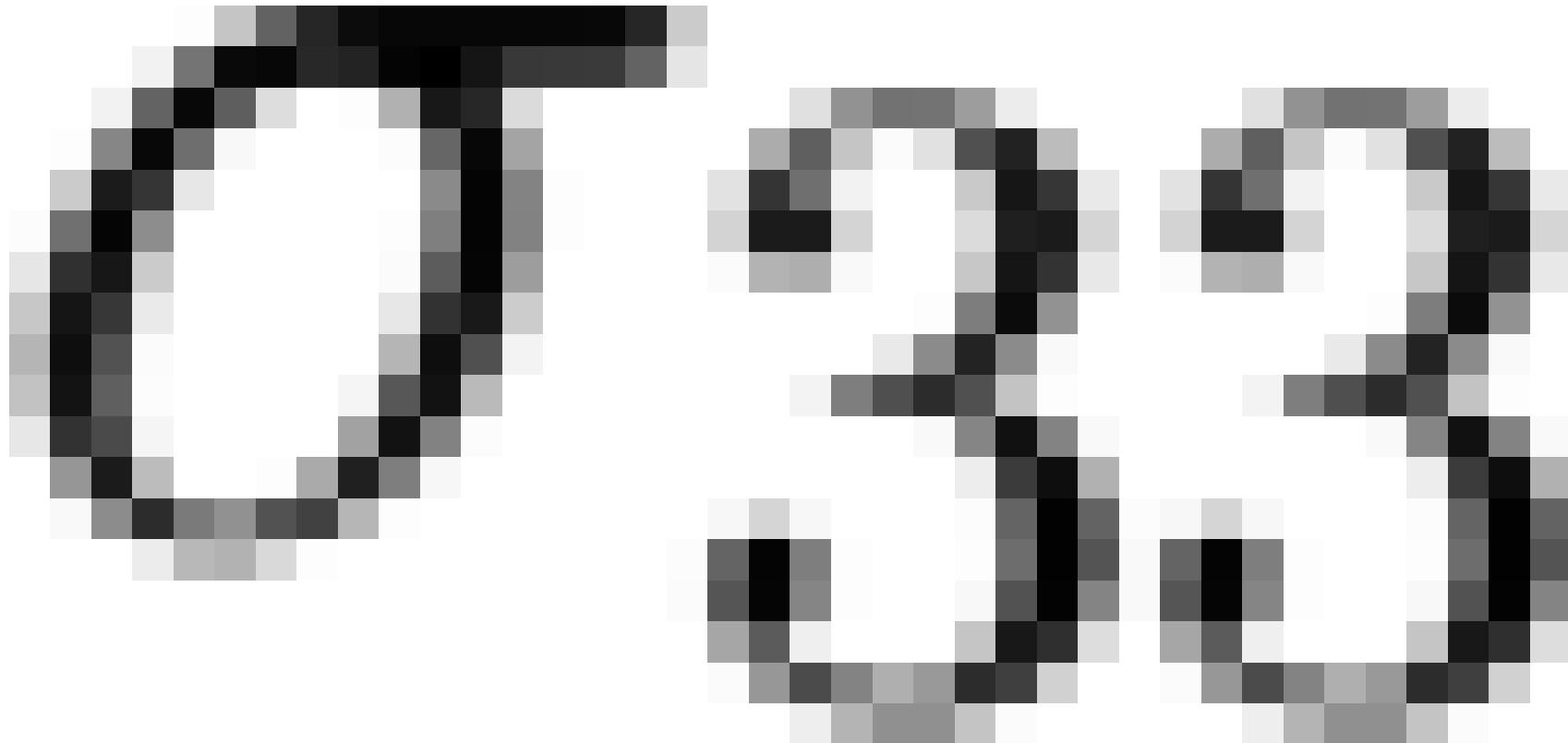
1-D (stress-strain) Hooke's law

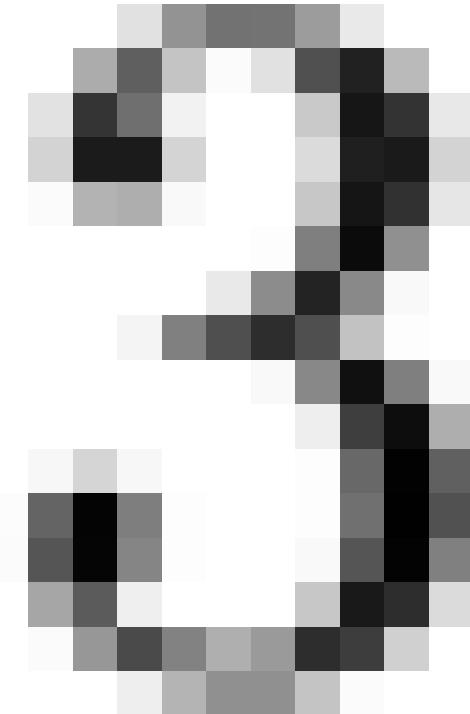
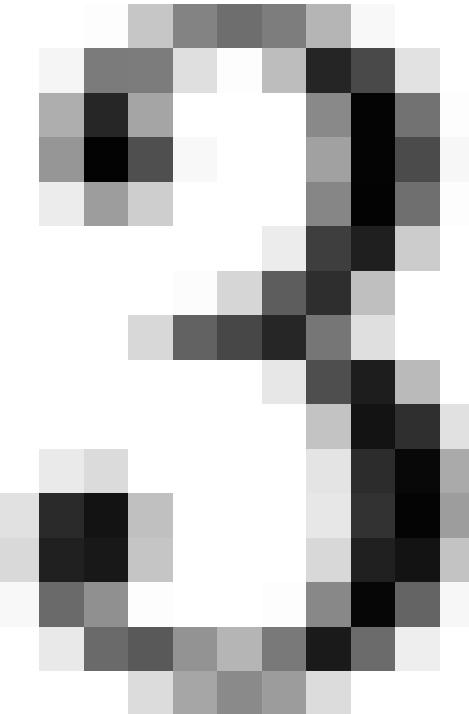
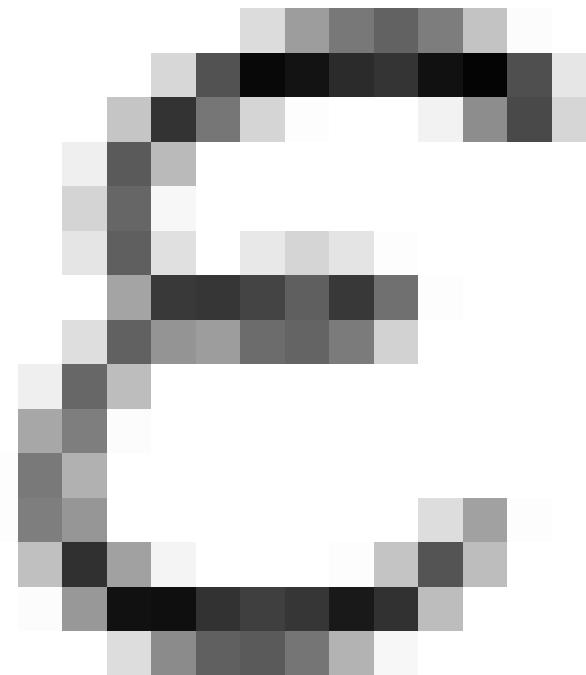
$$\sigma = E\varepsilon$$

Generalized Hooke's law

$$\underline{\underline{\sigma}} = \underline{\underline{C}} \underline{\underline{\varepsilon}}$$





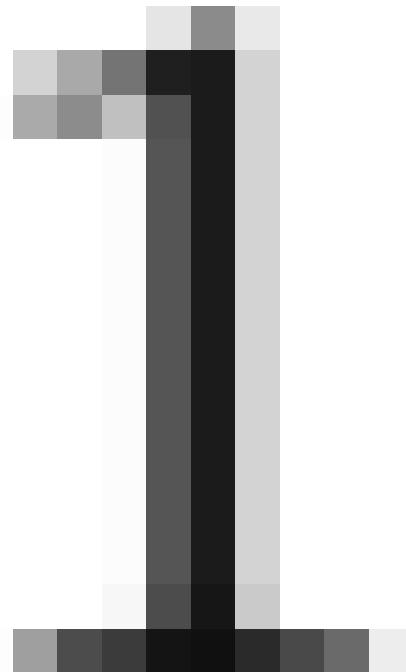
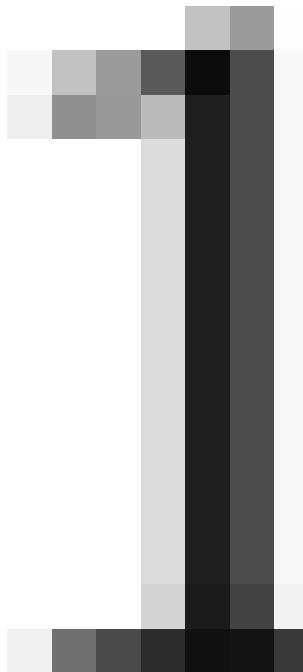
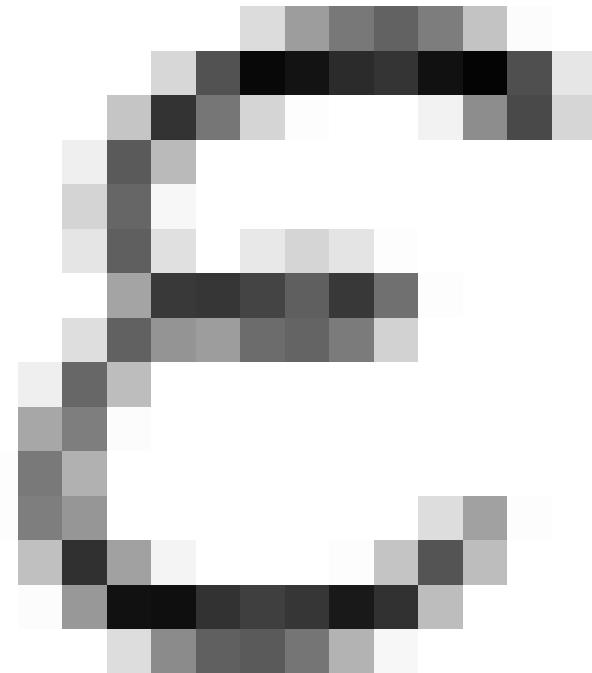


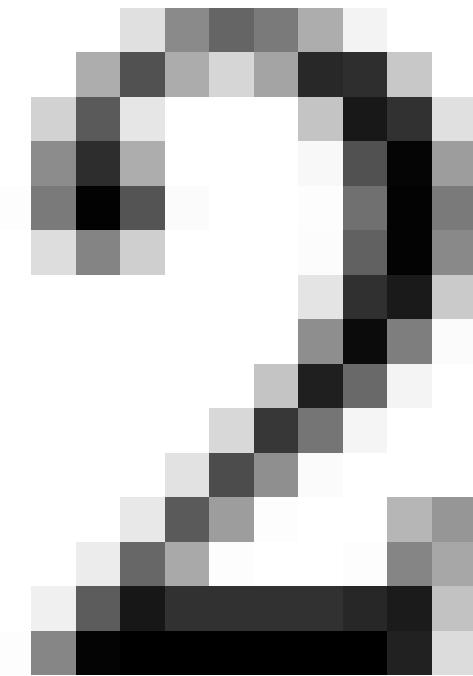
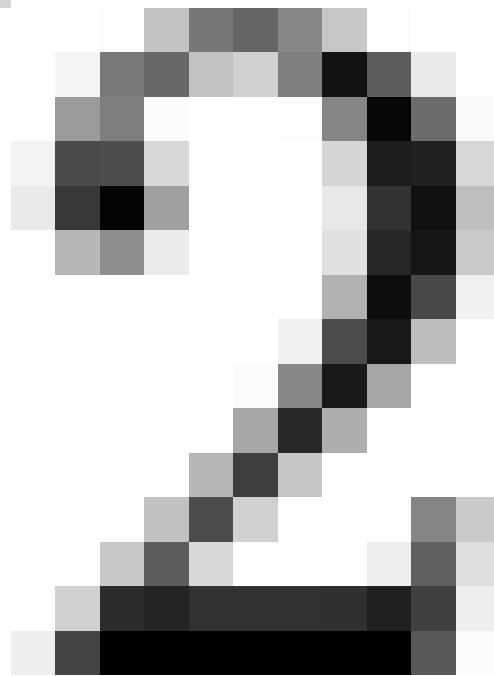
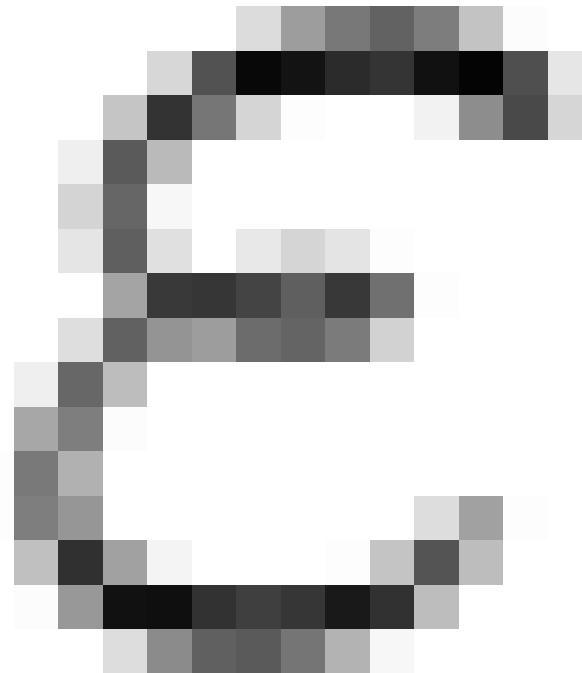
E

33

σ 33

ε 33





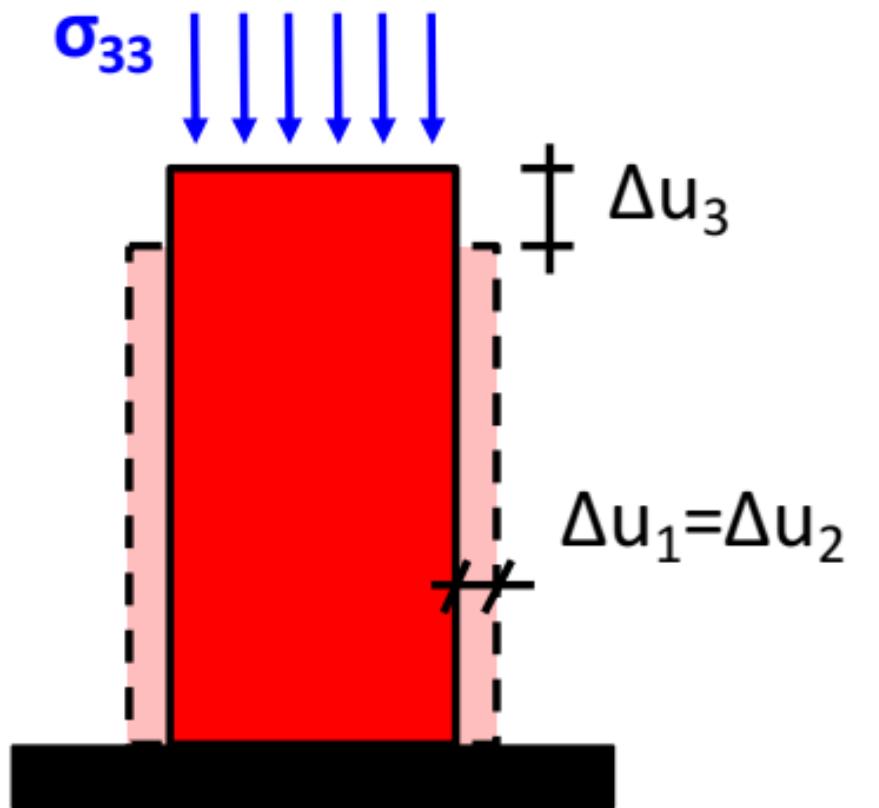
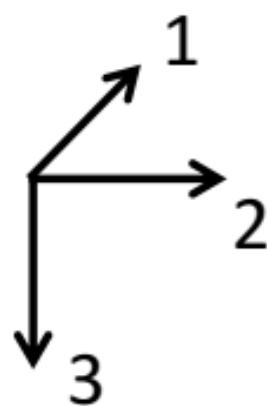
W

—
—
—

—

611

633

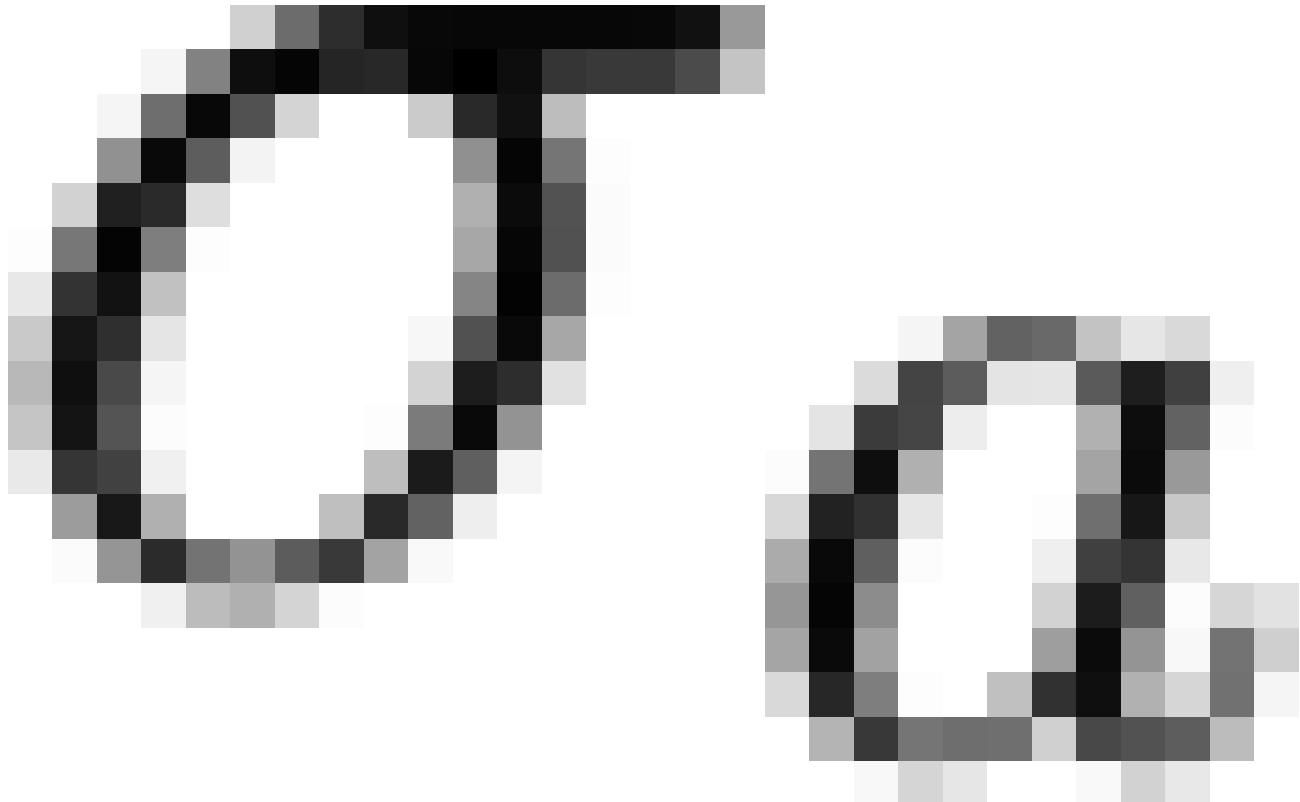


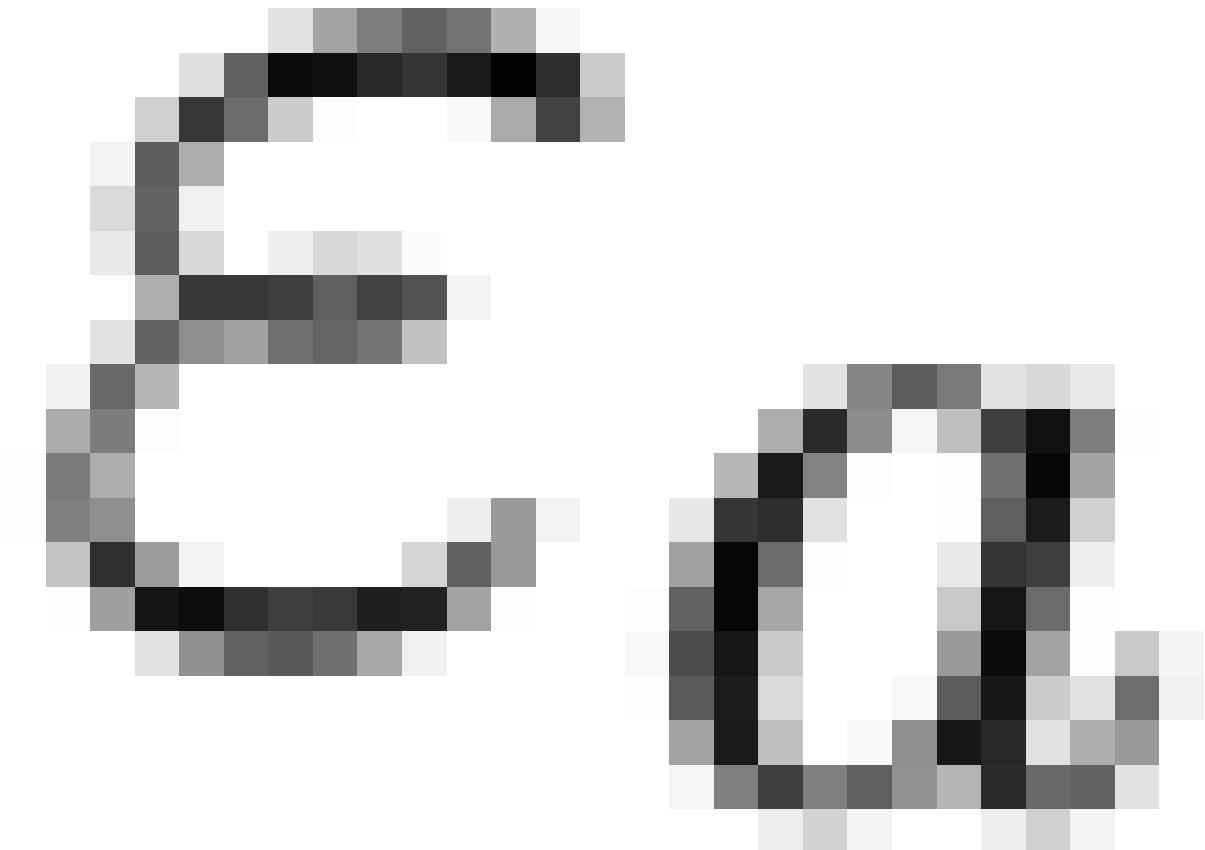
$$E = \frac{\sigma_{33}}{\epsilon_{33}}$$

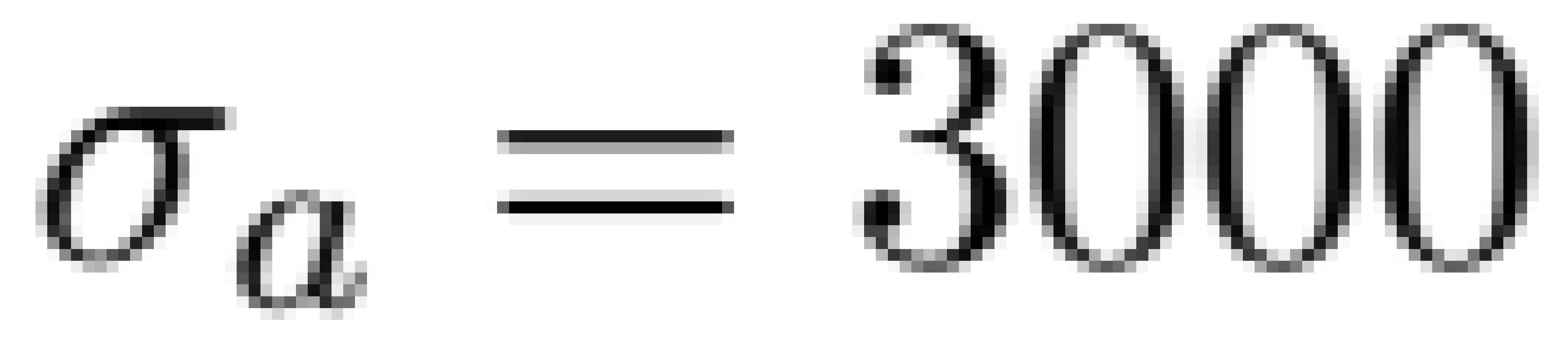
Young's Modulus

$$\nu = -\frac{\epsilon_{11}}{\epsilon_{33}}$$

Poisson's ratio (ν)





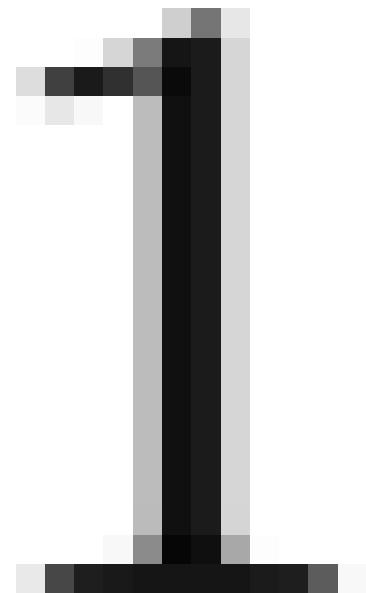
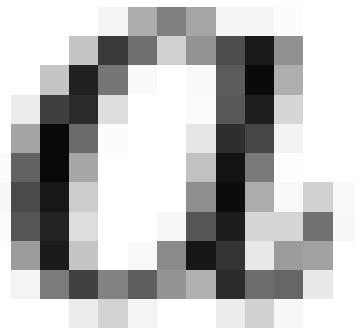
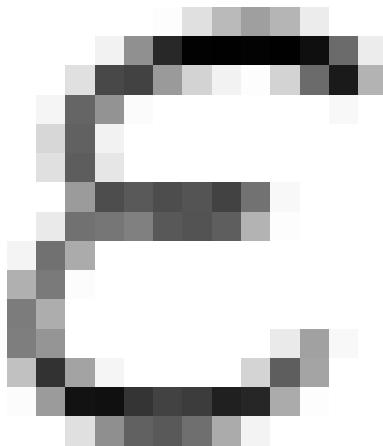


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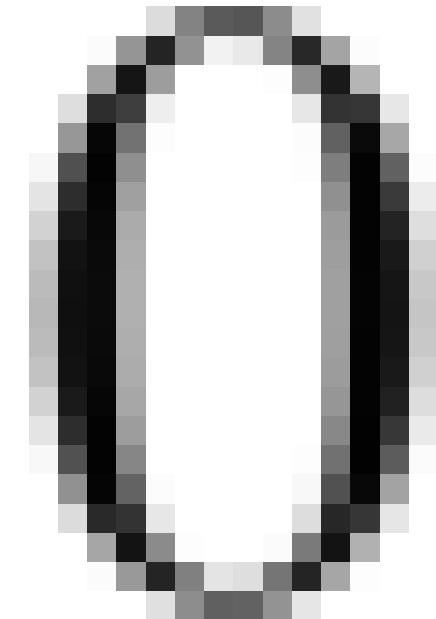
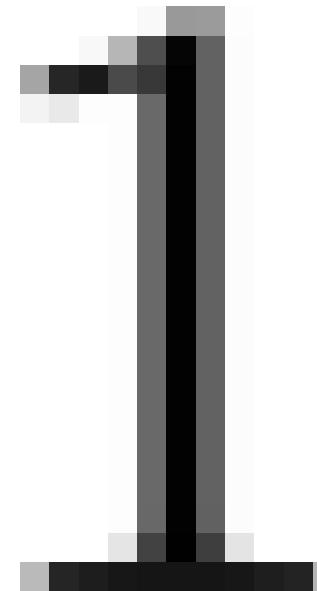
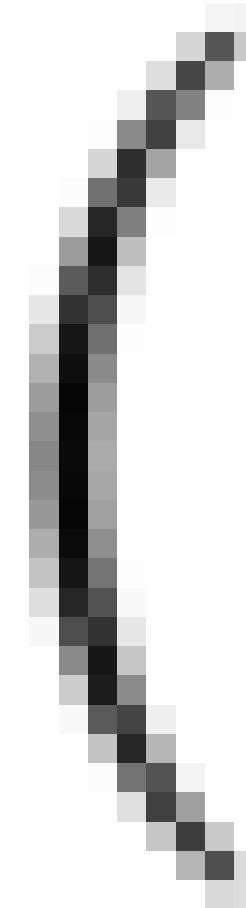
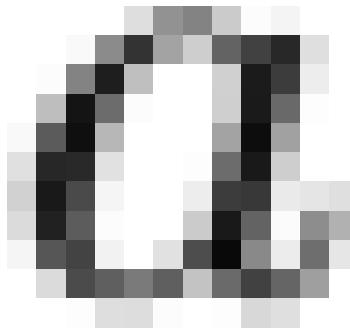
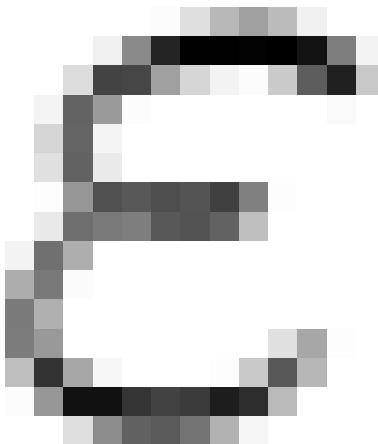
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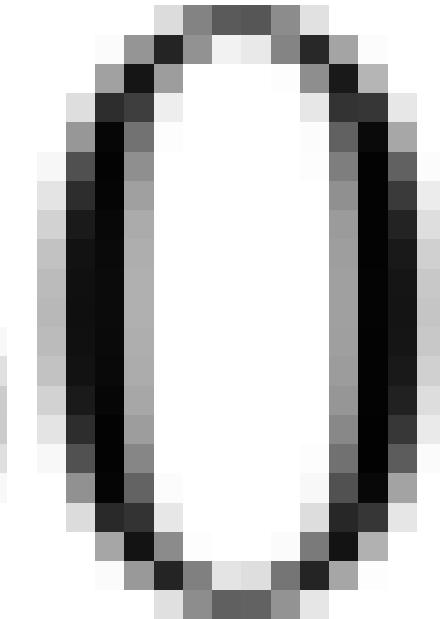
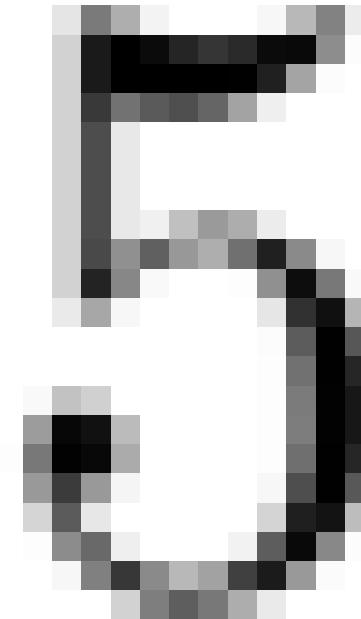
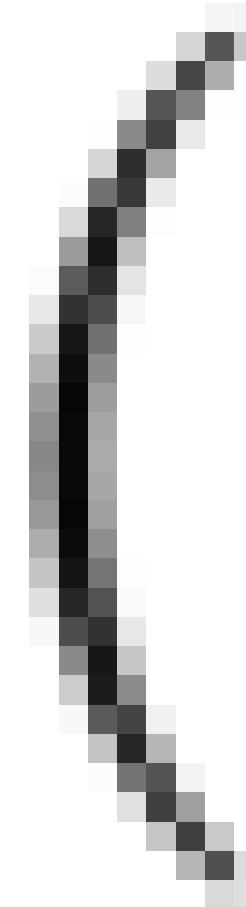
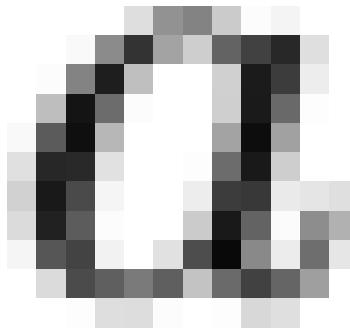
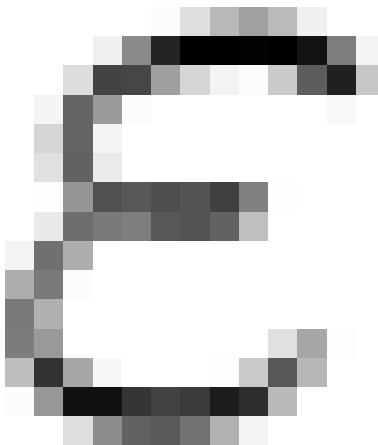


$$\sigma_a = E \epsilon_a$$

$$= \frac{20.7 \text{ MPa}}{1000 \text{ MPa}} = 0.0207 = 2.07\%$$



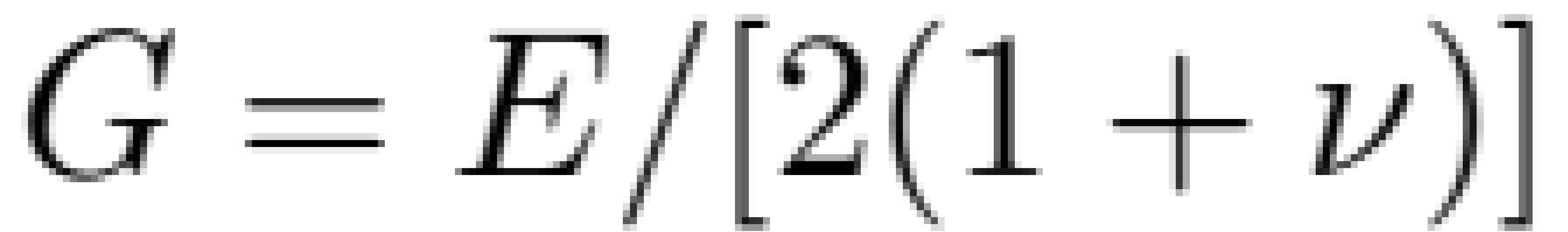
$$\frac{\sigma_a}{E} = \frac{20.7 \text{ MPa}}{1000 \text{ MPa}} = 0.0207 = 0.207\%$$



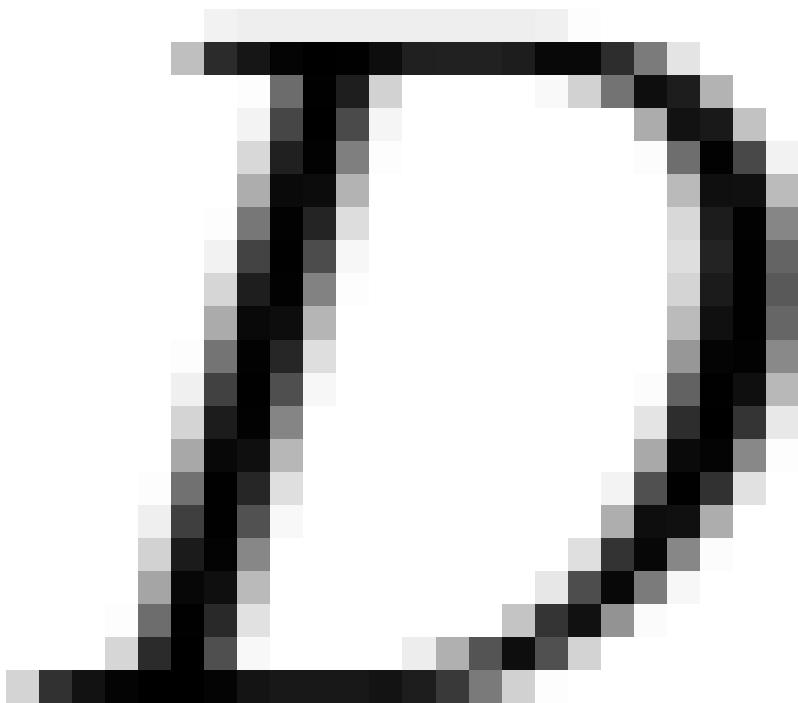
$$\frac{\sigma_a}{E} = \frac{20.7 \text{ MPa}}{5000 \text{ MPa}} = 0.0041 = 0.041\%$$

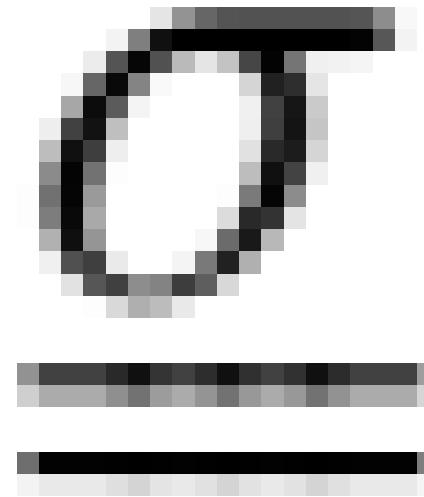
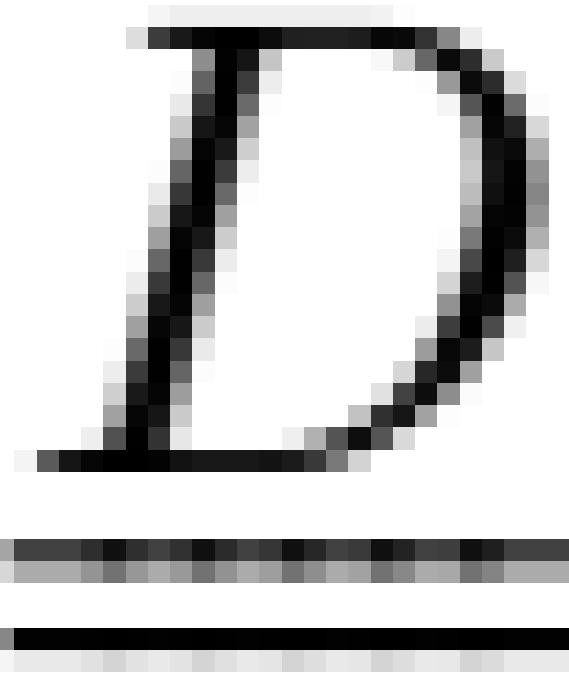
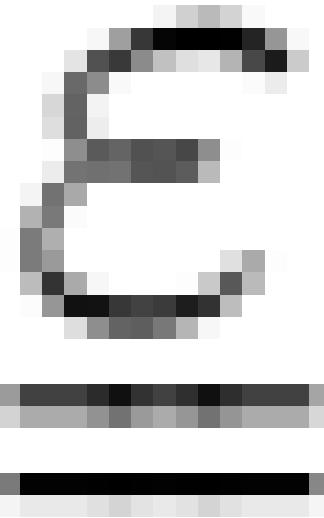
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{lcl} \varepsilon_{11} & = & +\frac{1}{E}\sigma_{11} - \frac{\nu}{E}\sigma_{22} - \frac{\nu}{E}\sigma_{33} \\ \\ \varepsilon_{22} & = & -\frac{\nu}{E}\sigma_{11} + \frac{1}{E}\sigma_{22} - \frac{\nu}{E}\sigma_{33} \\ \\ \varepsilon_{33} & = & -\frac{\nu}{E}\sigma_{11} - \frac{\nu}{E}\sigma_{22} + \frac{1}{E}\sigma_{33} \end{array} \right.$$

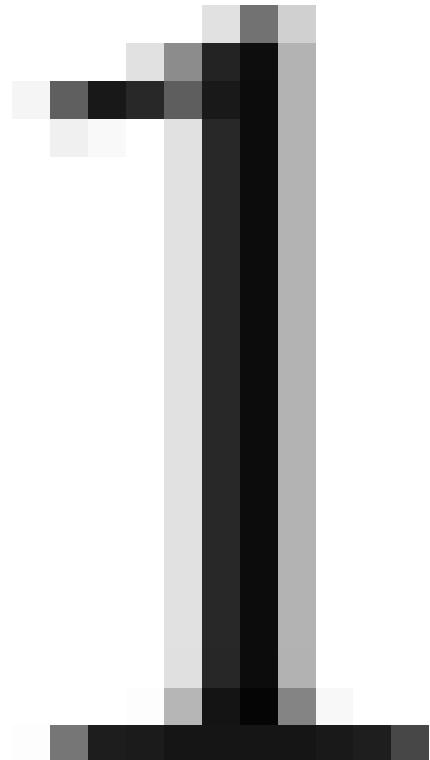
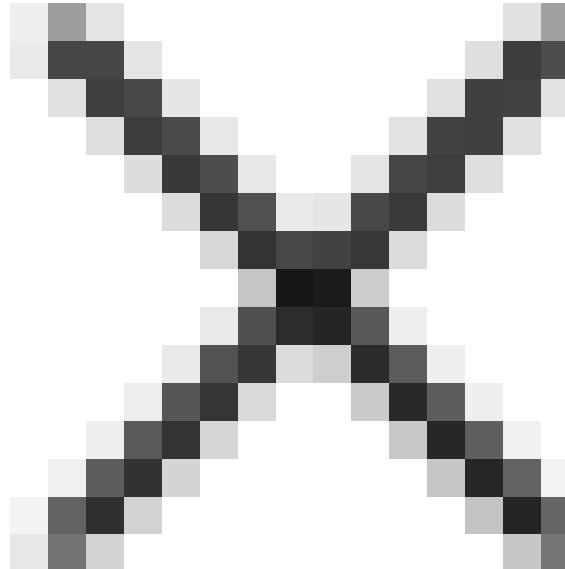
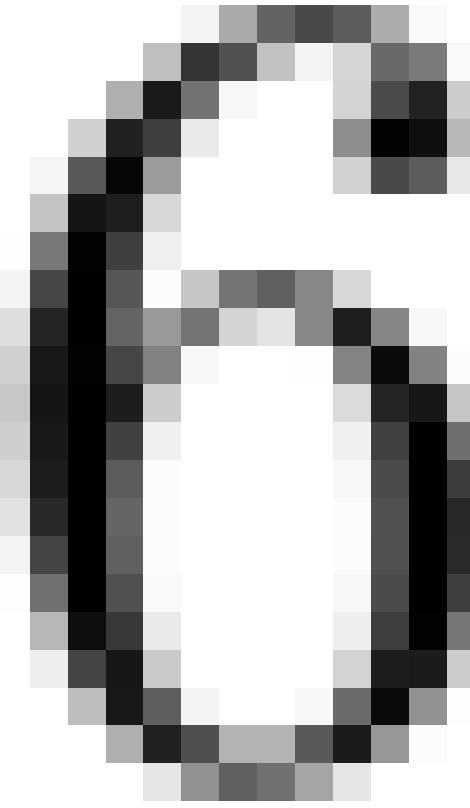


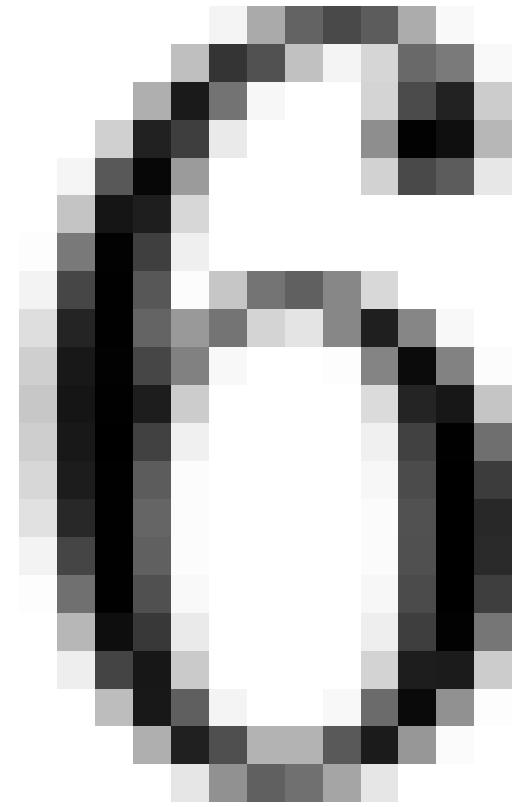
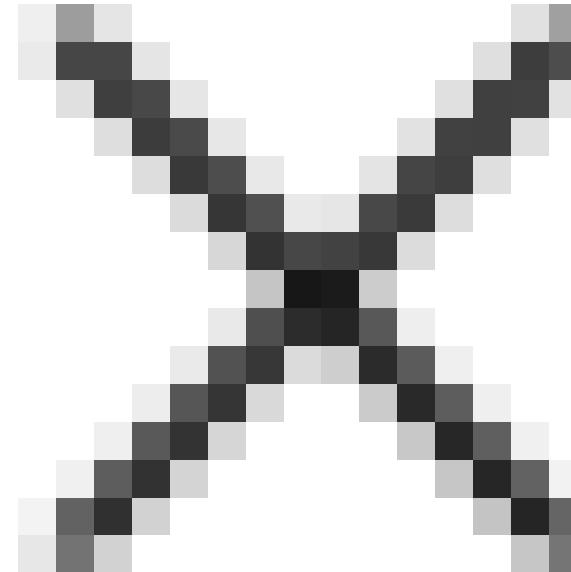
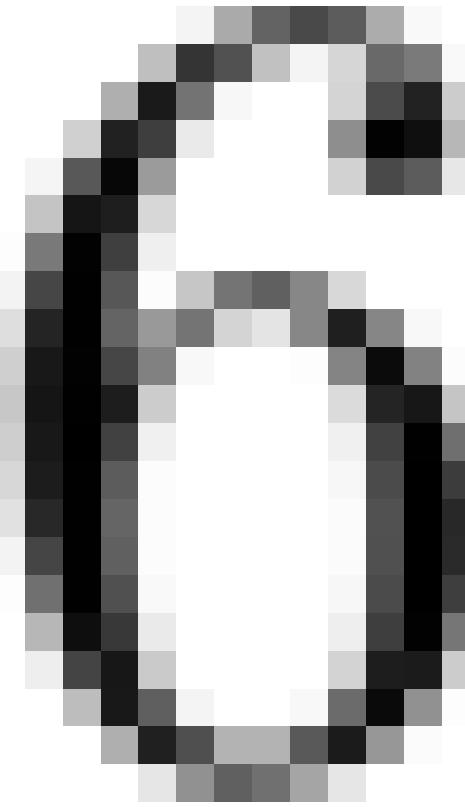


$$\left\{ \begin{array}{rcl} 2\varepsilon_{12} & = & \frac{1}{G}\sigma_{12} \\ \\ 2\varepsilon_{13} & = & \frac{1}{G}\sigma_{13} \\ \\ 2\varepsilon_{23} & = & \frac{1}{G}\sigma_{23} \end{array} \right.$$



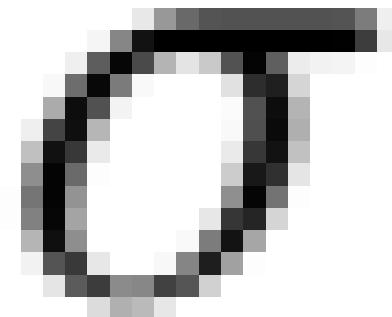
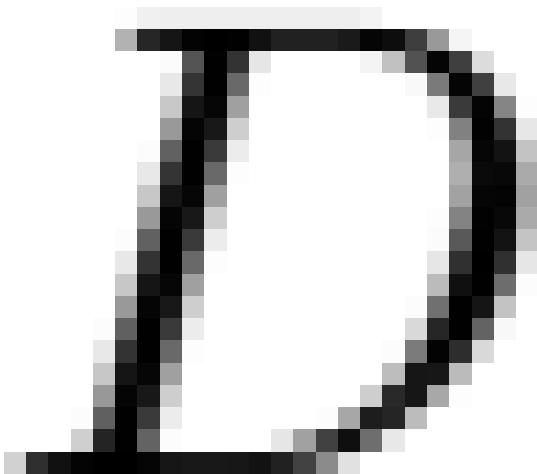




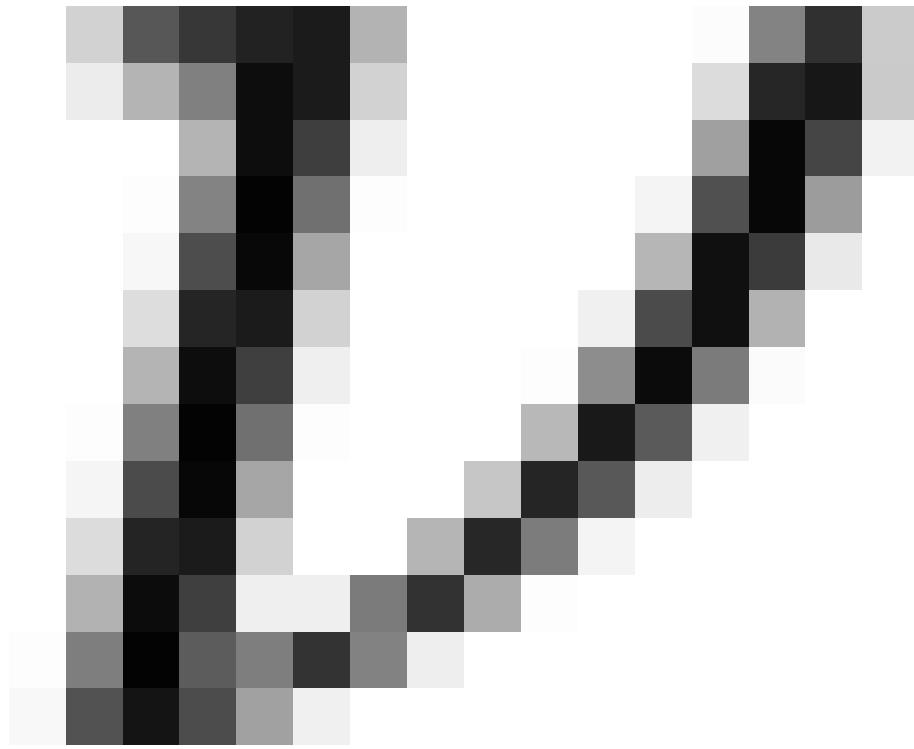


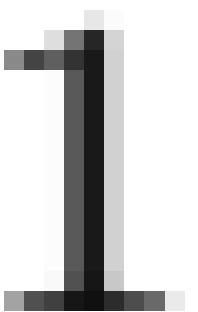
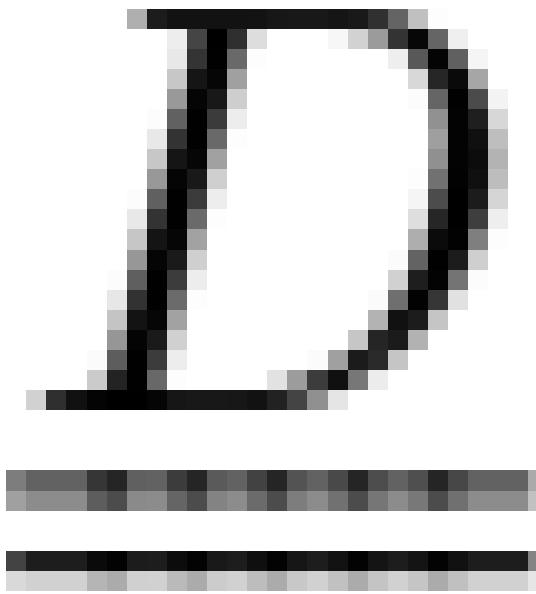
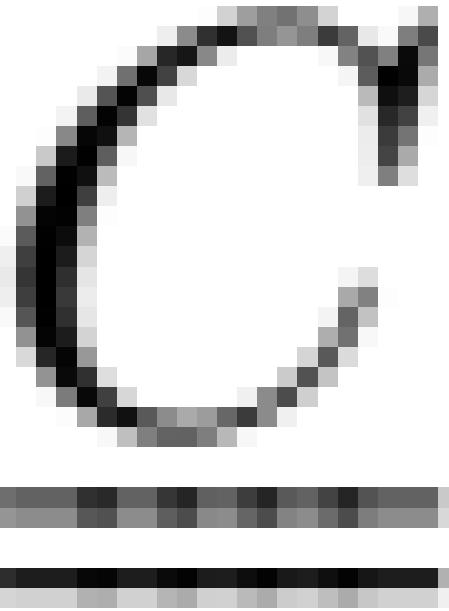
$$\begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_{11} \\ \varepsilon_{22} \\ \varepsilon_{33} \\ 2\varepsilon_{23} \\ 2\varepsilon_{13} \\ 2\varepsilon_{12} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} +\frac{1}{E} & -\frac{\nu}{E} & -\frac{\nu}{E} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{\nu}{E} & +\frac{1}{E} & -\frac{\nu}{E} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{\nu}{E} & -\frac{\nu}{E} & +\frac{1}{E} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{2(1+\nu)}{E} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{2(1+\nu)}{E} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{2(1+\nu)}{E} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{11} \\ \sigma_{22} \\ \sigma_{33} \\ \sigma_{23} \\ \sigma_{13} \\ \sigma_{12} \end{bmatrix}$$



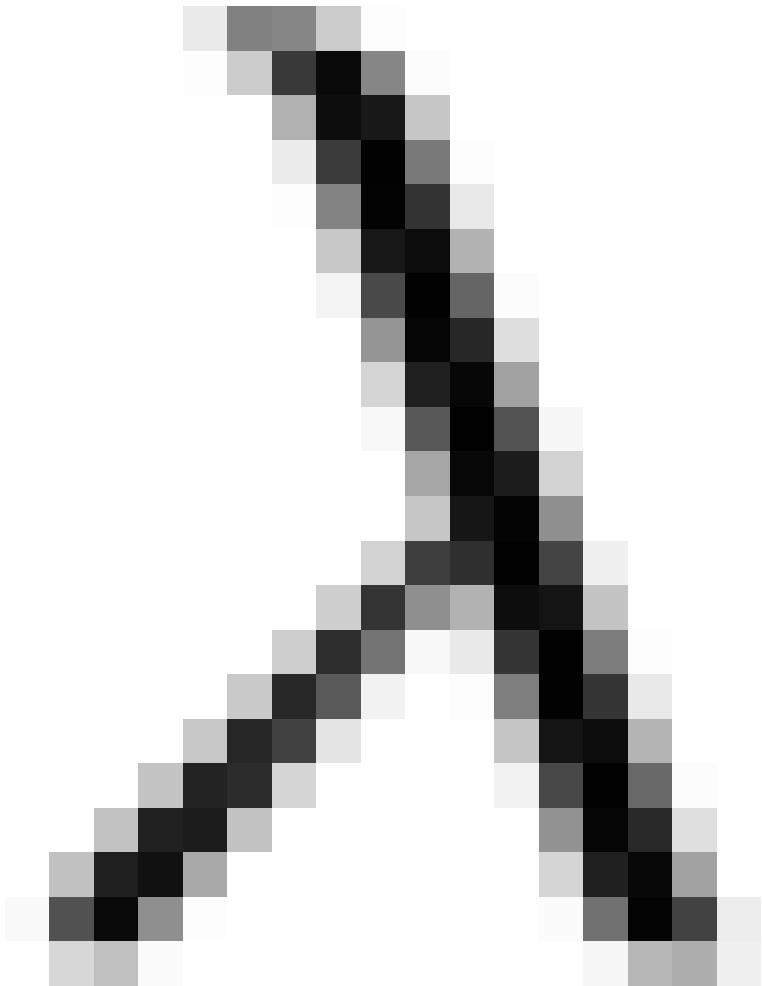


$$\underline{\underline{\varepsilon}} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{\nu}{E}\sigma_{33}, -\frac{\nu}{E}\sigma_{33}, \frac{1}{E}\sigma_{33}, 0, 0 \end{bmatrix}^T$$





$$\begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{11} \\ \sigma_{22} \\ \sigma_{33} \\ \sigma_{23} \\ \sigma_{13} \\ \sigma_{12} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)} \begin{bmatrix} 1-\nu & \nu & \nu & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \nu & 1-\nu & \nu & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \nu & \nu & 1-\nu & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{(1-2\nu)}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{(1-2\nu)}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{(1-2\nu)}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_{11} \\ \varepsilon_{22} \\ \varepsilon_{33} \\ 2\varepsilon_{23} \\ 2\varepsilon_{13} \\ 2\varepsilon_{12} \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\sigma_{11} \equiv \frac{E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)} \left[(1-\nu) \epsilon_{11} + \nu \epsilon_{22} + \nu \epsilon_{33} \right]$$

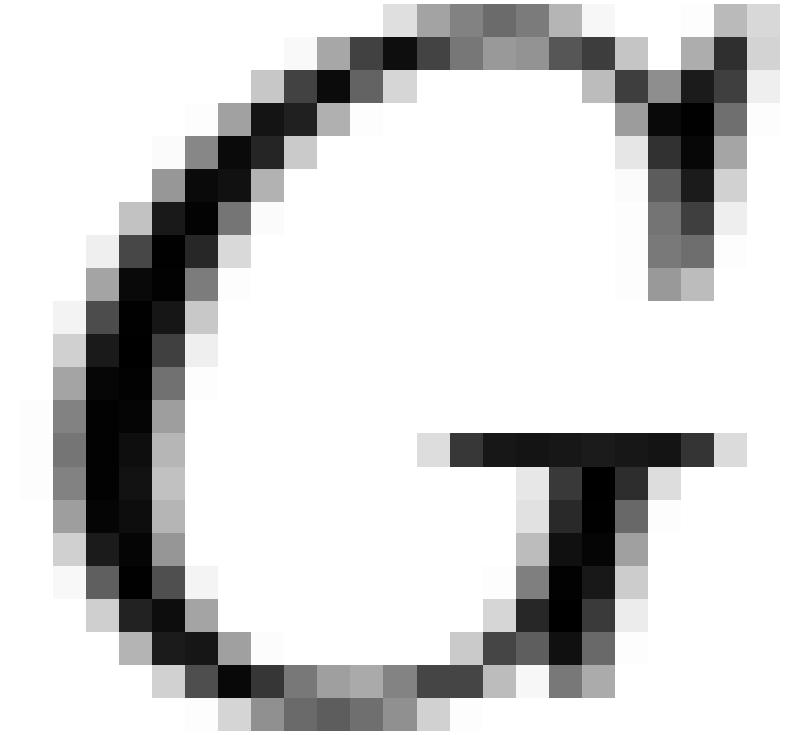
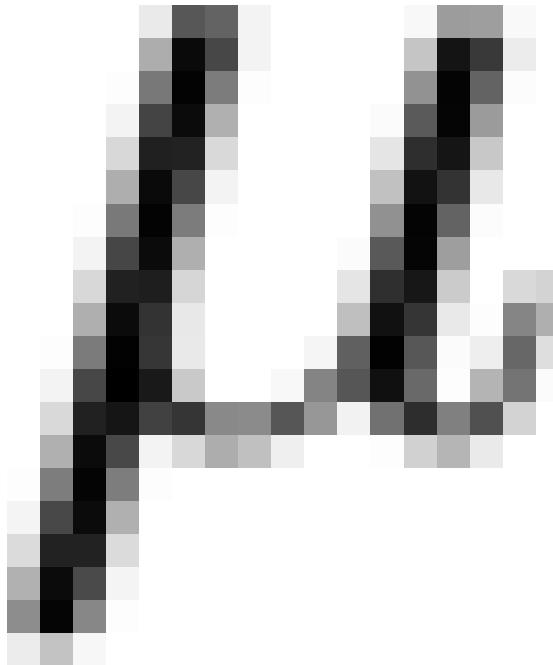
$$\sigma_{11} = \frac{\nu E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)} (\epsilon_{11} + \epsilon_{22} + \epsilon_{33}) + \frac{\nu E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)} \left(\frac{1-\nu}{\nu} \right) \epsilon_{11}$$

Δ



$$(1 + \nu)(1 - 2\nu) \nu E$$

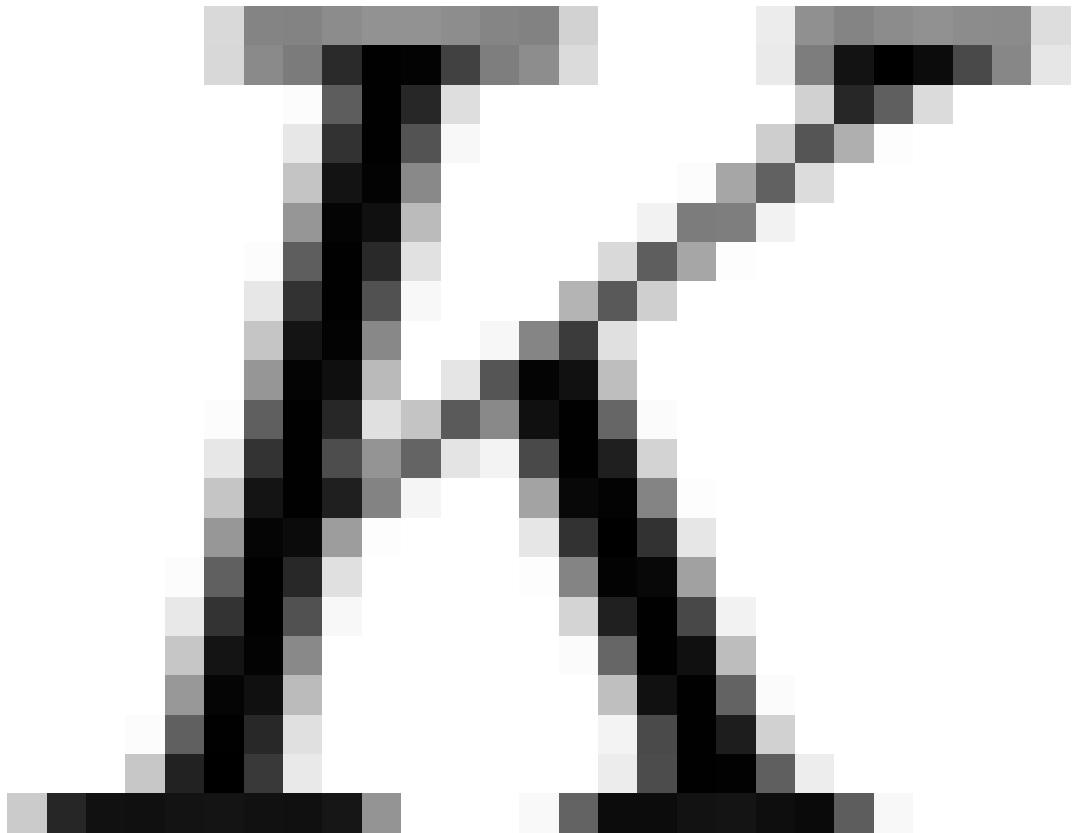
$$2\mu = \frac{\nu E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)} - \frac{1}{1-\nu} + \frac{E}{(1+\nu)}$$

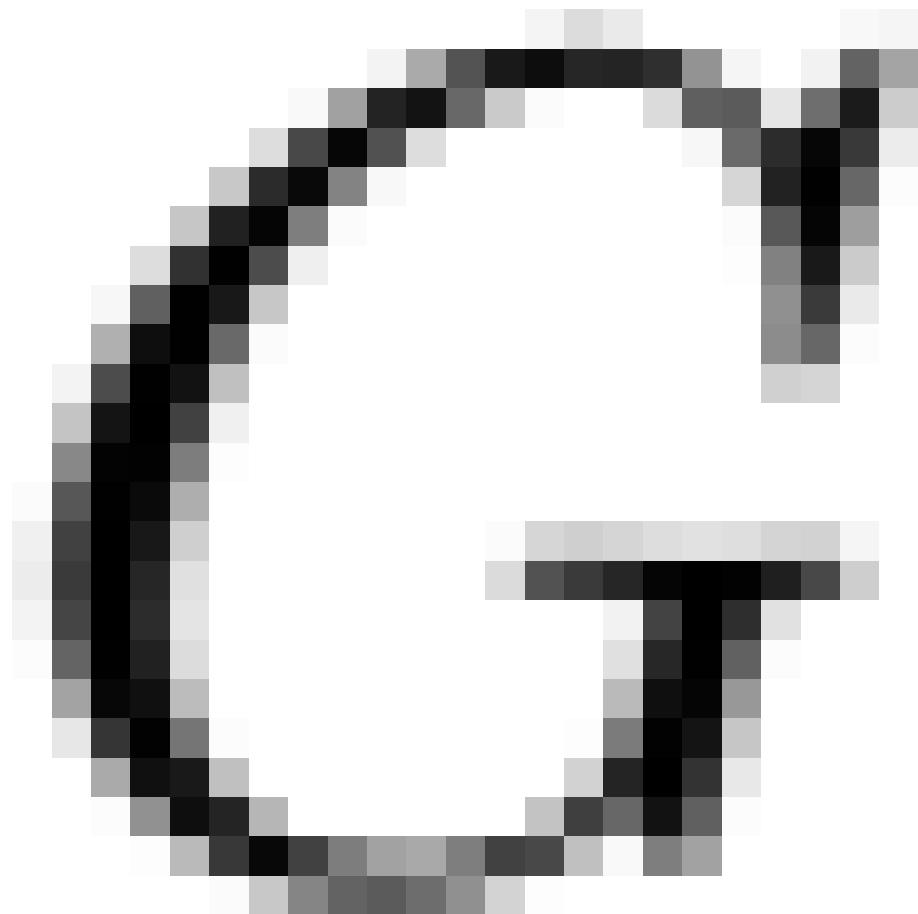


$$\left\{ \begin{array}{lcl} \sigma_{11} & = & (\lambda + 2\mu) \varepsilon_{11} + \lambda \varepsilon_{22} + \lambda \varepsilon_{33} \\ \sigma_{22} & = & \lambda \varepsilon_{11} + (\lambda + 2\mu) \varepsilon_{22} + \lambda \varepsilon_{33} \\ \sigma_{33} & = & \lambda \varepsilon_{11} + \lambda \varepsilon_{22} + (\lambda + 2\mu) \varepsilon_{33} \\ \sigma_{23} & = & 2\mu \varepsilon_{23} \\ \sigma_{13} & = & 2\mu \varepsilon_{13} \\ \sigma_{12} & = & 2\mu \varepsilon_{12} \end{array} \right..$$

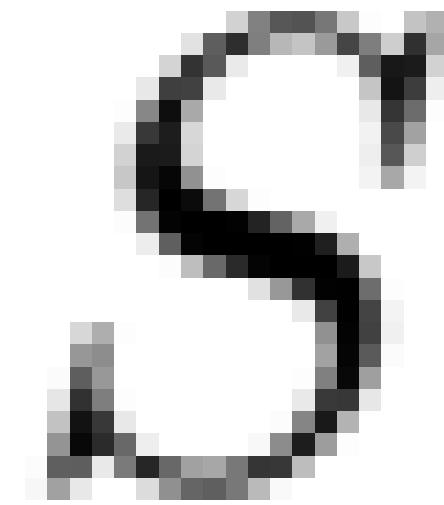
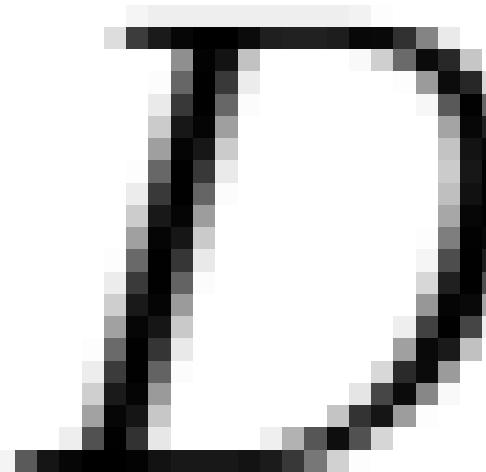
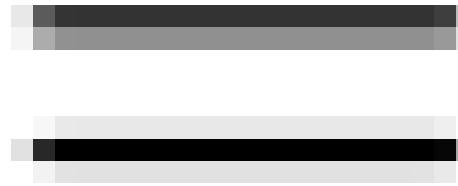
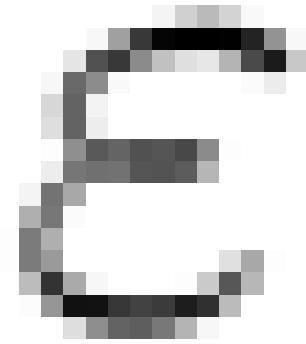
$$\begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{11} \\ \sigma_{22} \\ \sigma_{33} \\ \sigma_{23} \\ \sigma_{13} \\ \sigma_{12} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda + 2\mu & \lambda & \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \lambda & \lambda + 2\mu & \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \lambda & \lambda & \lambda + 2\mu & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \mu & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \mu & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \mu \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_{11} \\ \varepsilon_{22} \\ \varepsilon_{33} \\ 2\varepsilon_{23} \\ 2\varepsilon_{13} \\ 2\varepsilon_{12} \end{bmatrix}$$

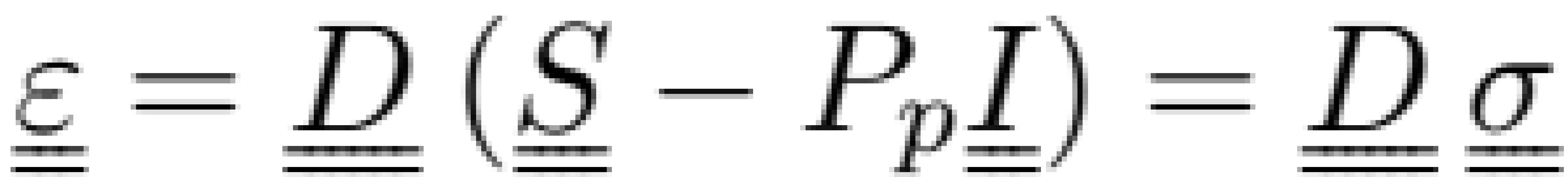
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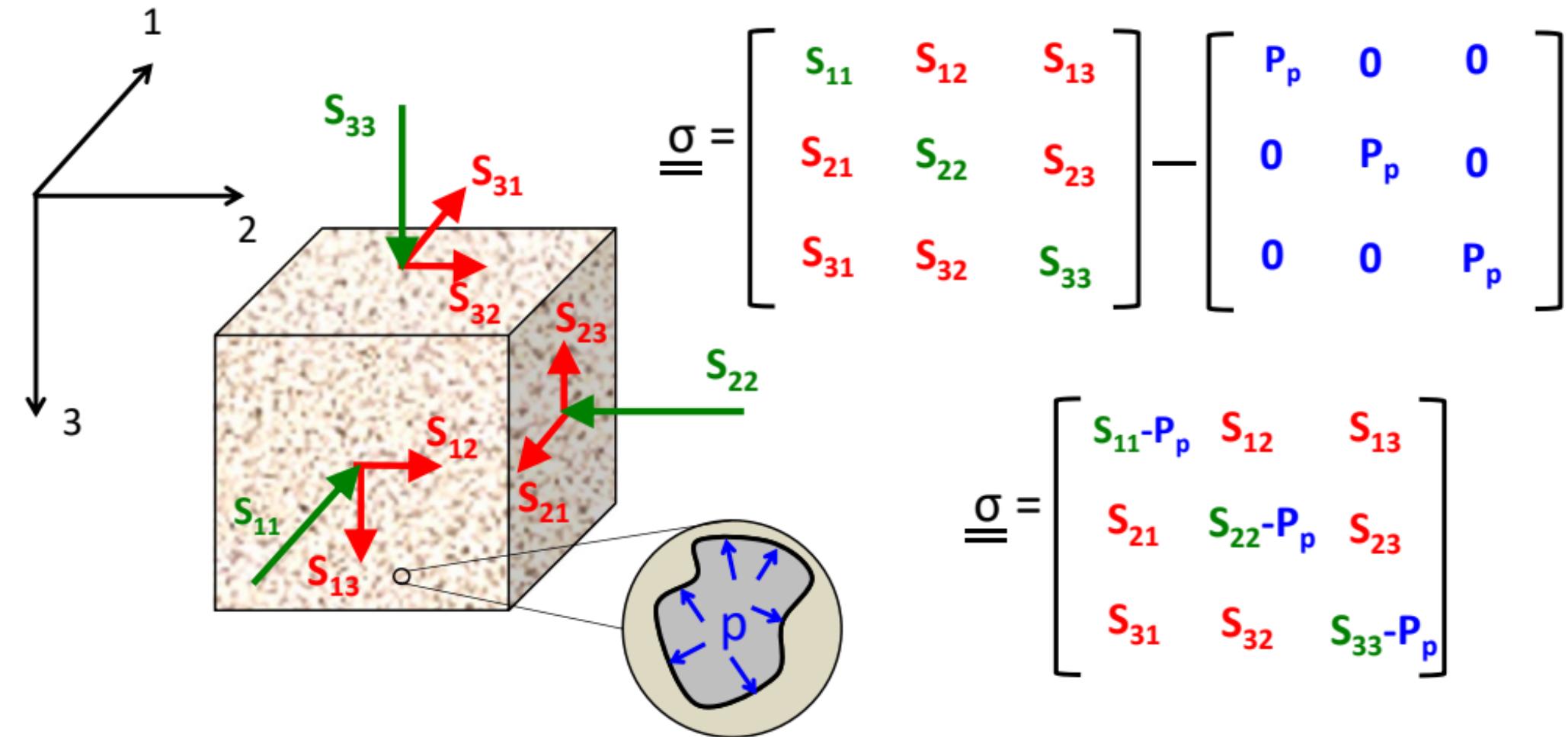


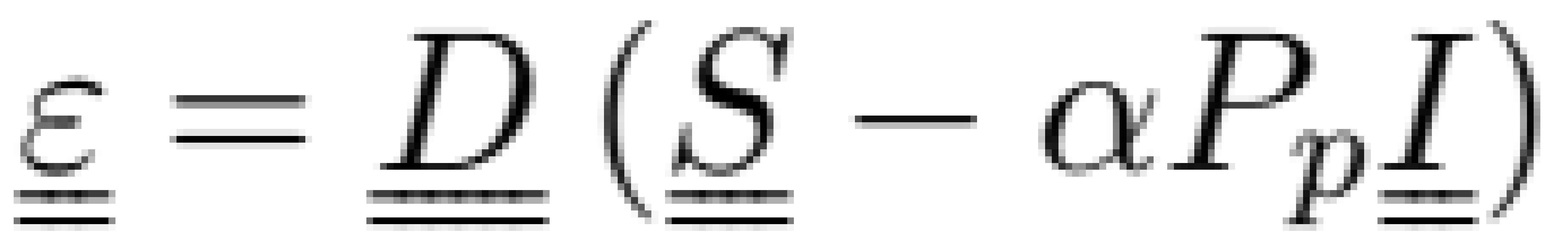


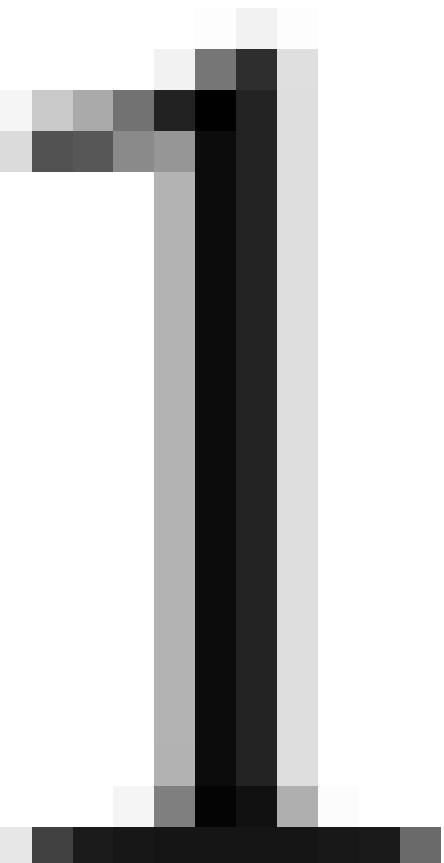
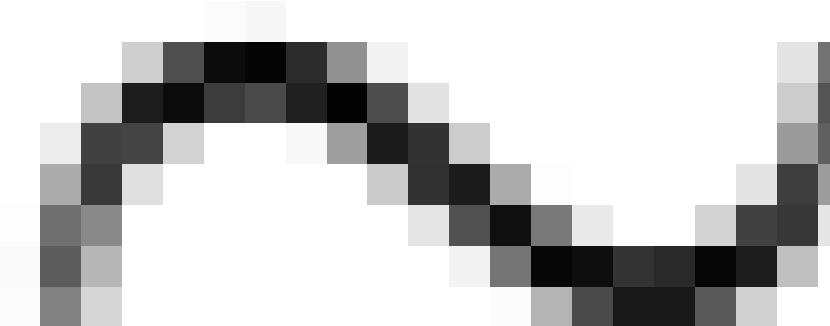
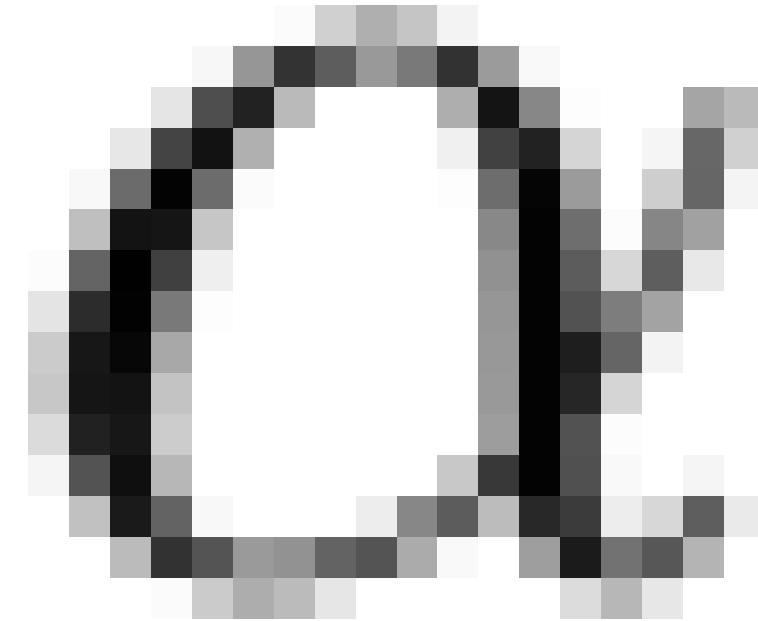
	(E, v)	(K, G)
$G =$	$\frac{E}{2(1+v)}$	<u>Shear modulus</u> (also noted as μ , S-wave)
$M =$	$\frac{(1-v)E}{(1+v)(1-2v)}$	<u>Constrained modulus</u> (uniaxial compaction, P-wave)
$\lambda =$	$\frac{vE}{(1+v)(1-2v)}$	<u>Lamé first parameter</u> (volumetric strain component)
$K =$	$\frac{E}{3(1-2v)}$	<u>Bulk modulus</u> (relates volumetric strain and isotropic stress)

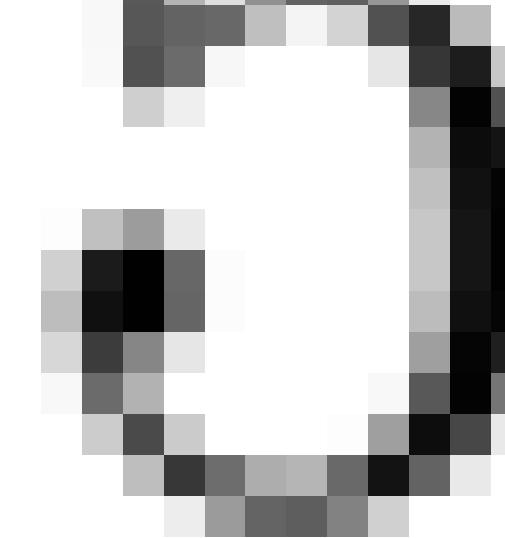
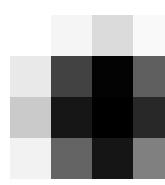
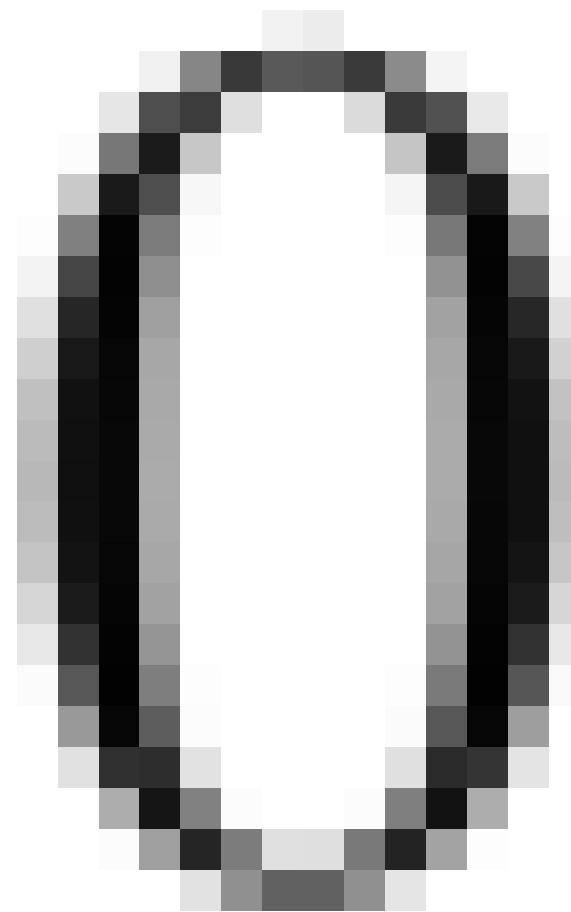
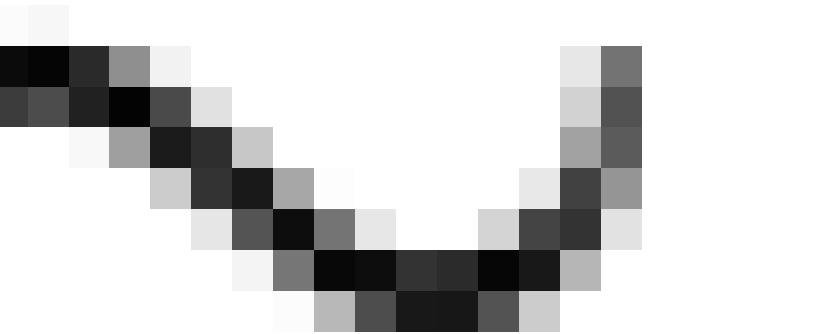
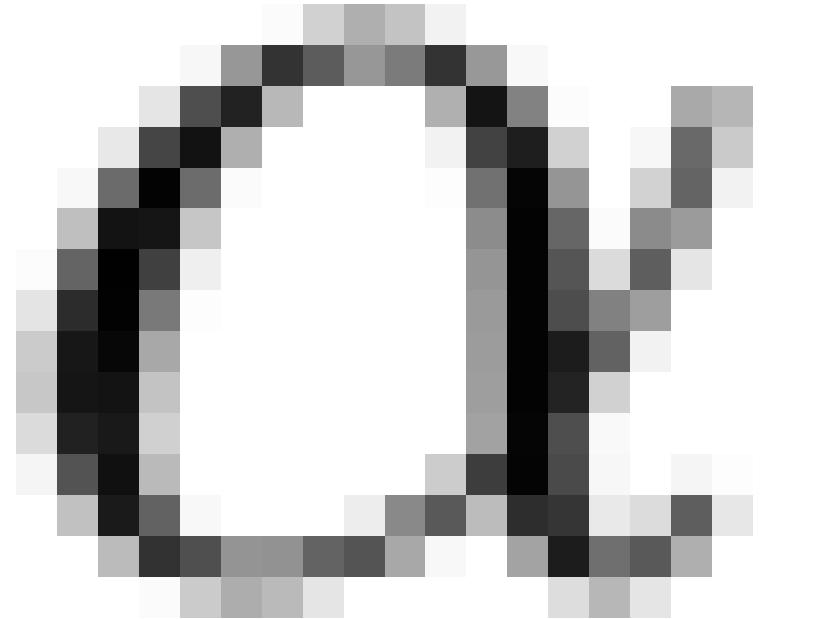








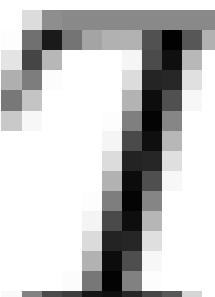
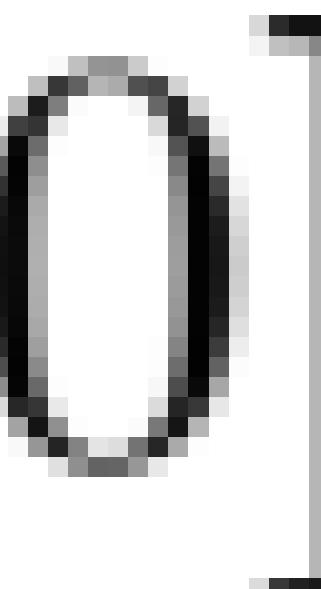
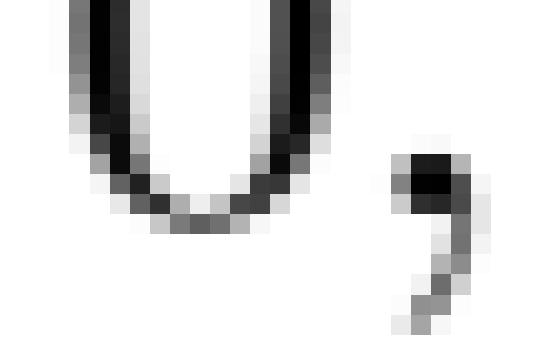
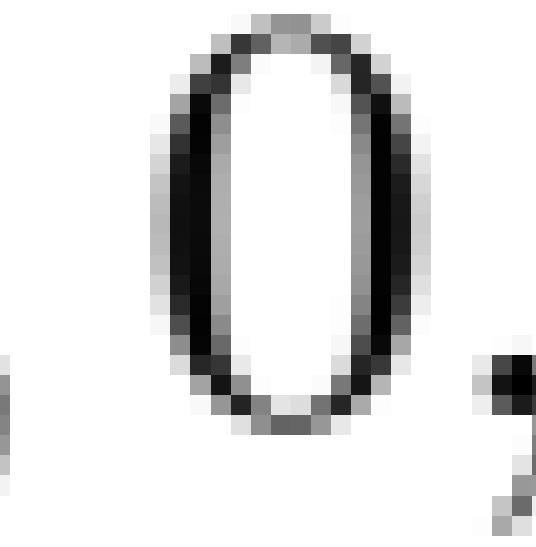
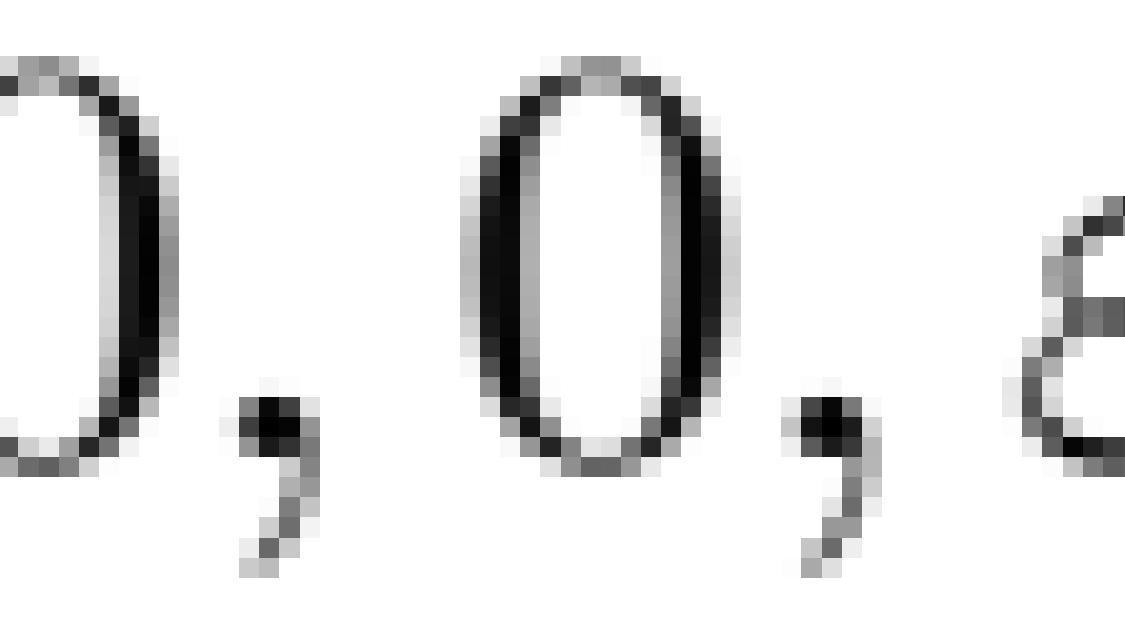
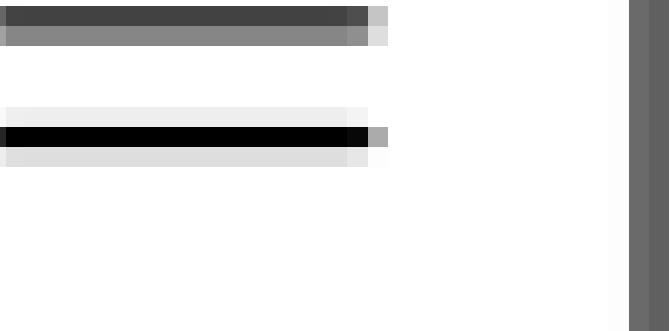
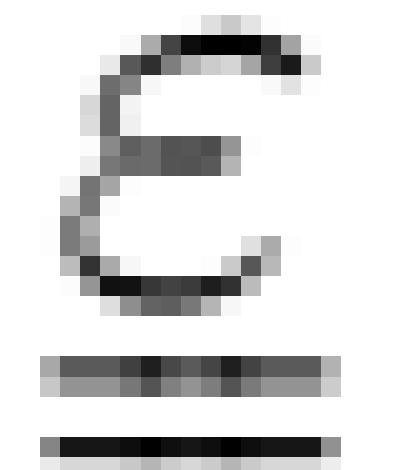


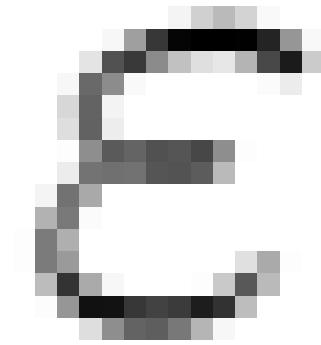
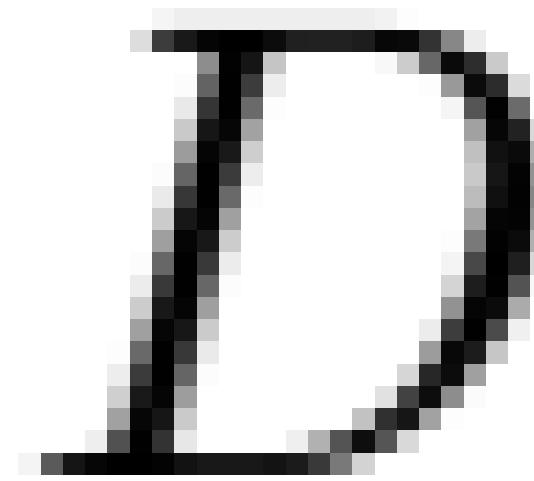
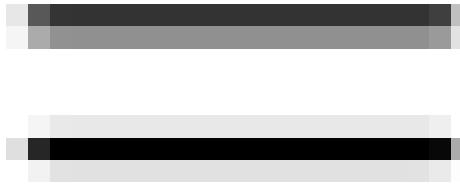
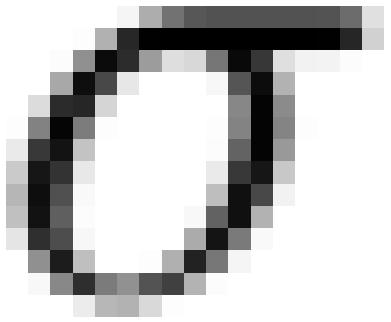




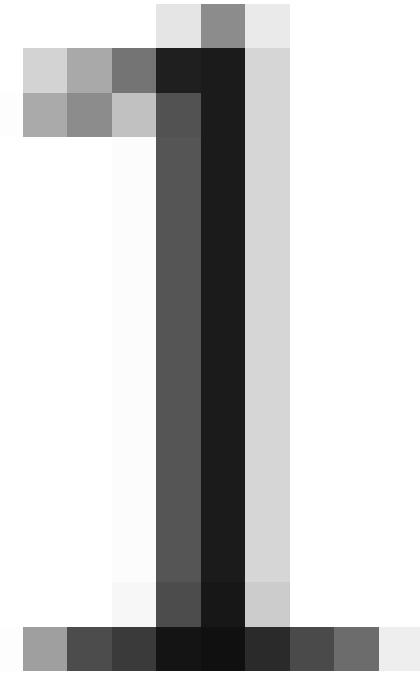
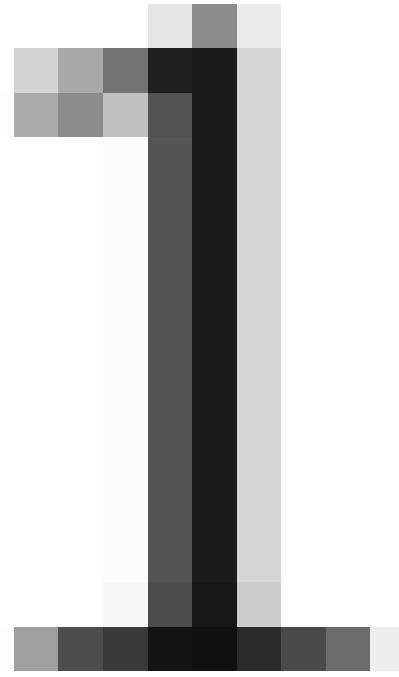
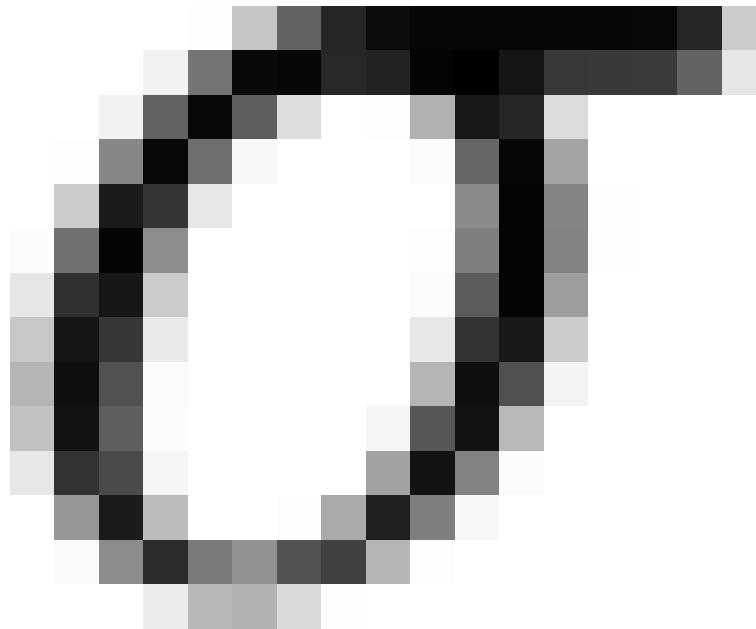


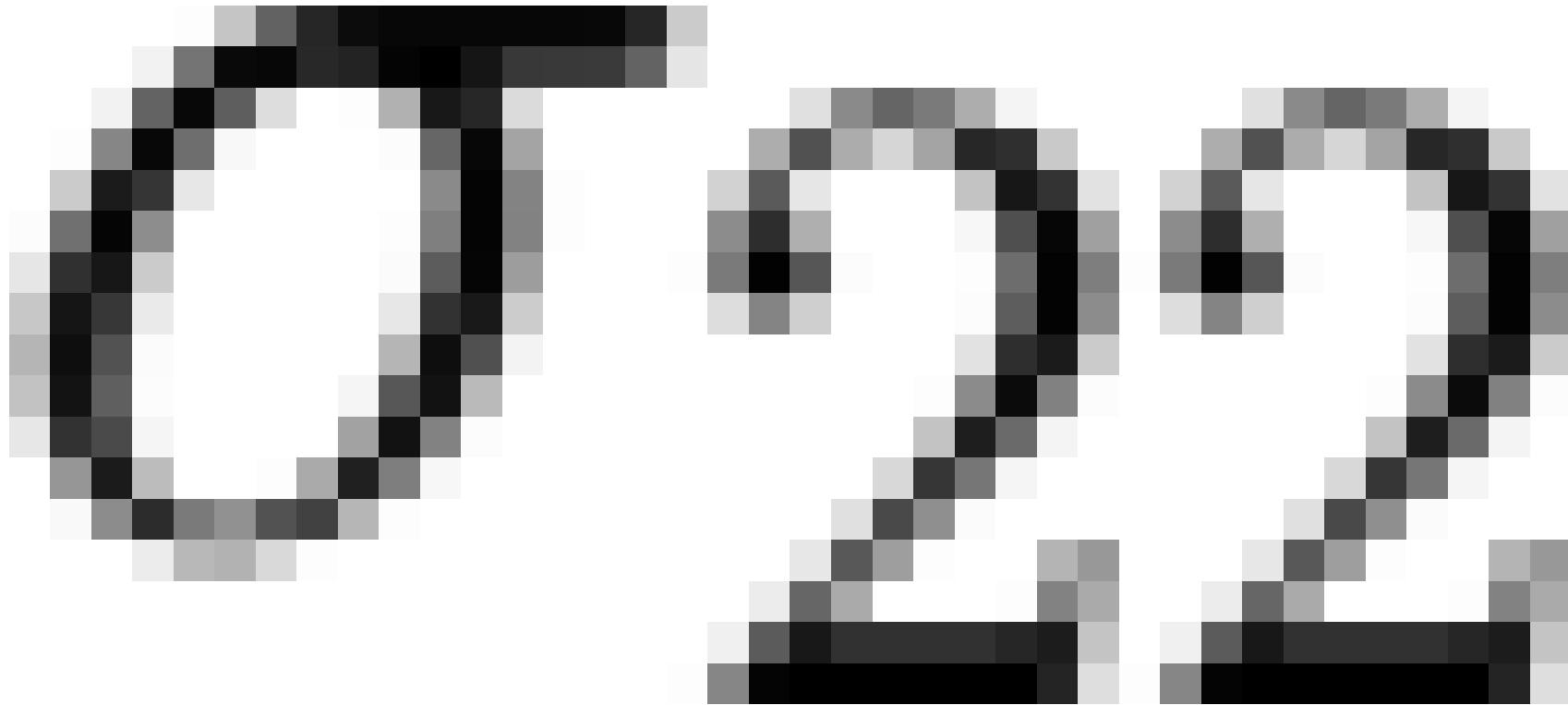






$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sigma_{11} = \sigma_{22} = \frac{\nu E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)} \epsilon_{33} \\ \sigma_{33} = \frac{(1-\nu)E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)} \epsilon_{33} \end{array} \right.$$





σ_{11}  σ_{22}  σ_{33}  v v

σ_{θ}

$=$

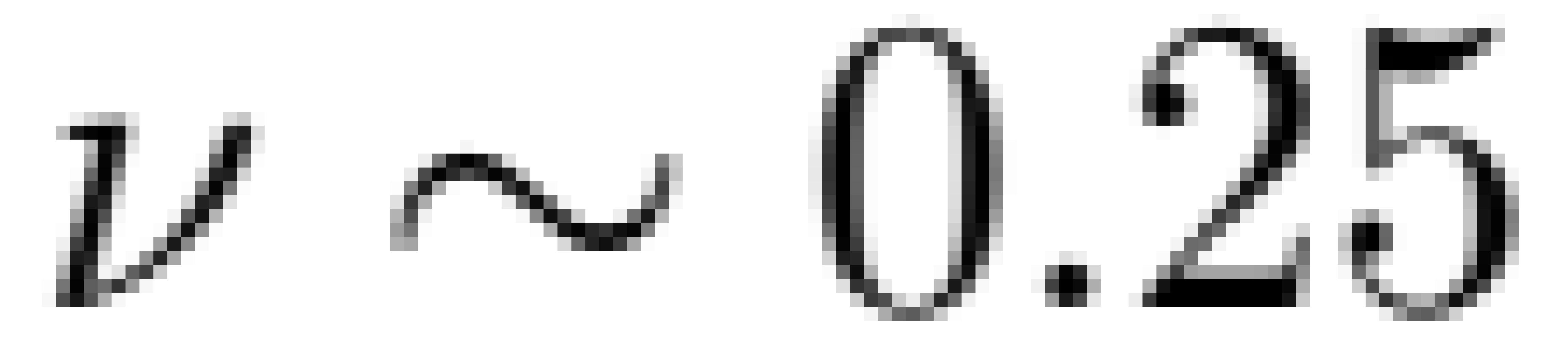
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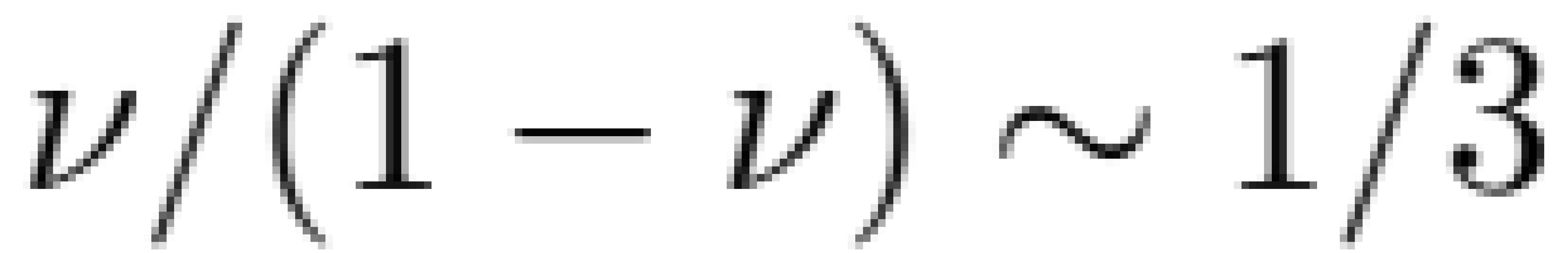
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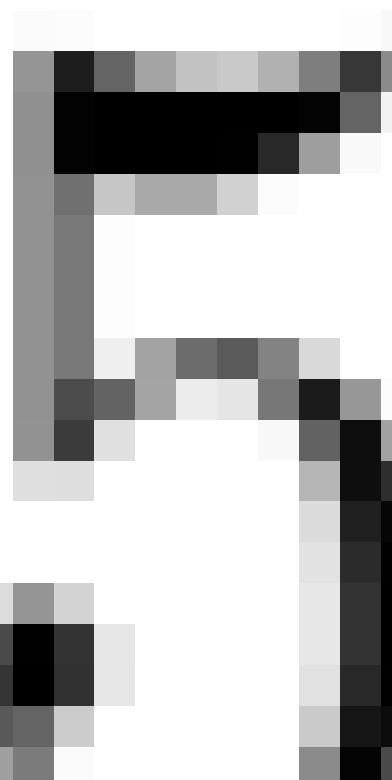
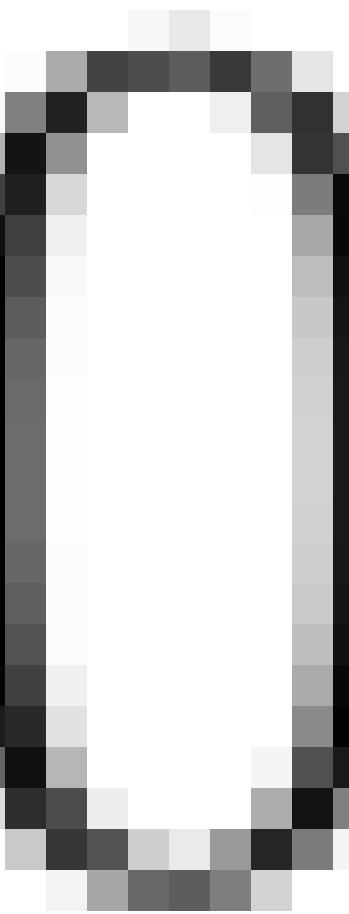
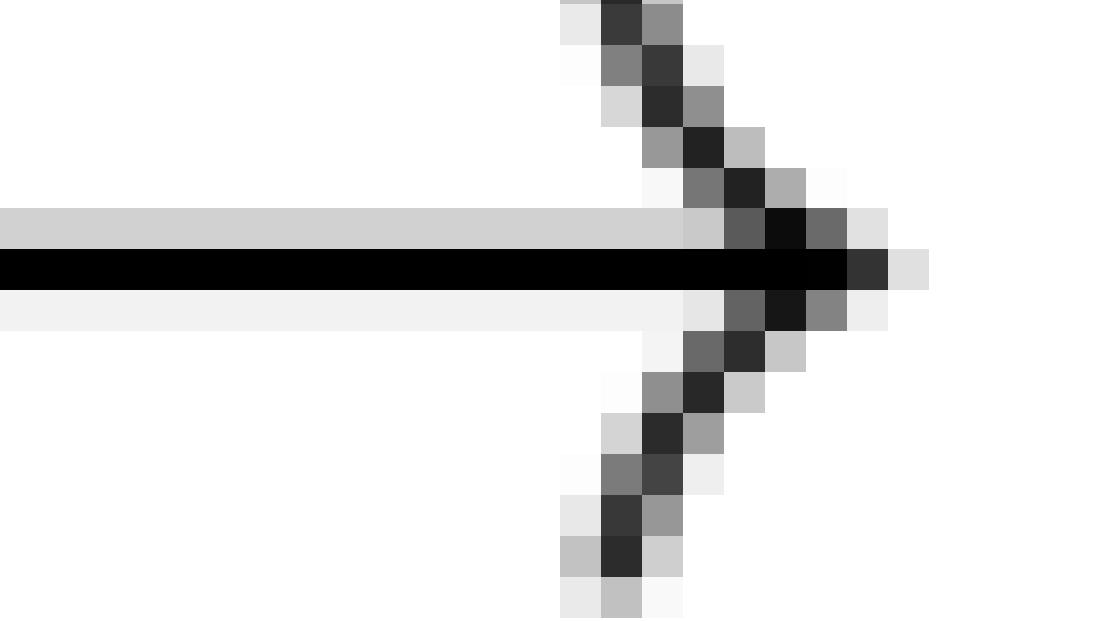
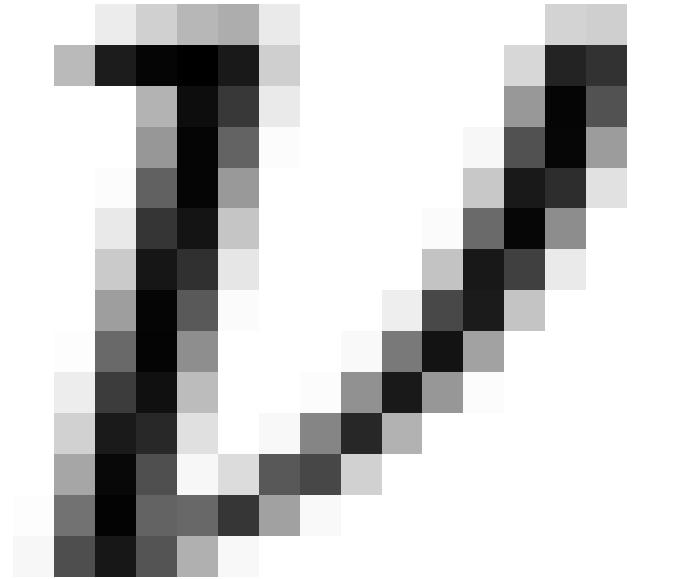
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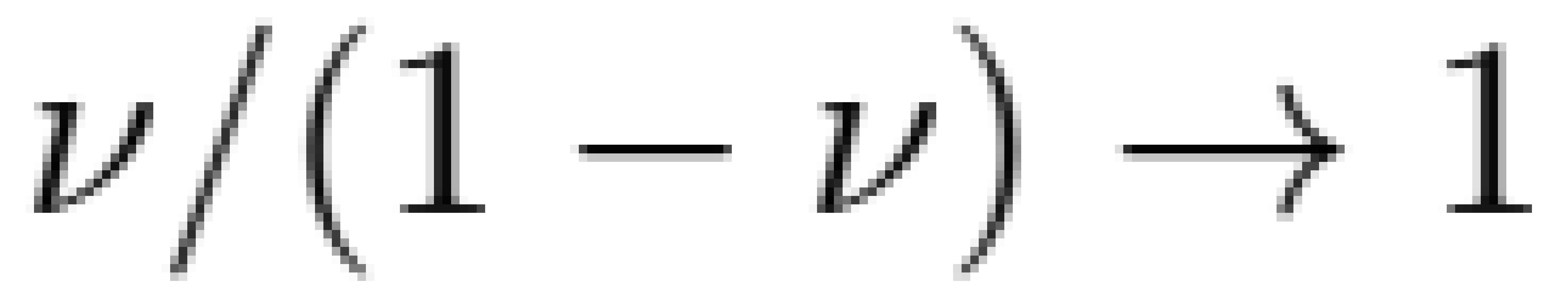
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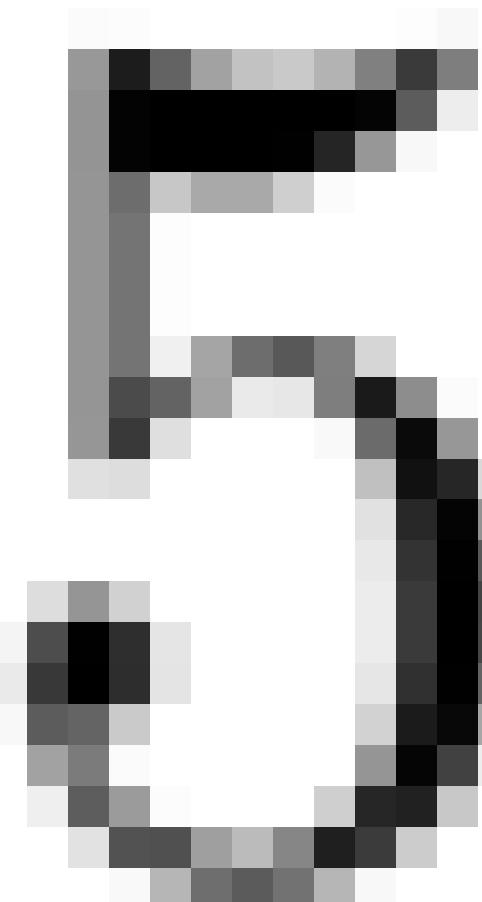
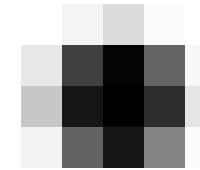
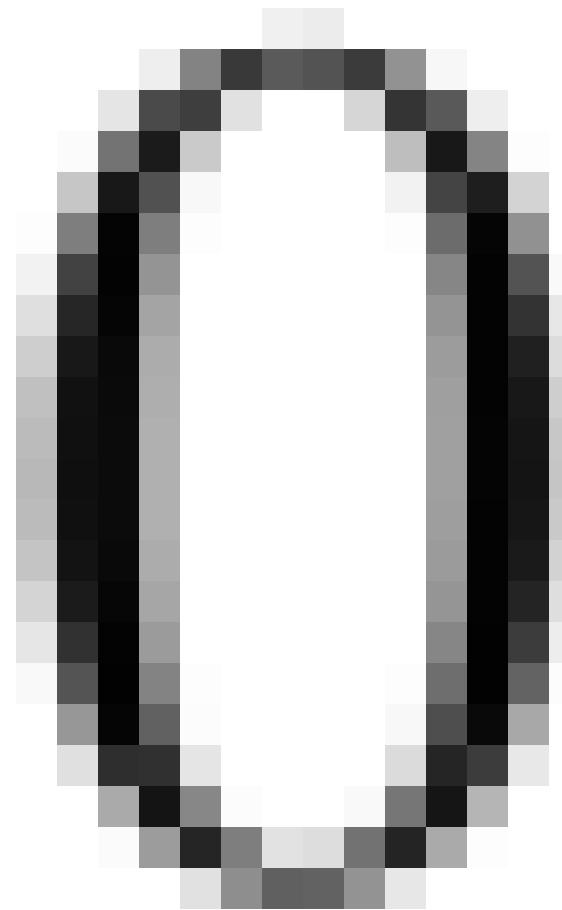
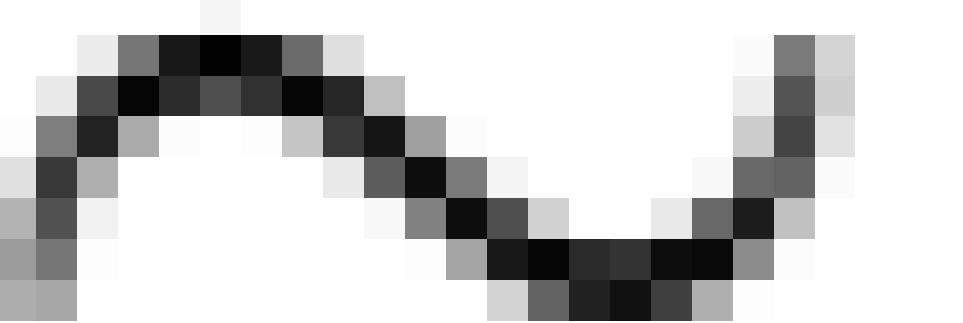
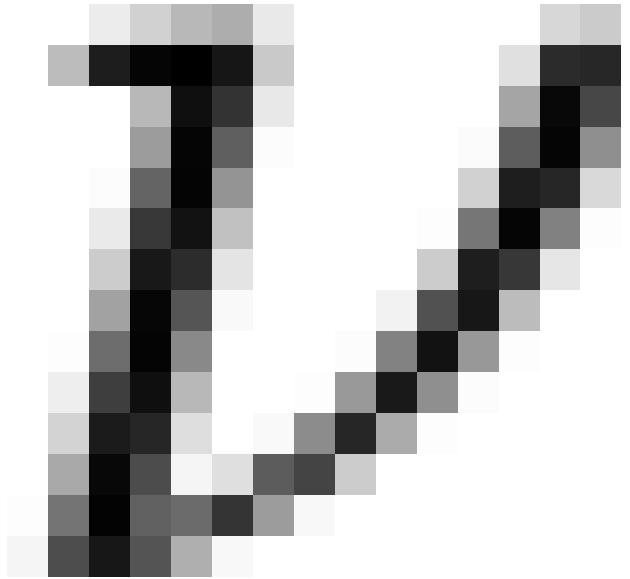
σ_{ψ}



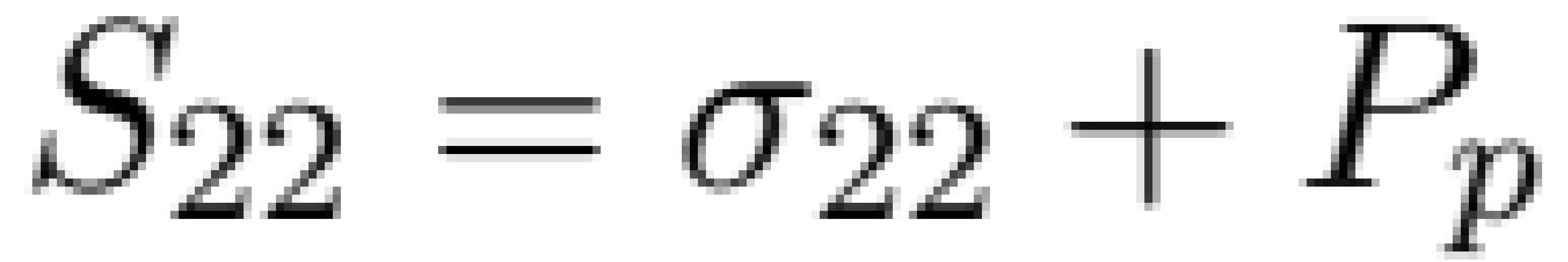












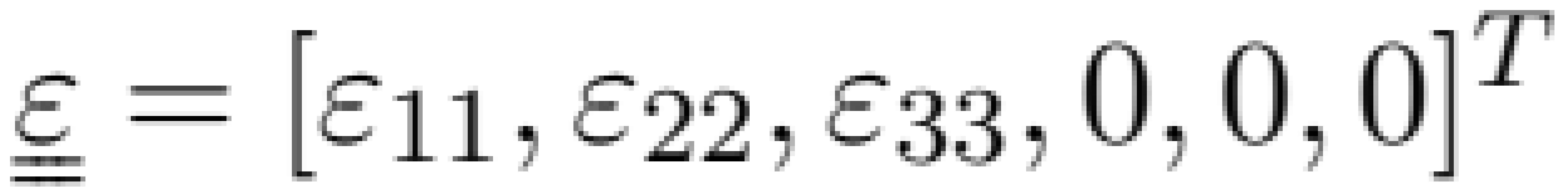


π

π

π

π



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sigma_{11} = \frac{(1-\nu)E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)}\varepsilon_{11} + \frac{\nu E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)}\varepsilon_{22} + \frac{\nu E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)}\varepsilon_{33} \\ \sigma_{22} = \frac{\nu E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)}\varepsilon_{11} + \frac{(1-\nu)E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)}\varepsilon_{22} + \frac{\nu E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)}\varepsilon_{33} \\ \sigma_{33} = \frac{\nu E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)}\varepsilon_{11} + \frac{\nu E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)}\varepsilon_{22} + \frac{(1-\nu)E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)}\varepsilon_{33} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sigma_{11} = \frac{\nu}{1-\nu}\sigma_{33} + \frac{E}{1-\nu^2}\epsilon_{11} + \frac{\nu E}{1-\nu^2}\epsilon_{22} \\ \sigma_{22} = \frac{\nu}{1-\nu}\sigma_{33} + \frac{E}{1-\nu^2}\epsilon_{11} + \frac{\nu E}{1-\nu^2}\epsilon_{22} \end{array} \right.$$



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sigma_{Hmax} = \frac{\nu}{1-\nu} \sigma_v + E' \varepsilon_{Hmax} + \nu E' \varepsilon_{hmin} \\ \\ \sigma_{hmin} = \frac{\nu}{1-\nu} \sigma_v + \nu E' \varepsilon_{Hmax} + E' \varepsilon_{hmin} \end{array} \right.$$

4

5

1

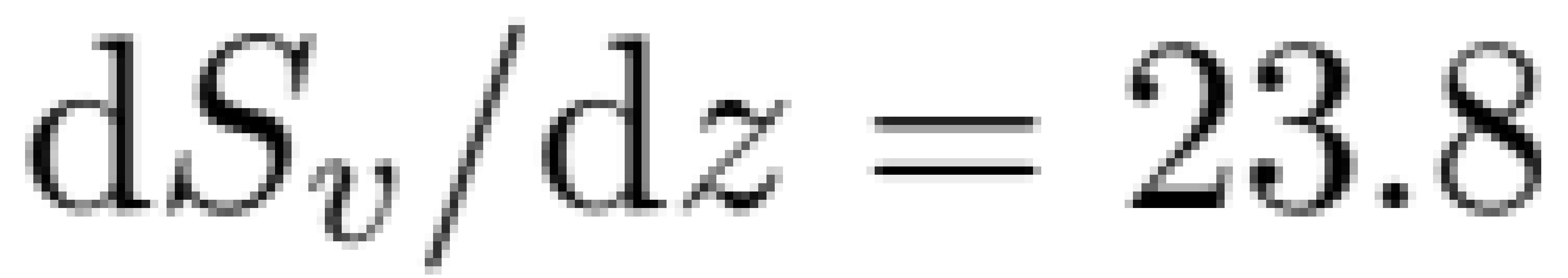
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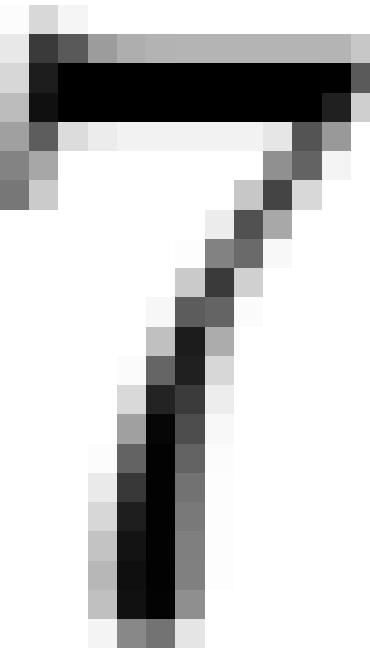
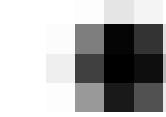
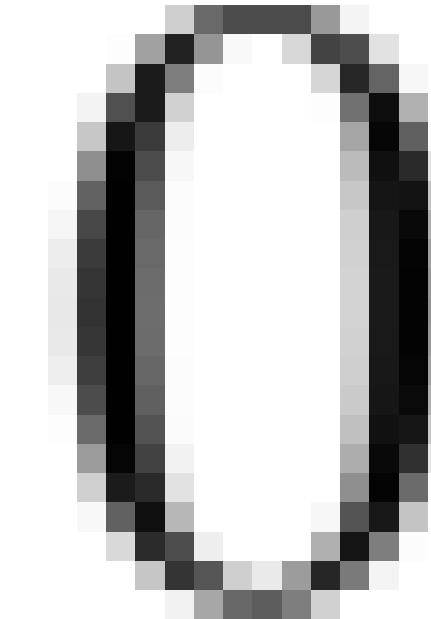
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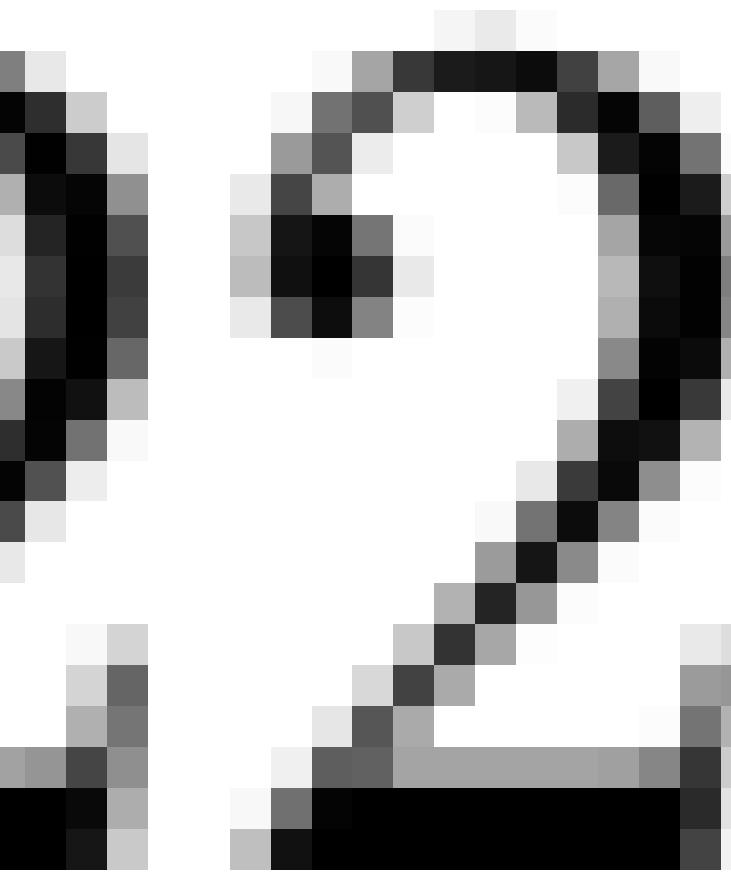
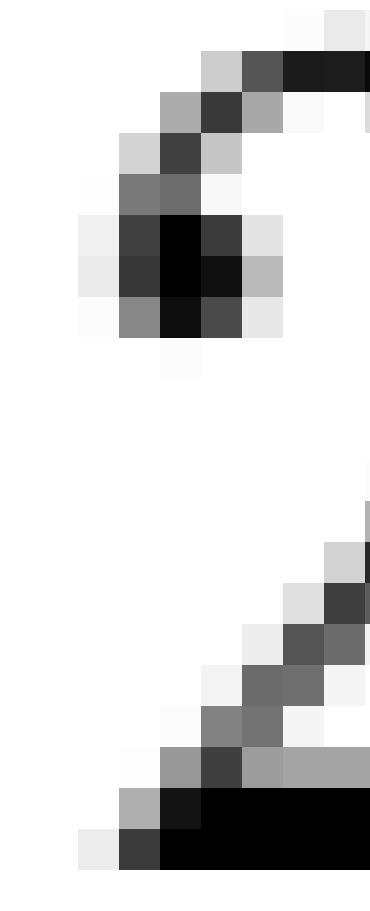
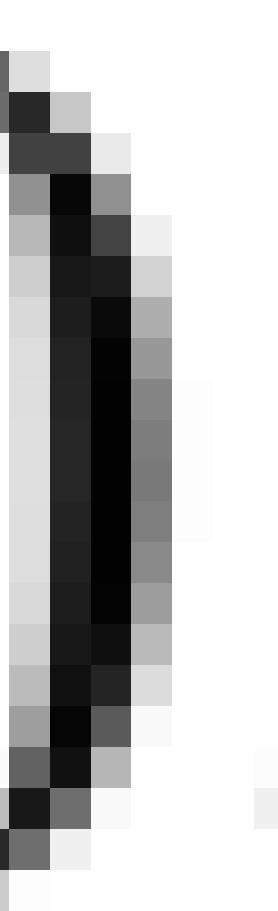
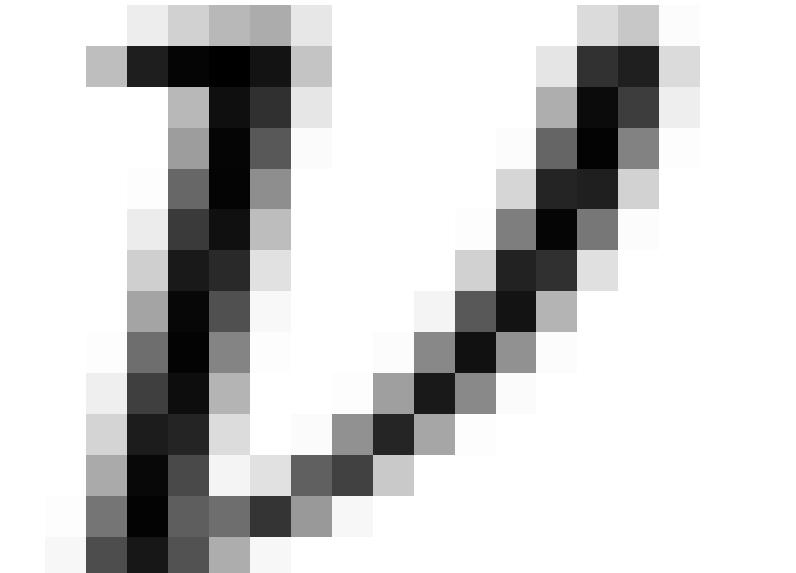
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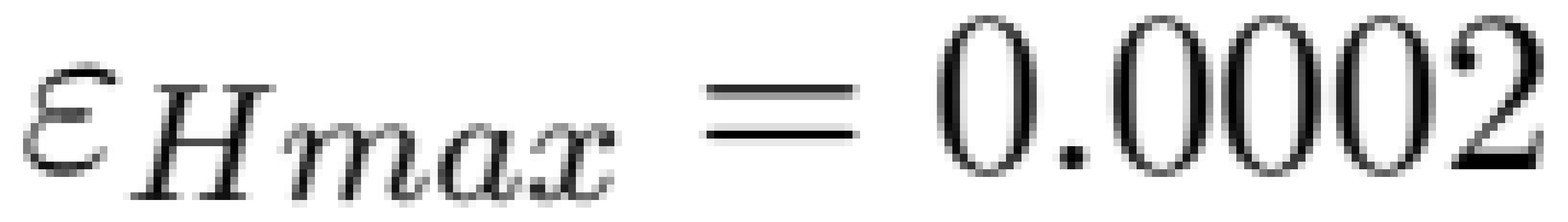




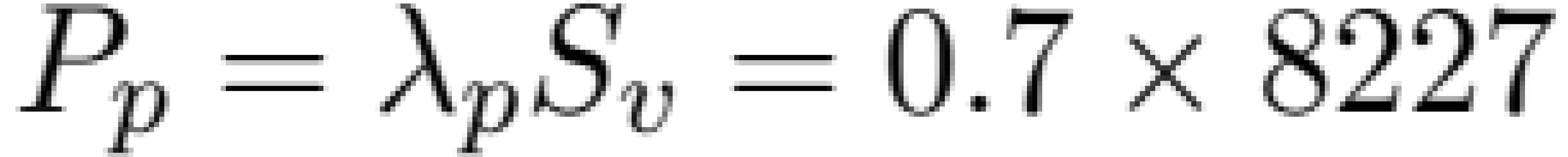




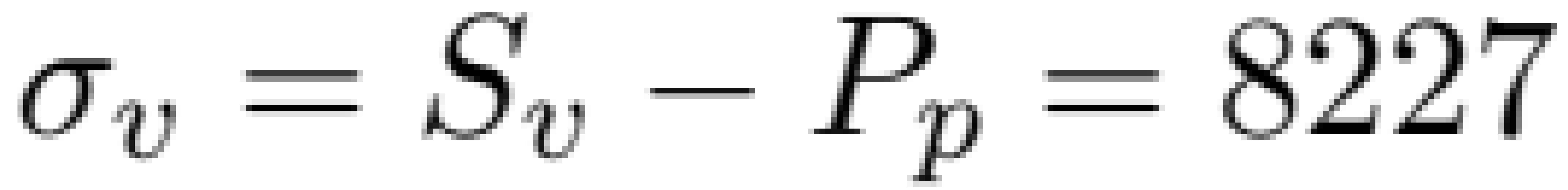




$$s_o = 23.8 \frac{\text{MPa}}{\text{km}} \times \frac{1 \frac{\text{psi}}{\text{ft}}}{\frac{23 \frac{\text{MPa}}{\text{km}}}{1 \frac{\text{psi}}{\text{ft}}}} \times 7950 \text{ ft} = 8227 \text{ psi}$$





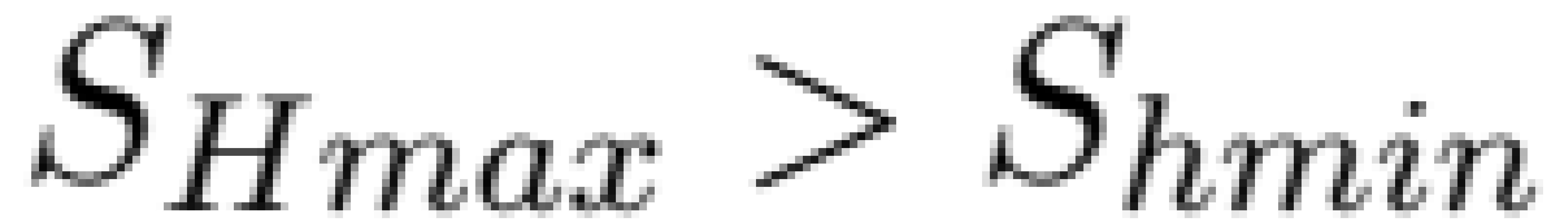




$$\frac{E'}{E} = \frac{1 - v^2}{1 - 2v^2} = \frac{5 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}}{1 - 0.22^2} = 5.25 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sigma_{Hmax} = \frac{\nu}{1-\nu} \sigma_v + E' \epsilon_{Hmax} + \nu E' \epsilon_{hmin} = \frac{0.22}{1-0.22} 2468 \text{ psi} \times 0.0002 = 1745 \text{ psi} \\ \sigma_{hmin} = \frac{\nu}{1-\nu} \sigma_v + \nu E' \epsilon_{Hmax} + E' \epsilon_{hmin} = \frac{0.22}{1-0.22} 2468 \text{ psi} \times 0.22 \times 5.25 \times 10^6 = 927 \text{ psi} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} S_{Hmax} = \sigma_{Hmax} + P_p = 1745 \text{ psi} + 5759 \text{ psi} = 7504 \text{ psi} \\ S_{hmin} = \sigma_{hmin} + P_p = 927 \text{ psi} + 5759 \text{ psi} = 6686 \text{ psi} \end{array} \right.$$









∂P_p



∂t



k

μC_t

$\partial^2 P_p$



∂c^2

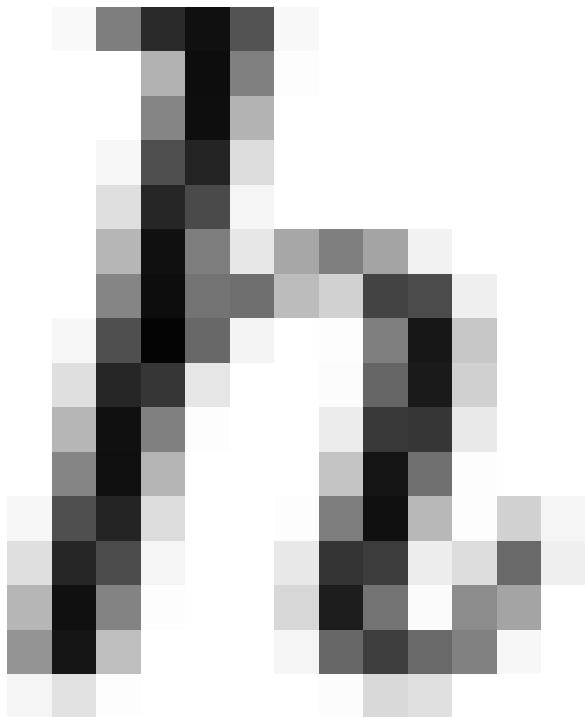
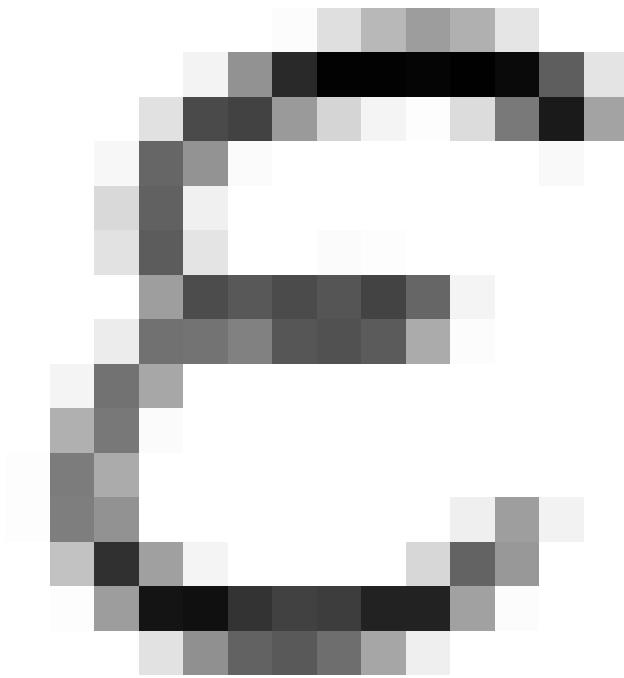


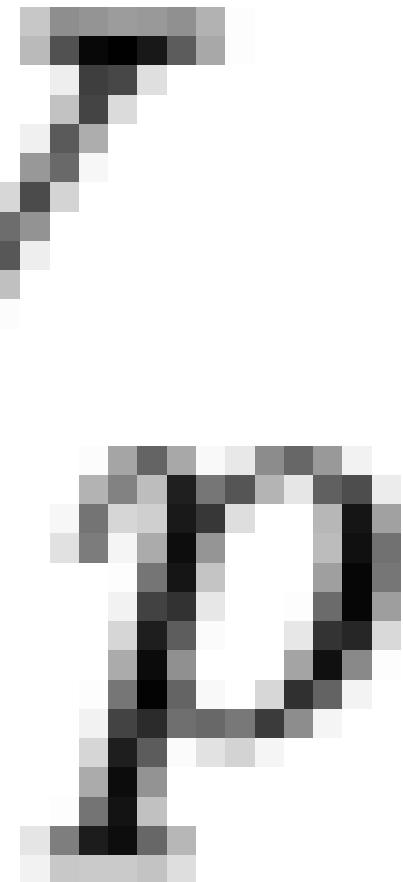
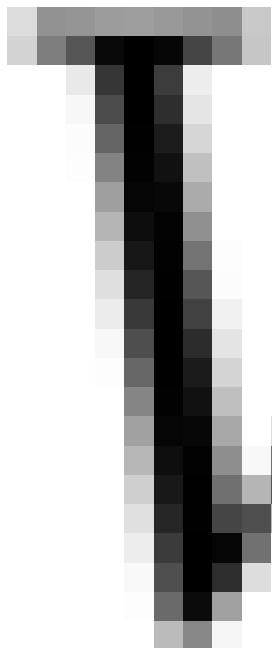
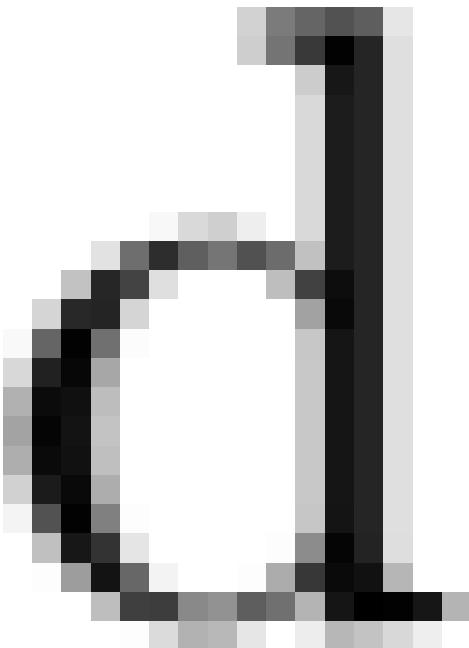


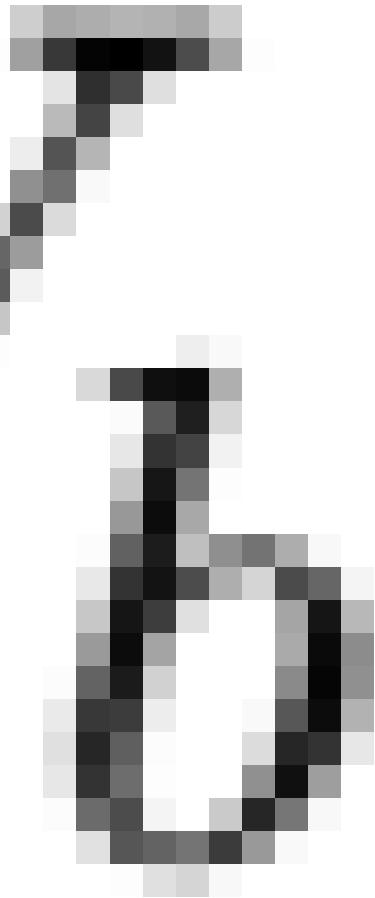
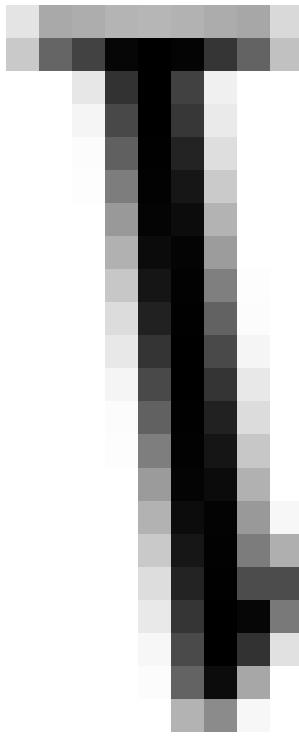
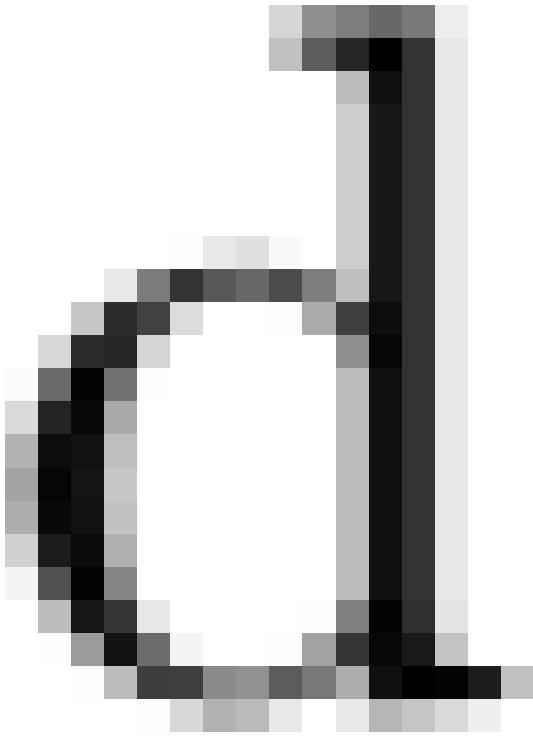


$$C_{pp} =$$

$$\frac{1}{V_p} \frac{dV_p}{dP_p} |_{S_v, \epsilon_h}$$



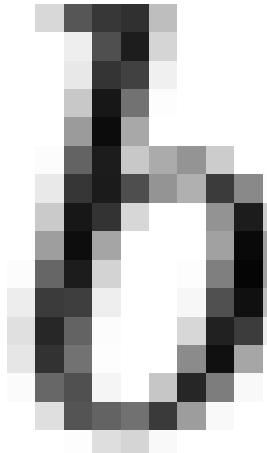
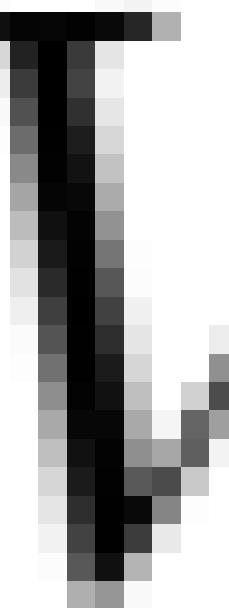
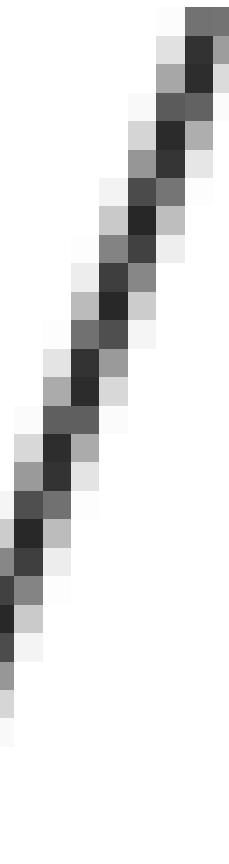
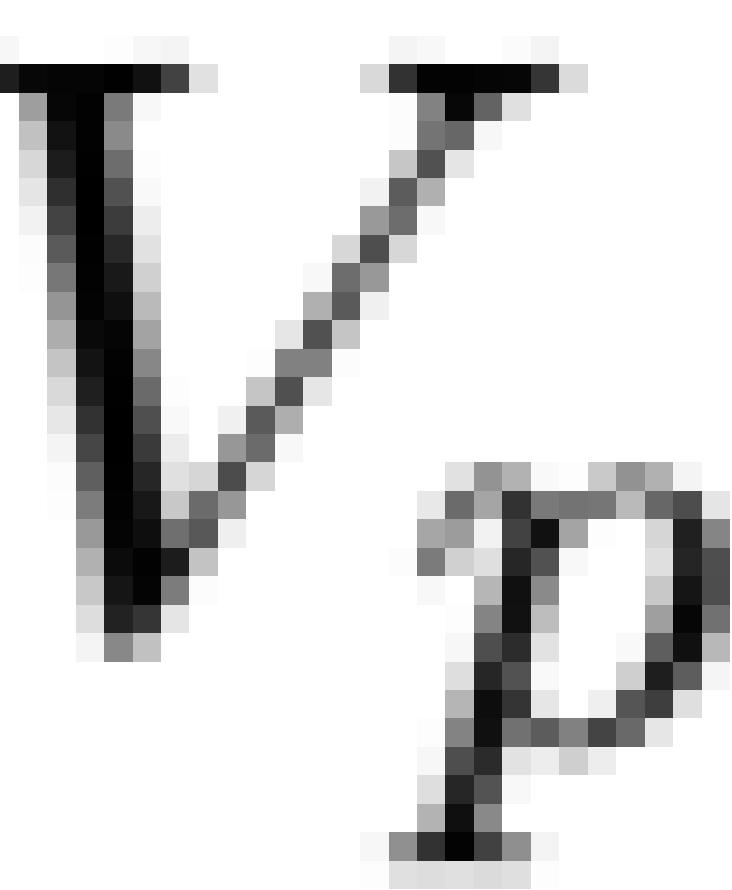
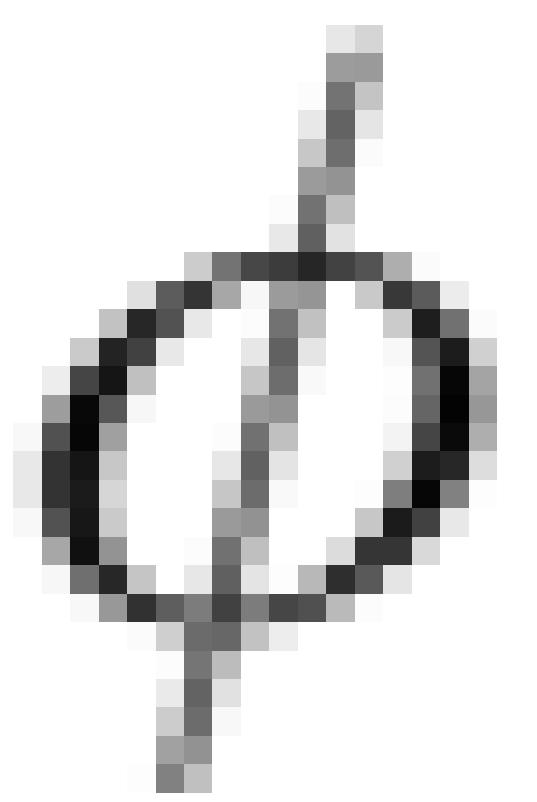


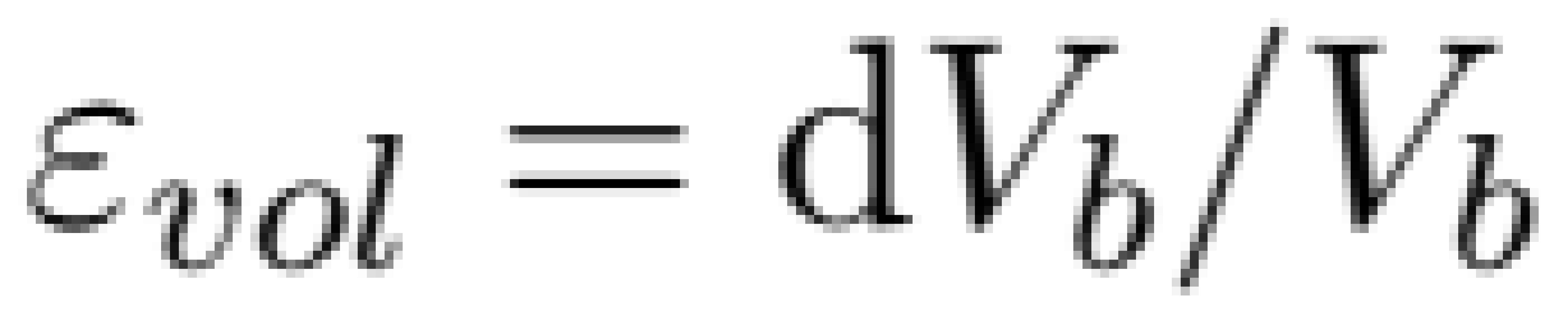


$$C_{pp} =$$

$$\frac{1}{\frac{V_p}{V_b}}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{V_b} \frac{dV_b}{dP_p} \Big| S_v, \epsilon_h \right)$$





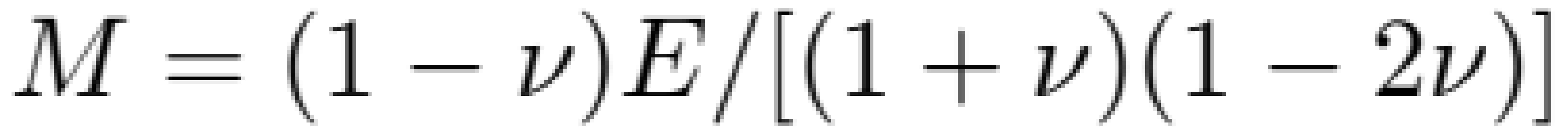
C_{pp}

=

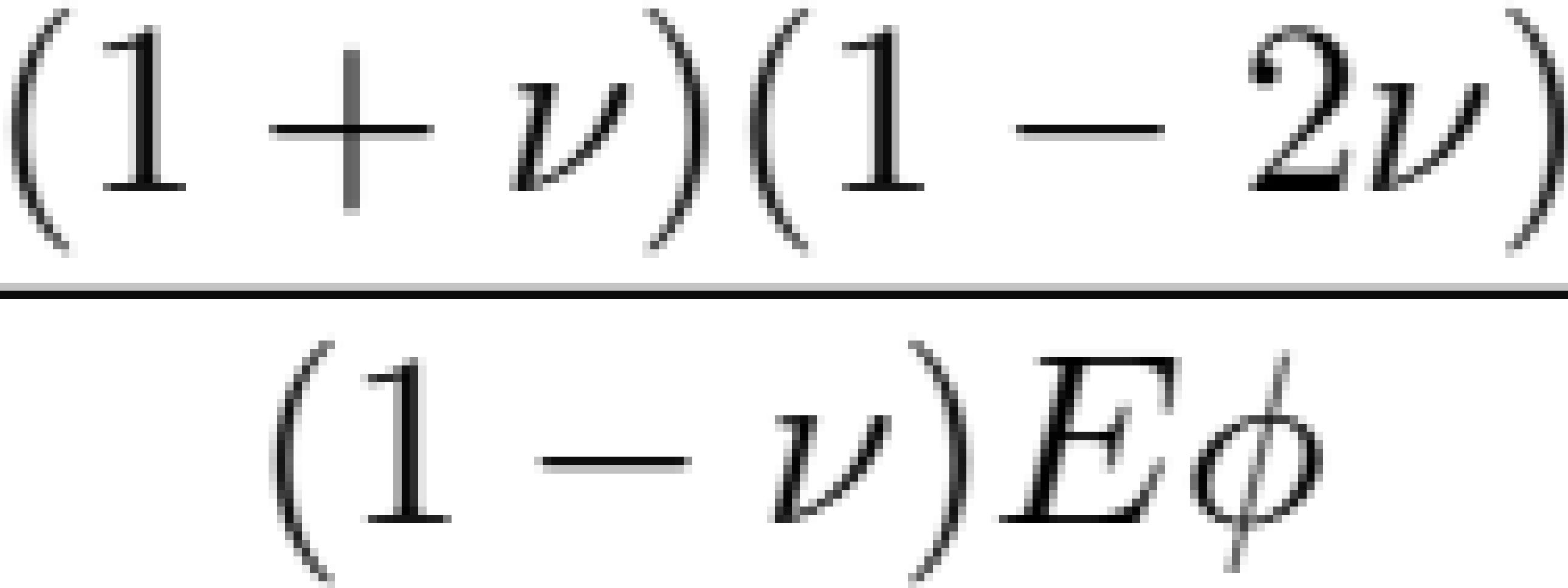
C_{bp}

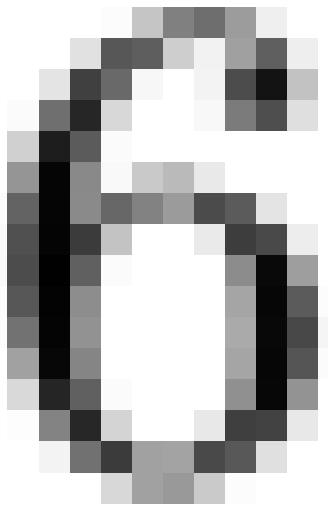
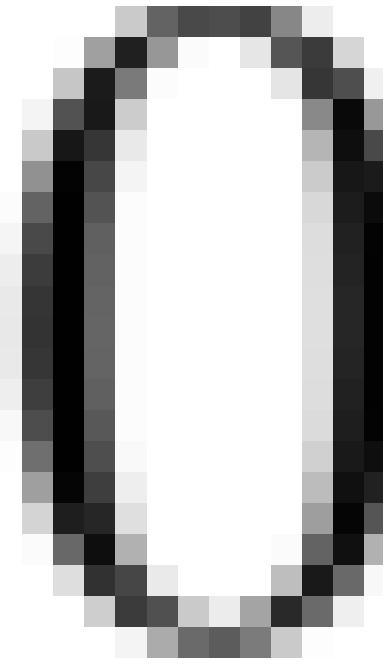
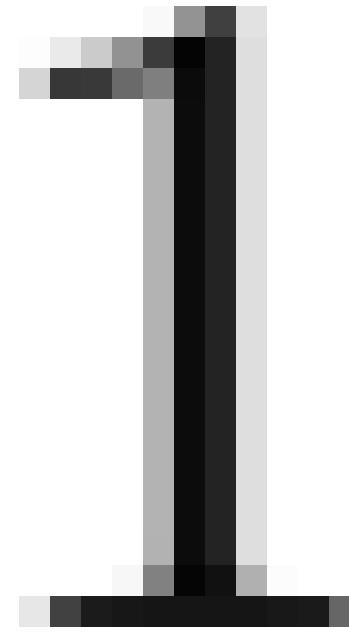
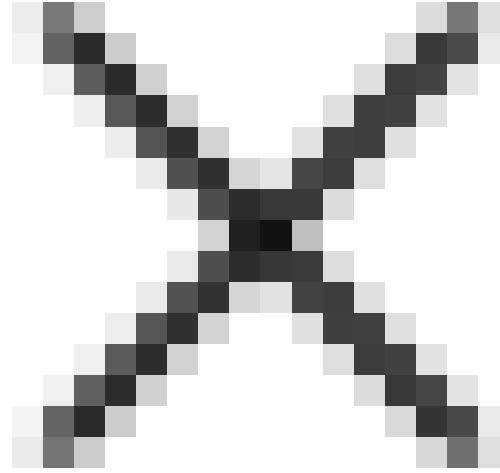
φ



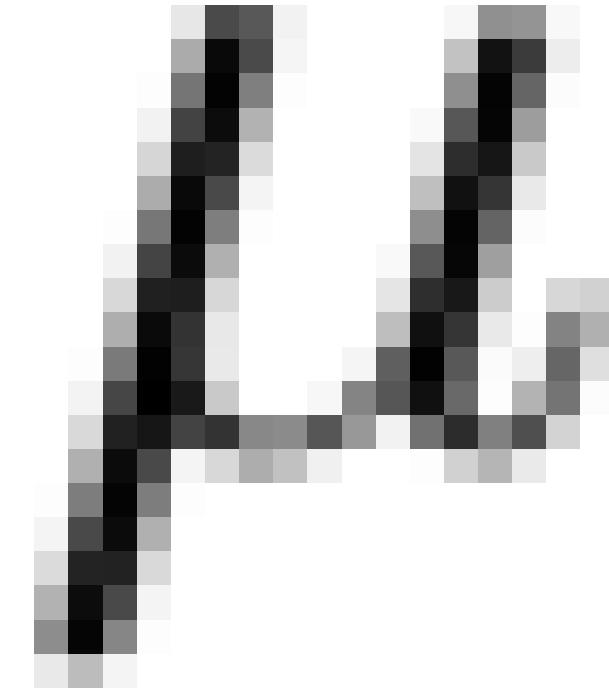
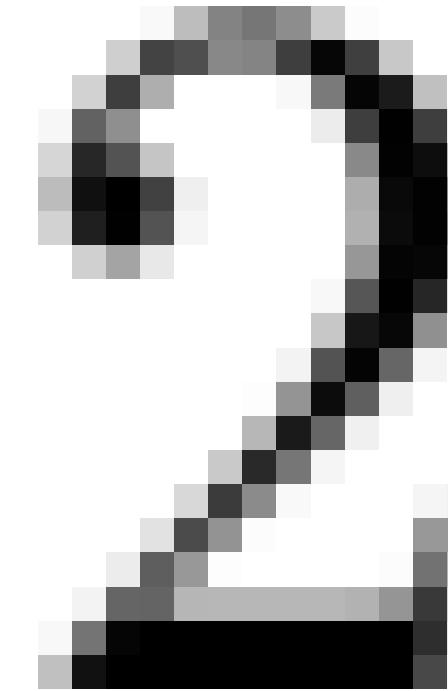
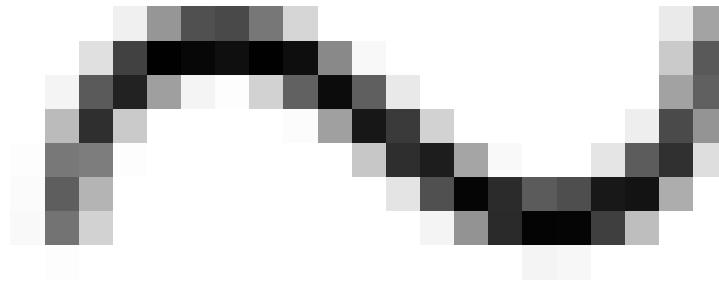


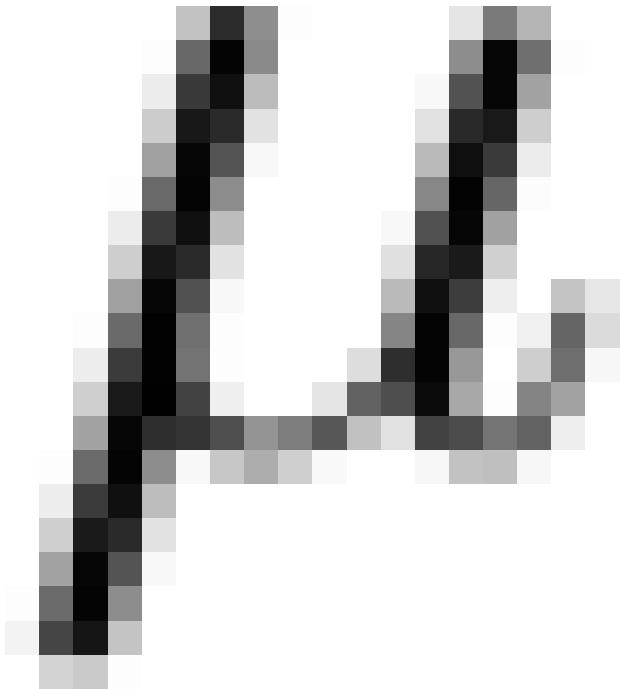
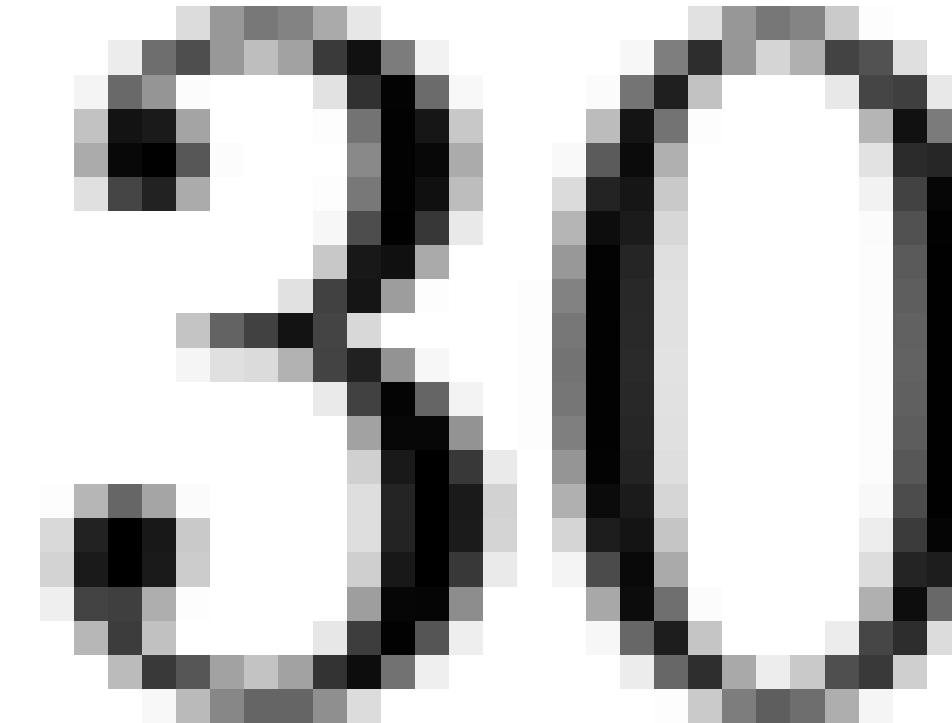
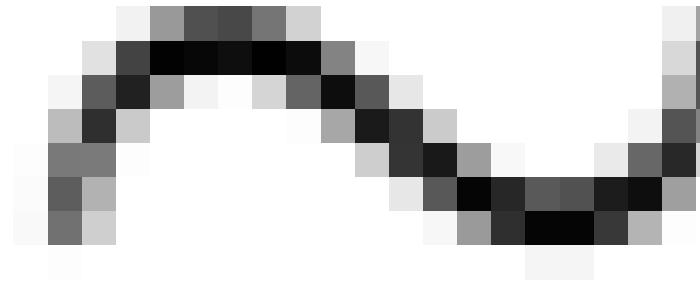
C_{pp}

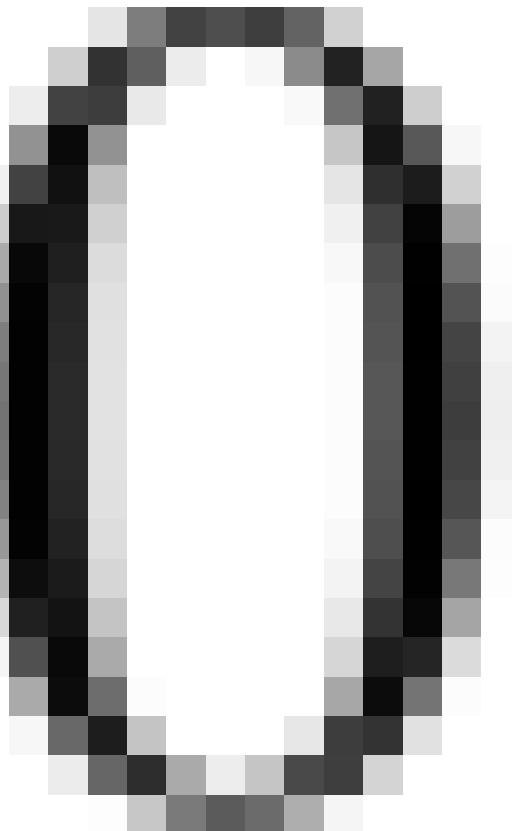
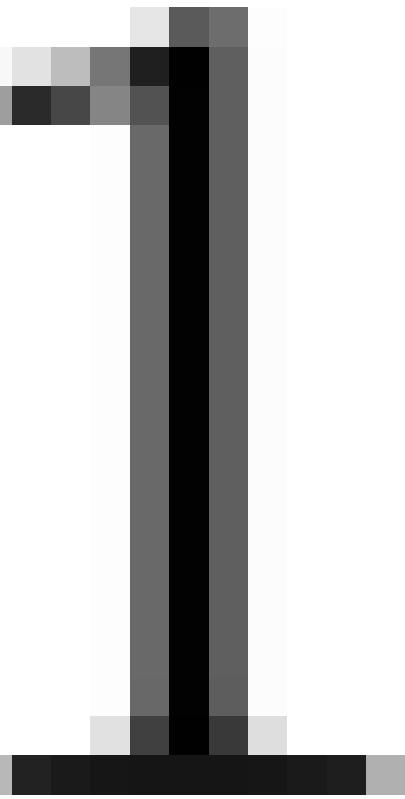
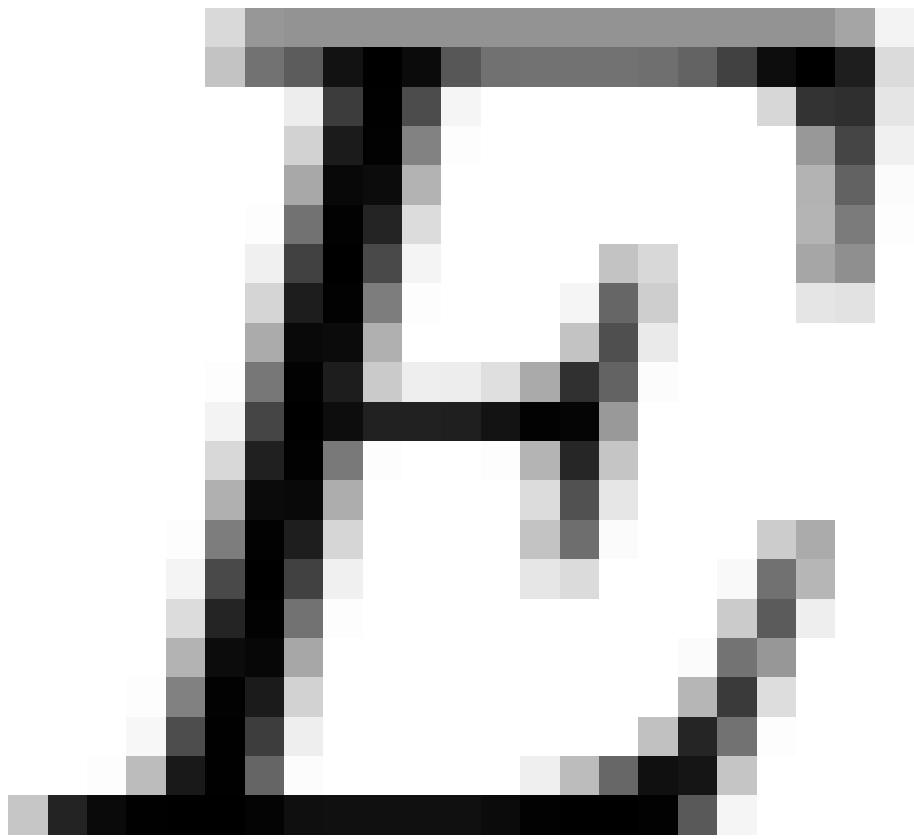


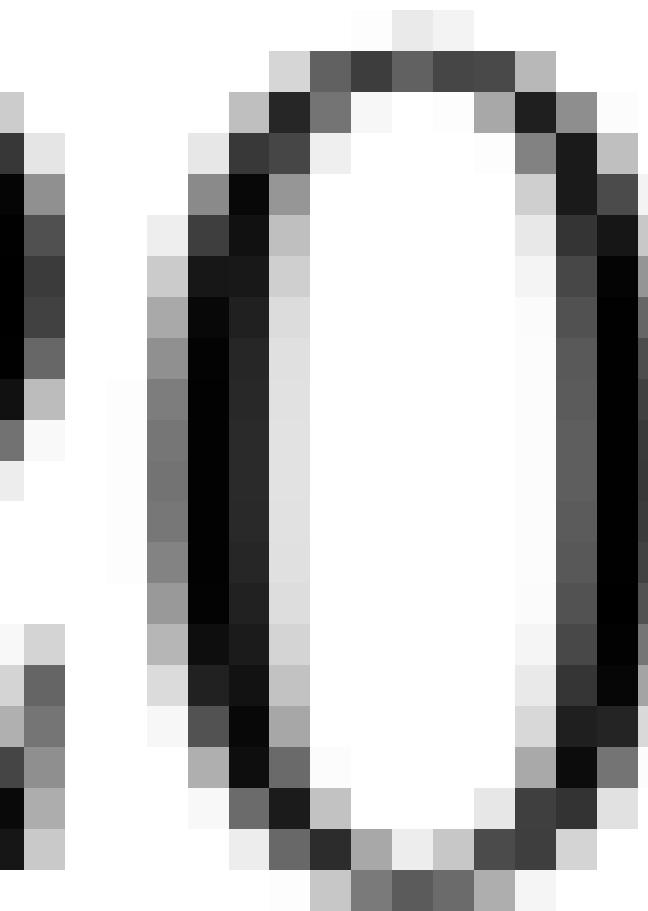
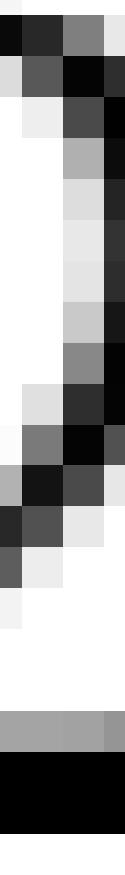
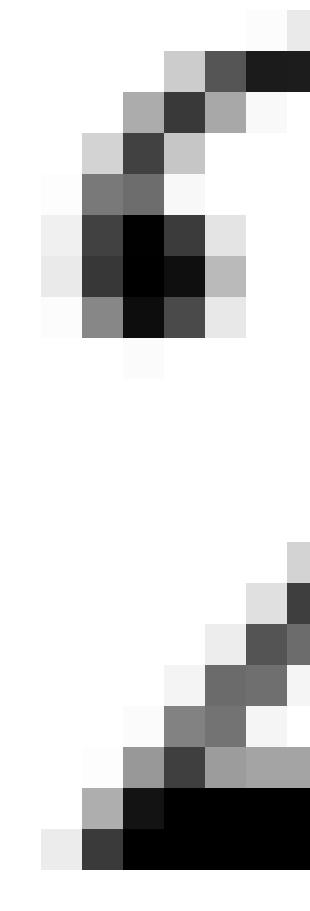
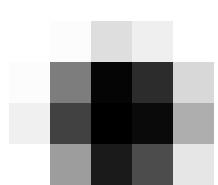
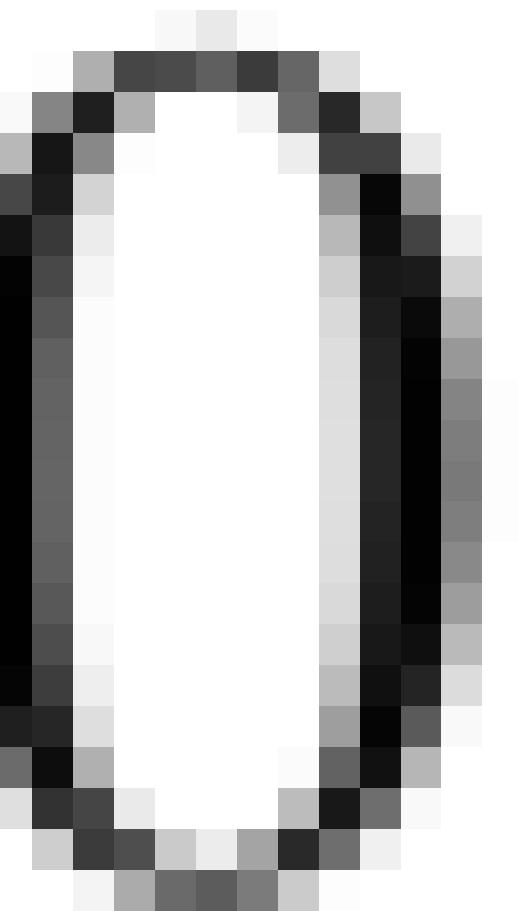
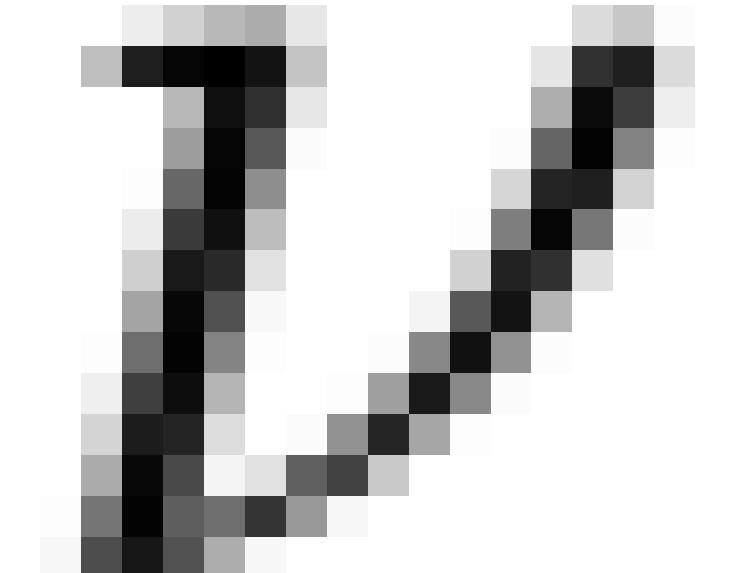


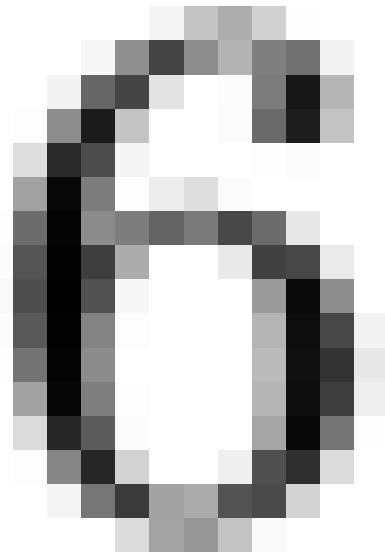
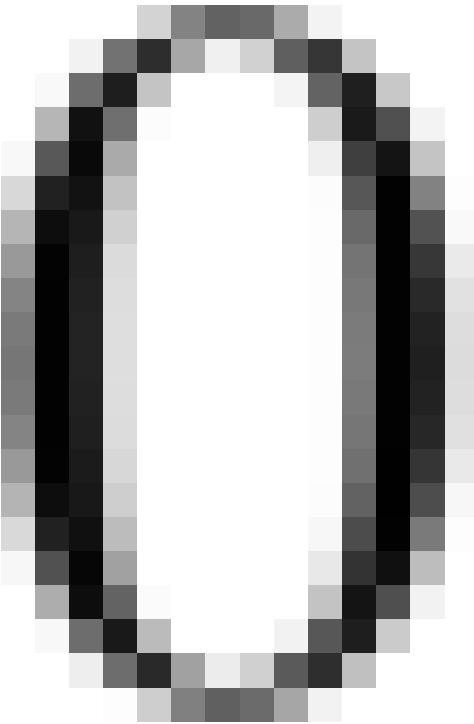
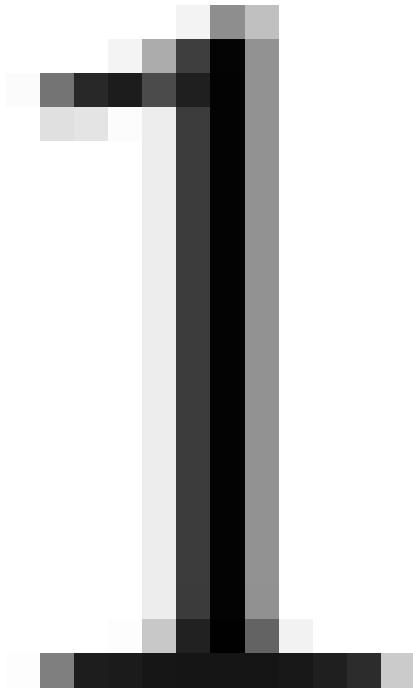






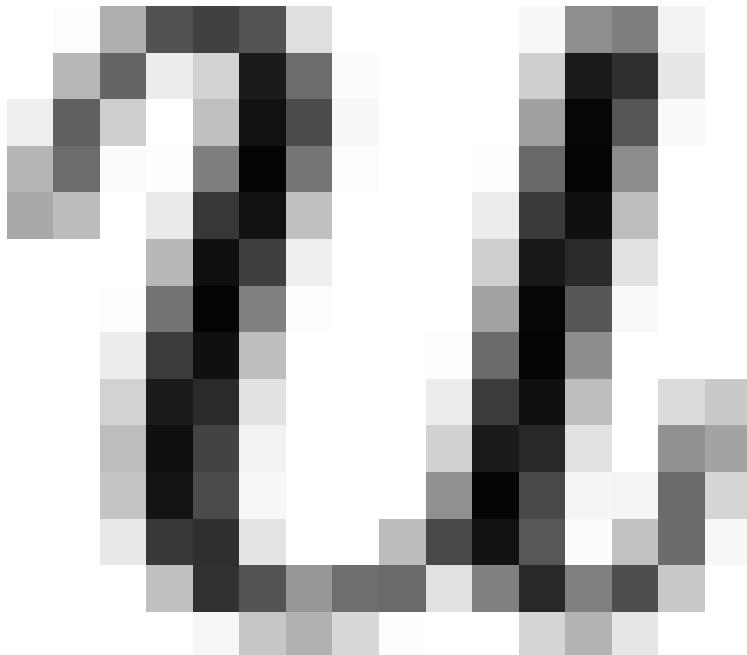


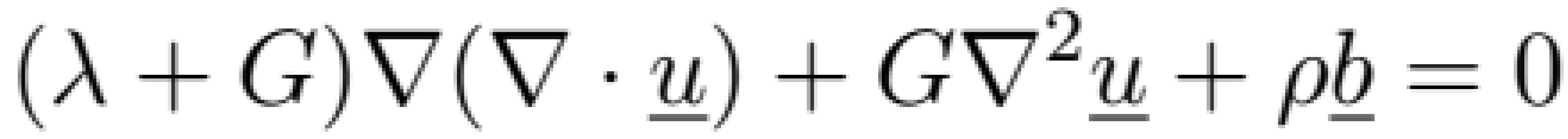


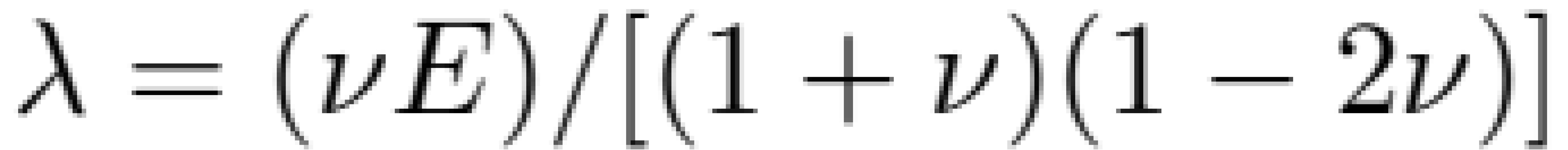


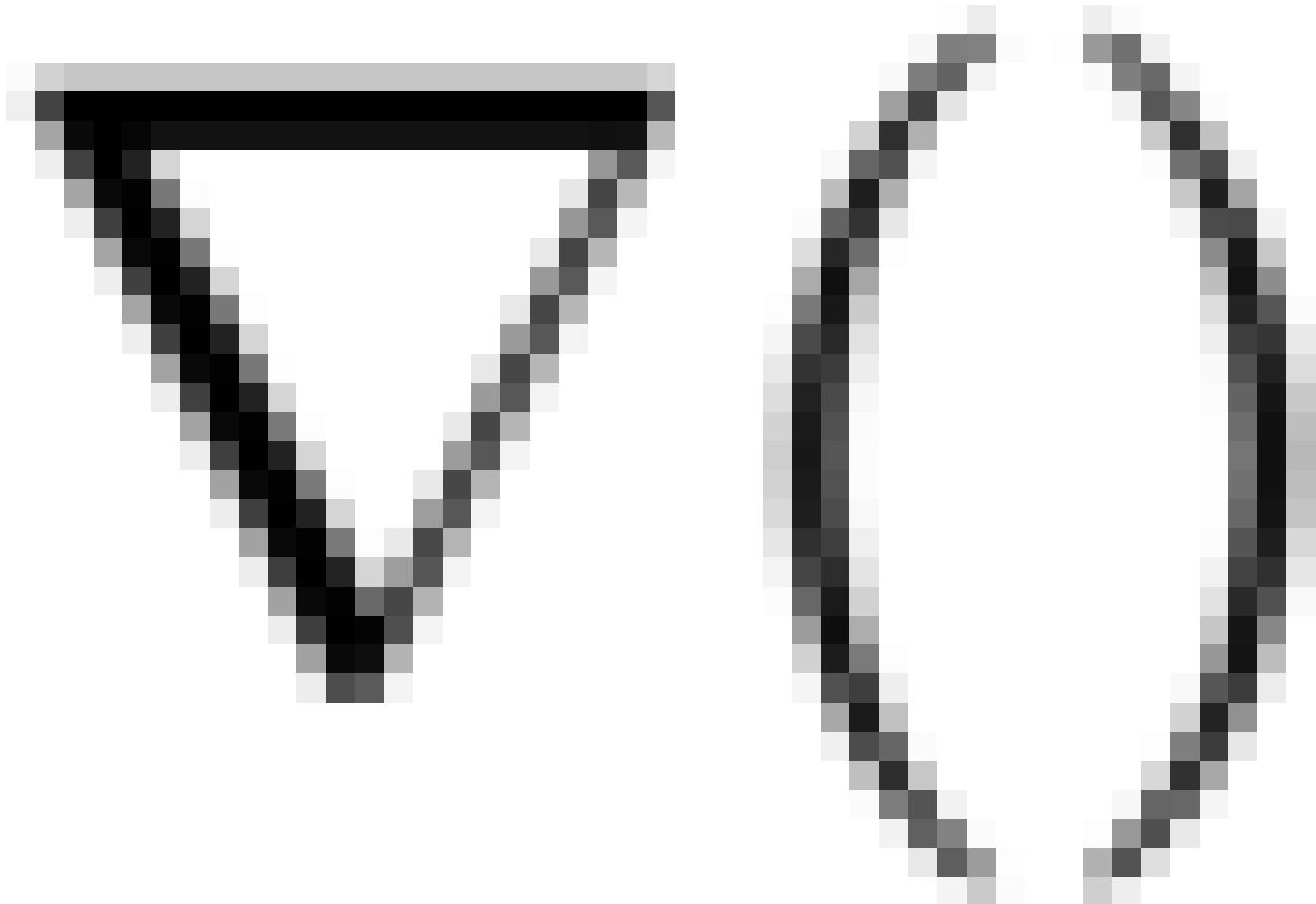
$$M = \frac{(1-\nu)E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)} = \frac{(1-0.20)10 \text{ GPa}}{(1+0.20)(1-2\times0.20)} = 11.11 \text{ GPa} = 1.6 \times 10^6 \text{ Psi}$$

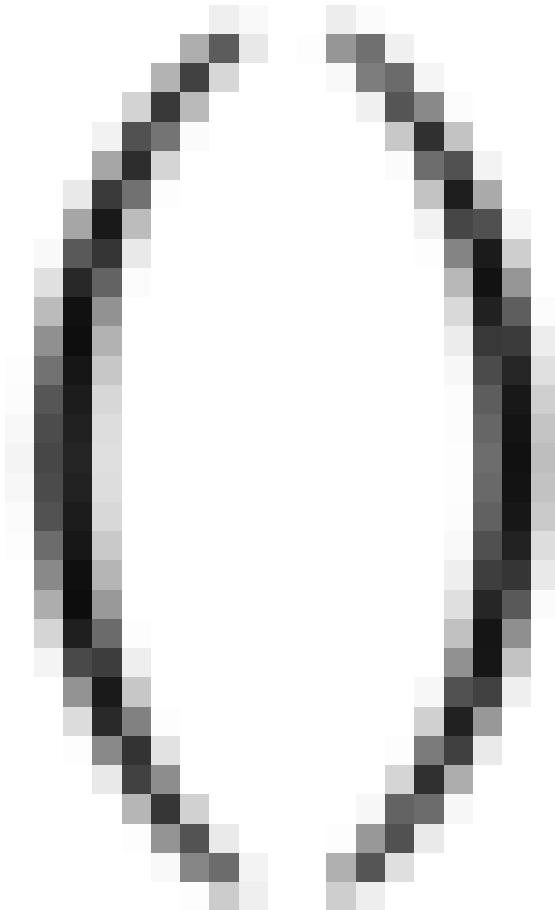
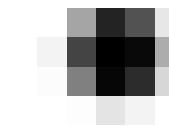
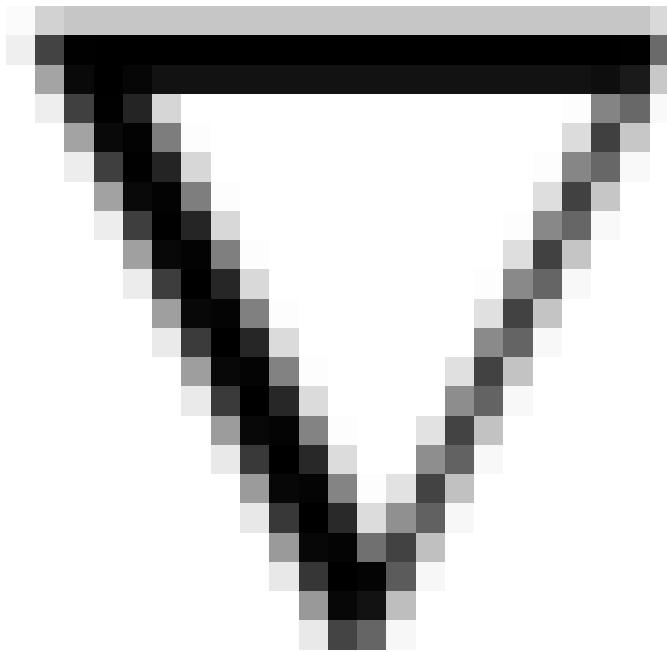
$$C_{pp} = \frac{1}{M_\phi} = \frac{1}{1.6 \times 10^6 \text{ psi} \times 0.20} = 3.1 \frac{[10^6 \text{ psi}]^{-1}}{\mu\text{Sip}}$$

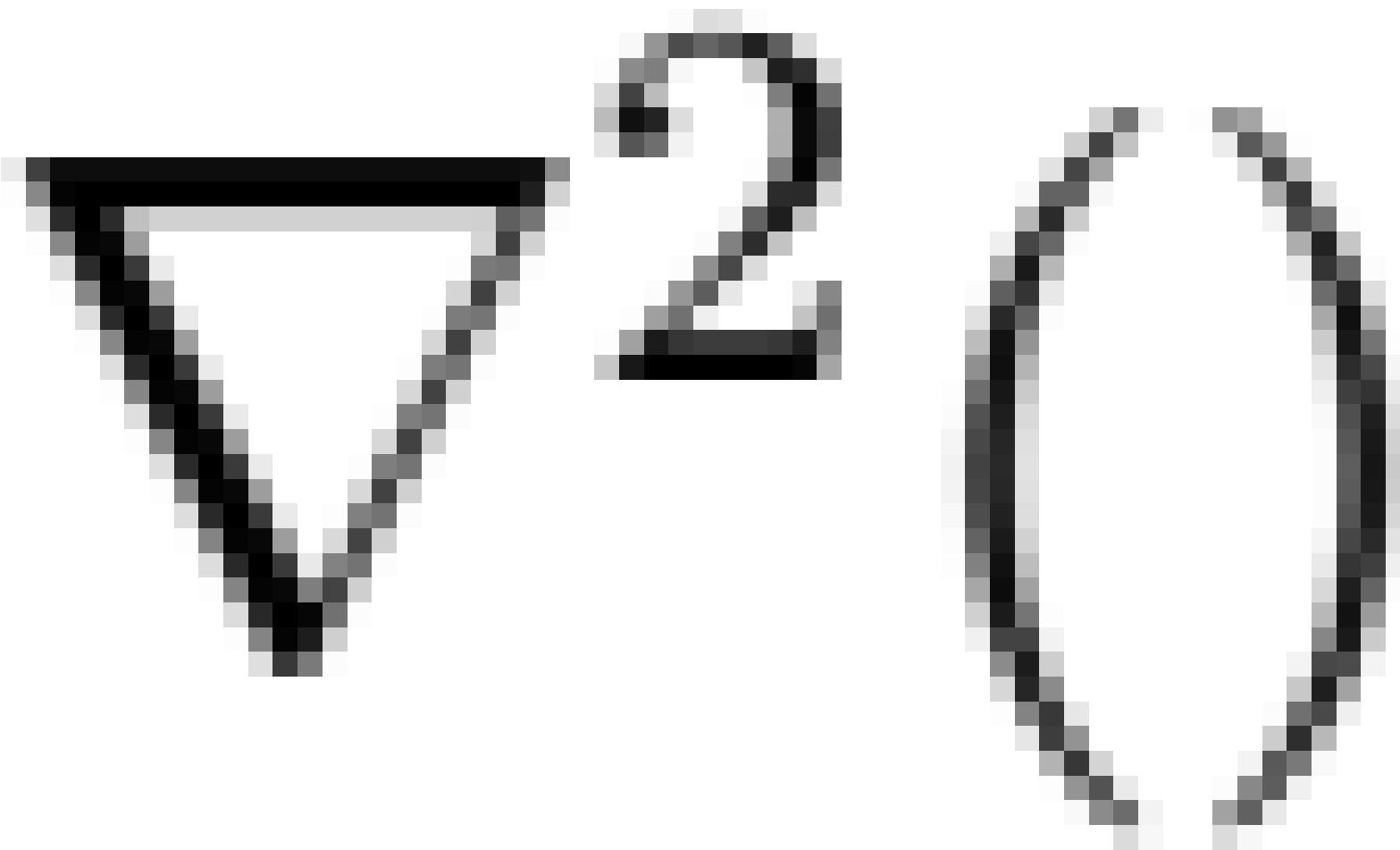


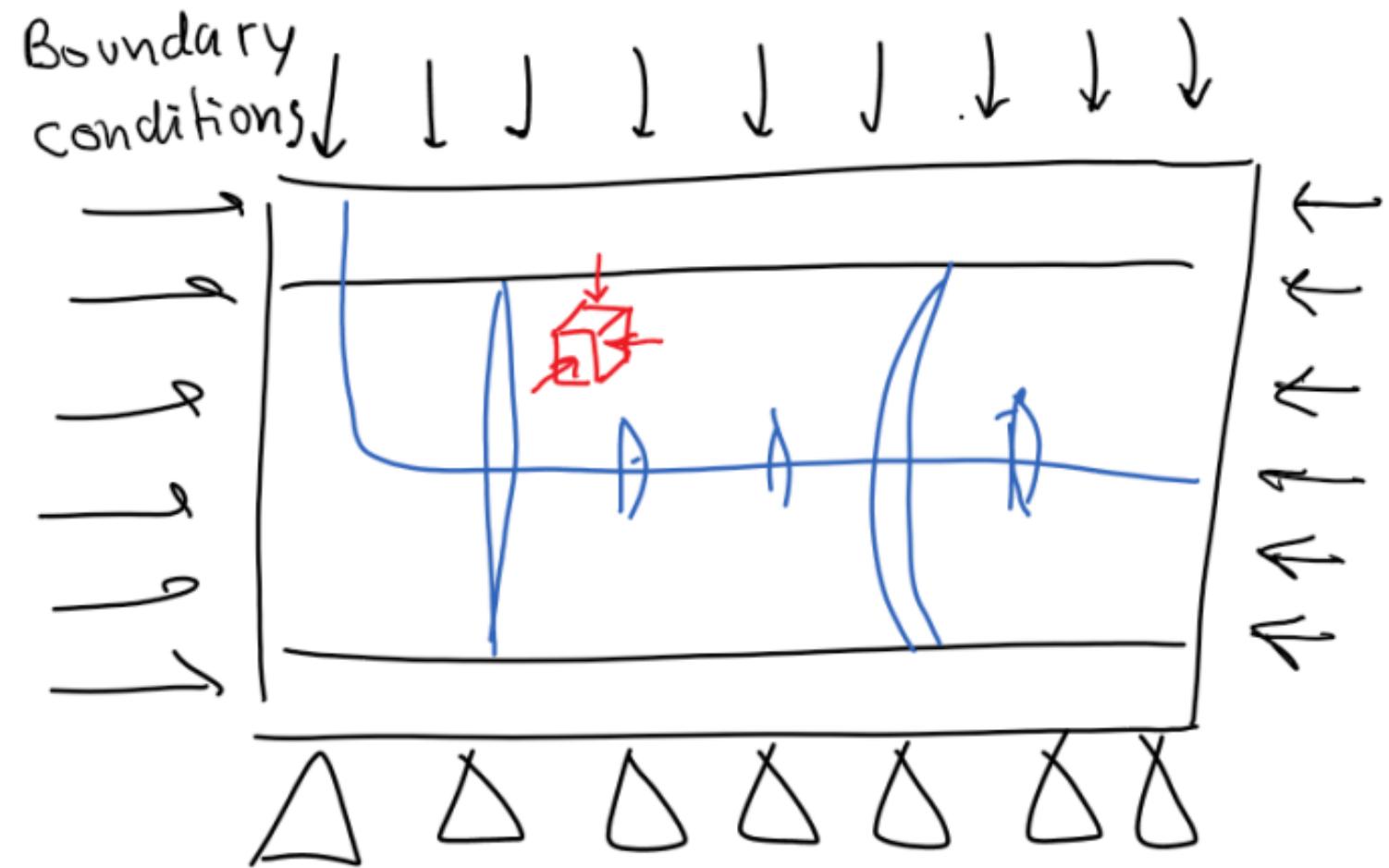












① Equilibrium

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_{ij}}{\partial x_i} + Pg = 0$$

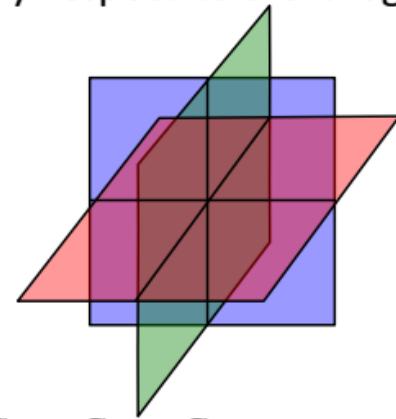
② Kinematic

$$\underline{\epsilon} \leftrightarrow \underline{u}$$

③ Constitutive

$$\underline{\sigma} \leftrightarrow \underline{\epsilon}$$

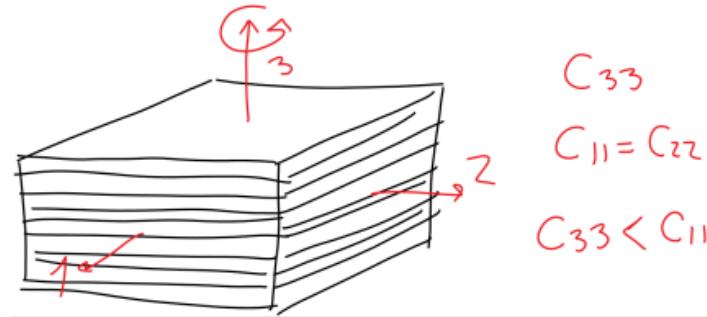
Orthorhombic symmetry
(symmetry respect to 3 orthogonal planes)



$$\underline{\underline{C}} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & & & \\ C_{12} & C_{22} & C_{23} & & & \\ C_{13} & C_{23} & C_{33} & & & \\ & & & C_{44} & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 0 & C_{55} & 0 & \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & C_{66} & \end{bmatrix}$$

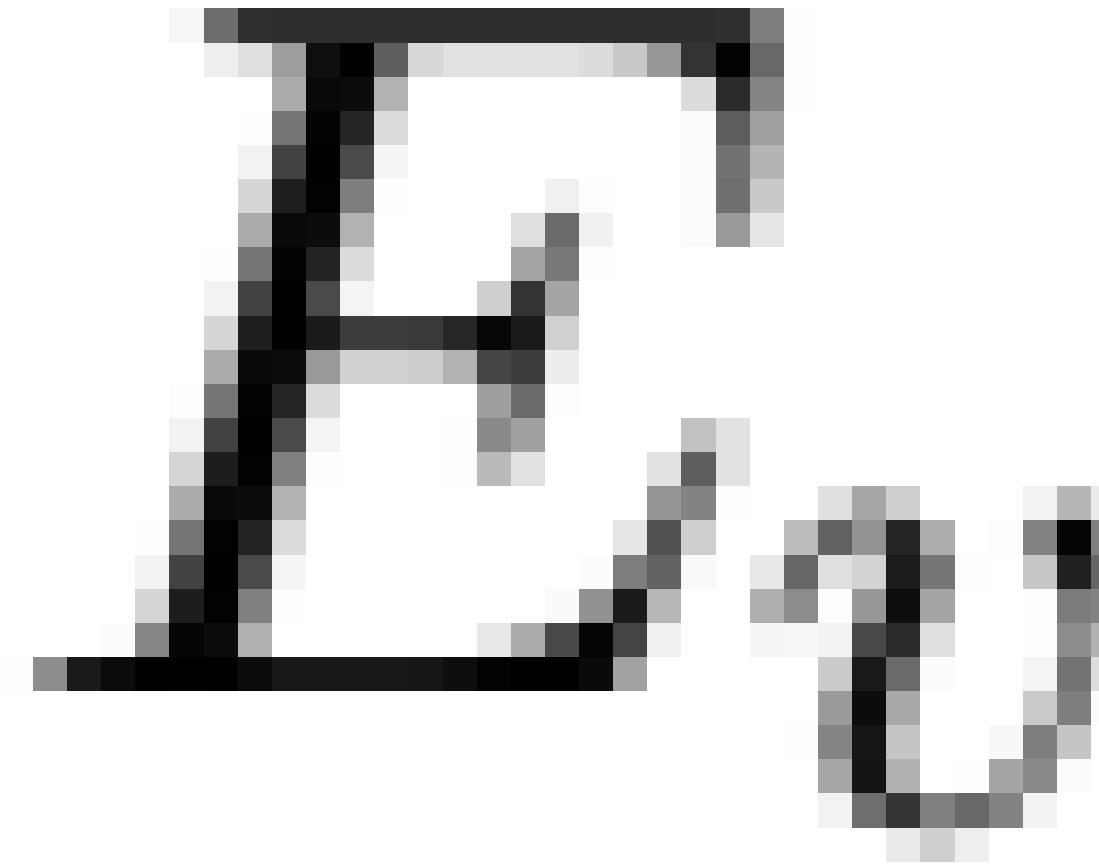
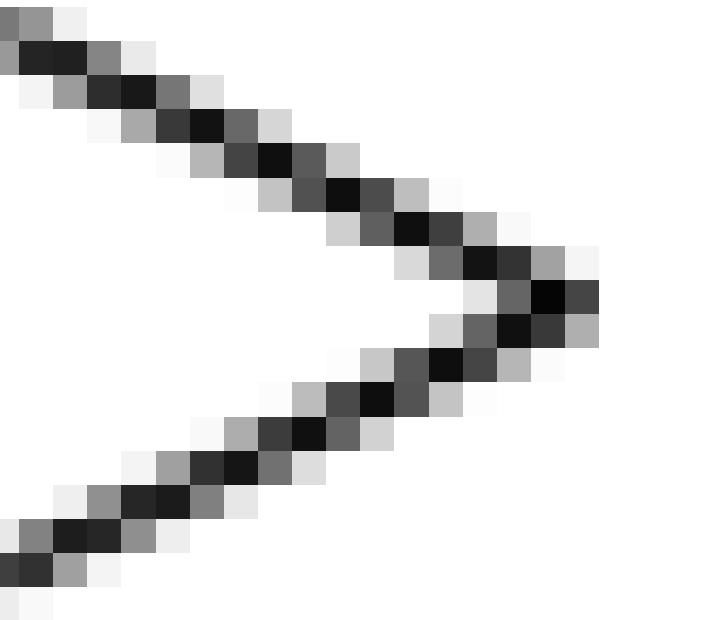
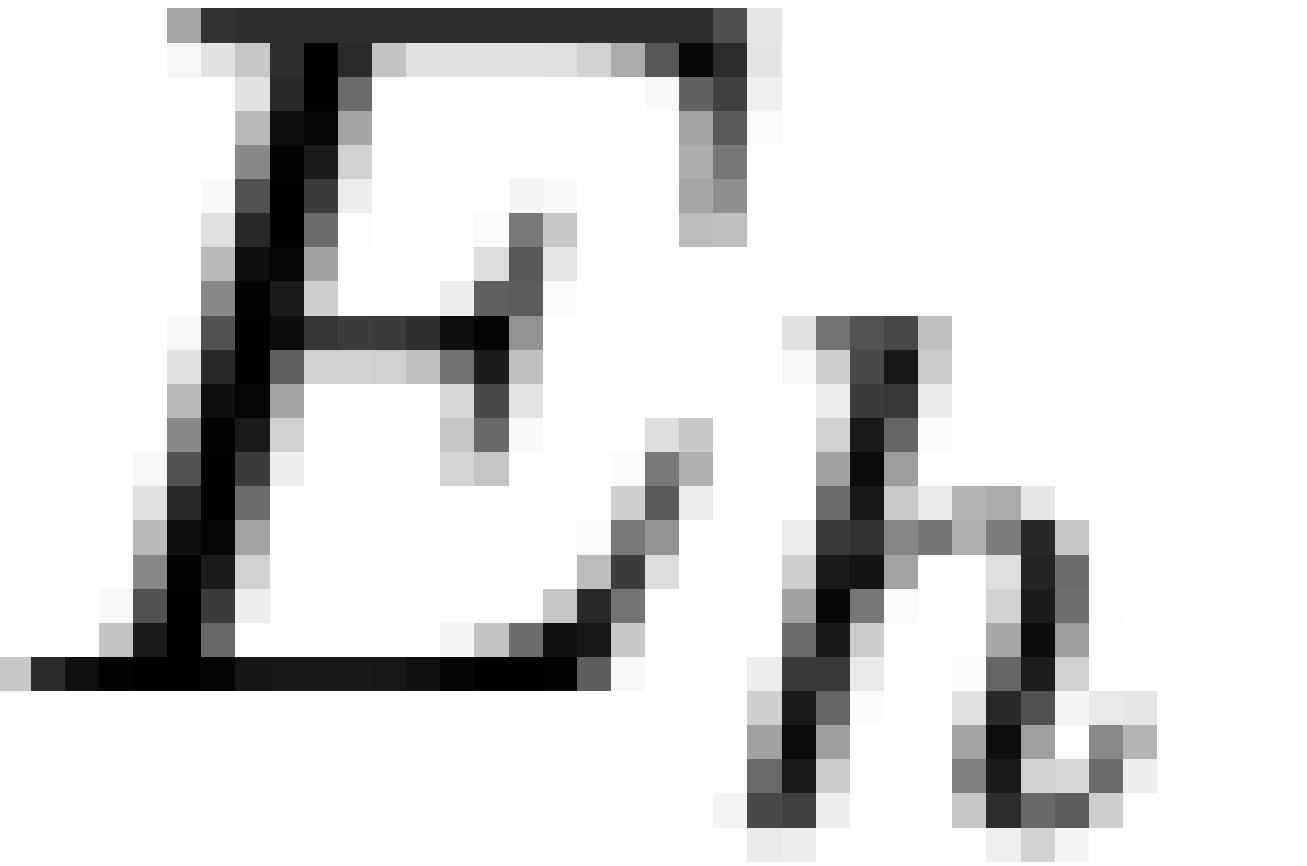
9 independent parameters

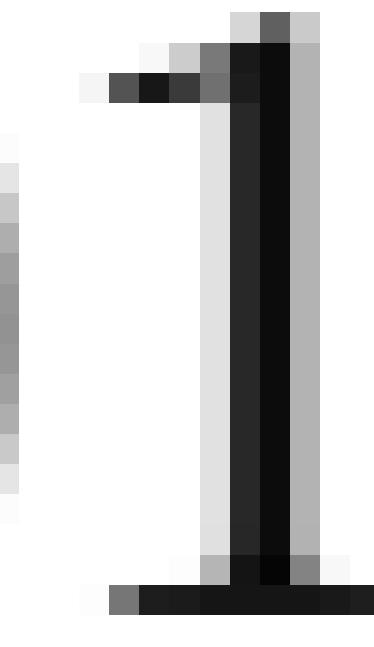
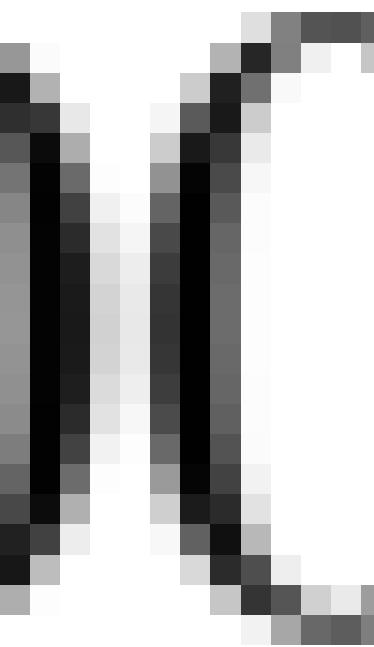
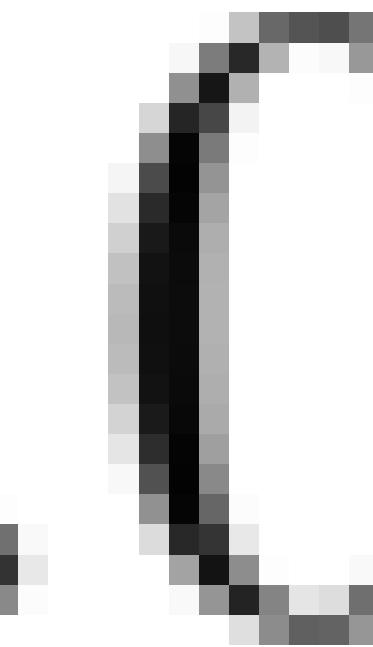
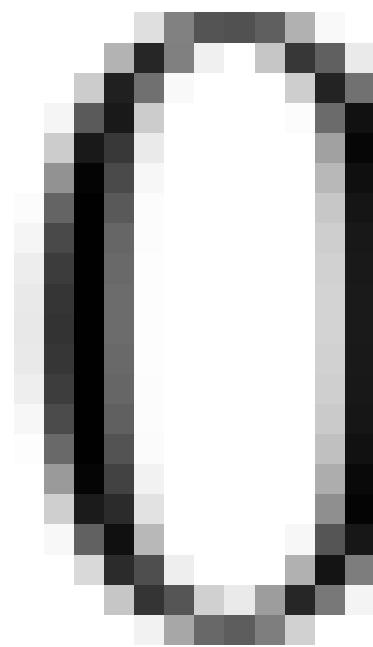
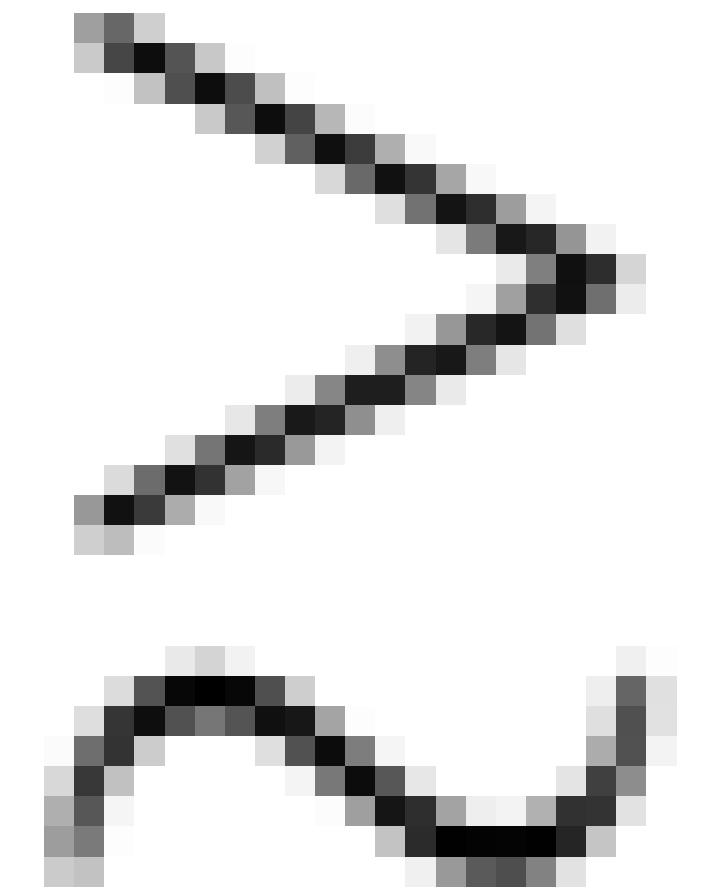
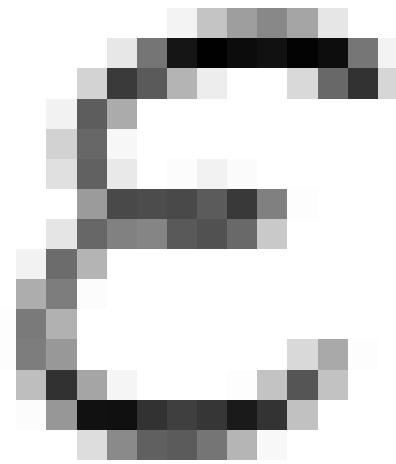
Transverse Isotropy
(symmetry respect to 1 axis)



$$\underline{\underline{C}} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & & & \\ C_{12} & C_{11} & C_{13} & & & \\ C_{13} & C_{13} & C_{33} & & & \\ & & & C_{44} & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 0 & C_{44} & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & C_{66} & \end{bmatrix}$$

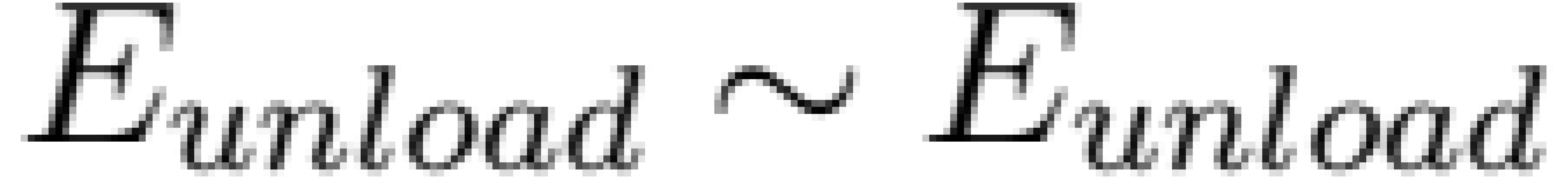
5 independent parameters ($C_{12}=C_{11}-2C_{66}$)

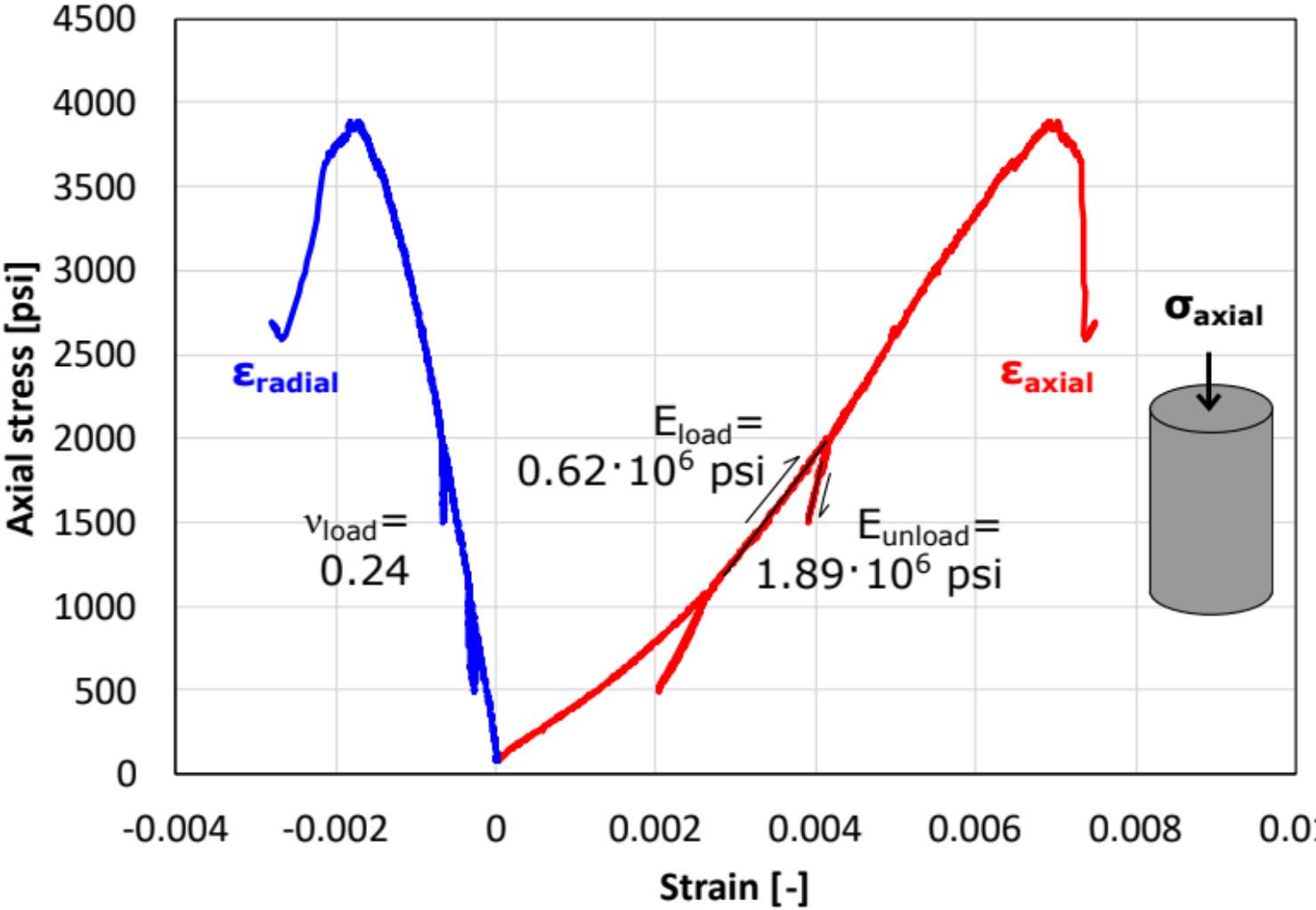




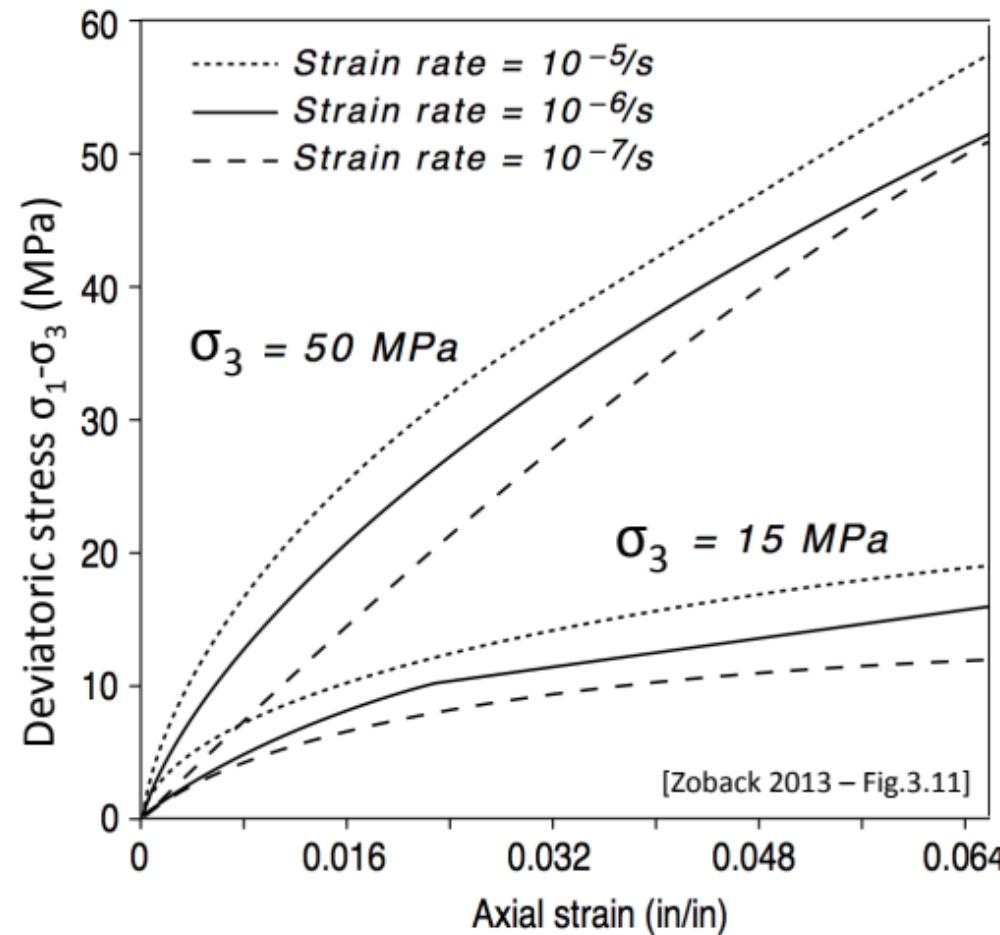
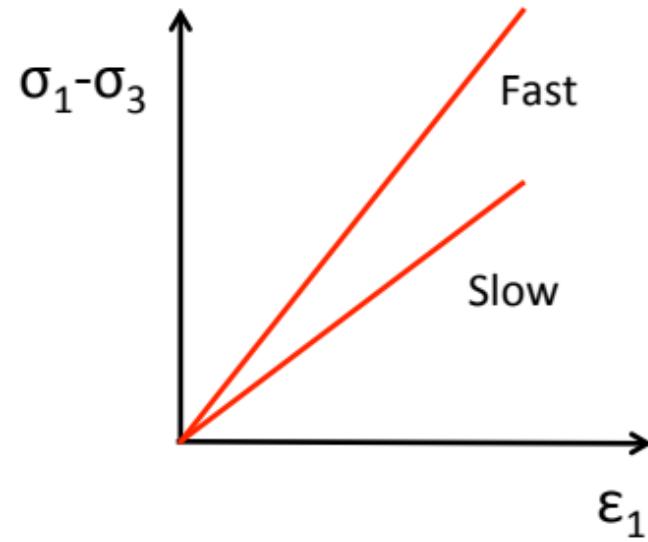




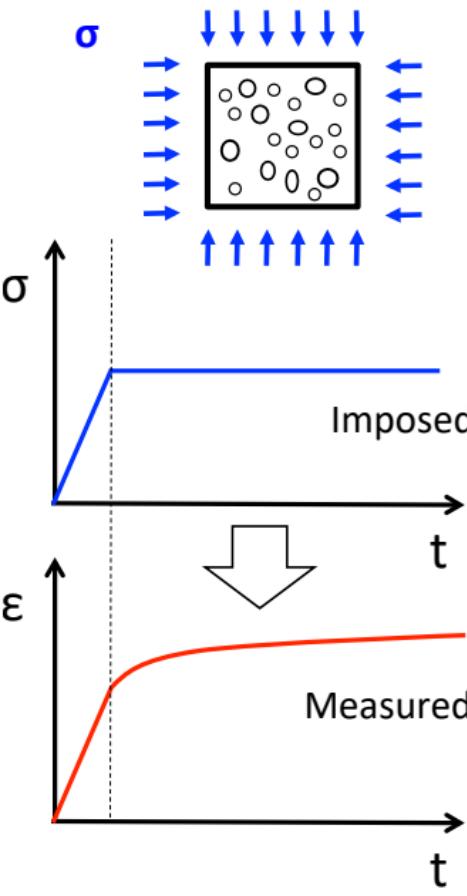




Strain rate hardening: The faster the loading, the stiffer the material

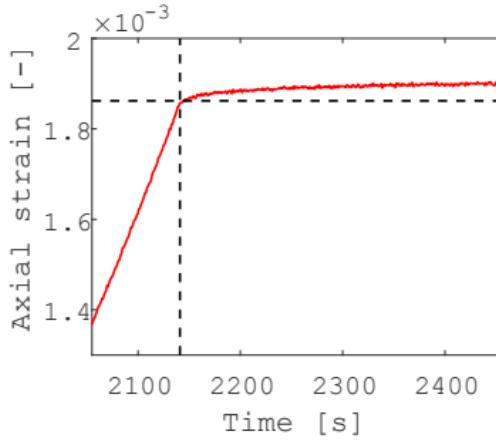
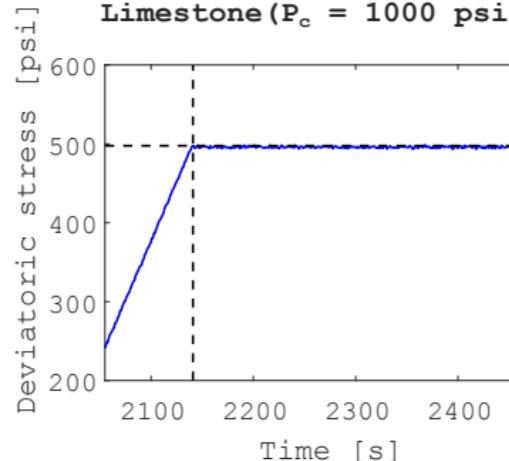


Creep strain at constant stress

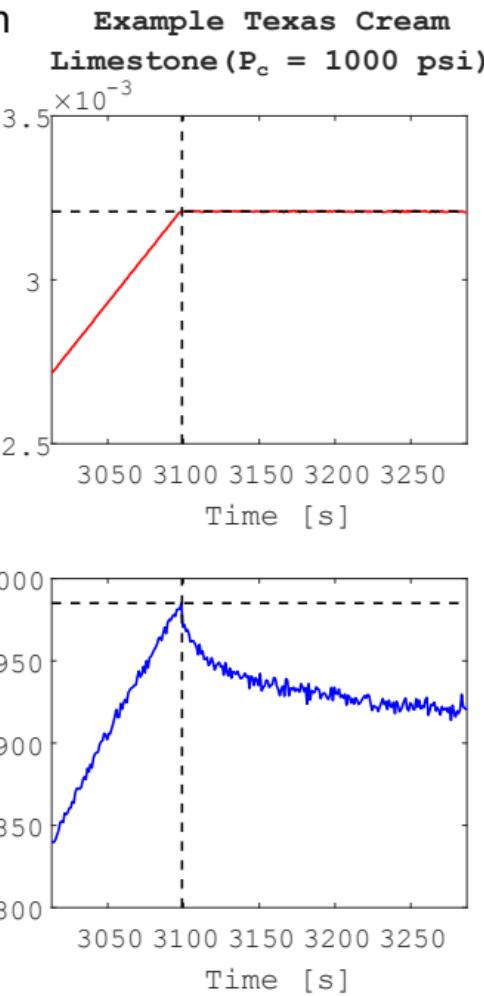
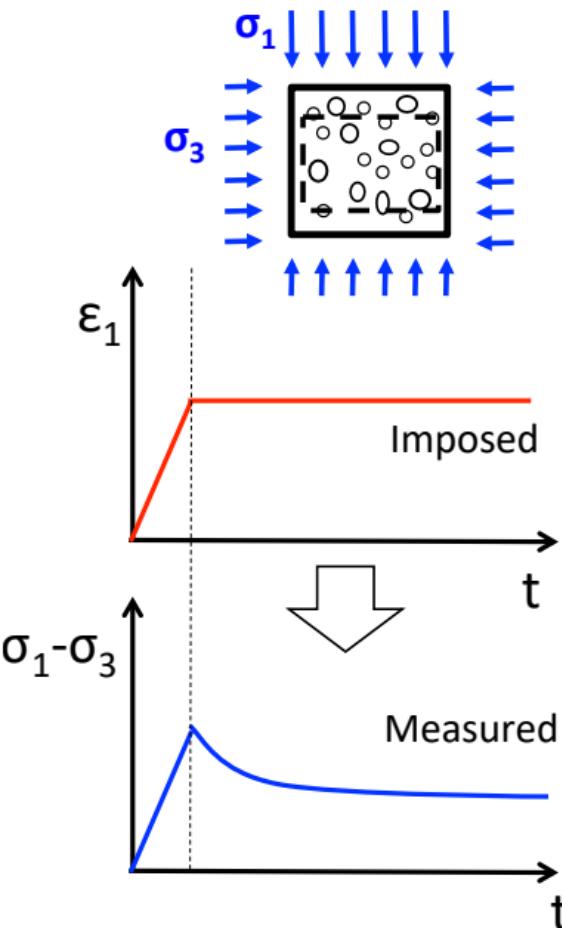


Example Texas Cream

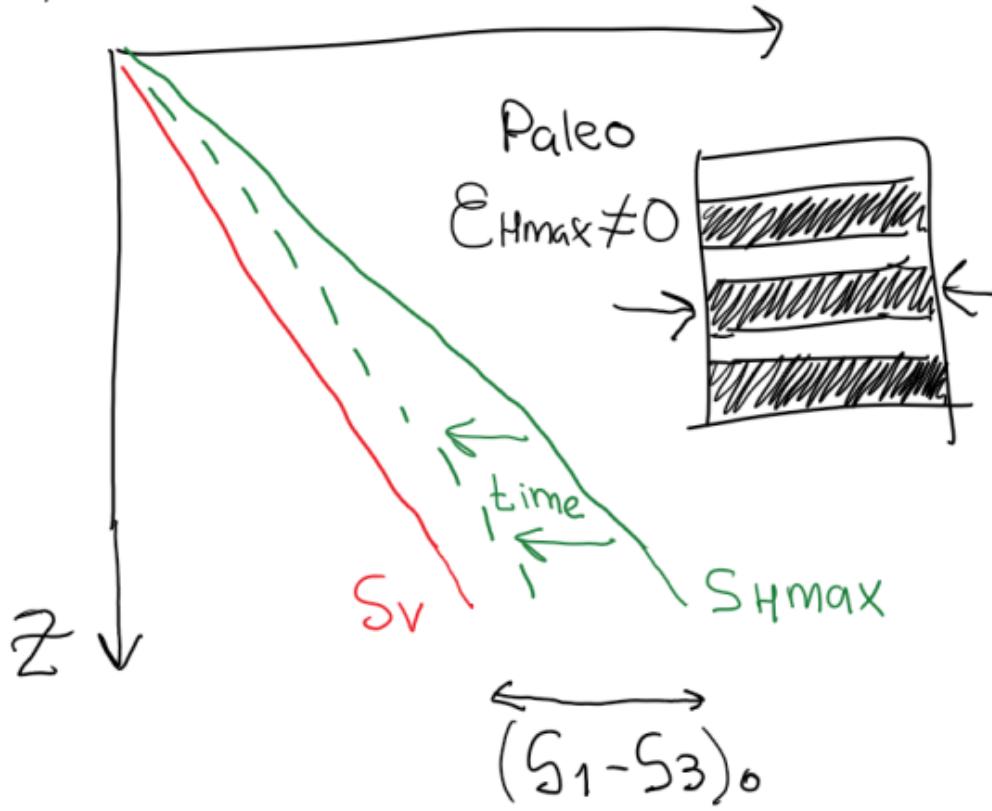
Limestone ($P_c = 1000$ psi)



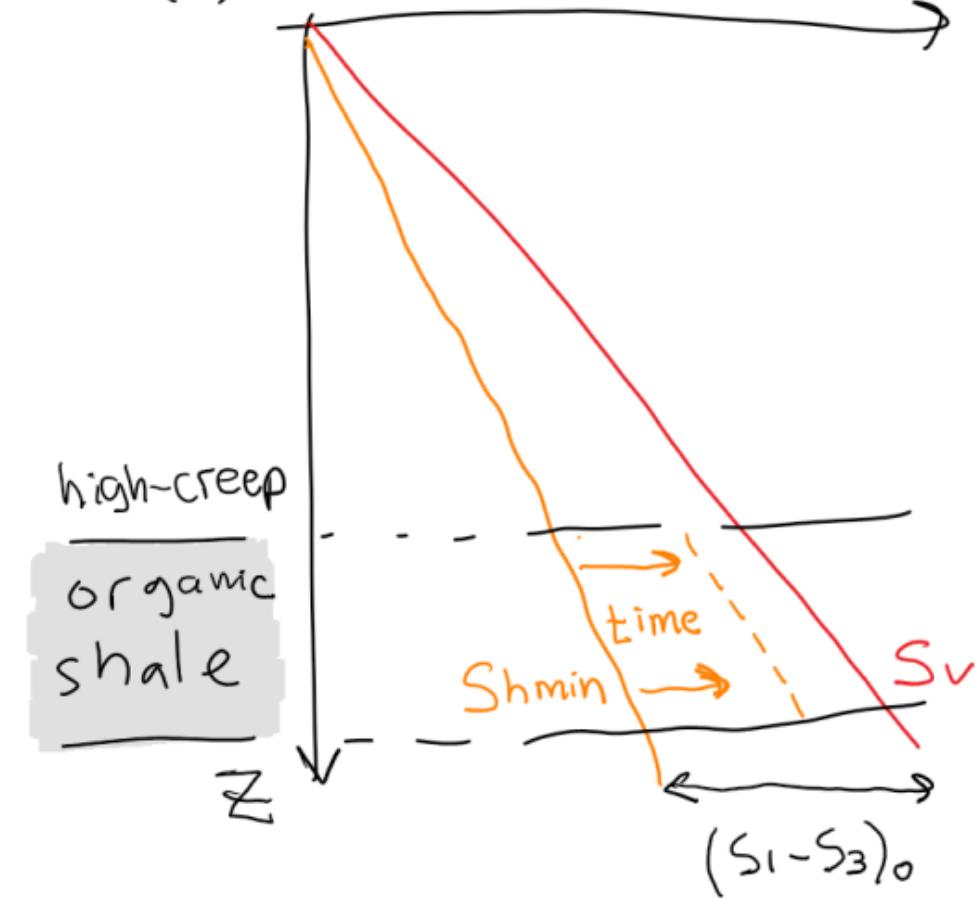
Stress relaxation at constant strain

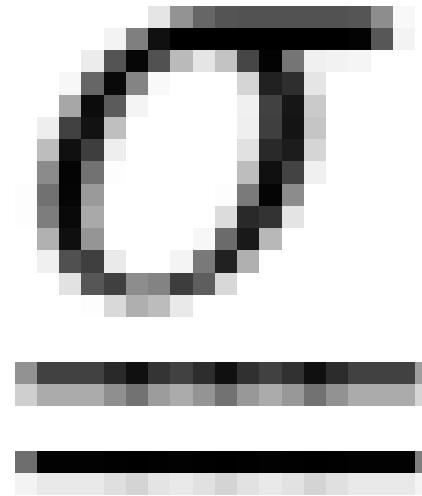
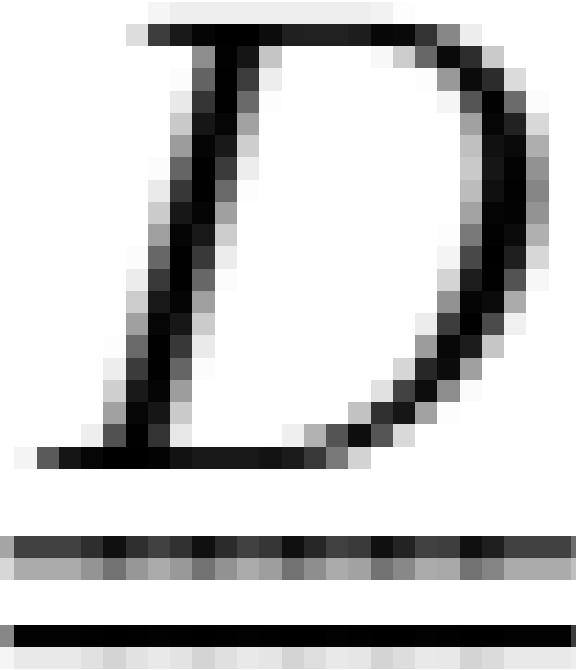
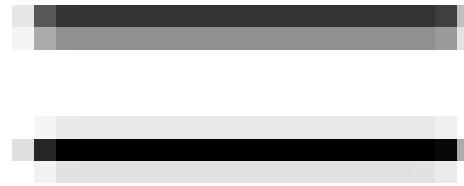
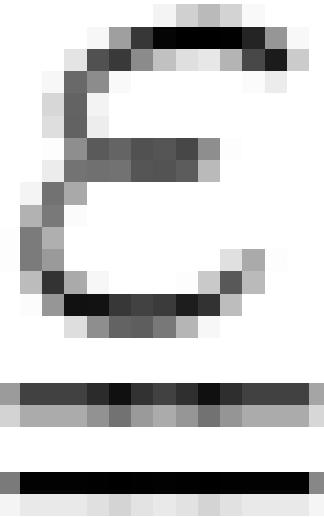


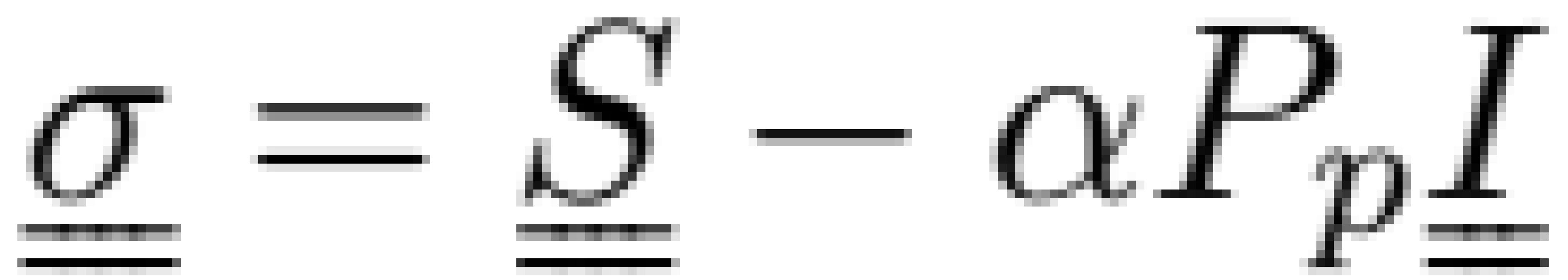
(a) Stress relaxation in RF

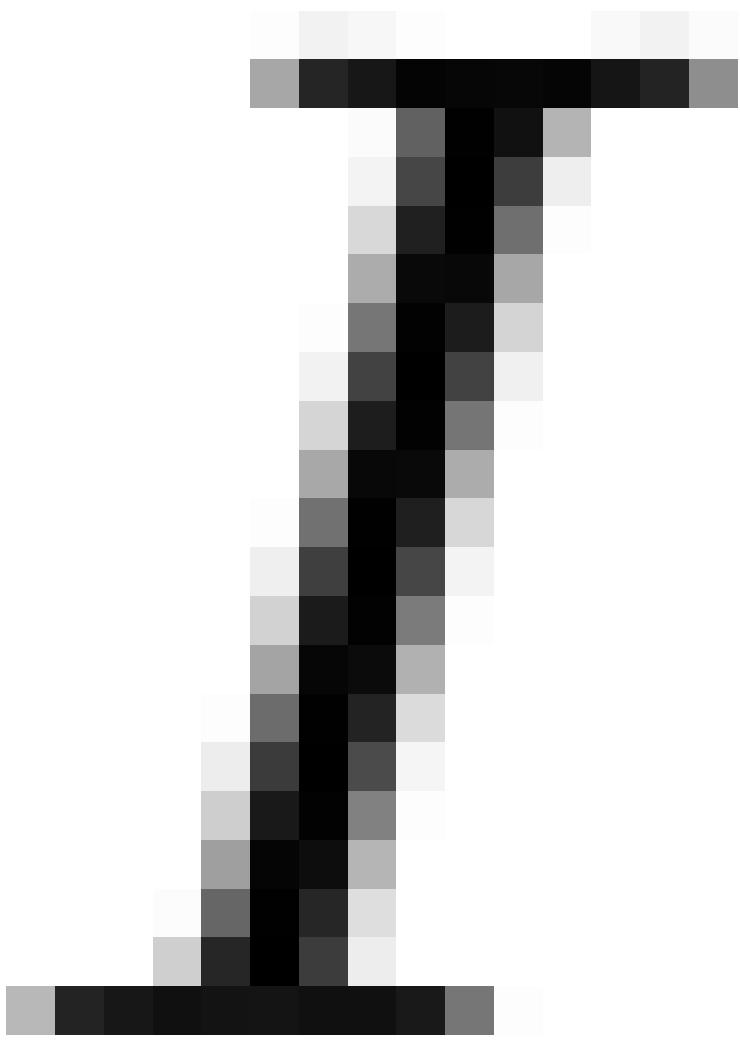


(b) Stress relaxation in NF









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1

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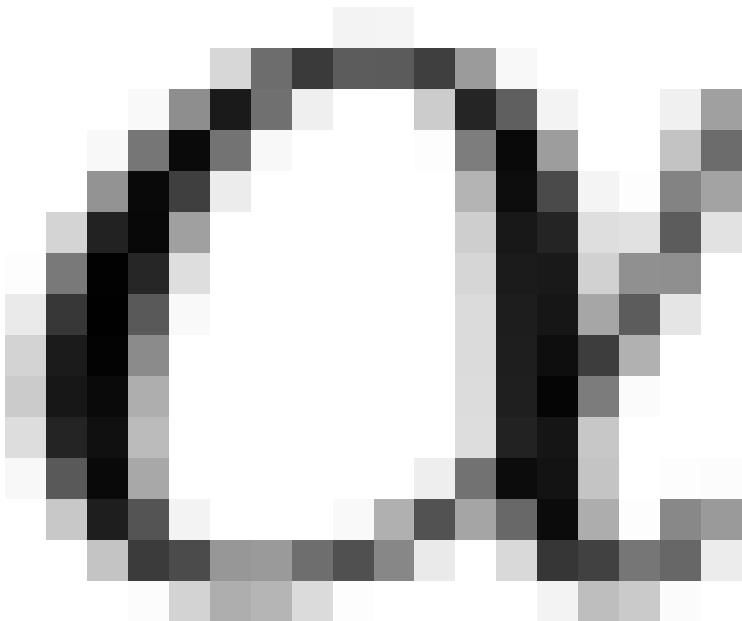
$K_{drained}$

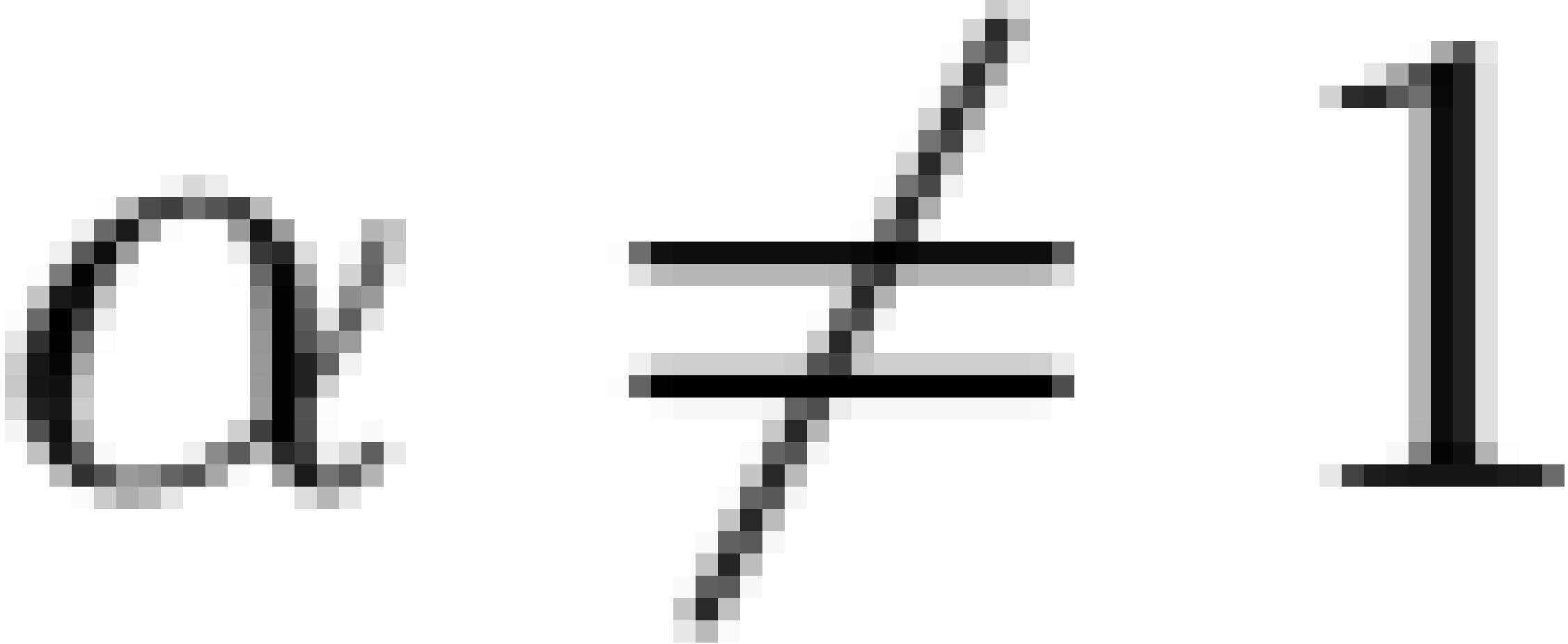
K_{unq}



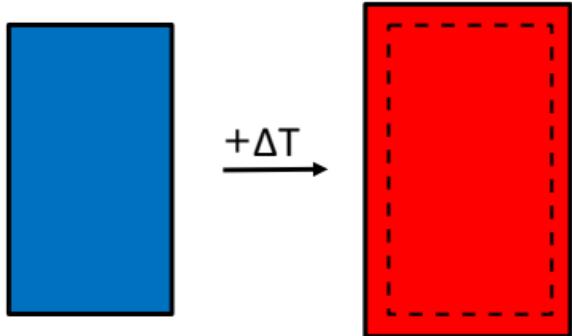




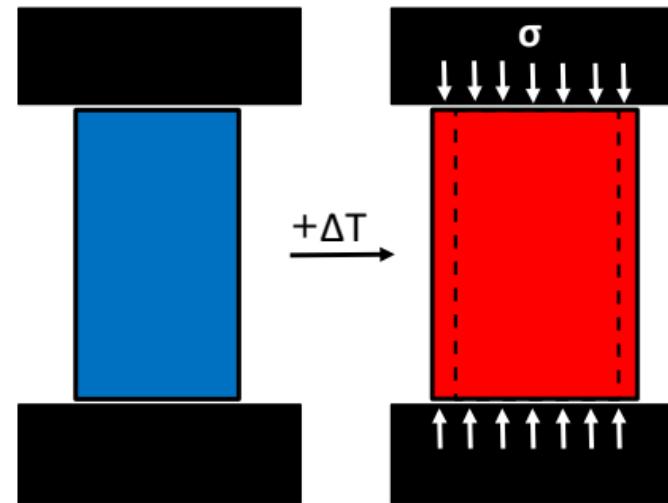


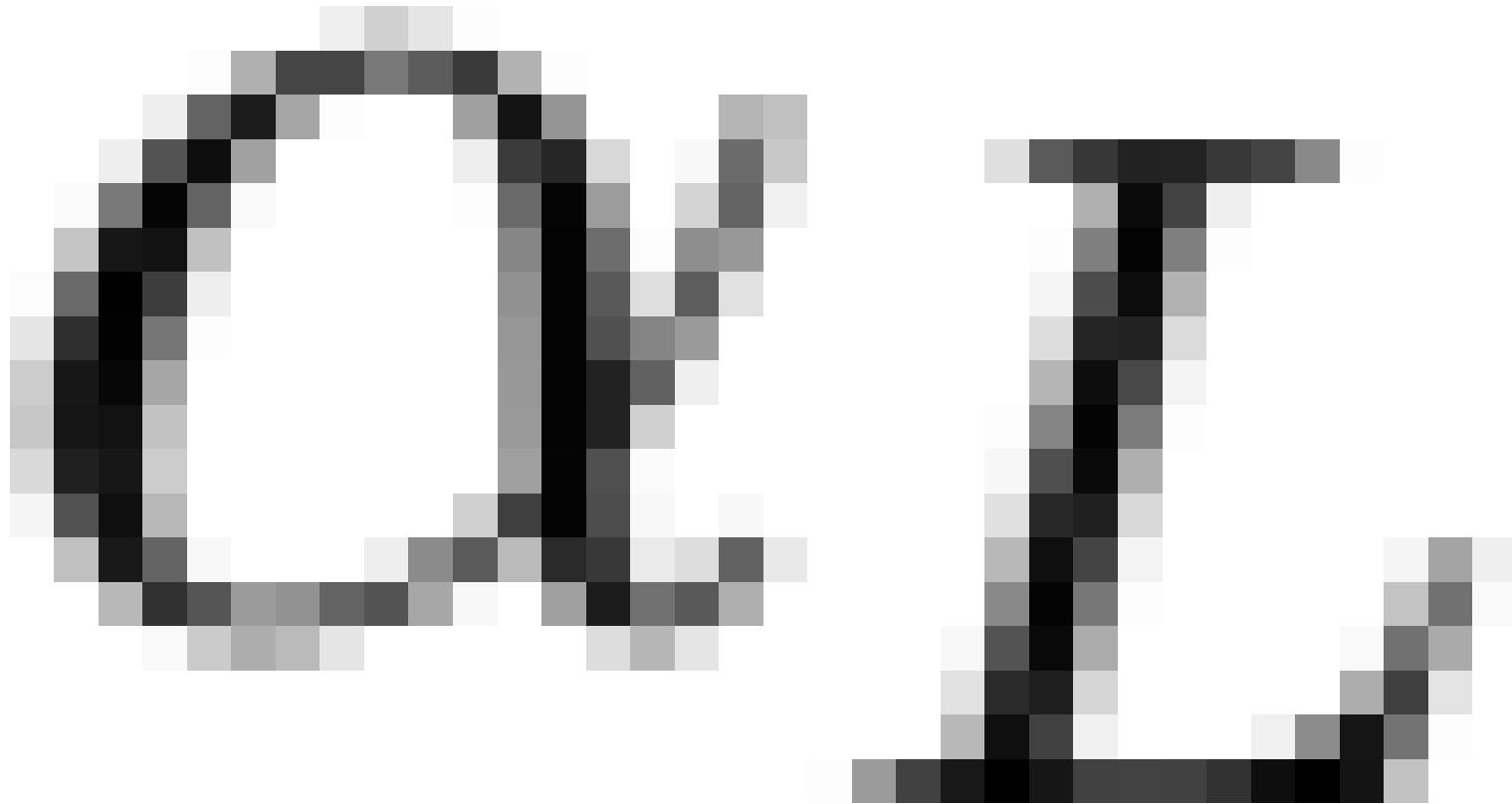


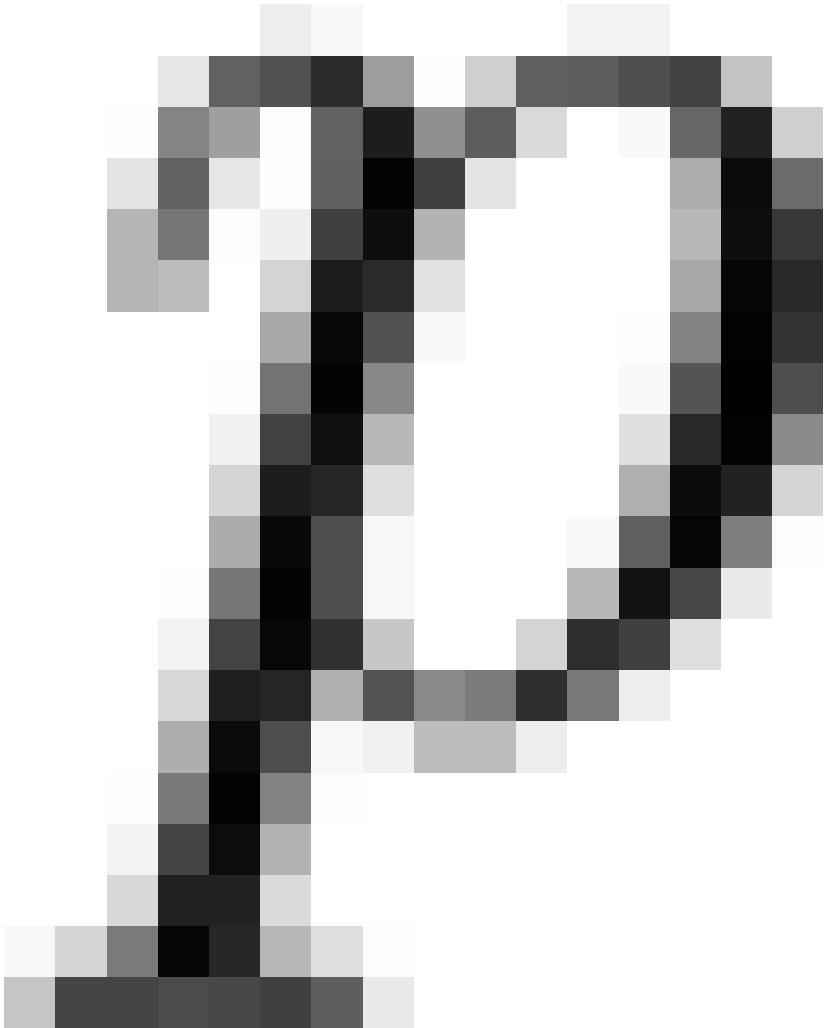
(a) Thermal strain



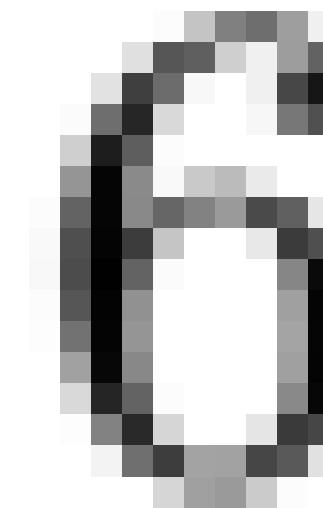
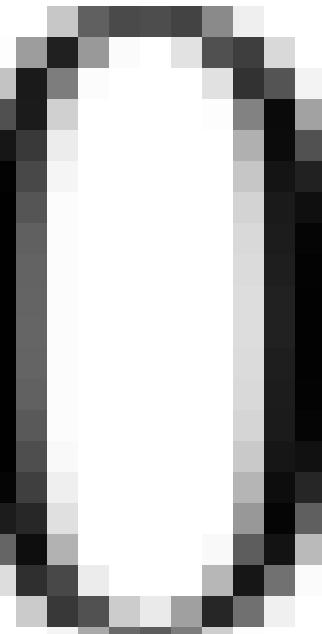
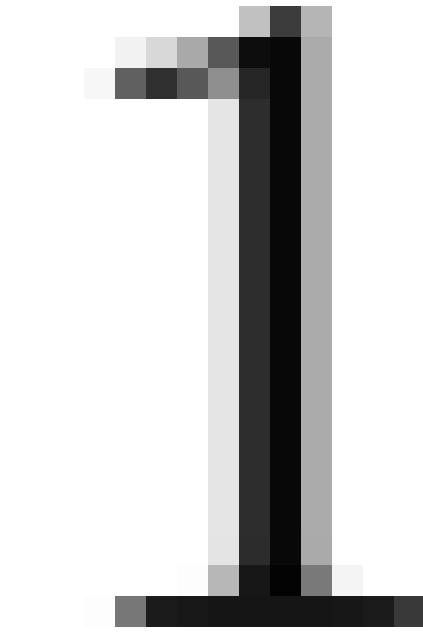
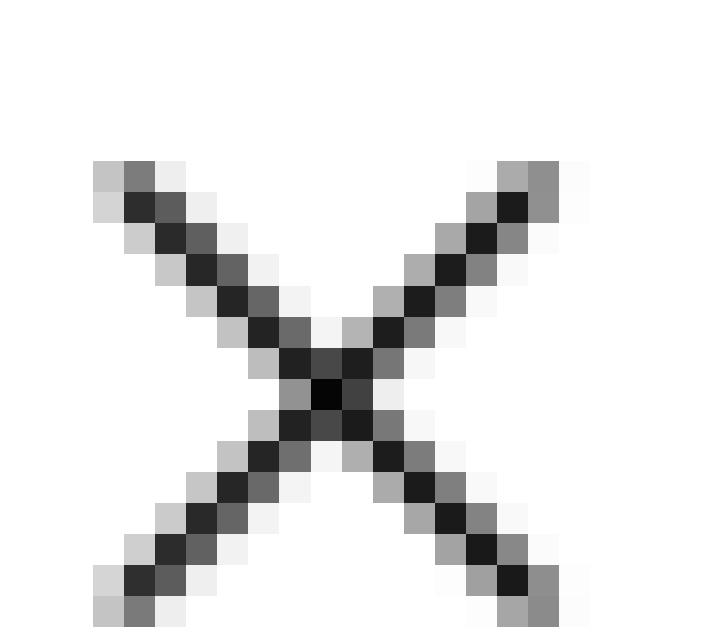
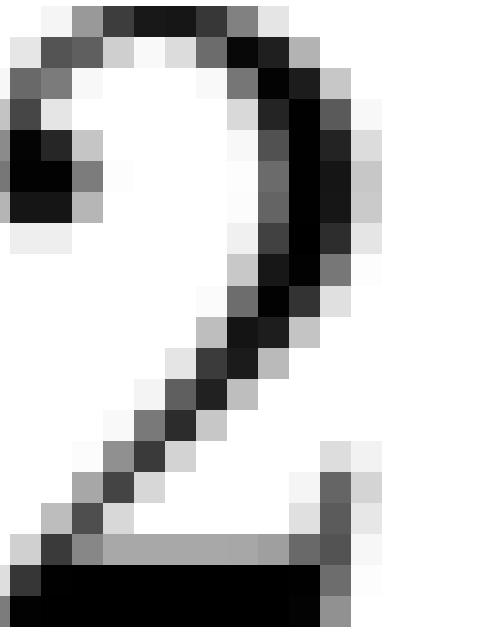
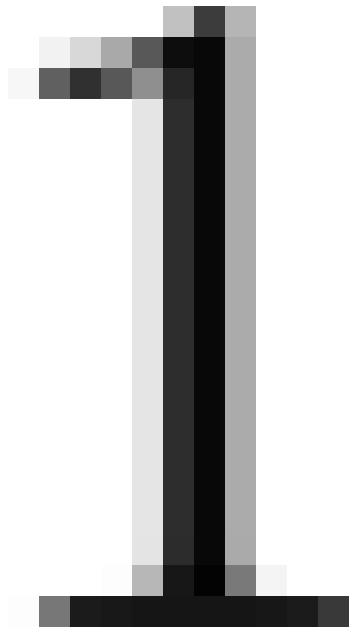
(b) Thermal stress and strain

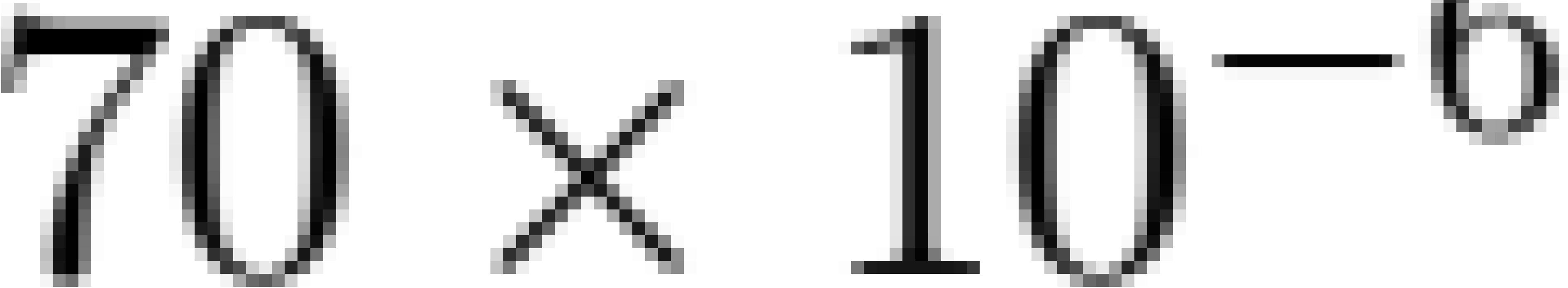


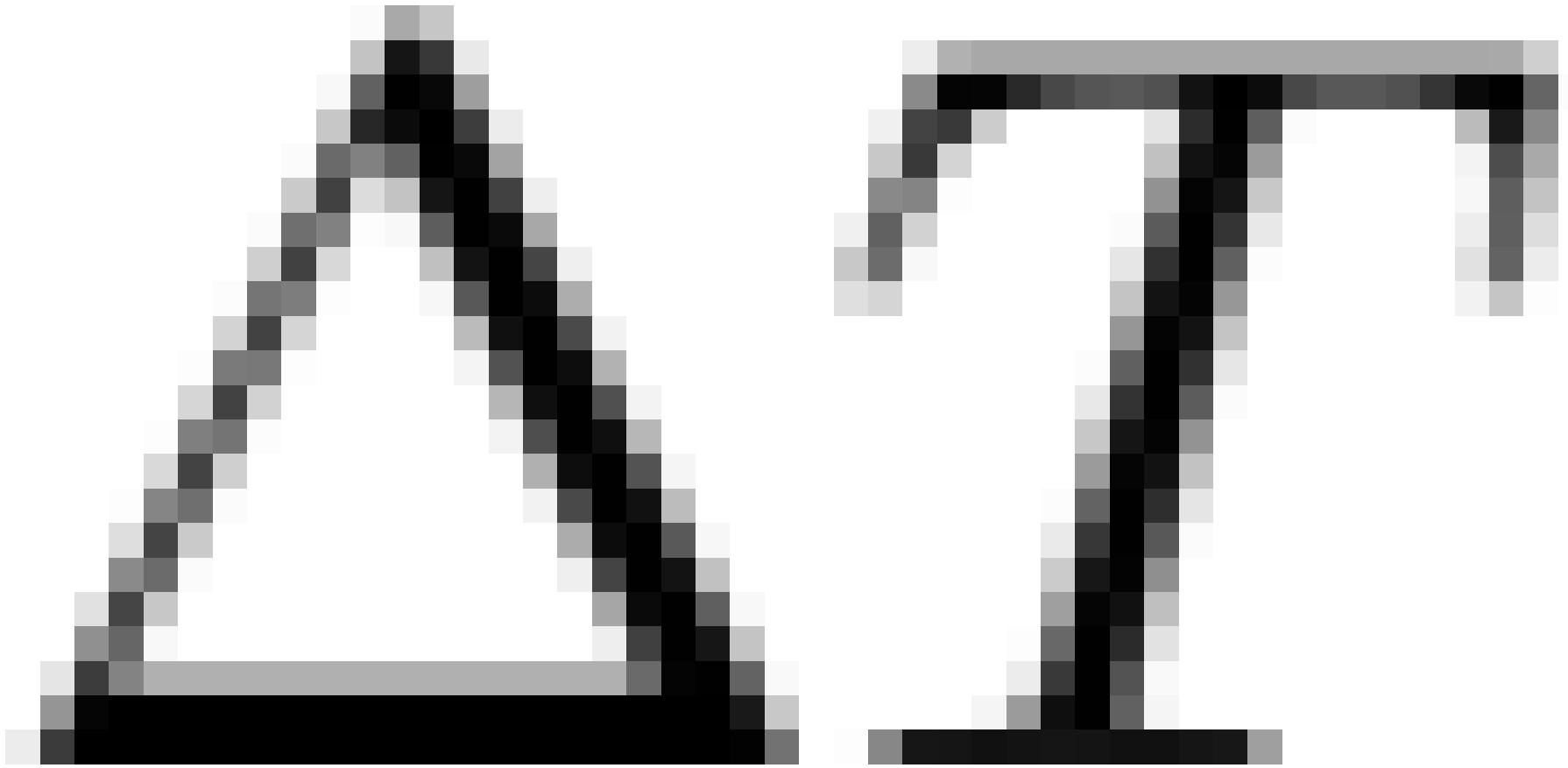




$$\alpha_L = \frac{1}{L} \frac{dL}{dT} |_p$$



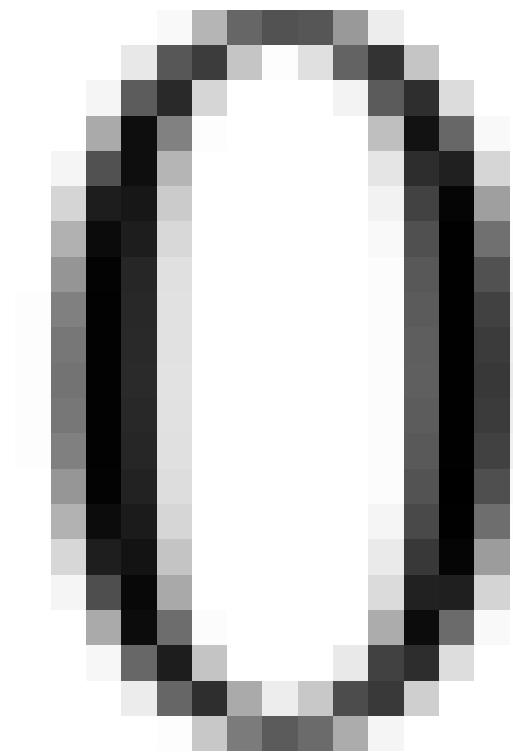
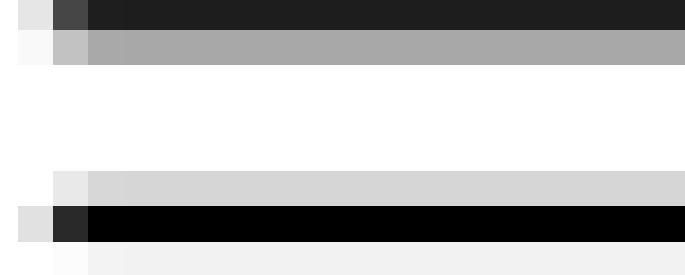
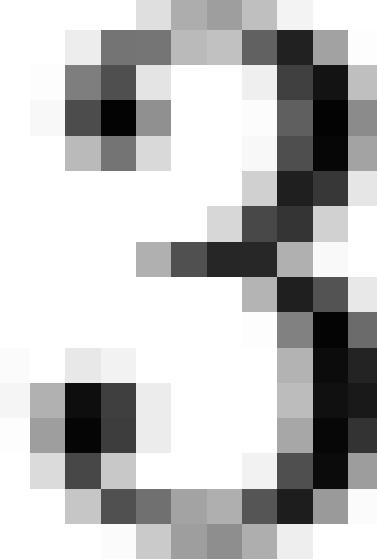
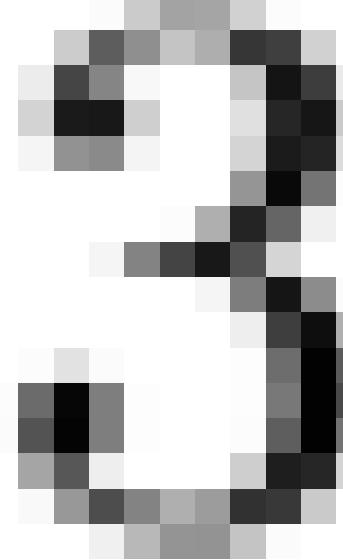
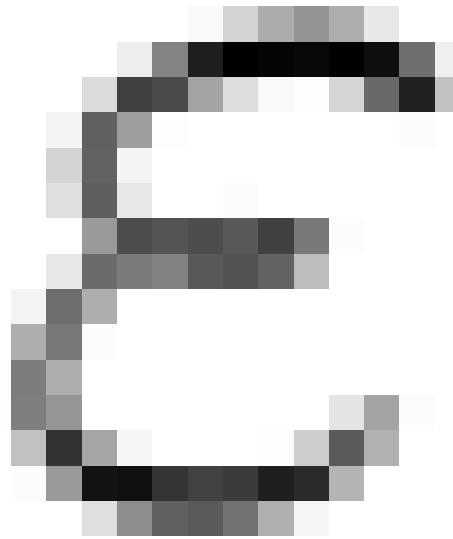


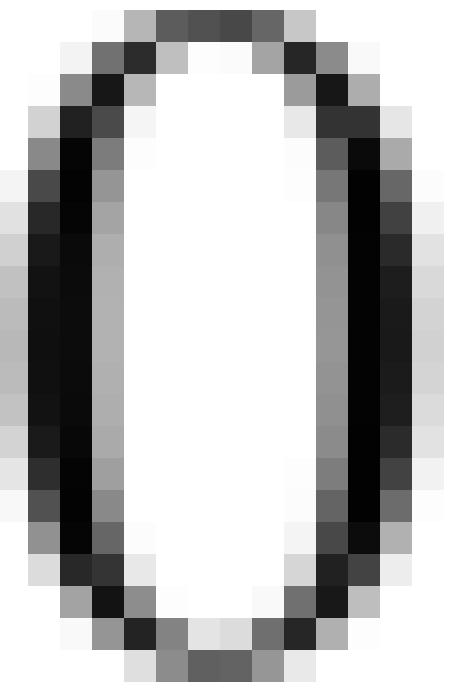
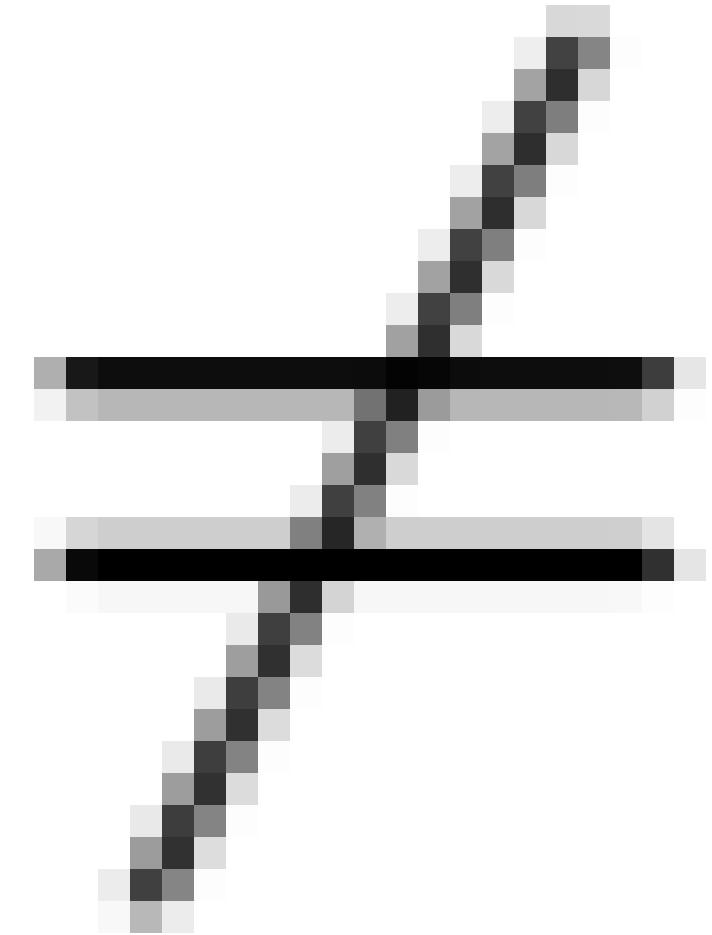
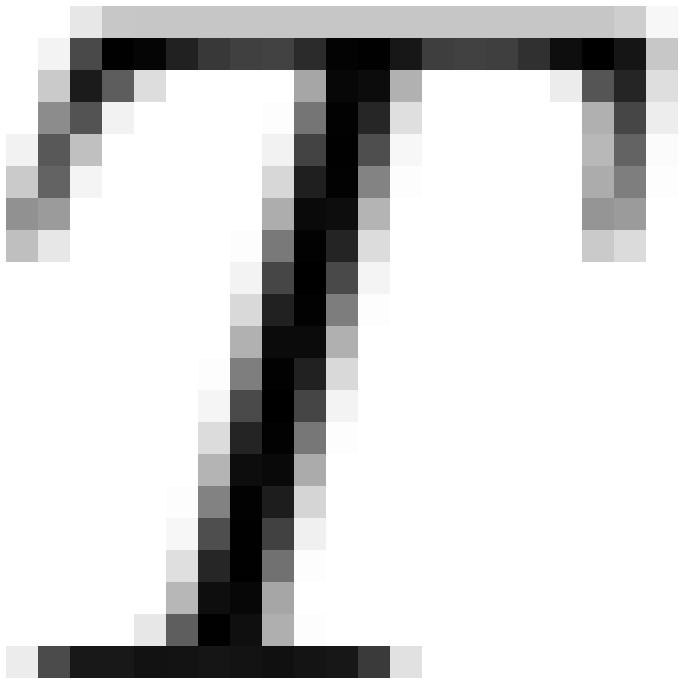
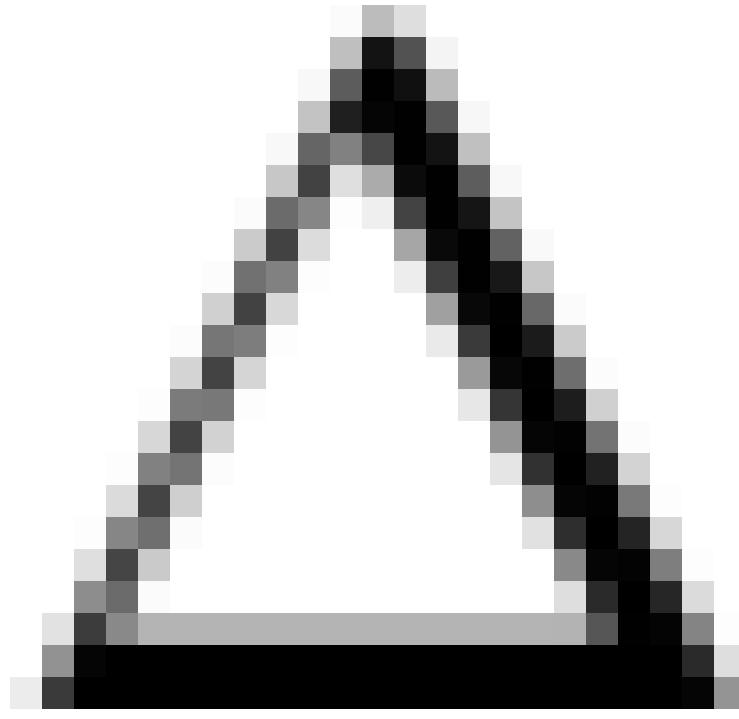


$$\left\{ \begin{array}{lcl} \sigma_{11} & = & (\lambda + 2\mu) \varepsilon_{11} + \lambda \varepsilon_{22} + \lambda \varepsilon_{33} + 3K\alpha_L \Delta T \\ \sigma_{22} & = & \lambda \varepsilon_{11} + (\lambda + 2\mu) \varepsilon_{22} + \lambda \varepsilon_{33} + 3K\alpha_L \Delta T \\ \sigma_{33} & = & \lambda \varepsilon_{11} + \lambda \varepsilon_{22} + (\lambda + 2\mu) \varepsilon_{33} + 3K\alpha_L \Delta T \\ \sigma_{23} & = & 2\mu \varepsilon_{23} \\ \sigma_{13} & = & 2\mu \varepsilon_{13} \\ \sigma_{12} & = & 2\mu \varepsilon_{12} \end{array} \right.$$









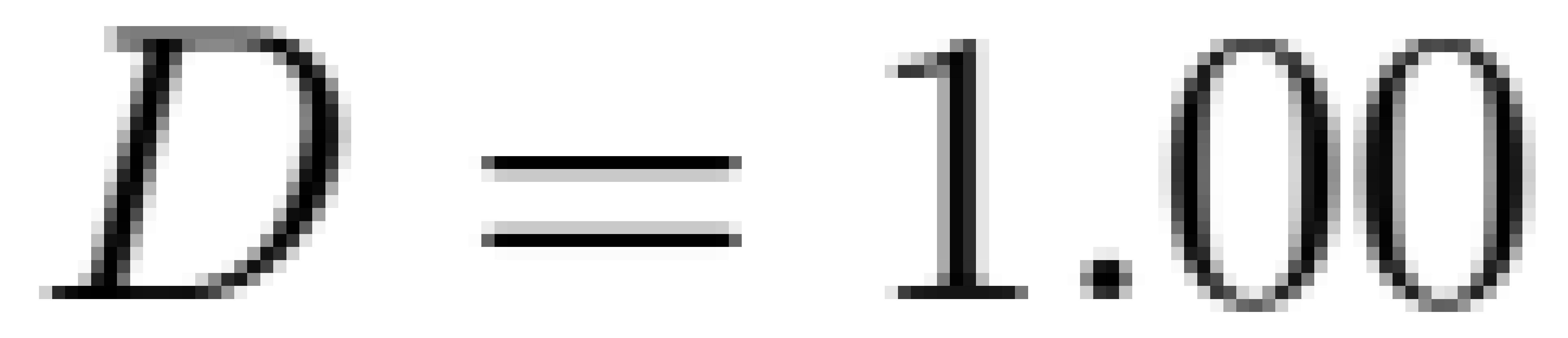
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 = (\lambda + 2\mu) \epsilon_{11} + \lambda \epsilon_{11} + 3K\alpha_L \Delta T \\ \sigma_{33} = \lambda \epsilon_{11} + \lambda \epsilon_{11} + 3K\alpha_L \Delta T \end{array} \right.$$

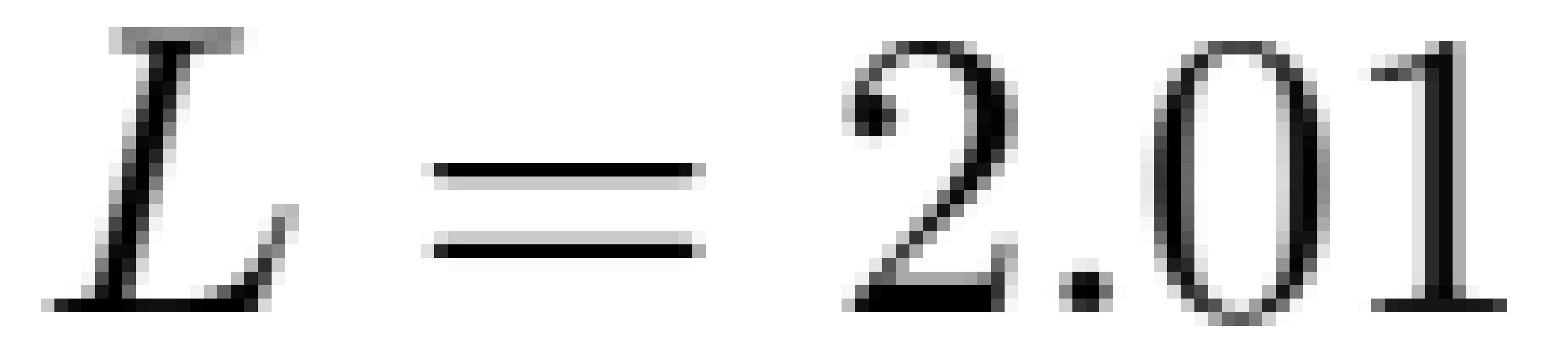
$$\sigma_{33} =$$

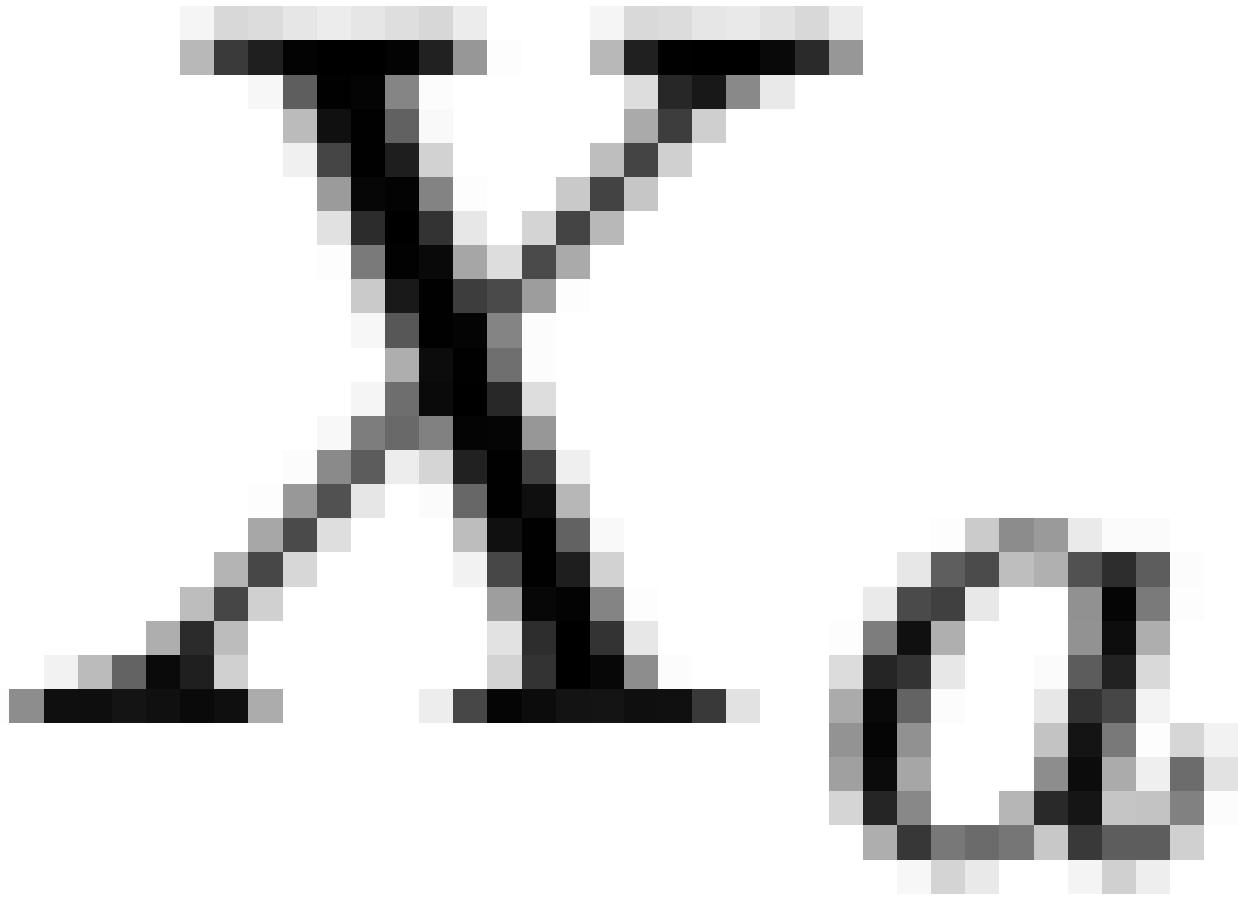
$$6 - \frac{\mu}{K} \text{e}^{i\sqrt{K}x} + \frac{\mu}{K} \text{e}^{-i\sqrt{K}x}$$

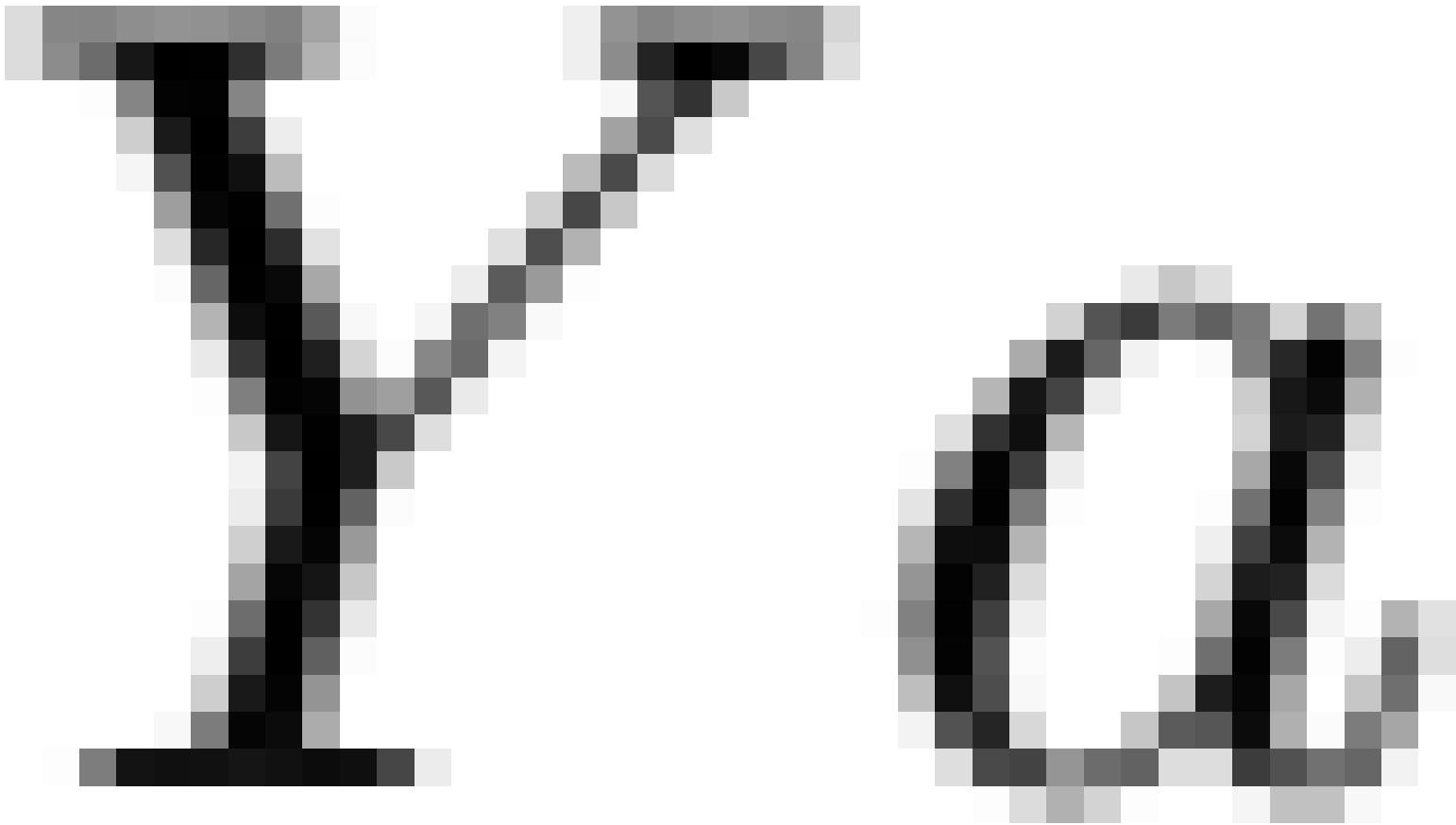
$$\underline{\sigma} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{NN} & \sigma_{NE} & \sigma_{ND} \\ \sigma_{EN} & \sigma_{EE} & \sigma_{ED} \\ \sigma_{DN} & \sigma_{DE} & \sigma_{DD} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7100 & -200 & 0 \\ -200 & 7300 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 8100 \end{bmatrix} \text{ psi}$$

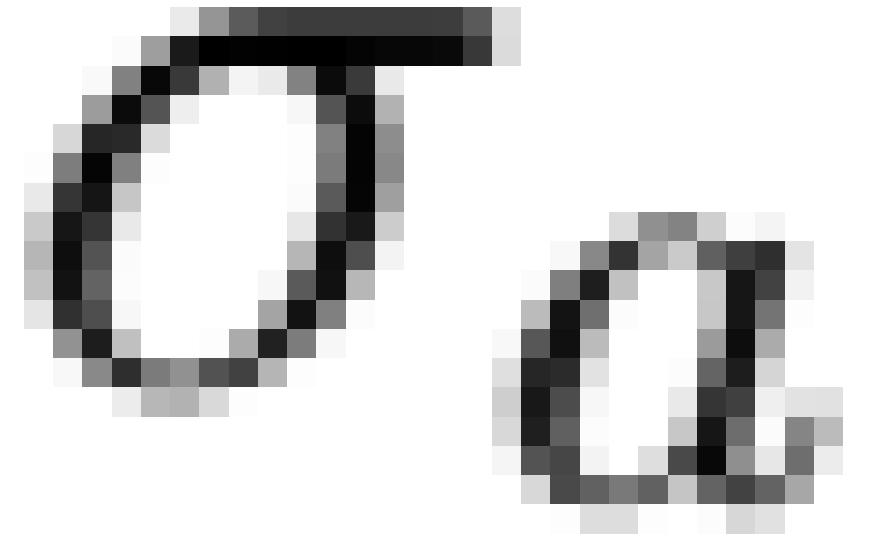
$$\underline{\sigma} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{NN} & \sigma_{NE} & \sigma_{ND} \\ \sigma_{EN} & \sigma_{EE} & \sigma_{ED} \\ \sigma_{DN} & \sigma_{DE} & \sigma_{DD} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6000 & 100 & 0 \\ 100 & 6300 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 6200 \end{bmatrix} \text{ psi}$$

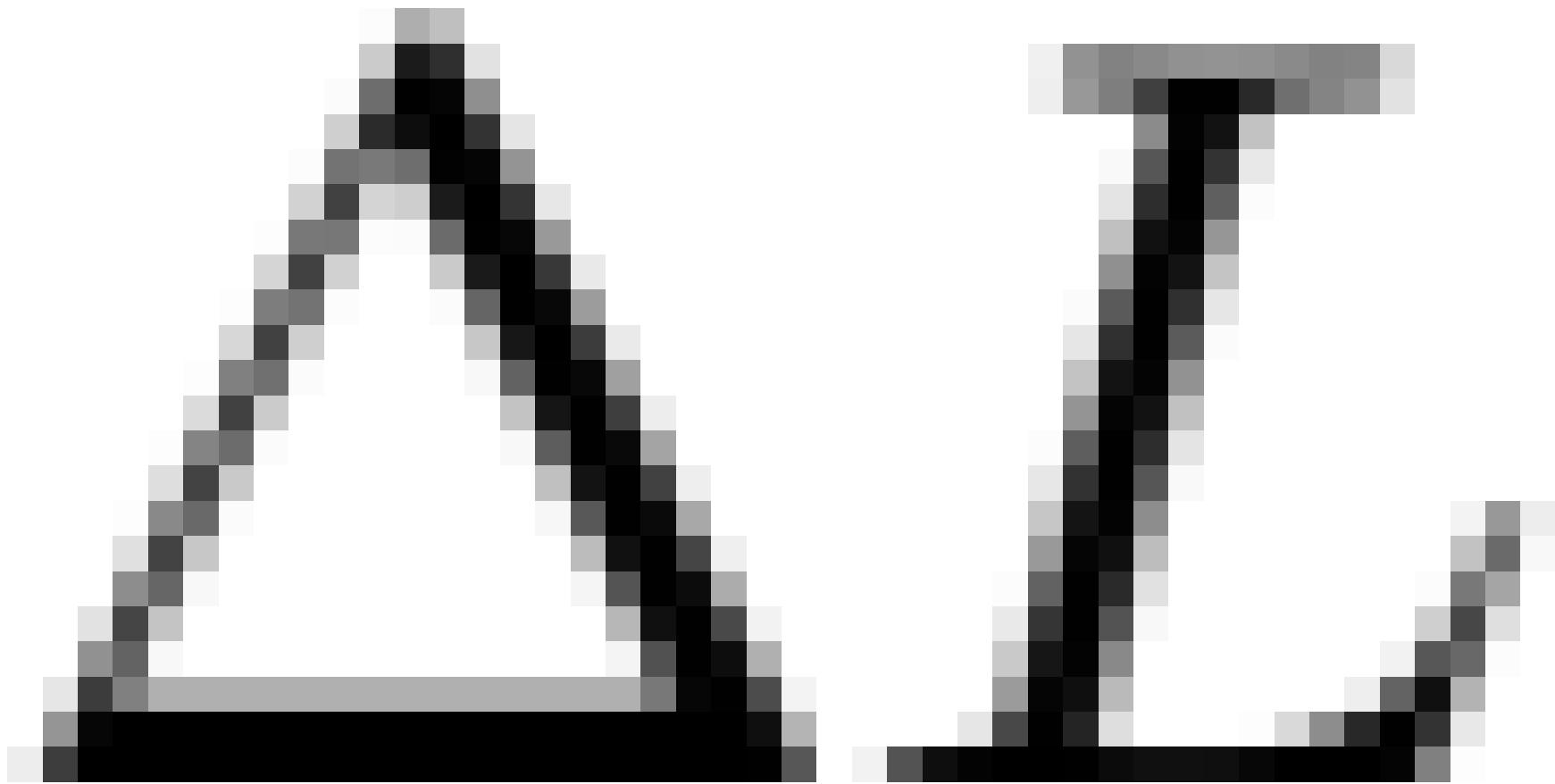


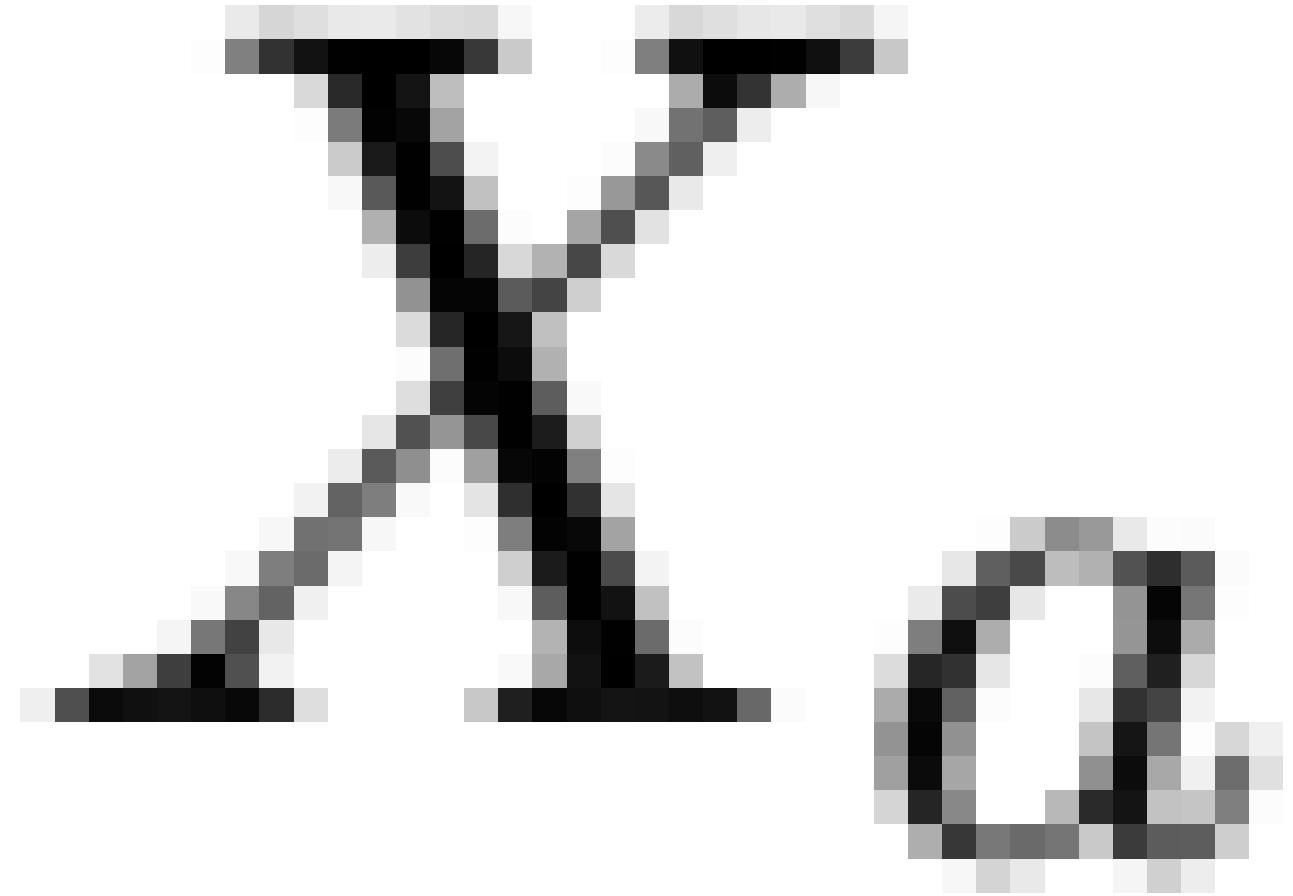


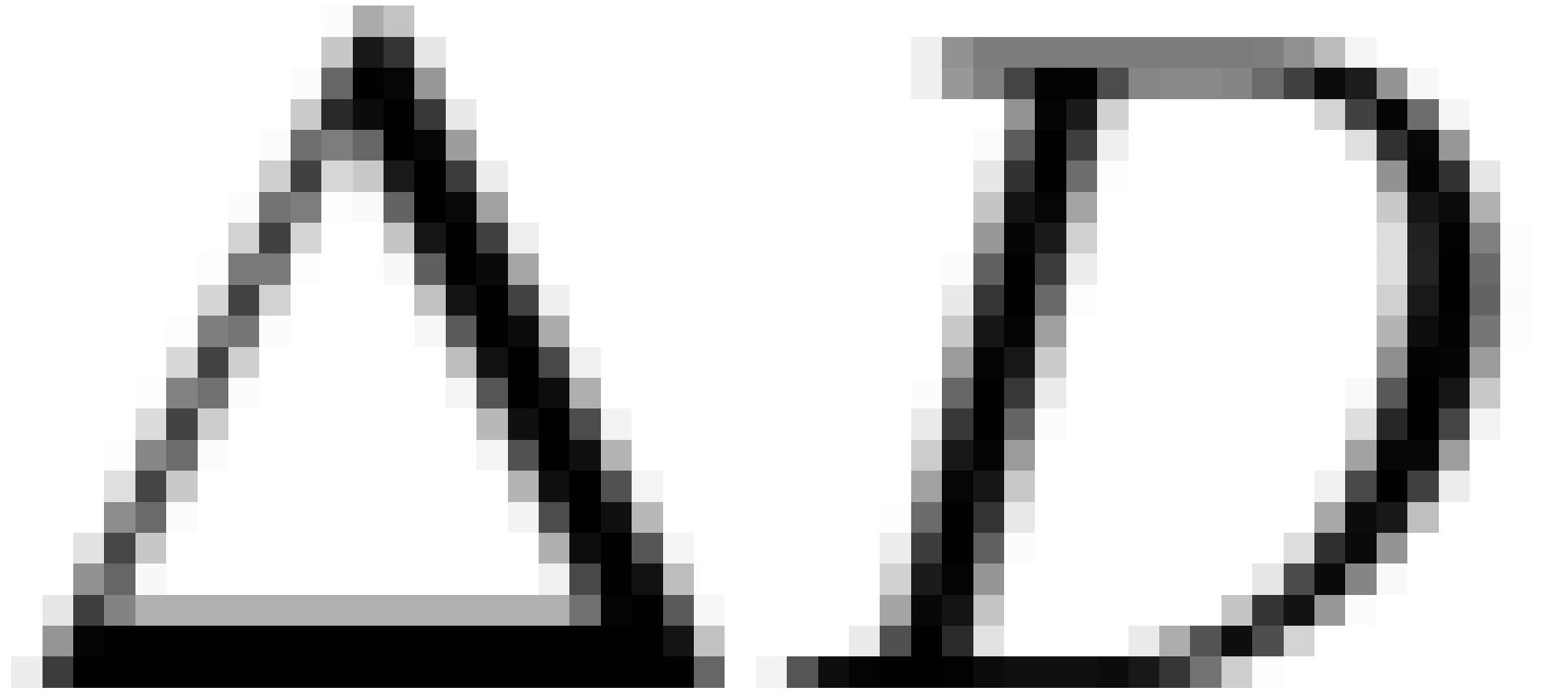


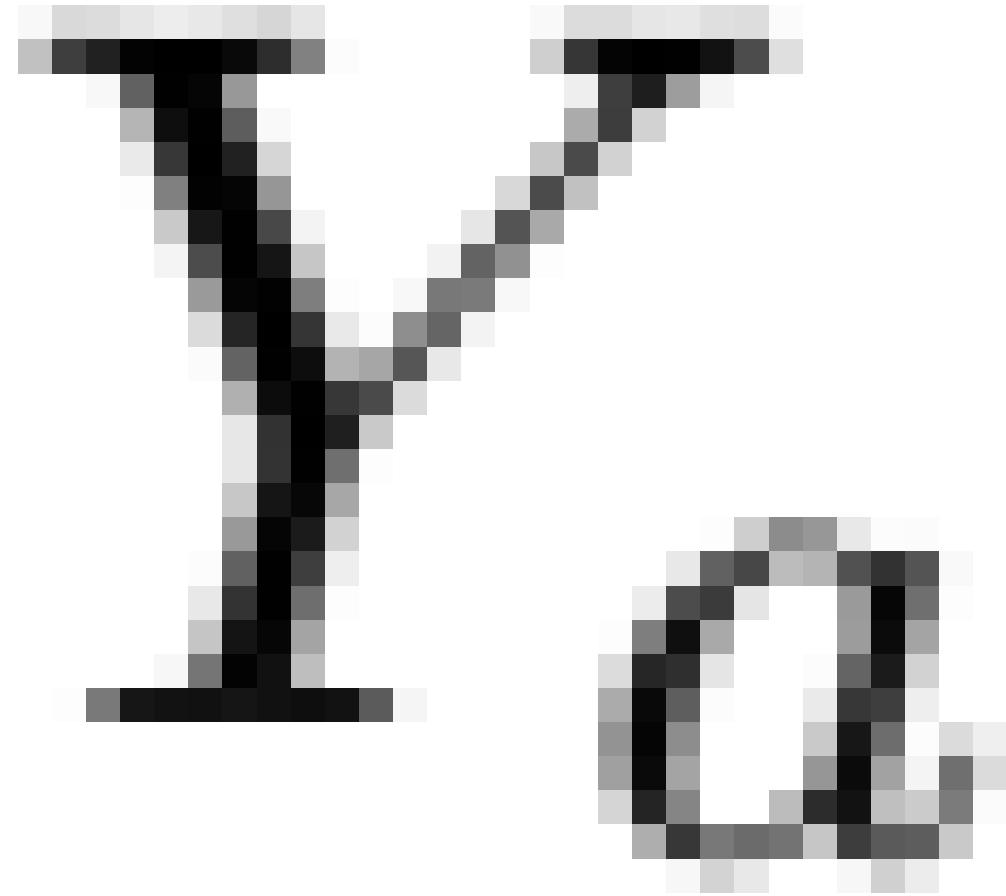


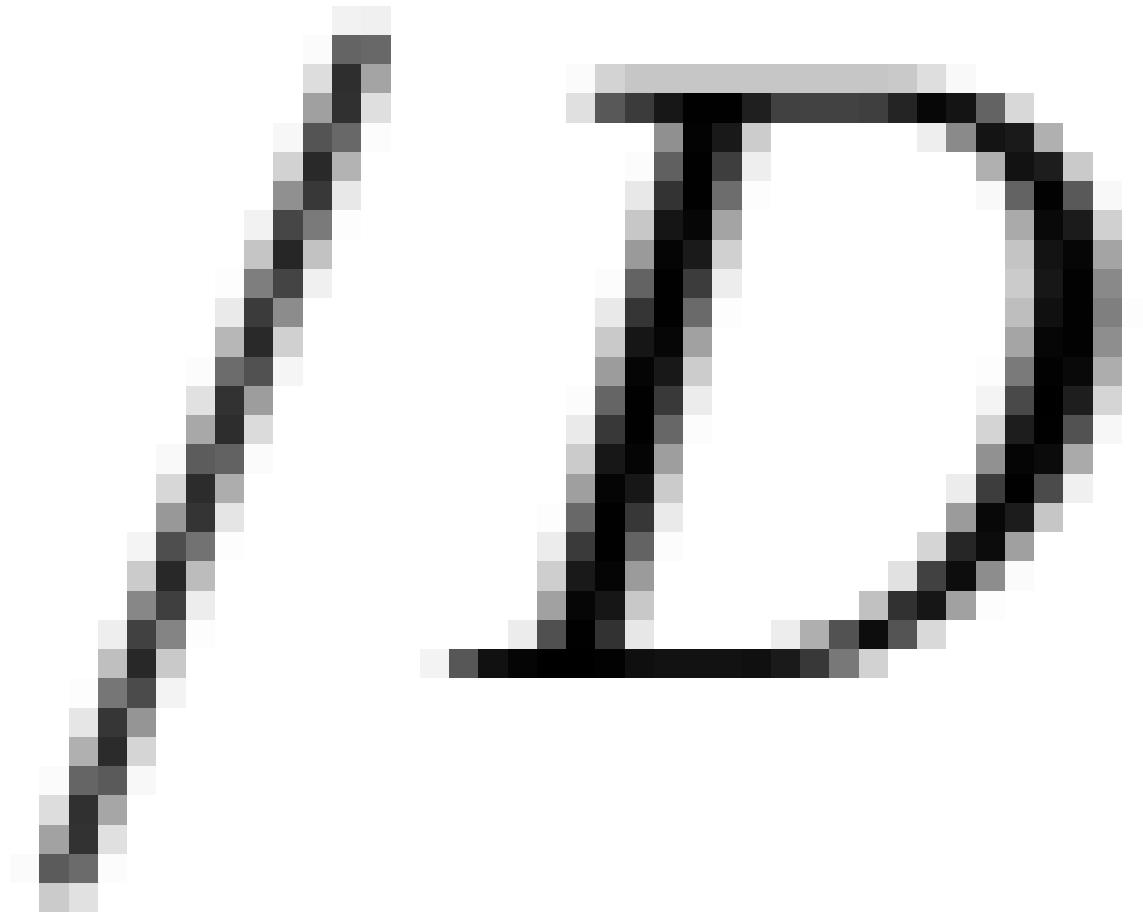
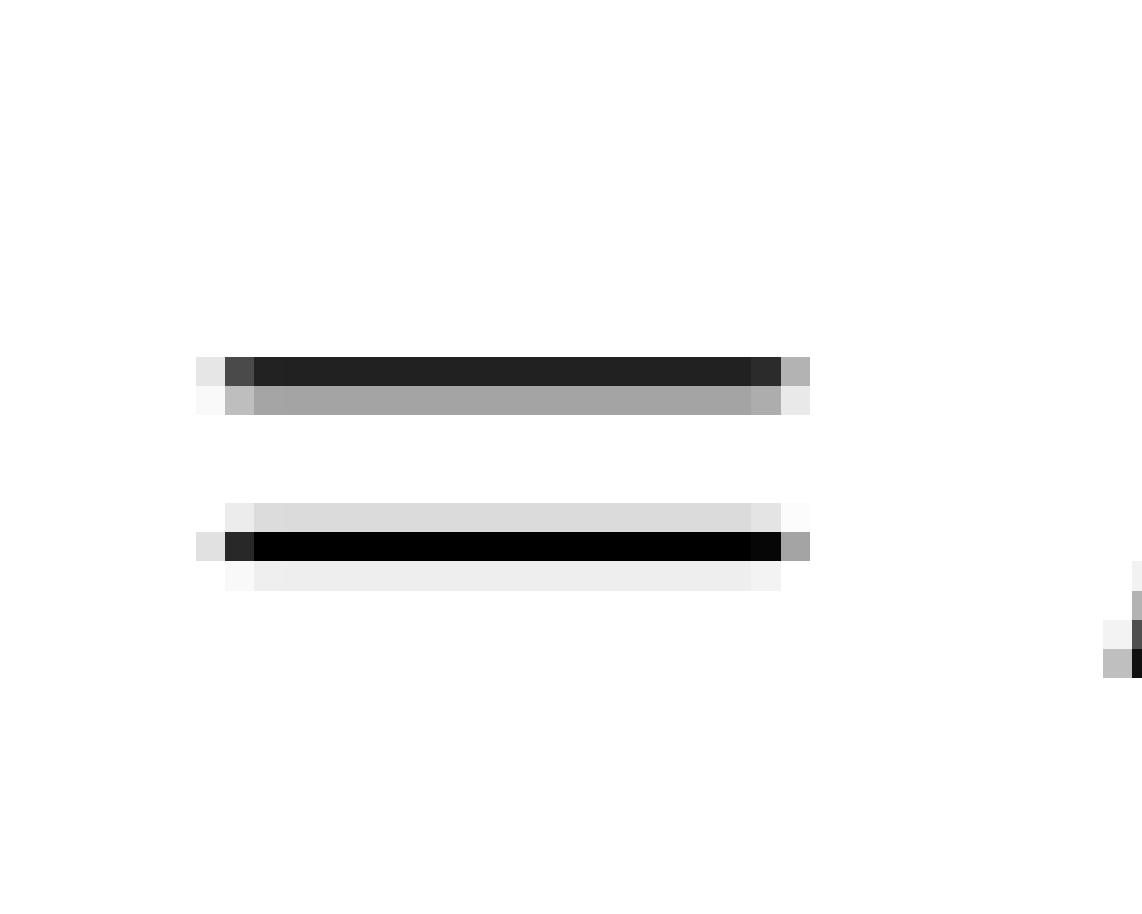
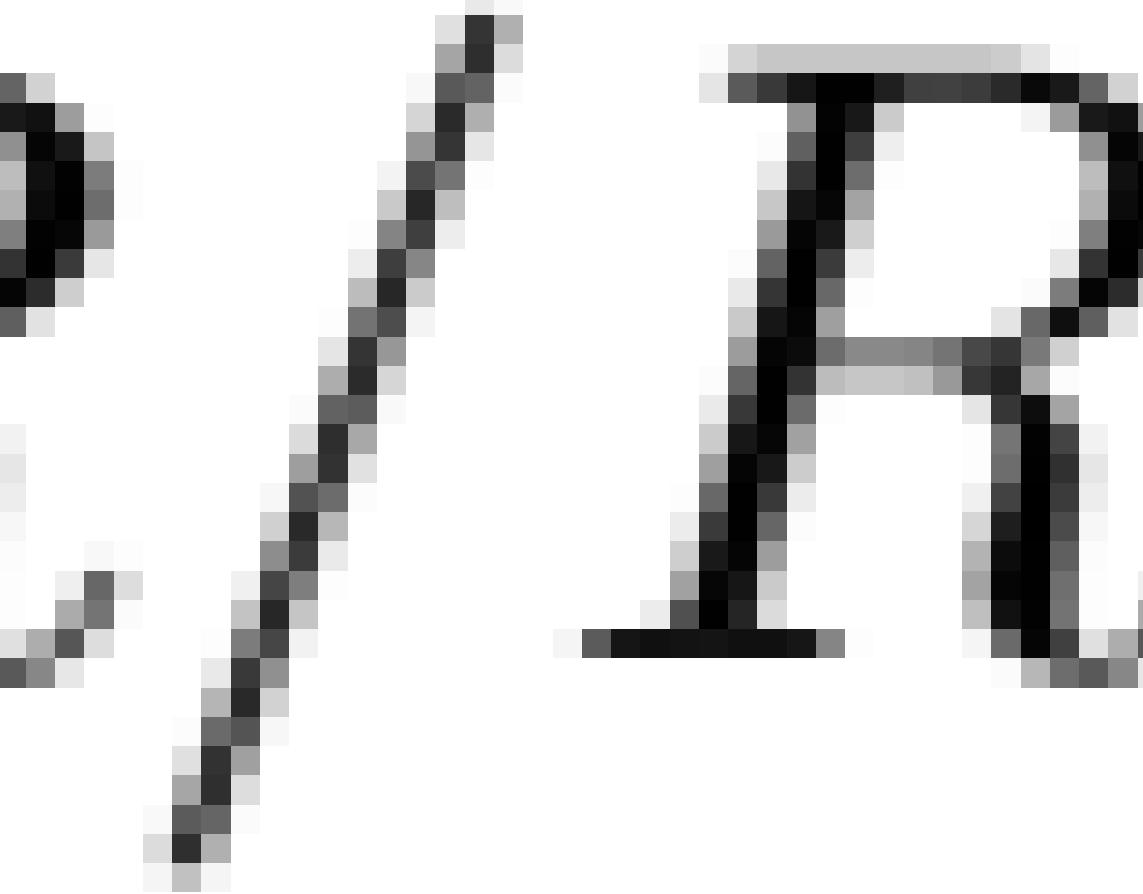
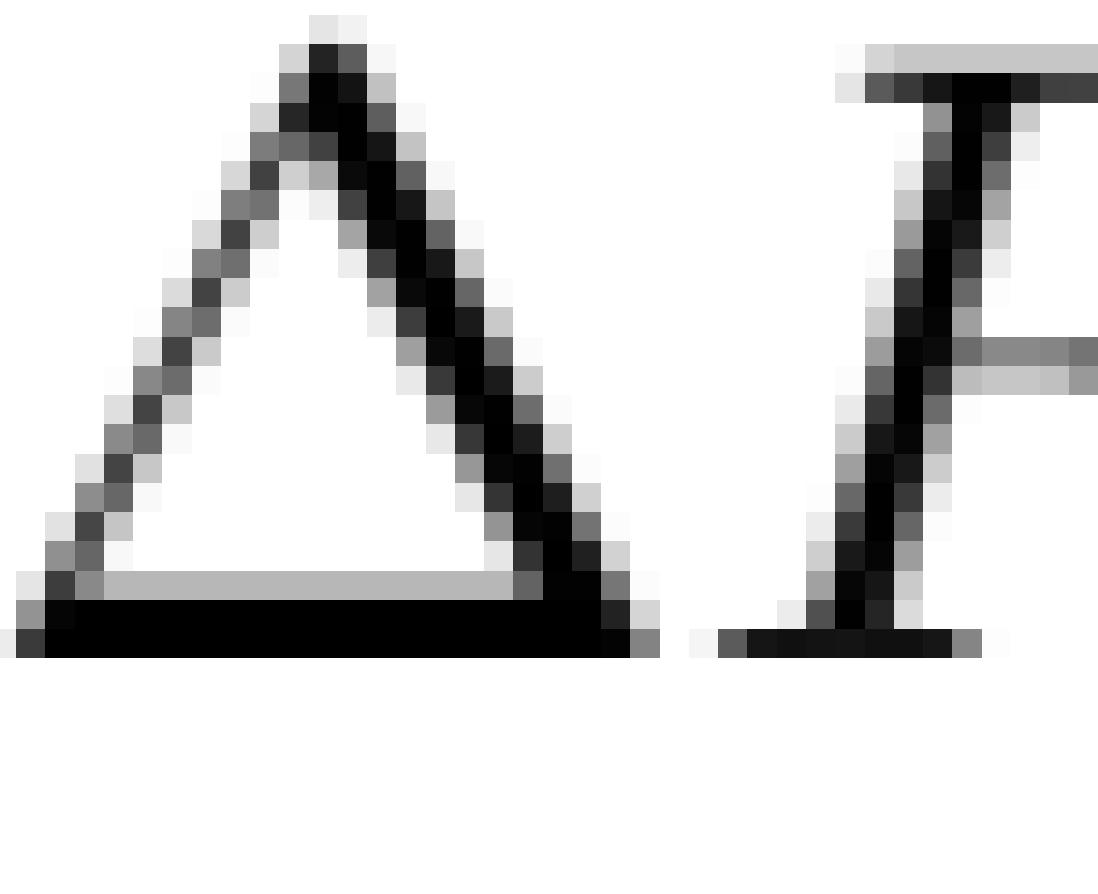


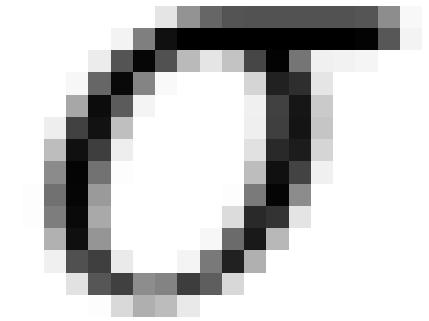
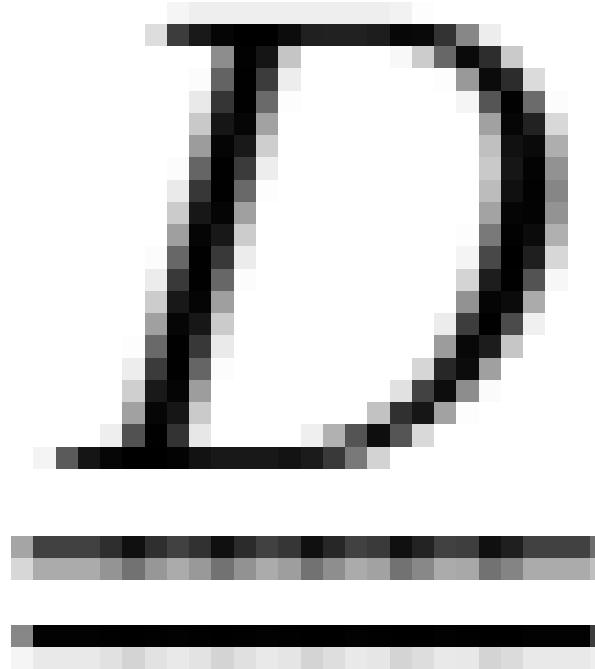
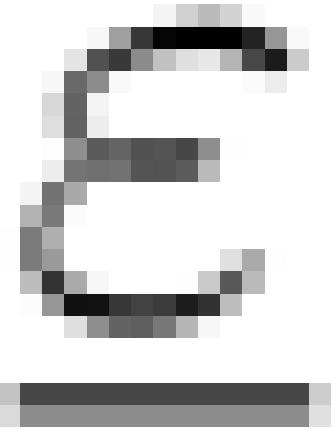


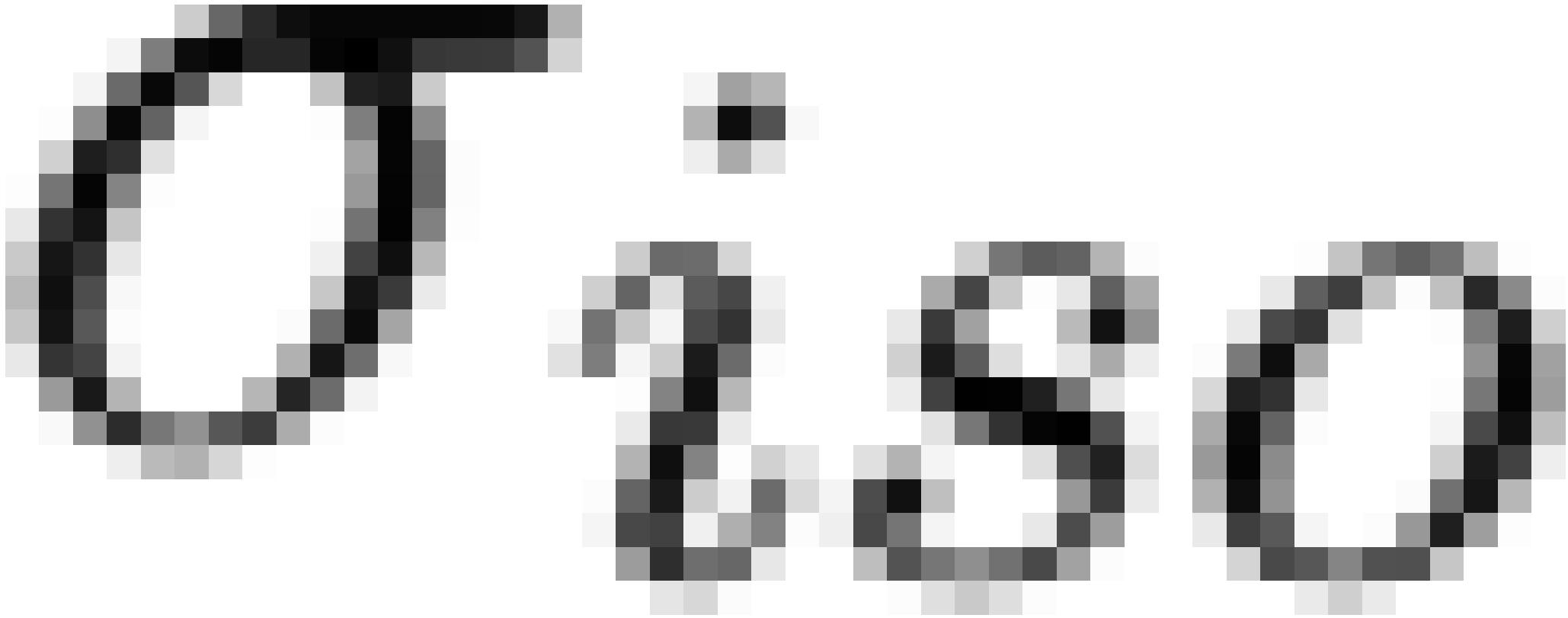












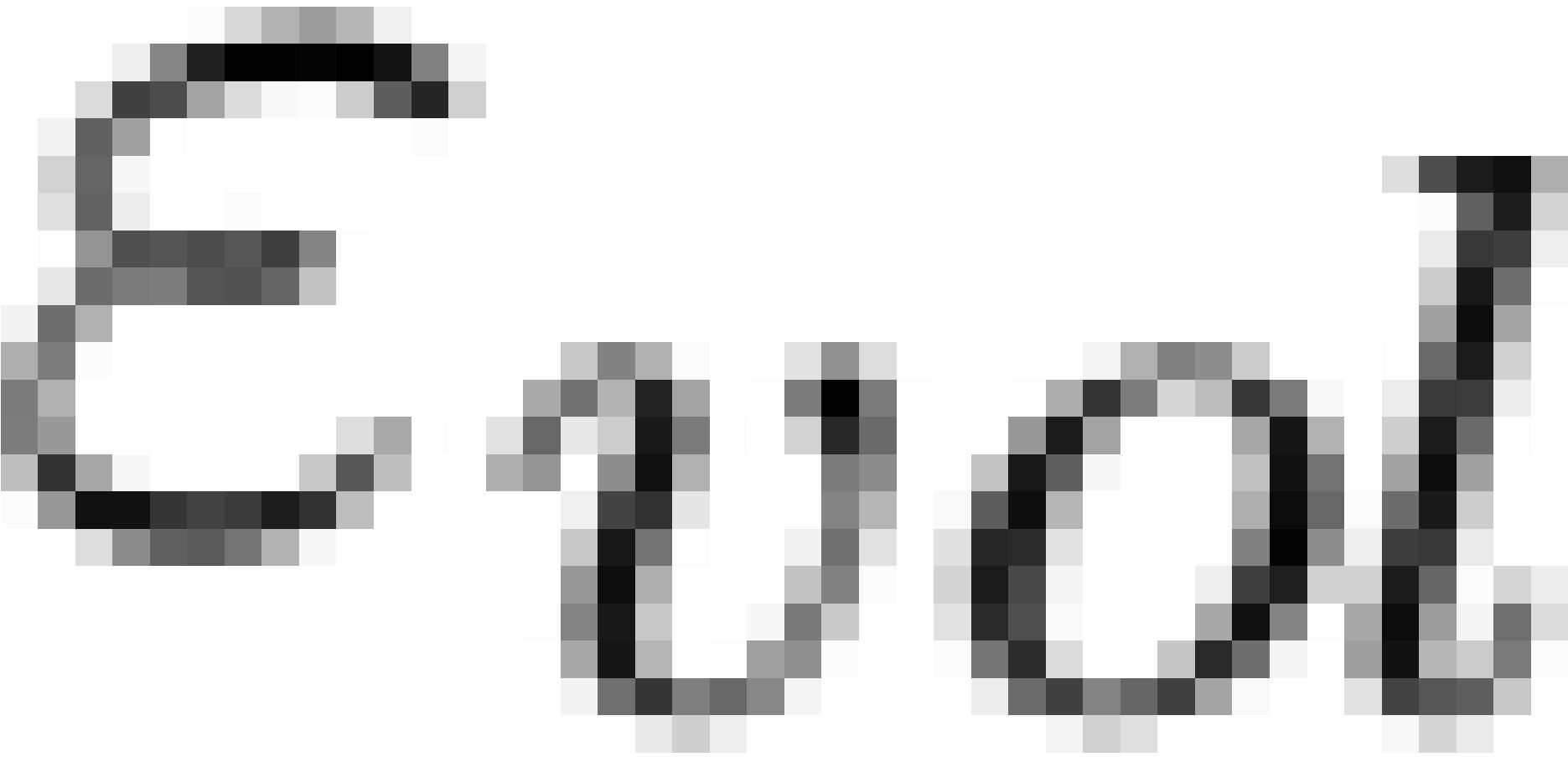
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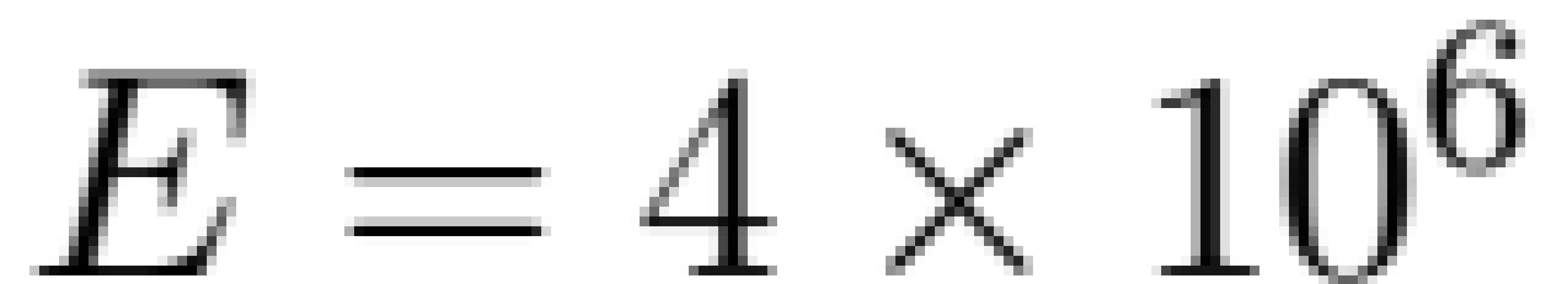
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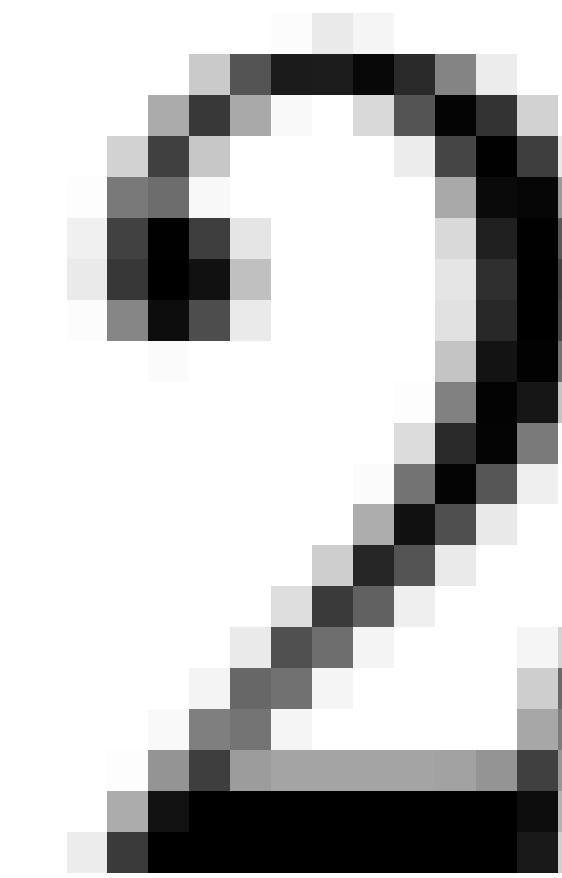
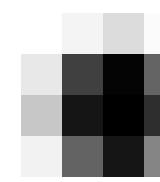
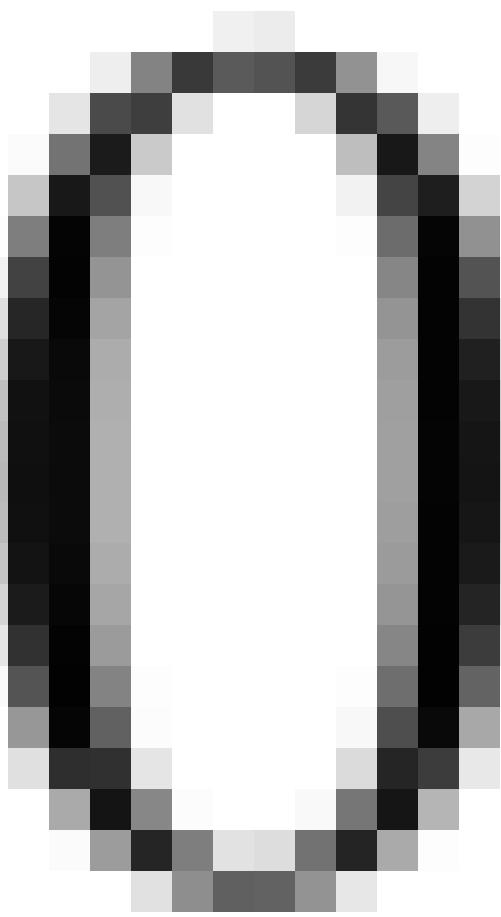
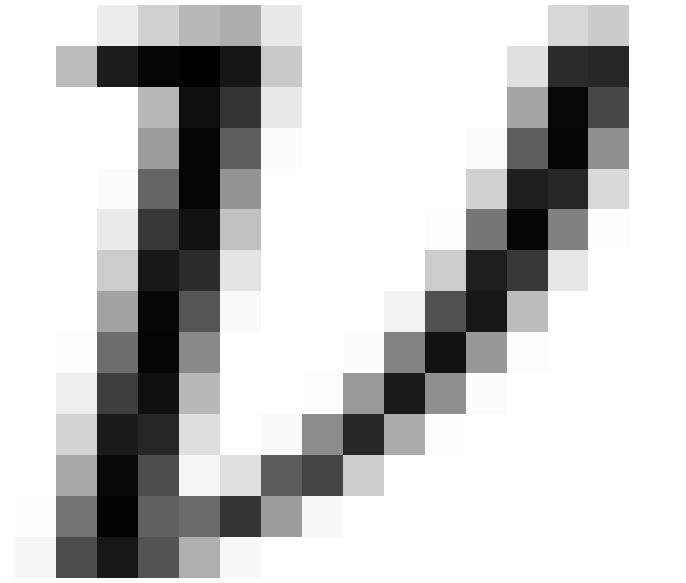
3120

10

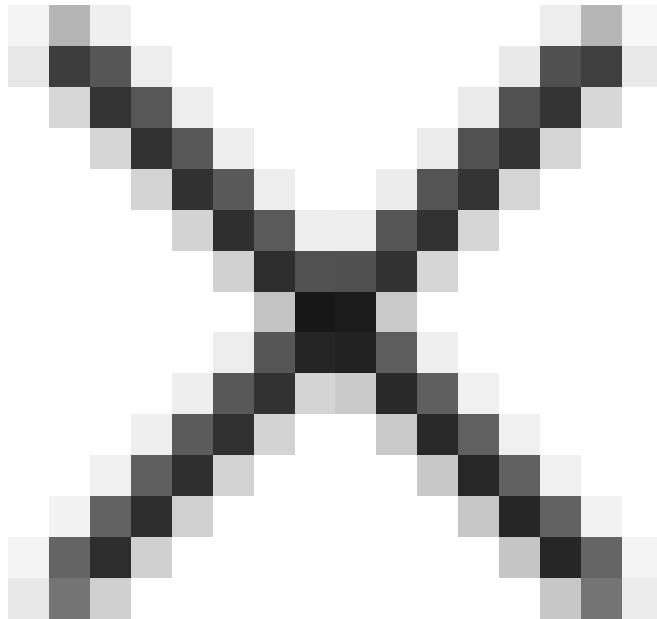
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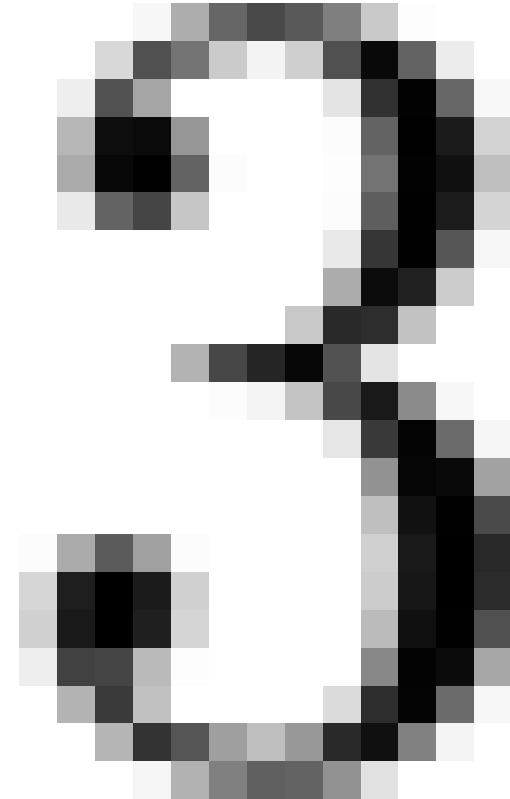
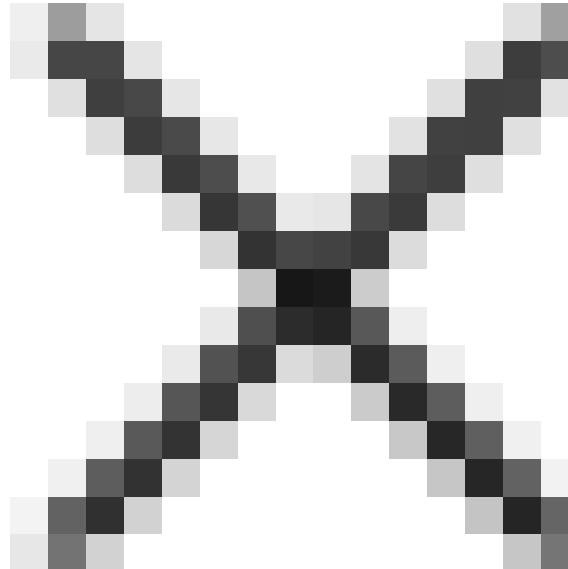
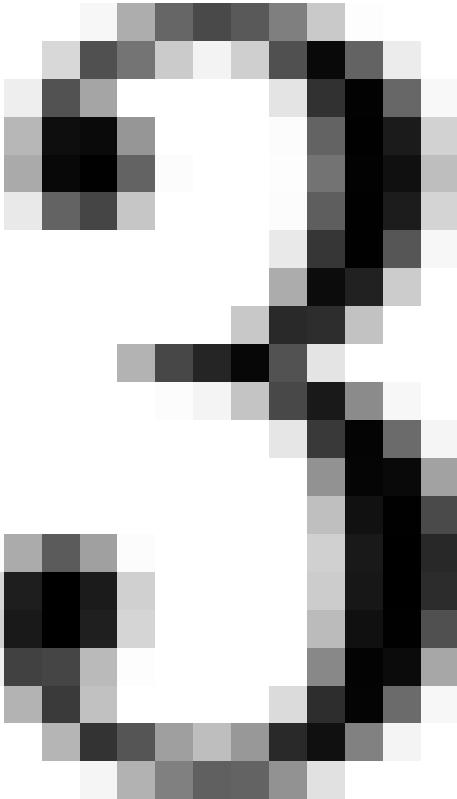
π

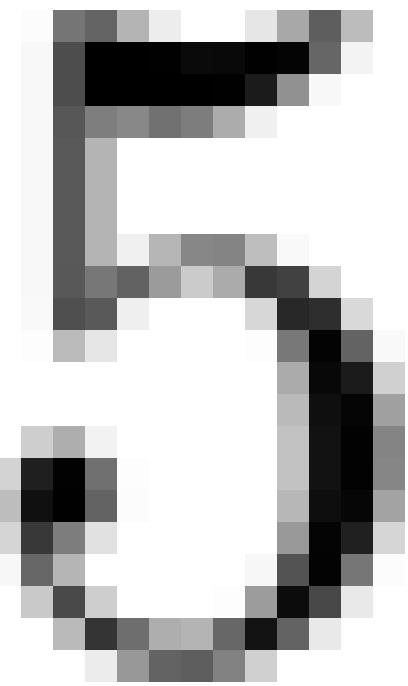
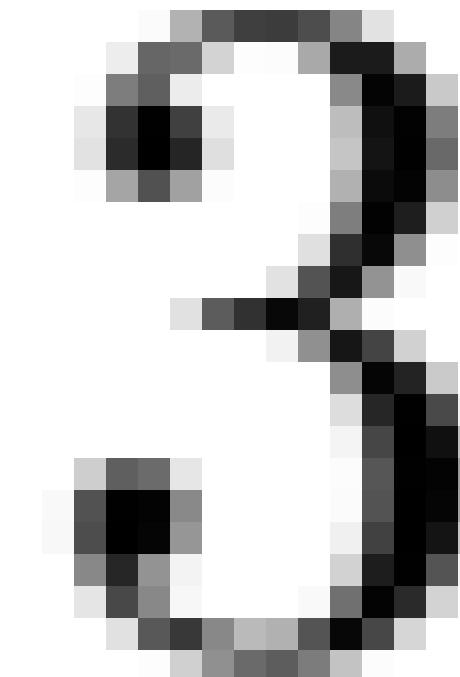
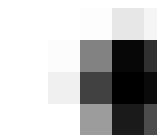
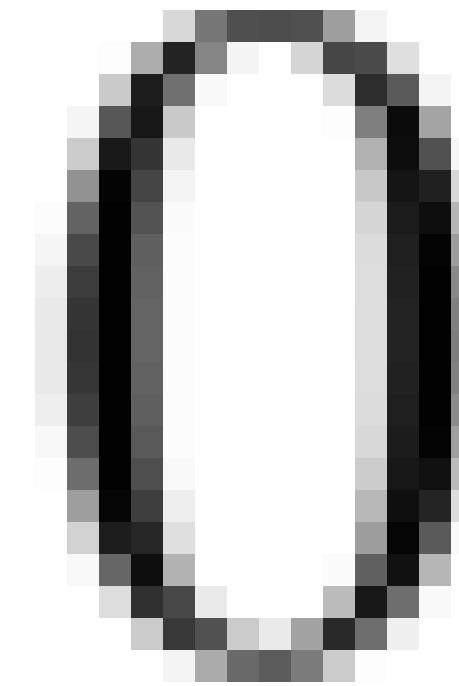
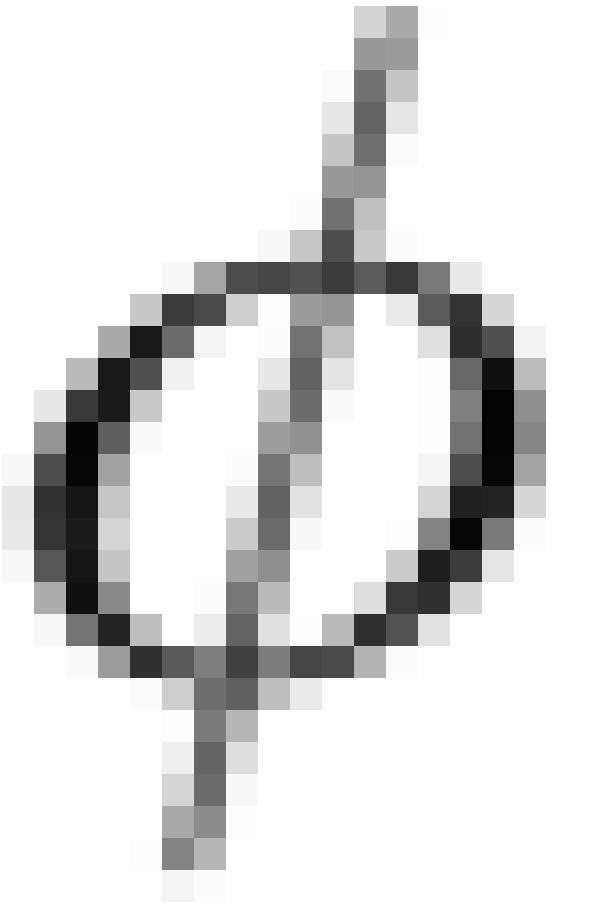
π

$$\sigma_{11}$$



$$\frac{E(1-v)}{(1+v)(1-2v)}\epsilon_{11}$$







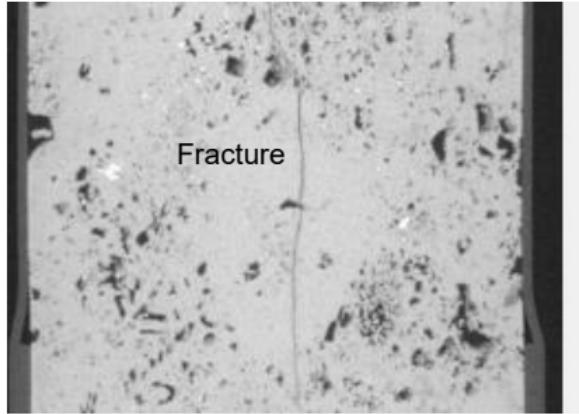
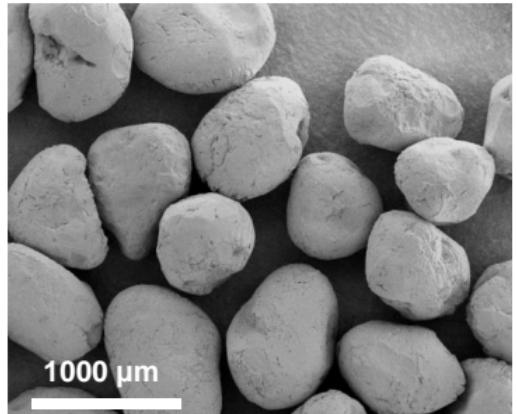
(a) Uncemented sand



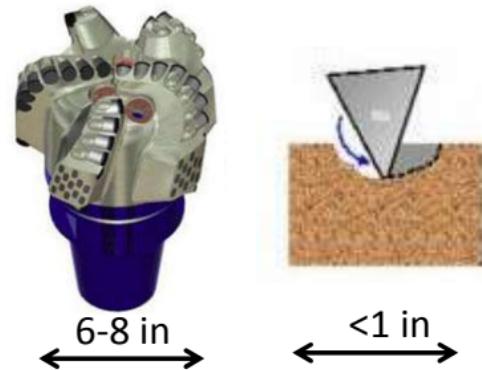
(b) Cemented sandstone



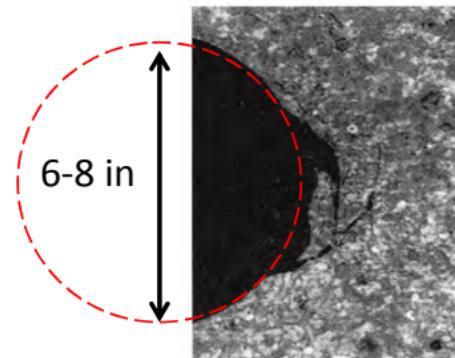
(c) Vuggy carbonate



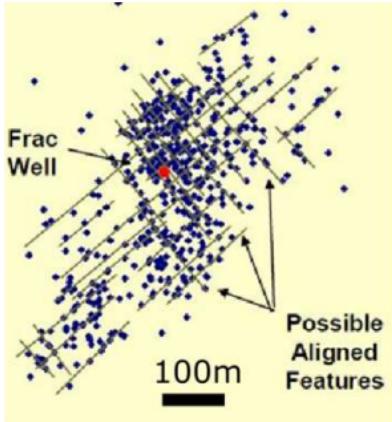
Rock cutting at the drill bit



Wellbore breakout



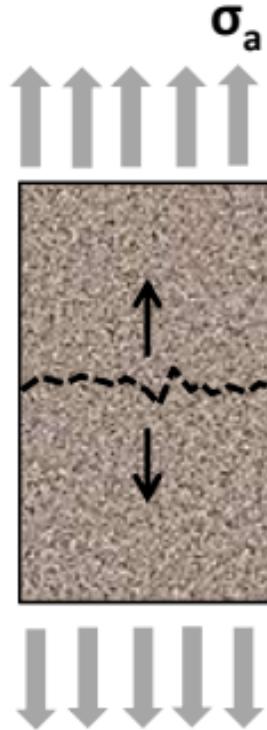
Shale hydraulic fracture



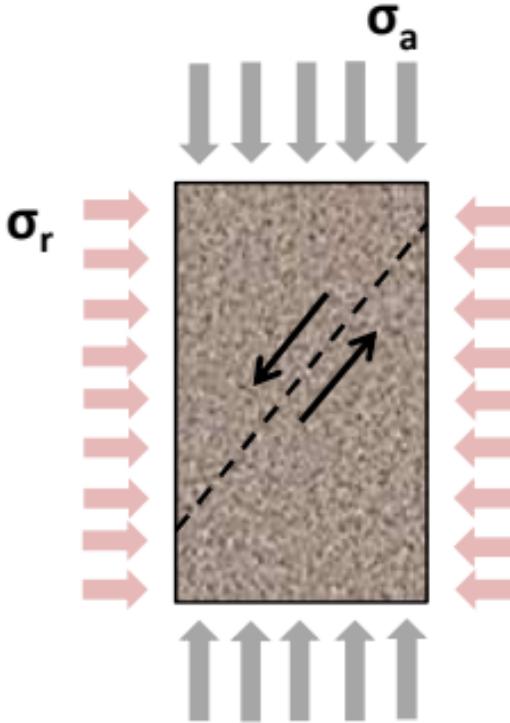
Reservoir depletion



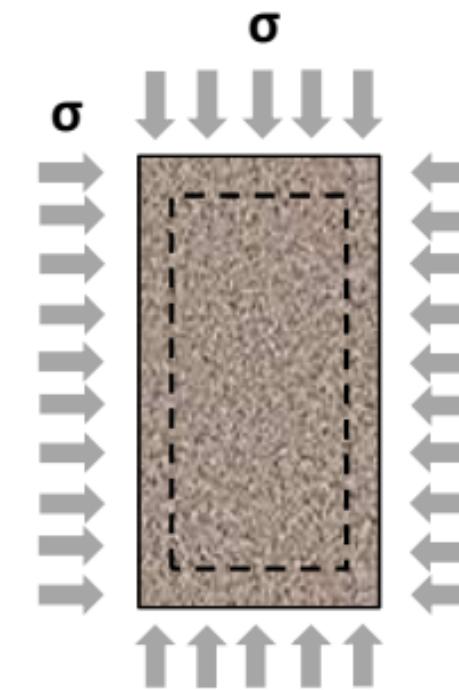
Images: Schlumberger/Terratek, Zoback 2013, Warpinski 2008, doe.gov



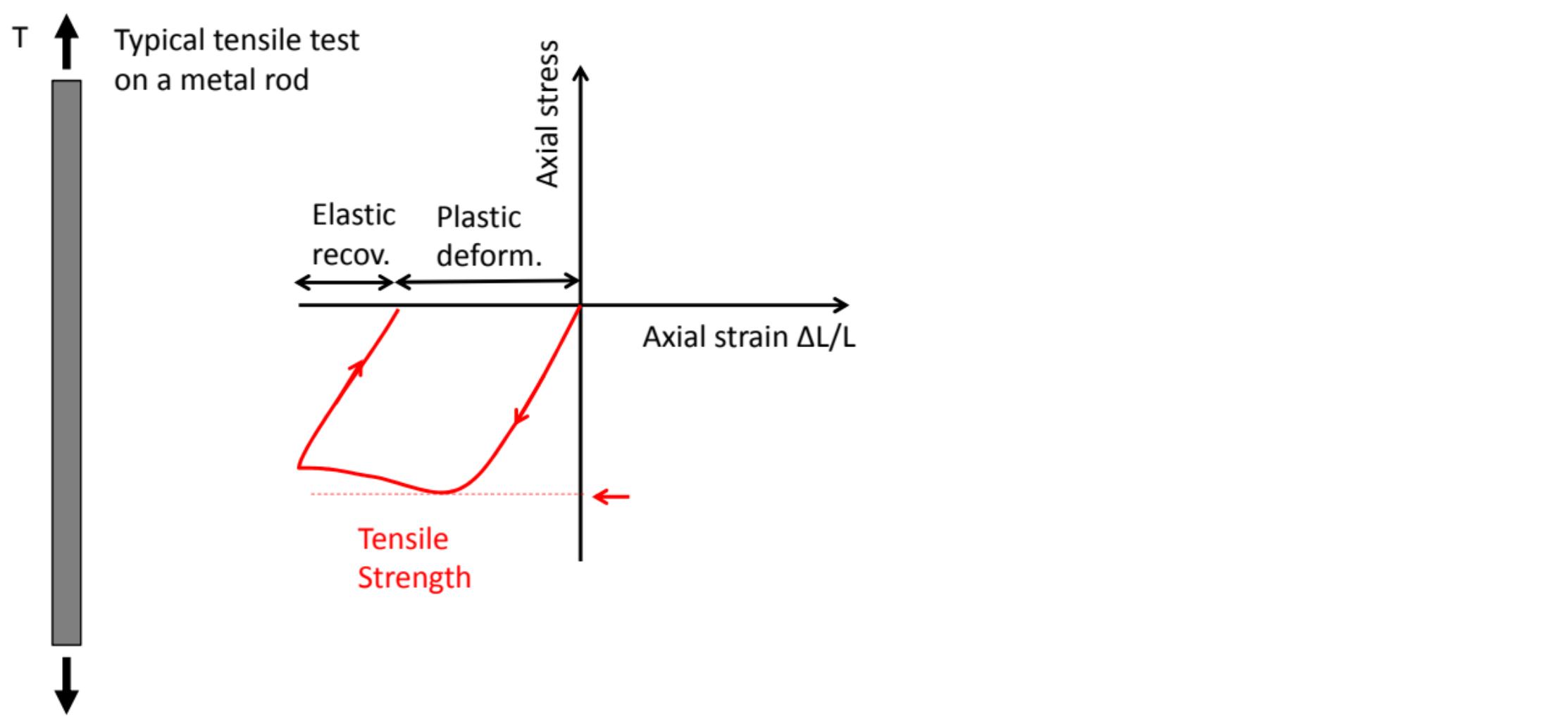
Tension
(bond breakage)
Ex: drilling-induced tens. fracs



Shear
(friction failure)
Ex: fault, breakout



Compression
(pore collapse)
Ex: reservoir compaction



Tensile test on a rock rod

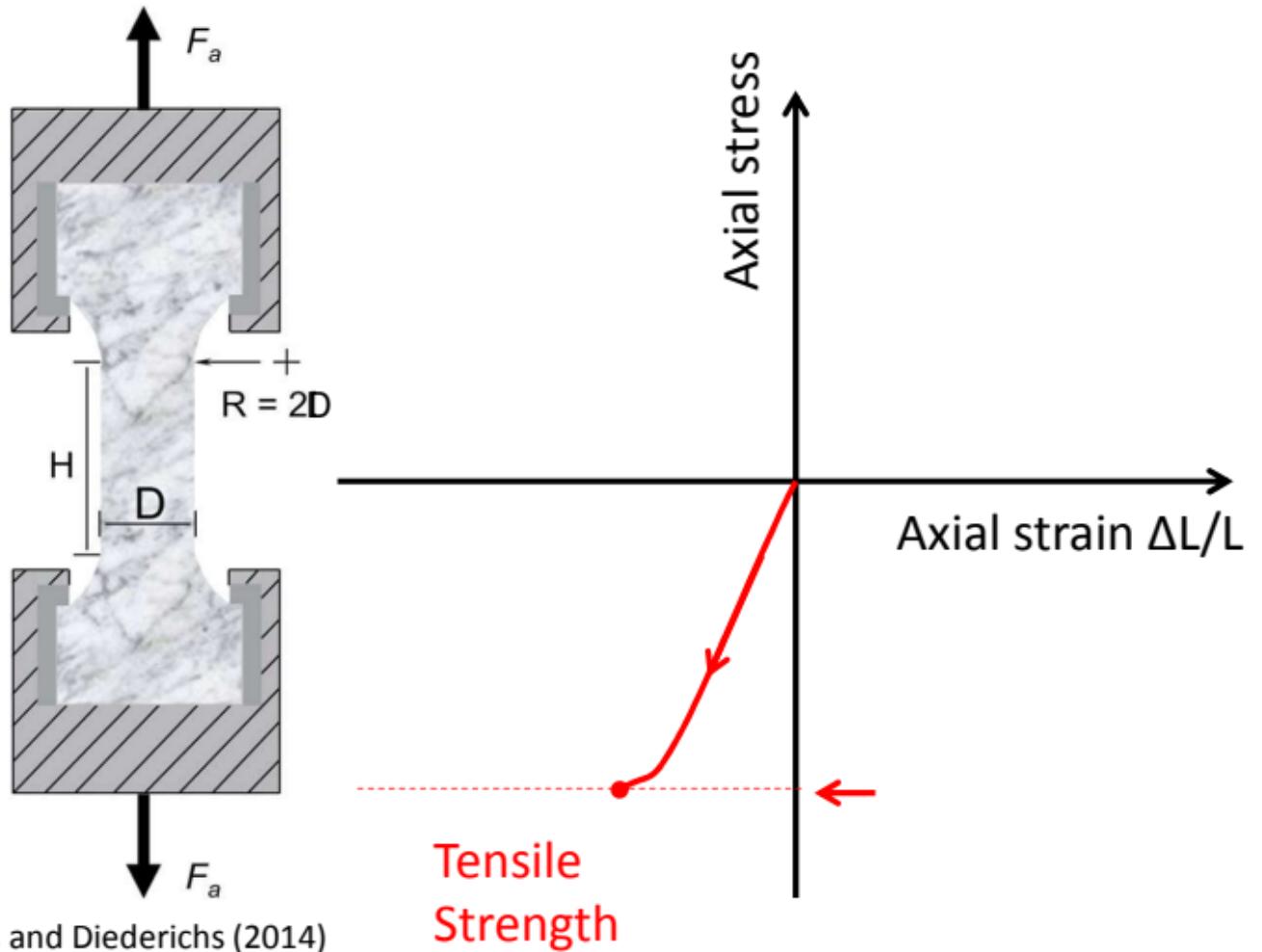


Figure direct tension: Perras and Diederichs (2014)

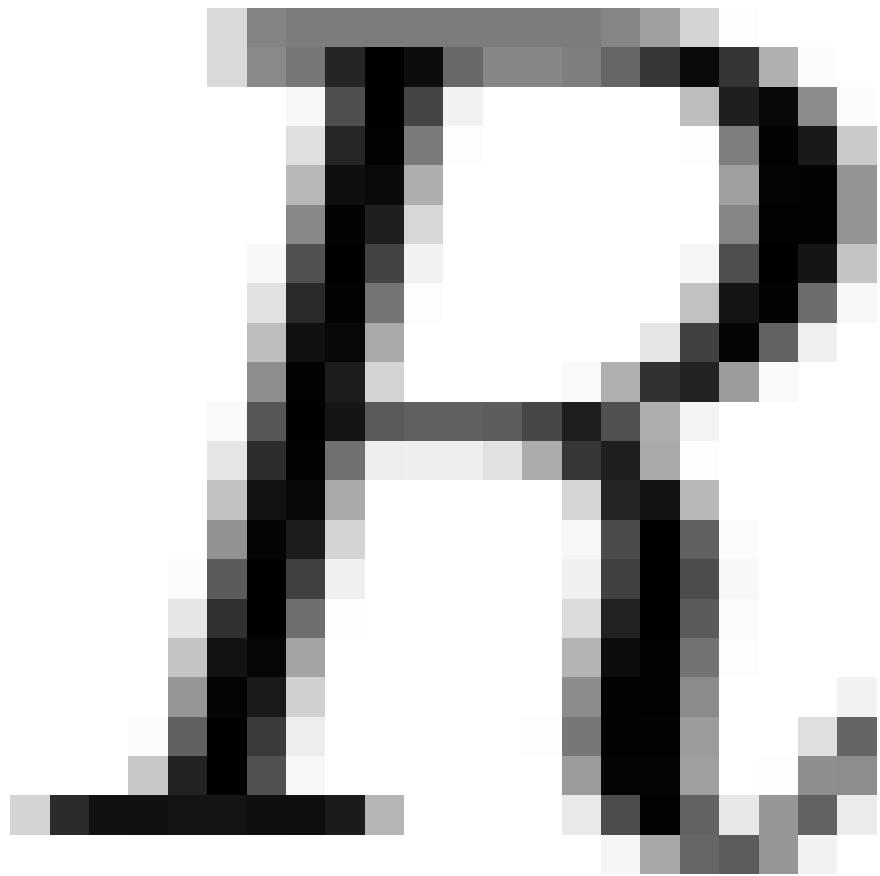
π_S

$\pi_{\bar{S}}$

π_{LR}

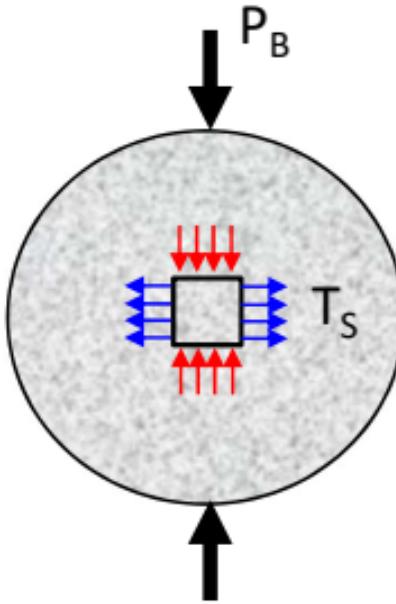
P_B





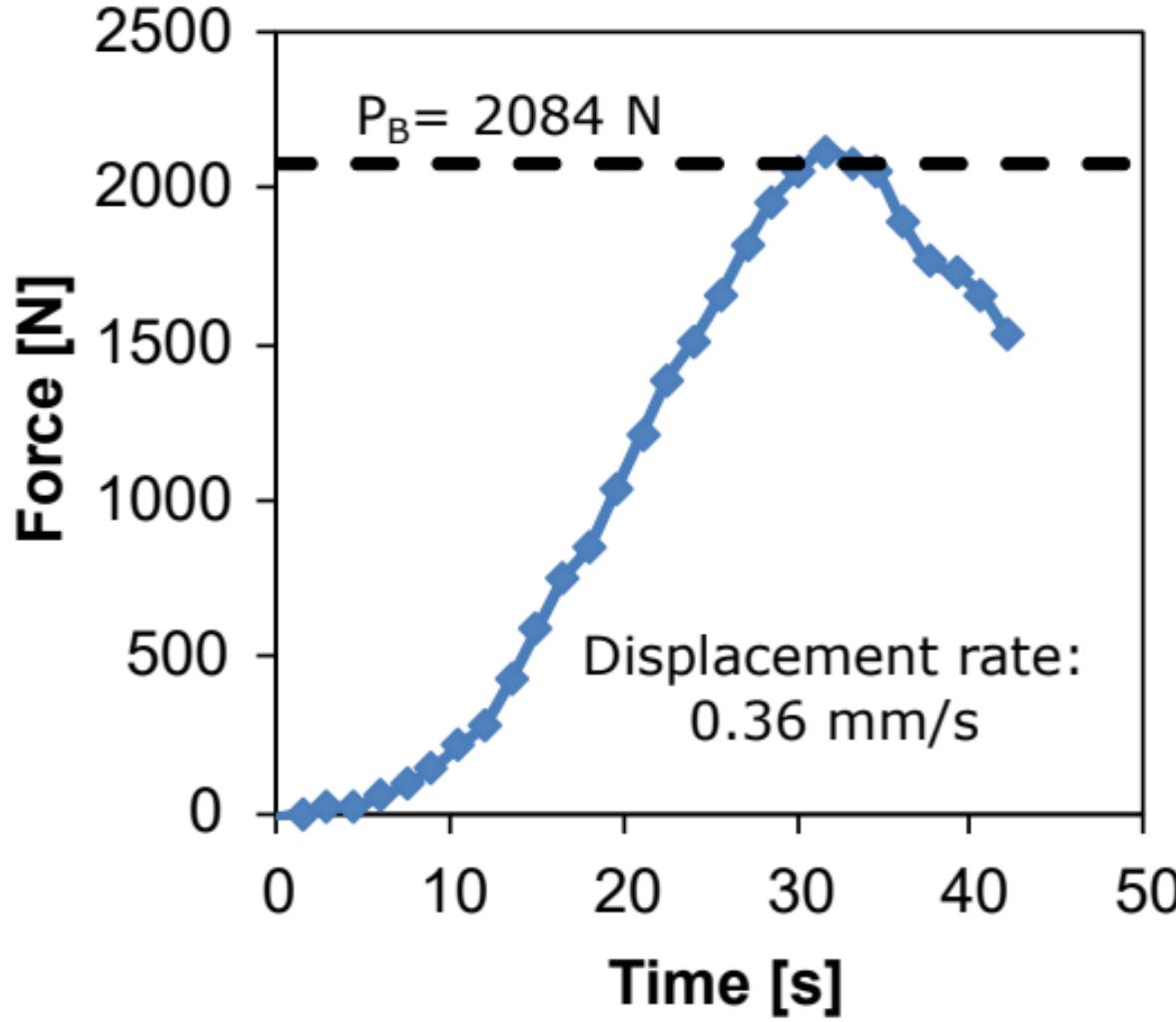
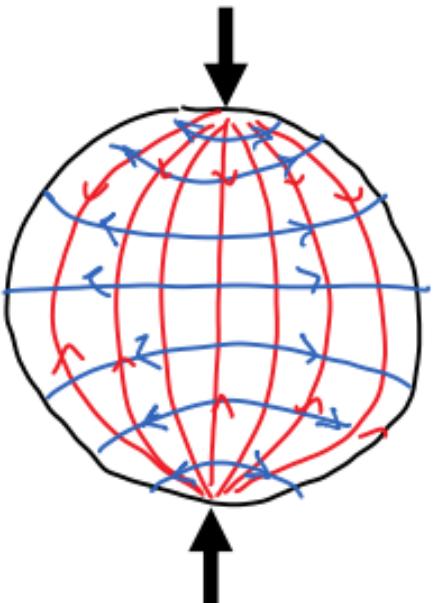
Cylindrical sample:

- radius R
- length L



Streamlines of principal stresses

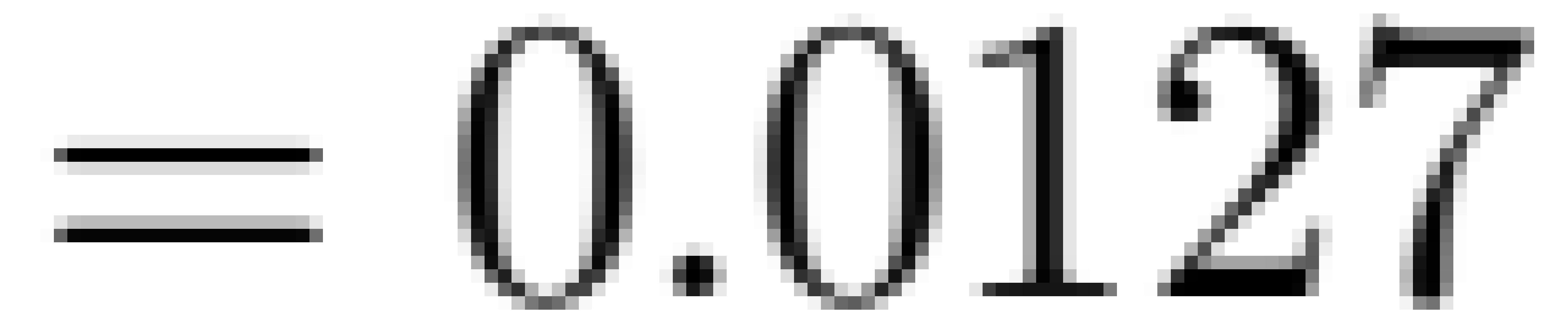
- compression
- tension

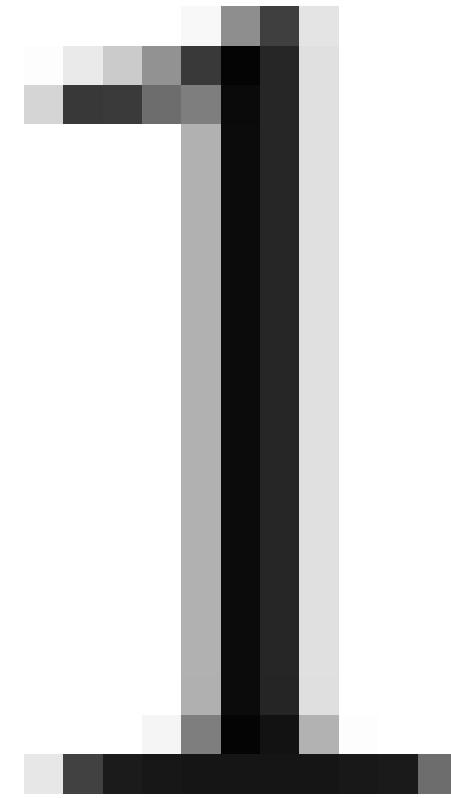
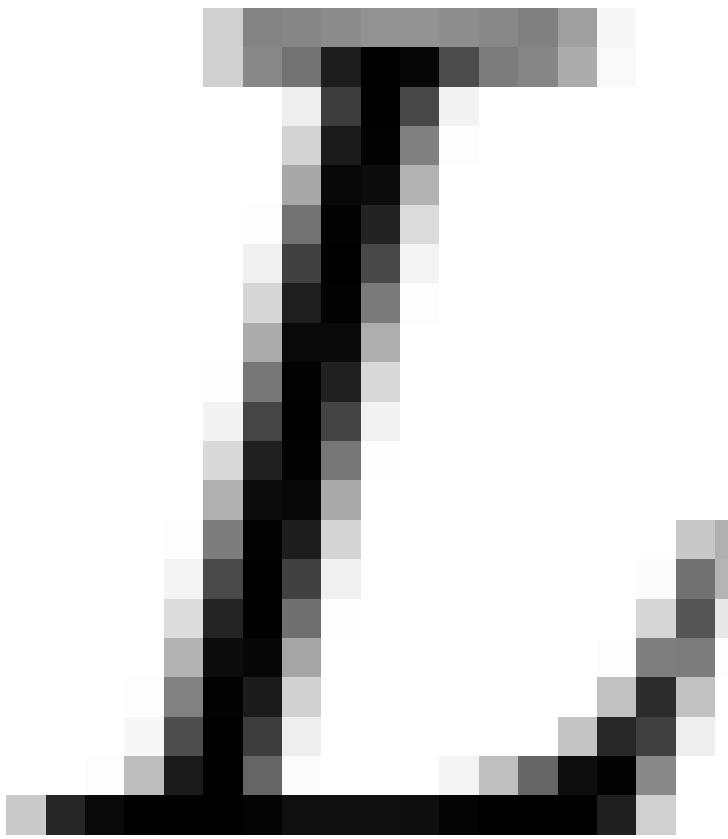


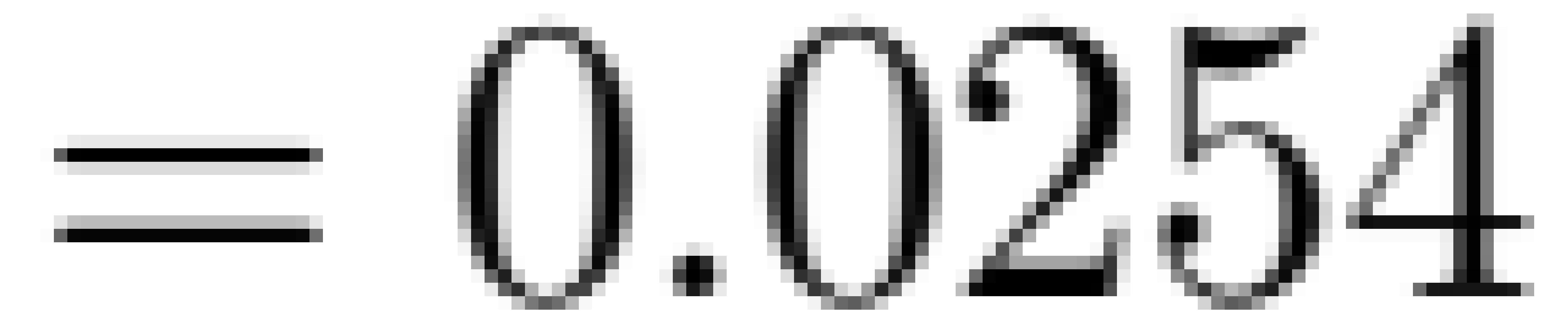
R

1
2

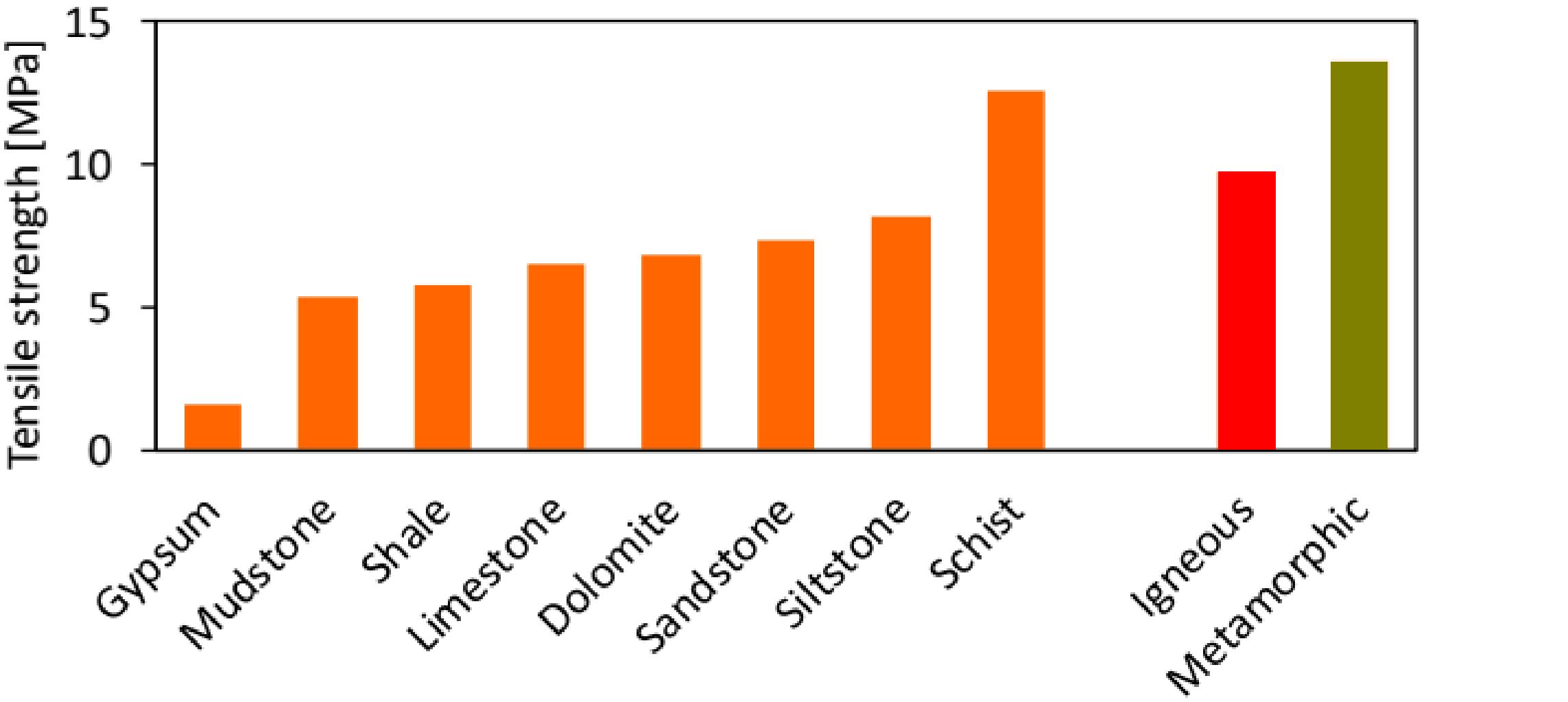
1
2



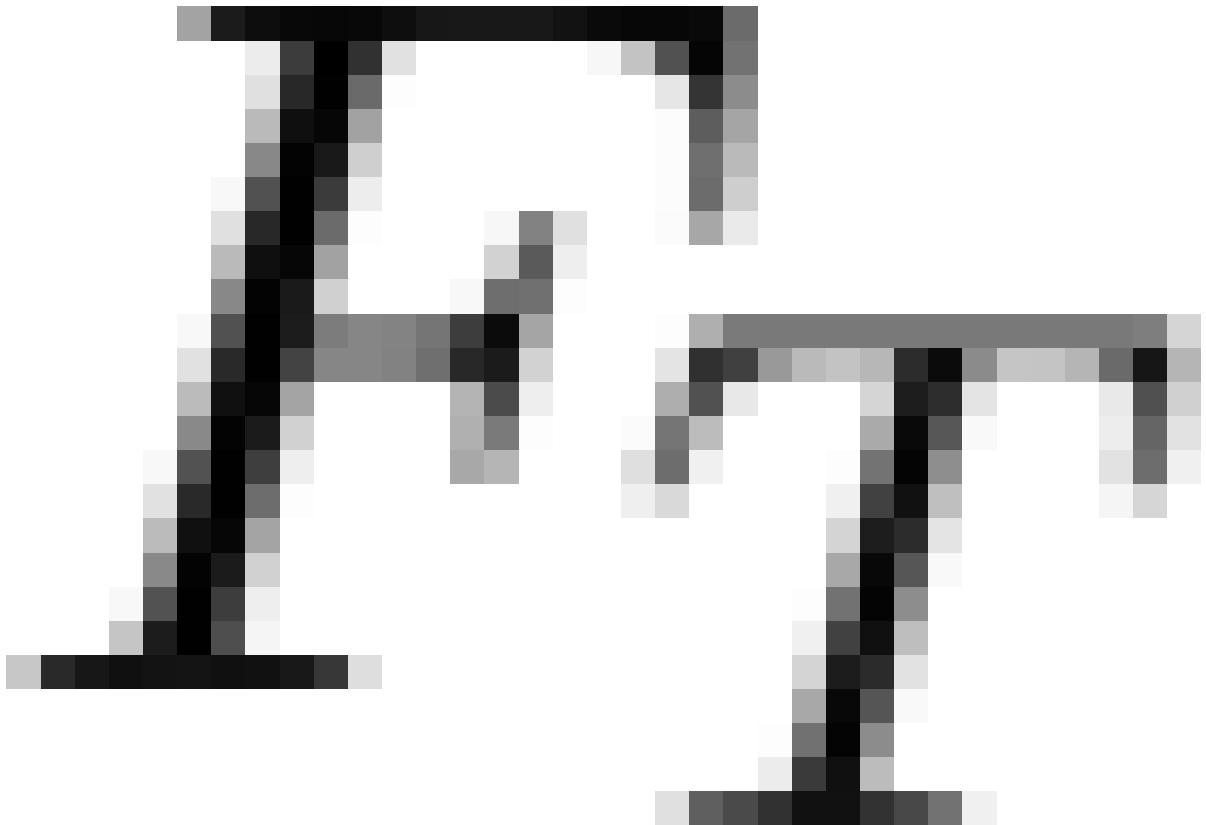




$$T_s = \frac{2084 \text{ N}}{\pi (0.0254 \text{ m})(0.0127 \text{ m})} = 2.06 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa} = 2.06 \text{ MPa}$$

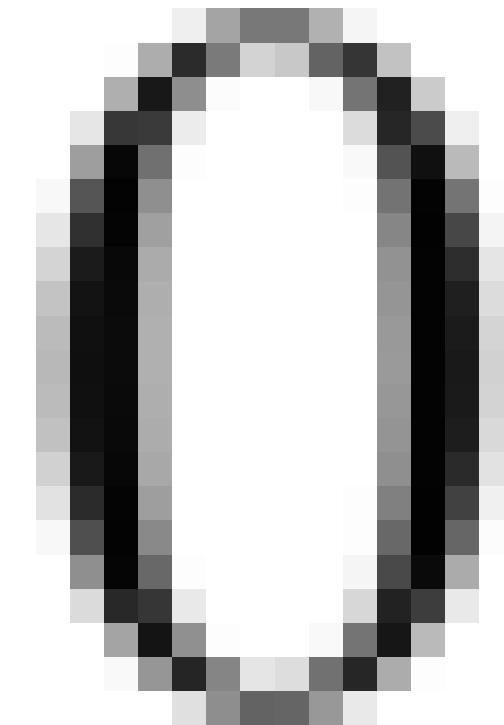
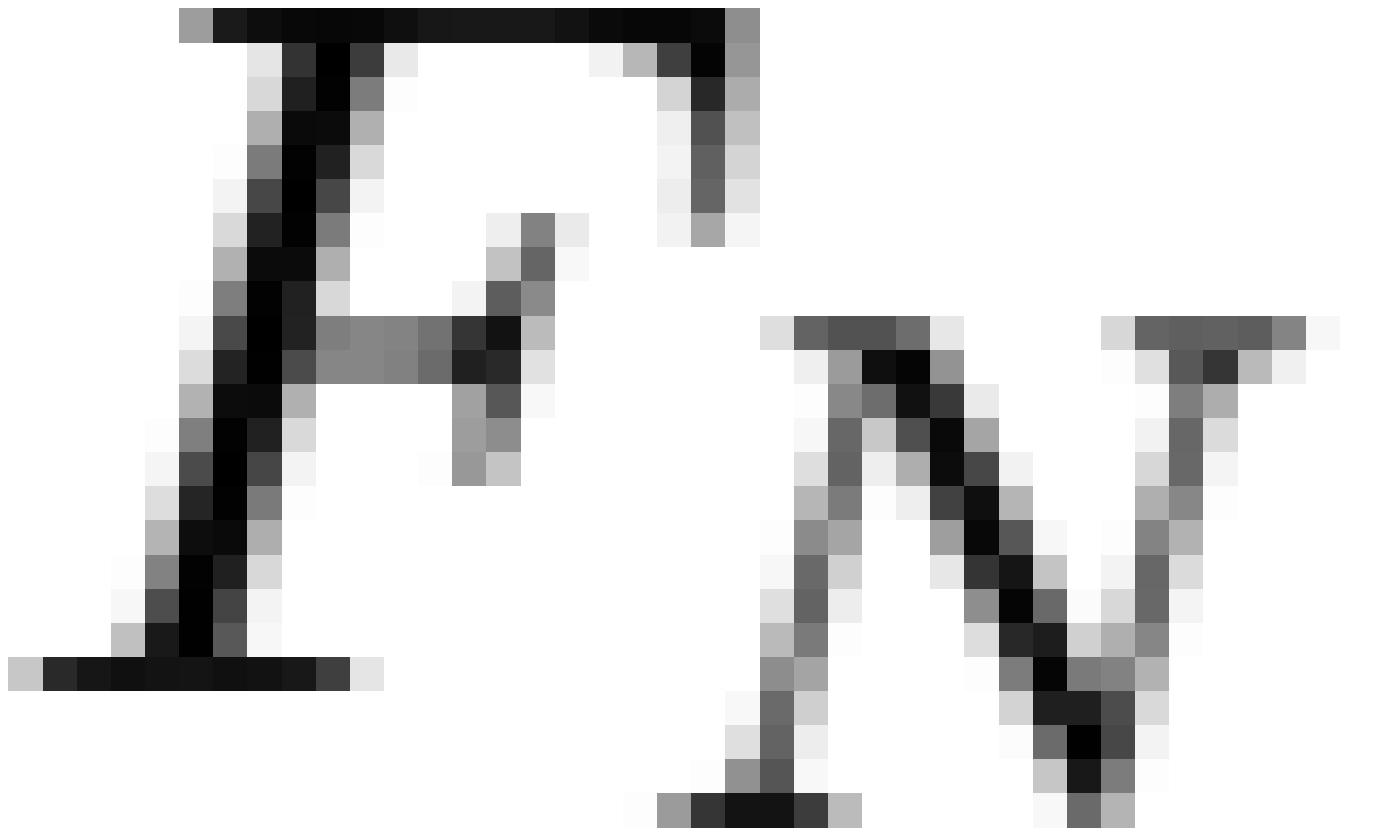


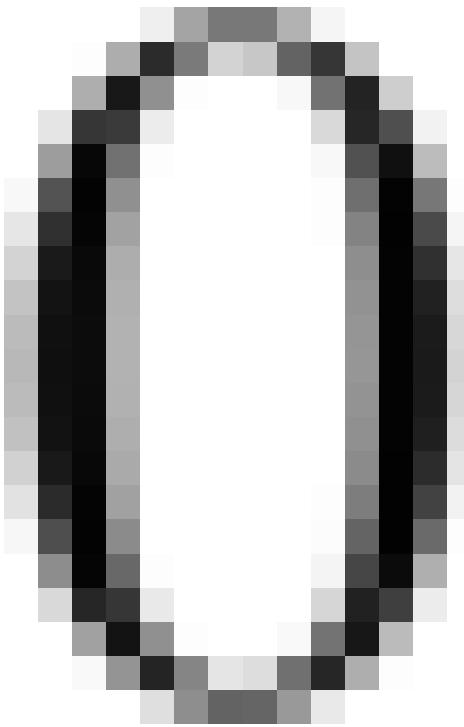
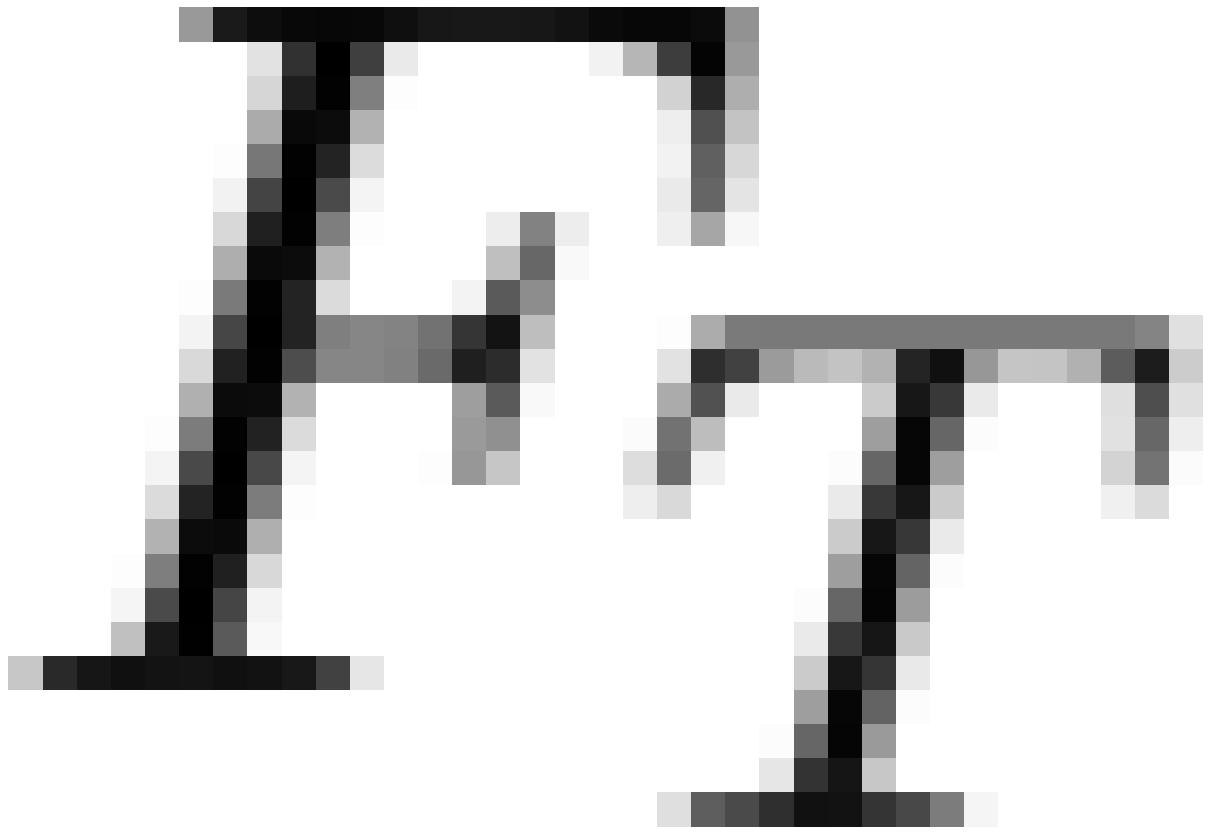


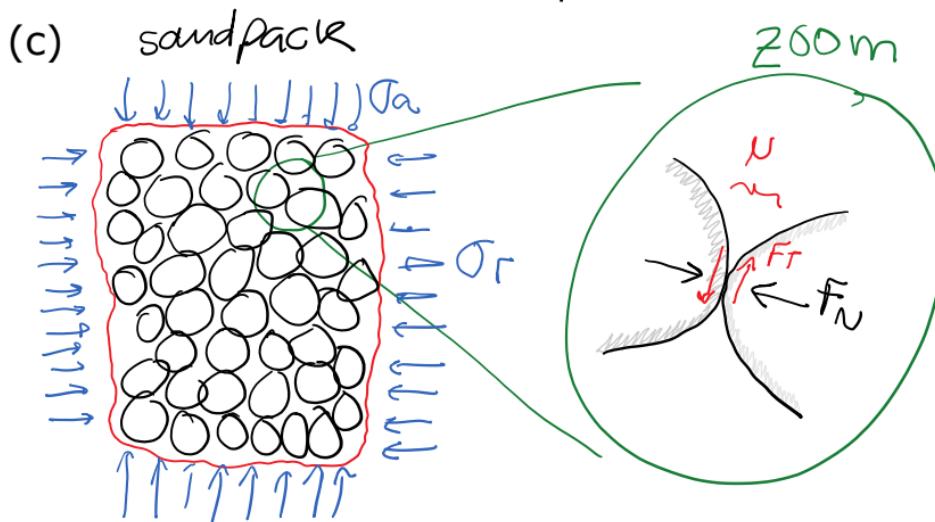
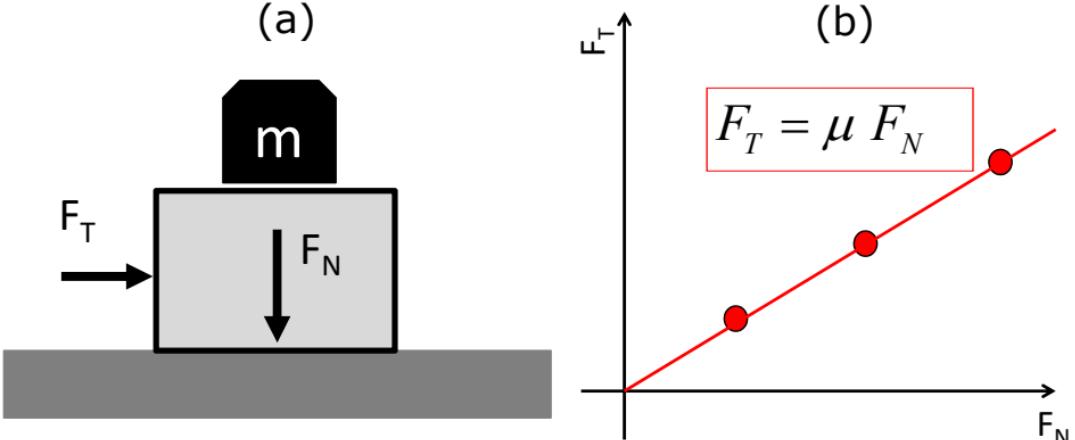


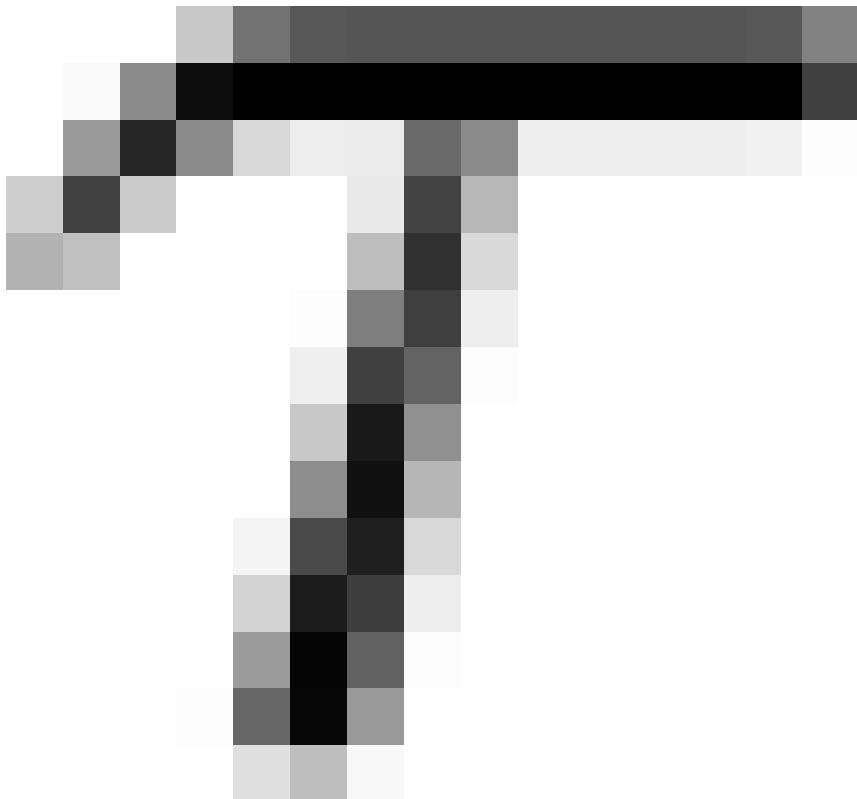


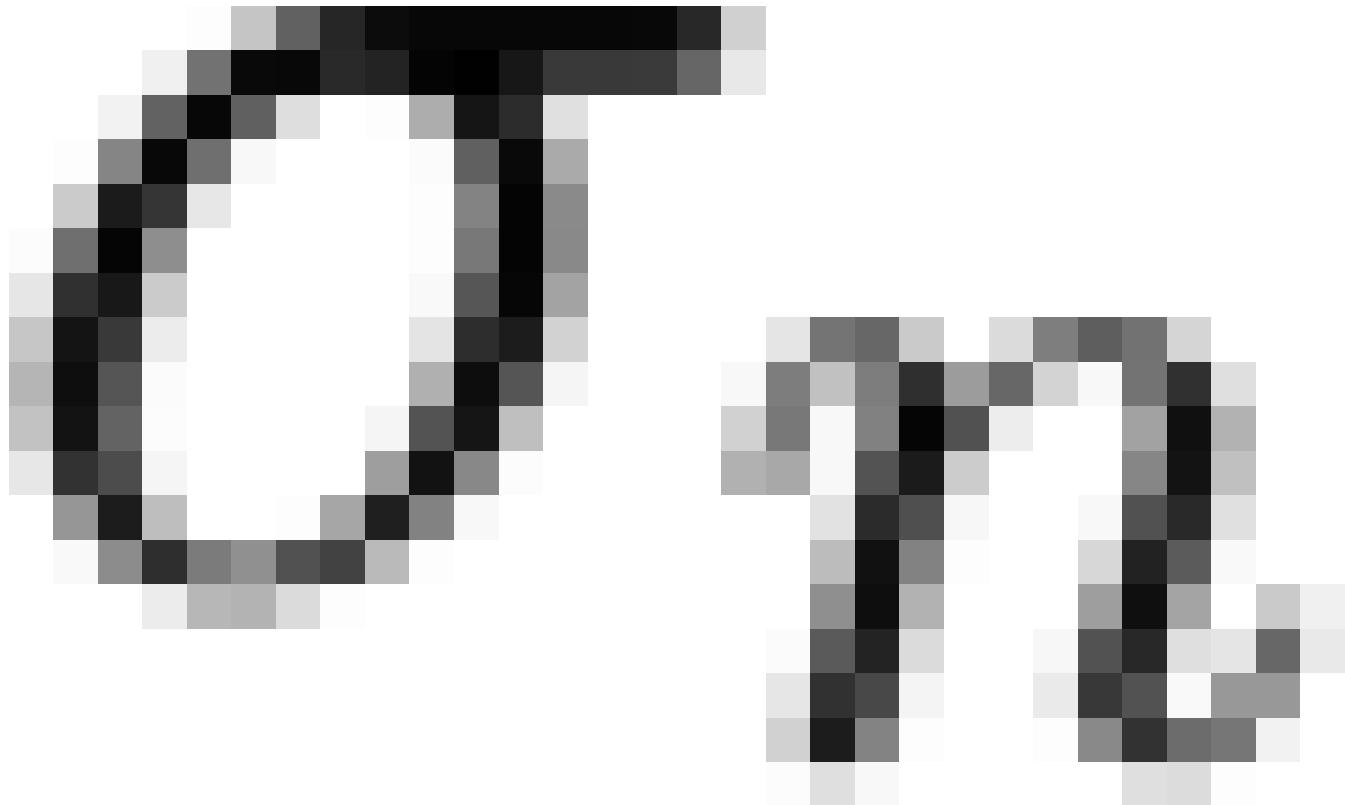




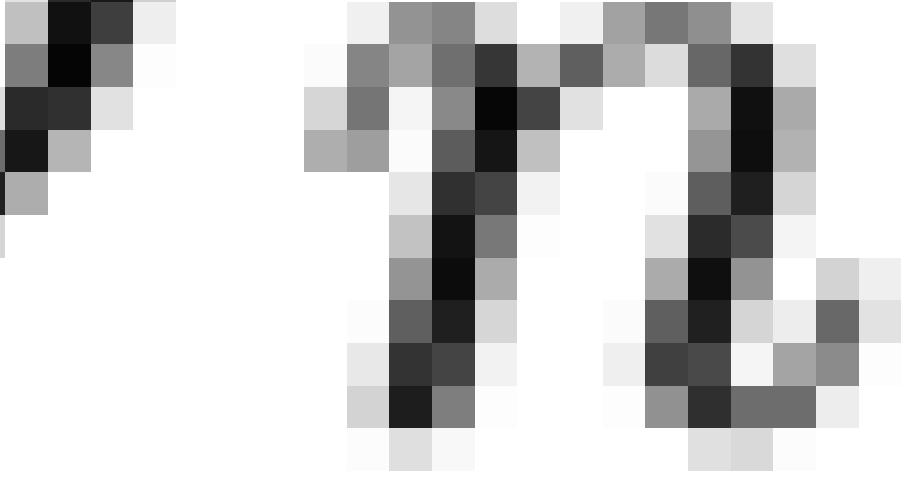
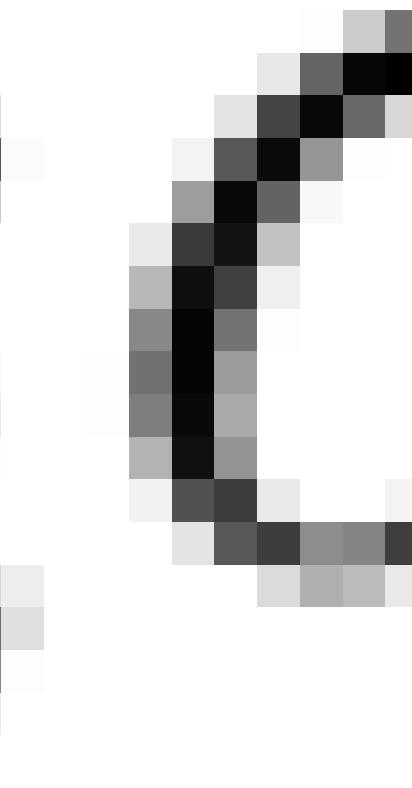
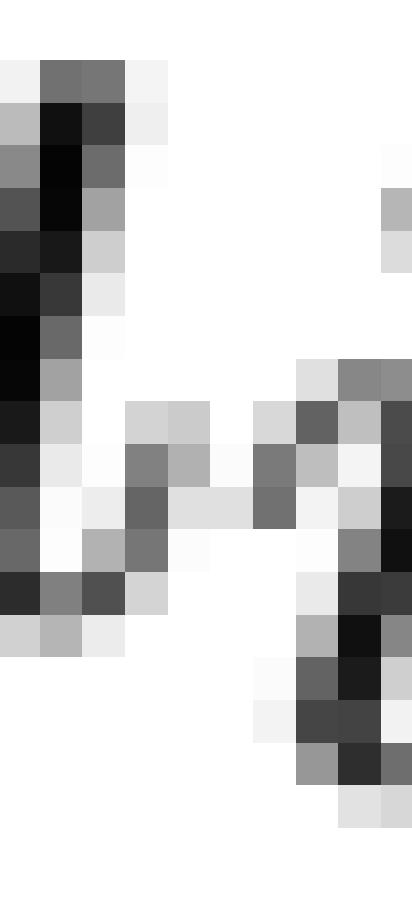
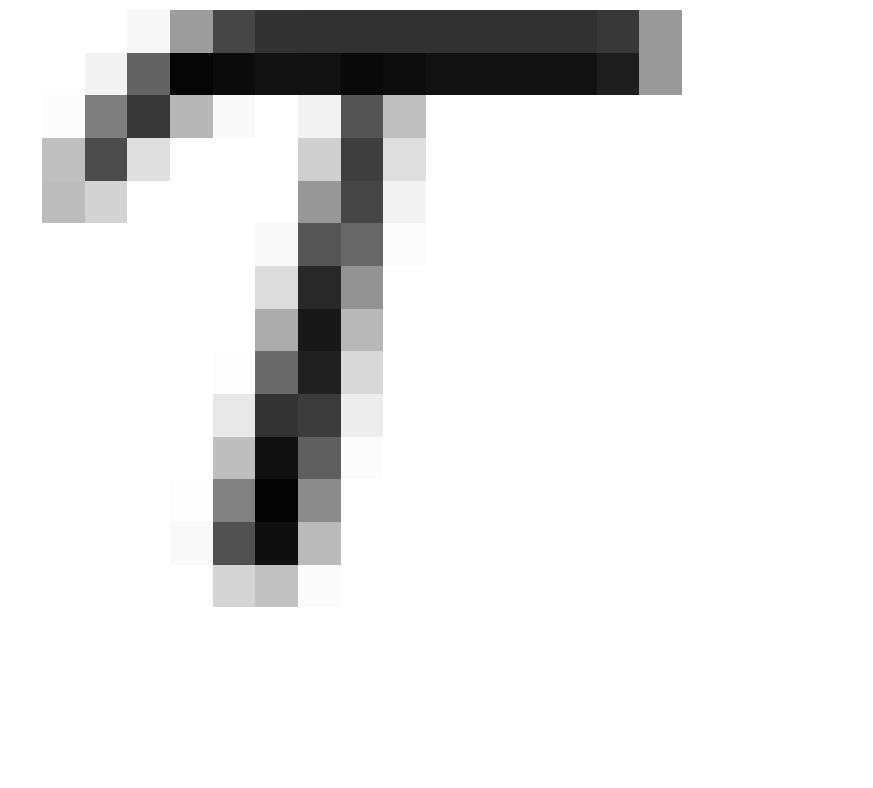


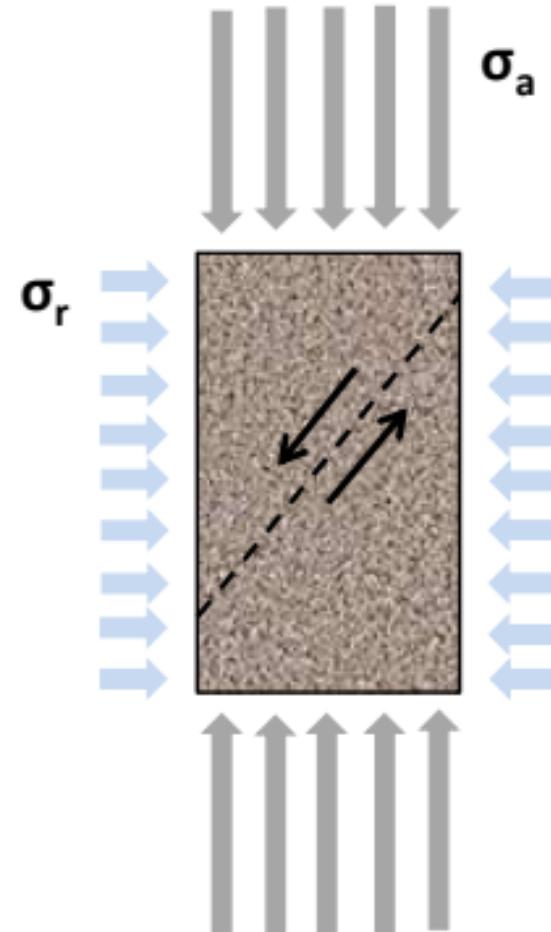




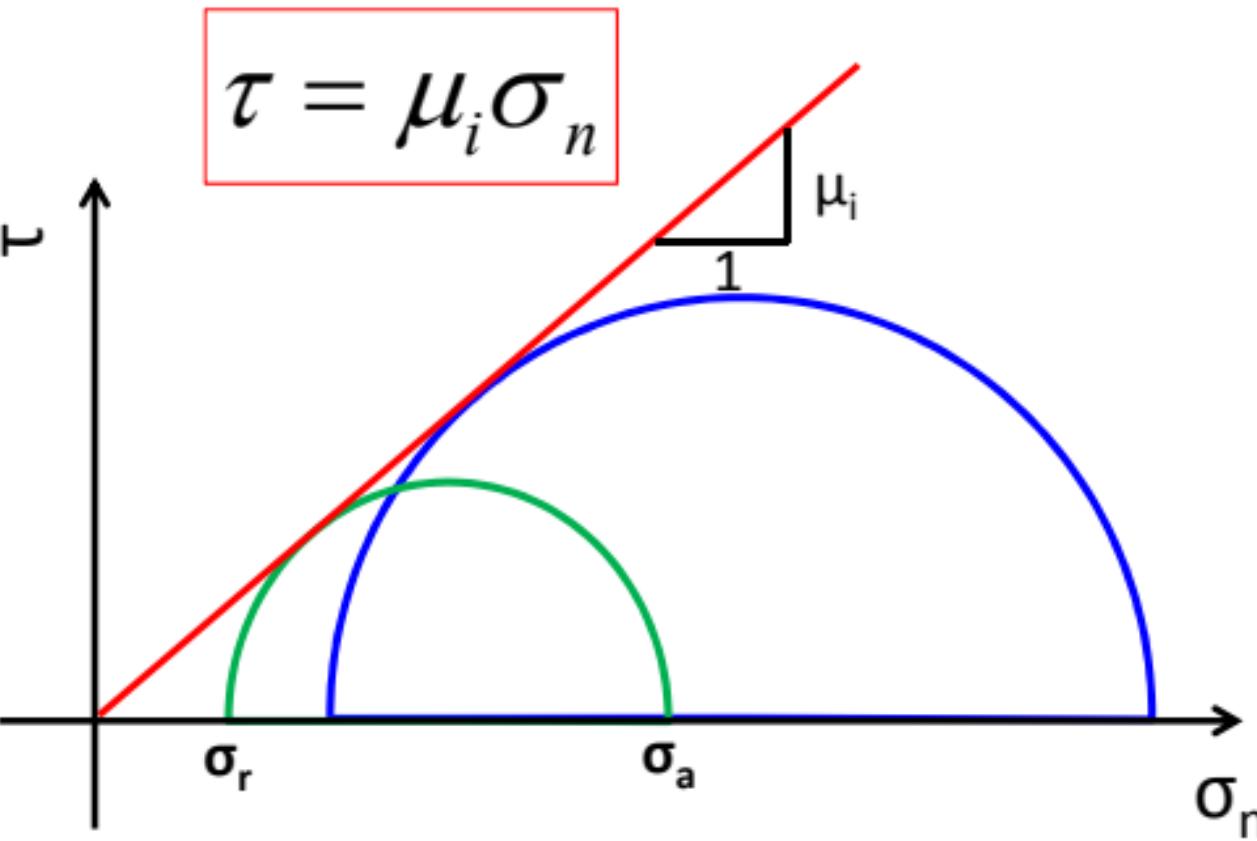


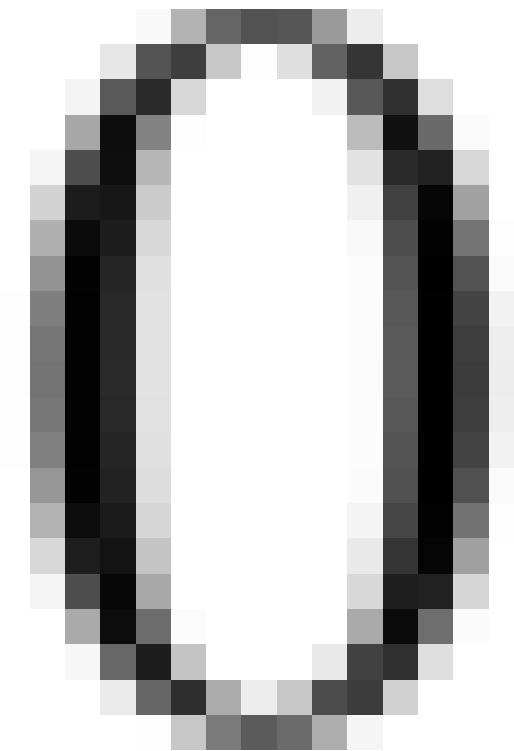
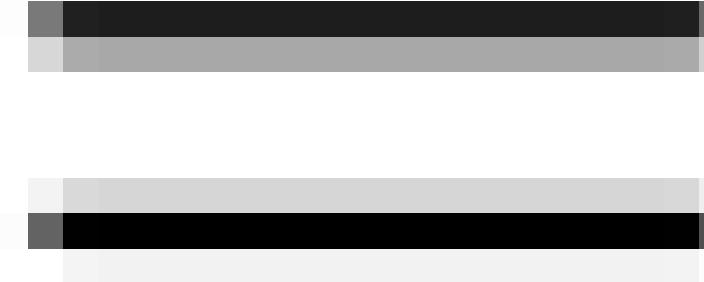
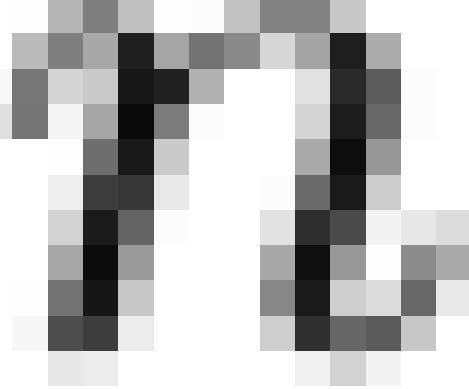
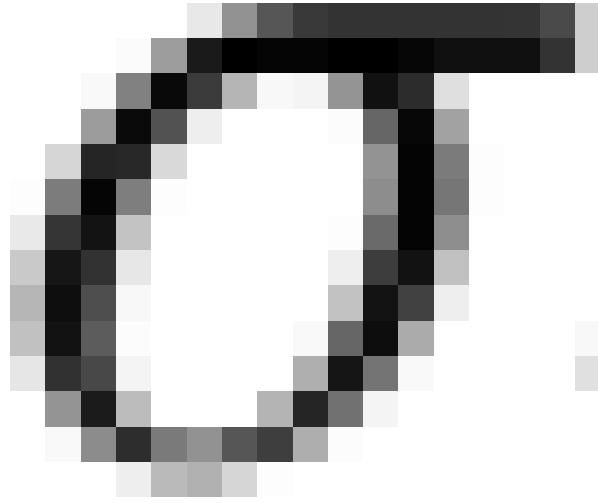


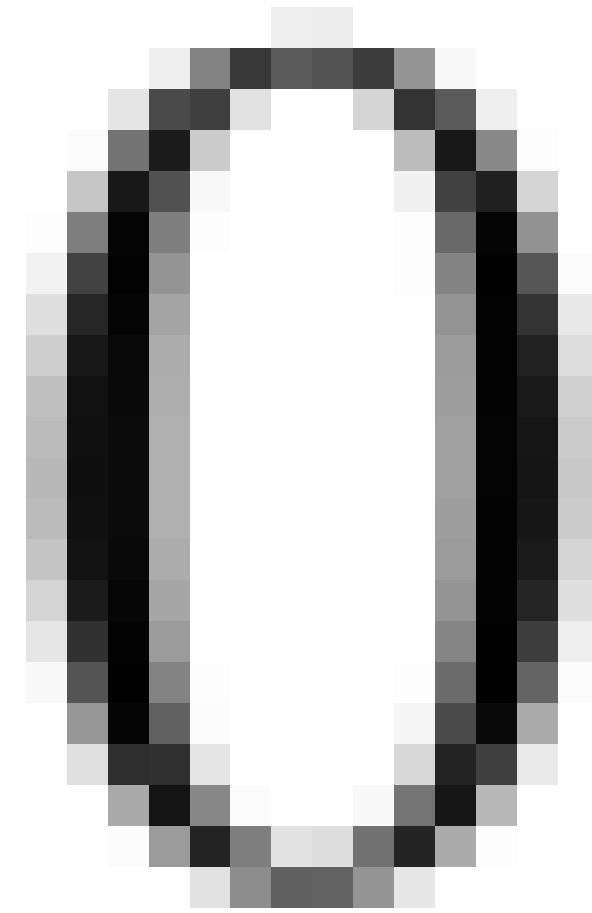
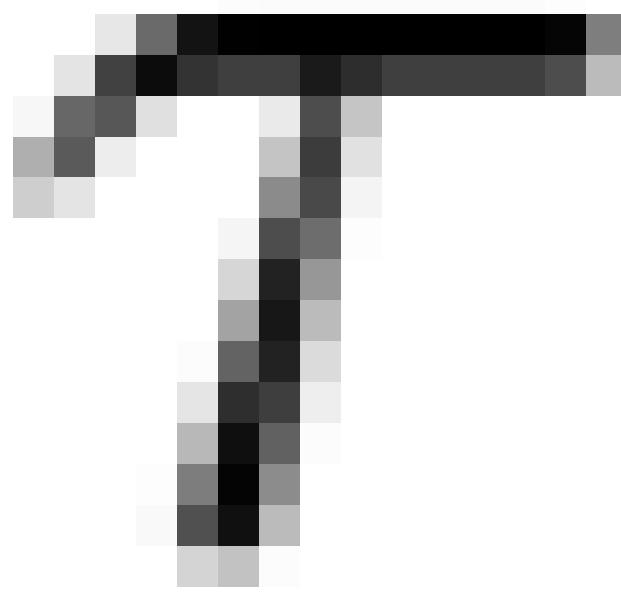


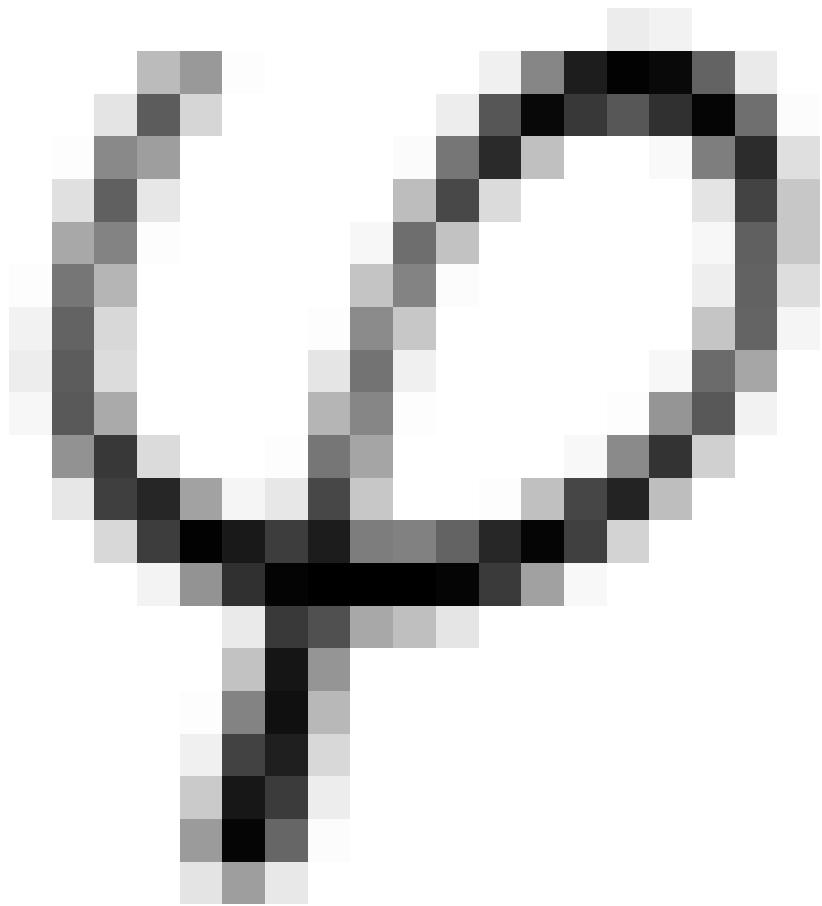


Unconsolidated Sand

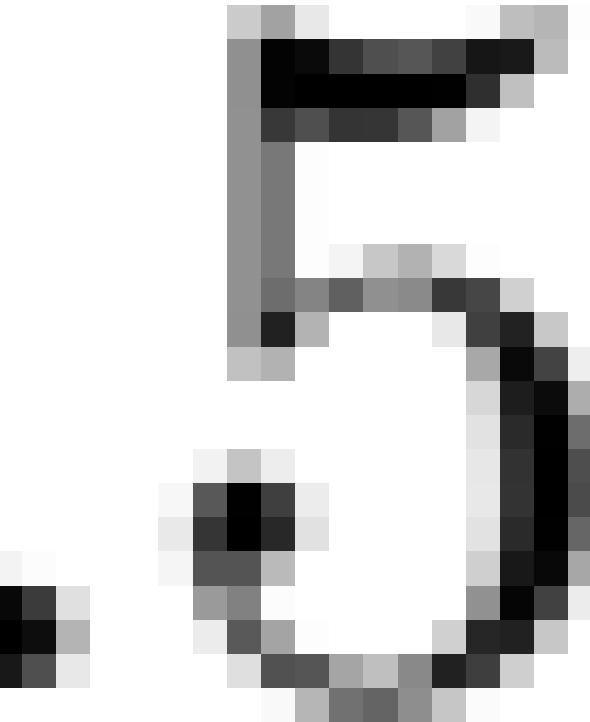
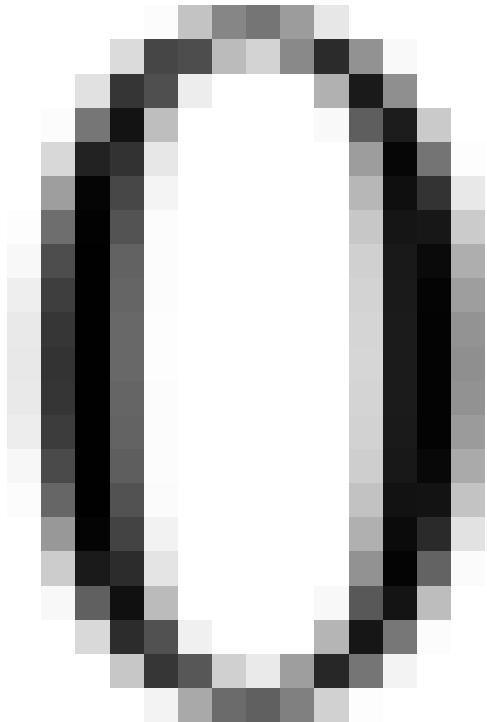
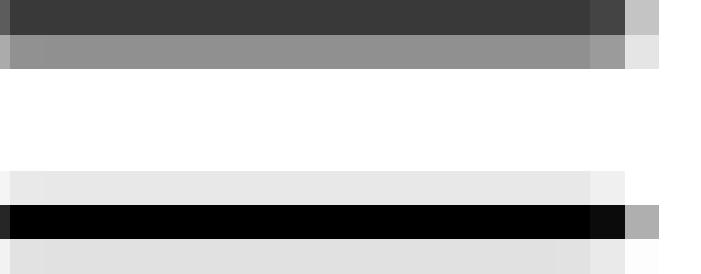


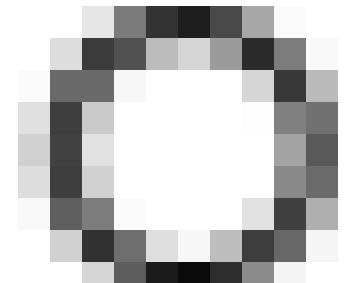
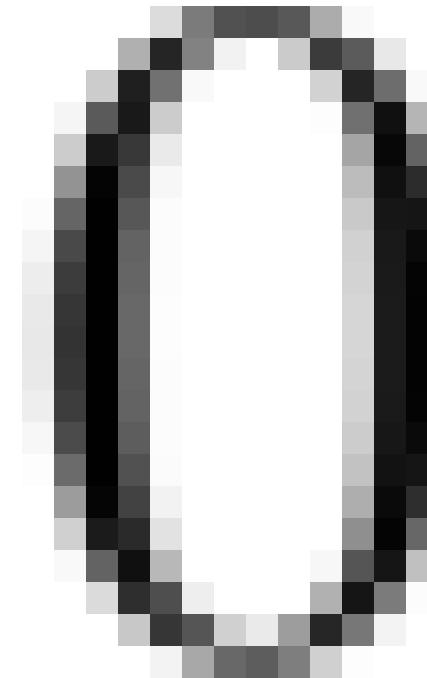
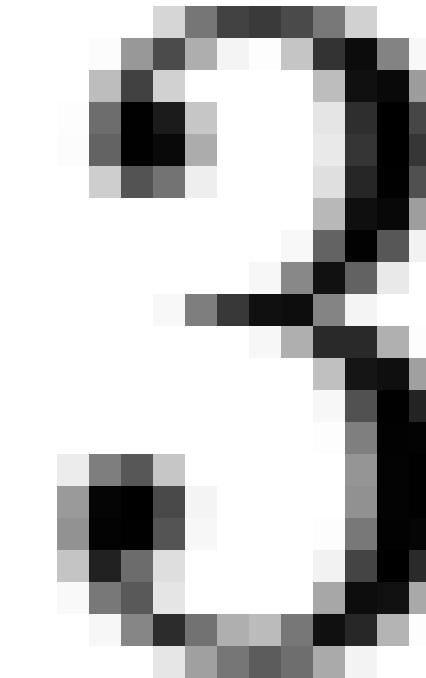
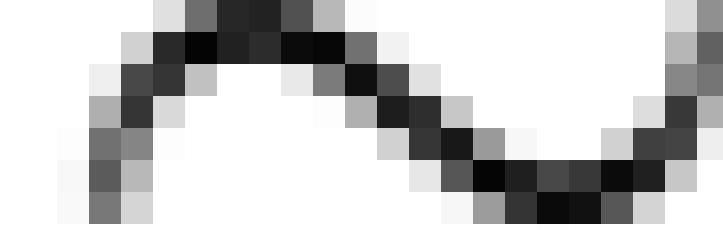
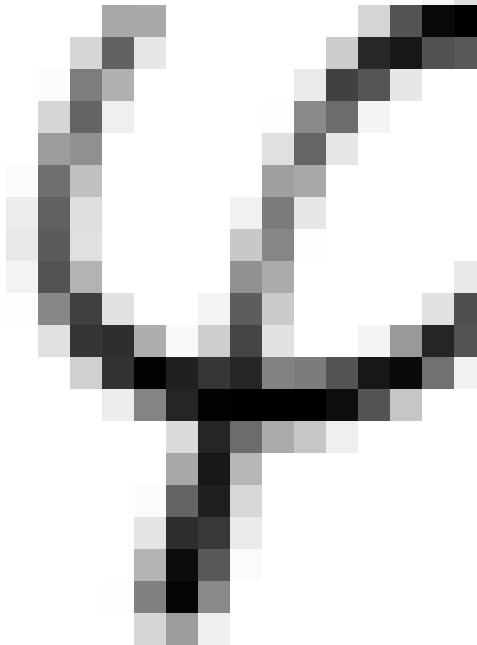


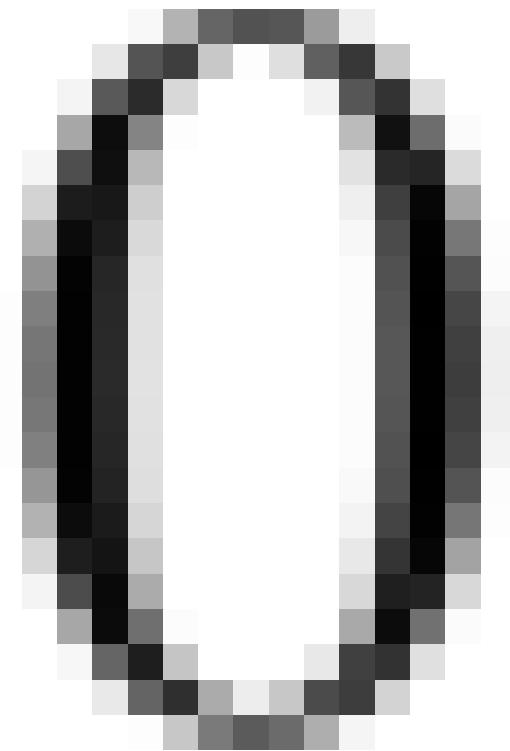
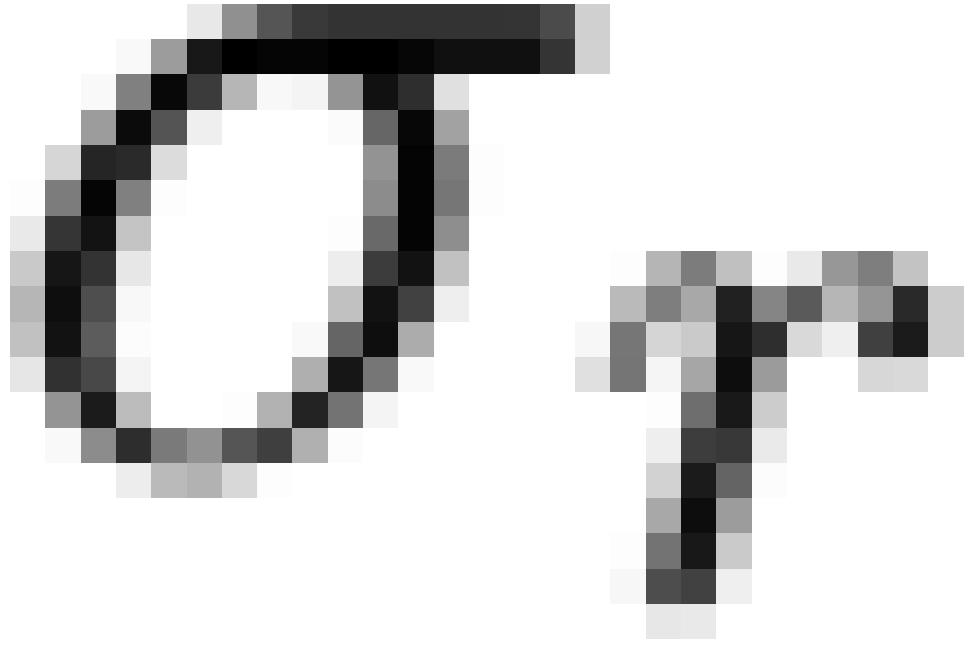




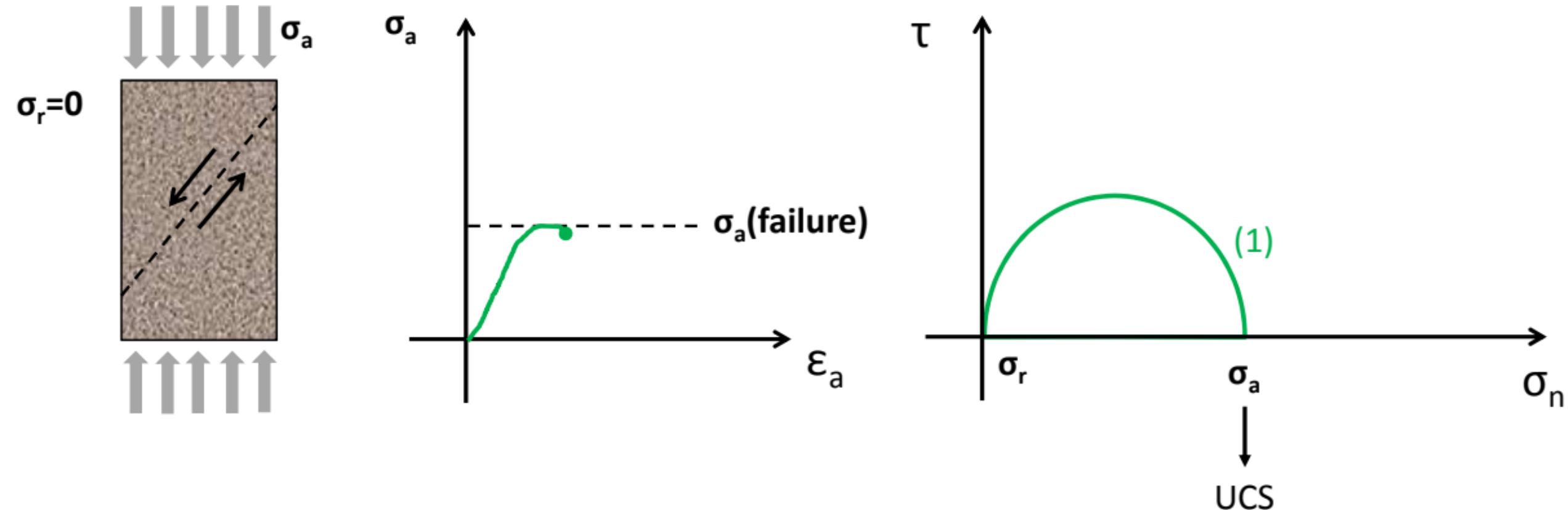


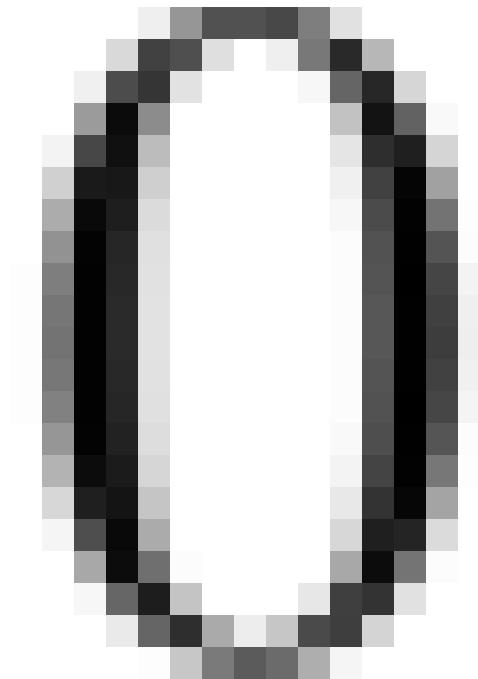
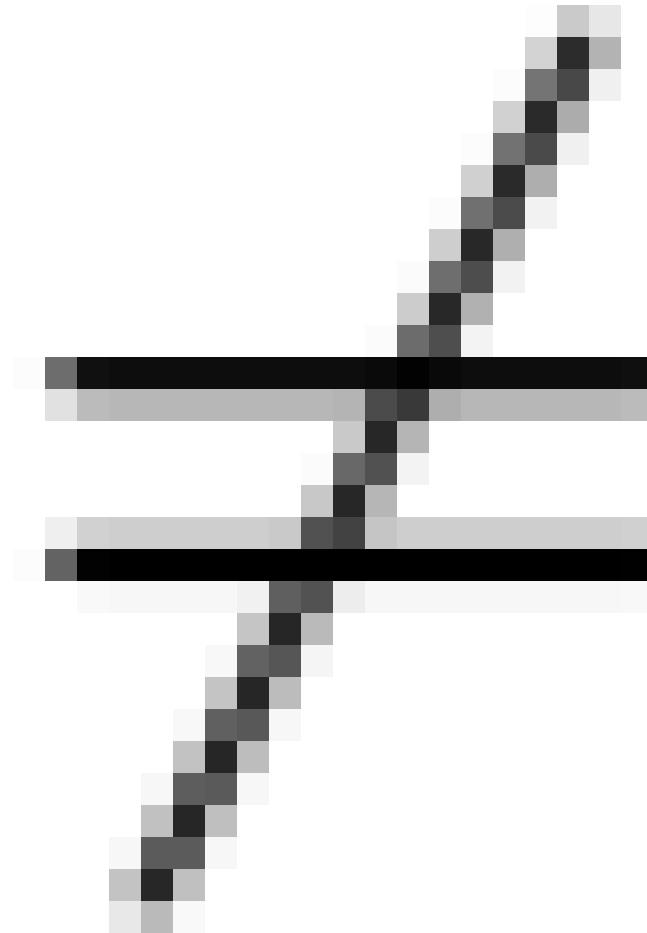
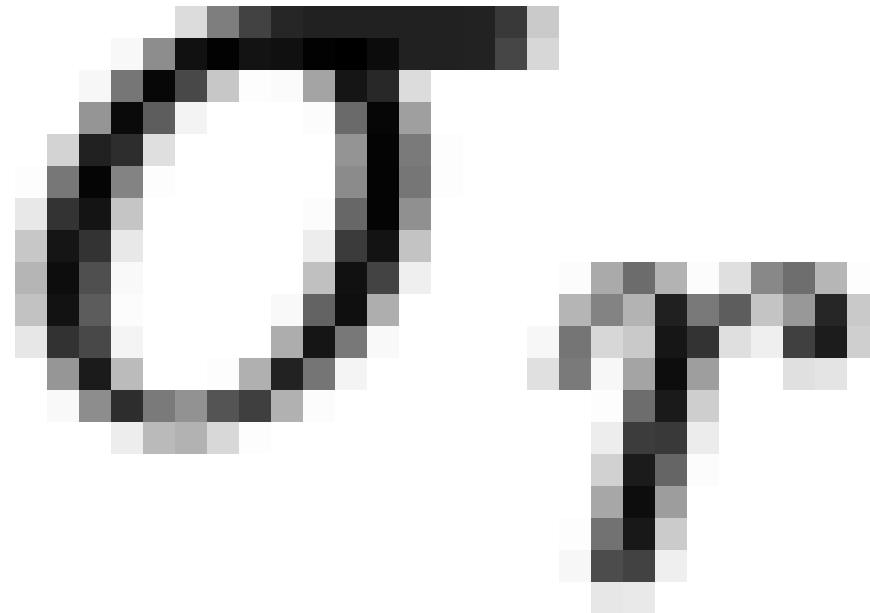


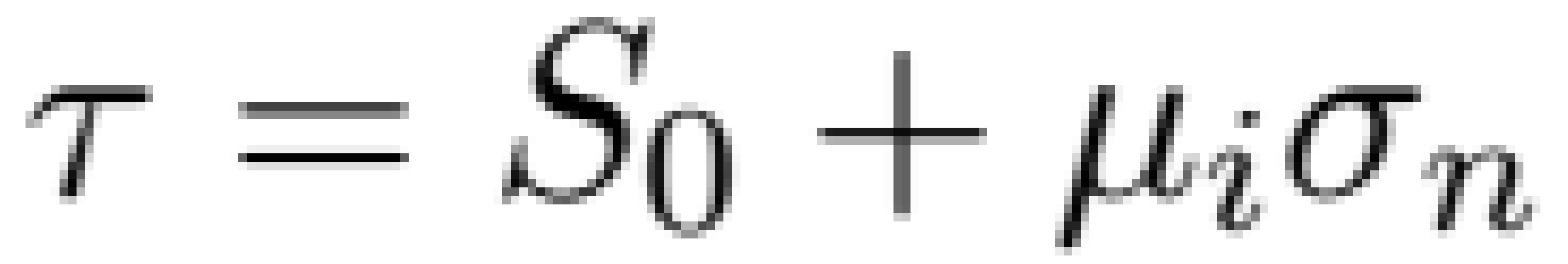




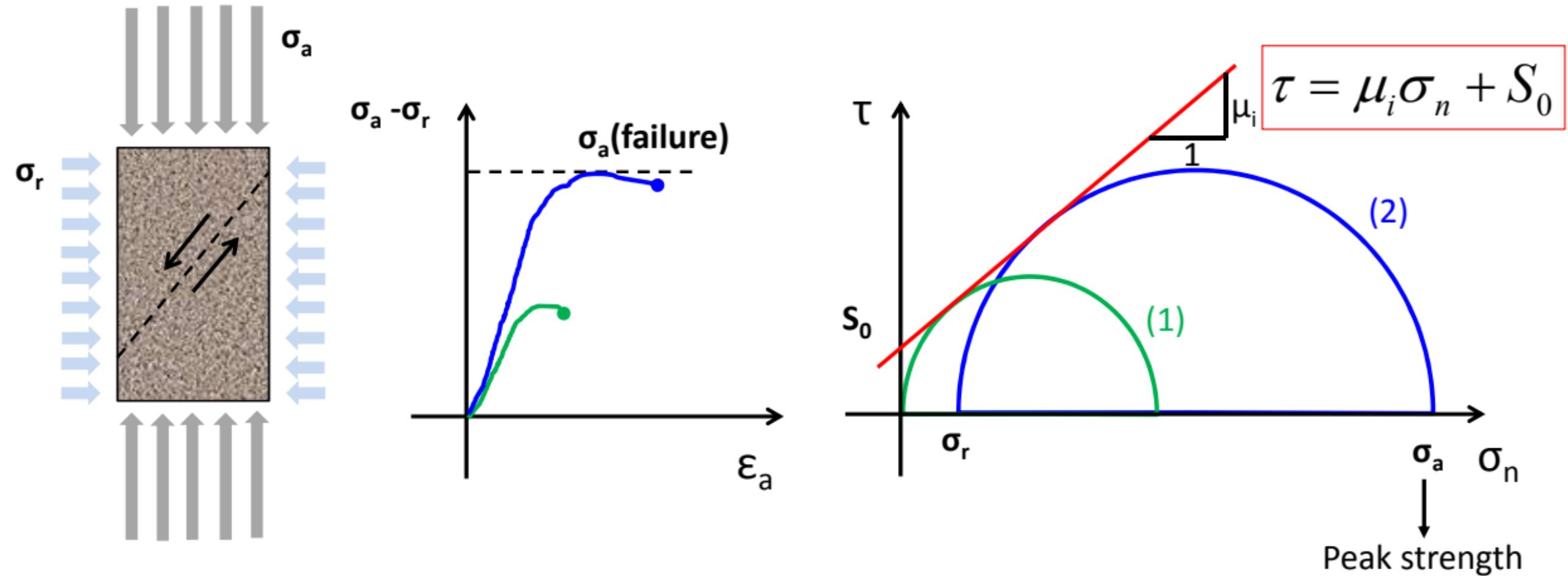
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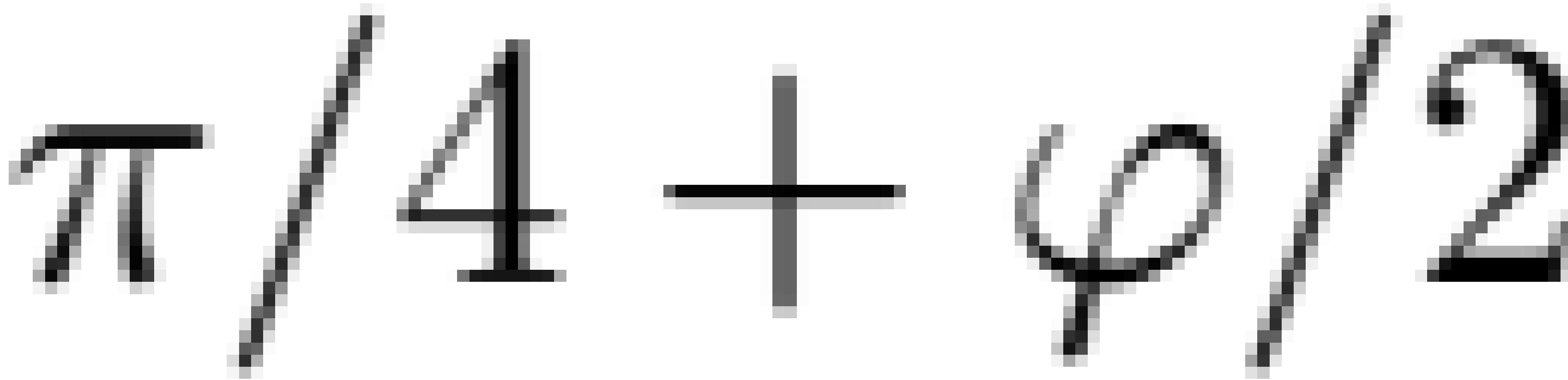




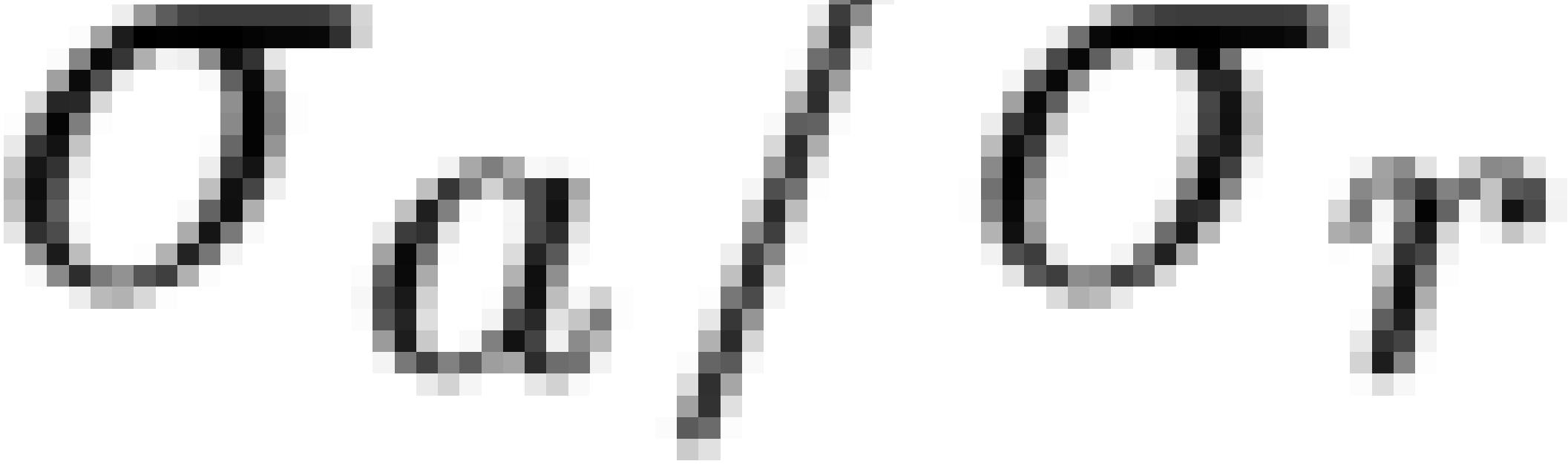


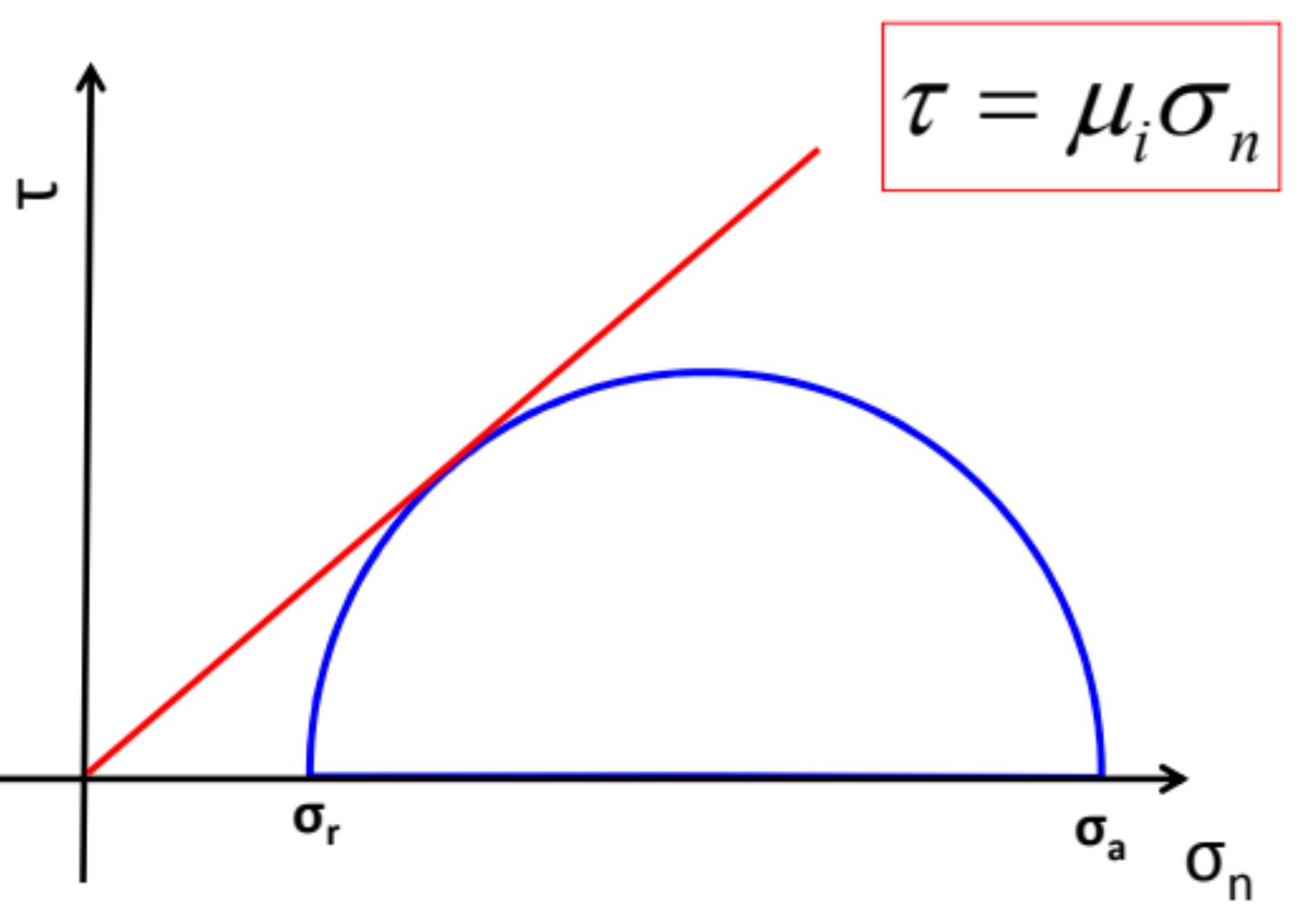
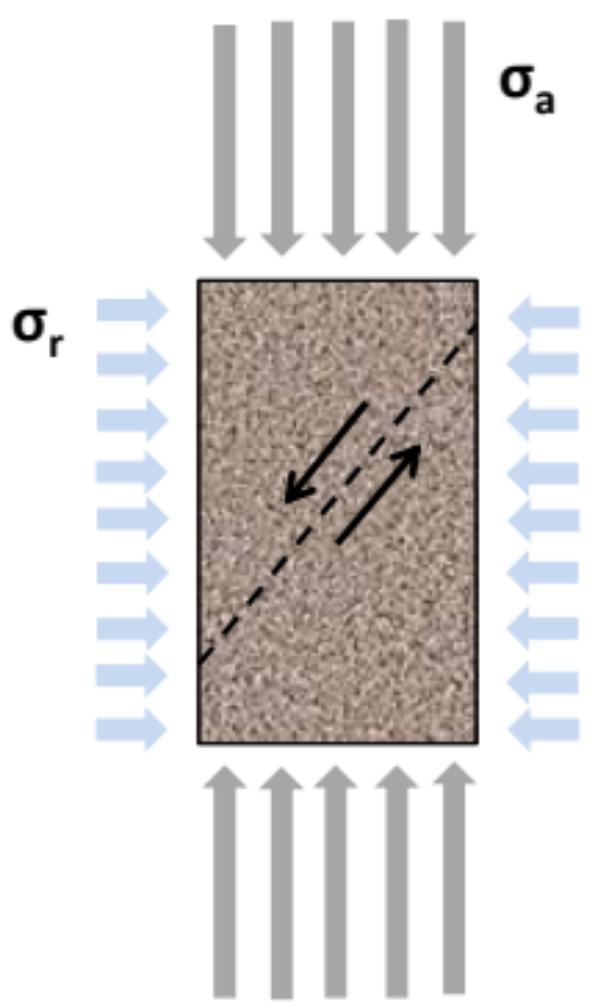
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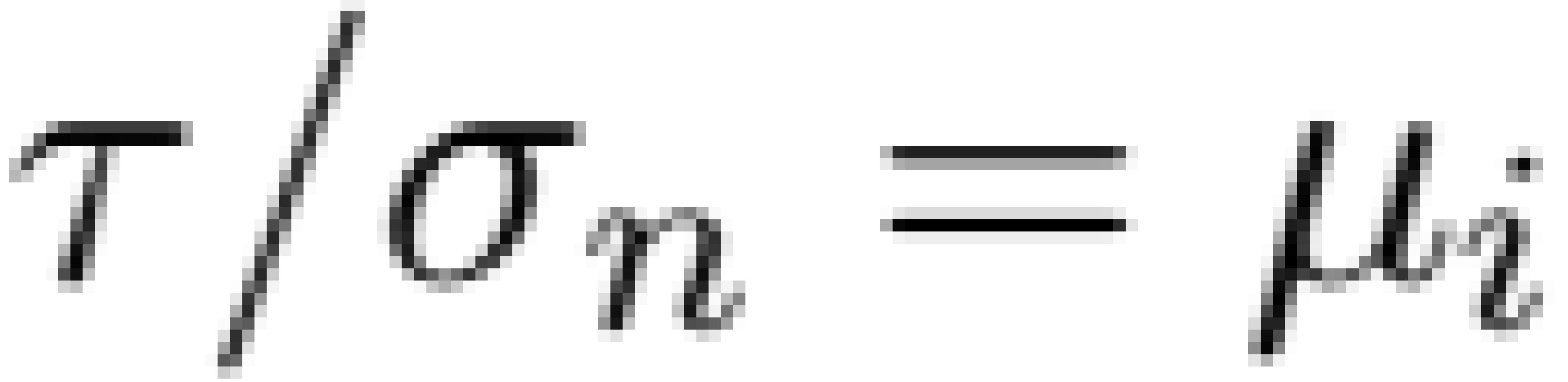


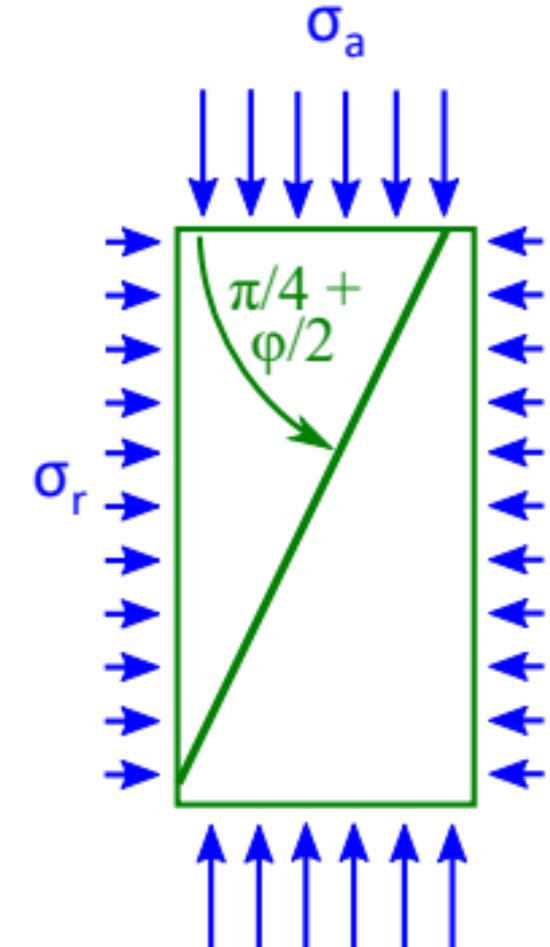
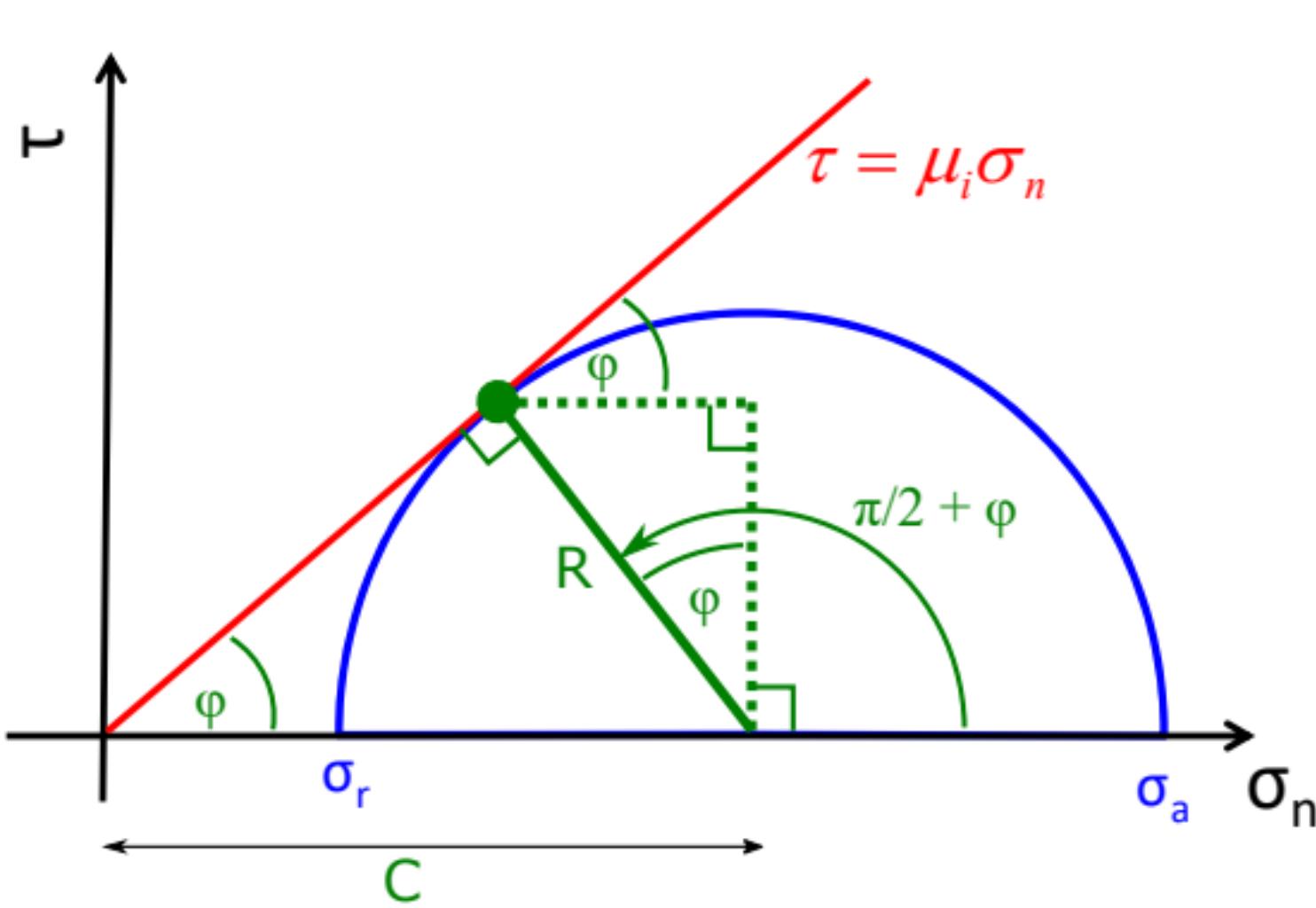






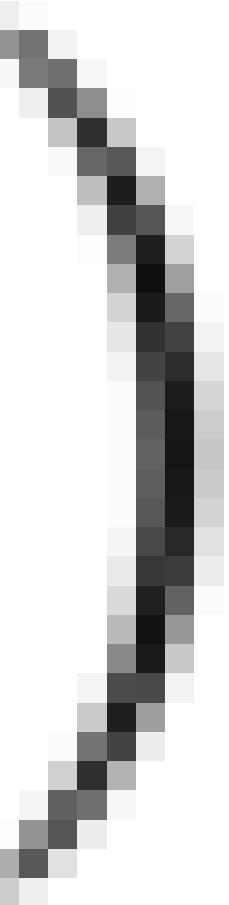
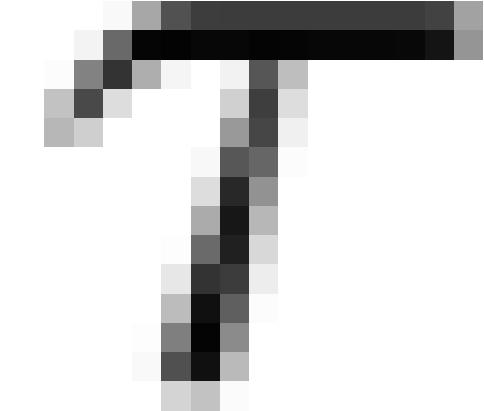
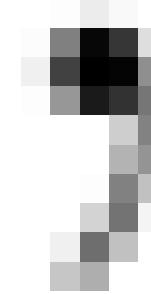
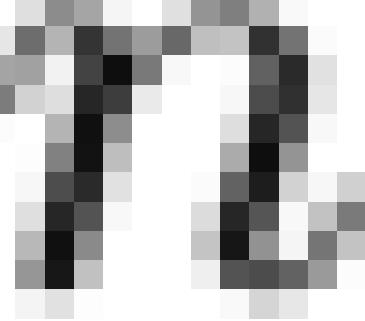
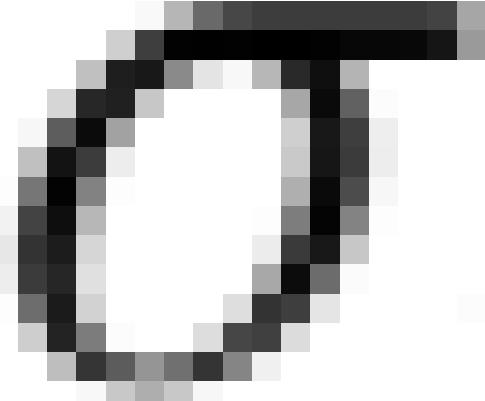
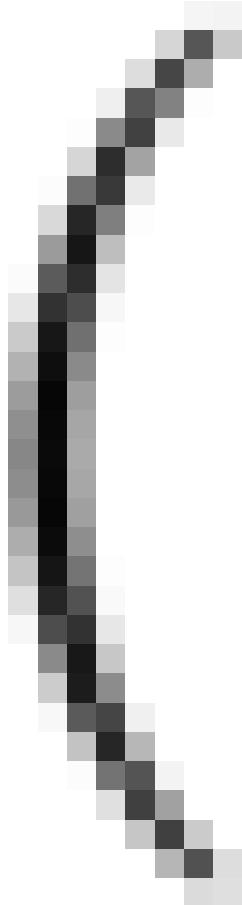


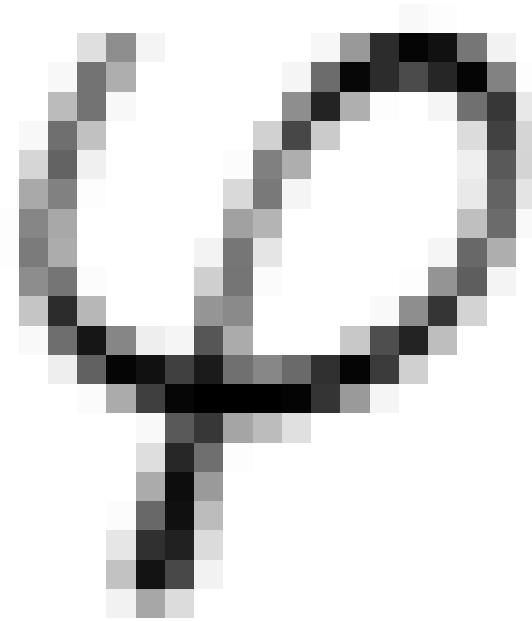
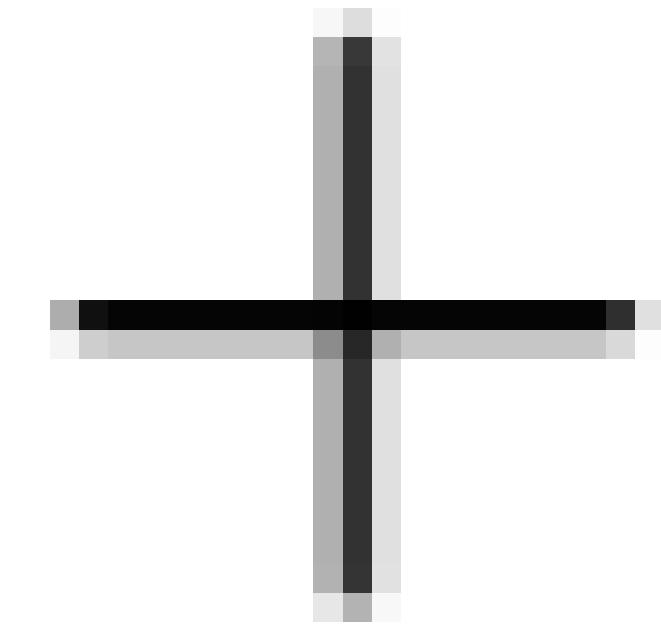
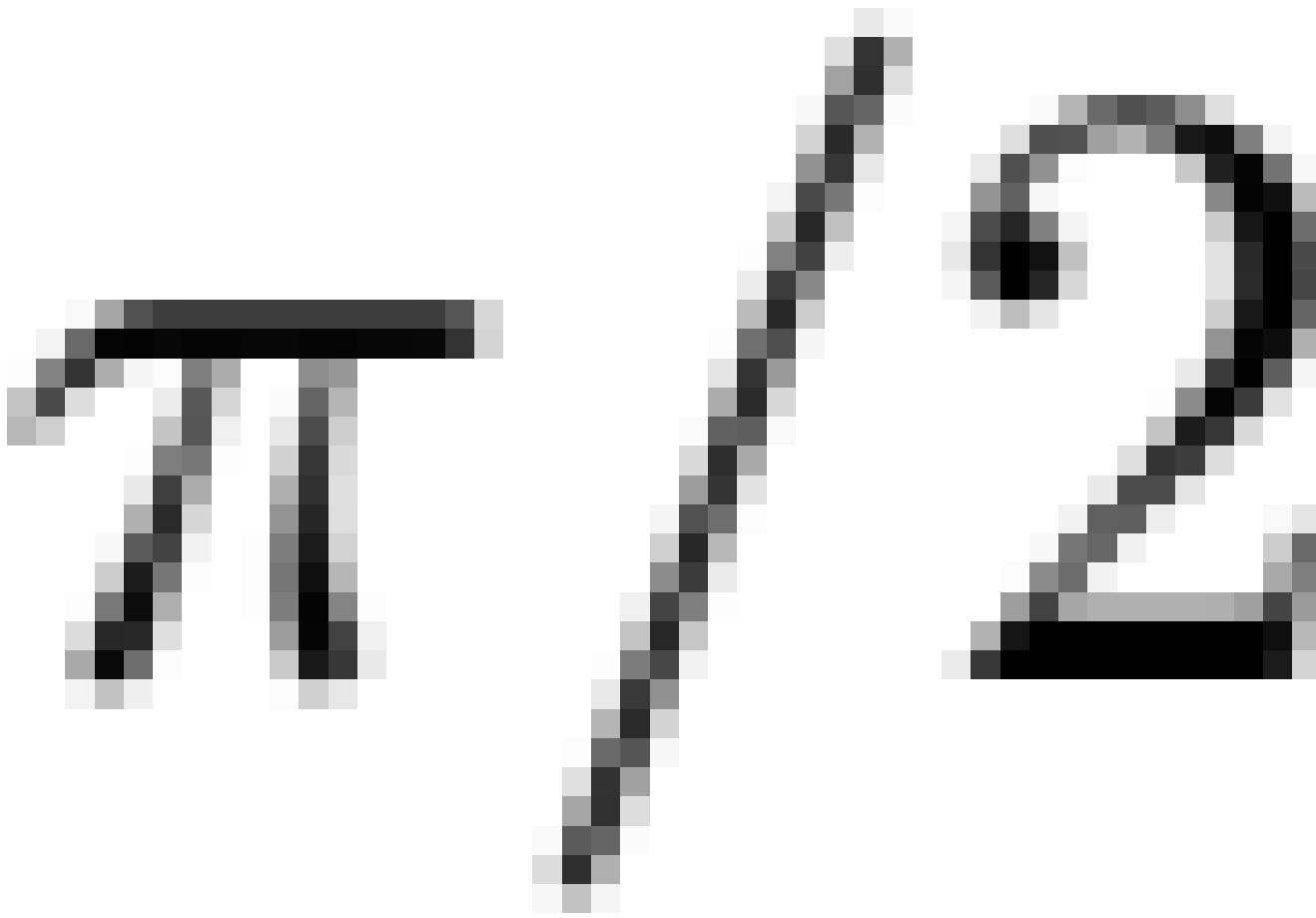


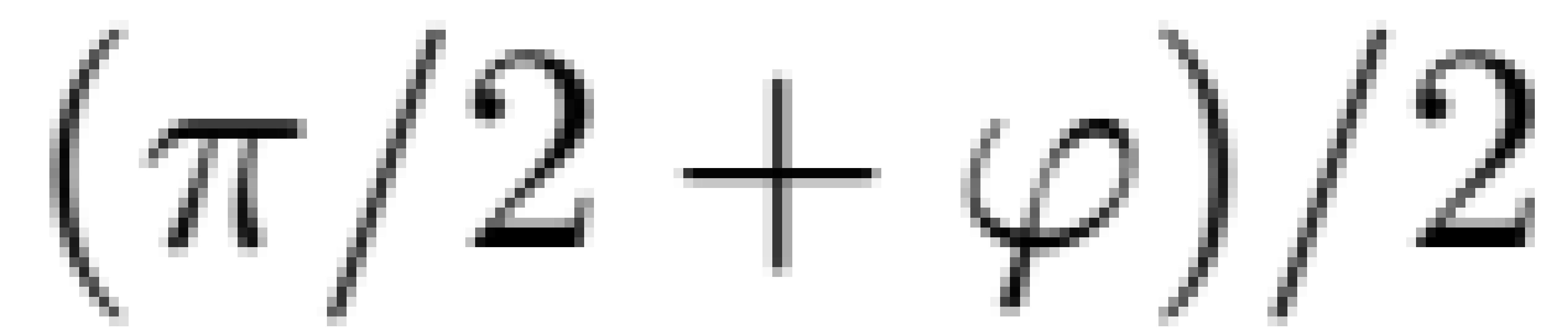


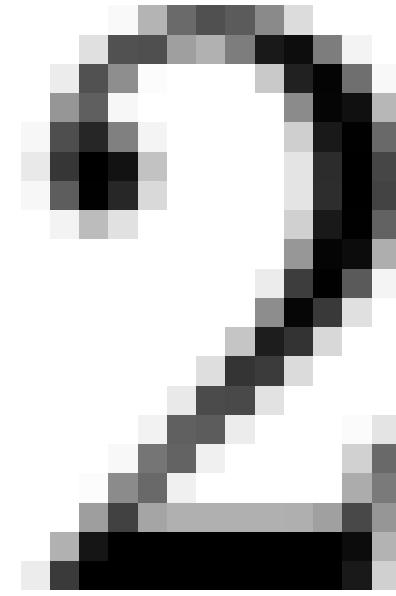
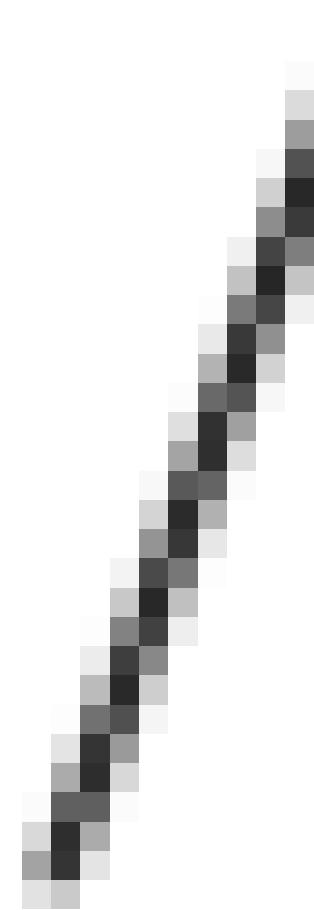
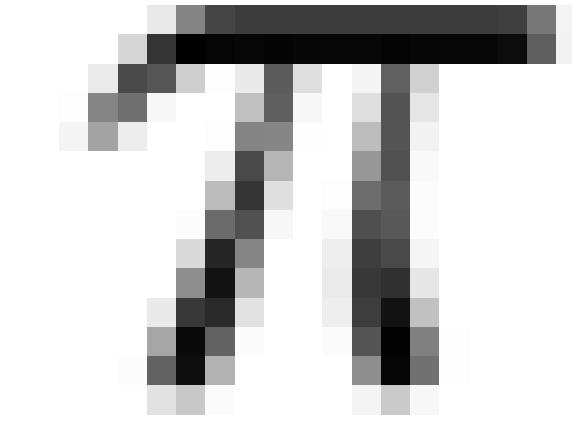
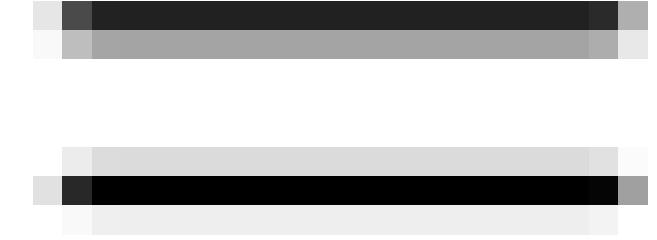
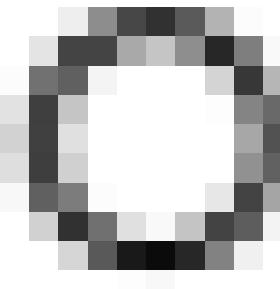


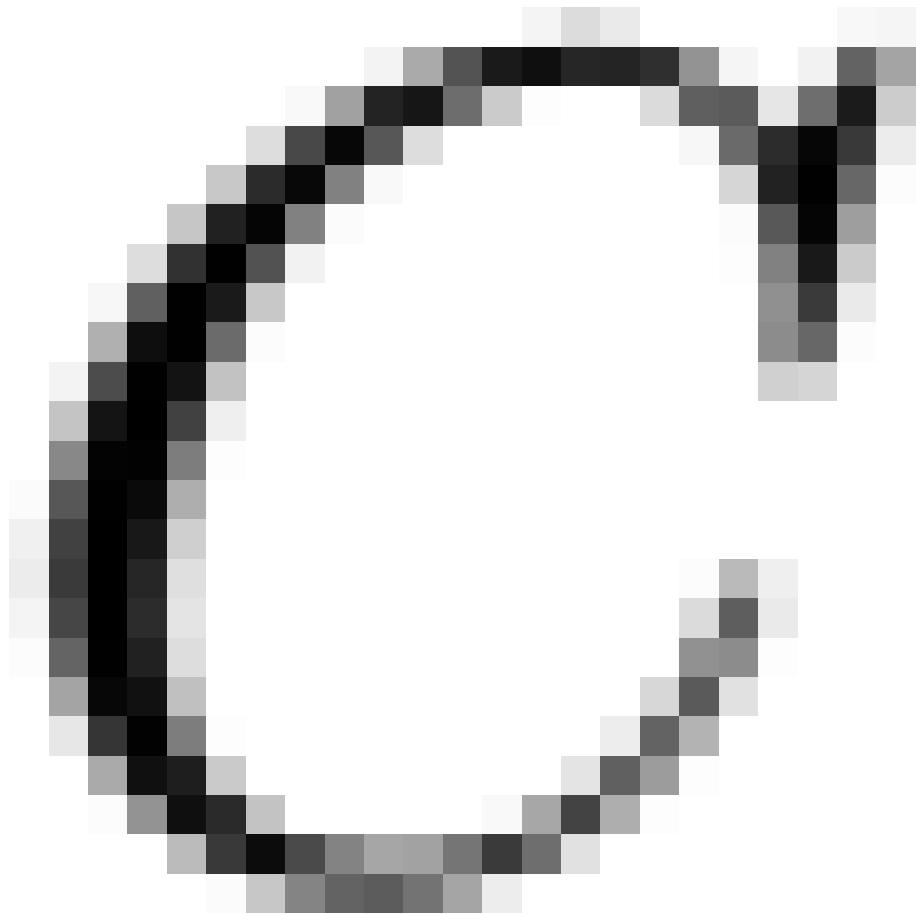




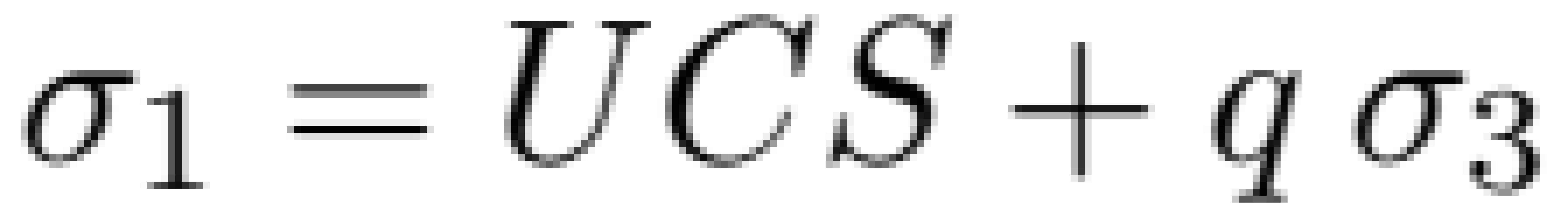


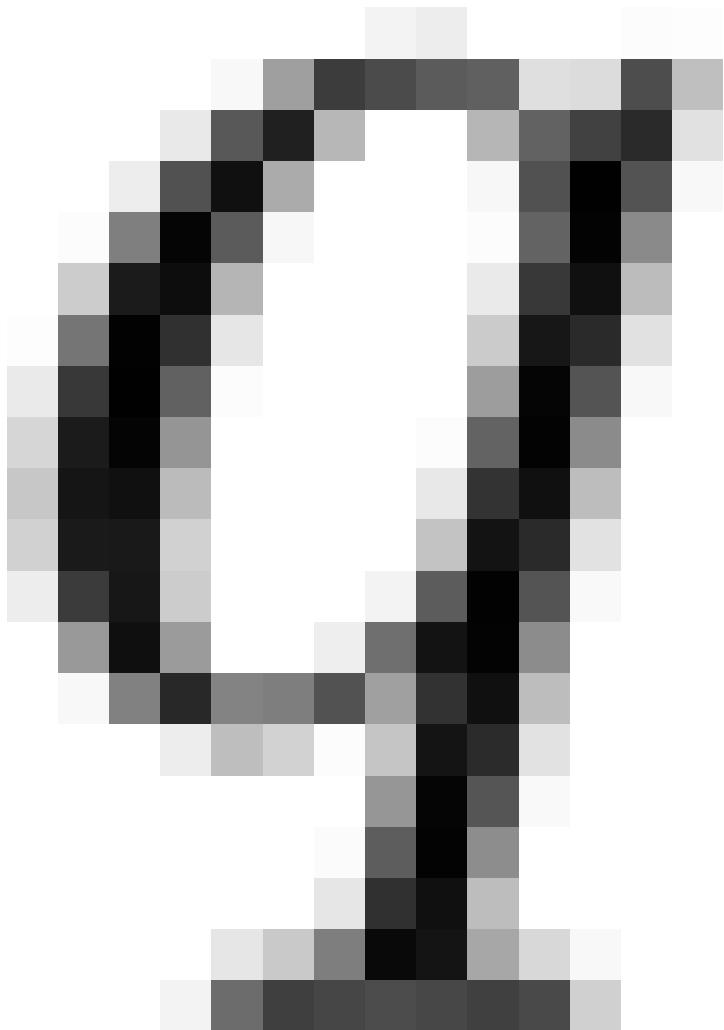




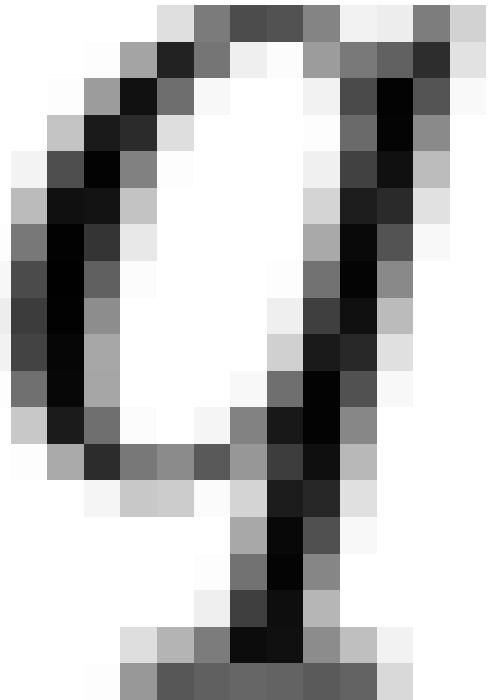
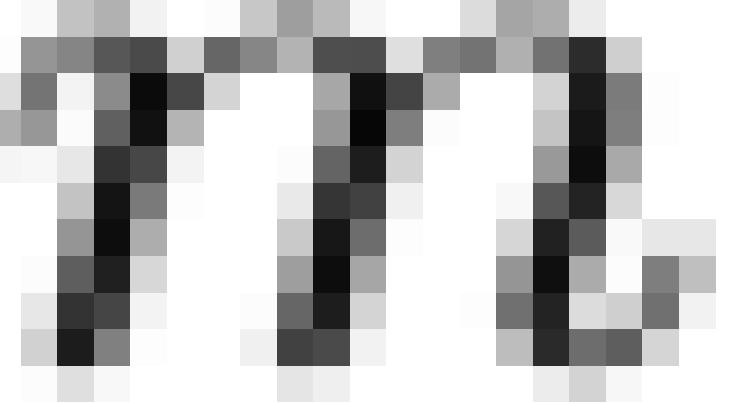
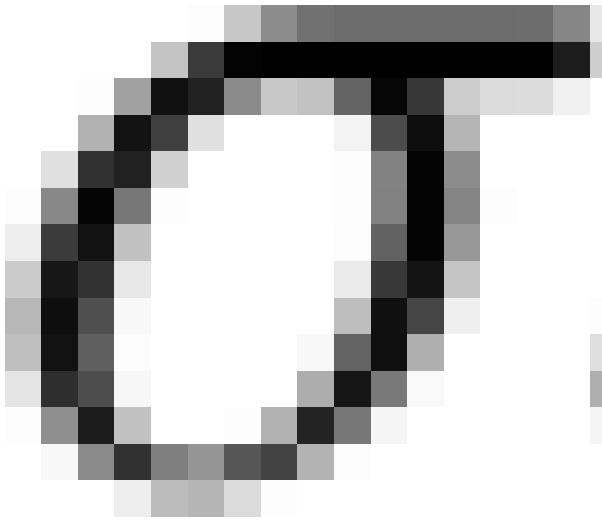


$$\begin{array}{c} \sigma_a \\ - \\ \sigma_r \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} C + R \\ - \\ C - R \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} C + C \sin \varphi \\ - \\ C - C \sin \varphi \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} 1 + \sin \varphi \\ - \\ 1 - \sin \varphi \end{array}$$





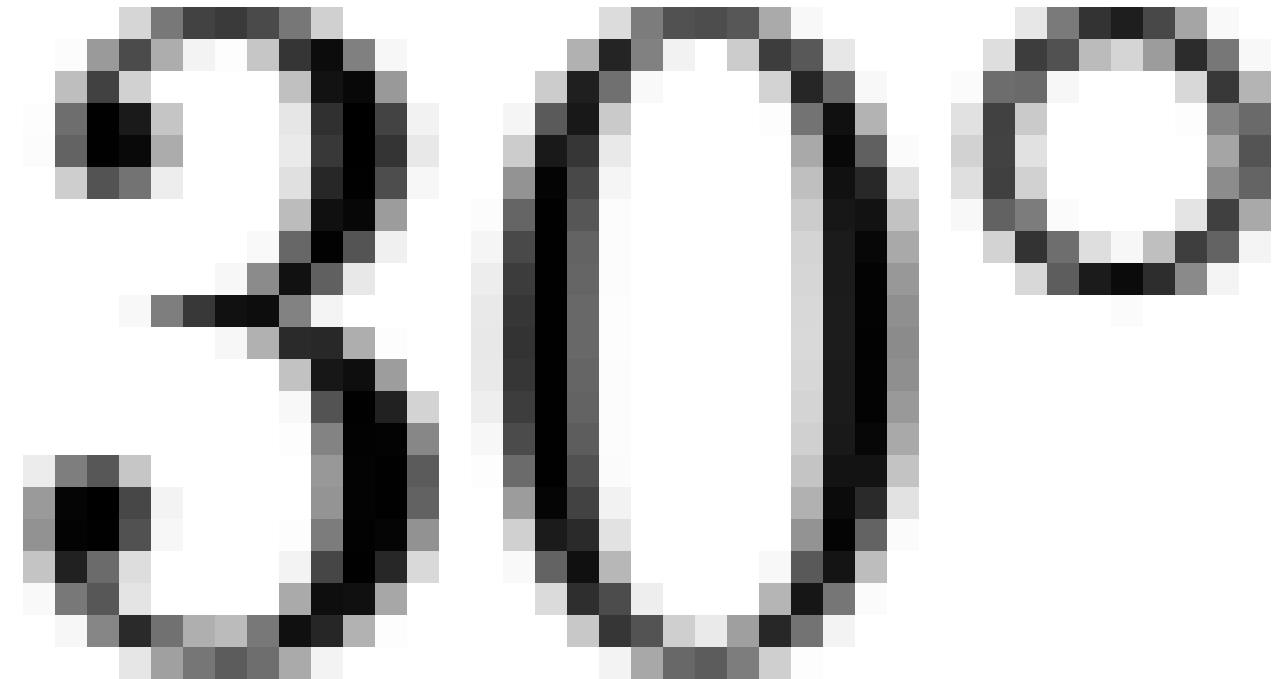
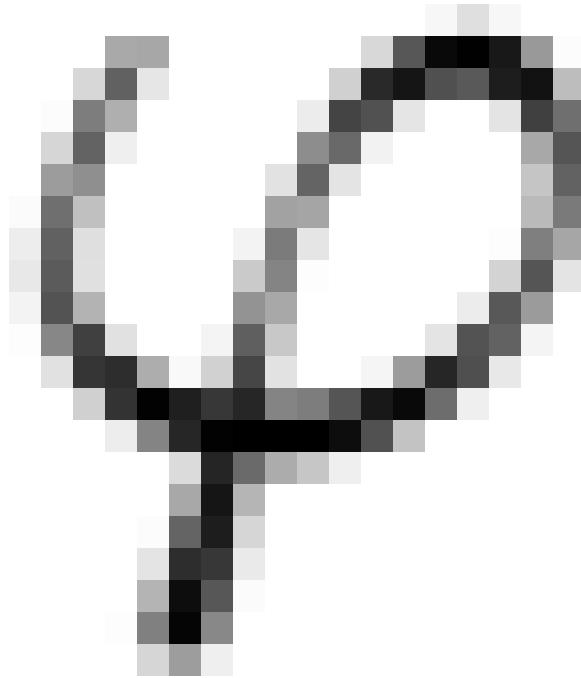


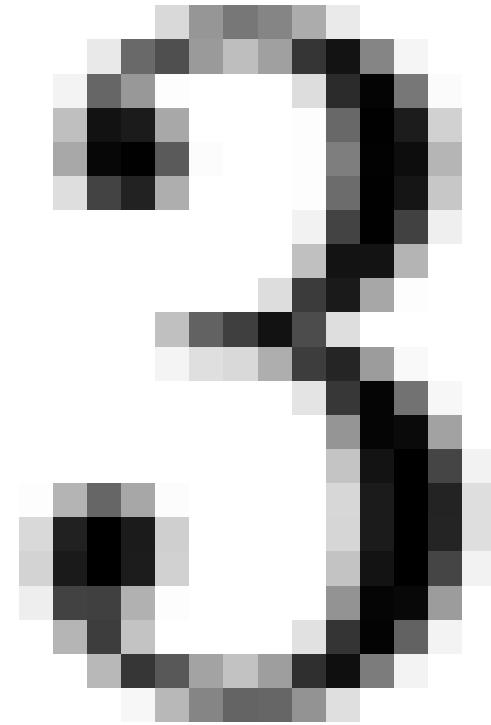
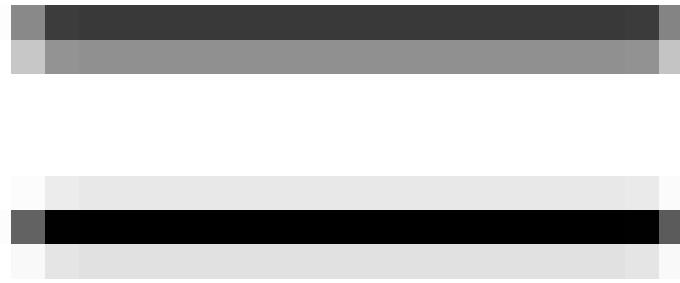
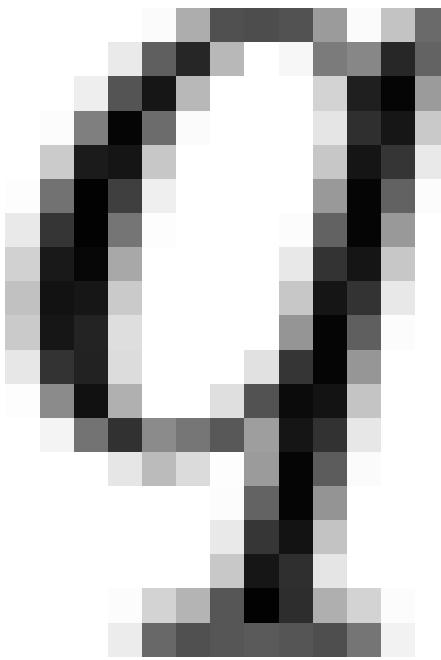


$q =$

$$1 + \sin \varphi$$

$$1 - \sin \varphi$$





μ_i

$=$

q

$-$

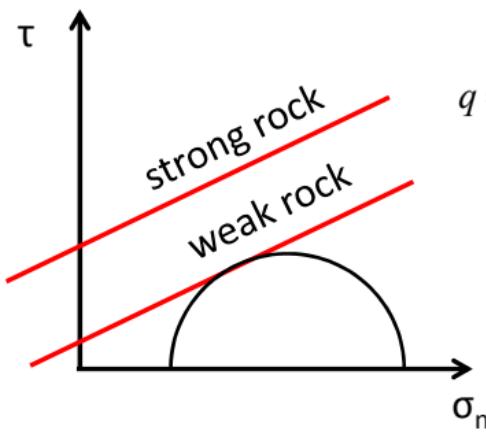
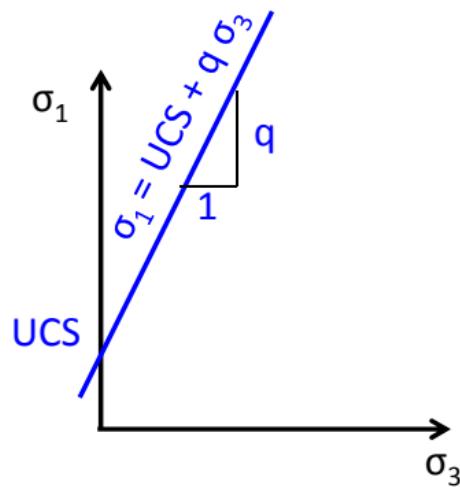
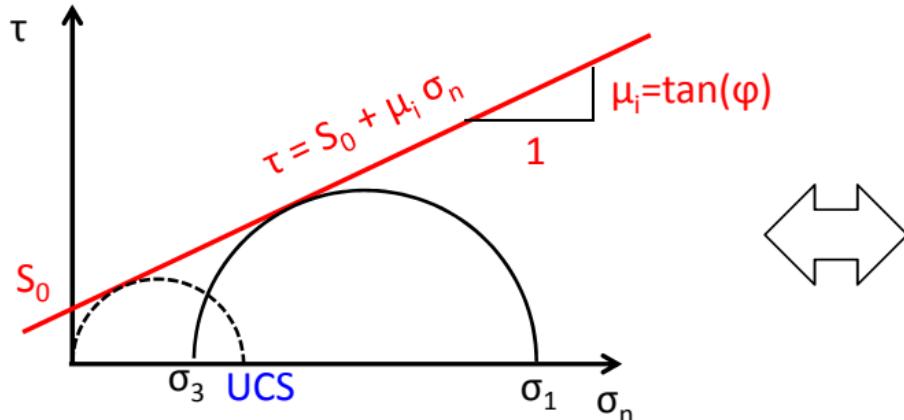
1

2

q

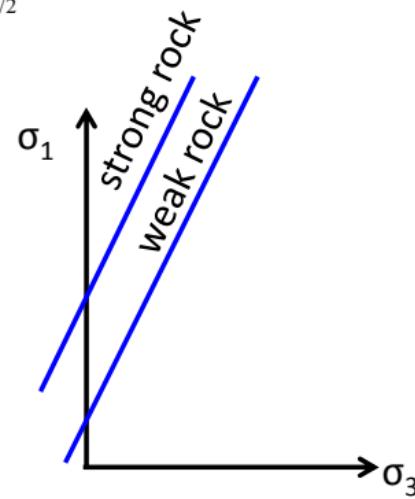
q

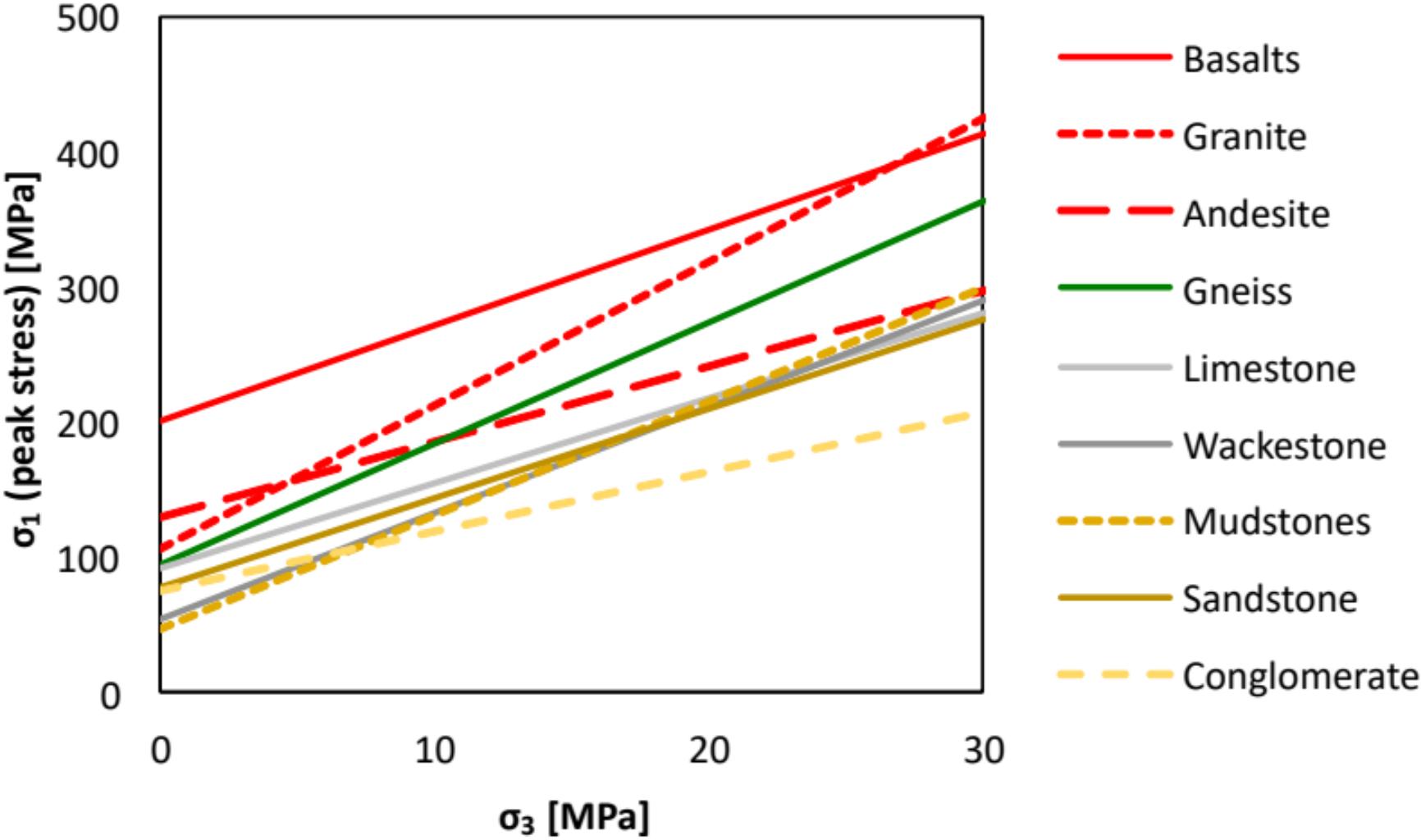
$$U_{CS} = 2S_0 \left(\frac{1 + \sin \varphi}{1 - \sin \varphi} \right)^{1/2} = 2S_0 \sqrt{q}$$



$$UCS = 2S_0 \left(\sqrt{\mu_i^2 + 1} + \mu_i \right) = 2S_0 \left(\frac{1 + \sin \varphi}{1 - \sin \varphi} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$q = \left(\sqrt{\mu_i^2 + 1} + \mu_i \right)^2 = \frac{1 + \sin \varphi}{1 - \sin \varphi}$$

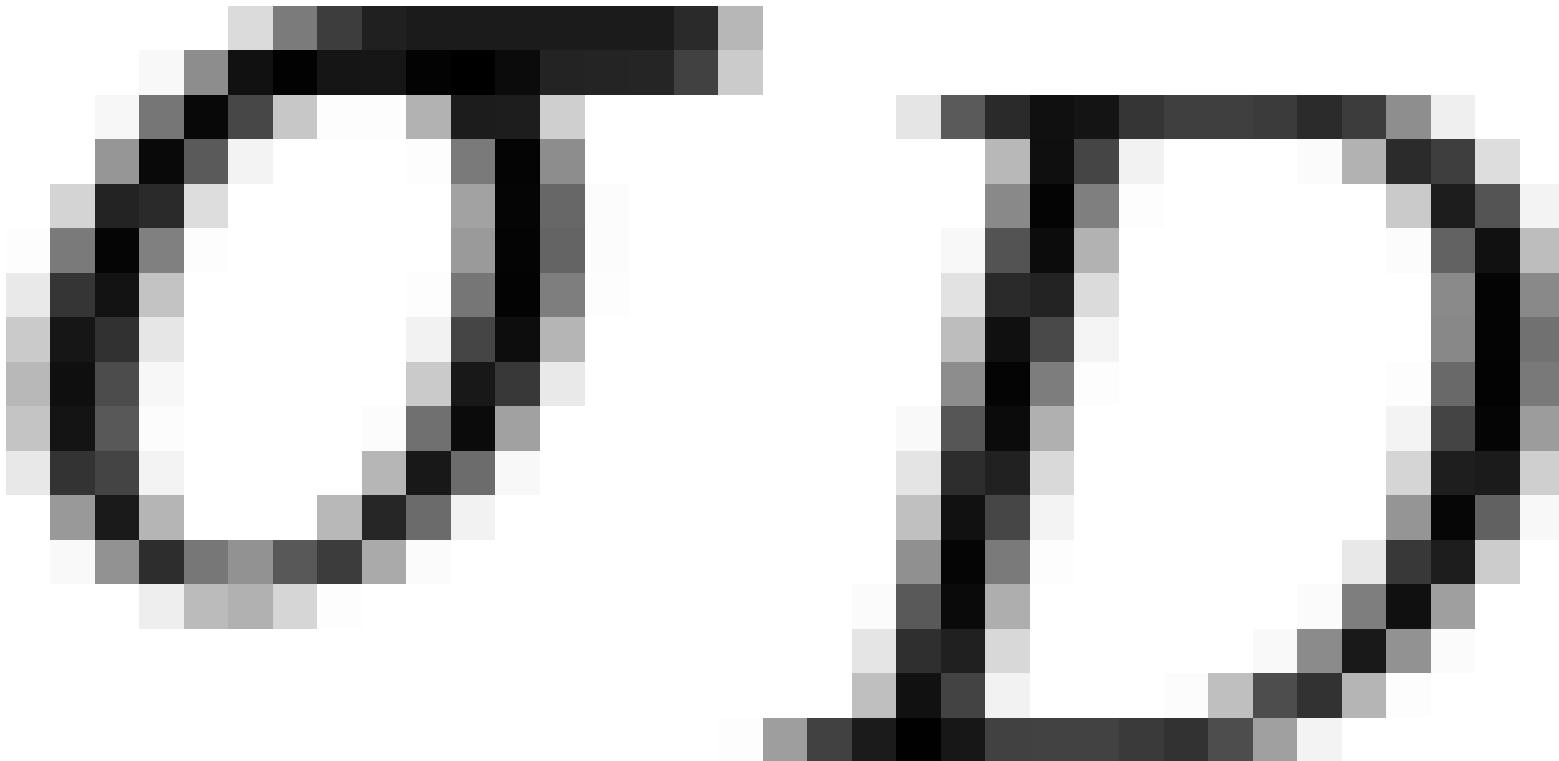




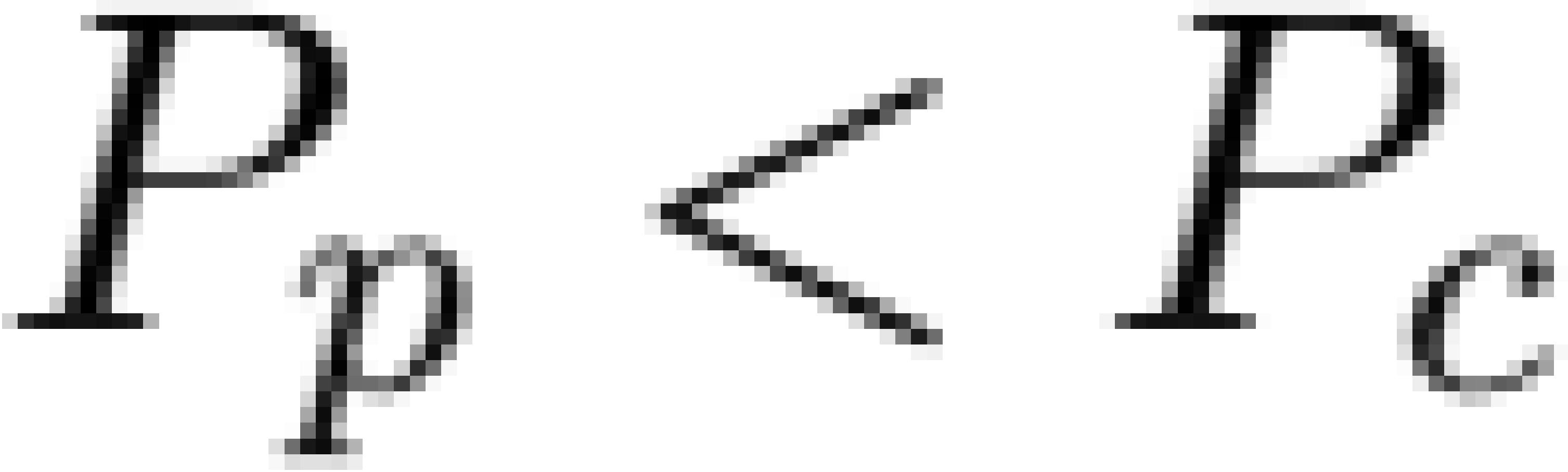


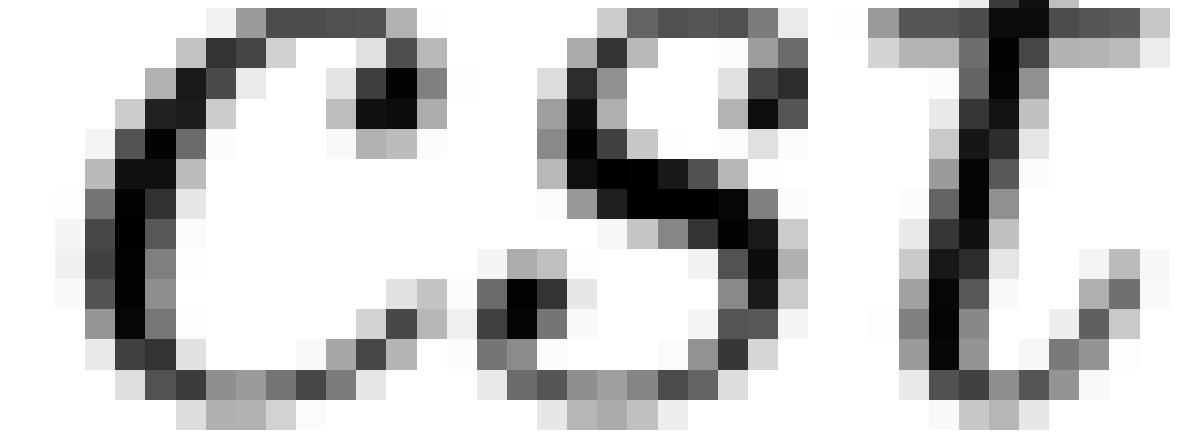
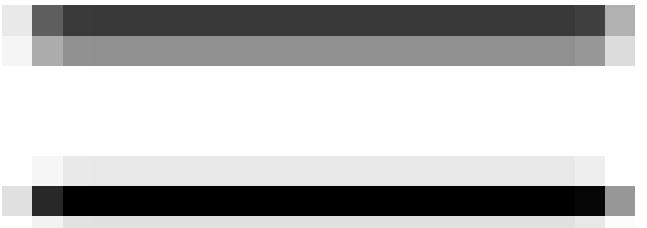










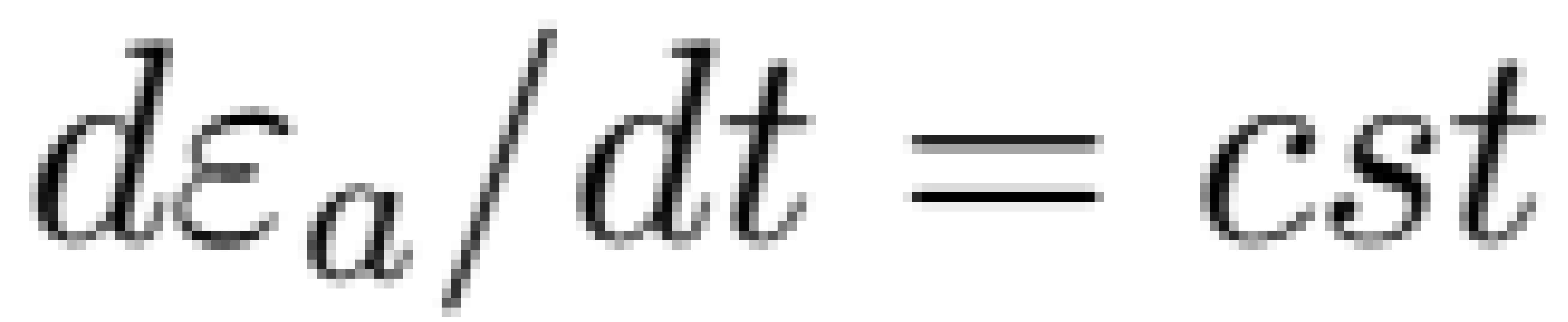








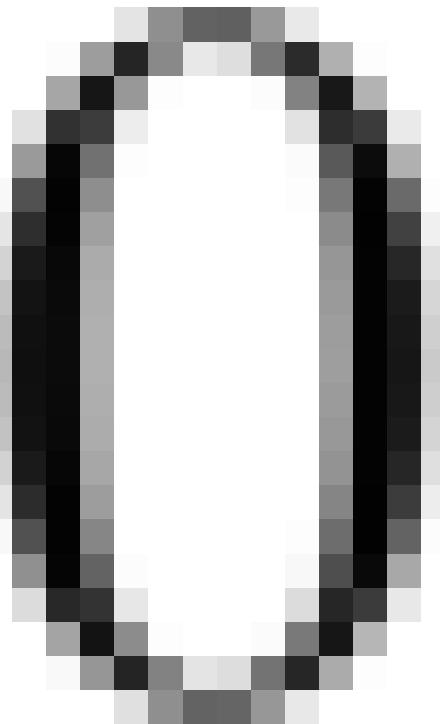
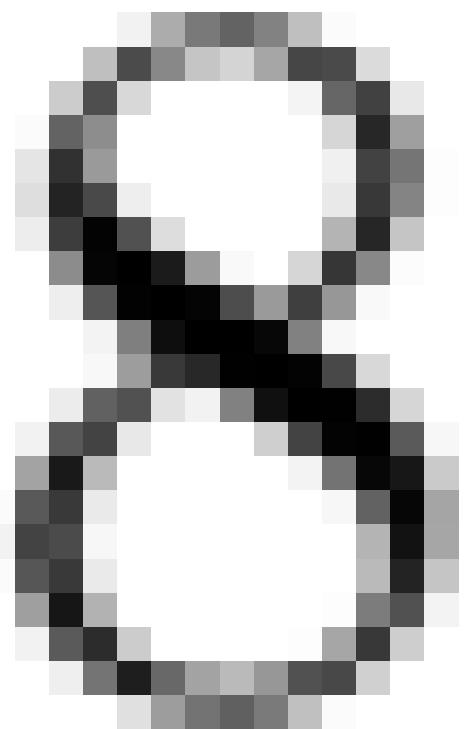
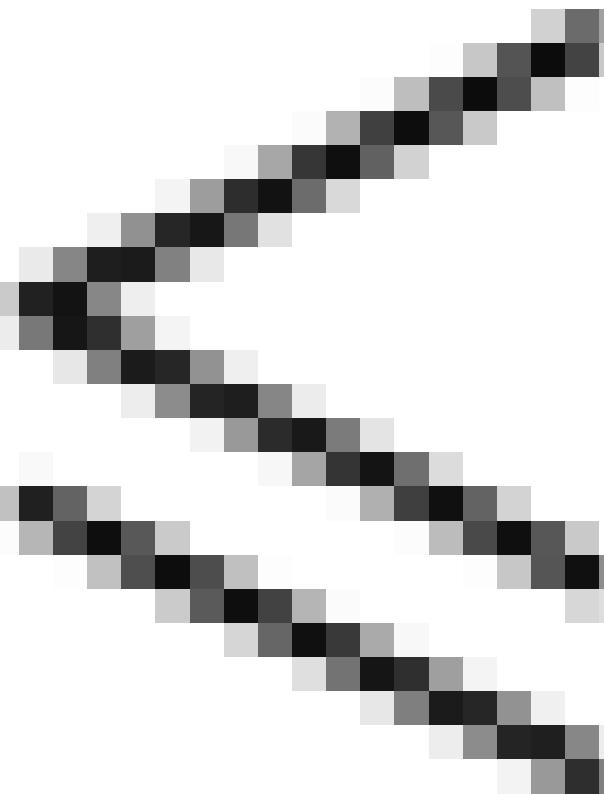


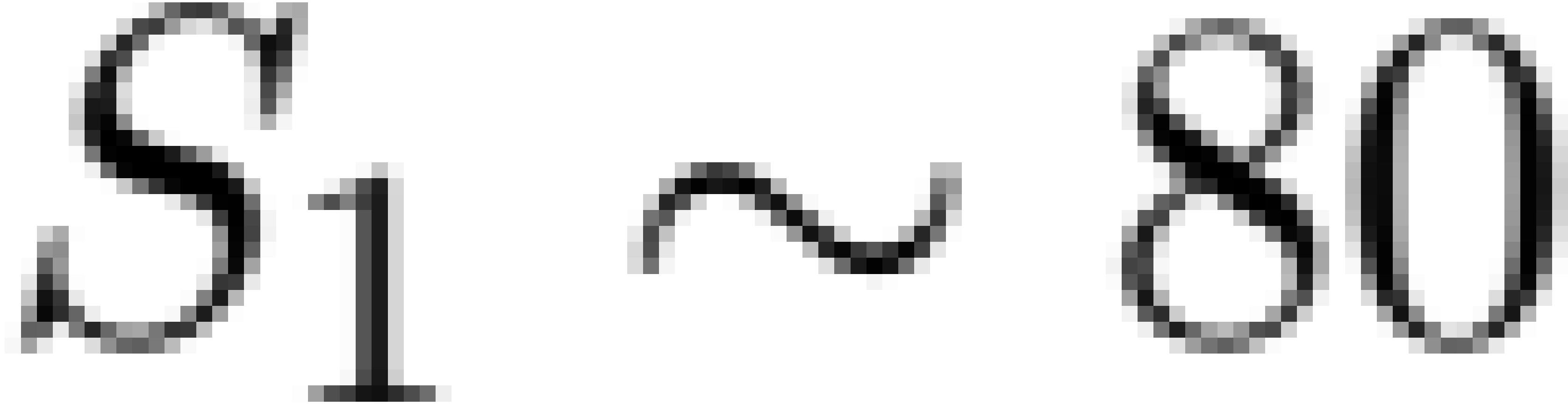


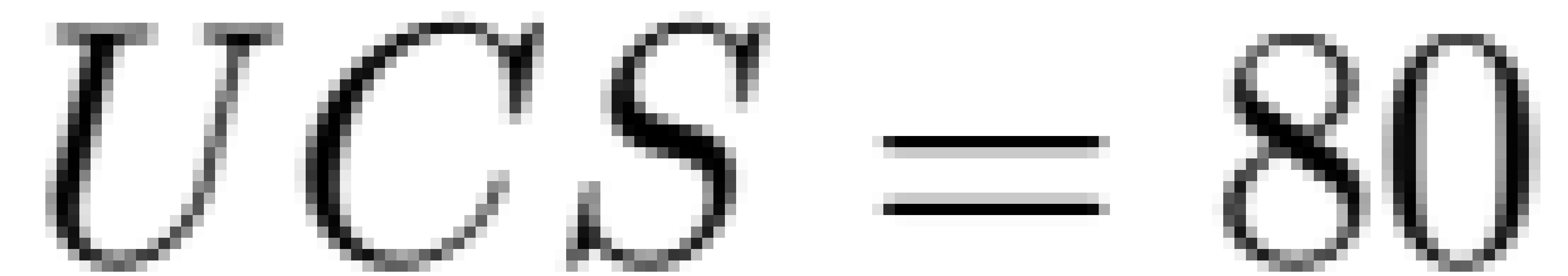




$$\varphi = \arctan \left(\frac{q-1}{2\sqrt{q}} \right)$$







$$\frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_3}{\sigma_1 + \sigma_3} = \frac{520 \text{ MPa}}{110 \text{ MPa}} = 4.73$$

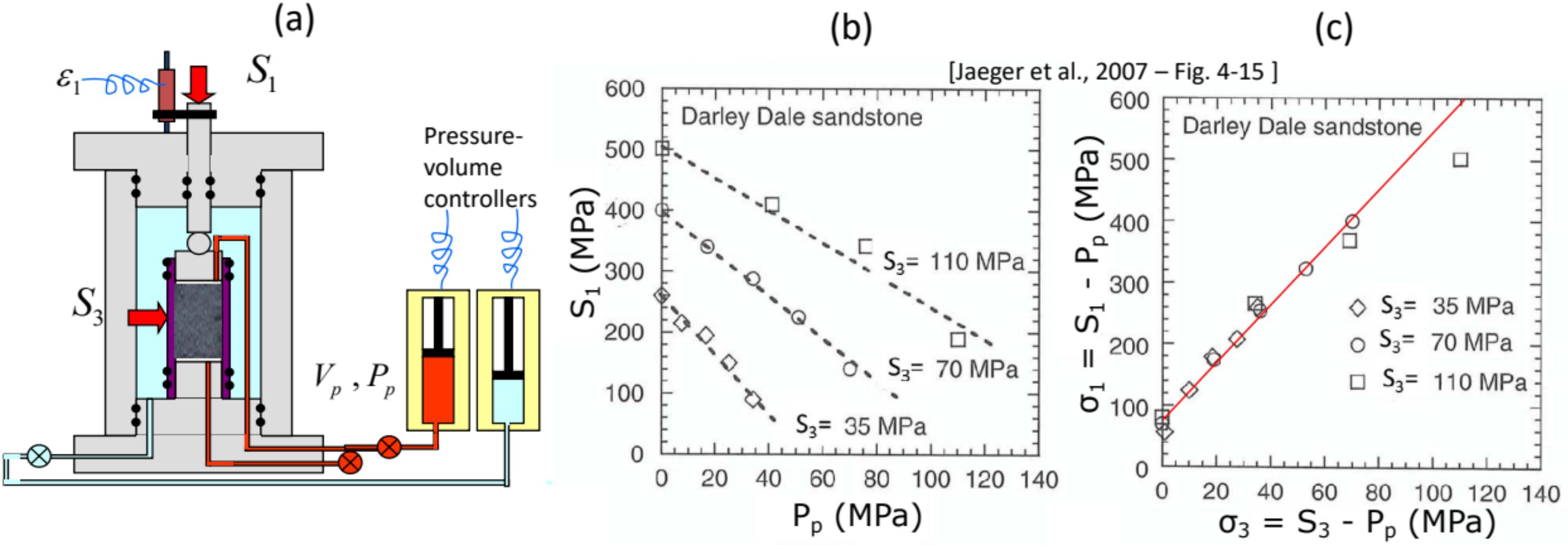
$$\sigma_0 = \frac{U_{CS}}{2q} = \frac{80 \text{ MPa}}{24.73} = 18.4 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\varphi = \arctan \left(\frac{q-1}{2\sqrt{q}} \right) = \arctan \left(\frac{4.73 - 1}{2\sqrt{4.73}} \right) = 40.6^\circ$$

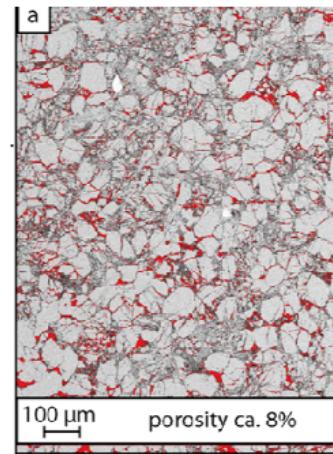
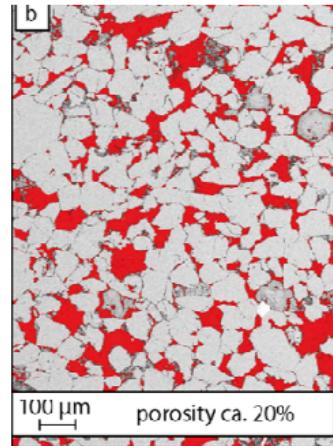
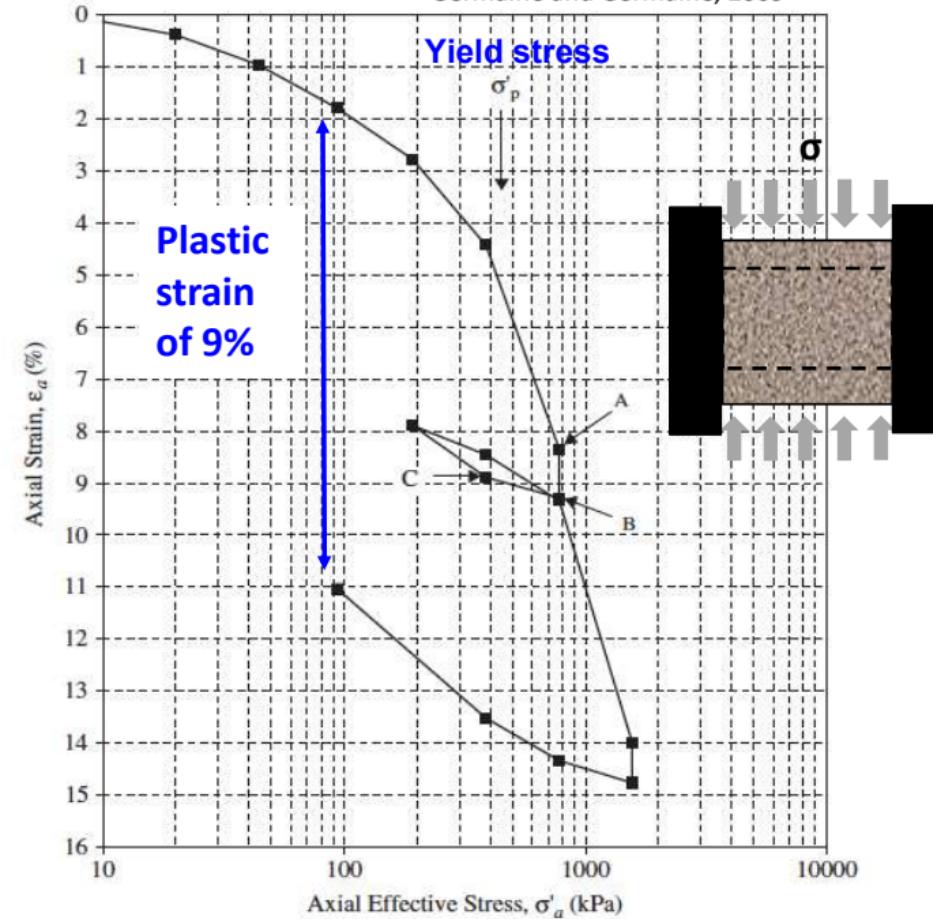


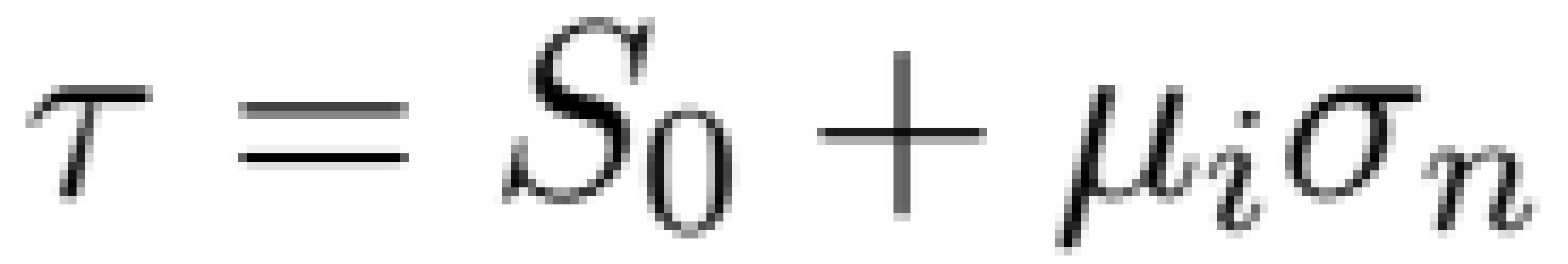


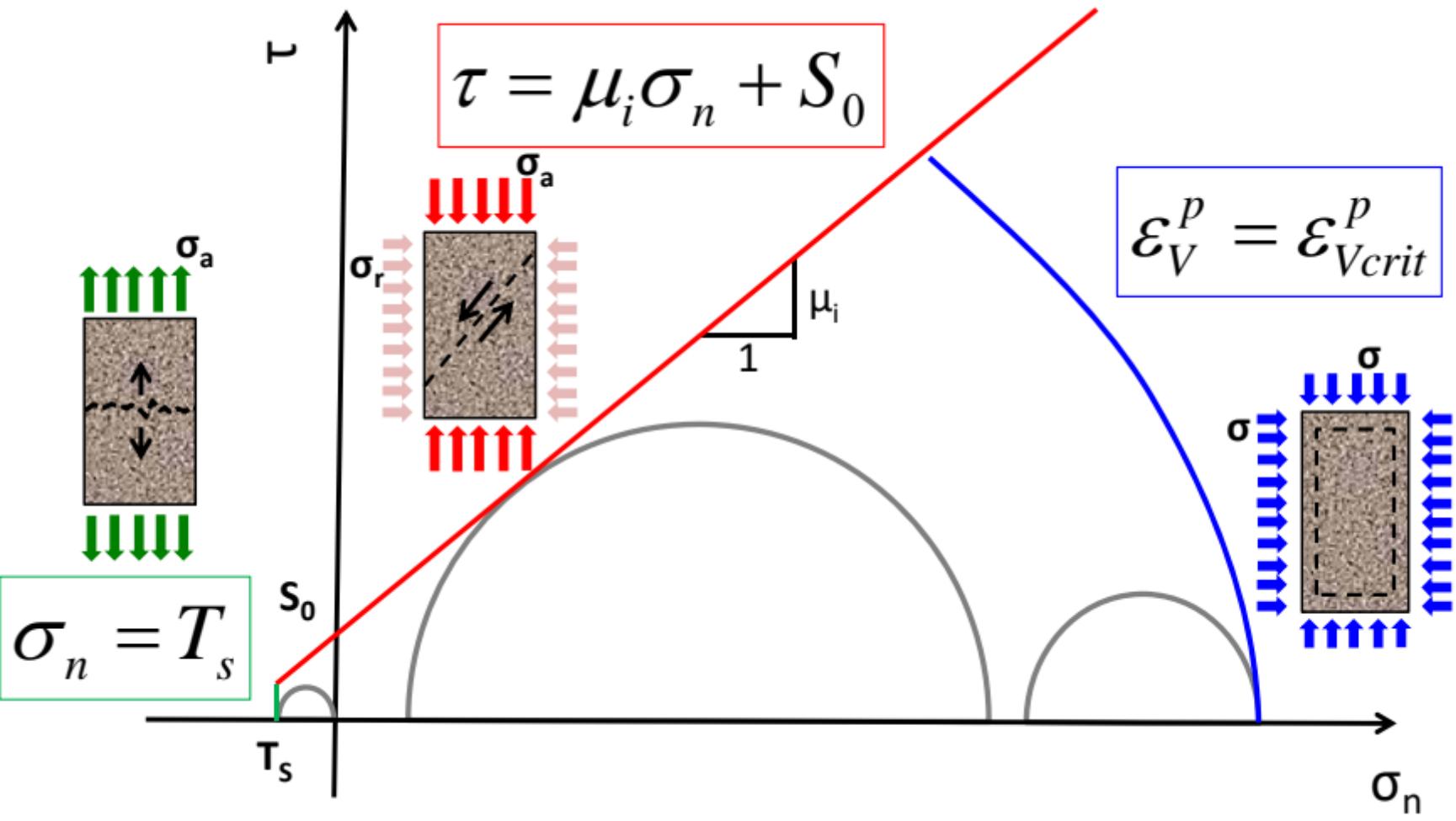


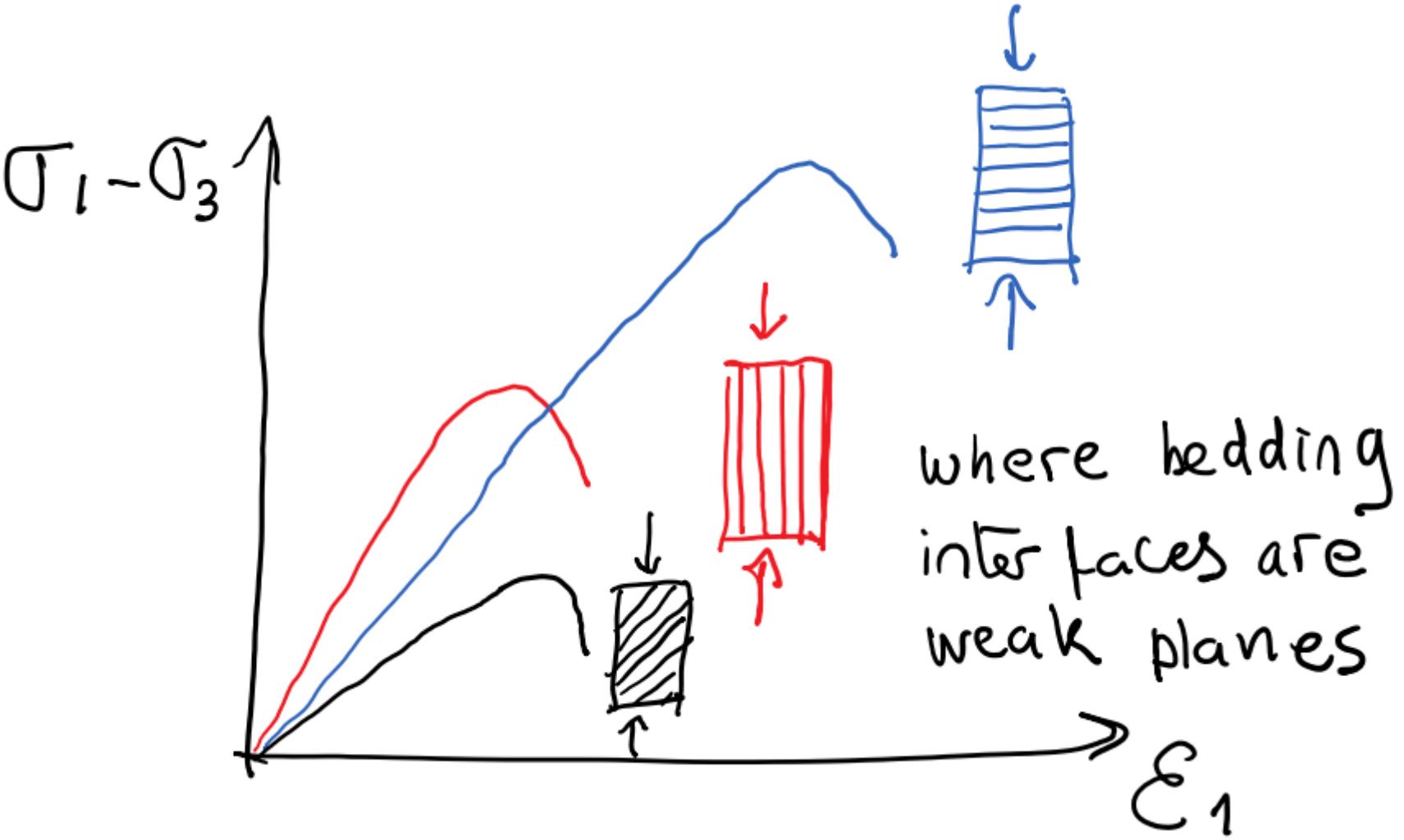


Germaine and Germaine, 2009









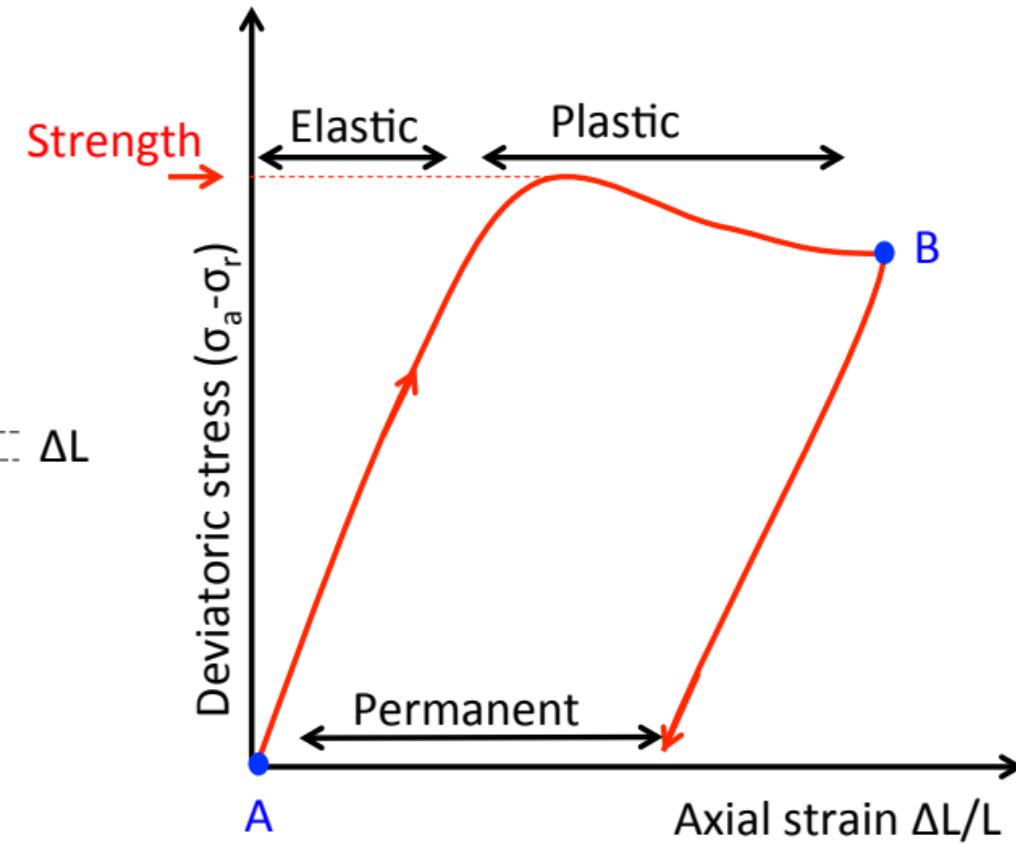
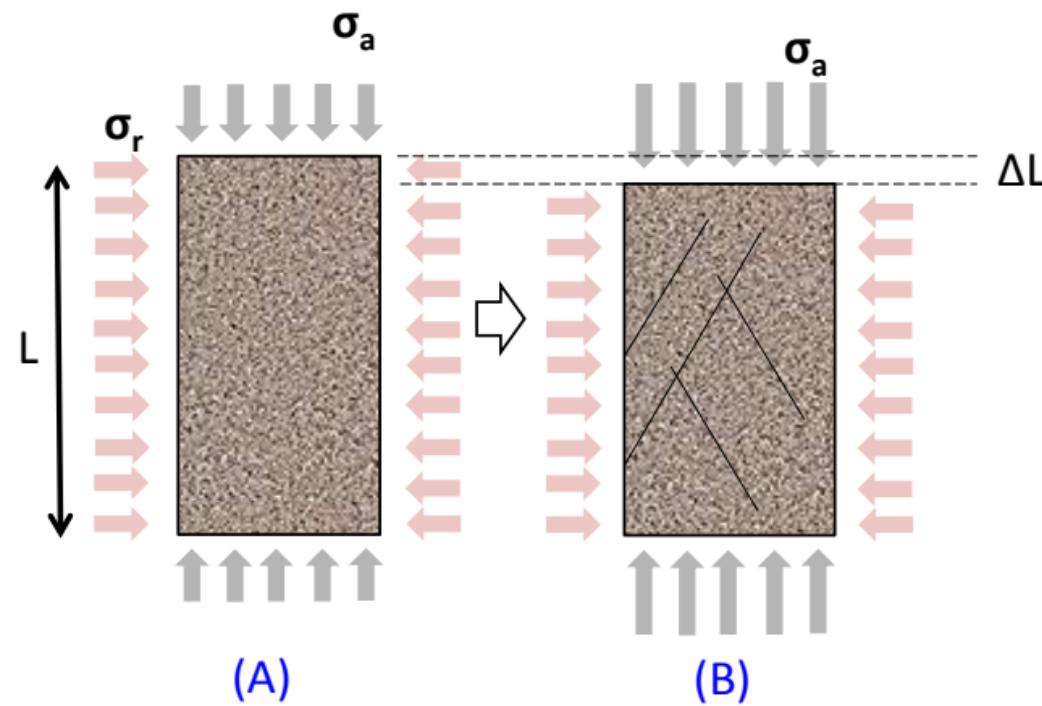
where bedding
interfaces are
weak planes

Rock deformation

Relation strain V.S. stress

Elastic (Young modulus)

Plastic (~Viscosity)





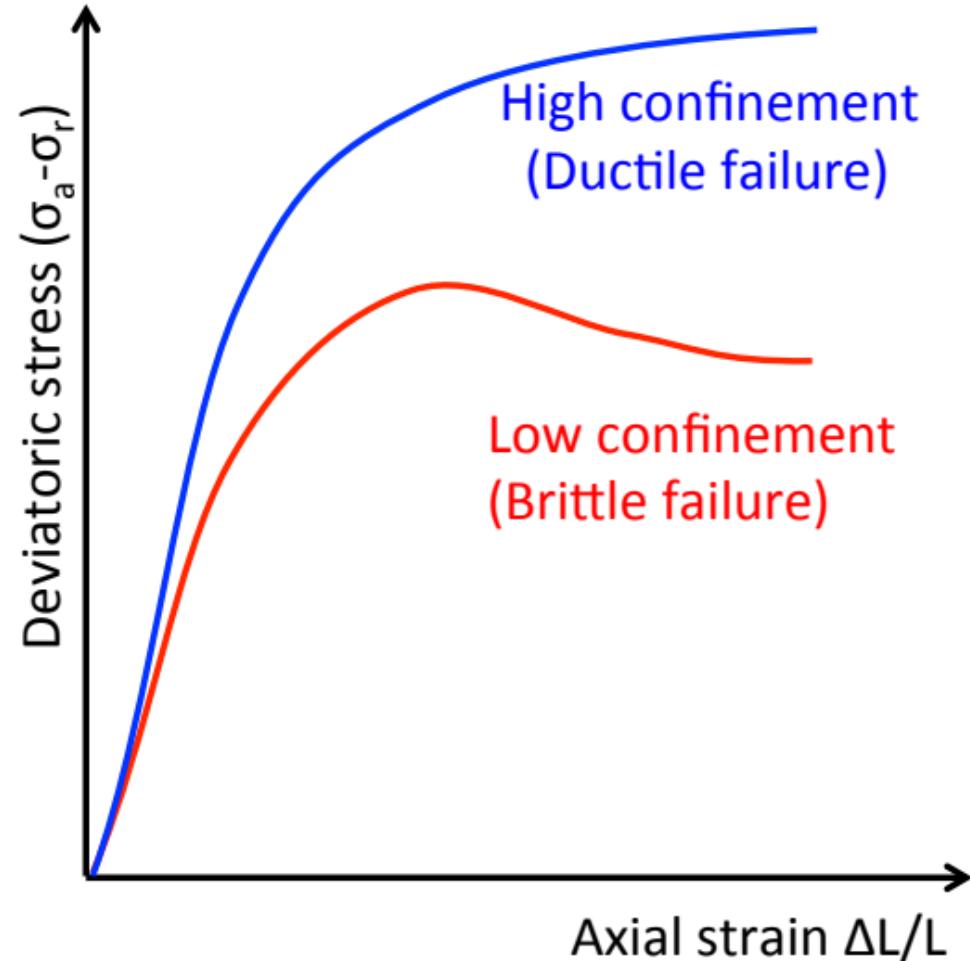
a. This is an undeformed cylinder of rock.



b. This cylinder was subjected to high confining pressure (uniform in all directions) and, at the same time, compression from above. It deformed in a ductile manner, becoming shorter and fatter.



c. An identical cylinder was subjected to the same amount of compression from above, but this time with a lower confining pressure. It deformed in a brittle manner, with many large fractures.



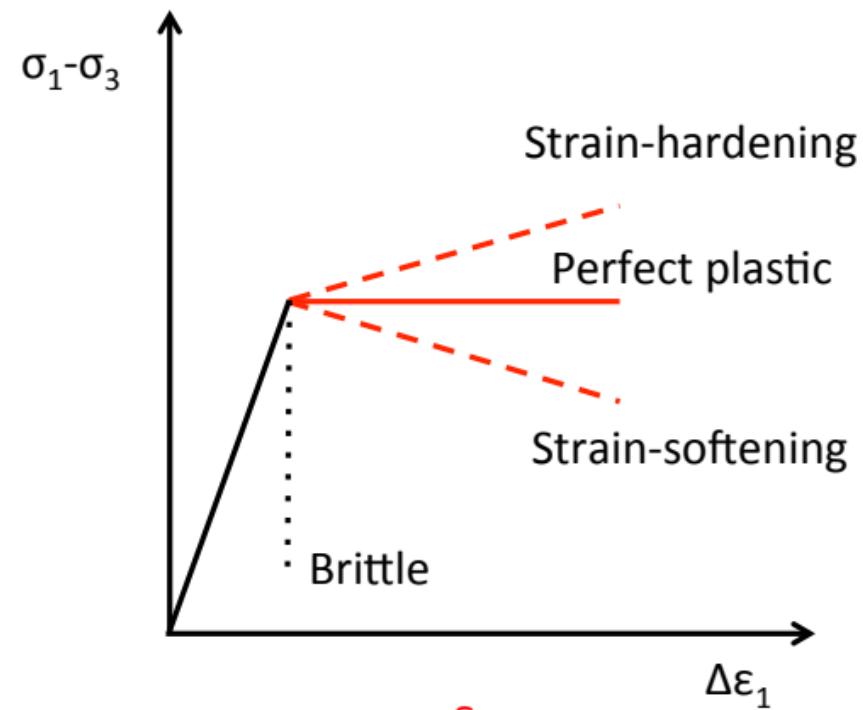
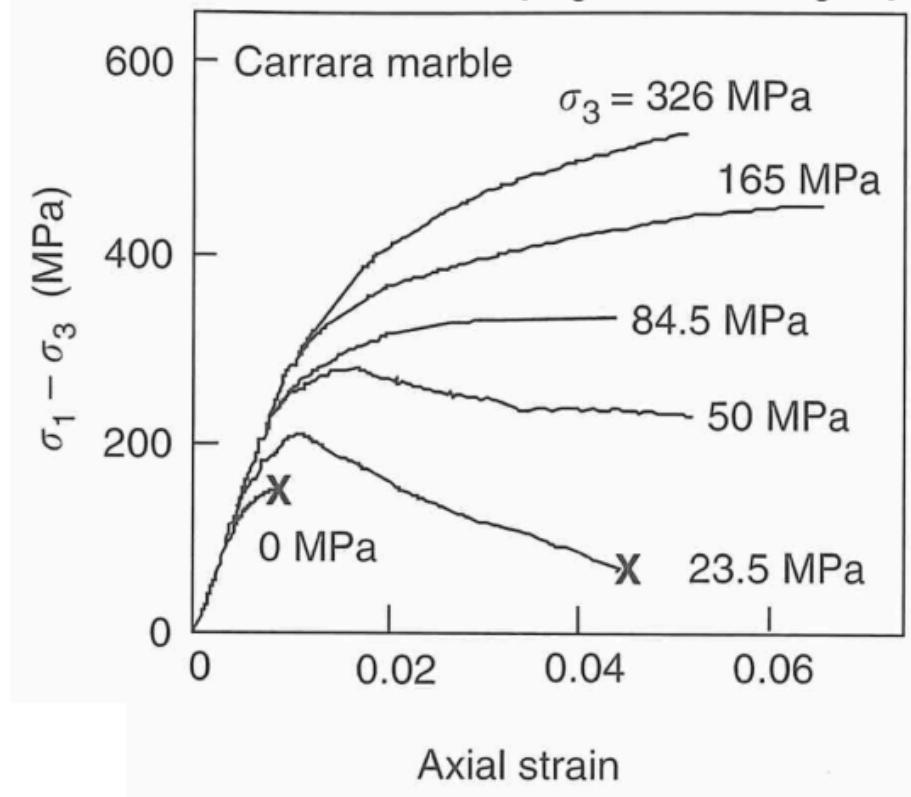








[Jaeger et al. 2007 – Fig. 4.5]

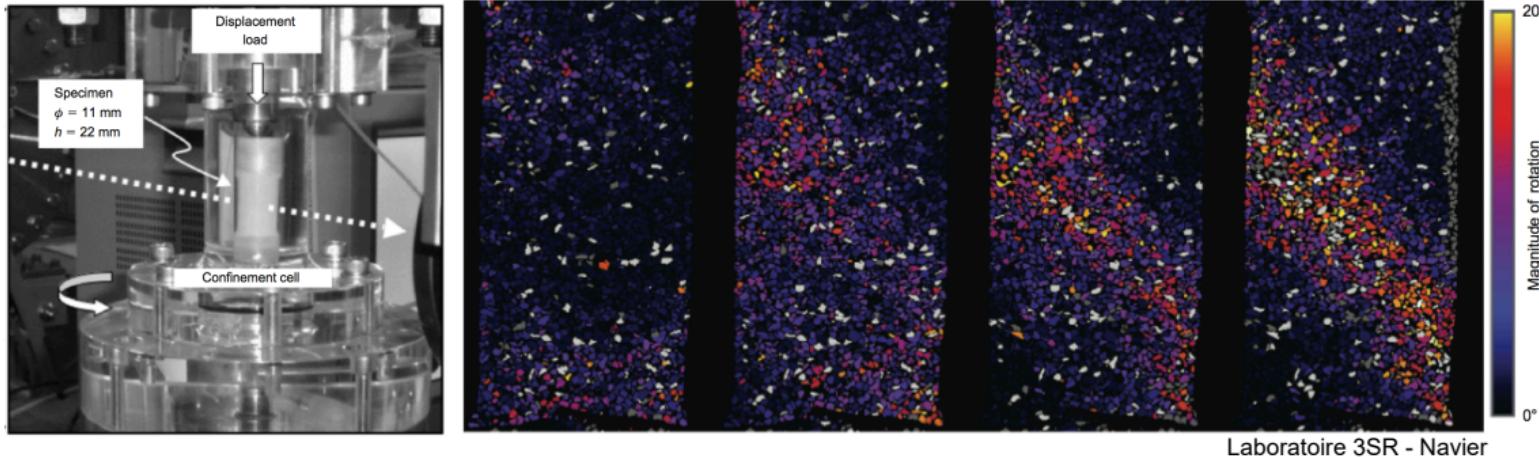


$$\varepsilon_T = \varepsilon_e + \varepsilon_p$$

$$\Delta\sigma = C \Delta\varepsilon$$

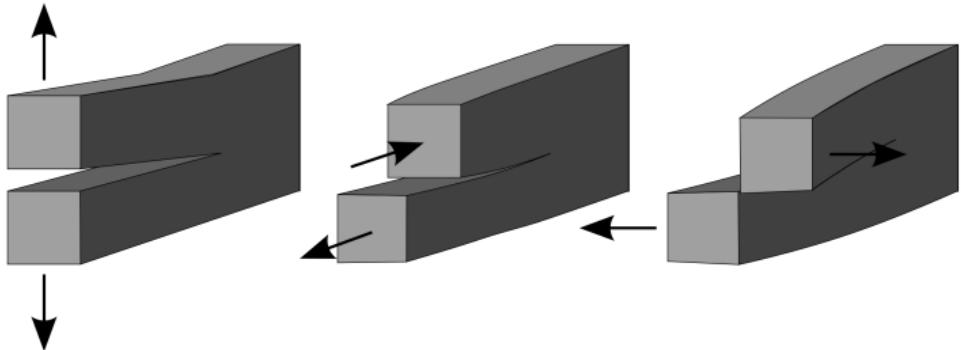
$$\Delta\sigma = C_p \Delta\varepsilon_p$$

(a) Uncemented or poorly cemented rock → grain friction, dilation, grain crushing/rotation



Laboratoire 3SR - Navier

(b) Cemented rock → Propagation of microfractures, grain friction/crushing



Stress intensification at
the tip of fractures

Propagation starts at
fracture tips

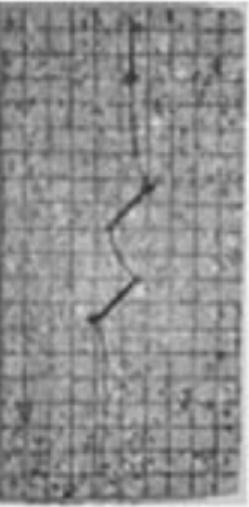
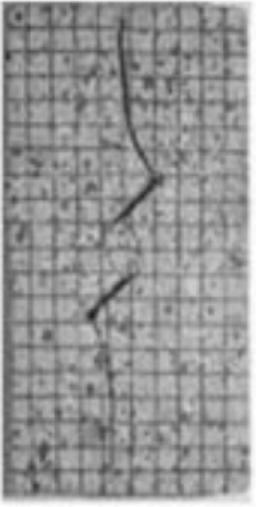
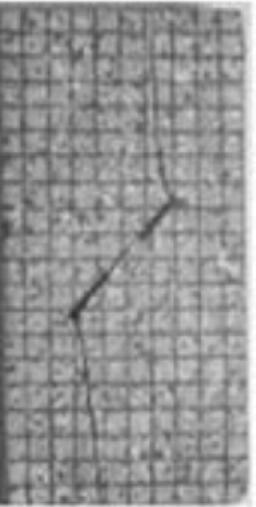
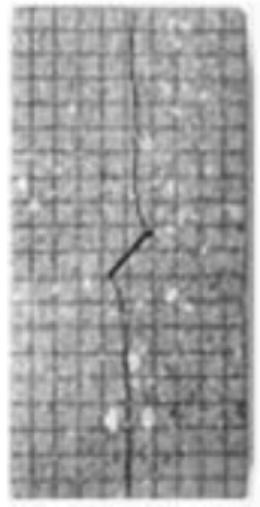
Mode I:
Opening

Mode II:
In-plane shear

Mode III:
Out-of-plane shear

Napolitan Tuffo

[Hall et al. 2006 – Pure Appl. Geophys.]

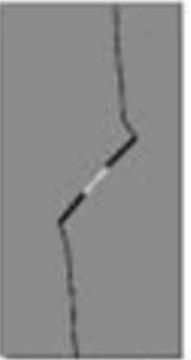


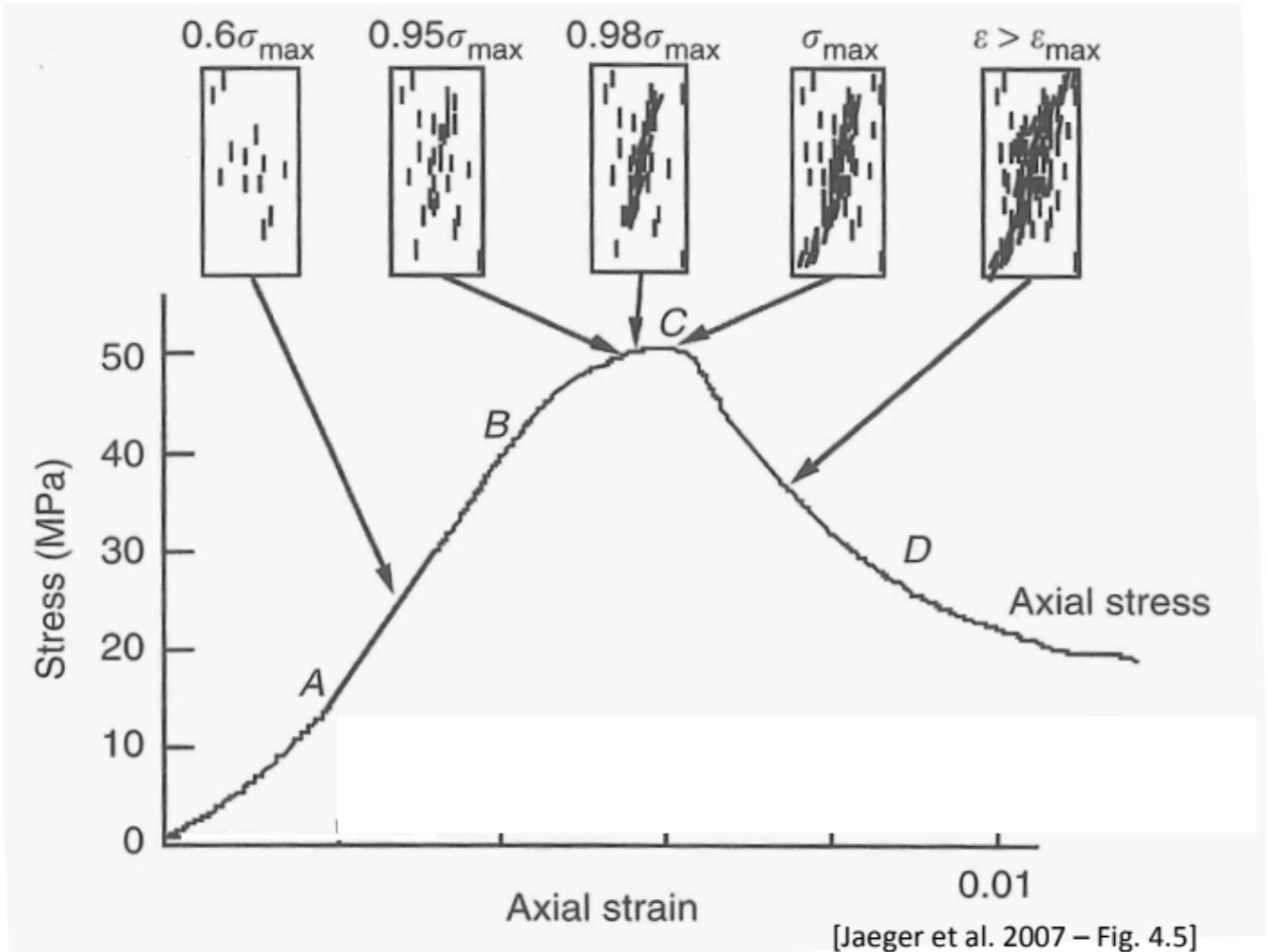
Single flaw

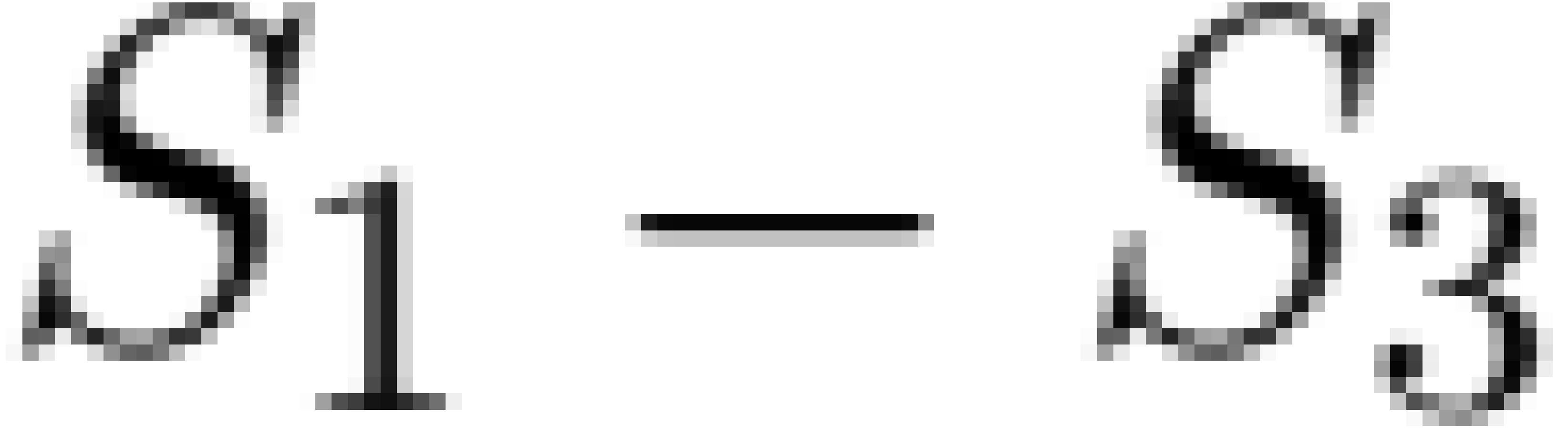
$\beta=45^\circ$

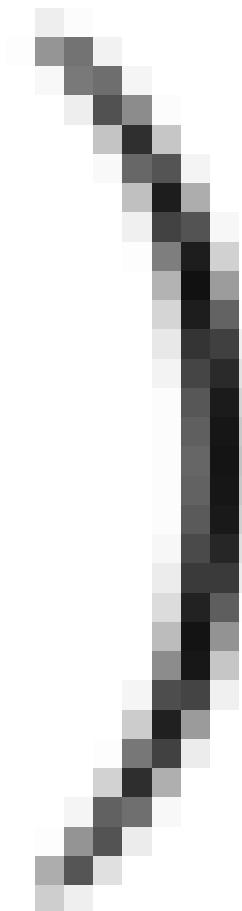
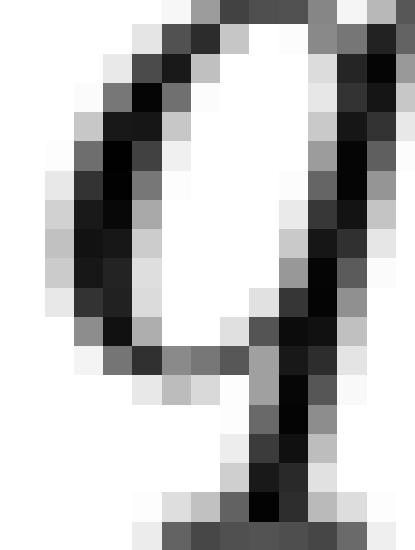
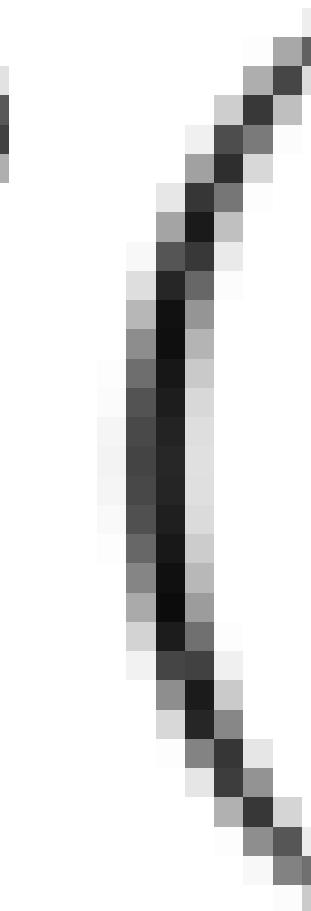
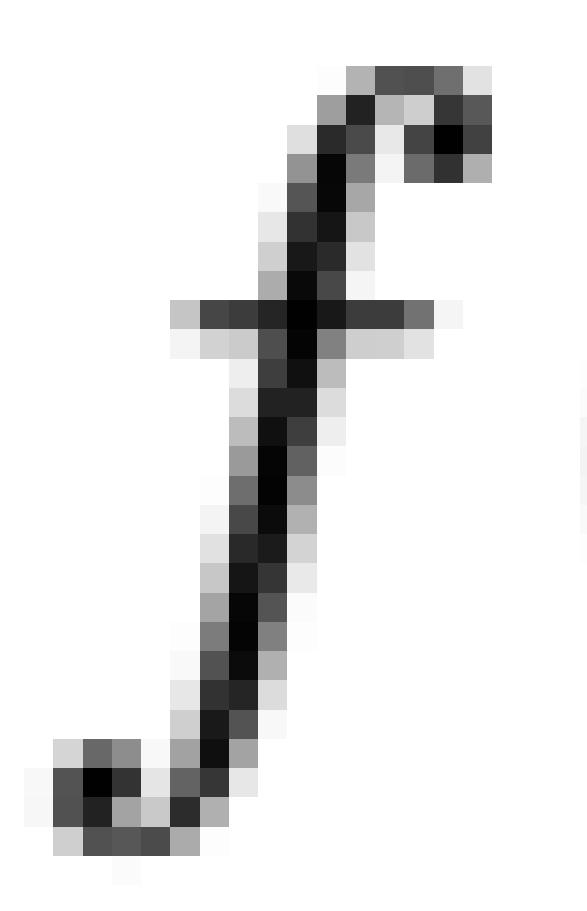
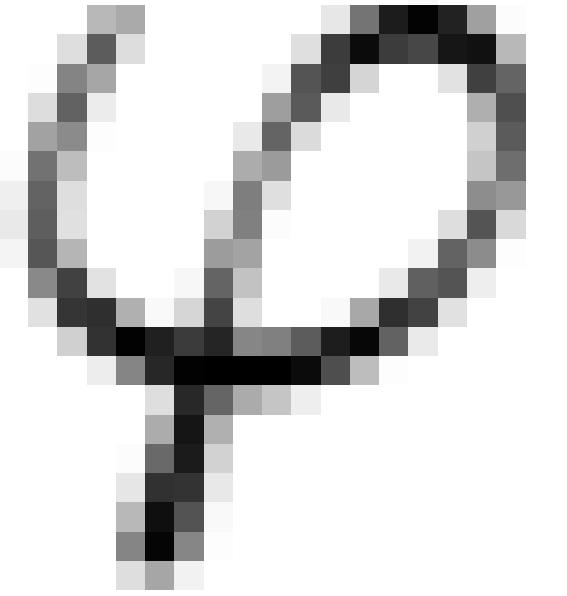
$\beta=105^\circ$

$\beta=120^\circ$

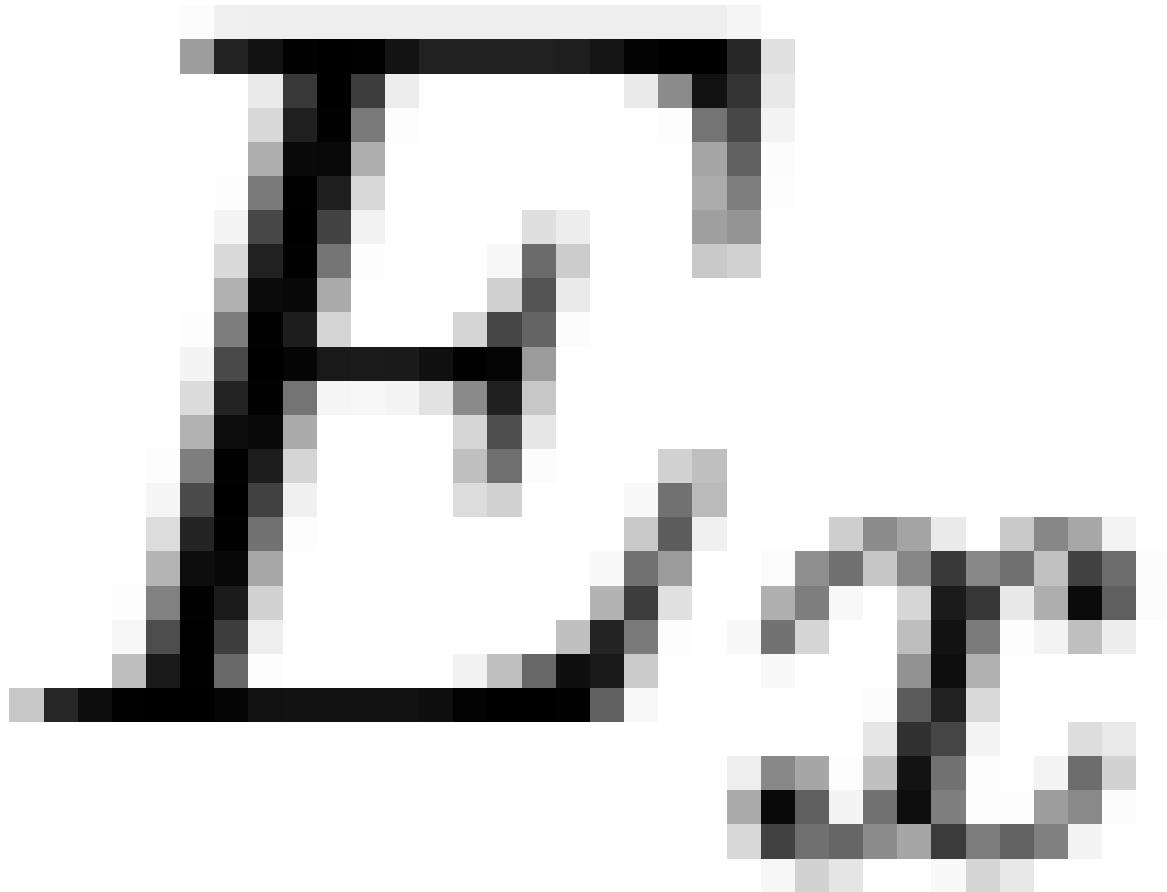




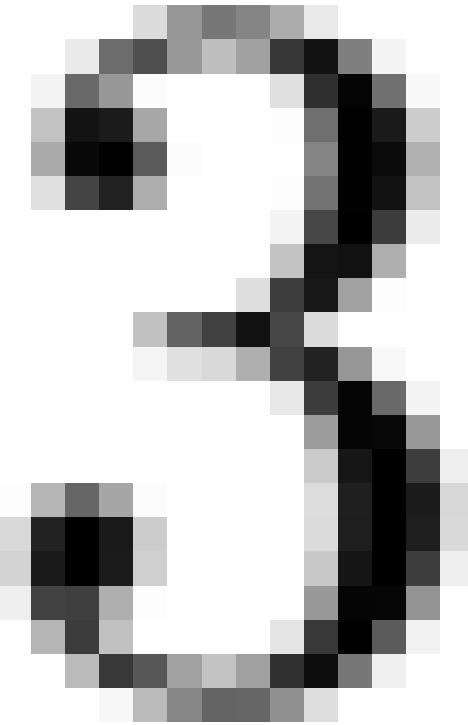
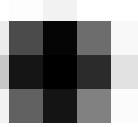
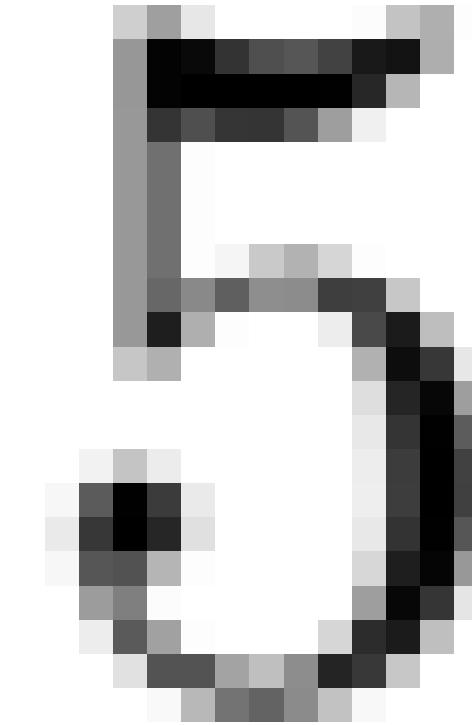
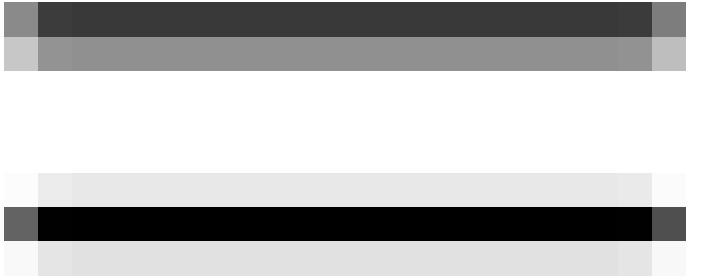
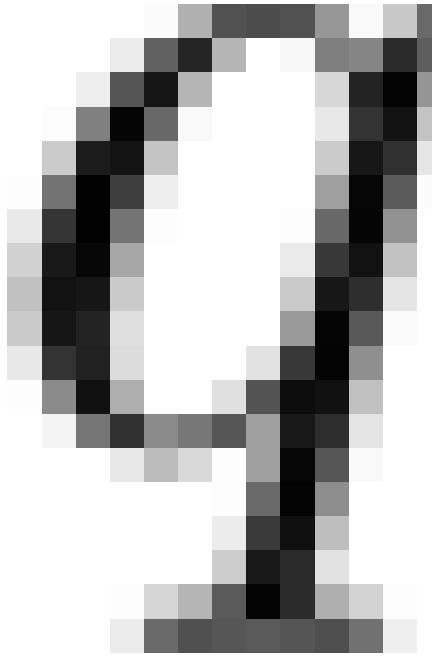


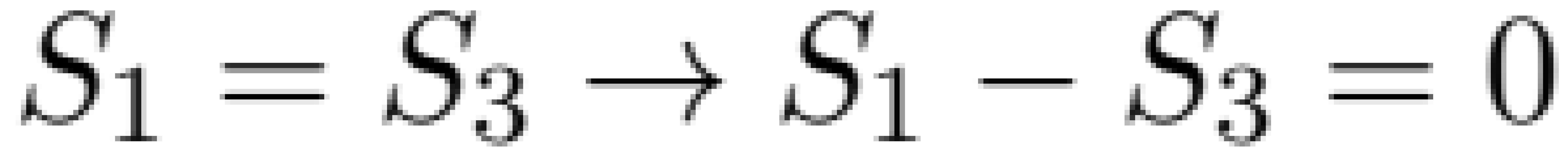


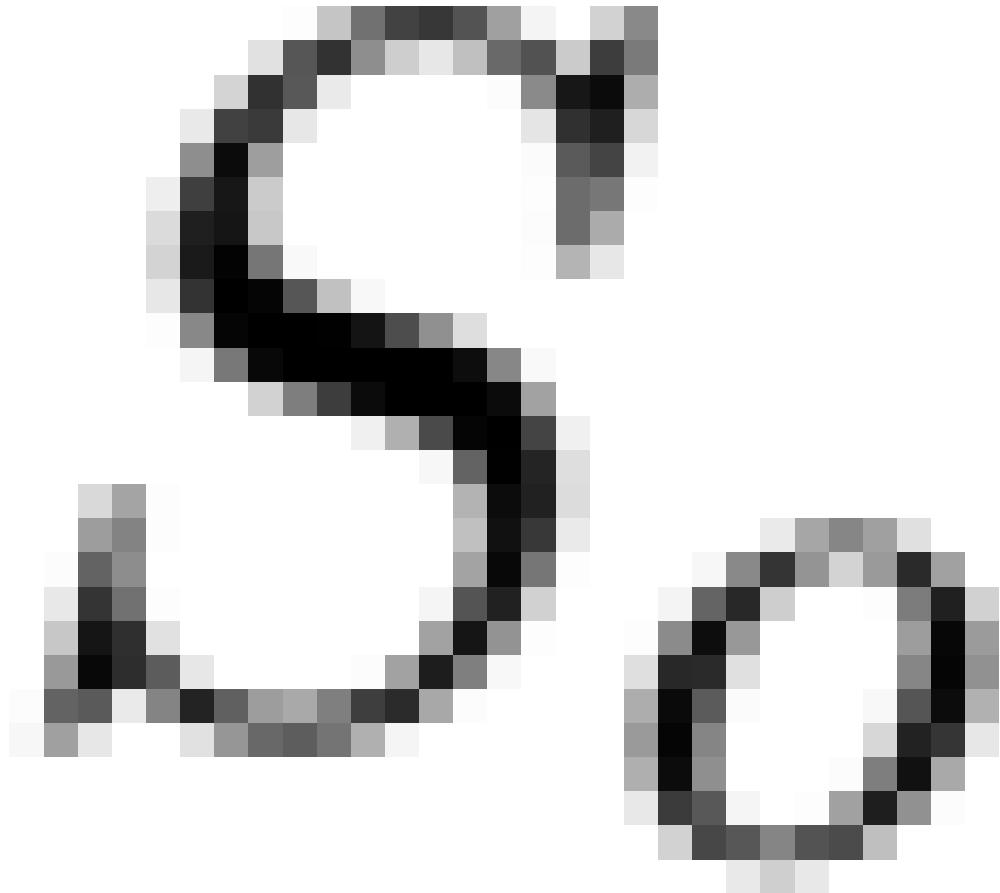














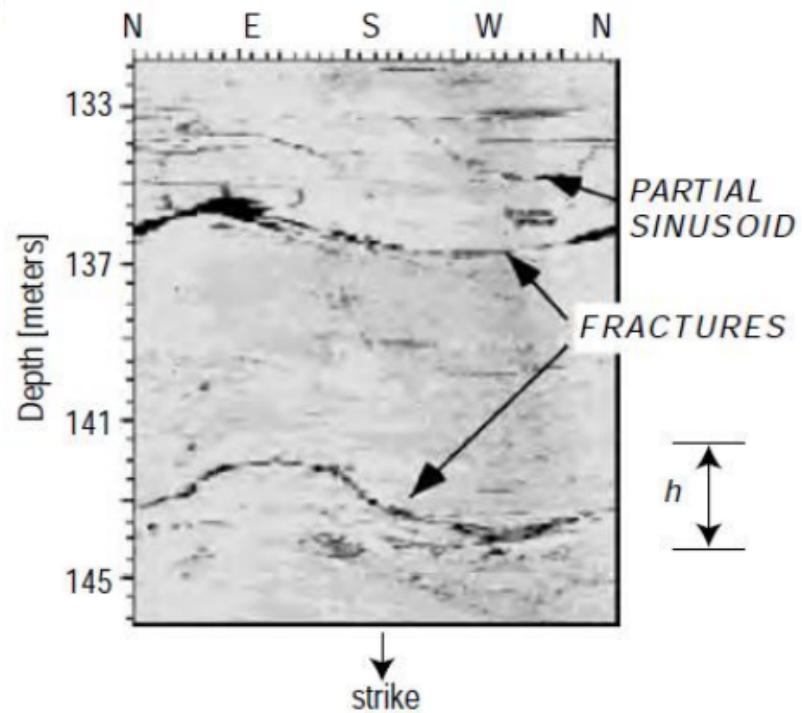
Outcrop of a normal fault in Split Mountain gorge

<http://geology.csupomona.edu/janourse/TectonicsFieldTrips.htm>

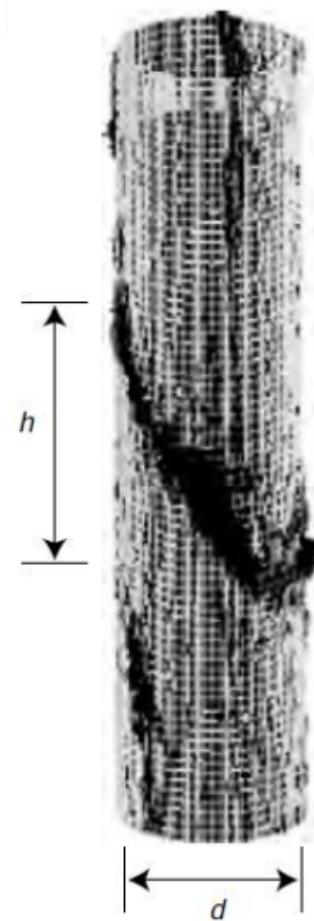


Outcrop of a normal faults on the footwall of the
Moab Fault in front of the entry of Arches National Park, Utah
(Photo: DNE. <https://bit.ly/2UDwiEt>)

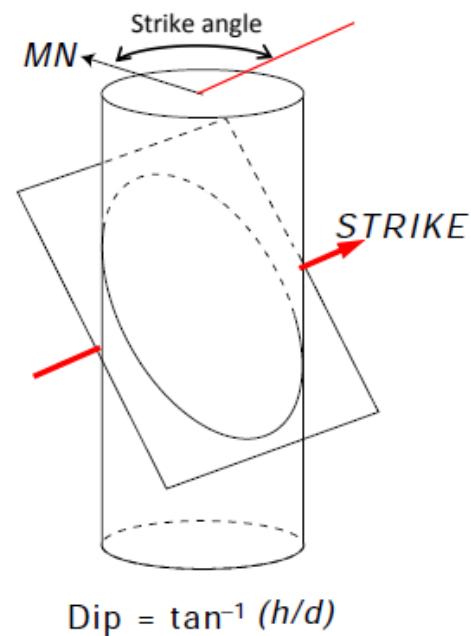
**(a) Un-wrapped image
(ultrasonic)**



(b) 3D-representation



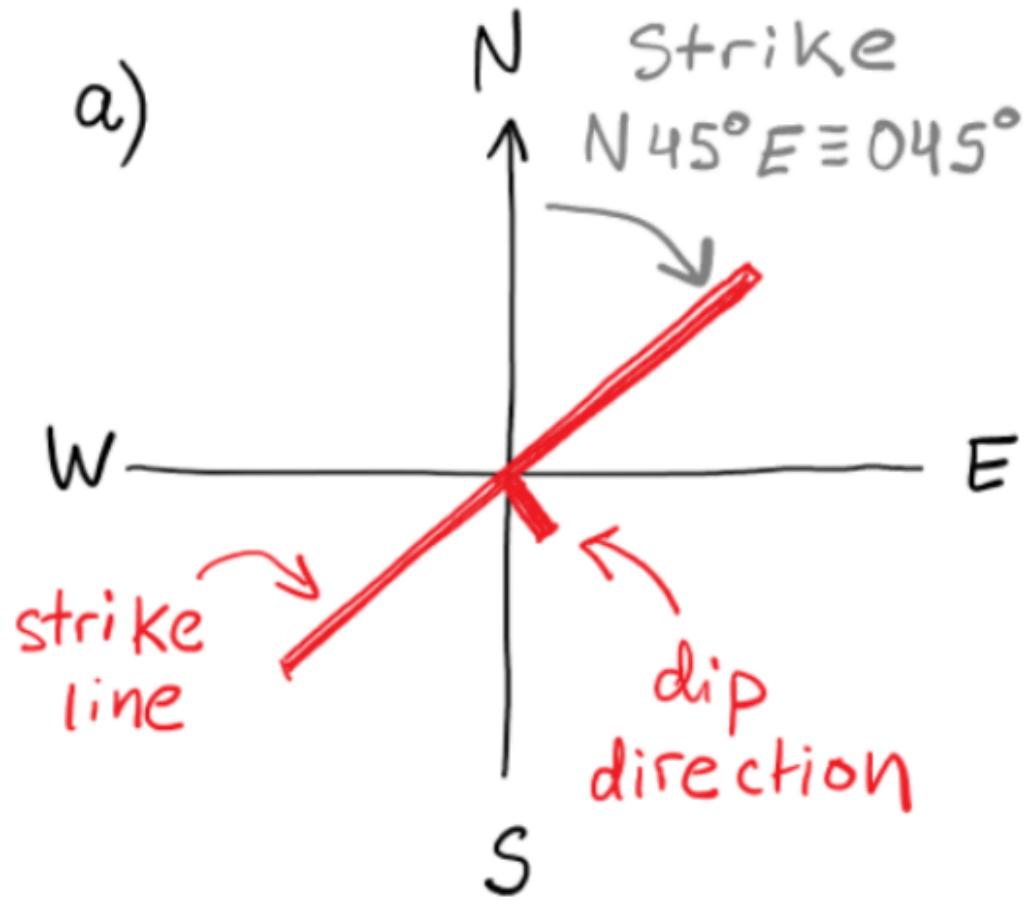
(c) Interpretation



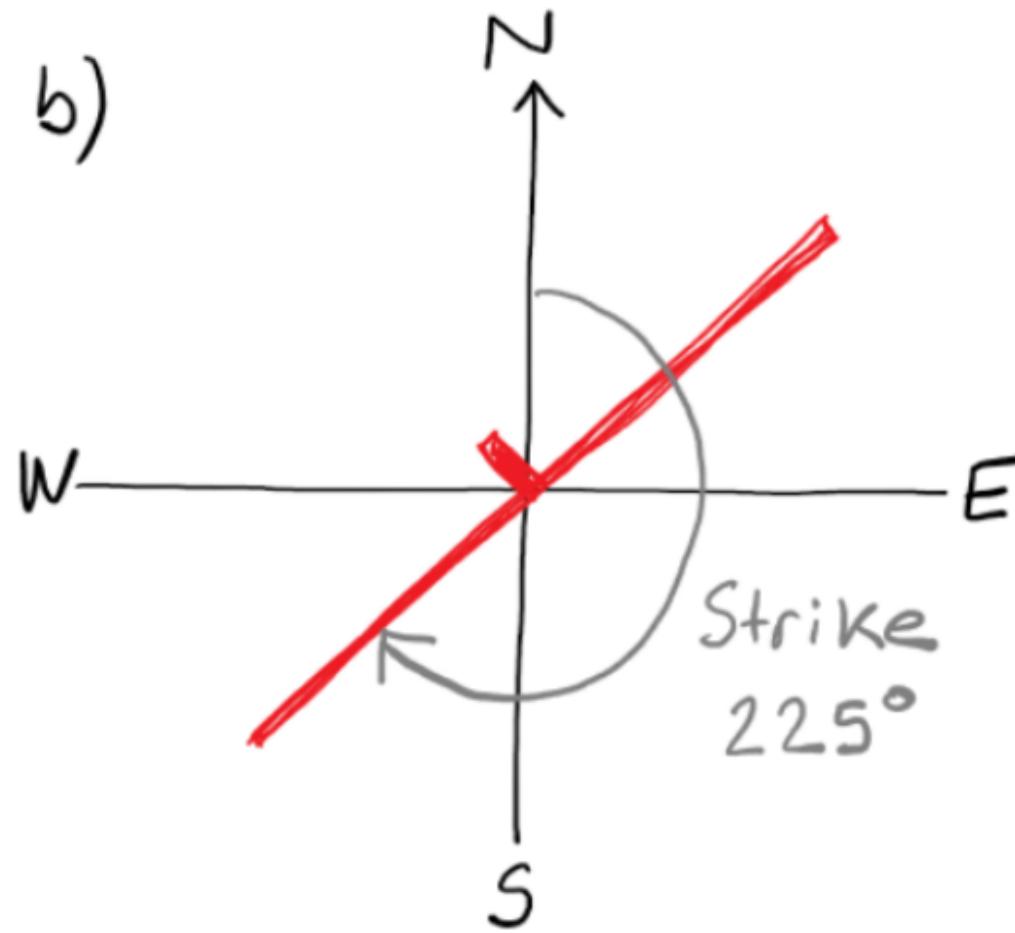
[Zoback 2013 - Figure 5.3]



a)

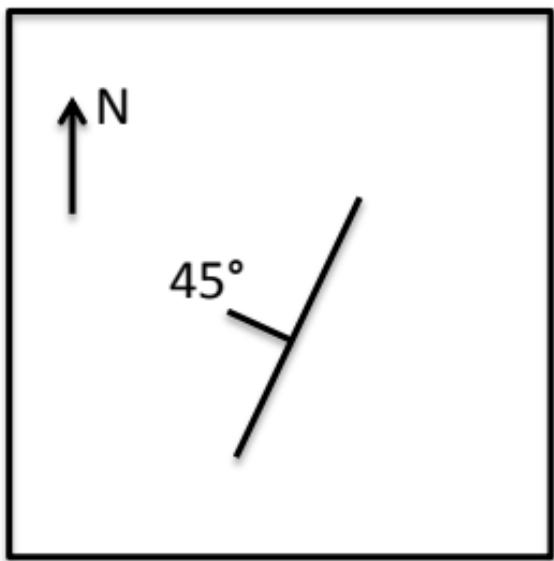


b)

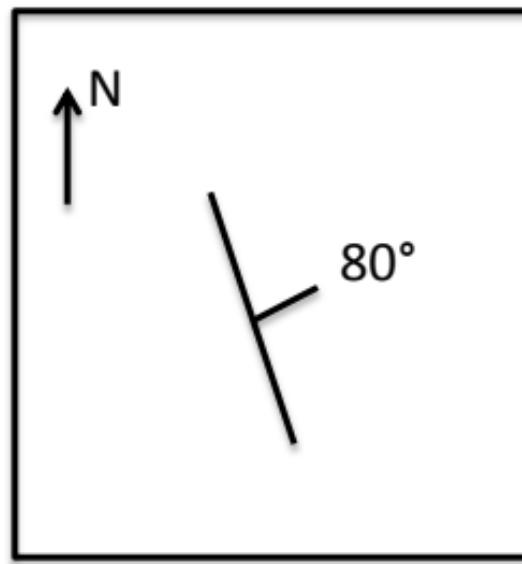


Geologic map

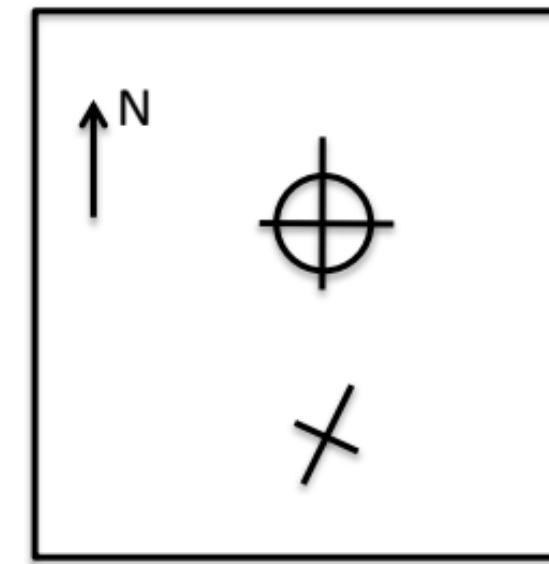
Figure from Prof. Prodanovic



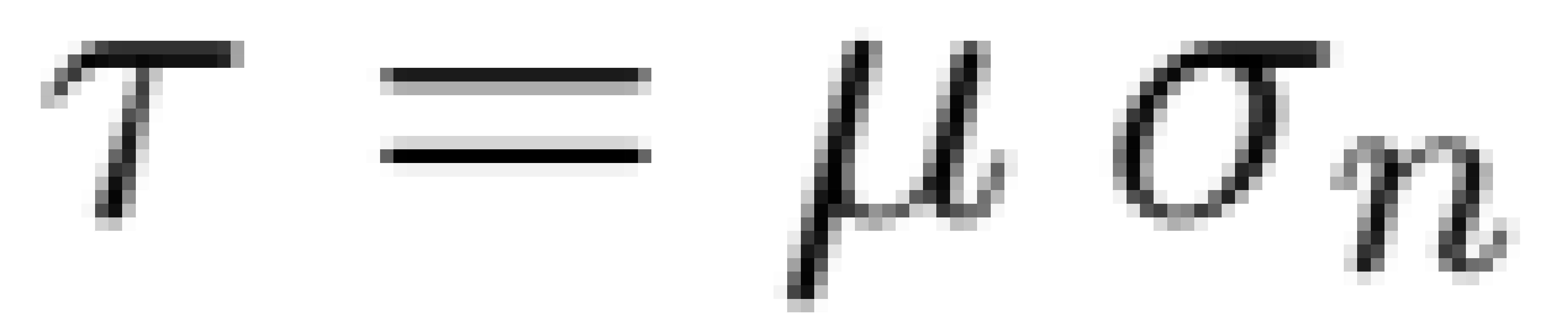
a)
 $N30^\circ E, 45^\circ NW$
or
 $030^\circ, 45^\circ NW$

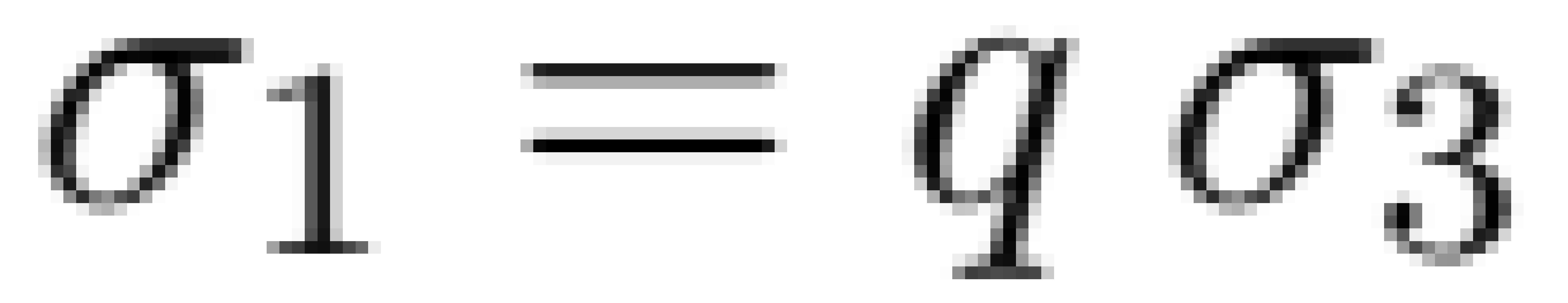


b)
 $N10^\circ W, 80^\circ NE$
or
 $350^\circ, 80^\circ NE$

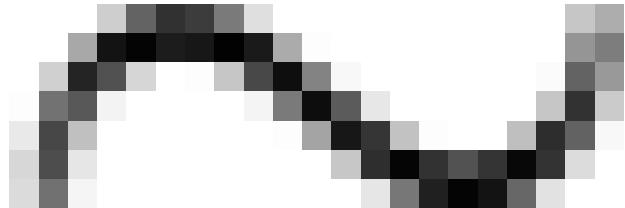
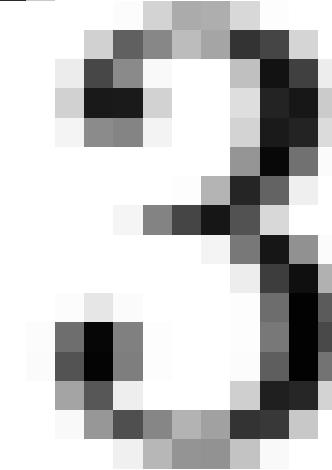
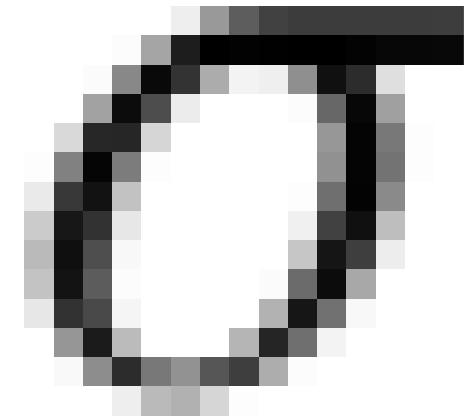
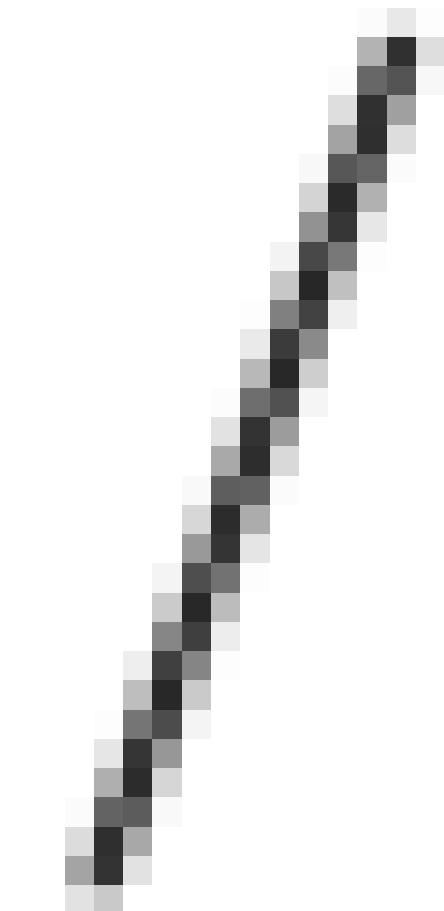
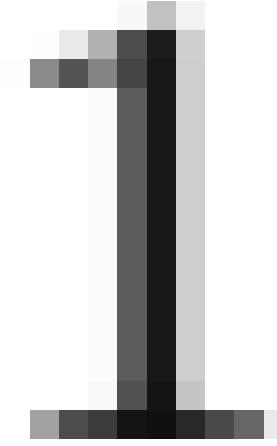
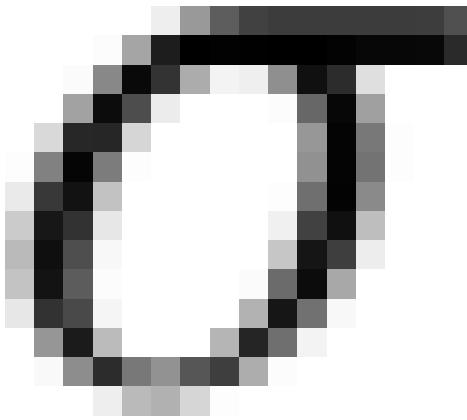


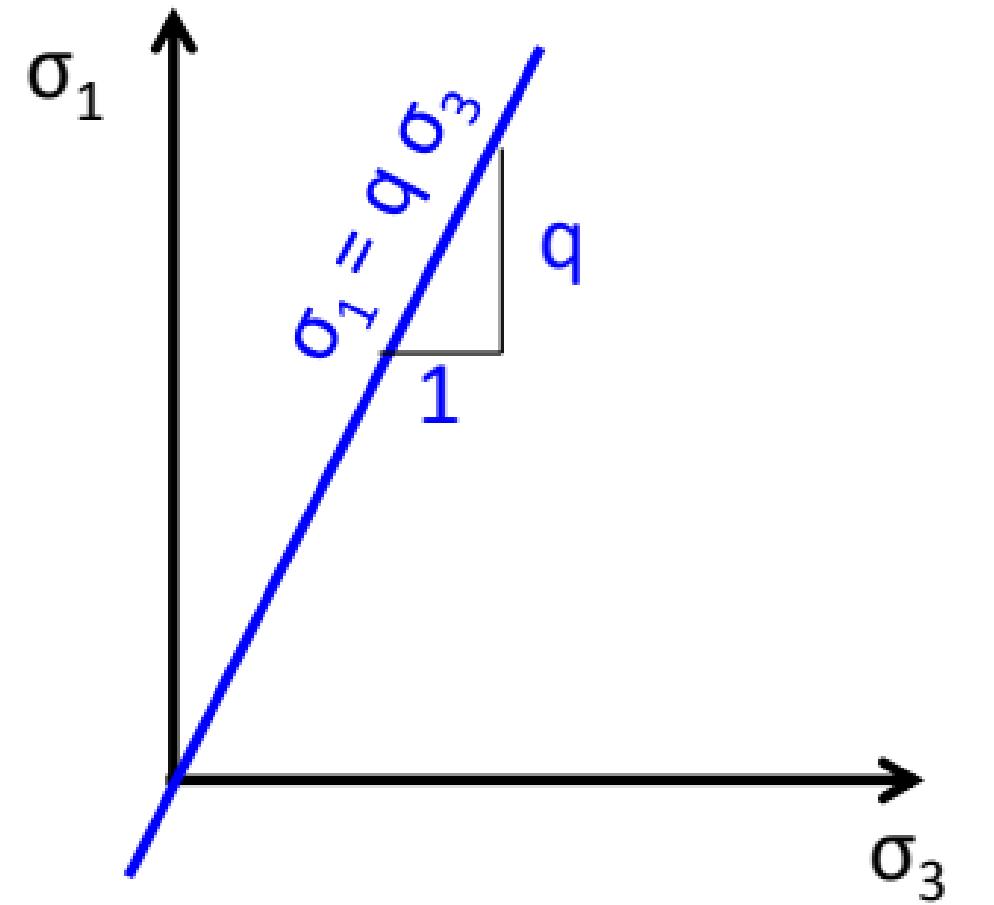
c)
Symbols for
horizontal plane
and vertical plane

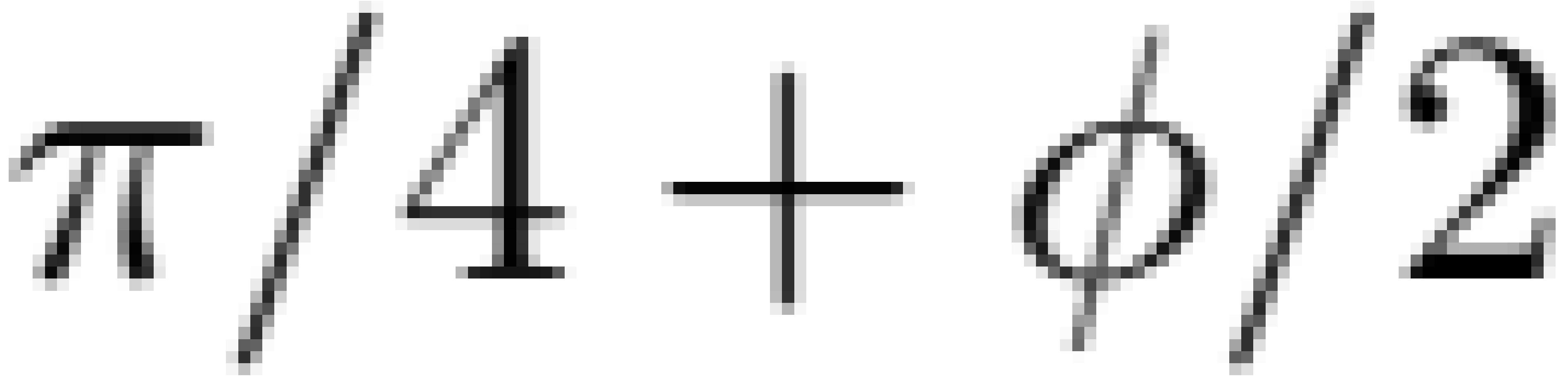


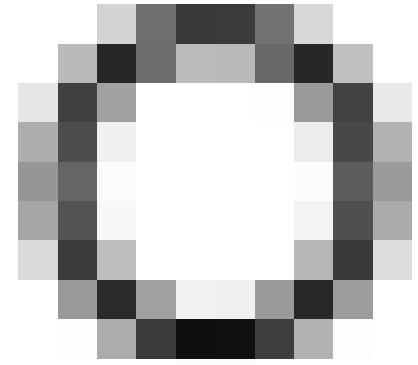
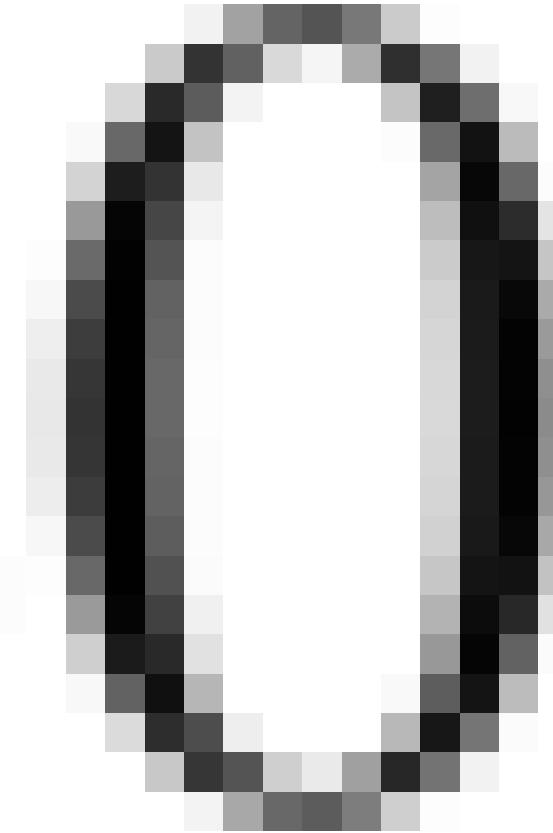
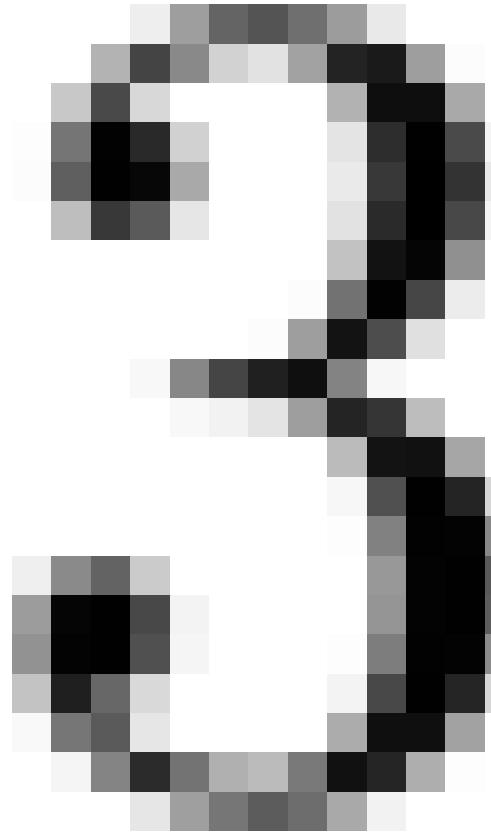
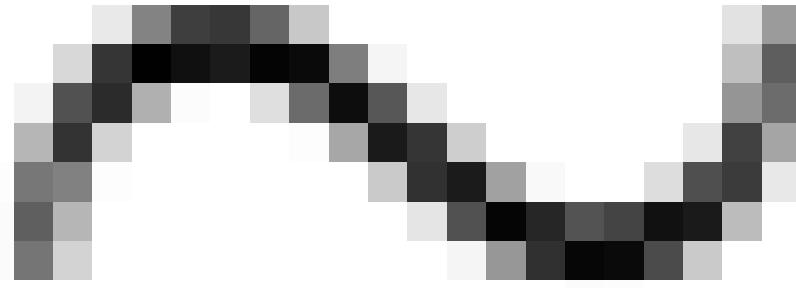


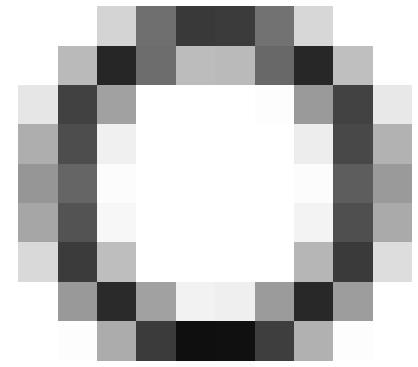
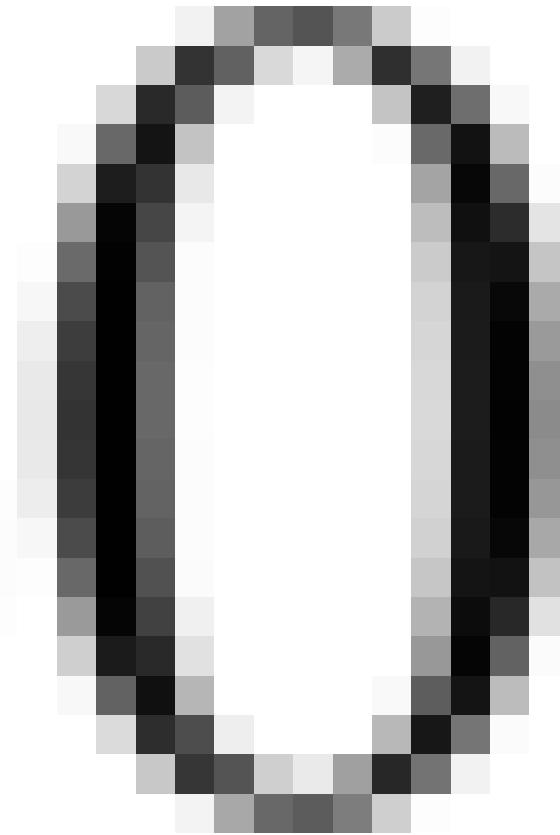
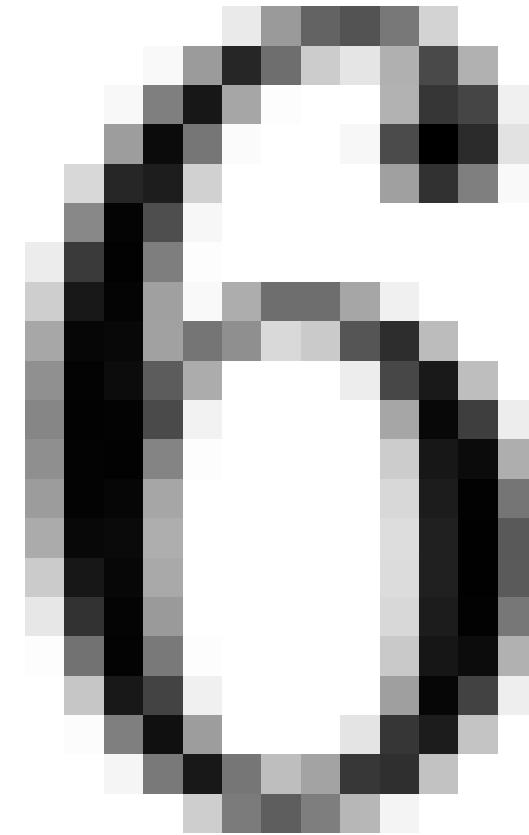
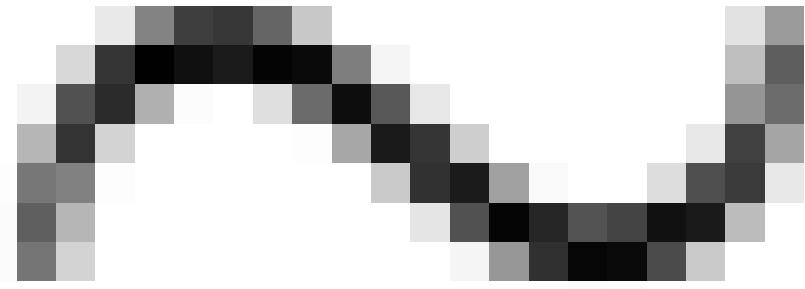
$$q = \sqrt{\mu^2 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{\mu^2 + \sin(\varphi)}}}$$

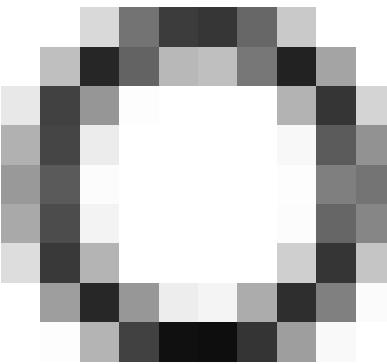
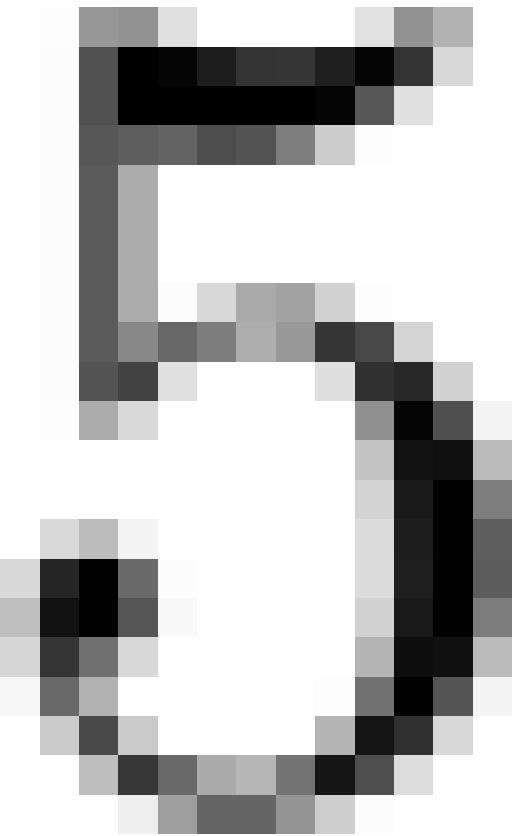
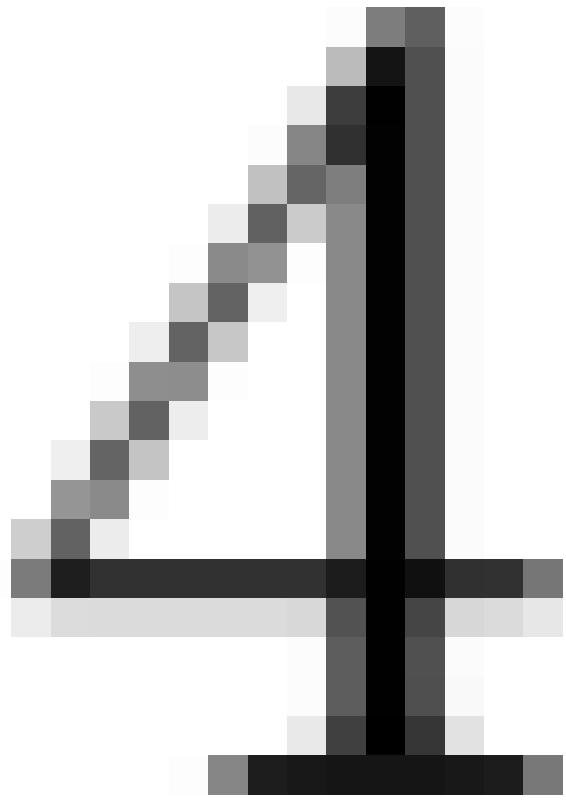


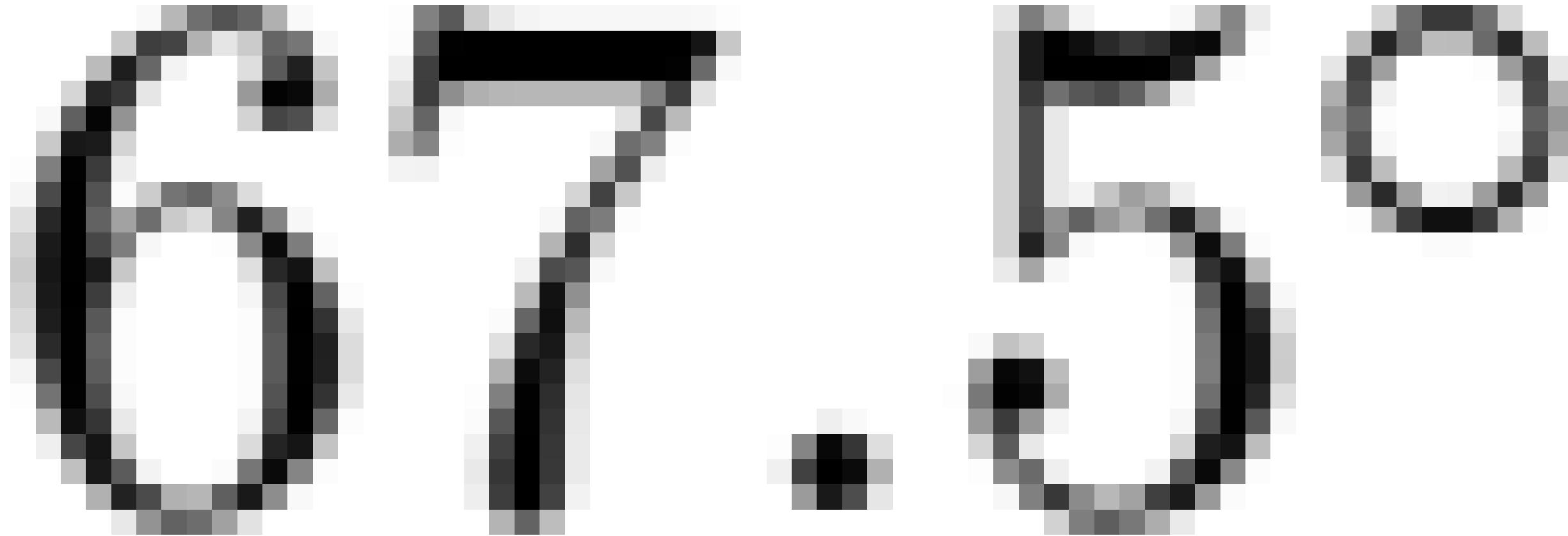


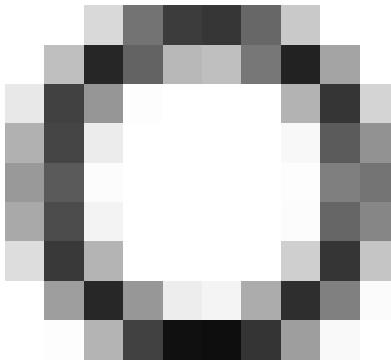
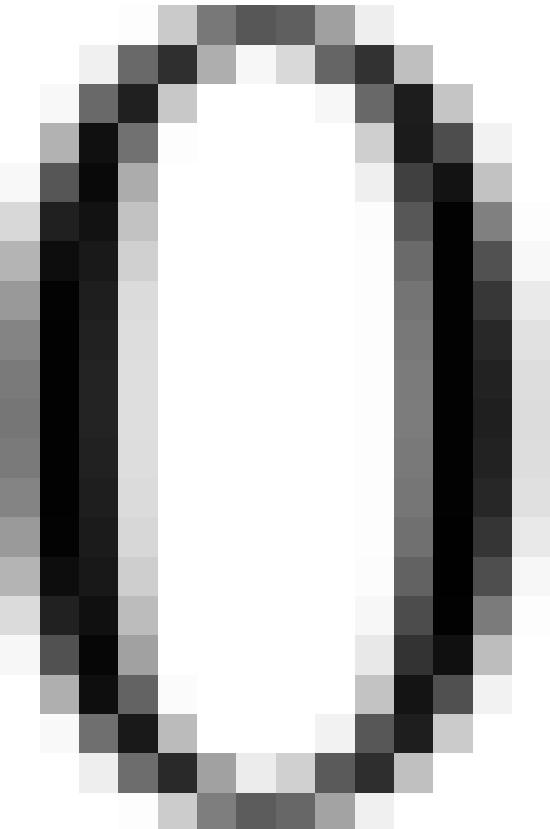
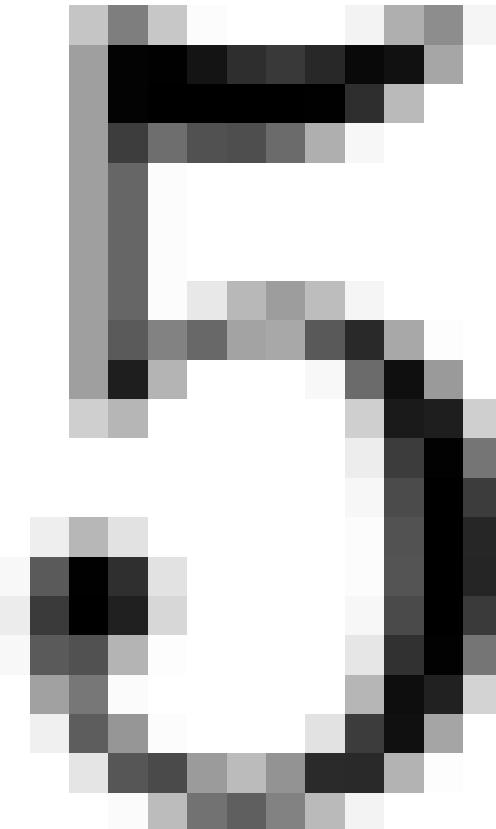


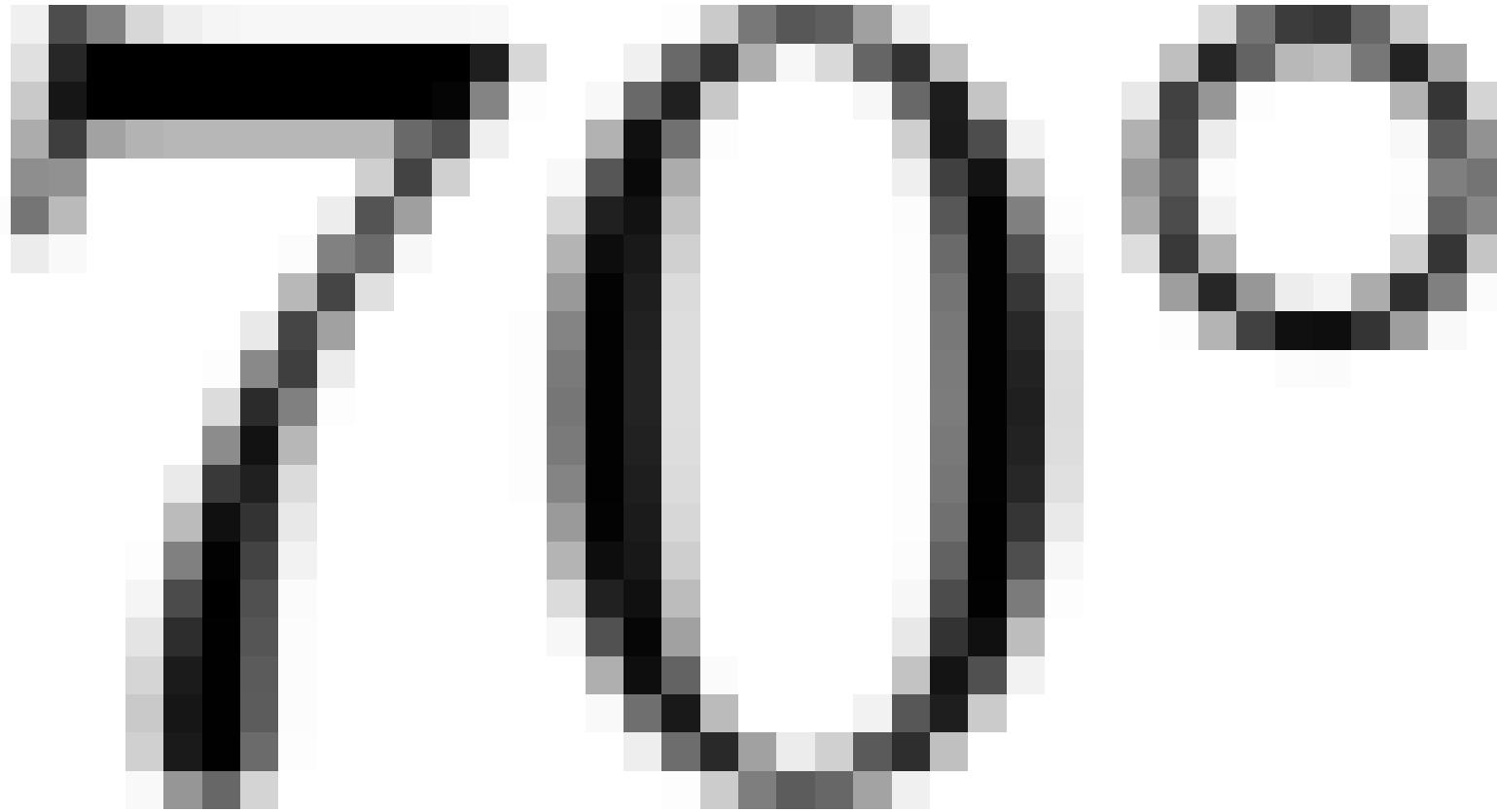
















$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} S_1 = S_v \\ S_2 = S_{Hmax} \\ S_3 = S_{hmin} \end{array} \right.$$



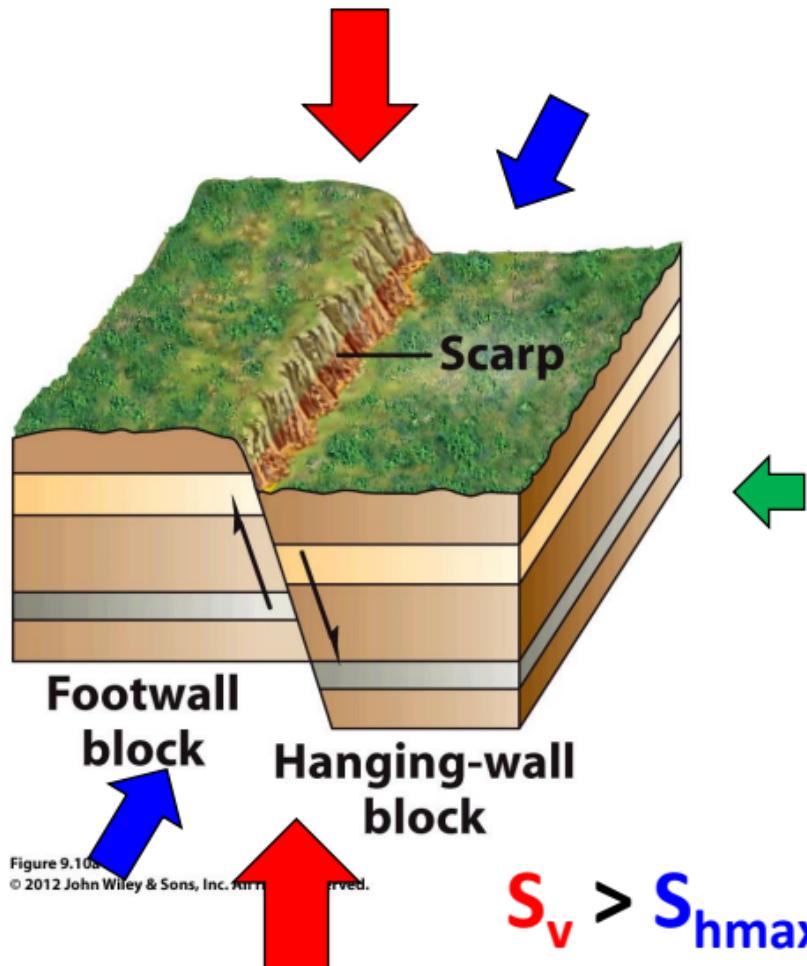
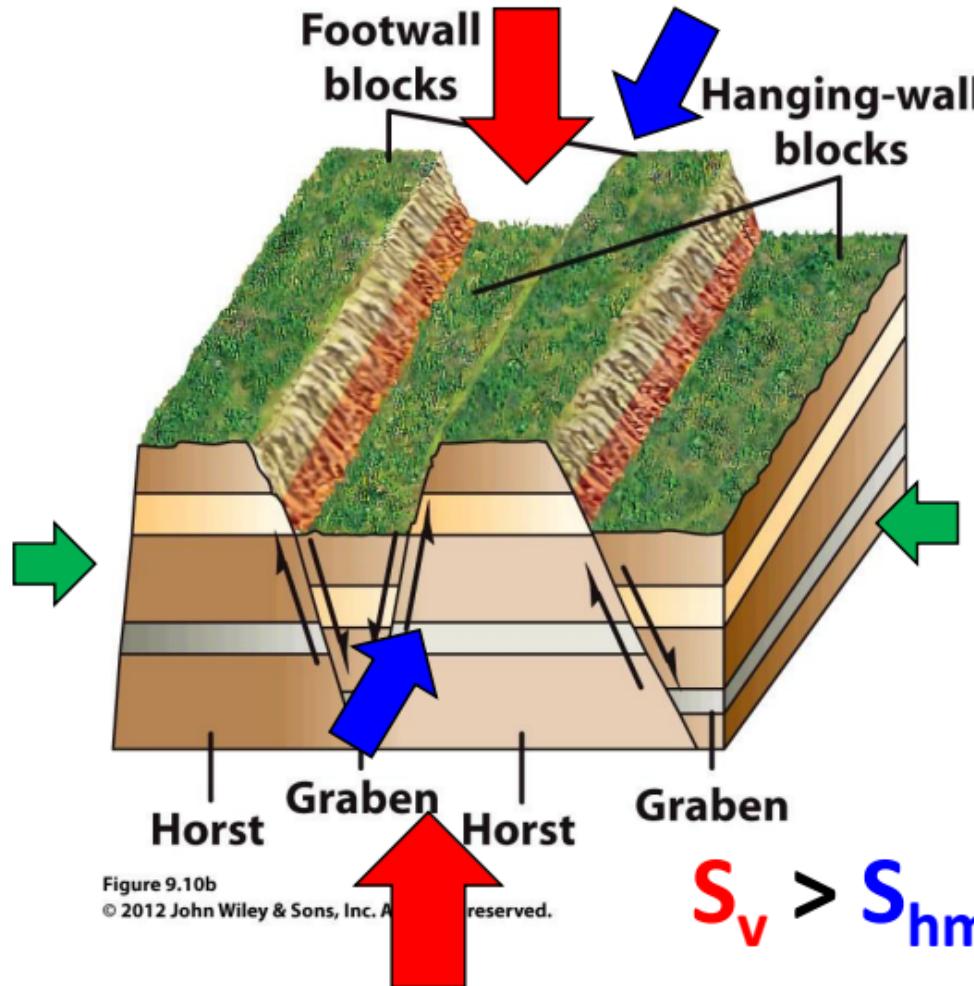


Figure 9.10b
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$$S_v > S_{hmax} > S_{hmin}$$

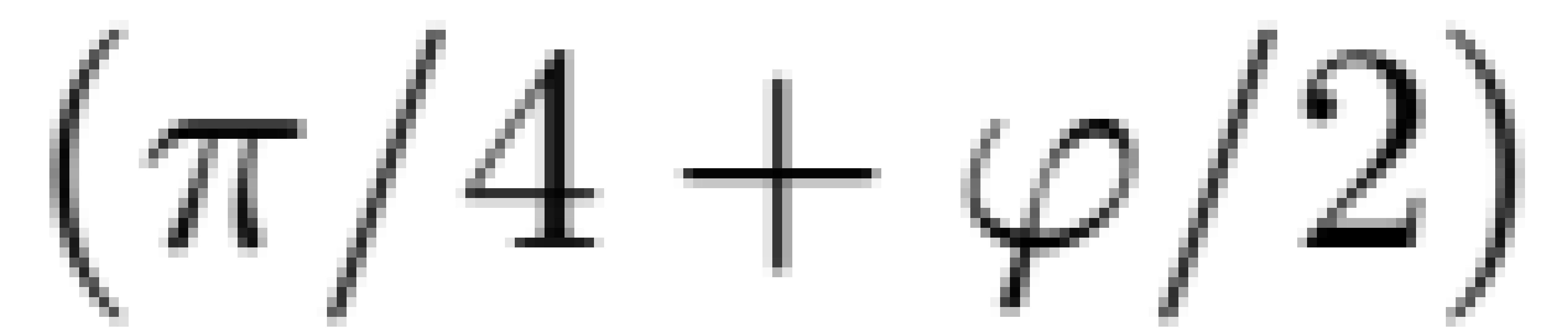




$$S_v > S_{h\max} > S_{h\min}$$

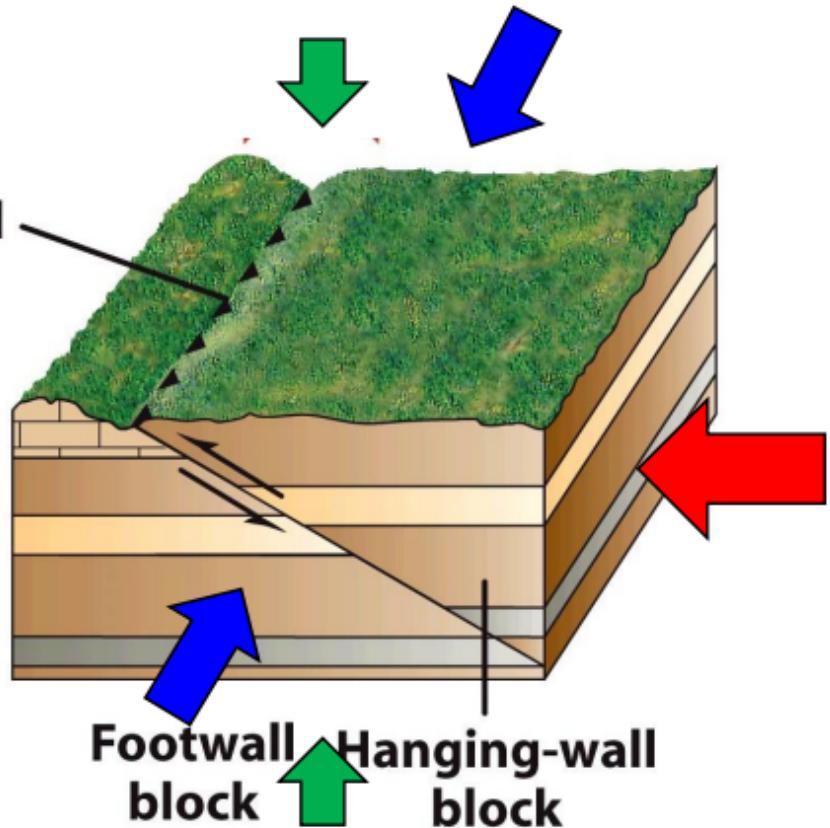
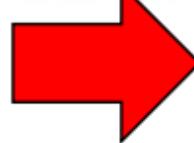
Figure 9.10b
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$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} S_1 = S_{Hmax} \\ S_2 = S_{hmin} \\ S_3 = S_v \end{array} \right.$$



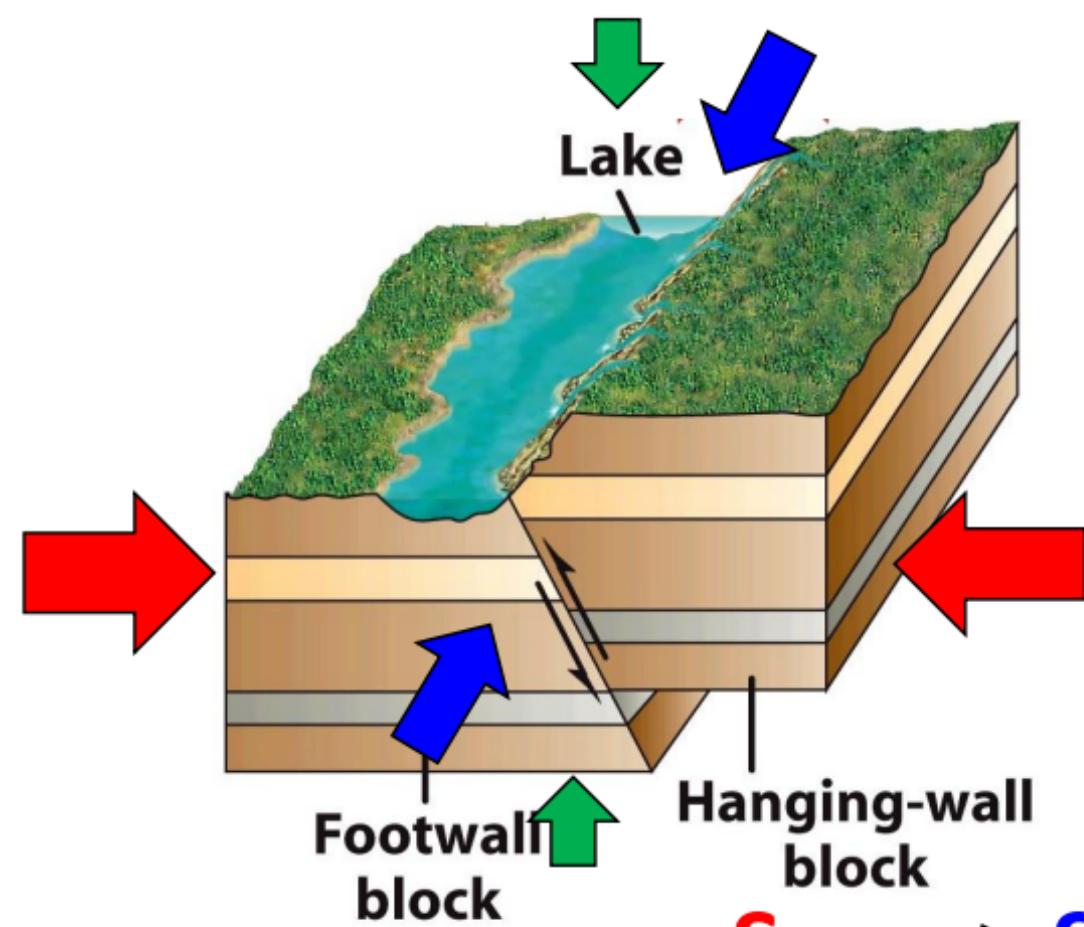


**Symbols used
on a map to
indicate a
thrust fault**



$$S_{\text{Hmax}} > S_{\text{hmin}} > S_v$$

Figure 9.10d
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$$S_{Hmax} > S_{Hmin} > S_v$$

Figure 9.10c

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$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} S_1 = S_{Hmax} \\ S_2 = S_v \\ S_3 = S_{hmin} \end{array} \right.$$

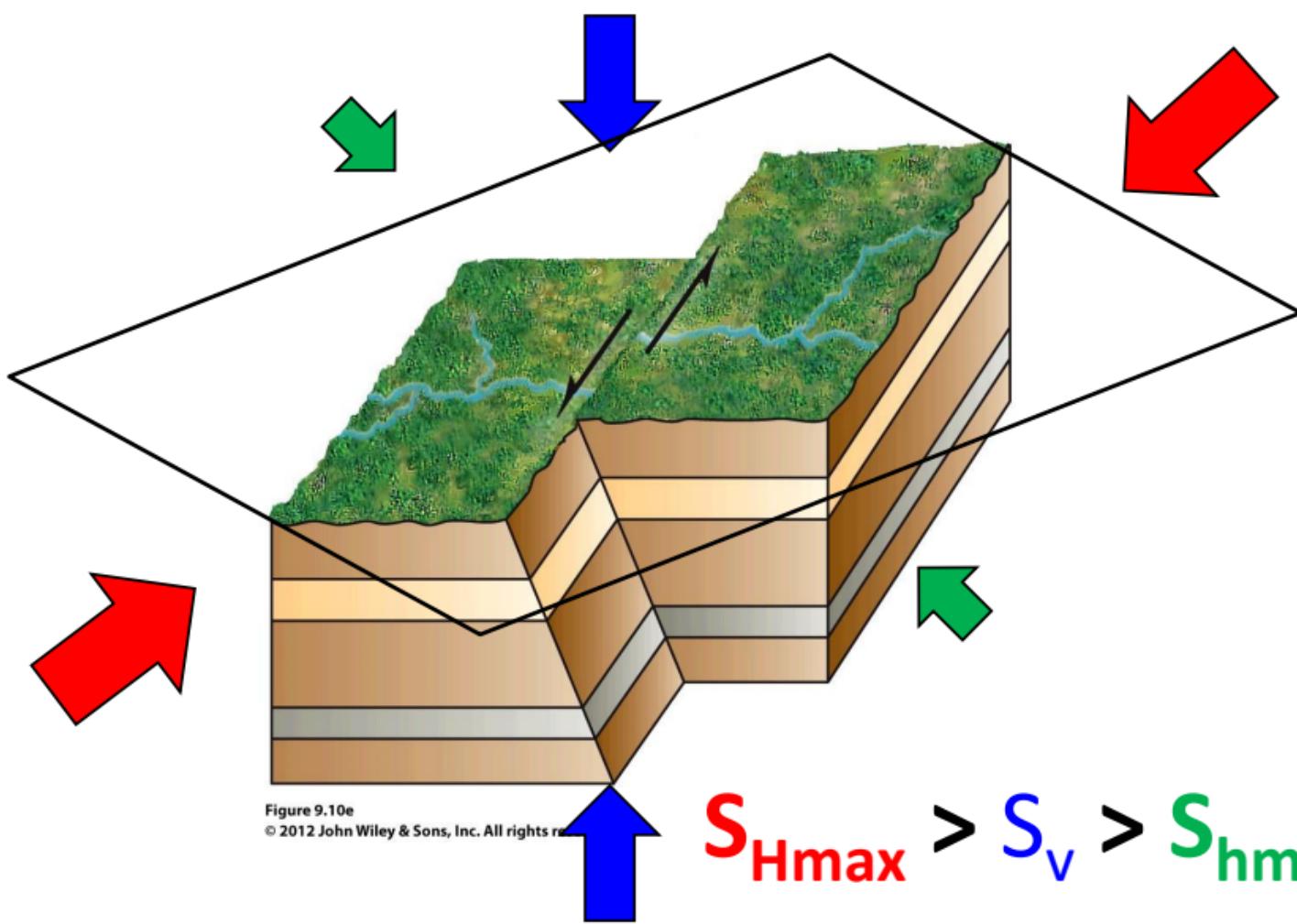
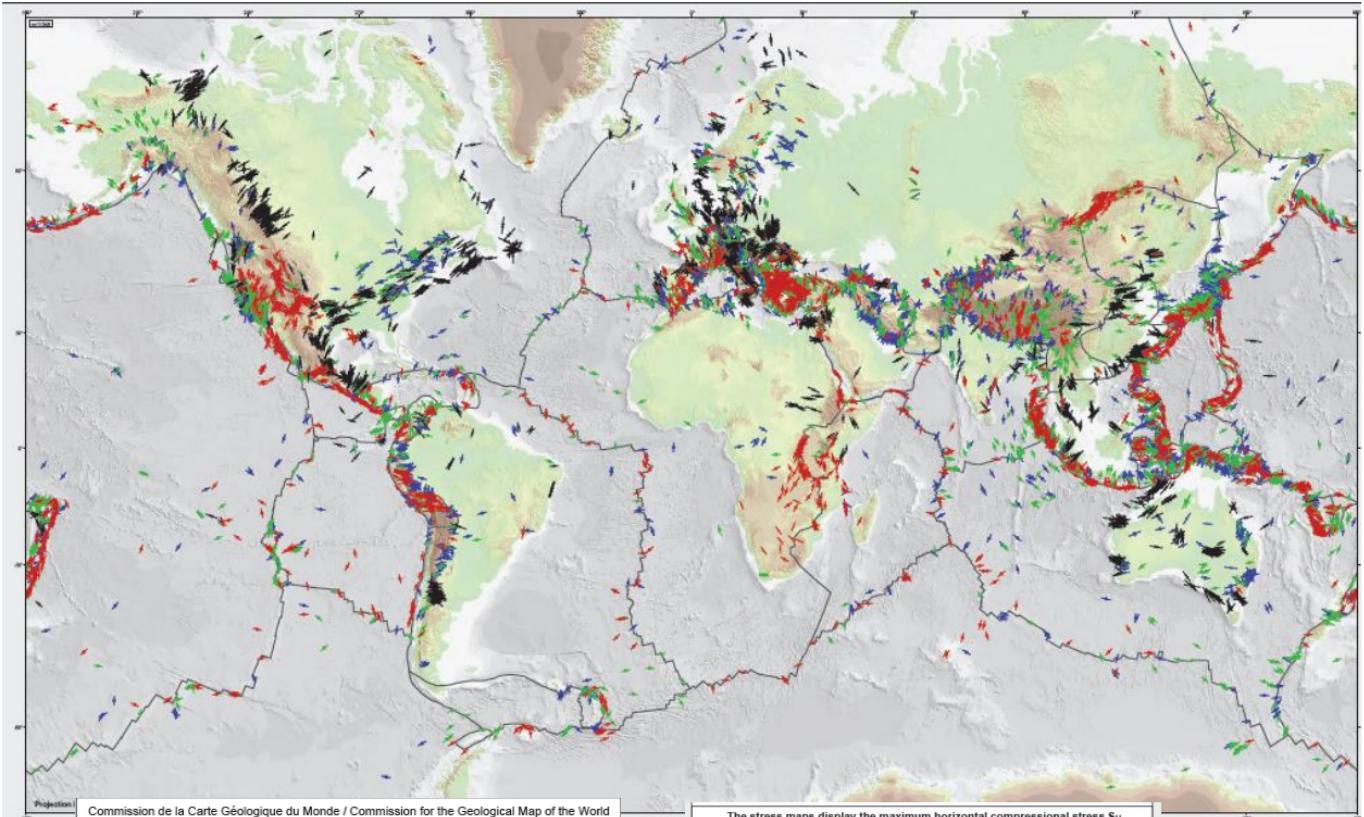


Figure 9.10e

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Commission de la Carte Géologique du Monde / Commission for the Geological Map of the World



WORLD STRESS MAP



2009 2nd edition, based on the WSM database release 2008

Helmholtz Centre Potsdam - GFZ German Research Centre for Geosciences

Authors

Oliver Heidbach, Mark Tingay, Andreas Barth, John Reinecker, Daniel Kurfeß, and Birgit Müller

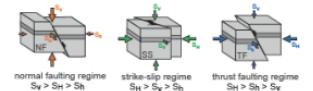


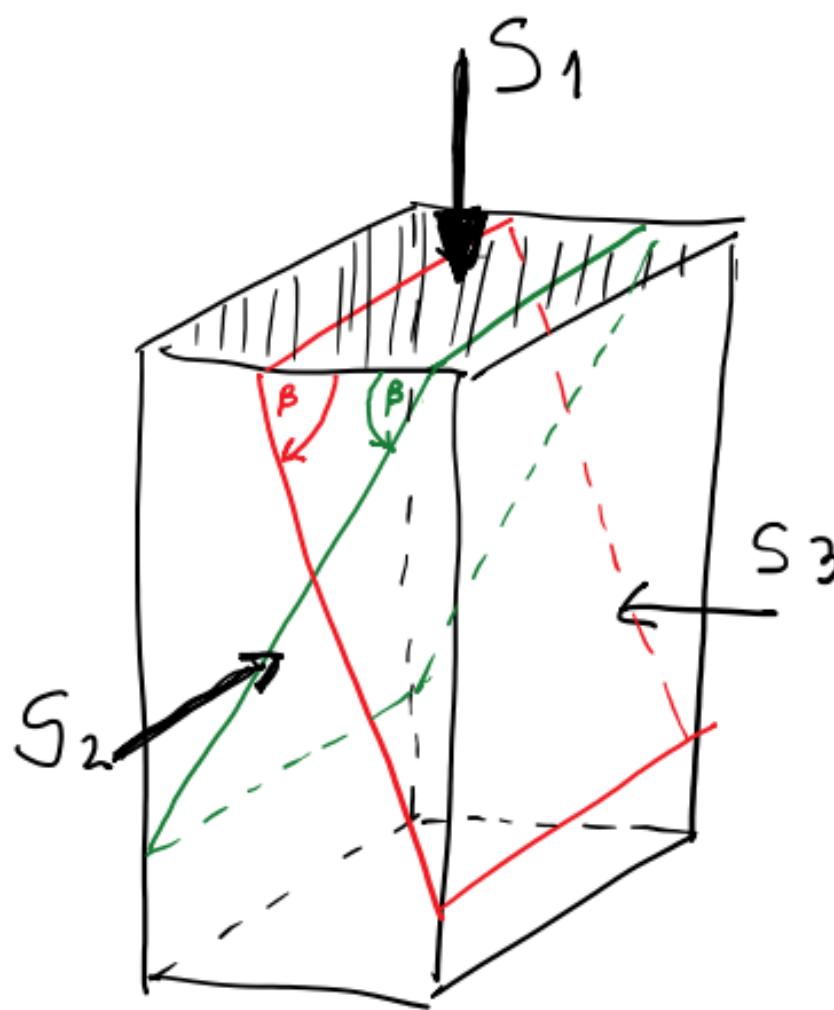
The stress maps display the maximum horizontal compressional stress S_H

Method	Quality
focal mechanism	S_H is within $\pm 15^\circ$
breakouts	S_H is within $\pm 20^\circ$
drill. induced frac.	S_H is within $\pm 25^\circ$
overcoring	
hydro. fractures	
geol. indicators	

Data depth range
0-40 km

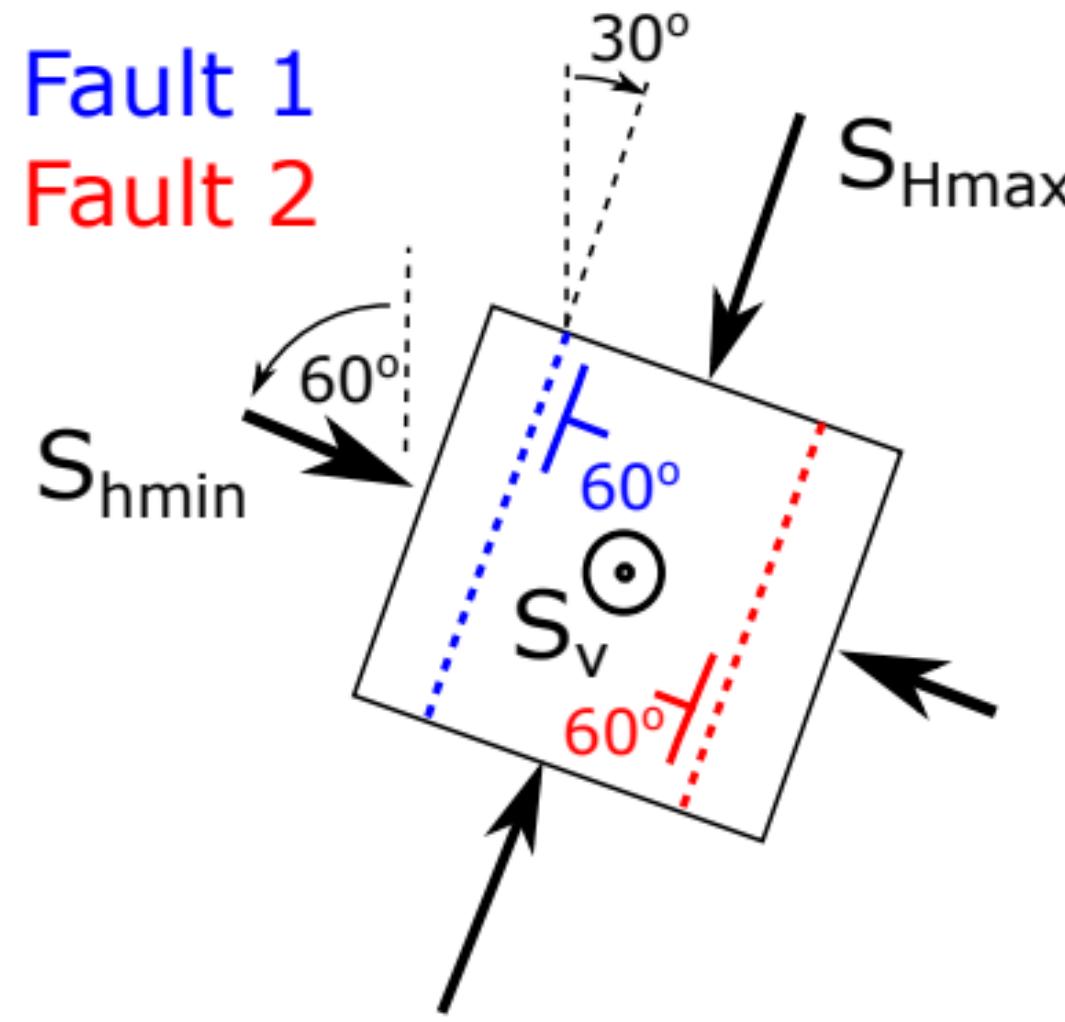
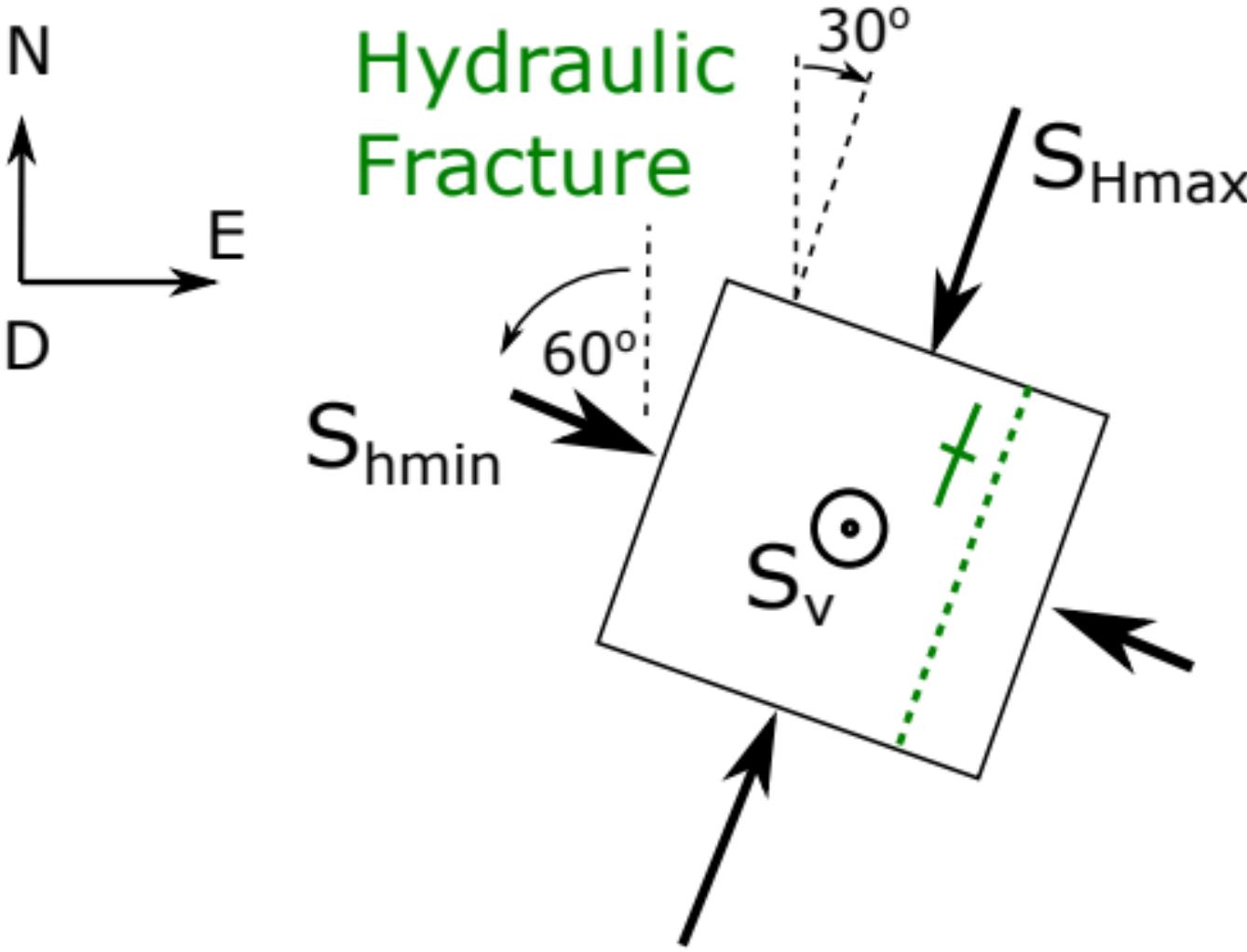
Stress Regime
Normal faulting
Strike-slip faulting
Thrust faulting
Unknown regime

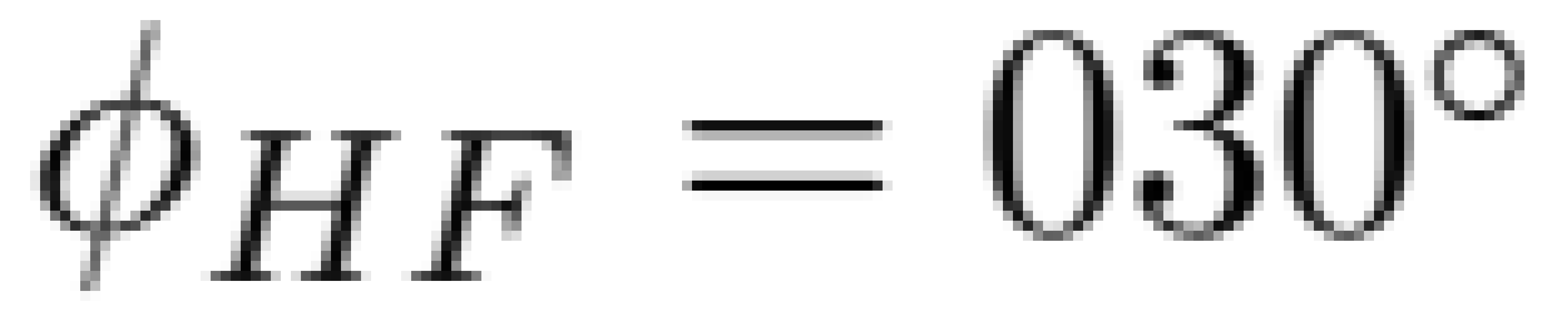


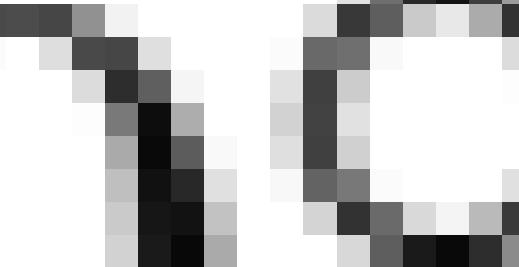
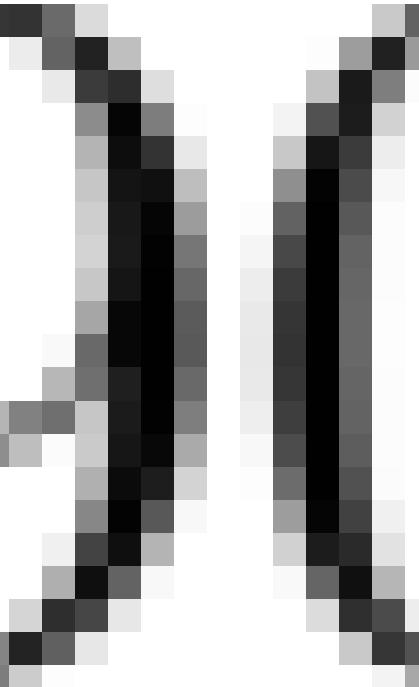
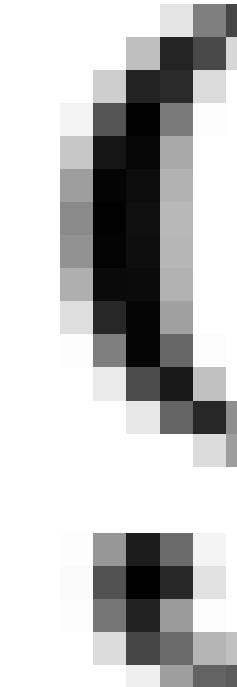
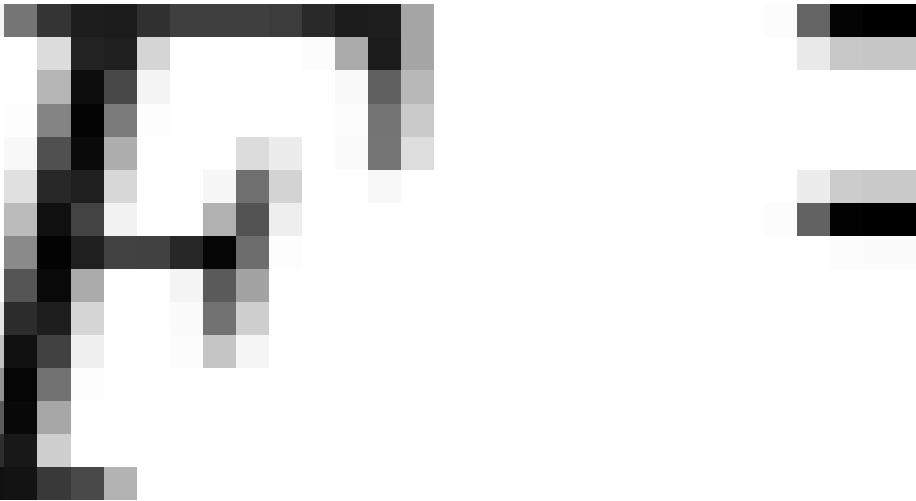
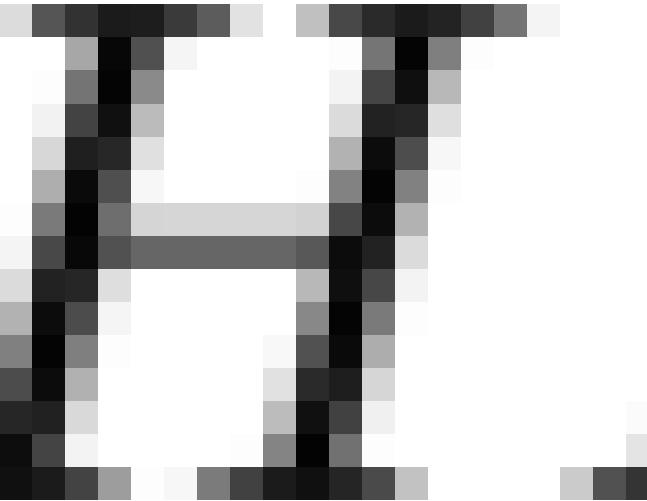
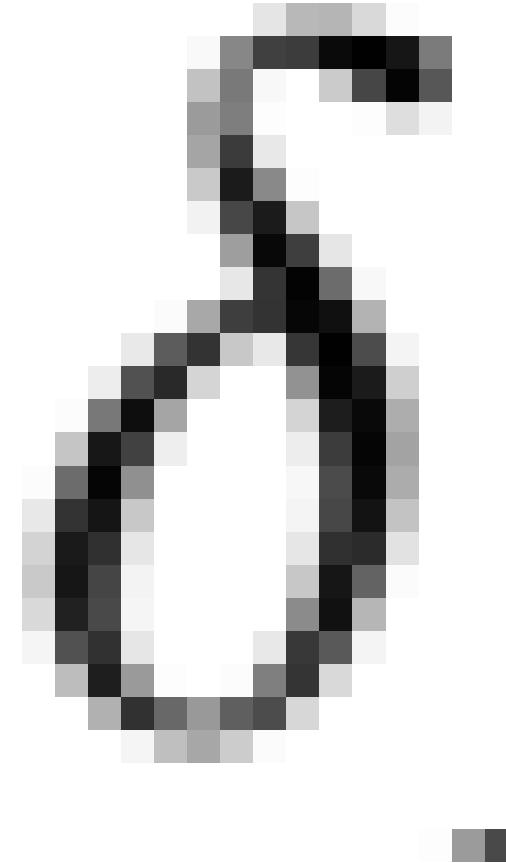


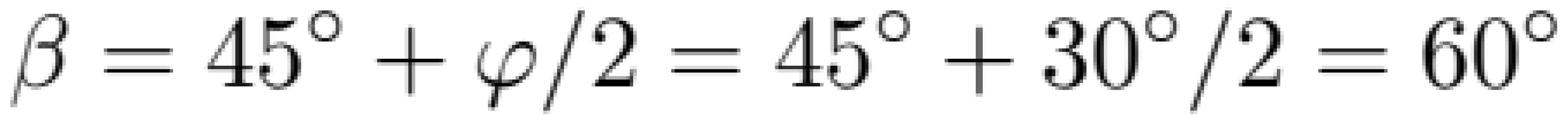
$$\beta = 45^\circ + \varphi/2$$

$$\beta = 45^\circ + \varphi/2$$

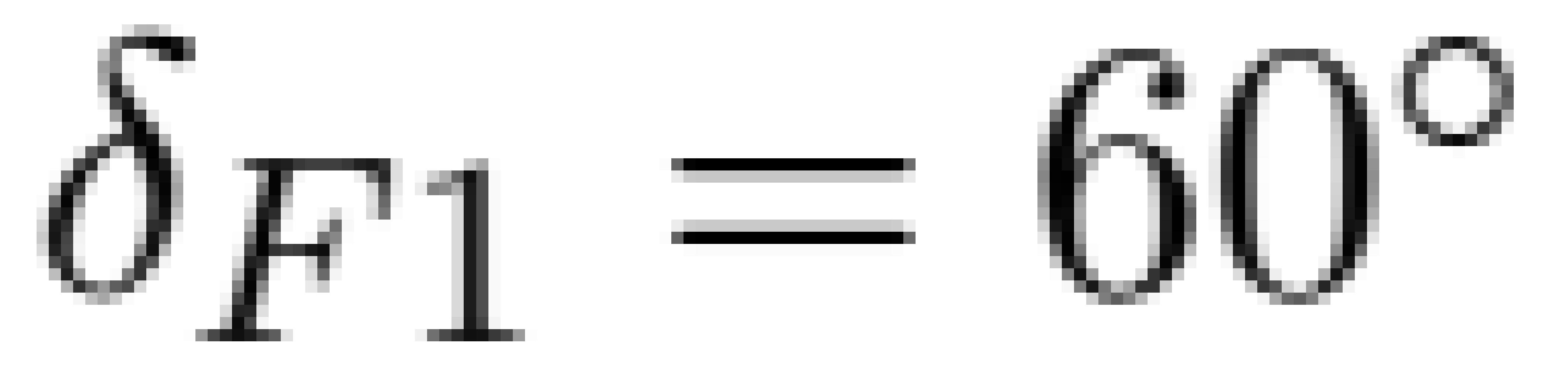


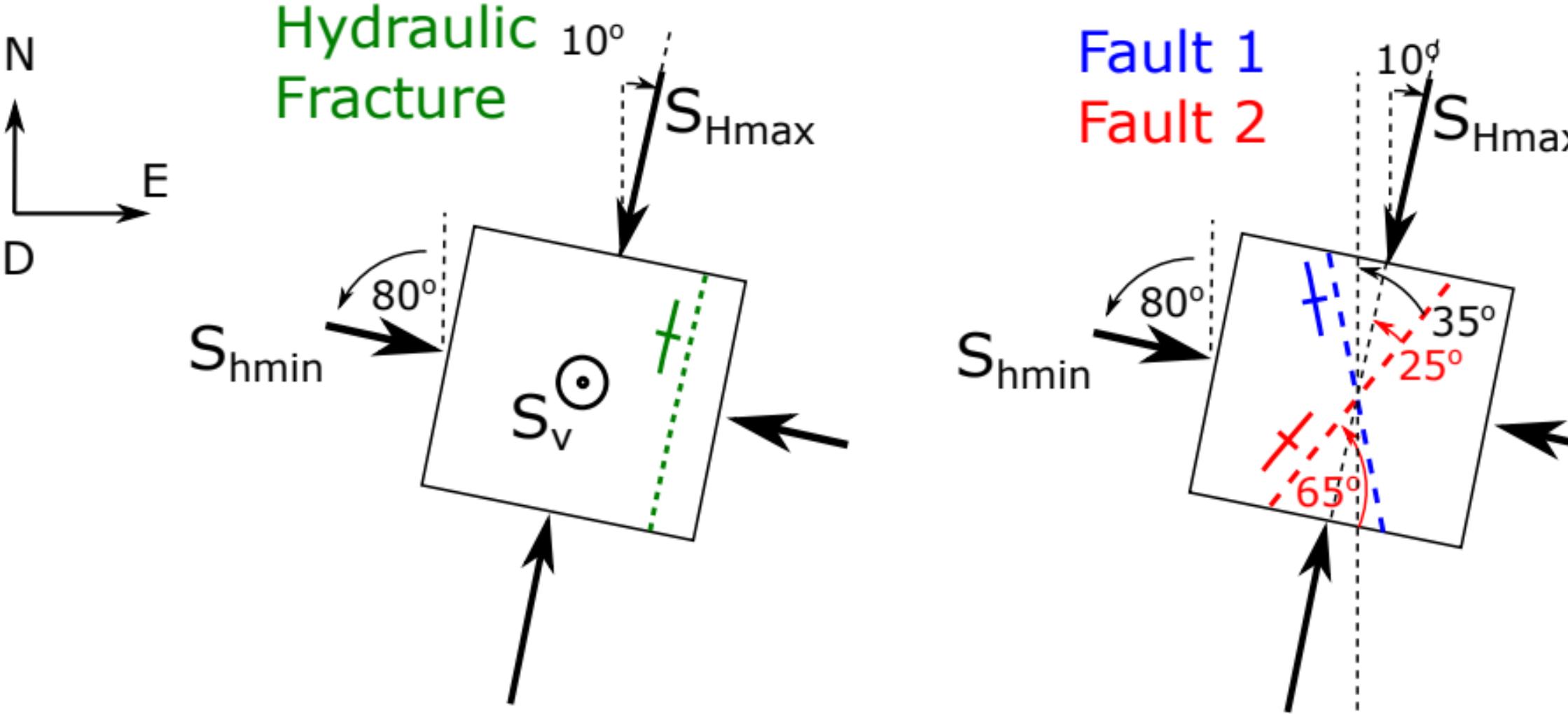


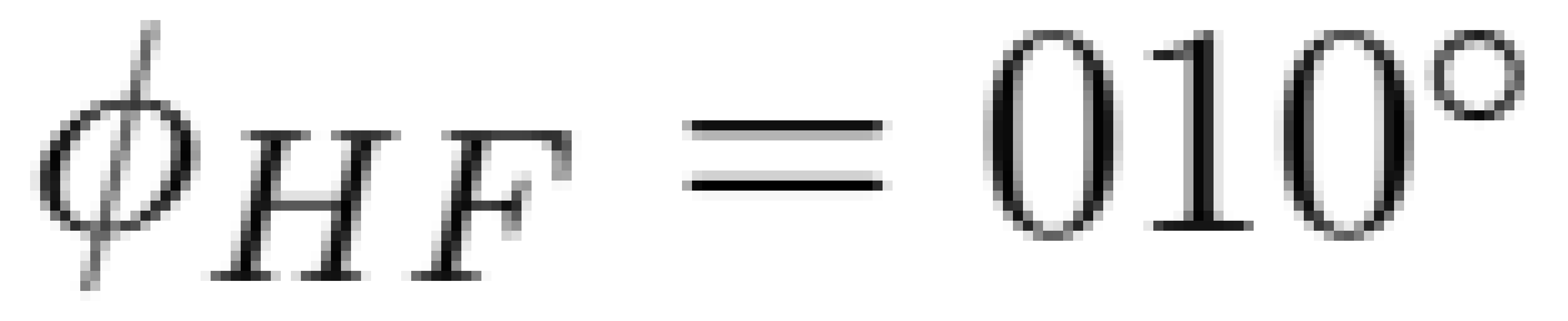


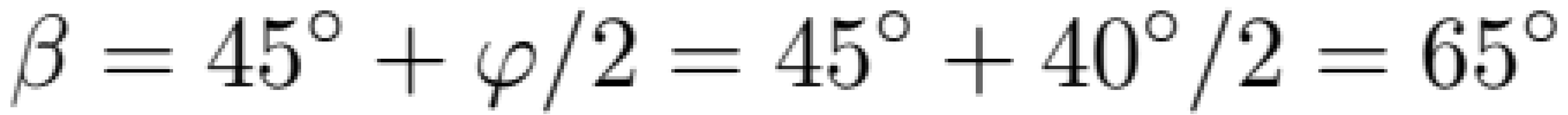


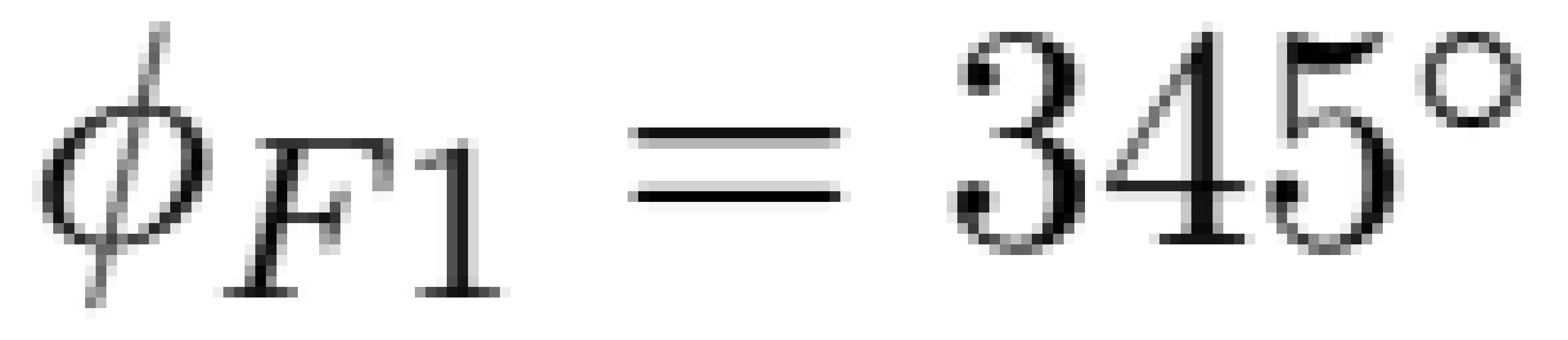


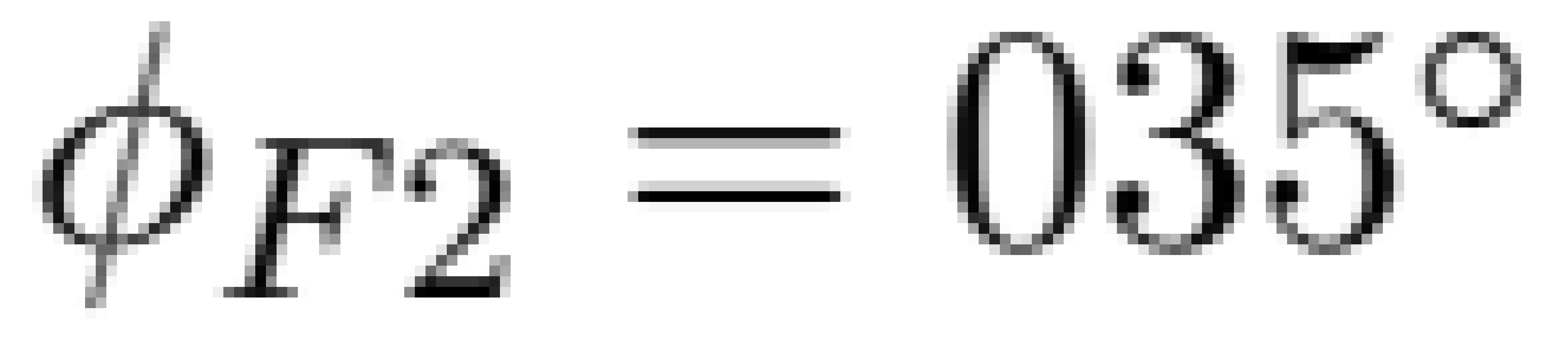




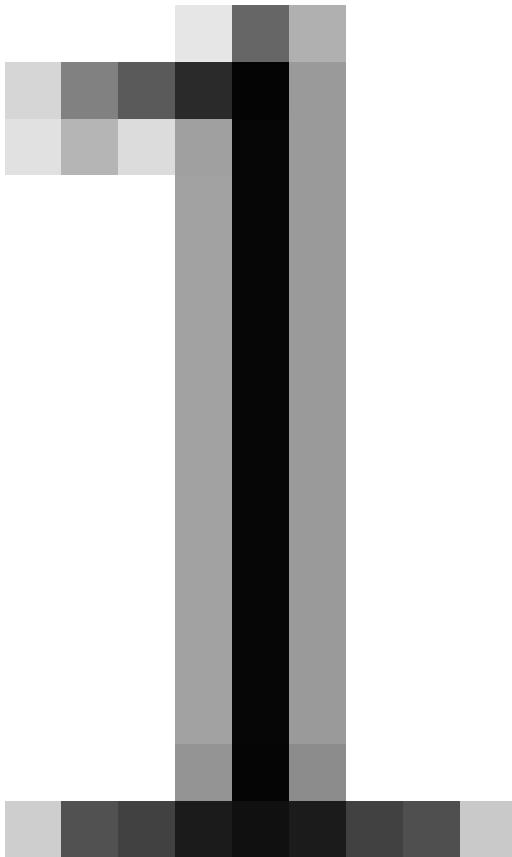




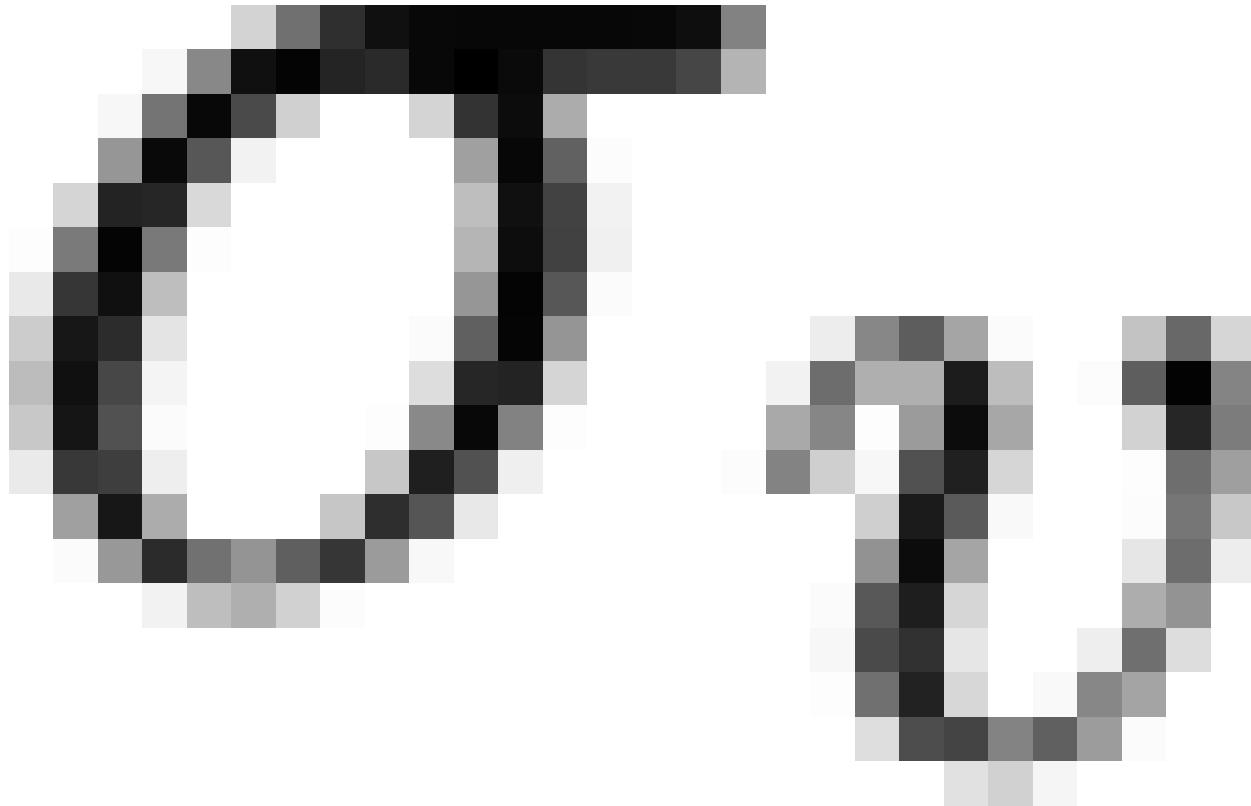




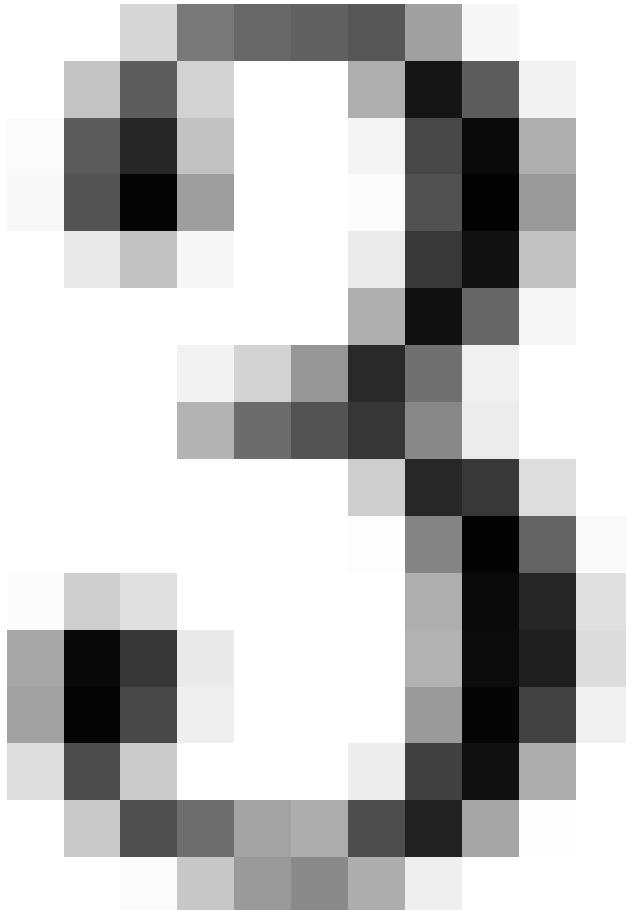




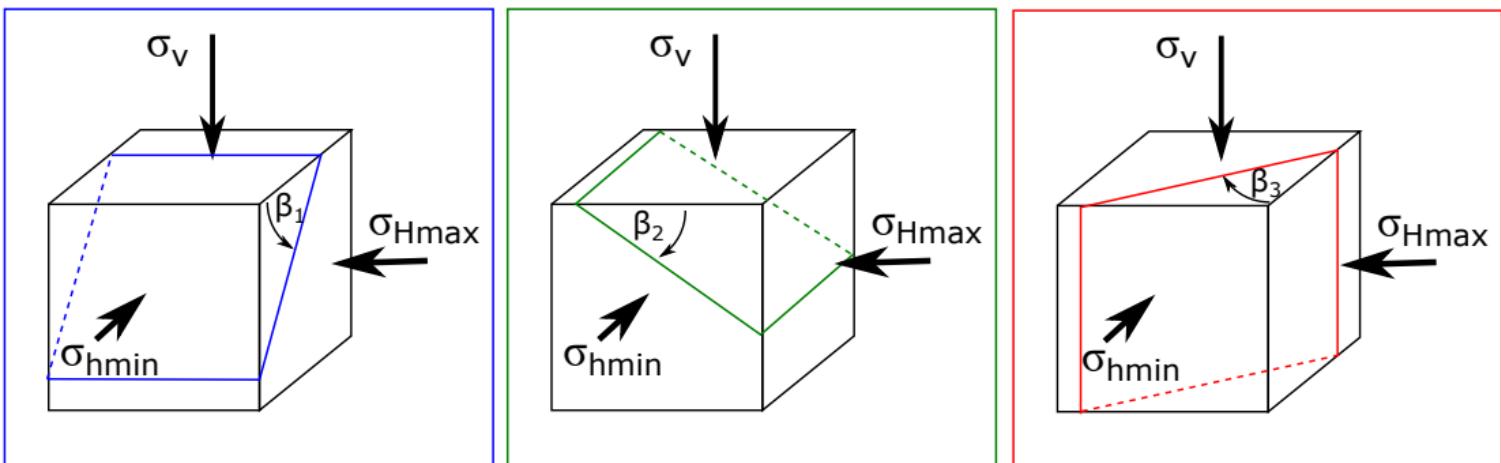
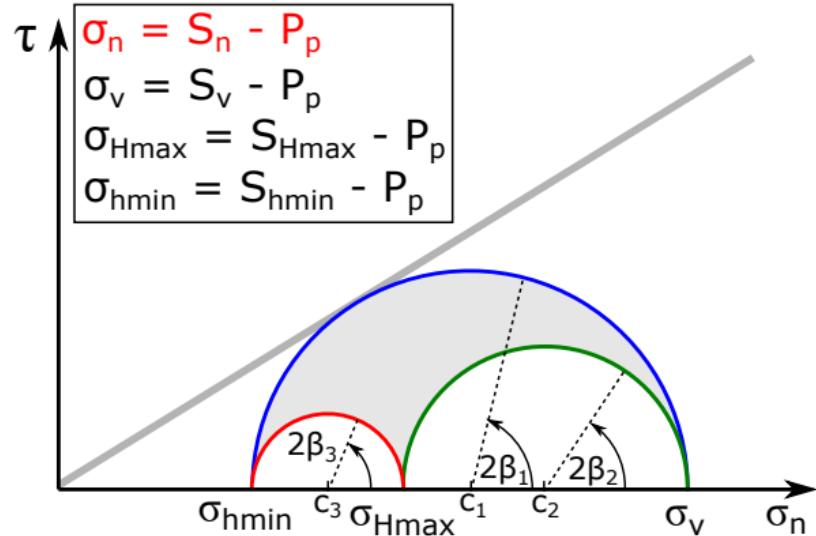
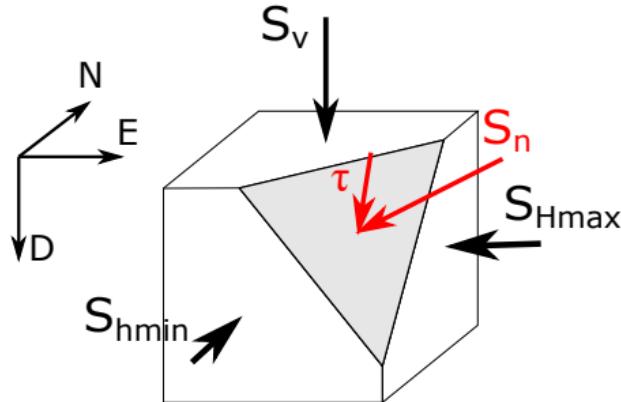


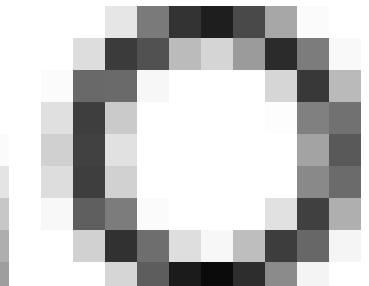
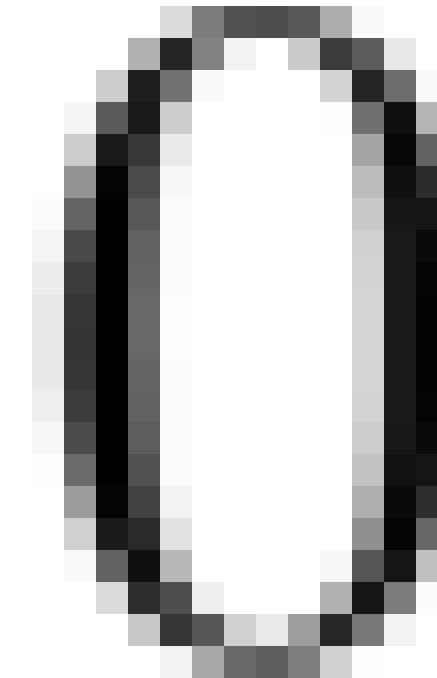
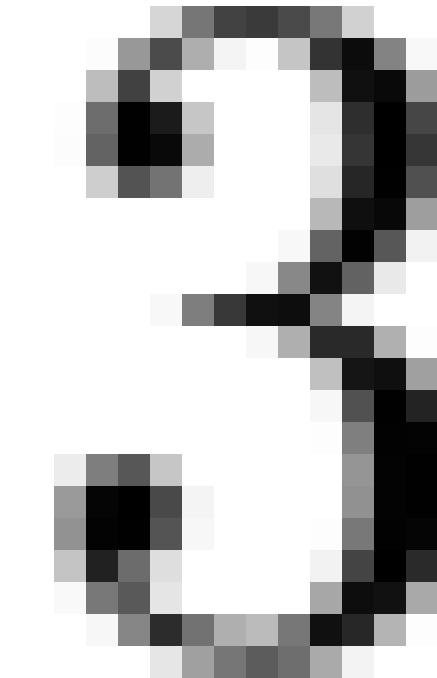
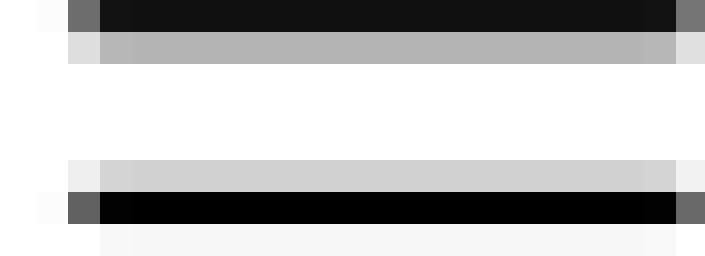
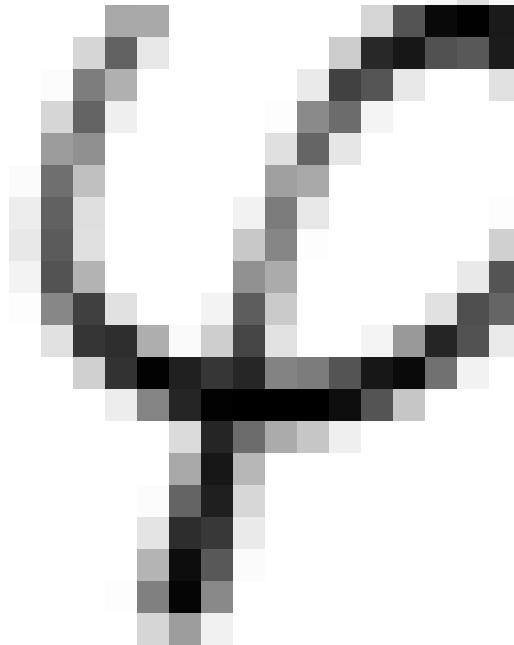


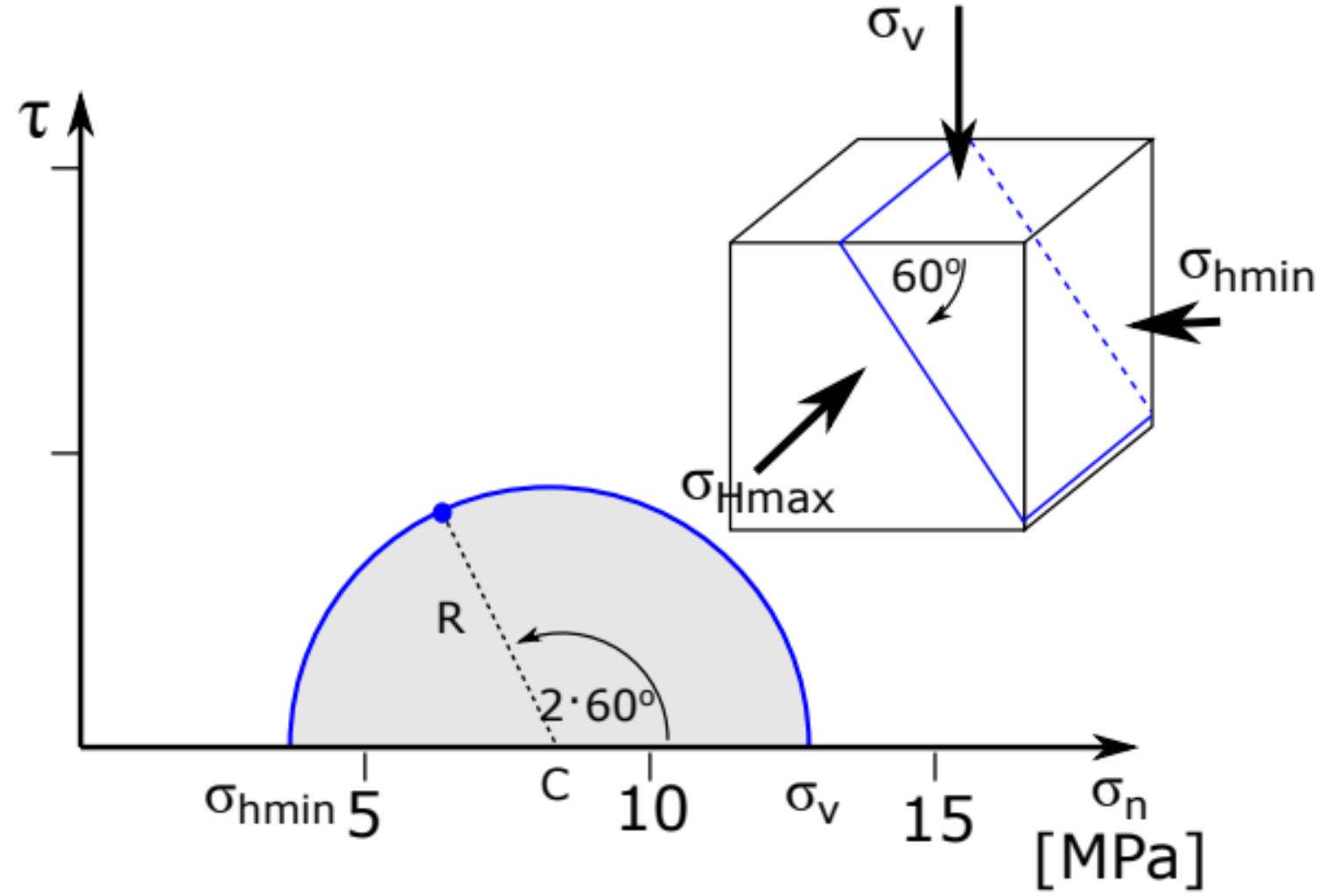
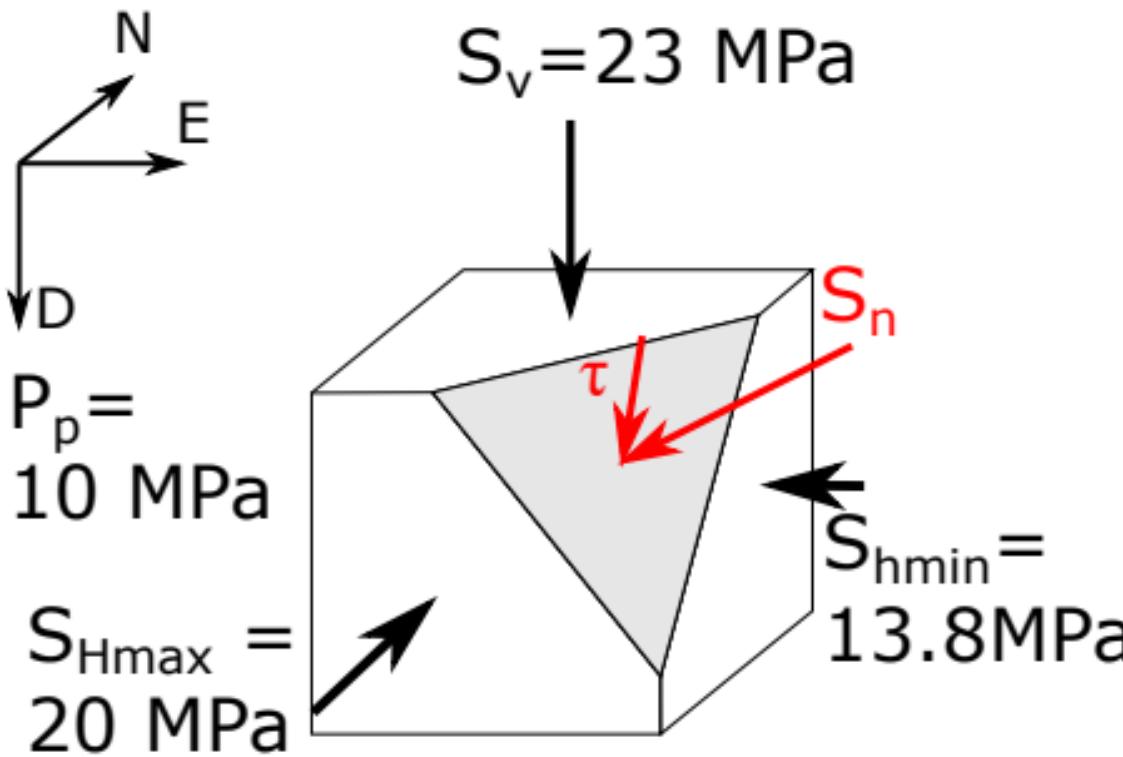


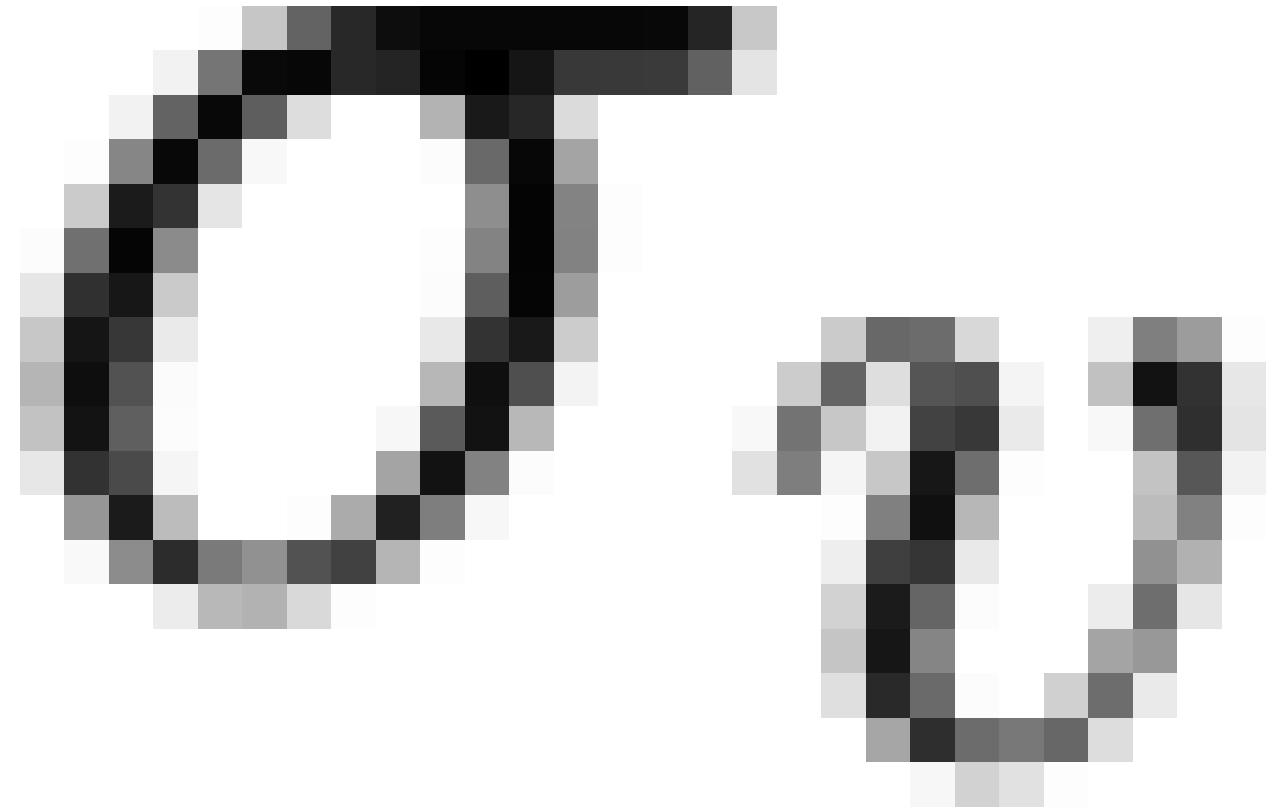


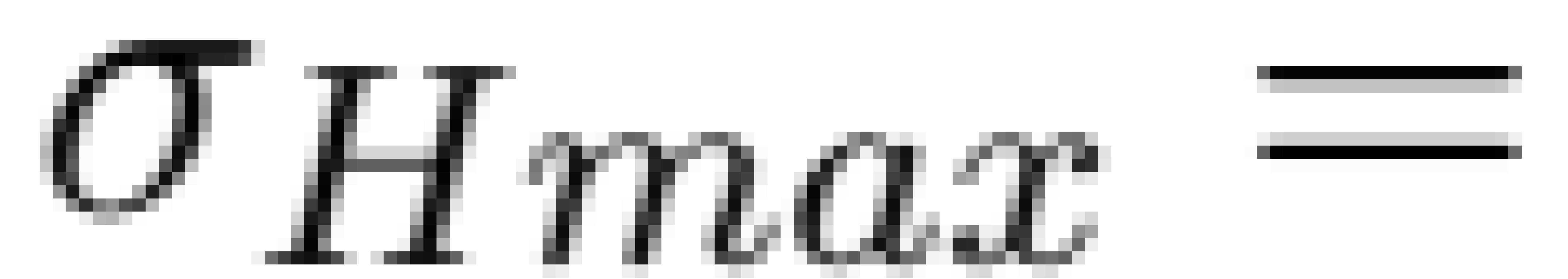








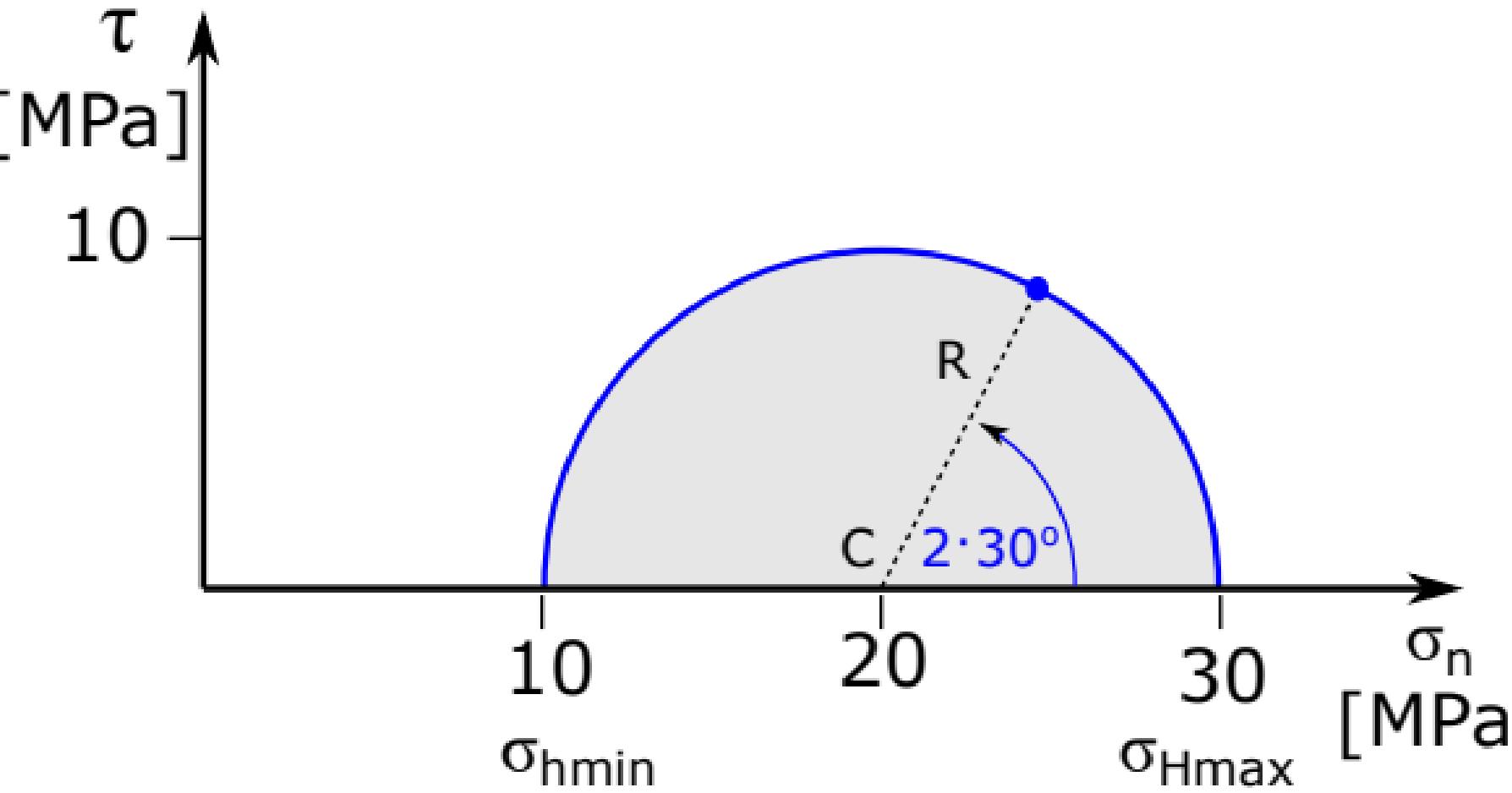
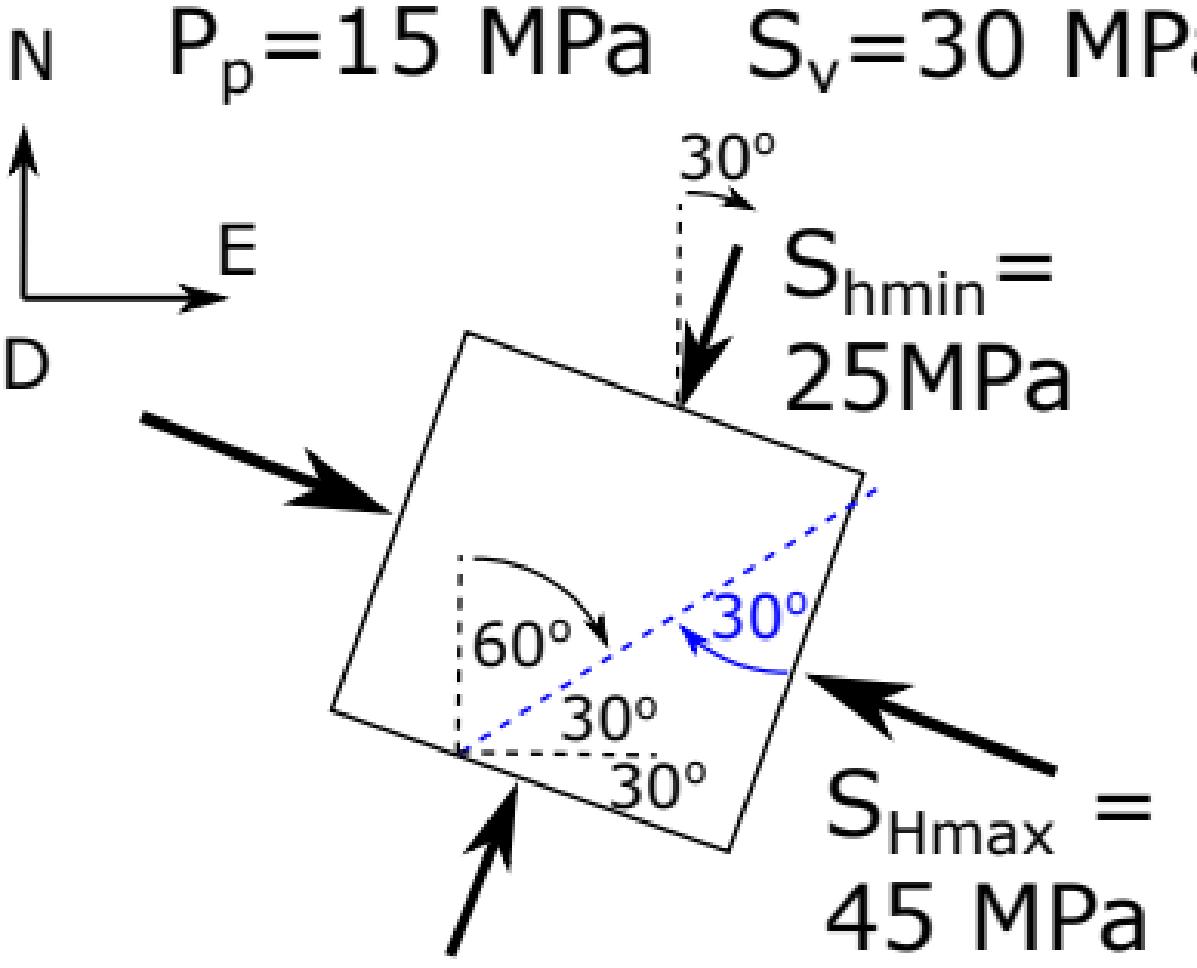






$$\sigma_n = \frac{(13 \text{ MPa} + 3.8 \text{ MPa})}{2} + \frac{(13 \text{ MPa} - 3.8 \text{ MPa}) \cos(2 \cdot 60^\circ)}{2} = 6.1 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\tau = \frac{(13 \text{ MPa} - 3.8 \text{ MPa})}{2} \sin(2 \cdot 60^\circ) = 4.0 \text{ MPa}$$



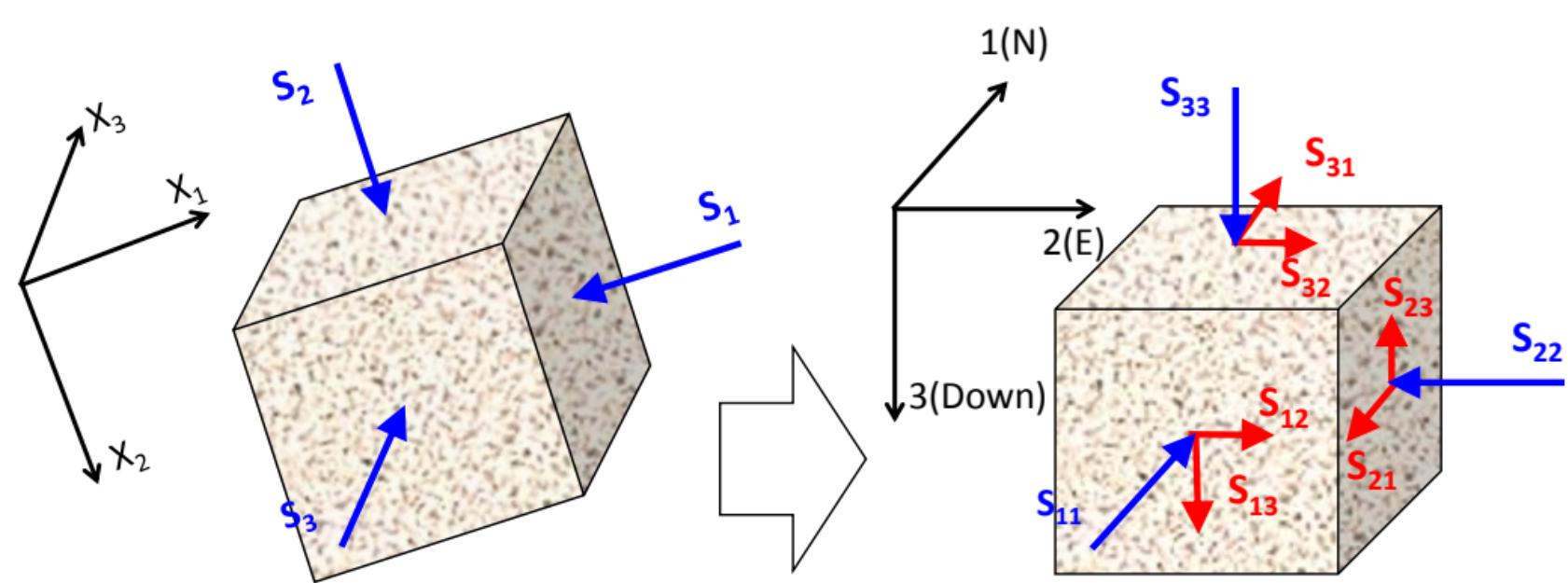
$$\sigma_n = \left(\frac{30 \text{ MPa} + 10 \text{ MPa}}{2} \right) + \left(\frac{30 \text{ MPa} - 10 \text{ MPa}}{2} \cos(2 \cdot 30^\circ) \right) = 25 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\tau = \frac{(30 \text{ MPa} - 10 \text{ MPa})}{2} \sin(2 \cdot 30^\circ) = 8.7 \text{ MPa}$$





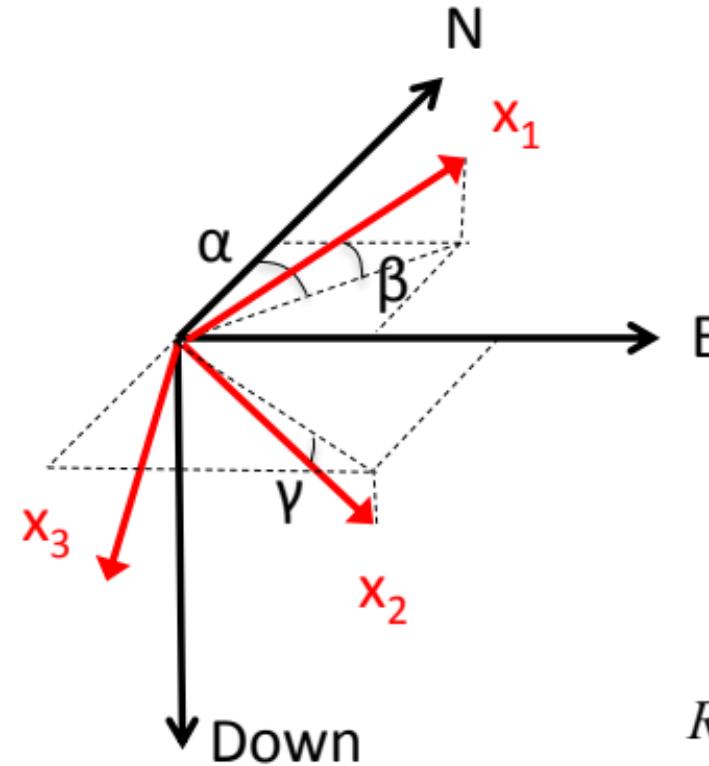




$$\underline{\underline{S}_P} = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & S_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{\underline{S}_G} = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} & S_{13} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} & S_{23} \\ S_{31} & S_{32} & S_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$





$$\underline{\underline{S}}' = \underline{\underline{A}} \underline{\underline{S}} \underline{\underline{A}}^T$$

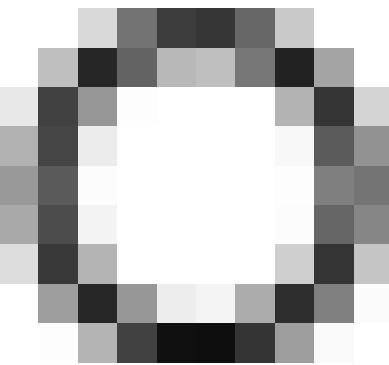
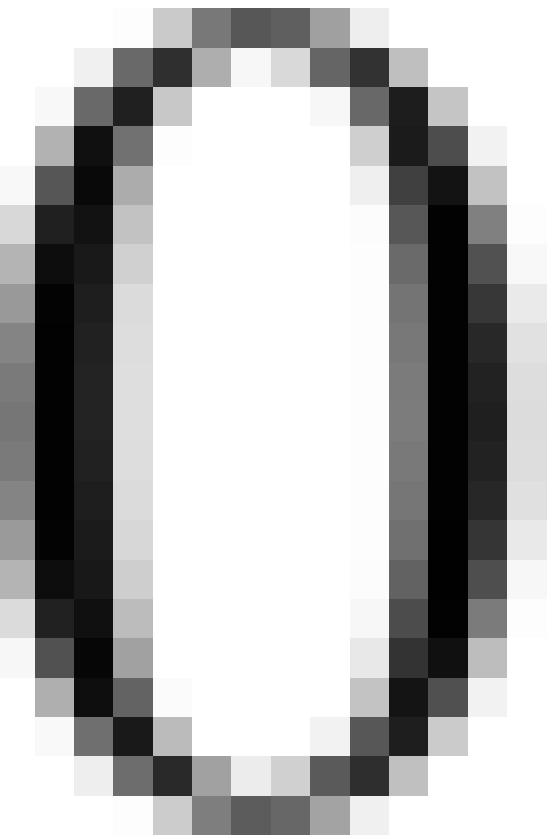
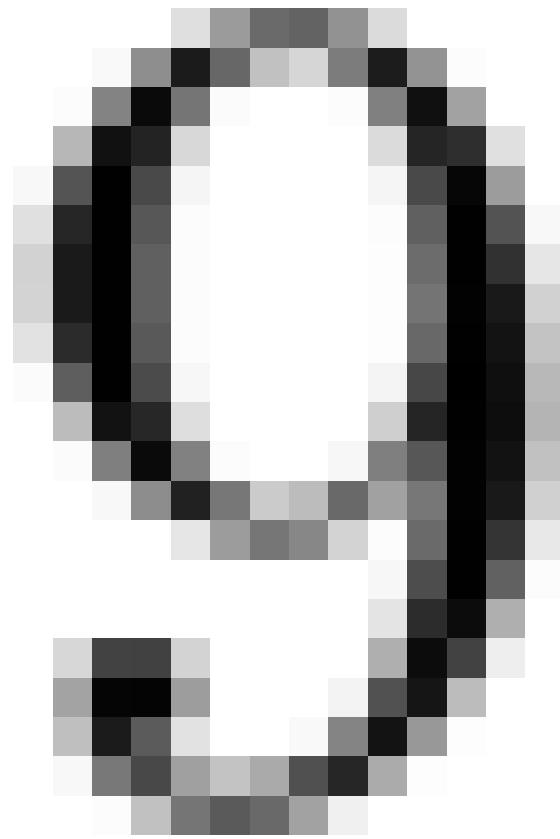
$$\underline{\underline{A}} = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{e}'_1 \cdot \underline{e}_1 & \underline{e}'_1 \cdot \underline{e}_2 & \underline{e}'_1 \cdot \underline{e}_3 \\ \underline{e}'_2 \cdot \underline{e}_1 & \underline{e}'_2 \cdot \underline{e}_2 & \underline{e}'_2 \cdot \underline{e}_3 \\ \underline{e}'_3 \cdot \underline{e}_1 & \underline{e}'_3 \cdot \underline{e}_2 & \underline{e}'_3 \cdot \underline{e}_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

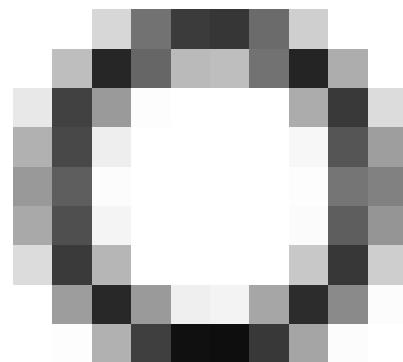
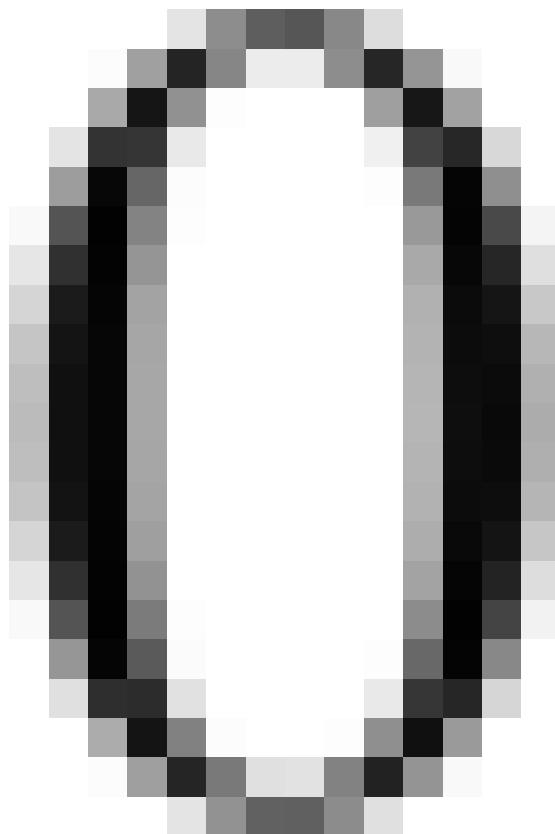
where $\underline{\underline{A}}$ is the transformation matrix from the old base \underline{e}_i to base \underline{e}'_i and the components are the projection of the elements of the new base on the old base.

- Old system: N-E-D (Right-handed) Geographical system
- New system: 1-2-3 (Right-handed) Principal stress system

$$R_{PG} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha \cos b & \sin \alpha \cos b & -\sin b \\ \cos \alpha \sin b \sin g - \sin \alpha \cos g & \sin \alpha \sin b \sin g + \cos \alpha \cos g & \cos b \sin g \\ \cos \alpha \sin b \cos g + \sin \alpha \sin g & \sin \alpha \sin b \cos g - \cos \alpha \sin g & \cos b \cos g \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{PG} = \begin{bmatrix} -\cos \alpha \cos \beta & \sin \alpha \cos \beta \\ \cos \alpha \sin \beta \sin \gamma - \sin \alpha \cos \gamma & \sin \alpha \sin \beta \sin \gamma + \cos \alpha \cos \gamma \\ \cos \alpha \sin \beta \cos \gamma + \sin \alpha \sin \gamma & \sin \alpha \sin \beta \cos \gamma - \cos \alpha \sin \gamma \end{bmatrix}$$

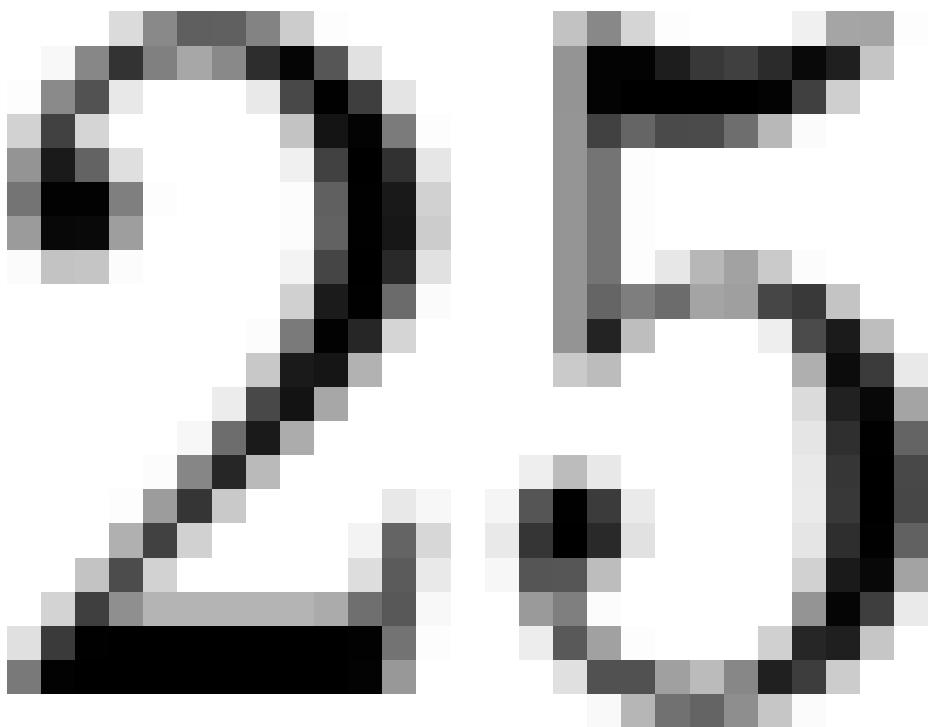


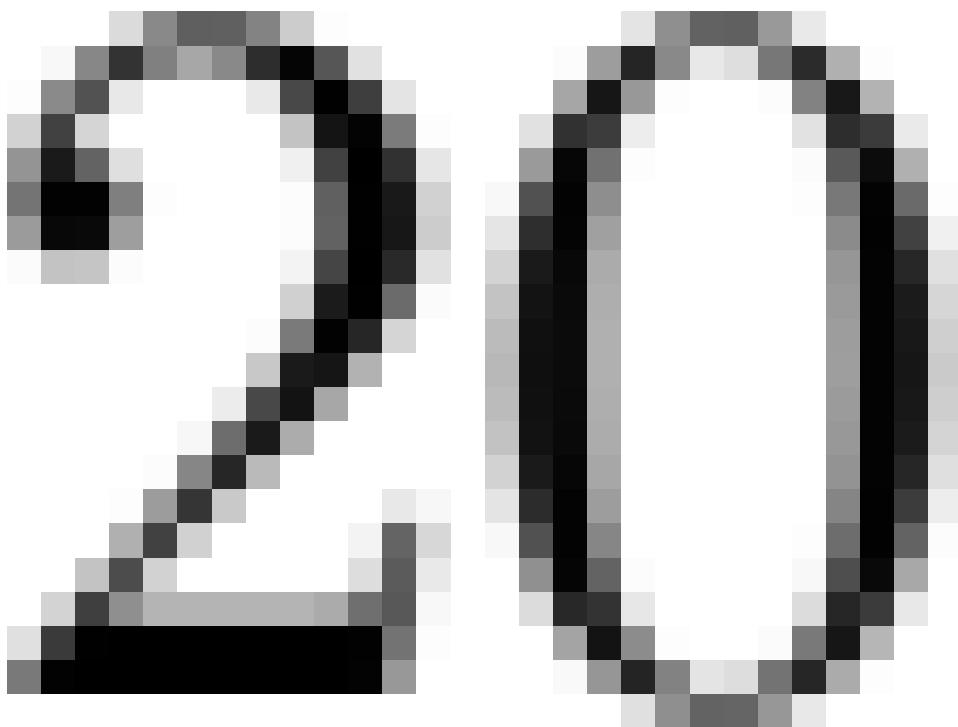


SHOOTING
GUN

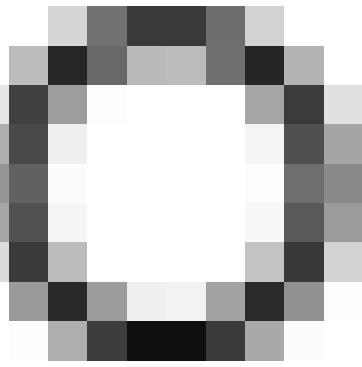
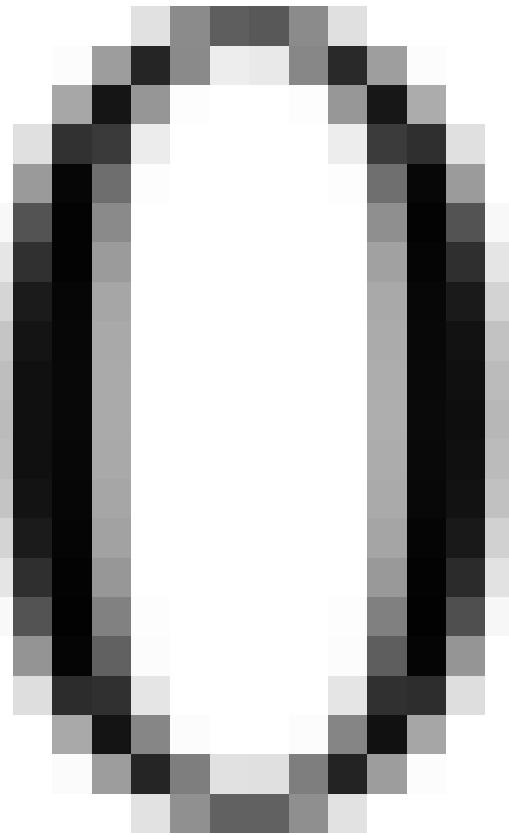
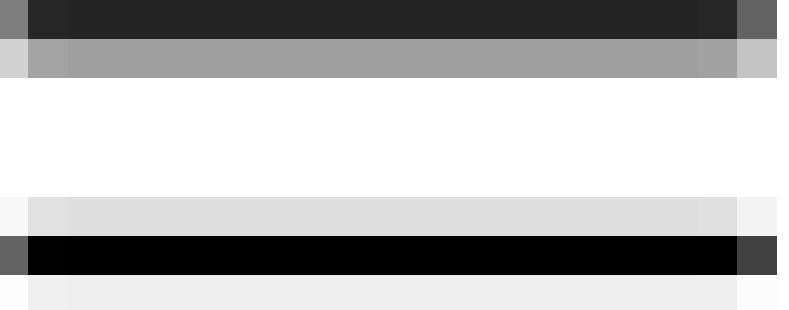
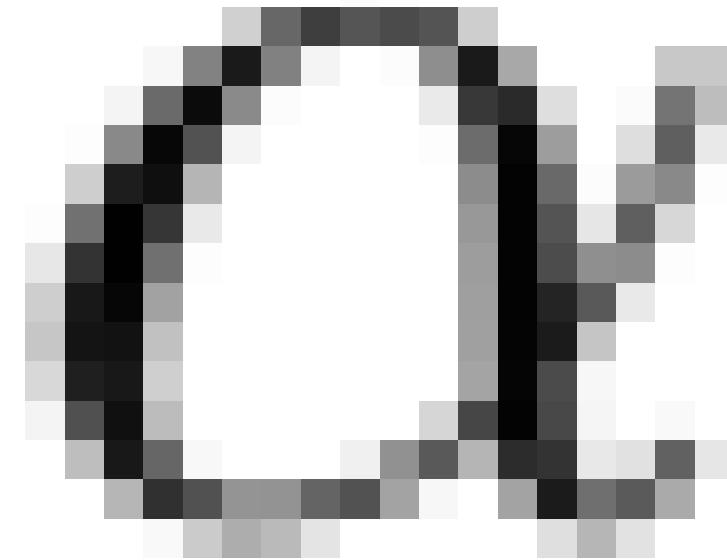
S E P T S O P C G

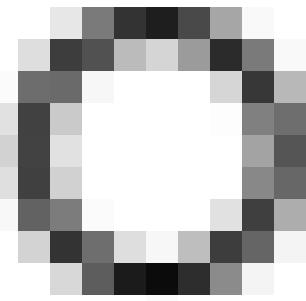
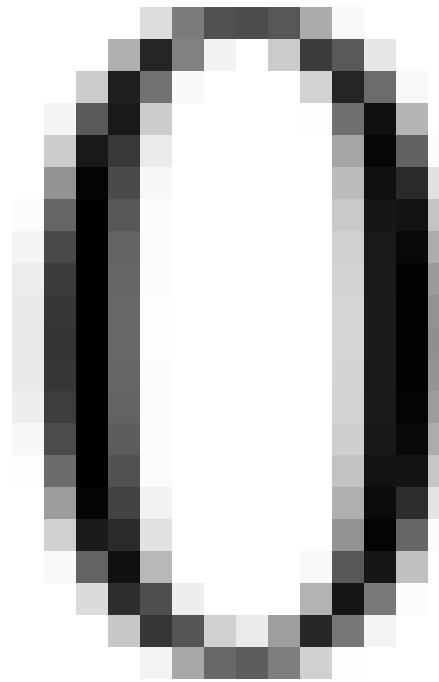
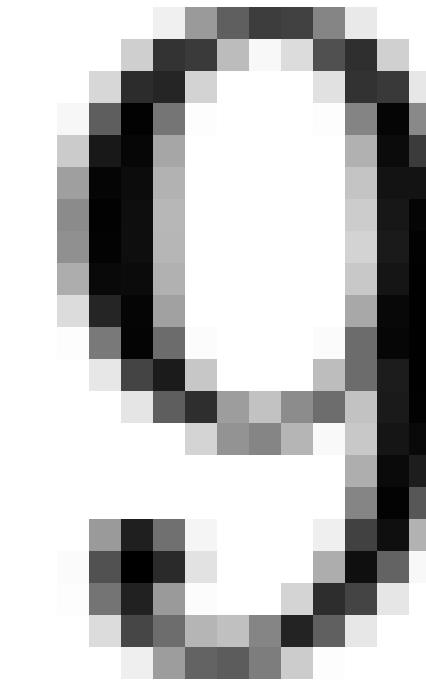
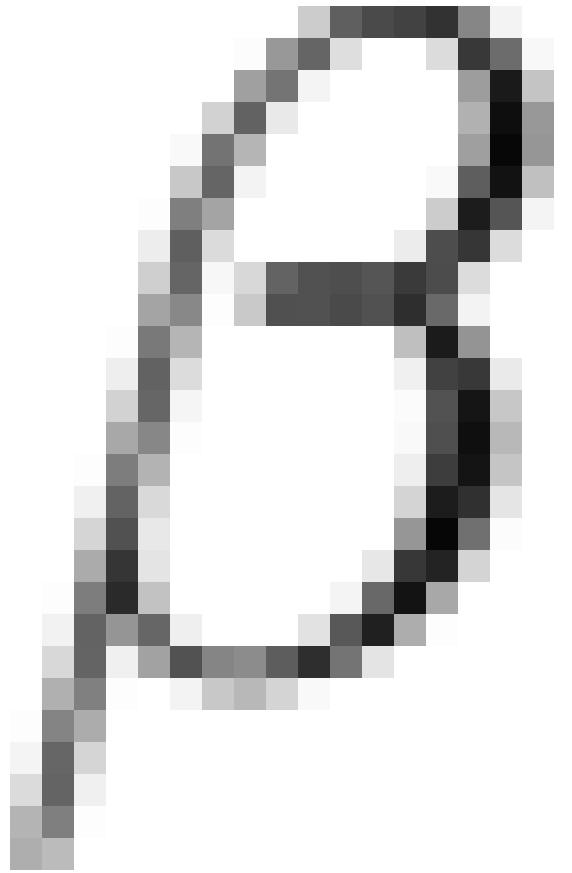


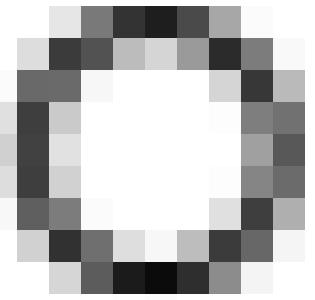
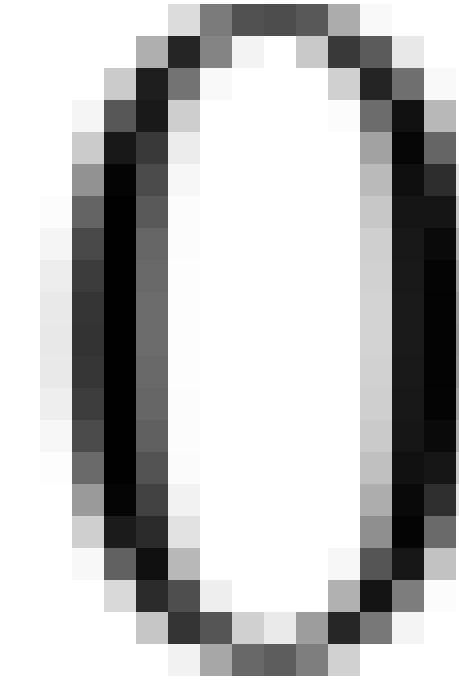
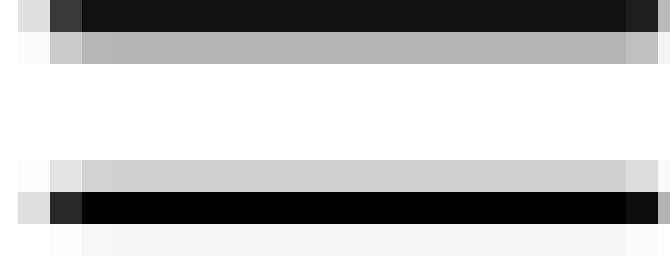
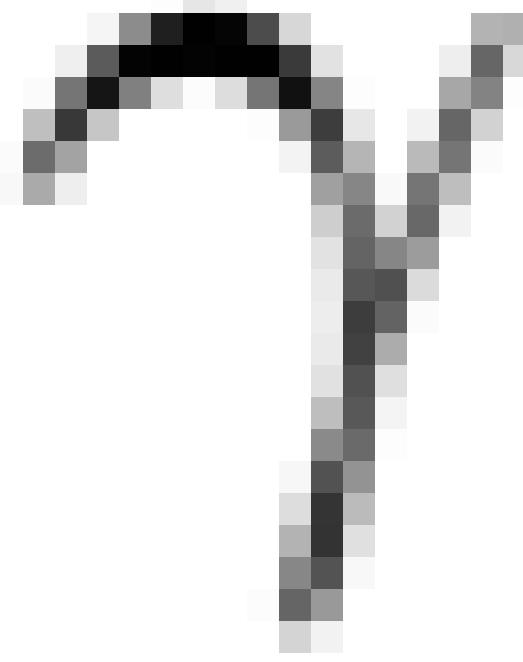




$$\underline{S}_P = \begin{bmatrix} 30 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 25 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

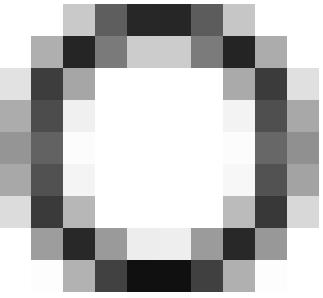
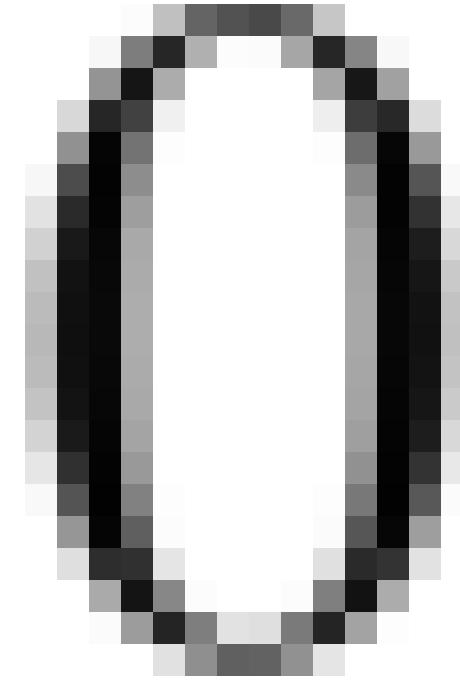
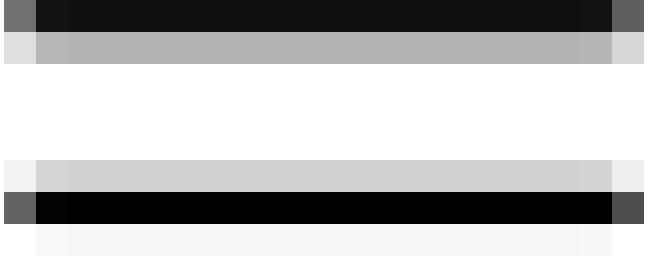
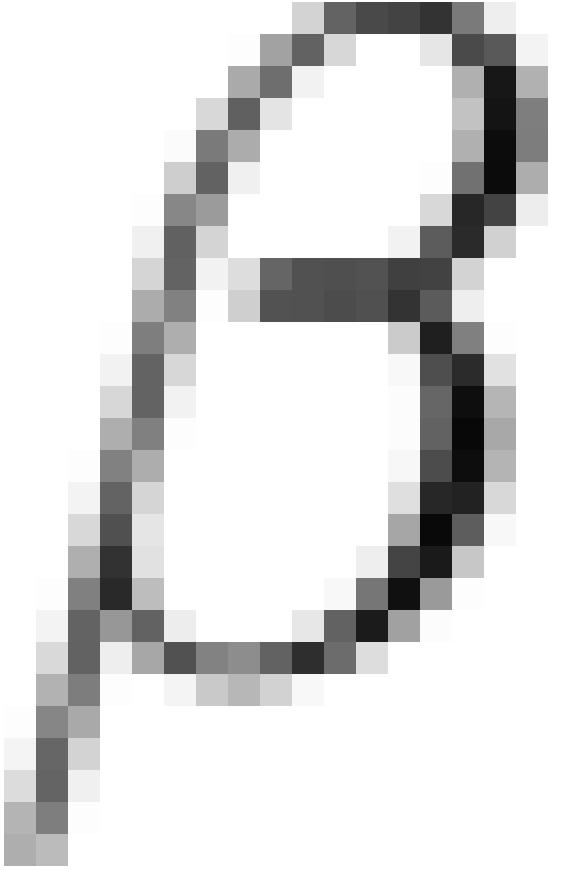


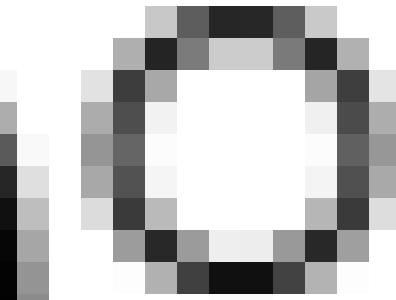
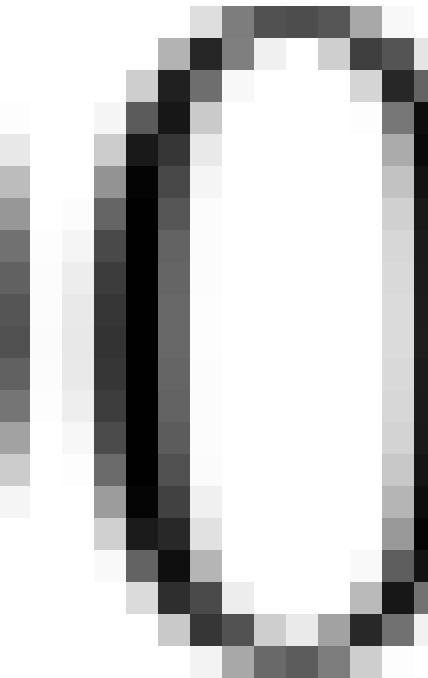
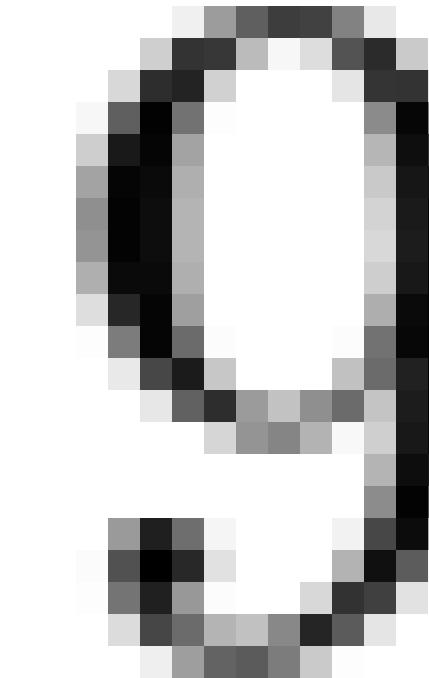
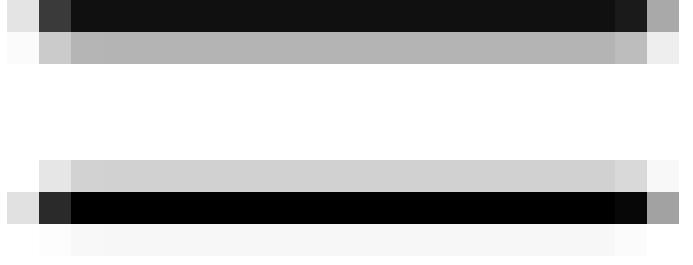
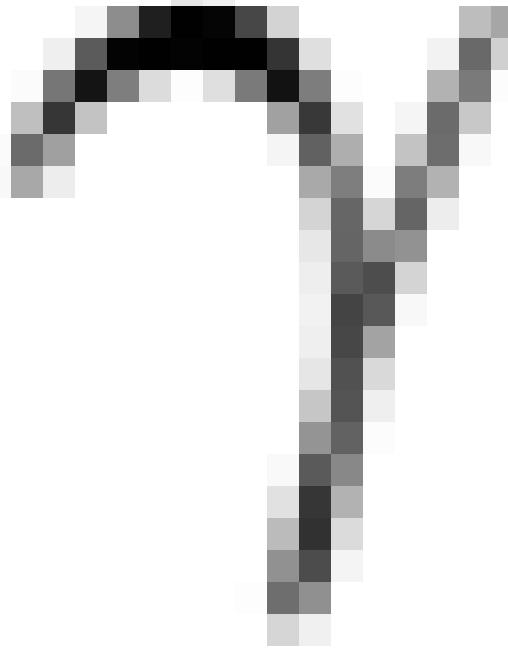




$$R_{PG} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

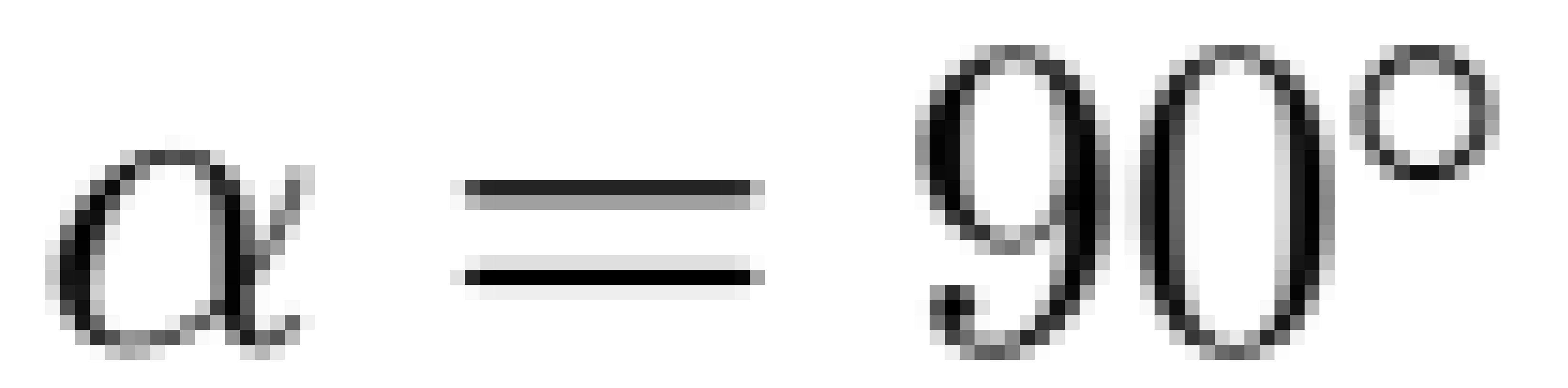
$$\underline{\underline{S}}_G = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} 30 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 25 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 20 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 25 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 30 \end{bmatrix} \quad \blacksquare$$





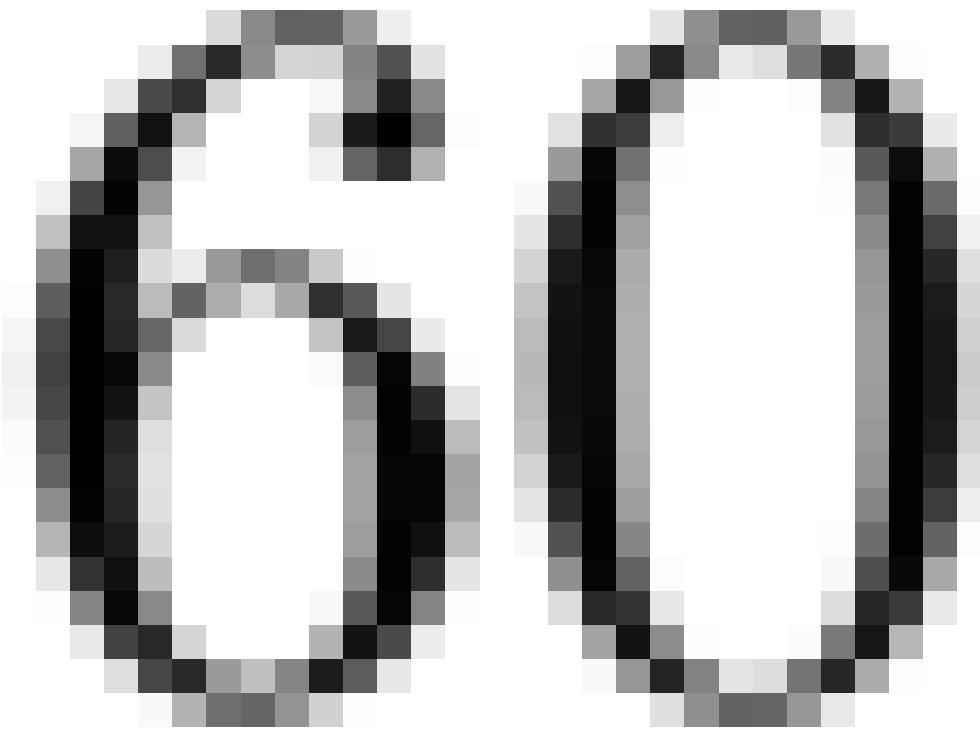
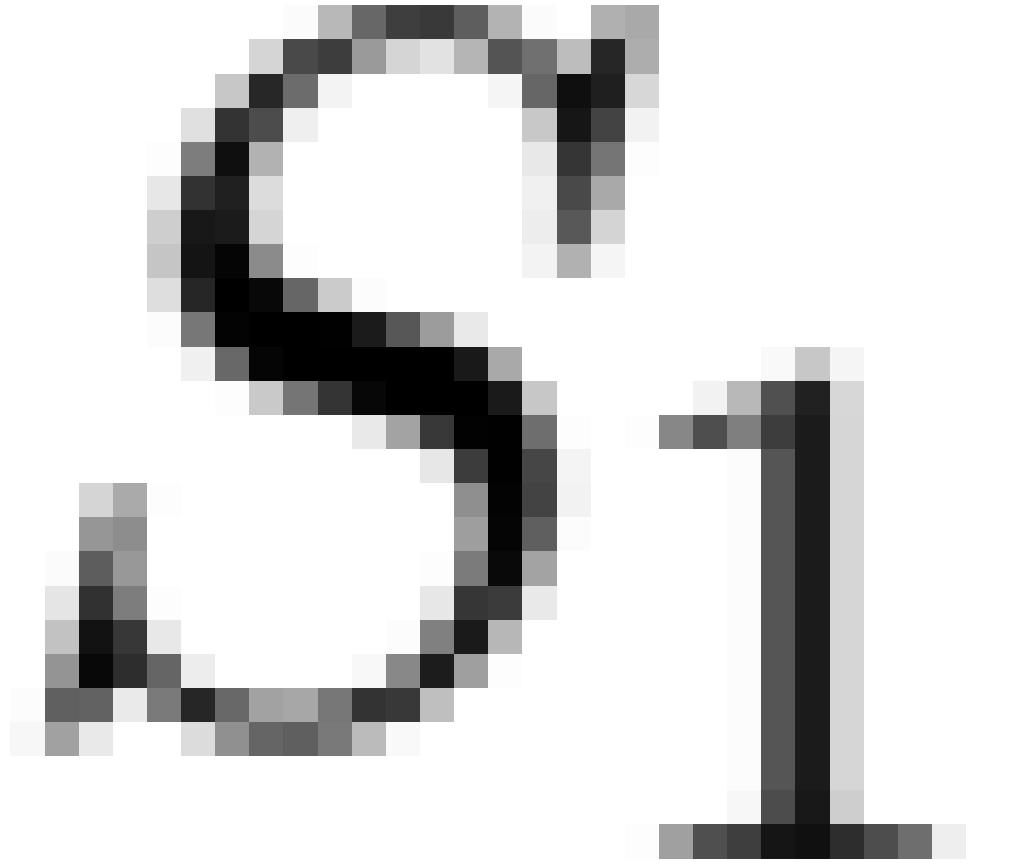
$$R_{PG} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

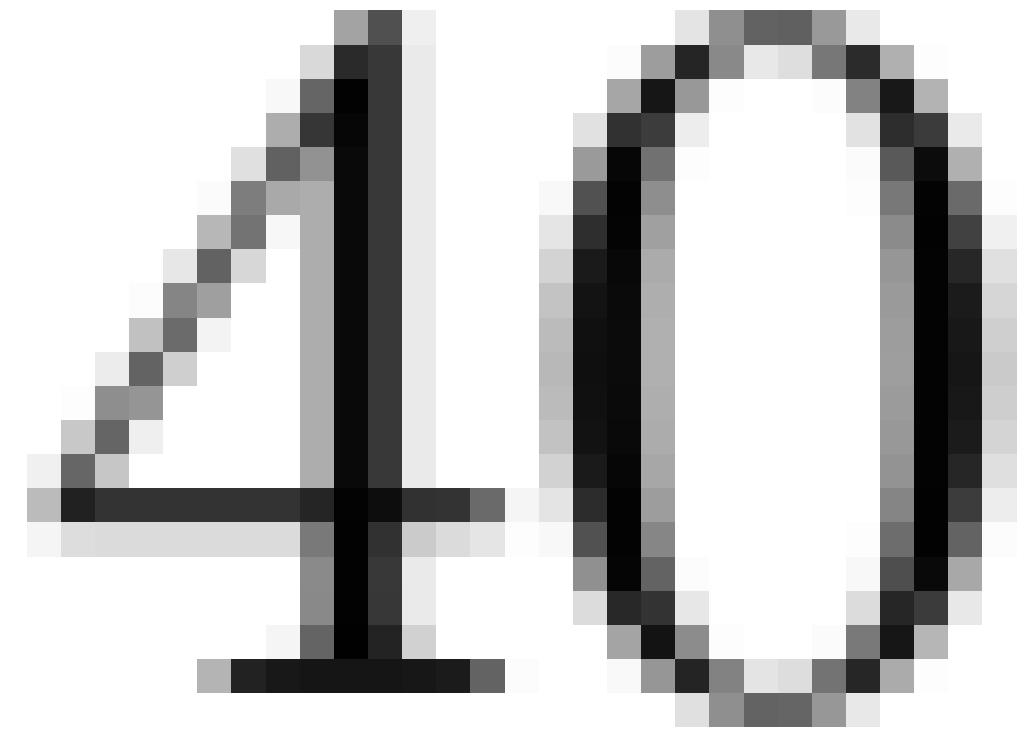
$$\underline{\underline{S}}_G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} 30 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 25 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 20 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \boxed{\begin{bmatrix} 30 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 25 \end{bmatrix}}$$

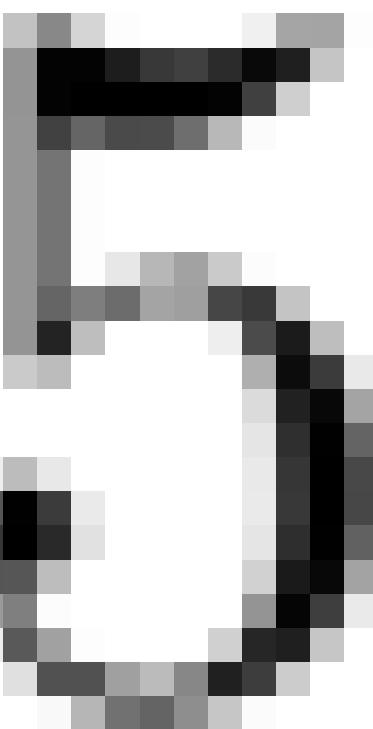
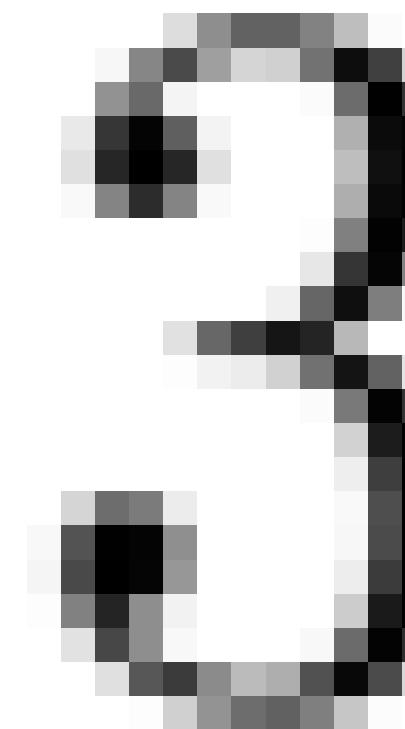


$$R_{PG} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

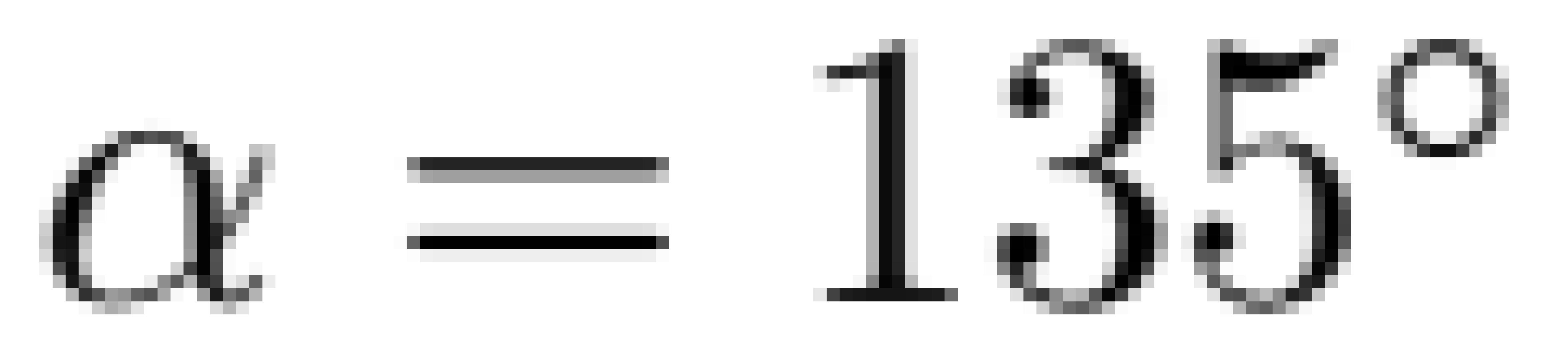
$$\underline{\underline{S}}_G = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} 30 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 25 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 20 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 25 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 30 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \boxed{\begin{bmatrix} 25 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 30 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 20 \end{bmatrix}}$$





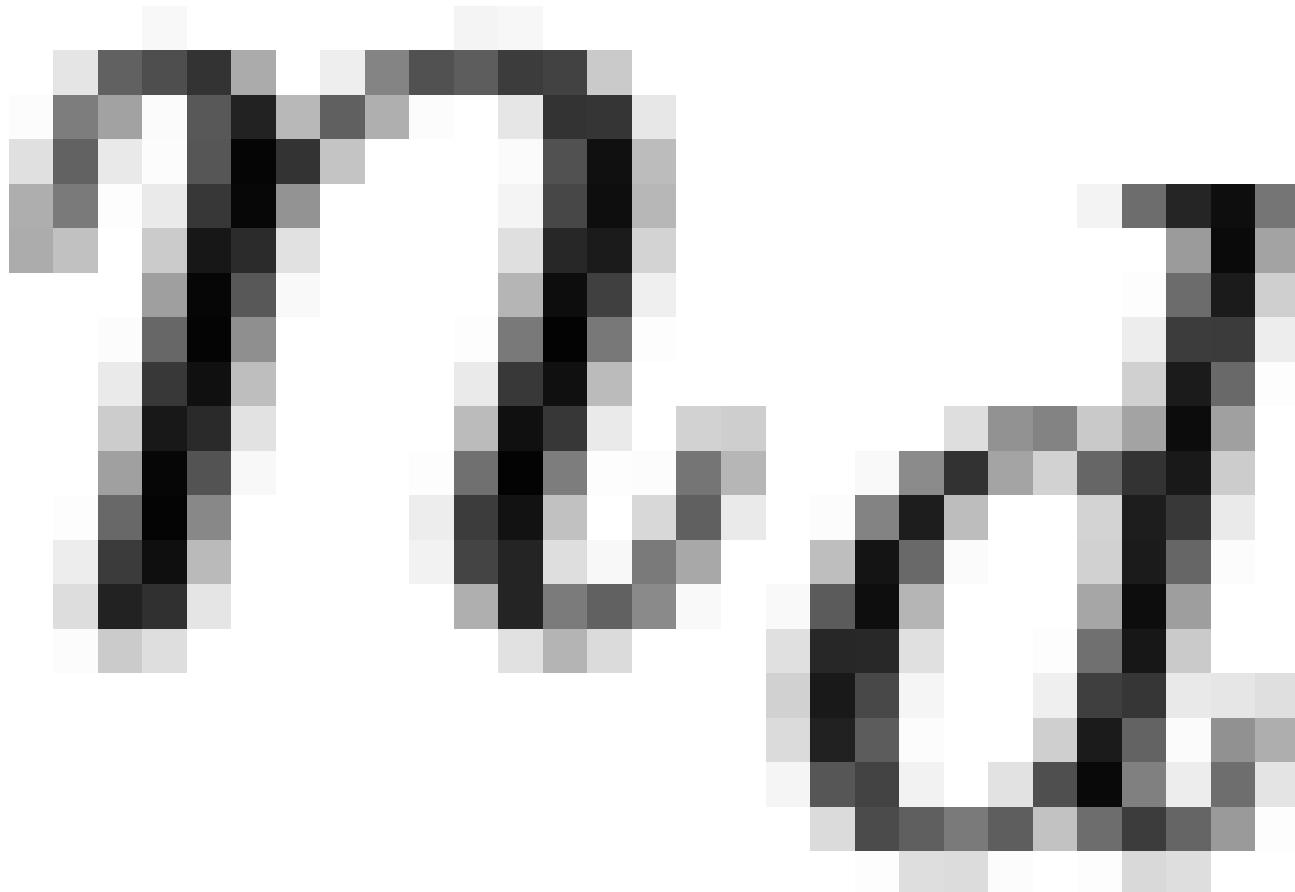


$$\underline{S}_P = \begin{bmatrix} 60 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 40 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 35 \end{bmatrix}$$



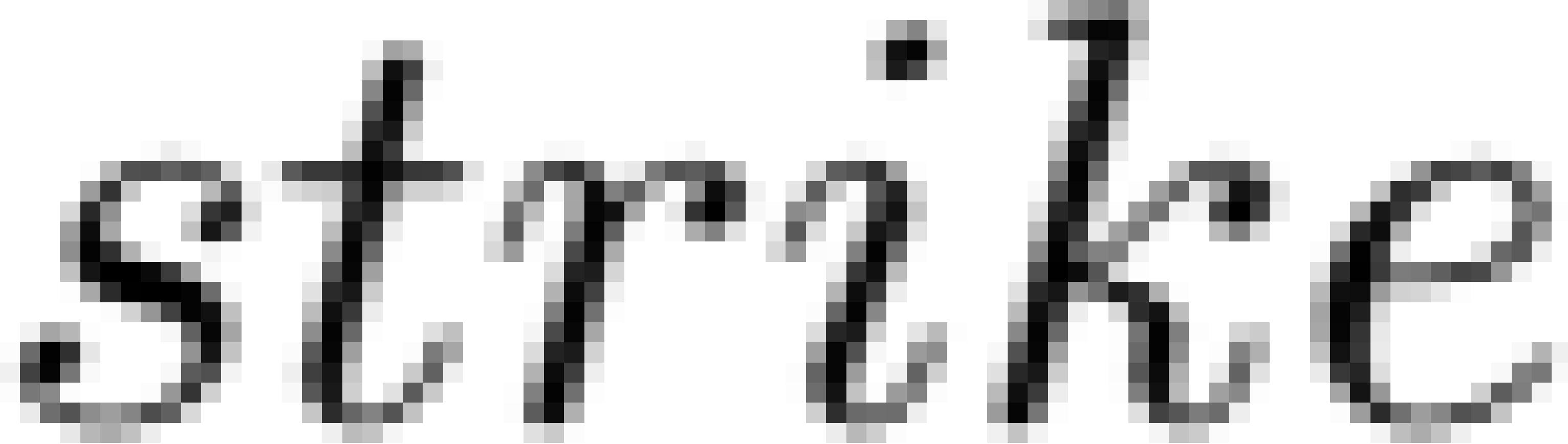
$$R_{PG} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.707 & 0.707 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0.707 & 0.707 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{\underline{S}}_G = \begin{bmatrix} -0.707 & 0.707 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0.707 & 0.707 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} 60 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 40 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 35 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.707 & 0.707 & 0 \\ 47.5 & -12.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 47.5 & 0 \\ -12.5 & 0 & 40 \end{bmatrix} \quad \blacksquare$$



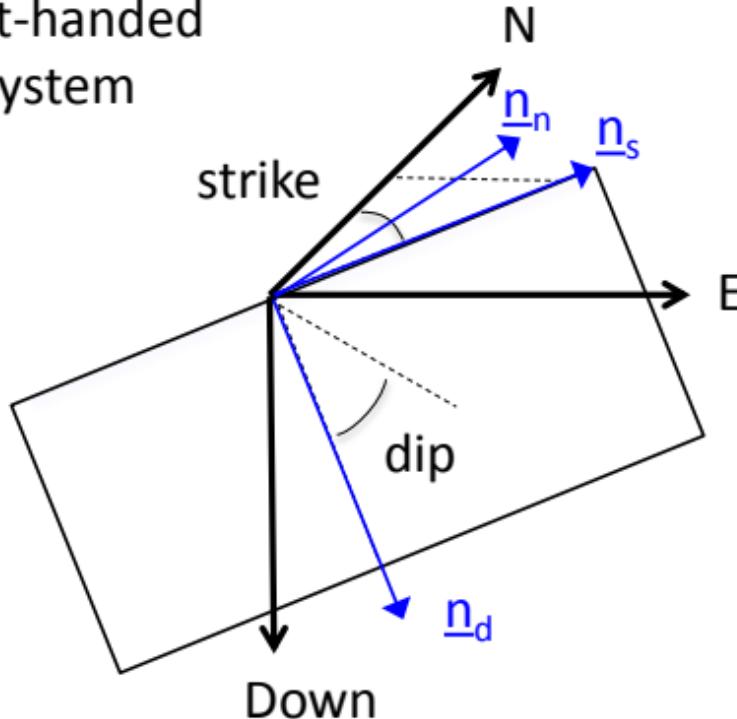






d-s-n

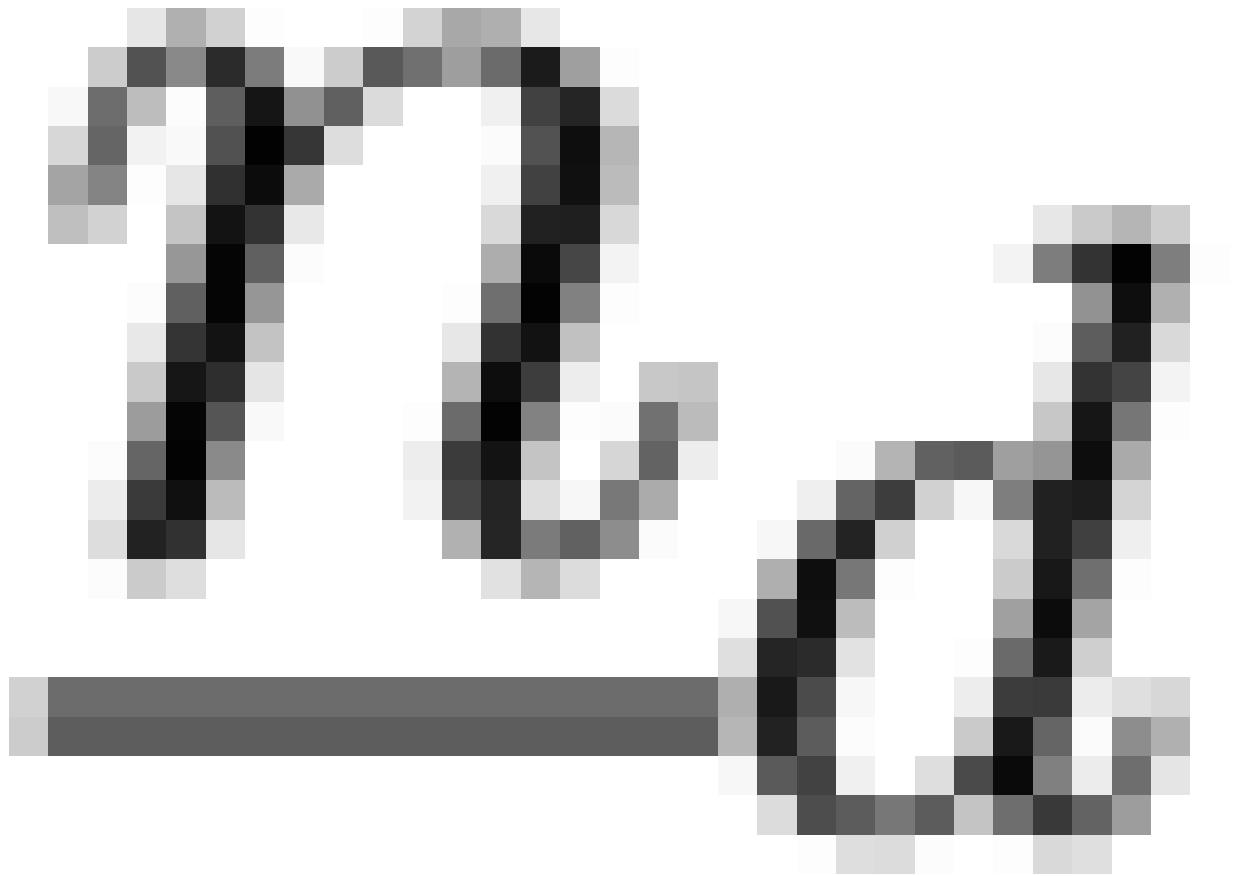
Right-handed
system



$$\underline{n}_n = \begin{bmatrix} -\sin(\text{strike})\sin(\text{dip}) \\ \cos(\text{strike})\sin(\text{dip}) \\ -\cos(\text{dip}) \end{bmatrix}$$

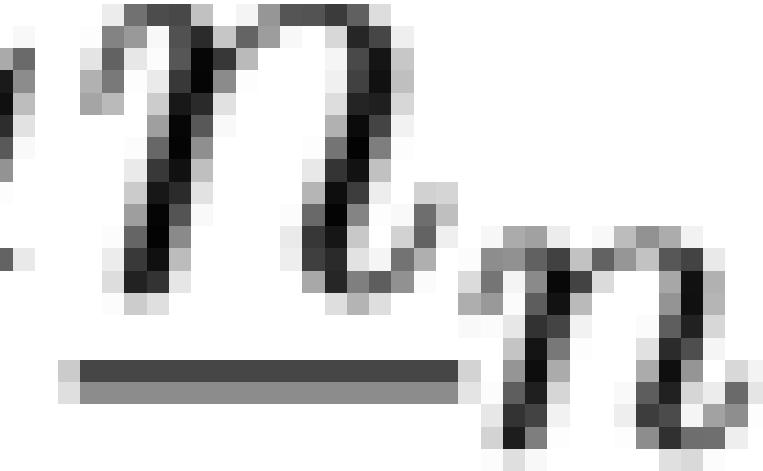
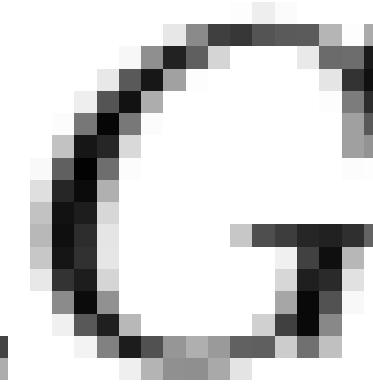
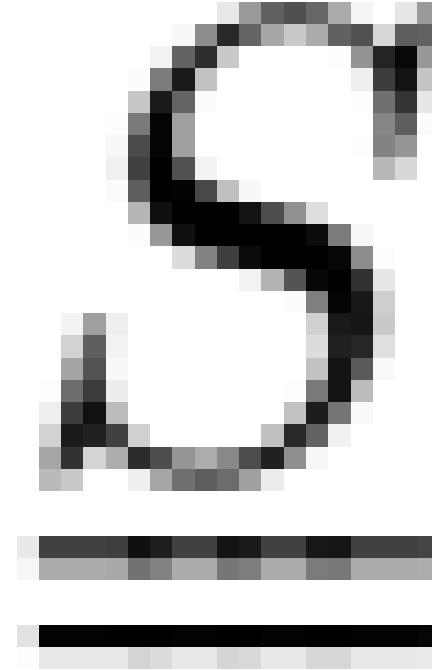
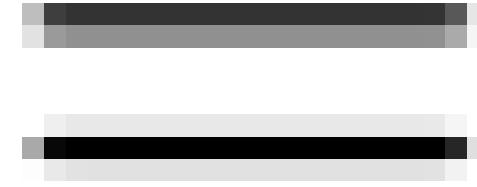
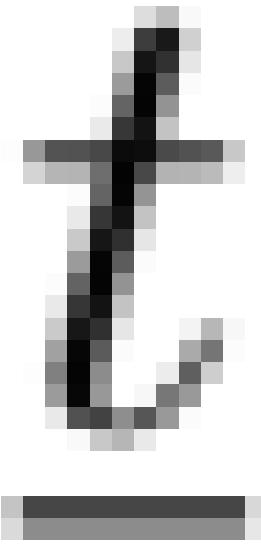
$$\underline{n}_s = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\text{strike}) \\ \sin(\text{strike}) \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{n}_d = \begin{bmatrix} -\sin(\text{strike})\cos(\text{dip}) \\ \cos(\text{strike})\cos(\text{dip}) \\ \sin(\text{dip}) \end{bmatrix}$$

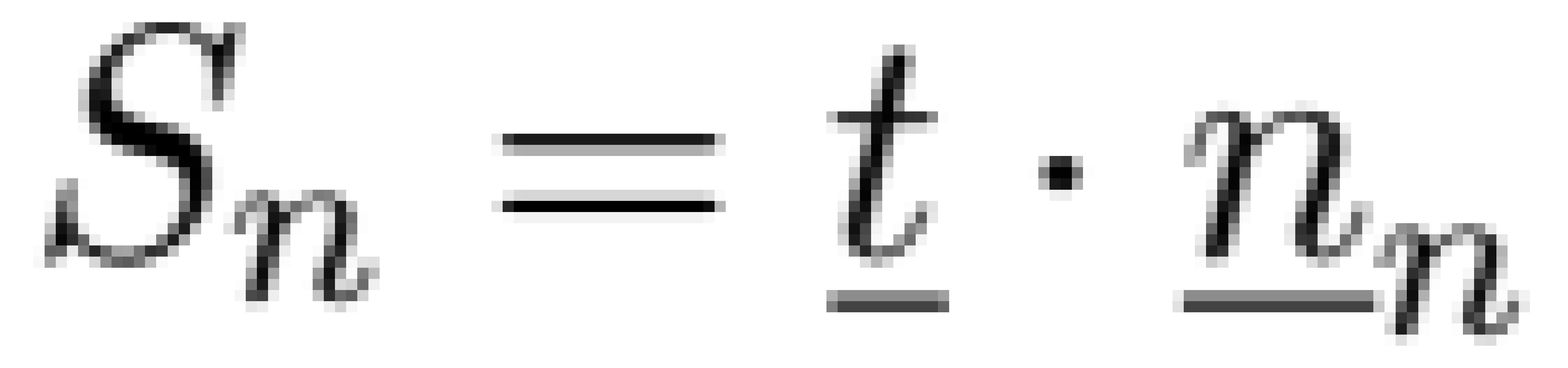






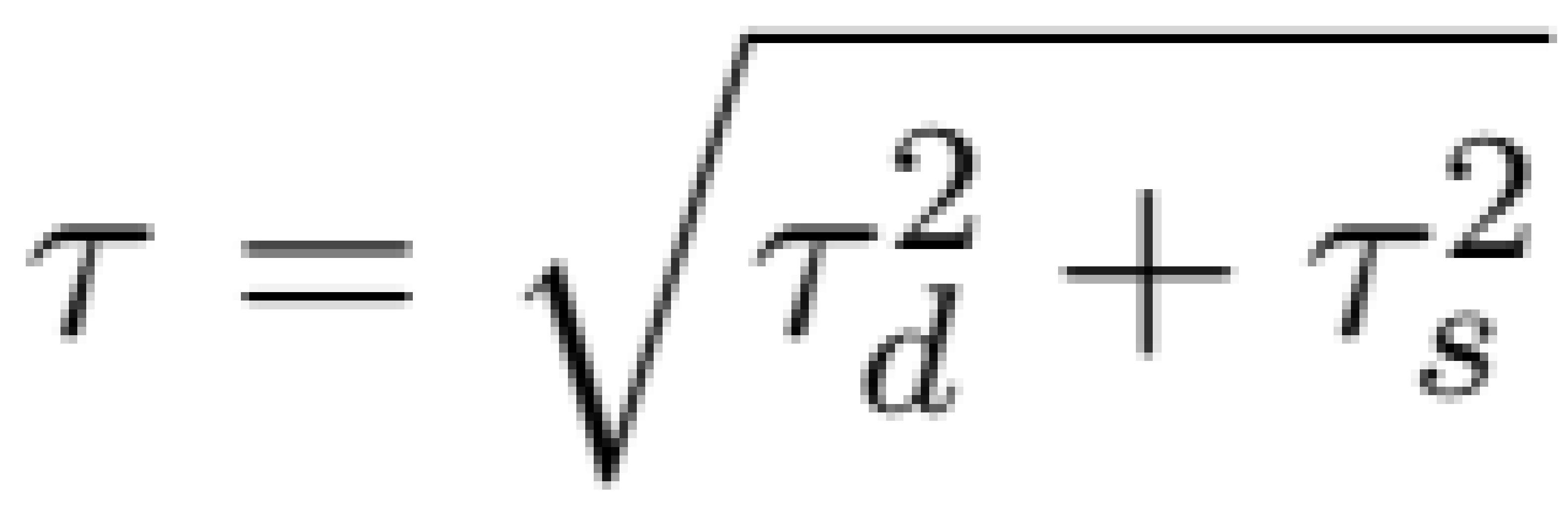






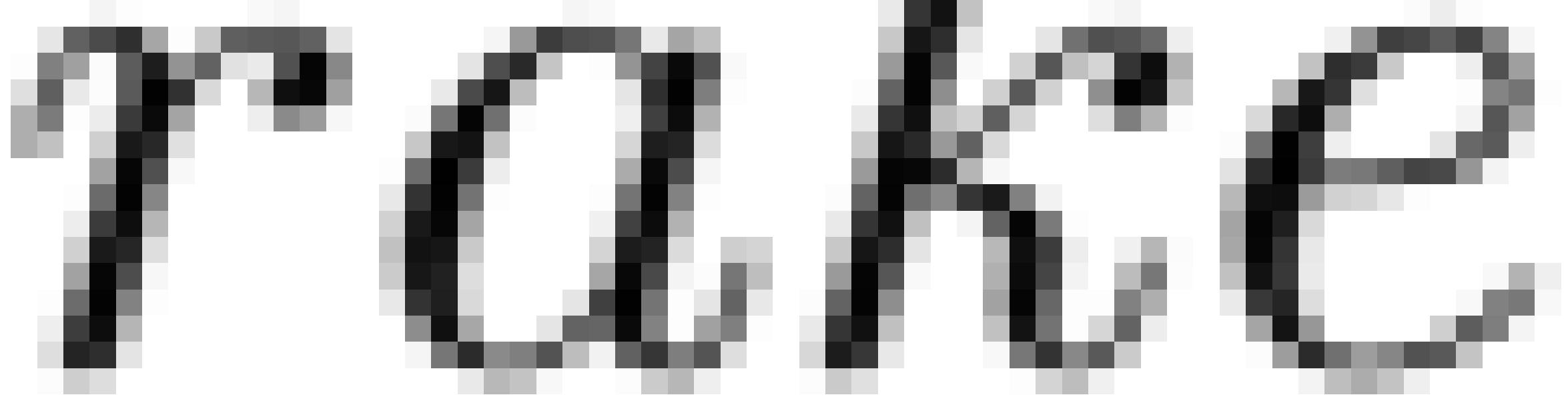


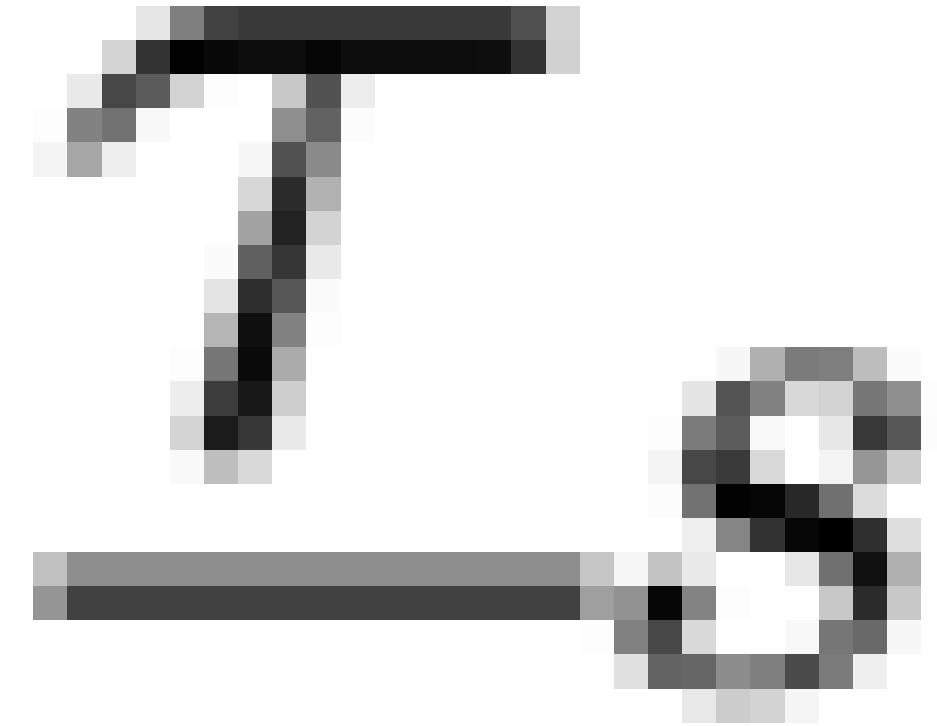
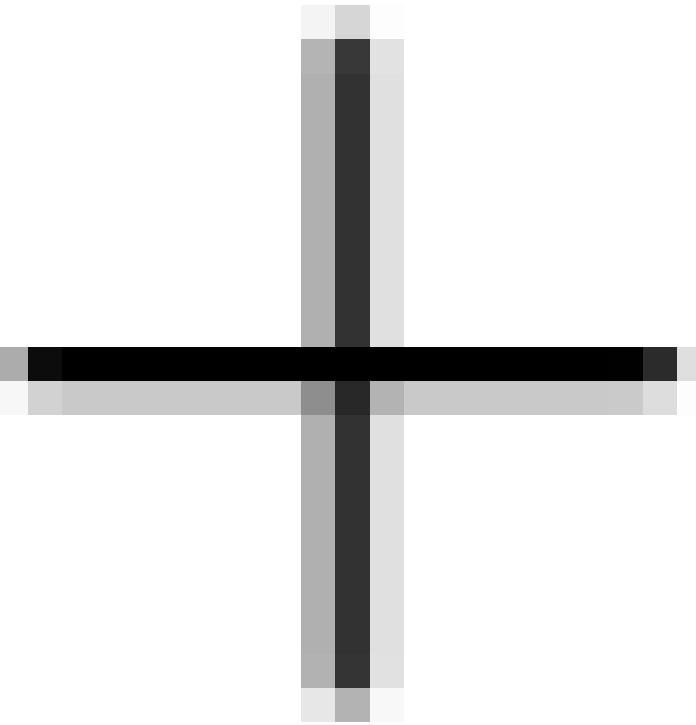
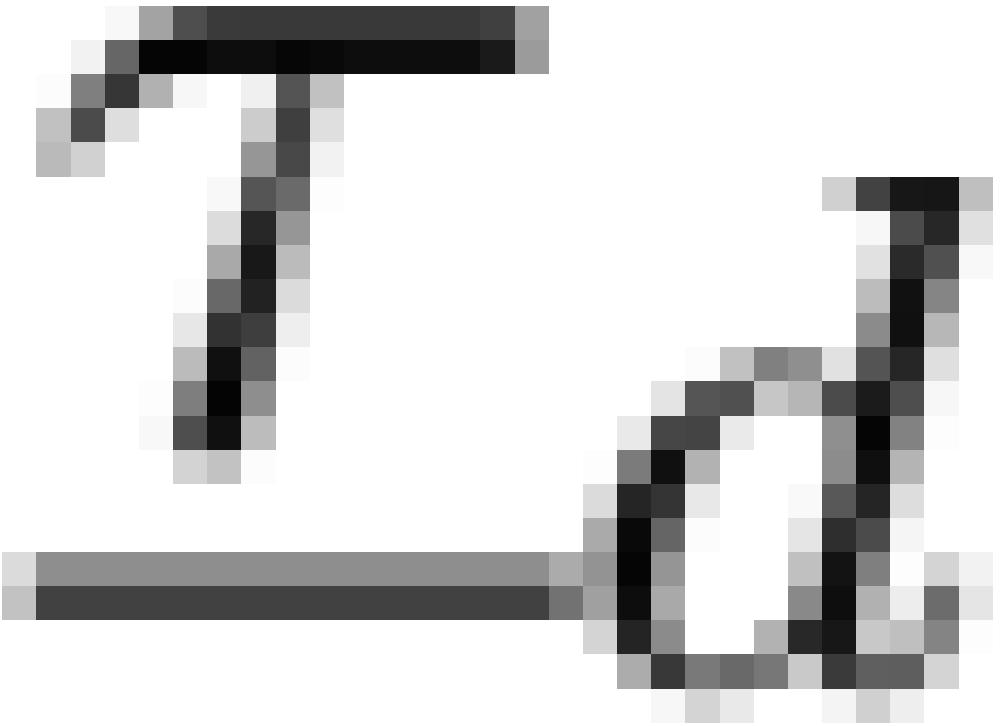
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} T_d = \underline{t} \cdot \underline{n}_d \\ T_s = \underline{t} \cdot \underline{n}_s \end{array} \right.$$





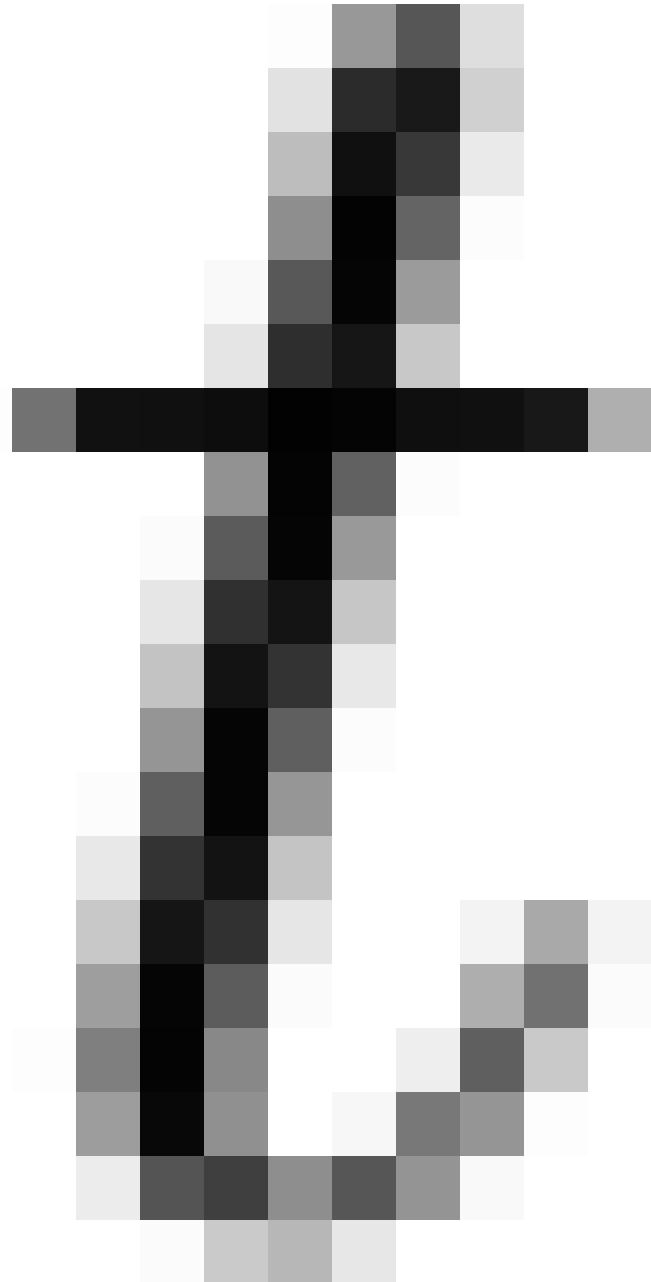


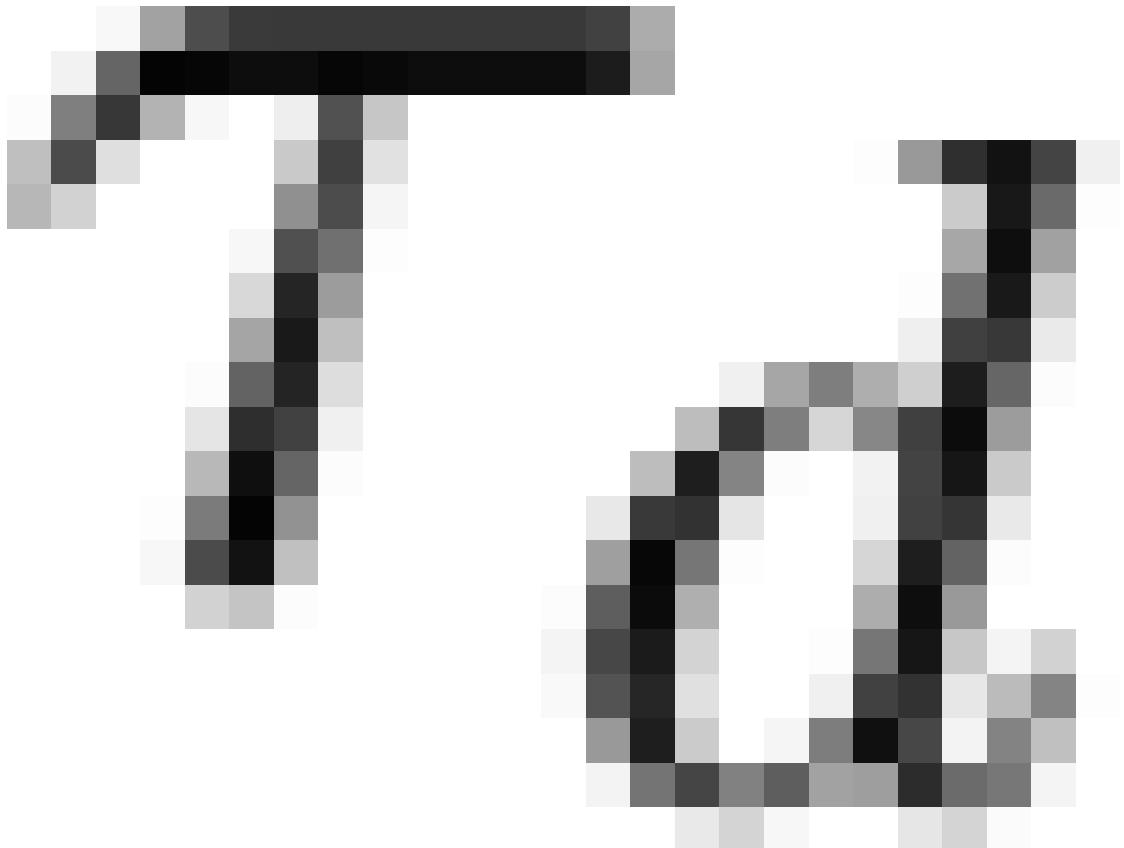


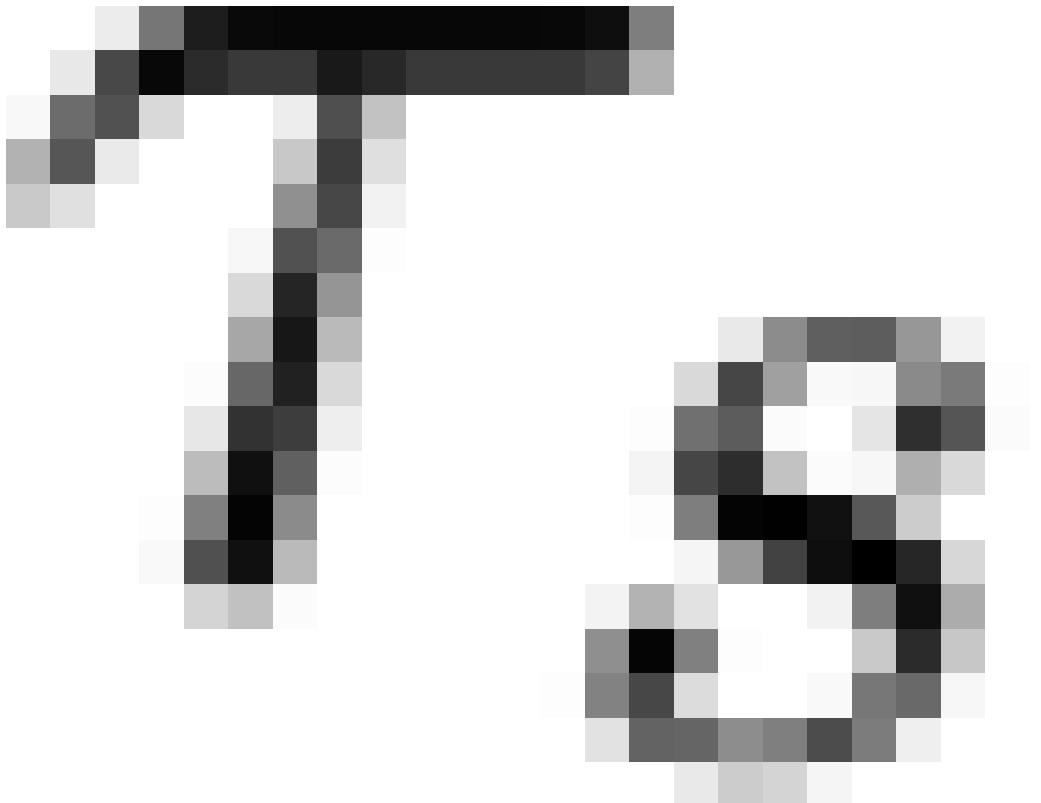


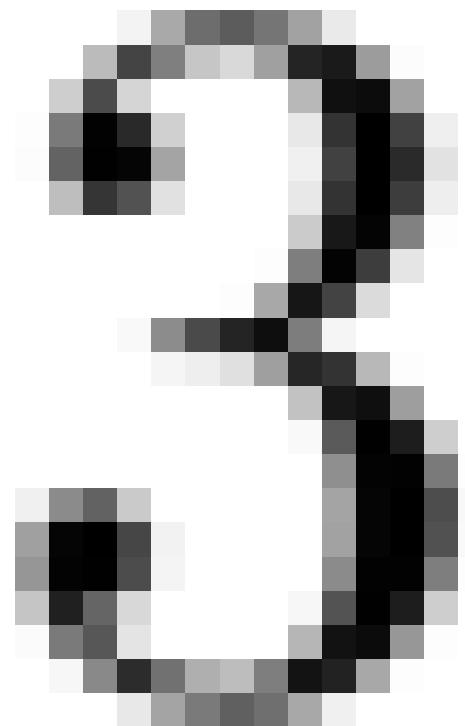
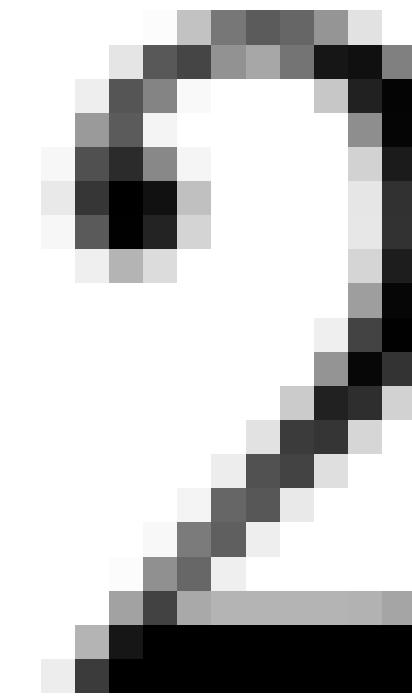
$$\text{rake} = \arctan$$

$$\left(\frac{\tau_d}{\tau_s} - 1 \right)$$













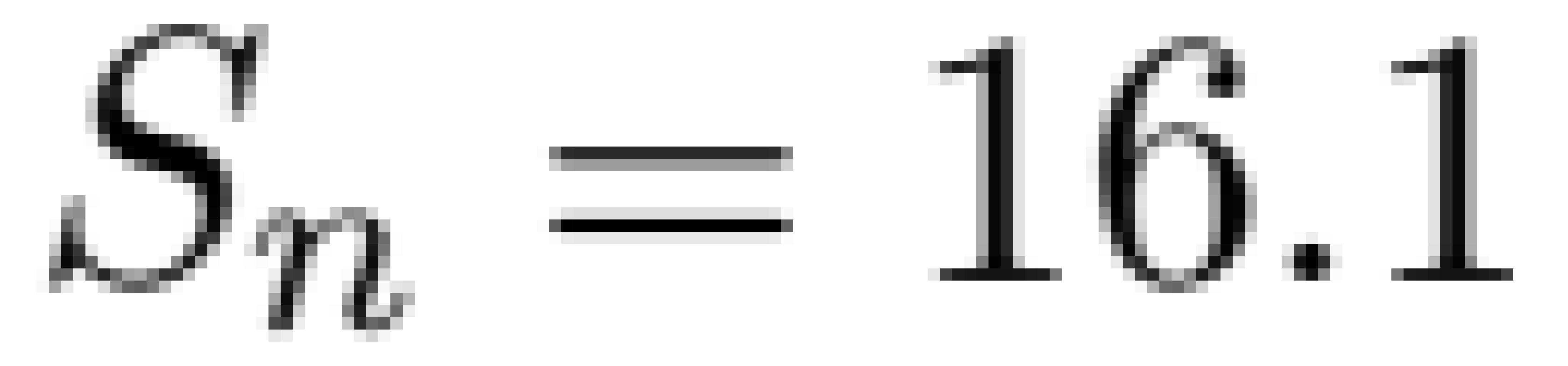
$$\underline{S}_P = \begin{bmatrix} 23 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 15 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 13.8 \end{bmatrix}$$

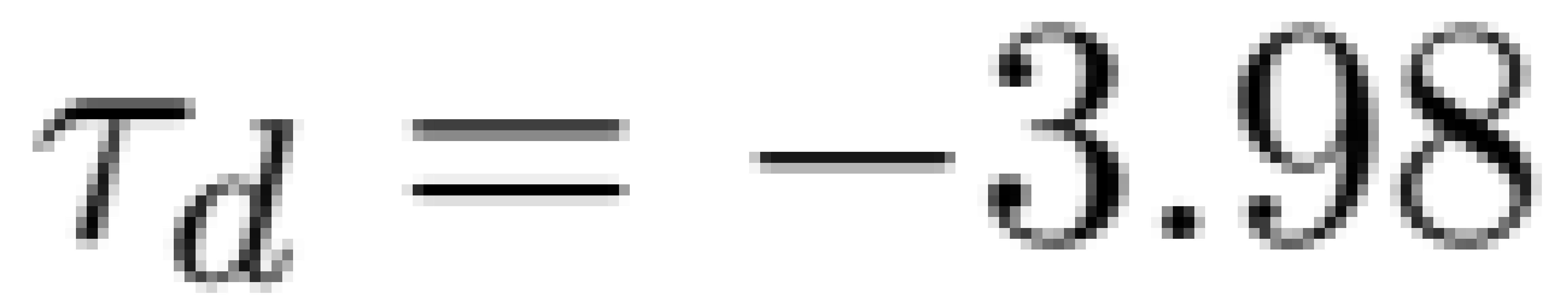
$$R_{PG} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

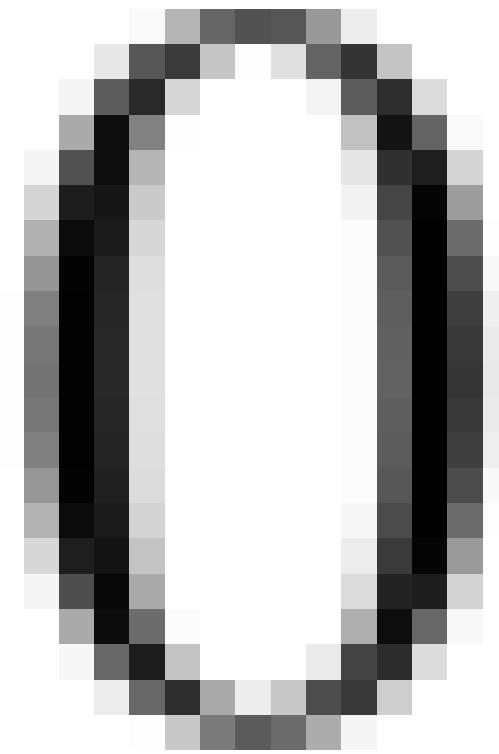
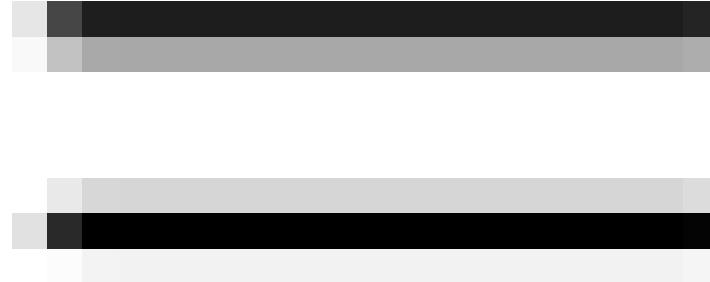
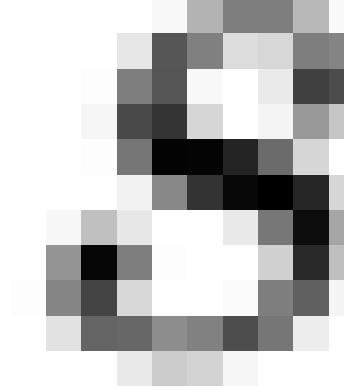
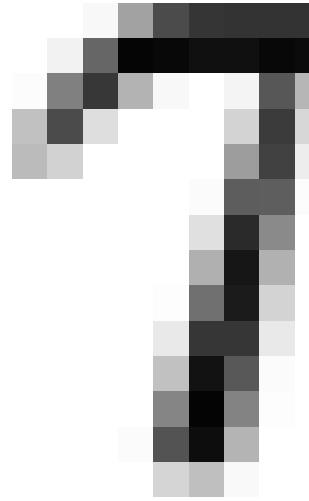
$$\underline{S}_G = \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 13.8 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 23 \end{bmatrix}$$

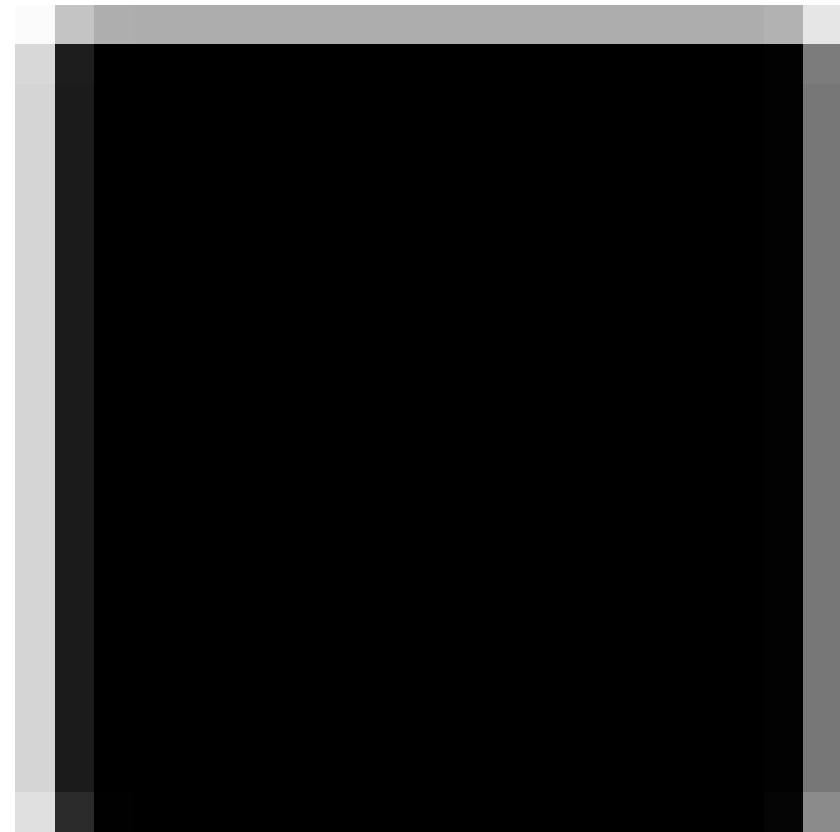
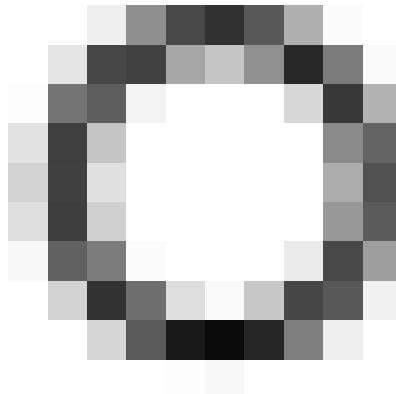
$$\underline{n}_n = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0.867 \\ -0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

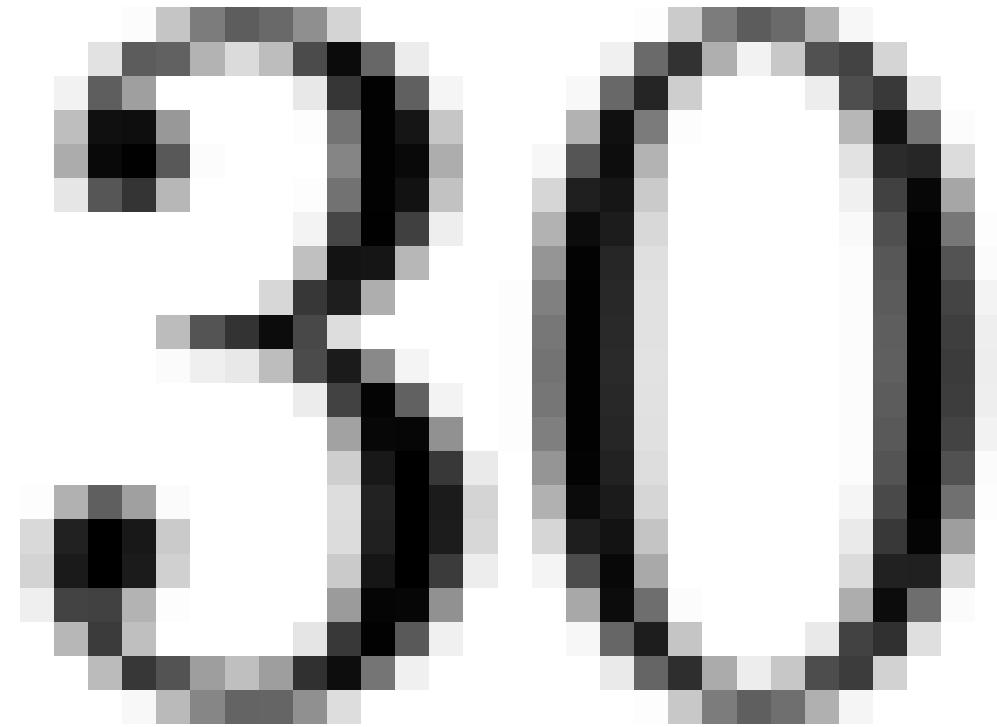








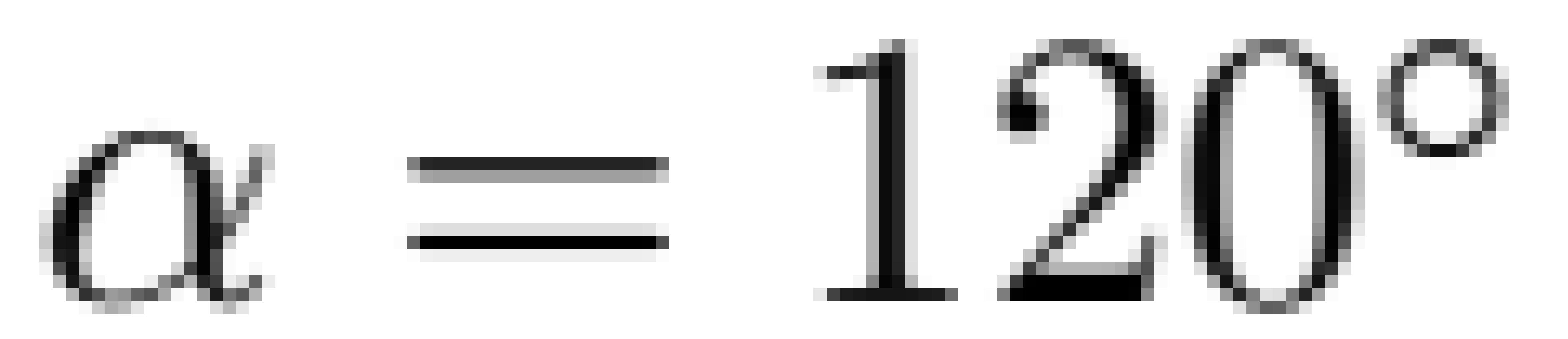








$$\underline{S}_P = \begin{bmatrix} 45 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 30 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 25 \end{bmatrix} \text{ MPa}$$

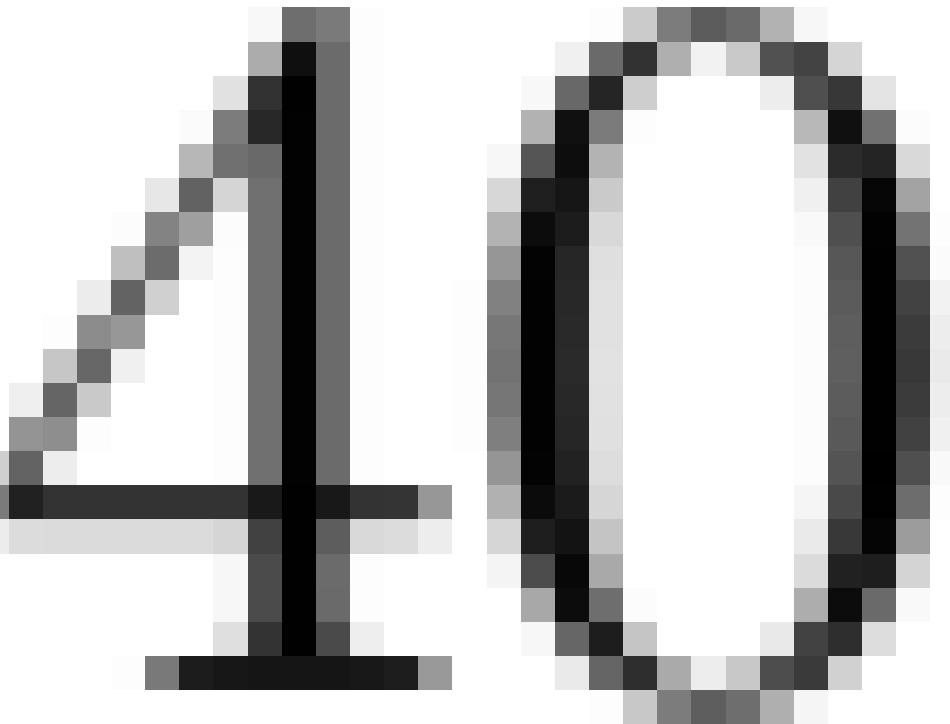


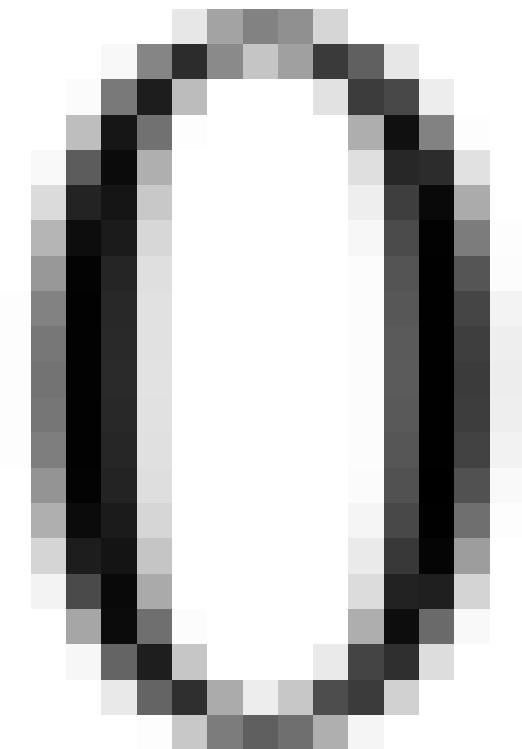
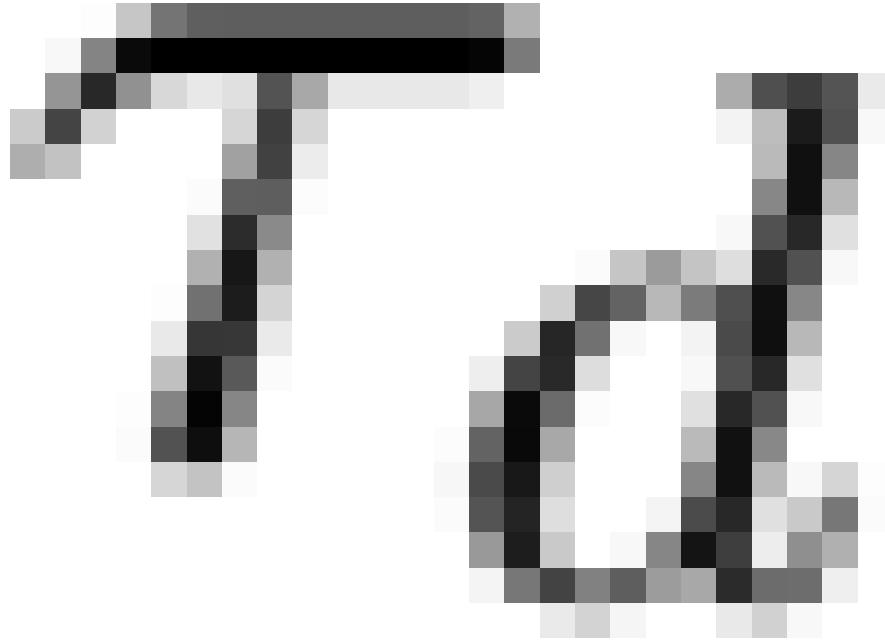
$$R_{PG} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 & 0.866 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0.866 & 0.5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

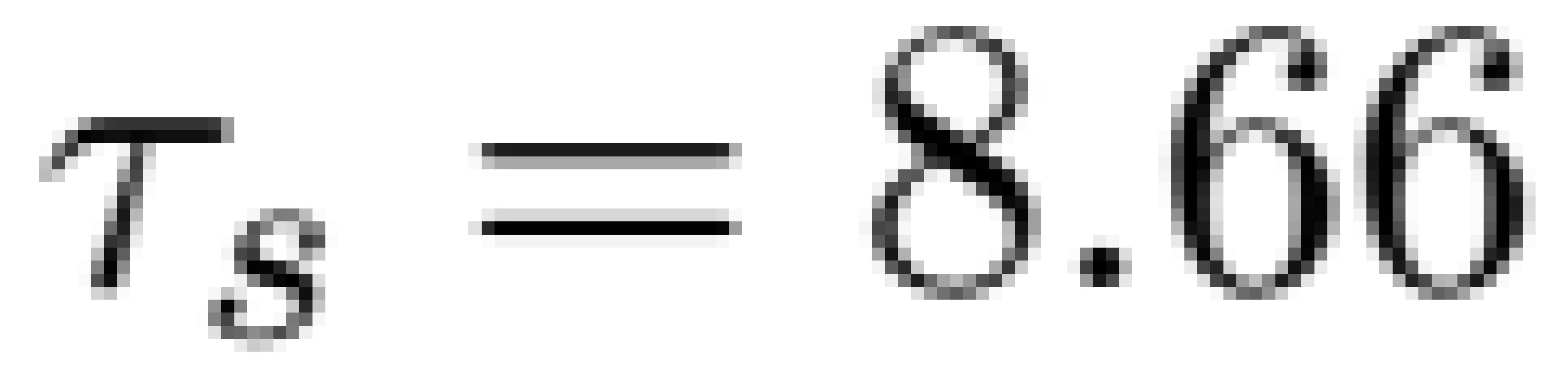
$$\underline{S}_G = \begin{bmatrix} 30 & -8.66 & 0 \\ -8.66 & 40 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 30 \end{bmatrix} \text{ MPa}$$

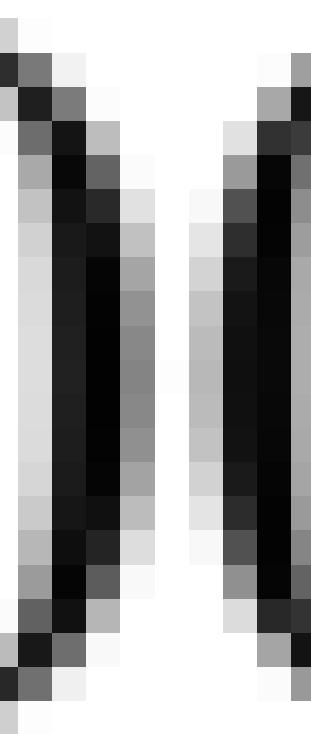
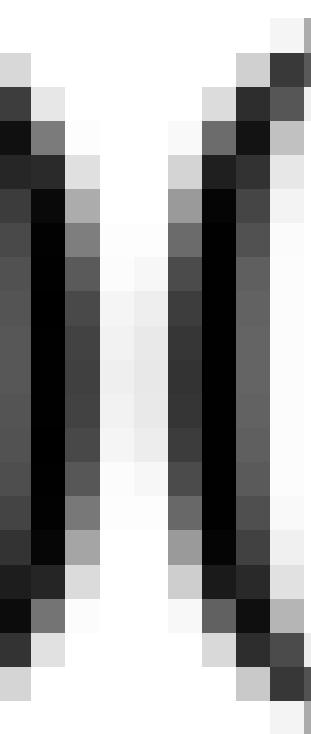
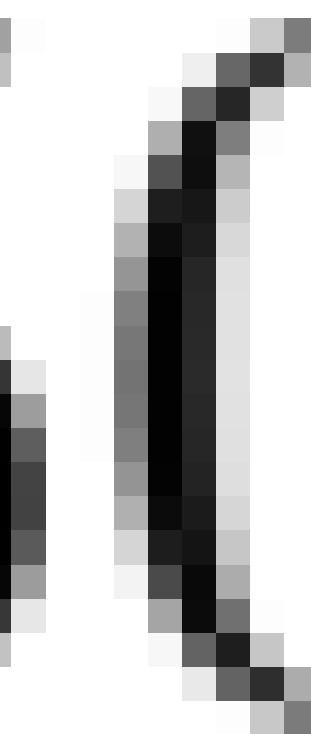
$$\underline{n}_n = \begin{bmatrix} -0.866 \\ 0.5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$













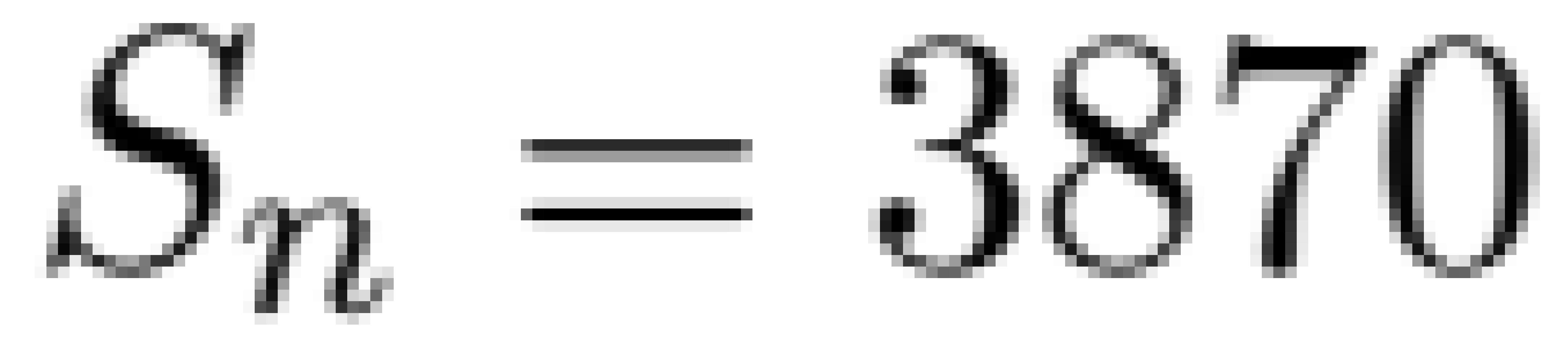


$$\underline{S}_P = \begin{bmatrix} 5000 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4000 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3000 \end{bmatrix} \text{ psi}$$

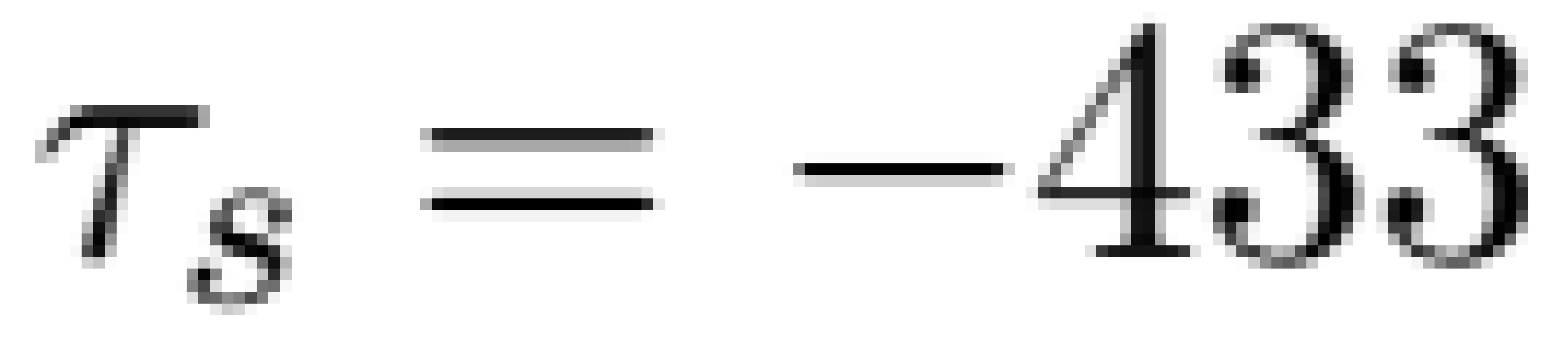
$$\underline{S}_G = \begin{bmatrix} 4000 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3000 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5000 \end{bmatrix} \text{ psi}$$

$$\underline{n}_n = \begin{bmatrix} -0.612 \\ 0.612 \\ -0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

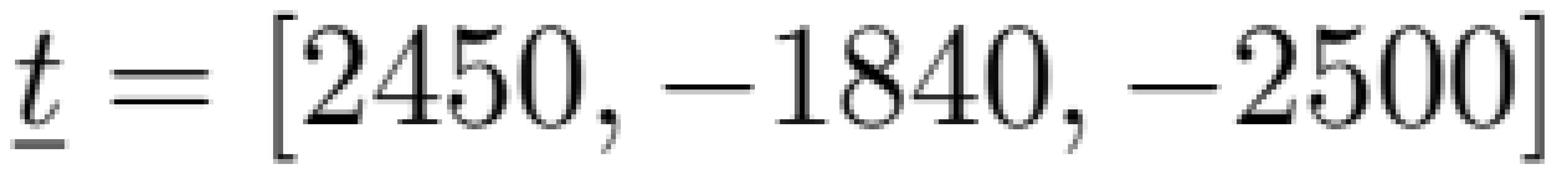


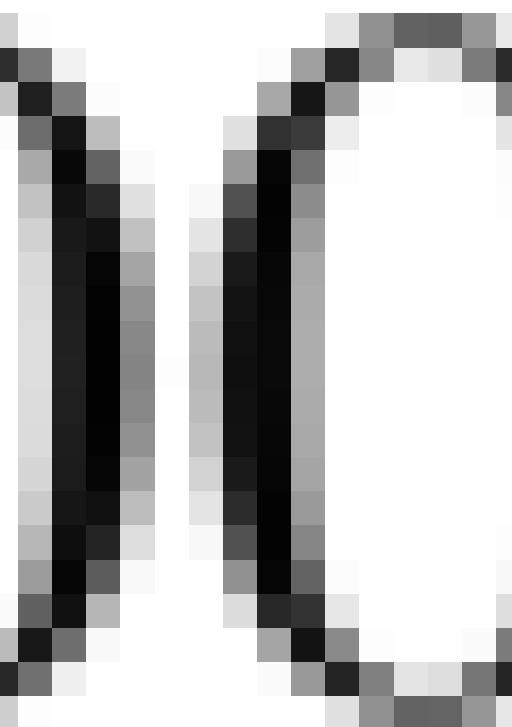
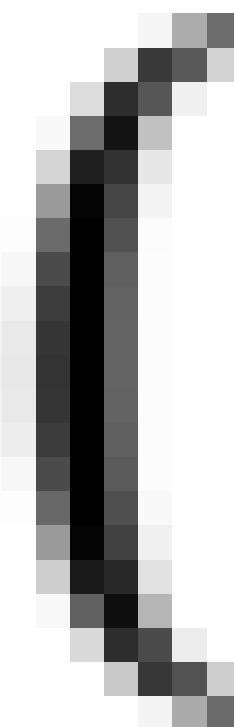
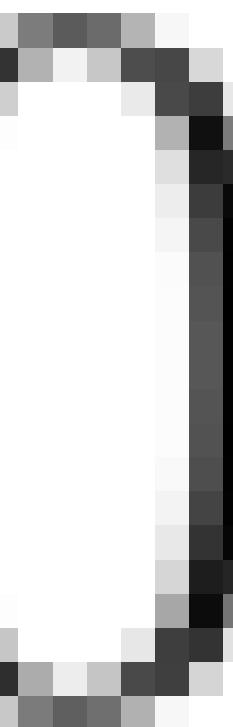
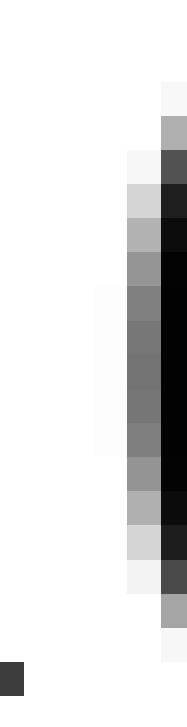






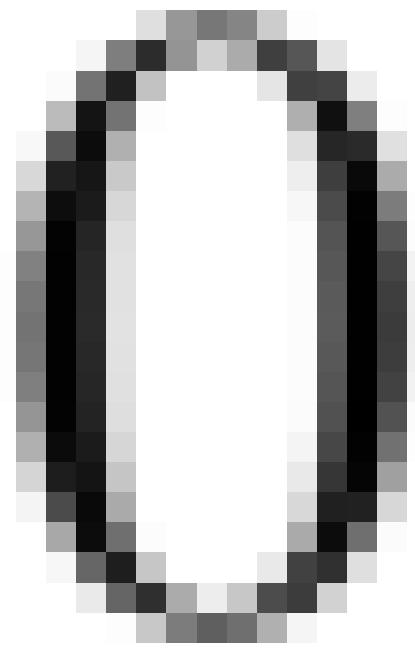
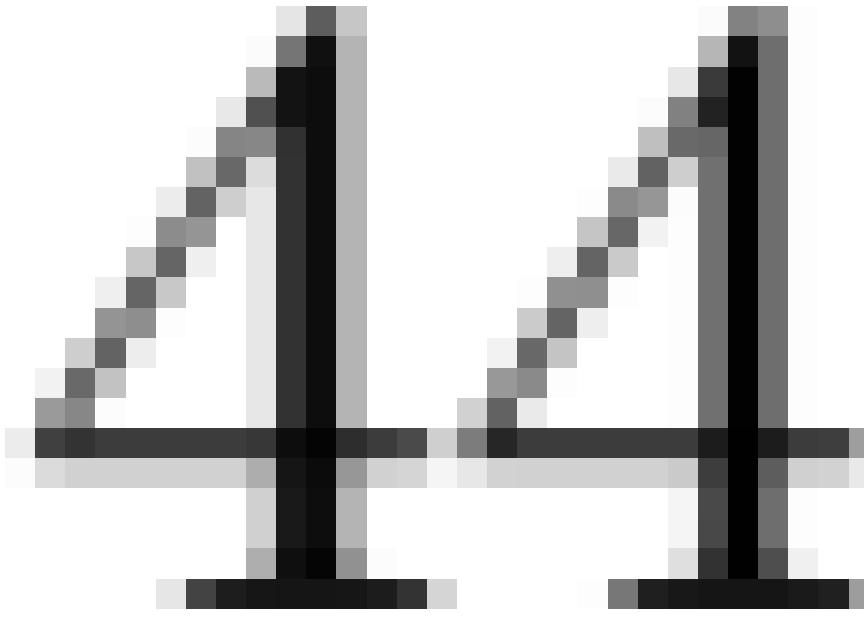
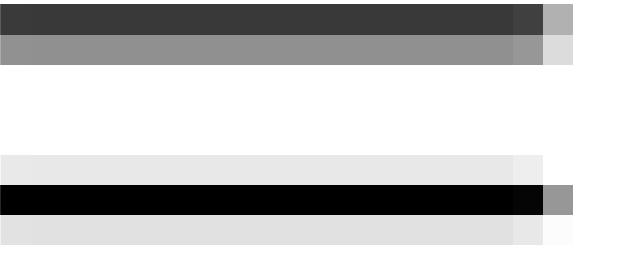
$$\underline{n}_n = \begin{bmatrix} 0.612 \\ -0.612 \\ -0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$



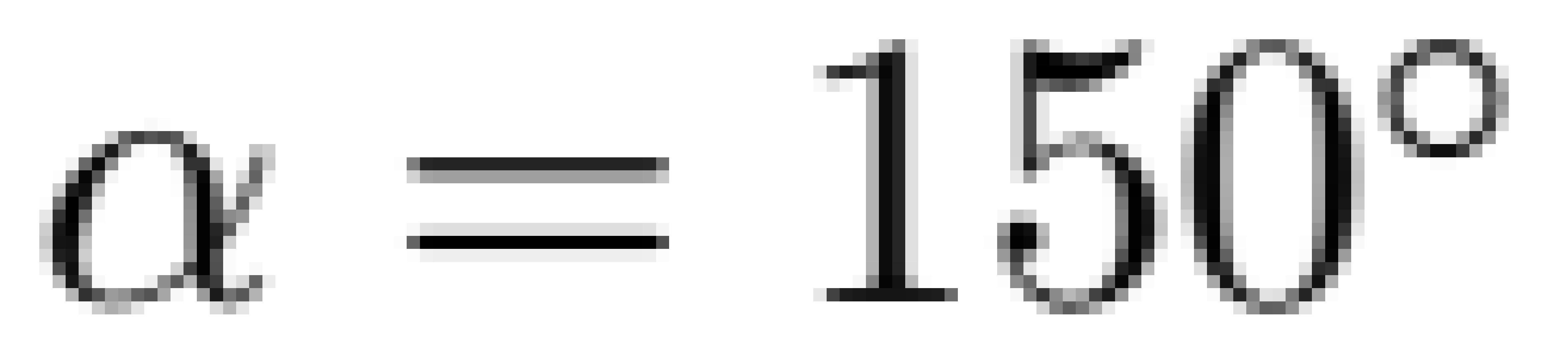








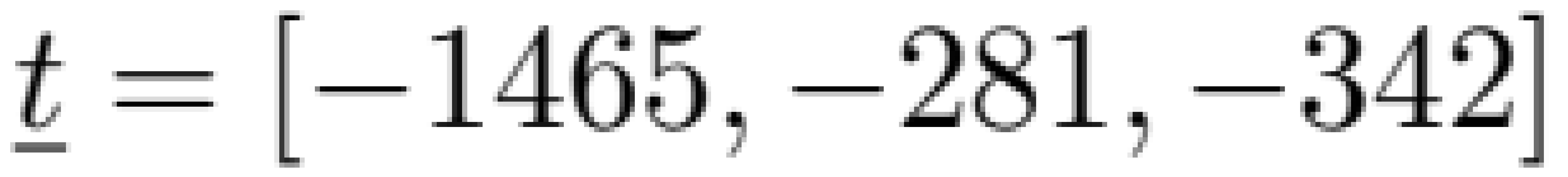
$$\underline{S}_P = \begin{bmatrix} 2400 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1200 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1000 \end{bmatrix} \text{ psi}$$

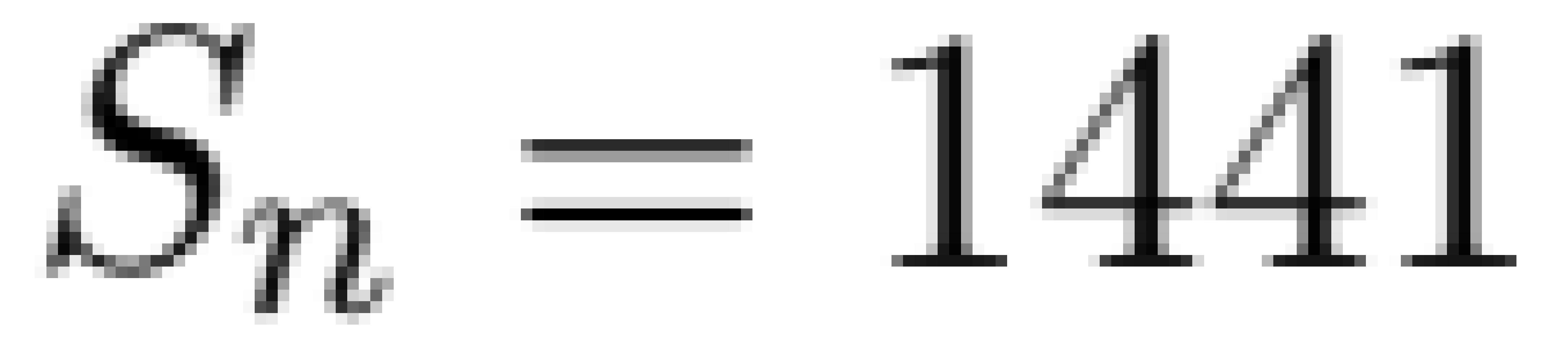


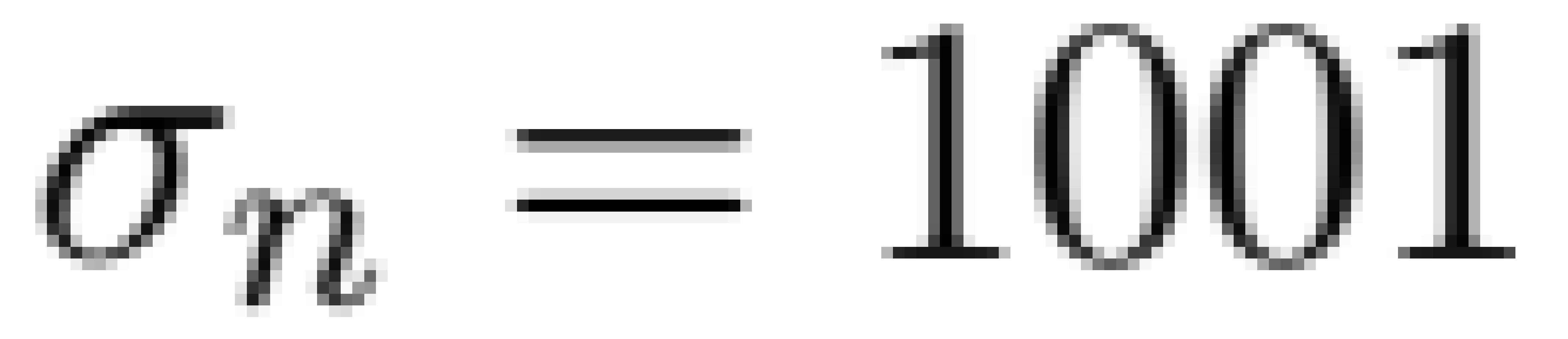
$$R_{PG} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.866 & 0.5 & 0 \\ -0.5 & -0.866 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

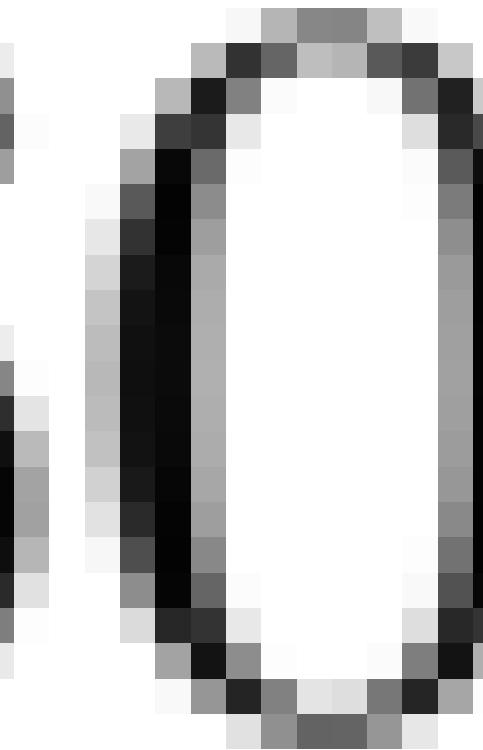
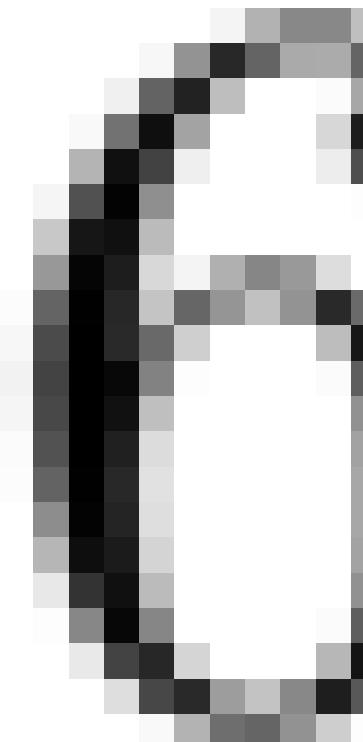
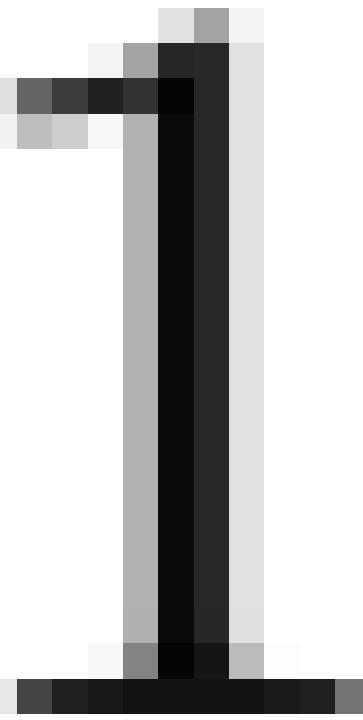
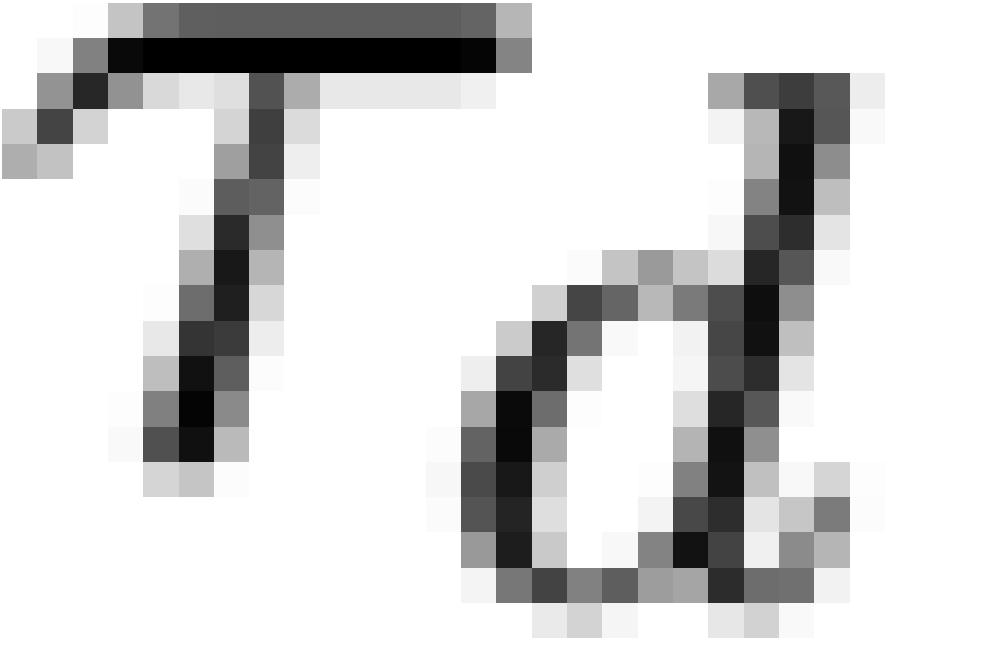
$$\underline{S}_G = \begin{bmatrix} 2100 & -520 & 0 \\ -520 & 1500 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1000 \end{bmatrix} \text{ psi}$$

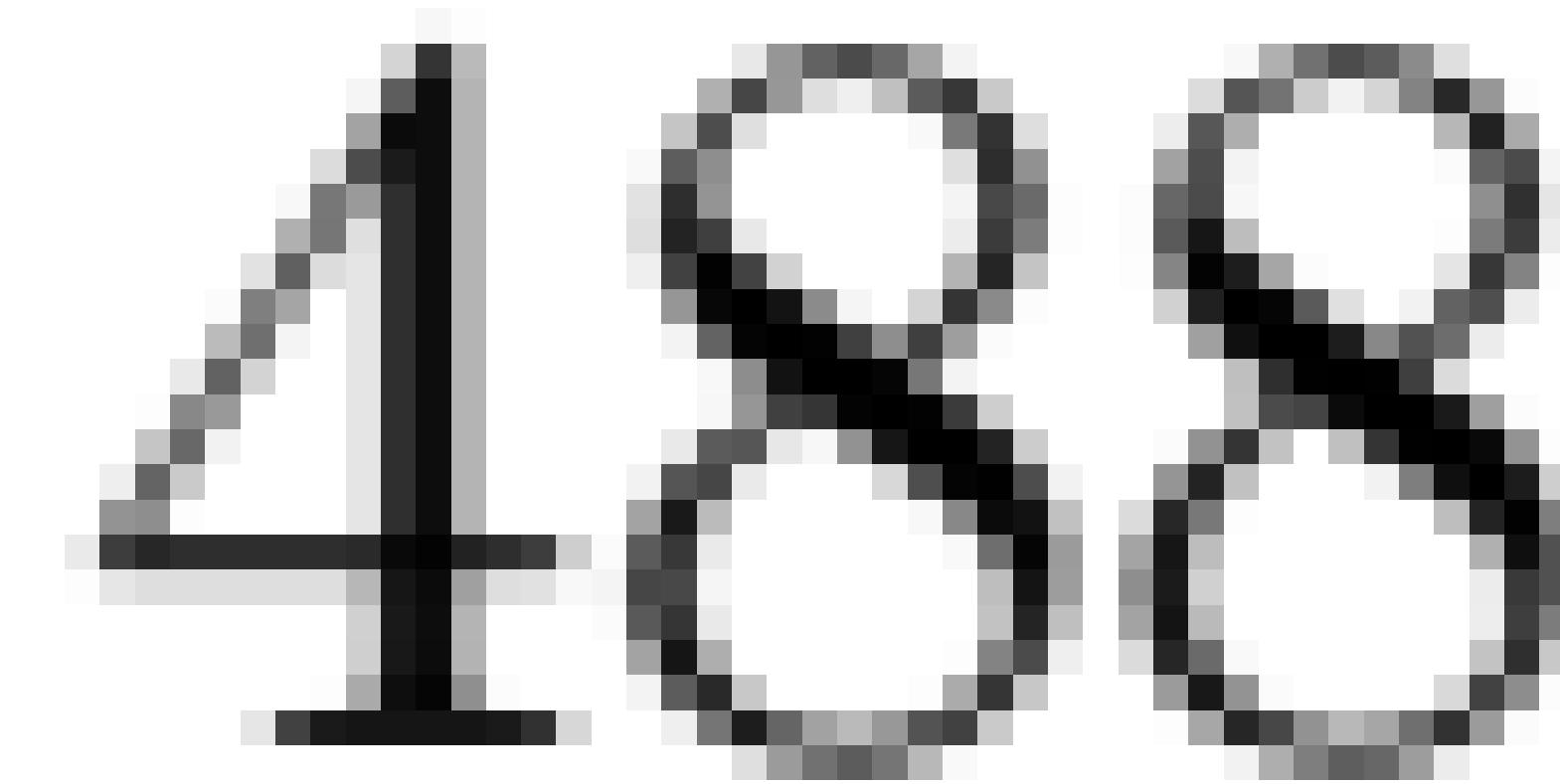
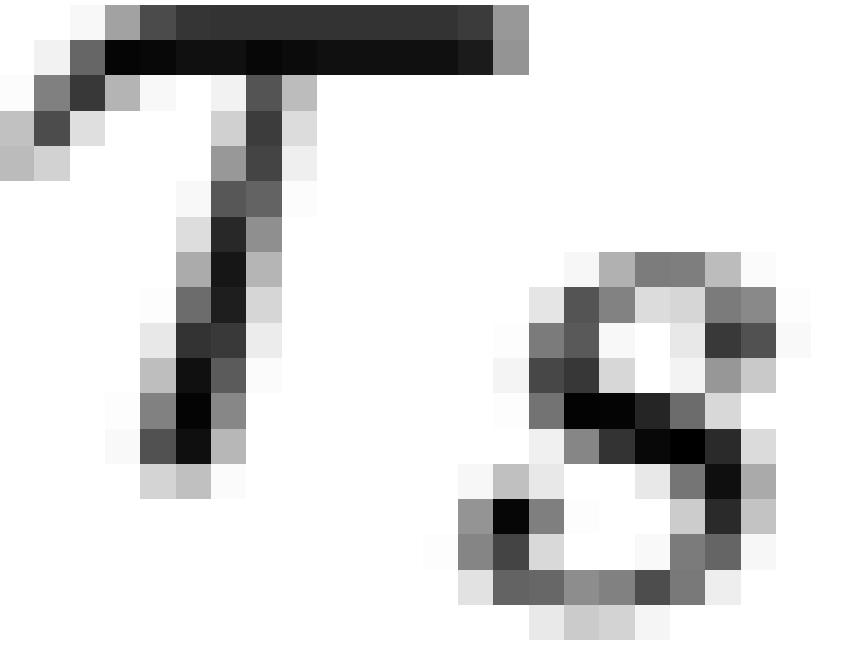
$$\underline{n}_n = \begin{bmatrix} -0.814 \\ -0.470 \\ -0.342 \end{bmatrix}$$

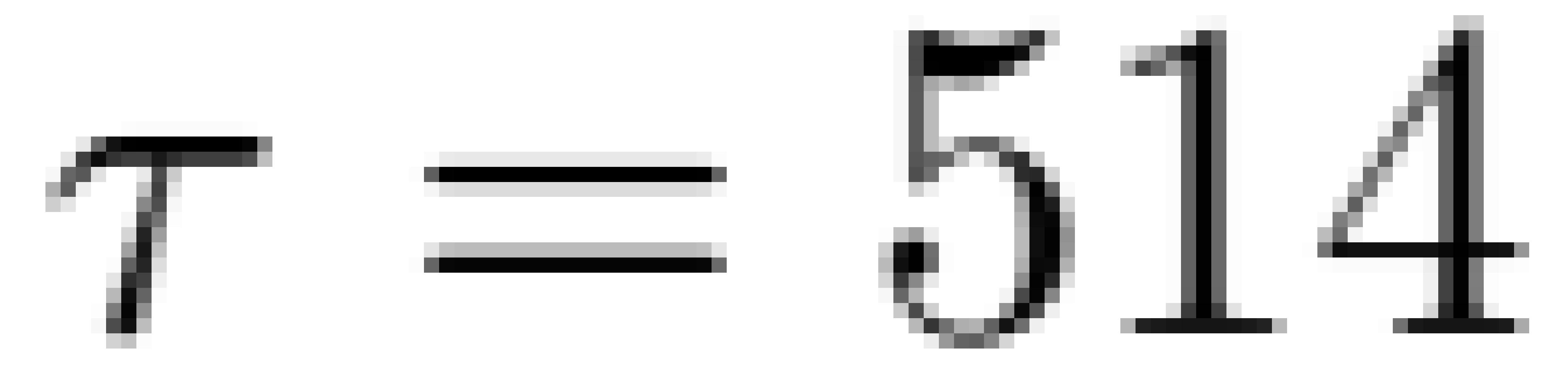


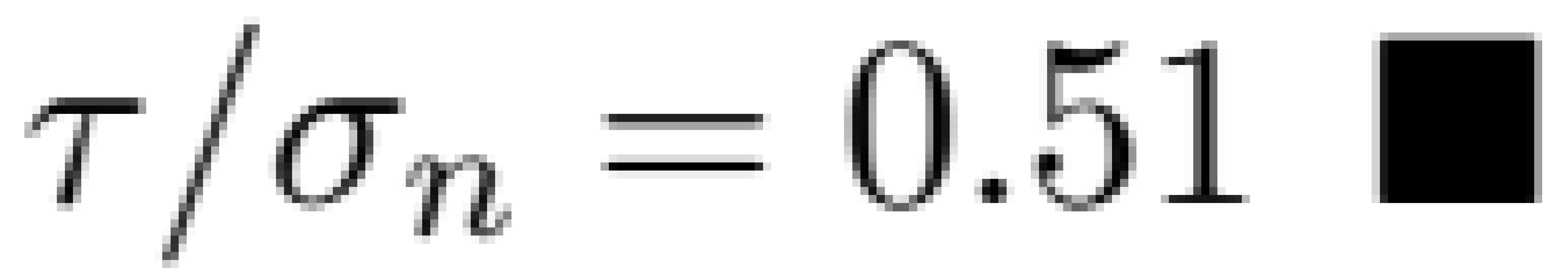


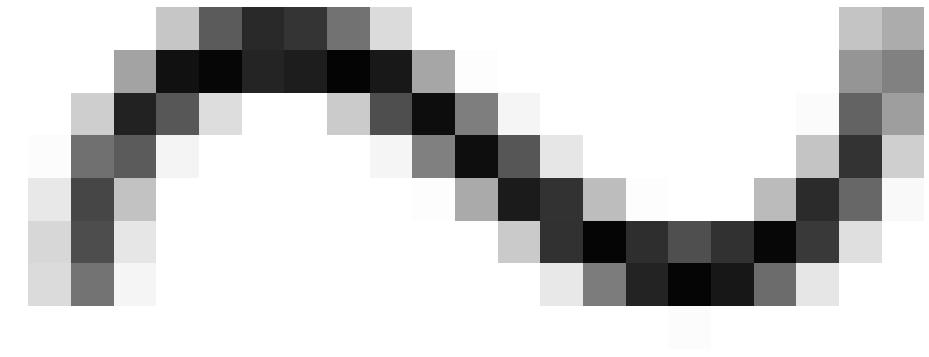
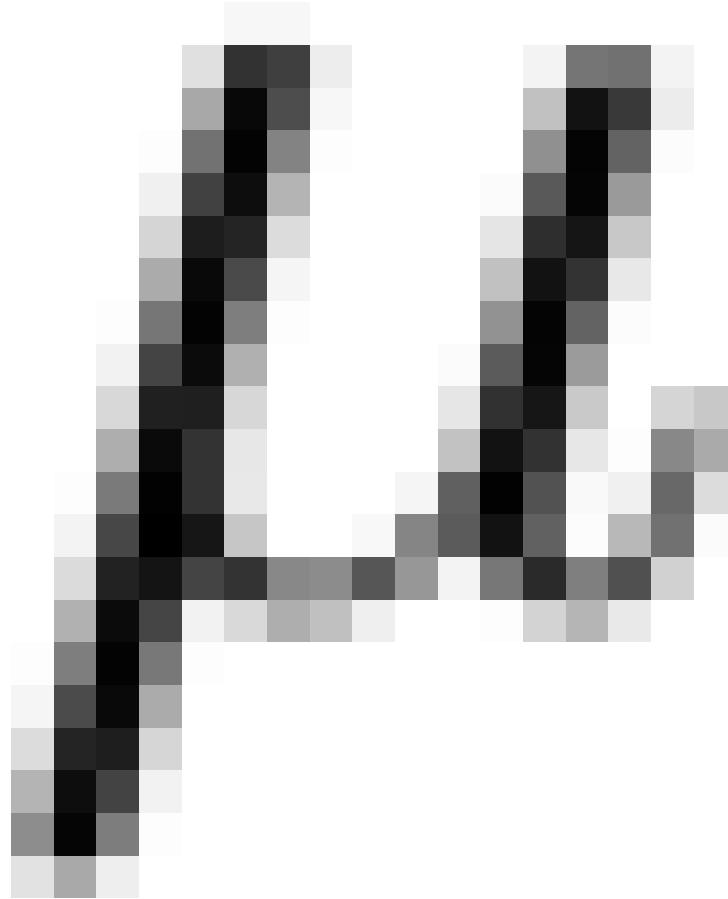


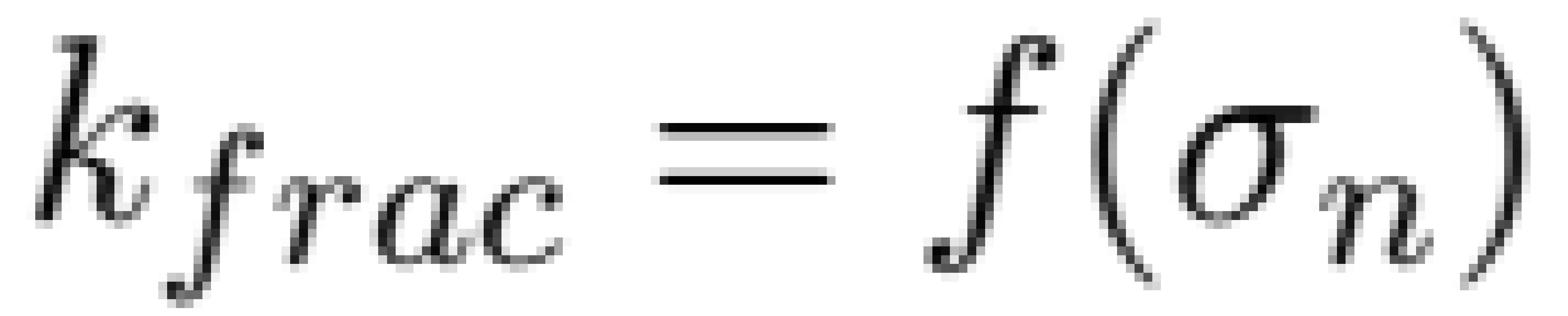


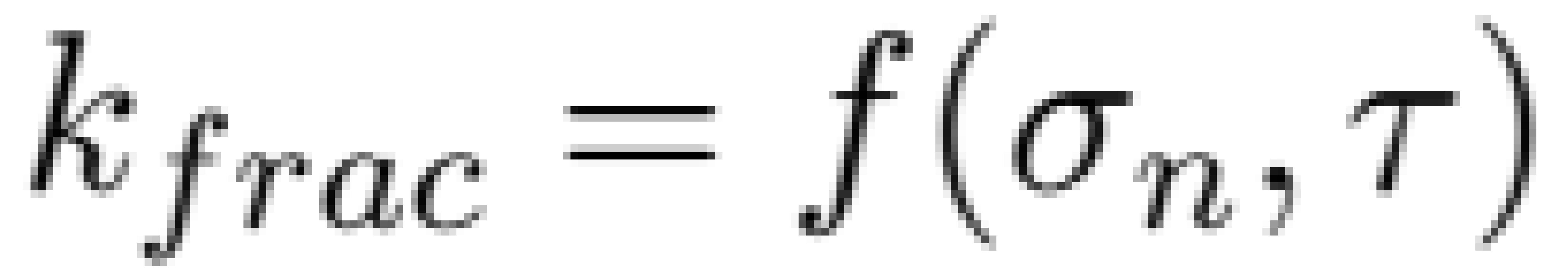


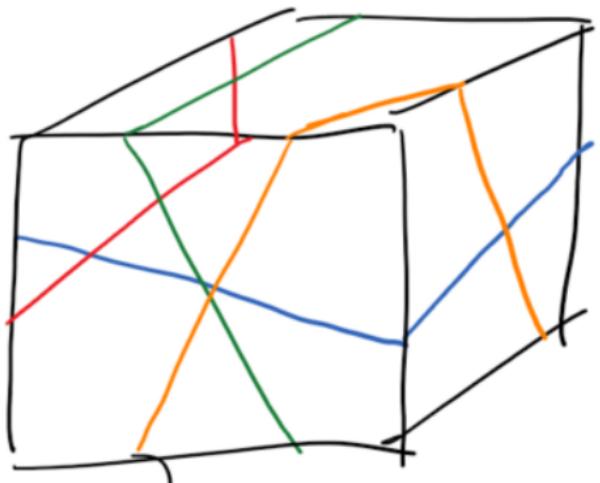




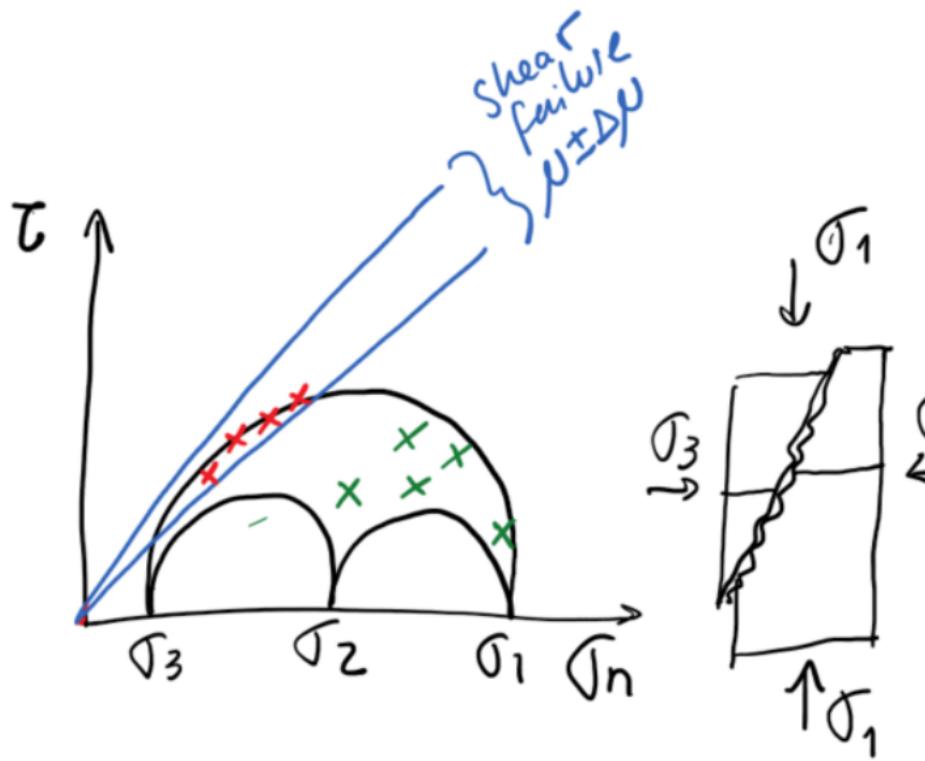




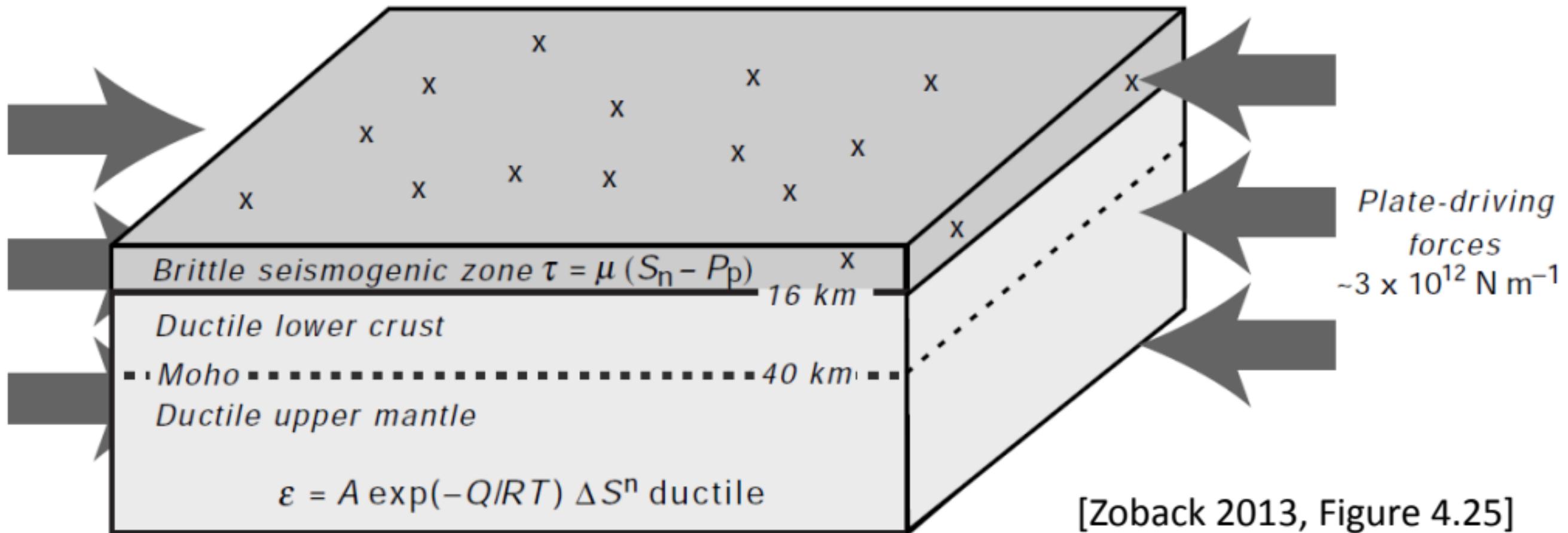




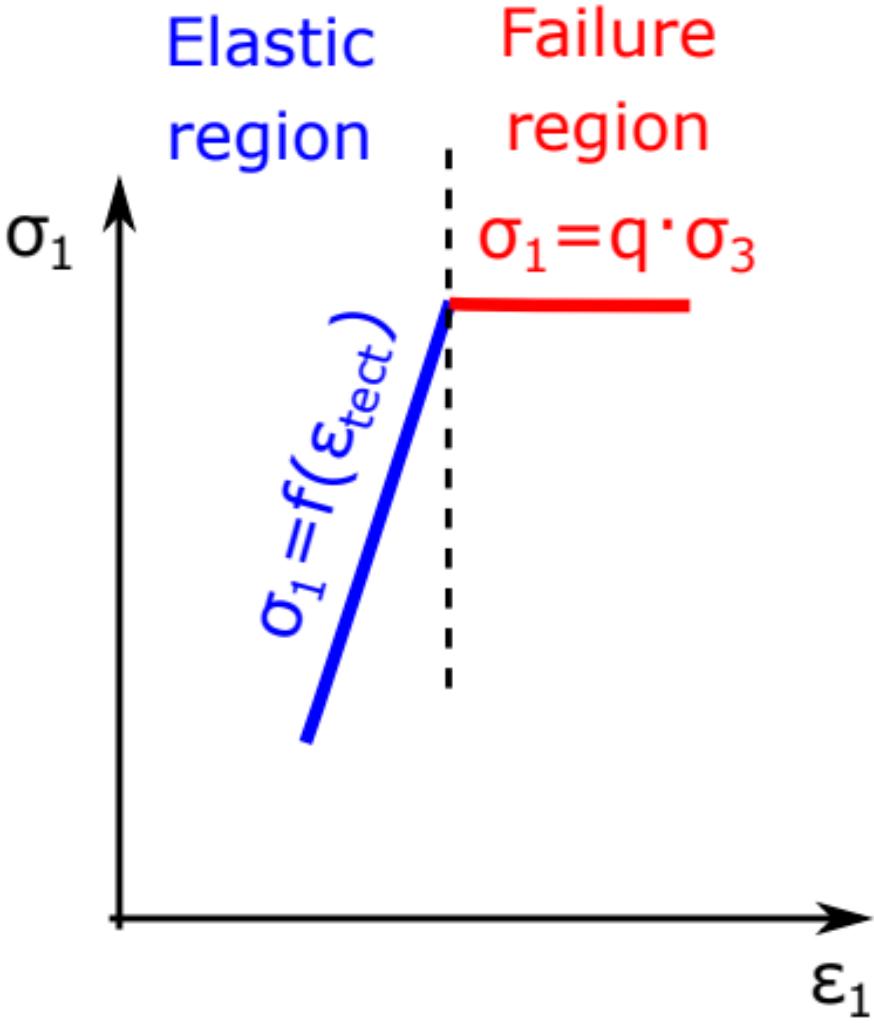
low matrix K
with fractures

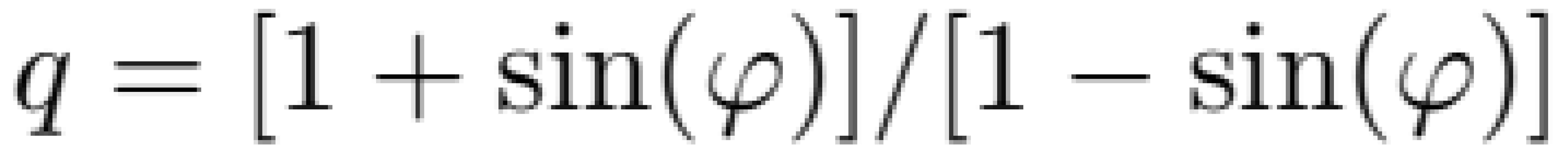


$$\uparrow \frac{\tau}{\sigma_n} \Rightarrow \uparrow K_{frac}$$

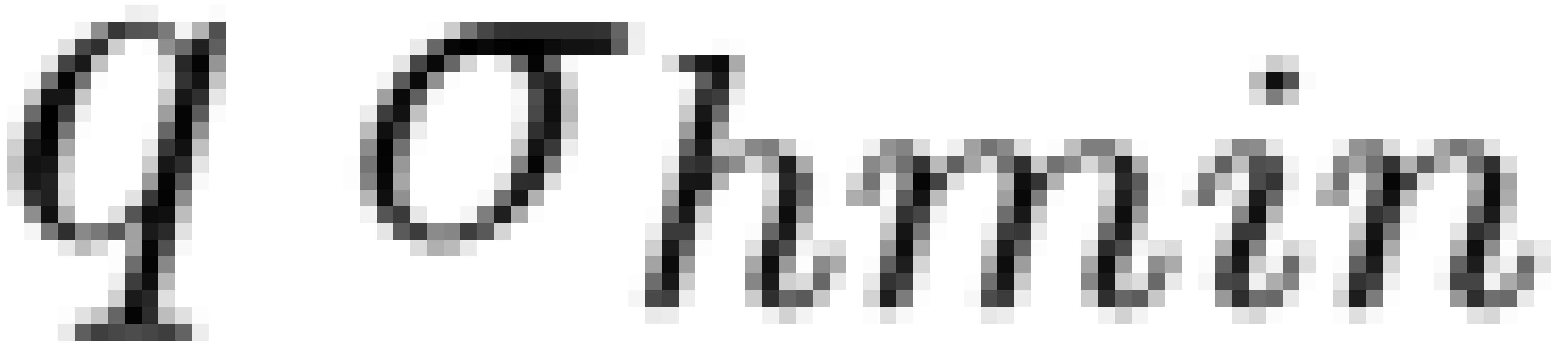


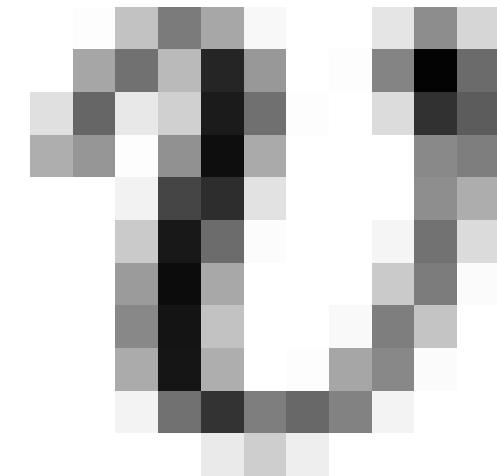
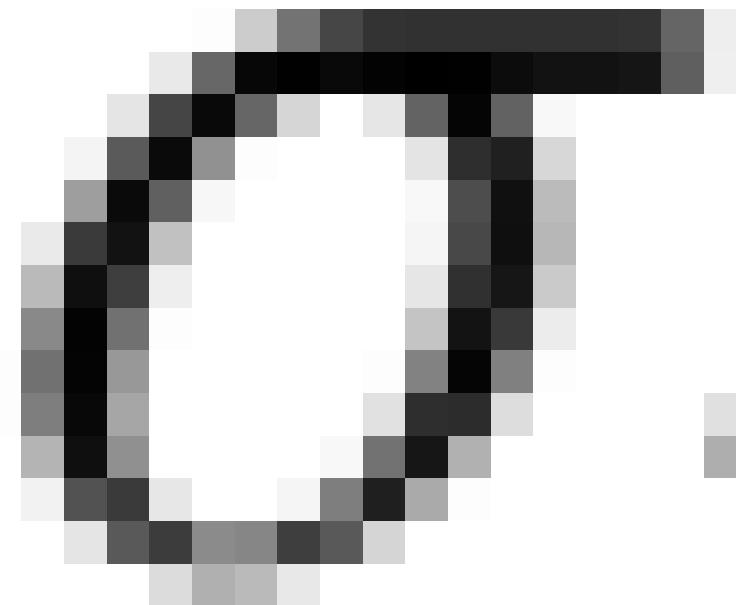
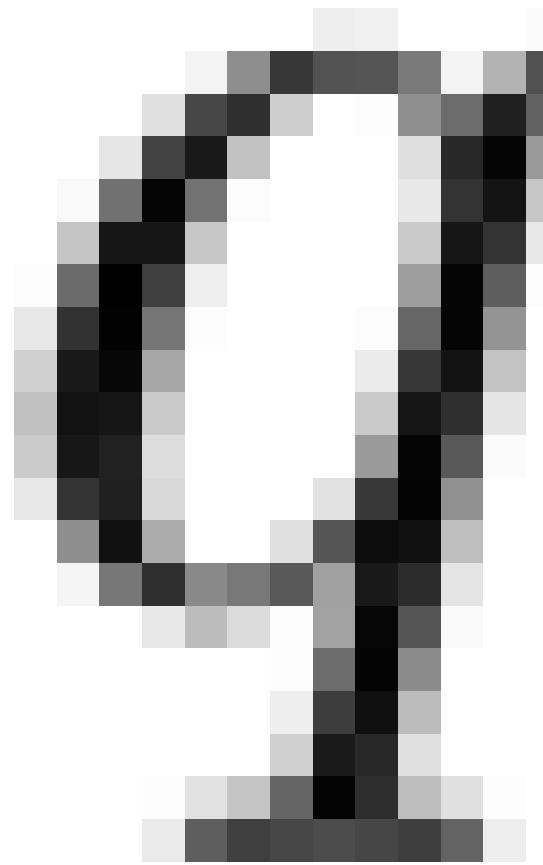
[Zoback 2013, Figure 4.25]

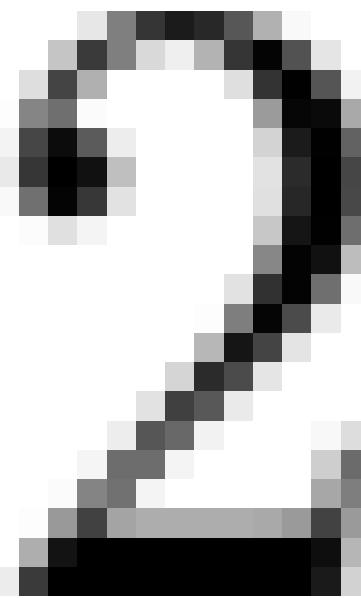
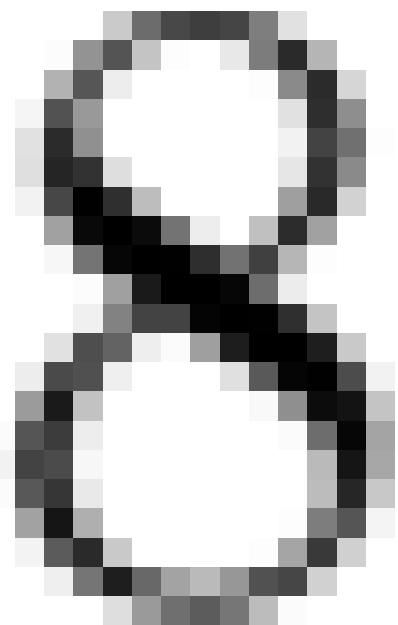
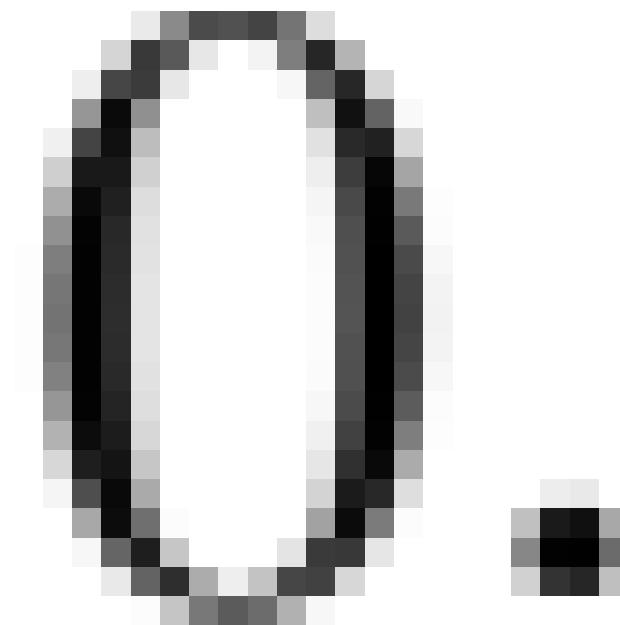


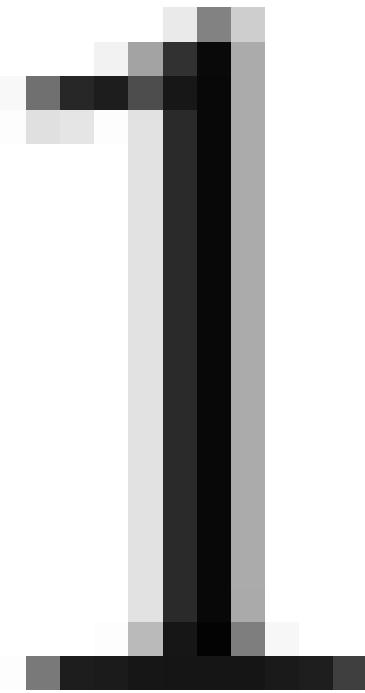




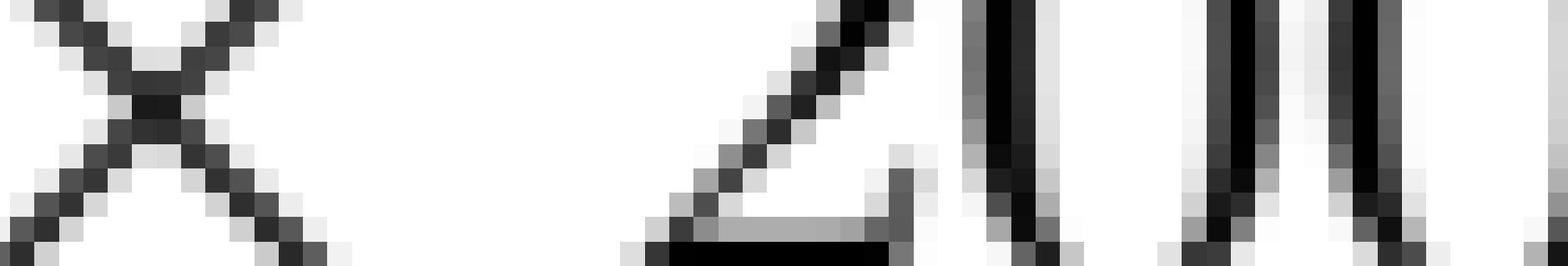
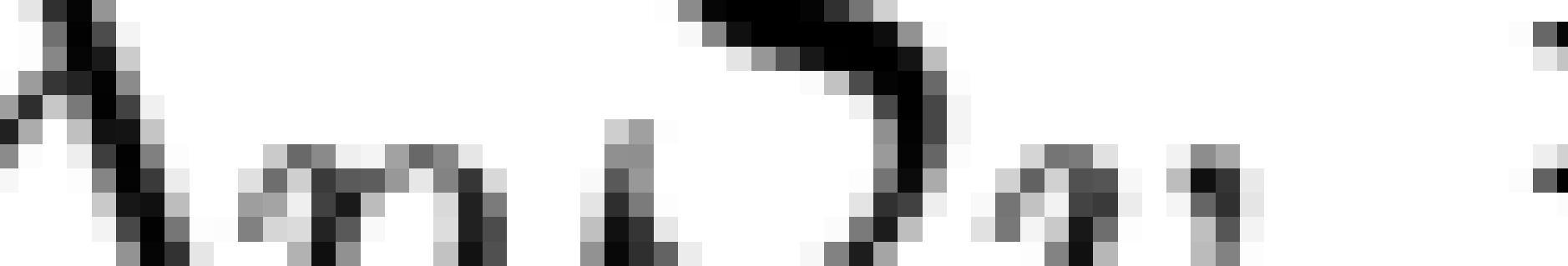
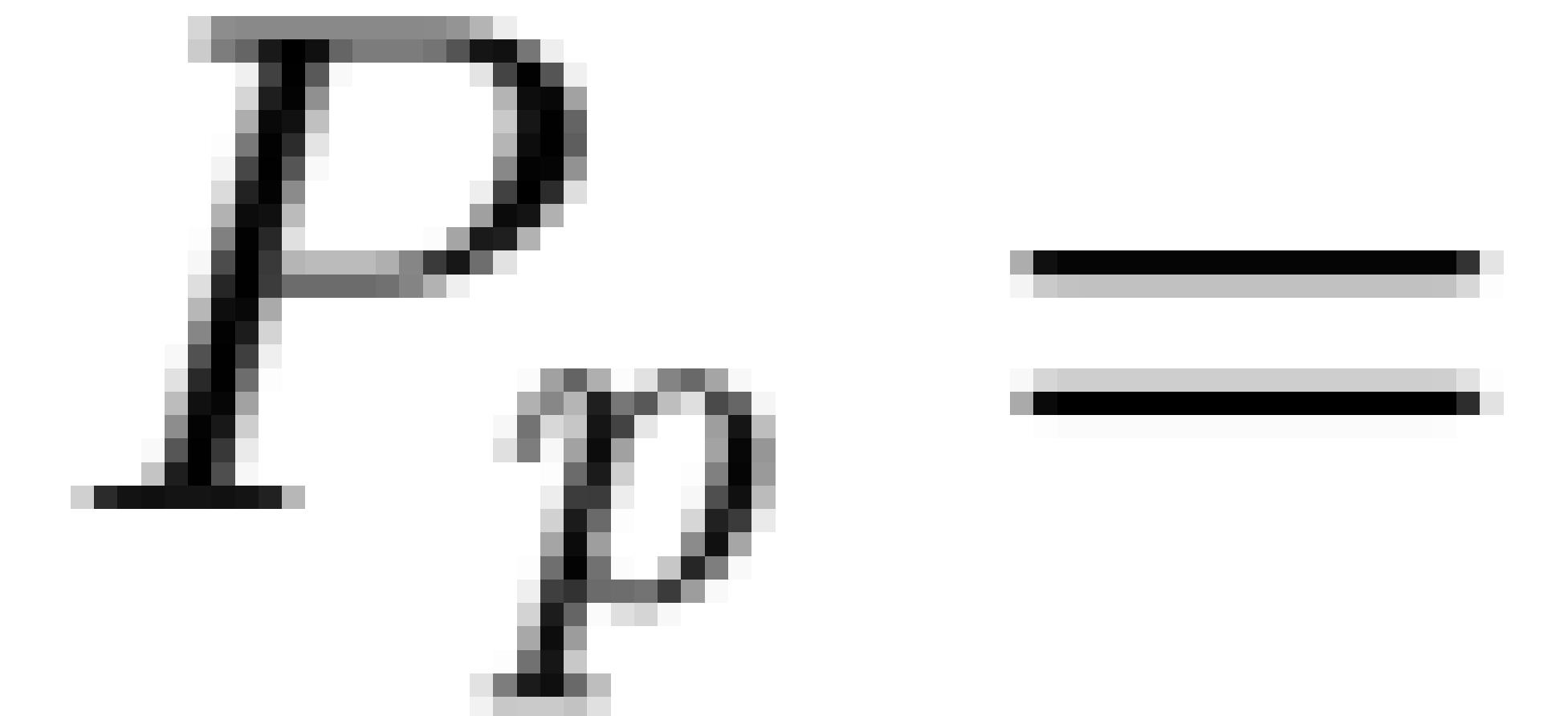


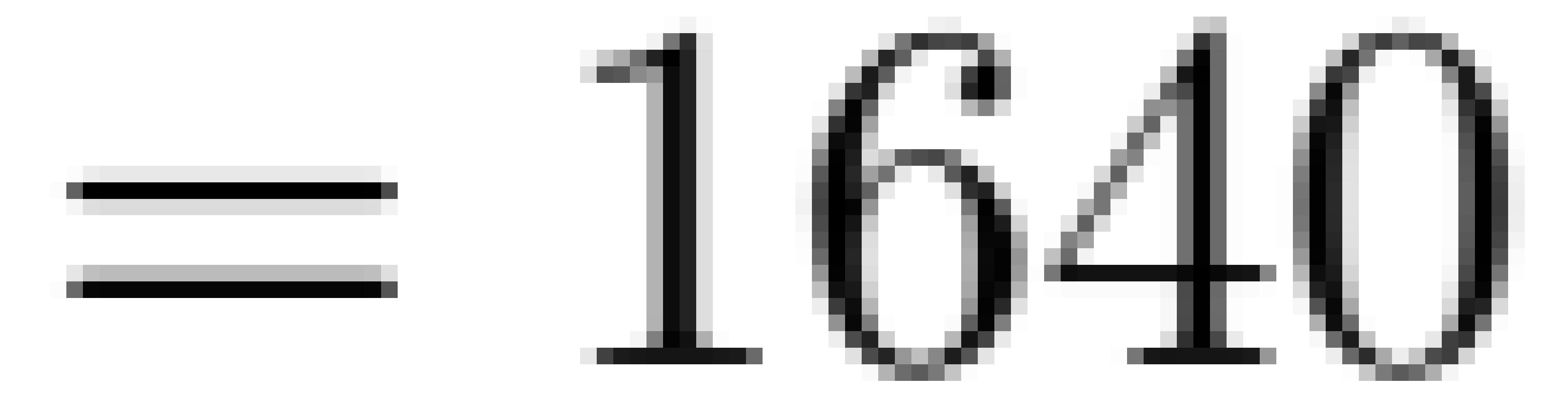


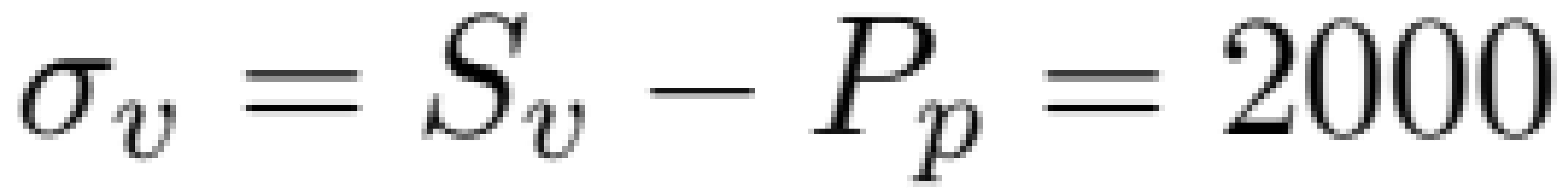


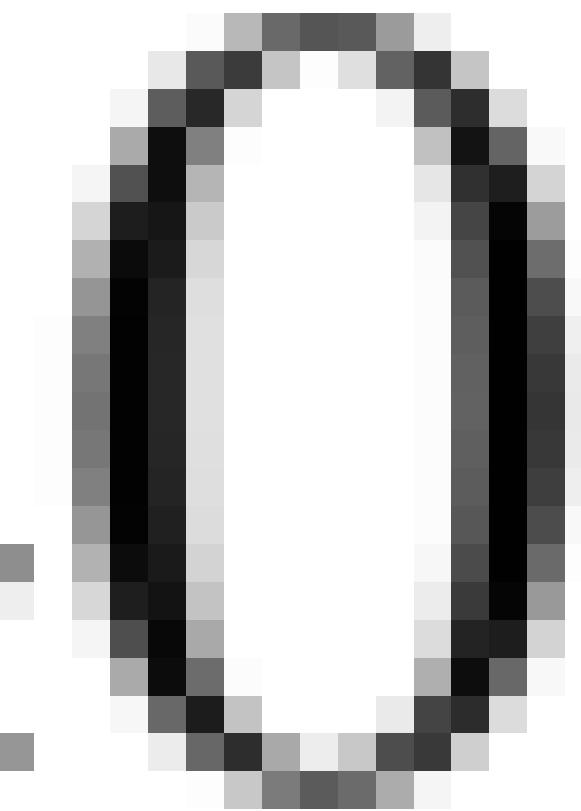
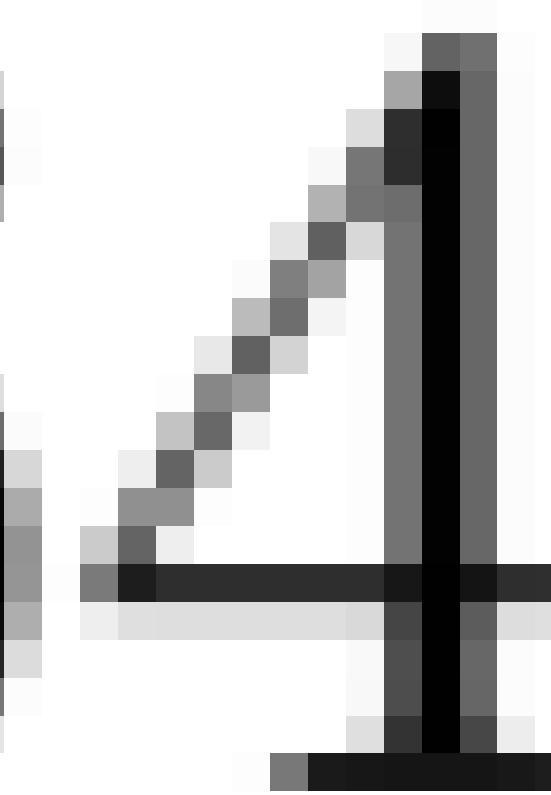
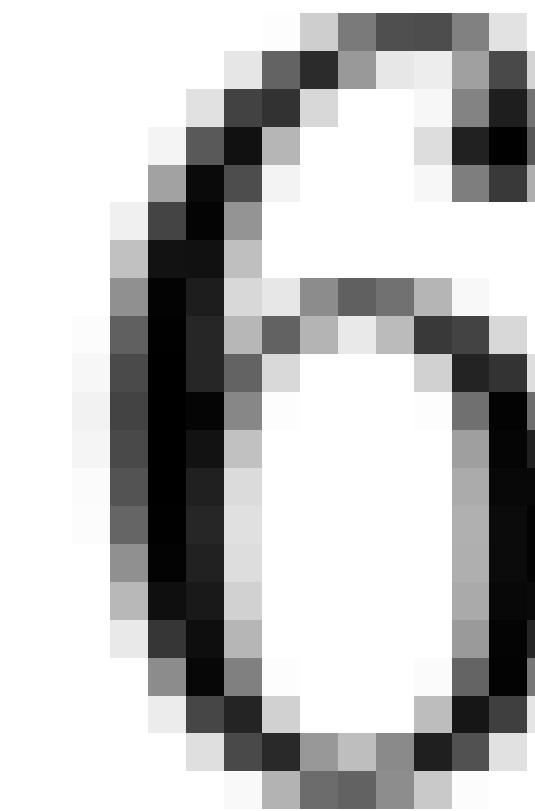
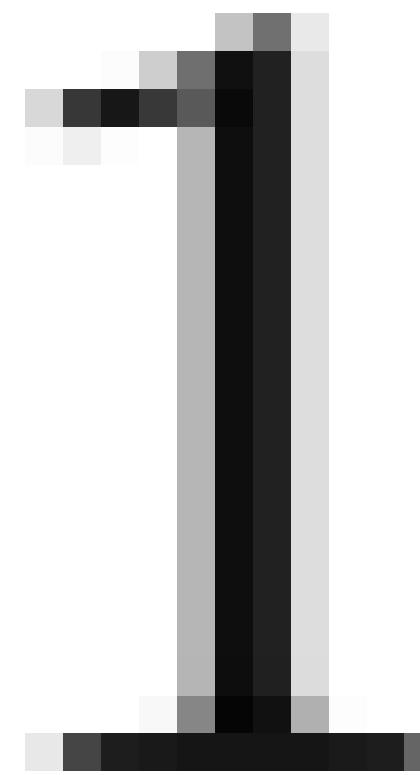


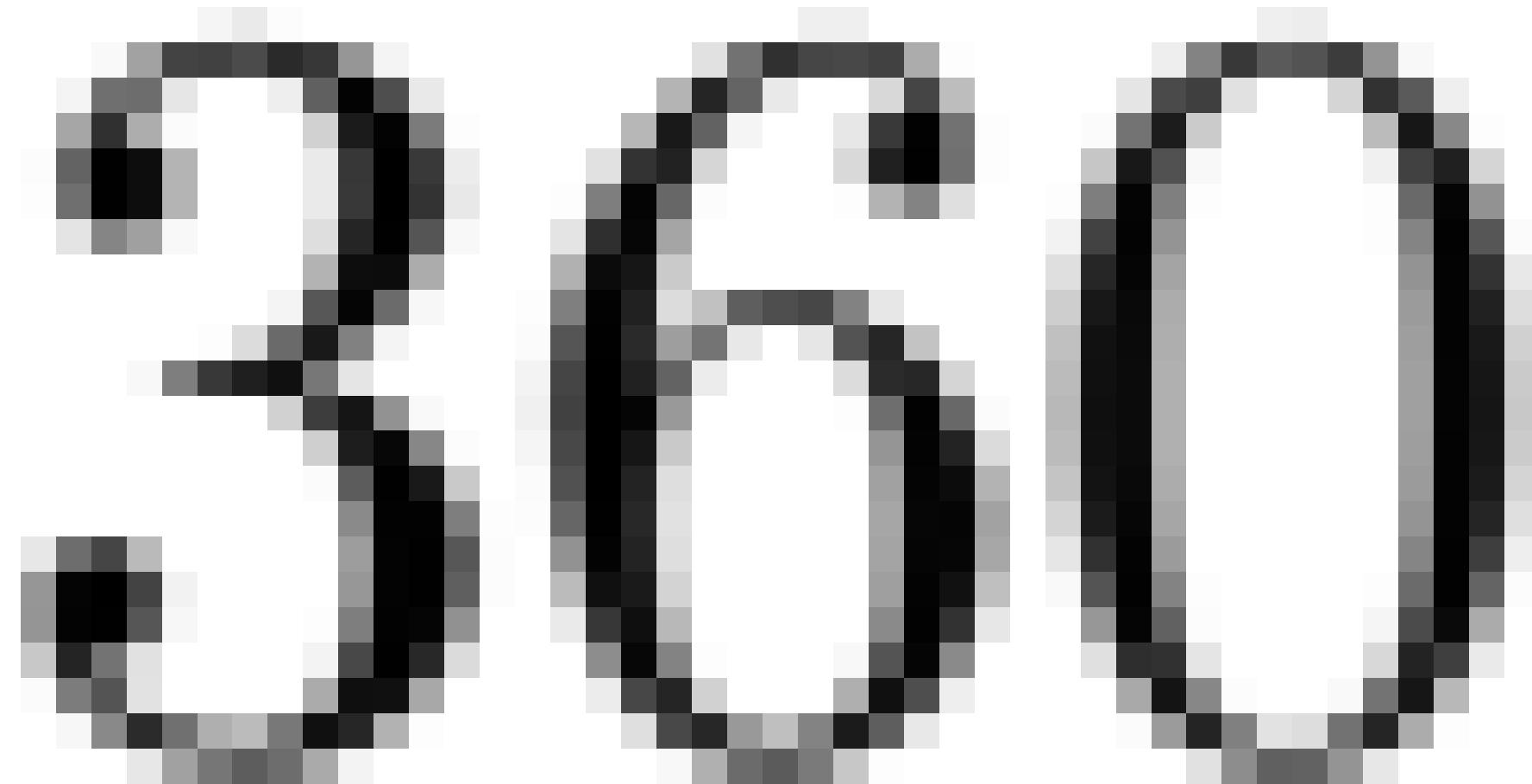




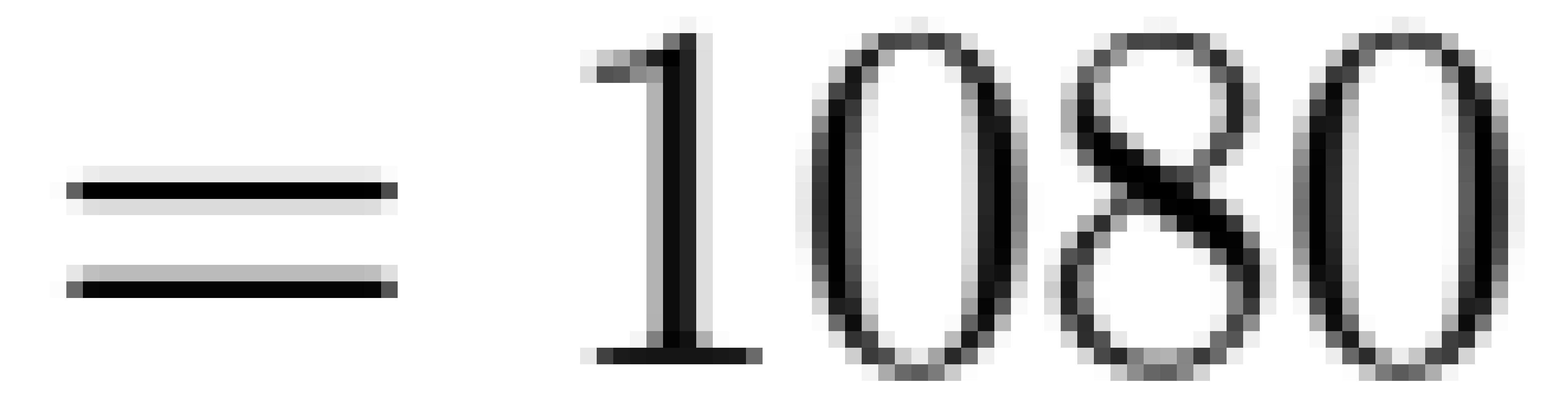






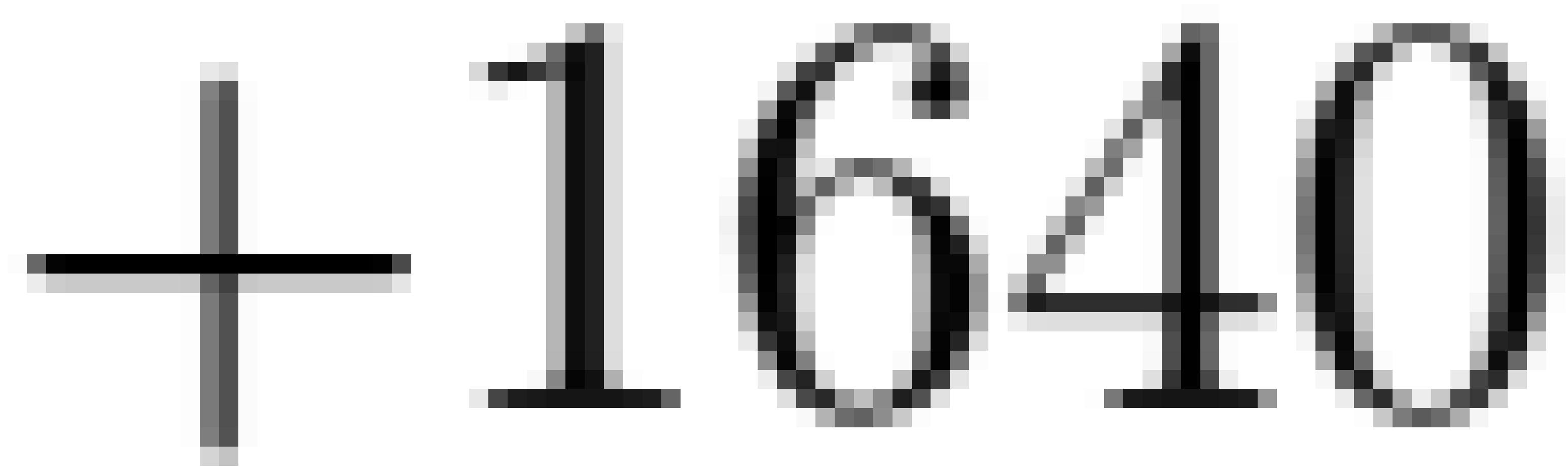


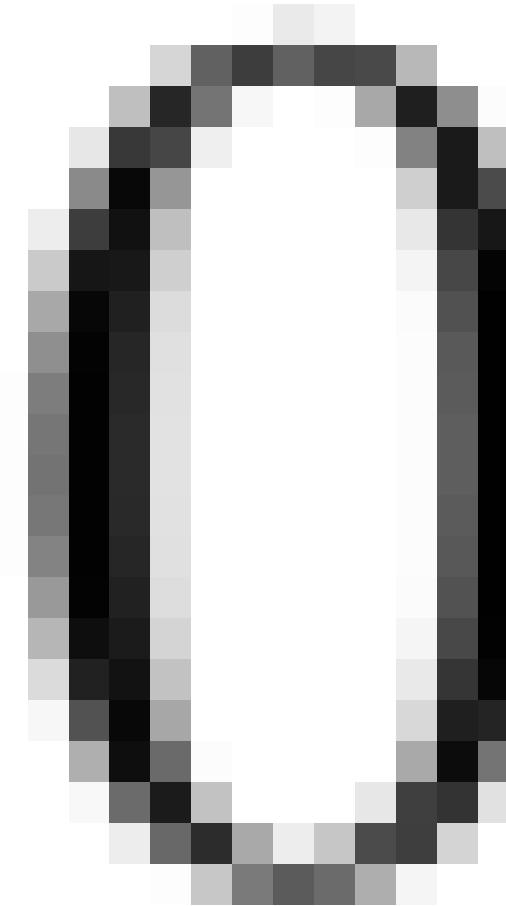
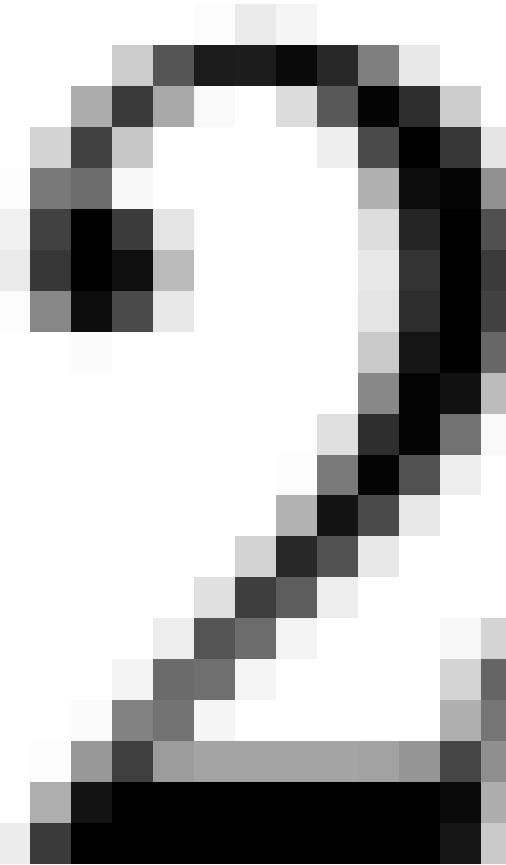
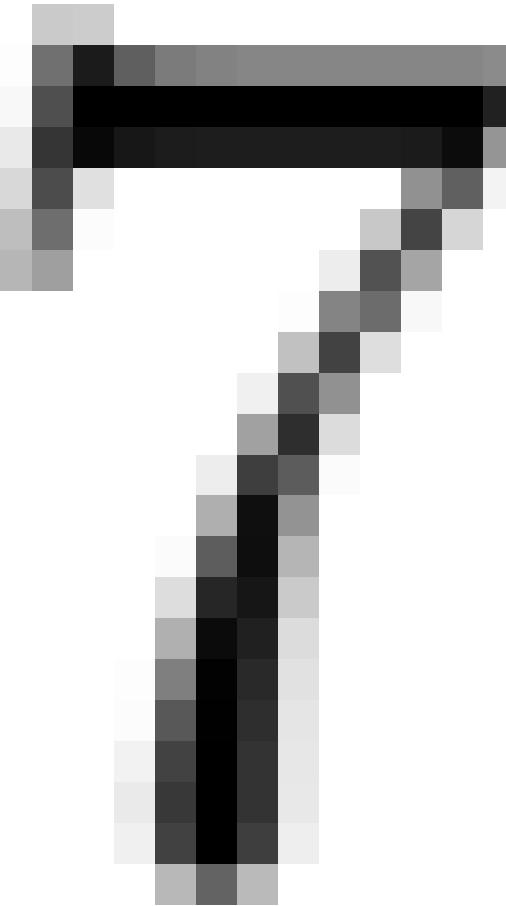
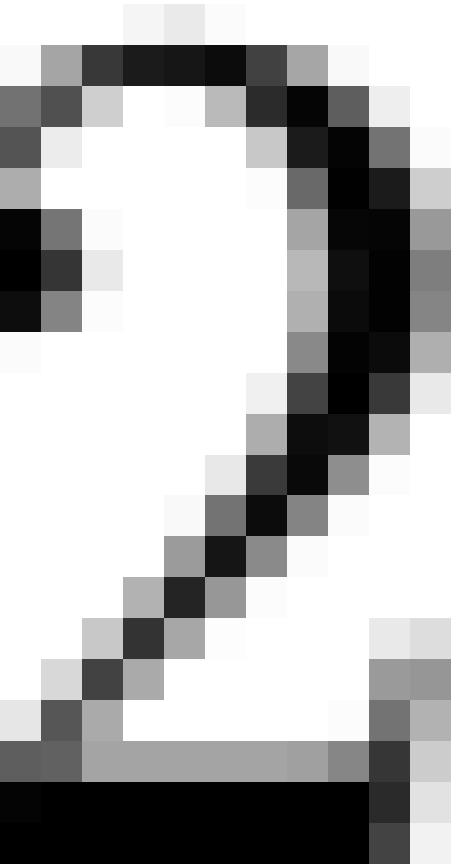
$$\sigma_{H\max} = q_0 = \frac{1 + \sin 30^\circ}{1 - \sin 30^\circ} 360$$

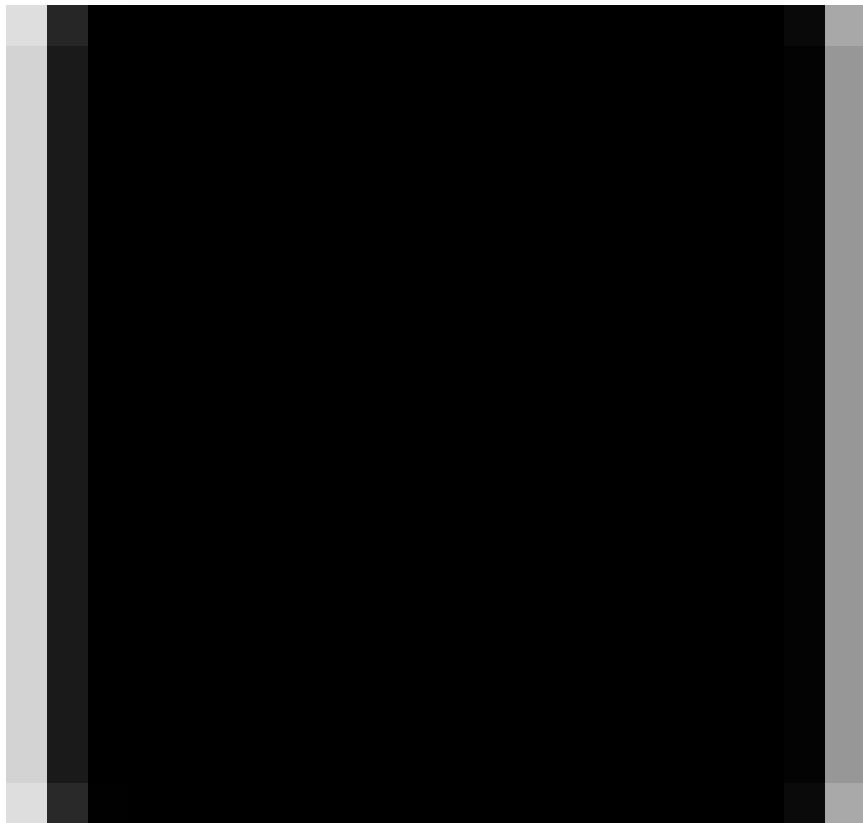


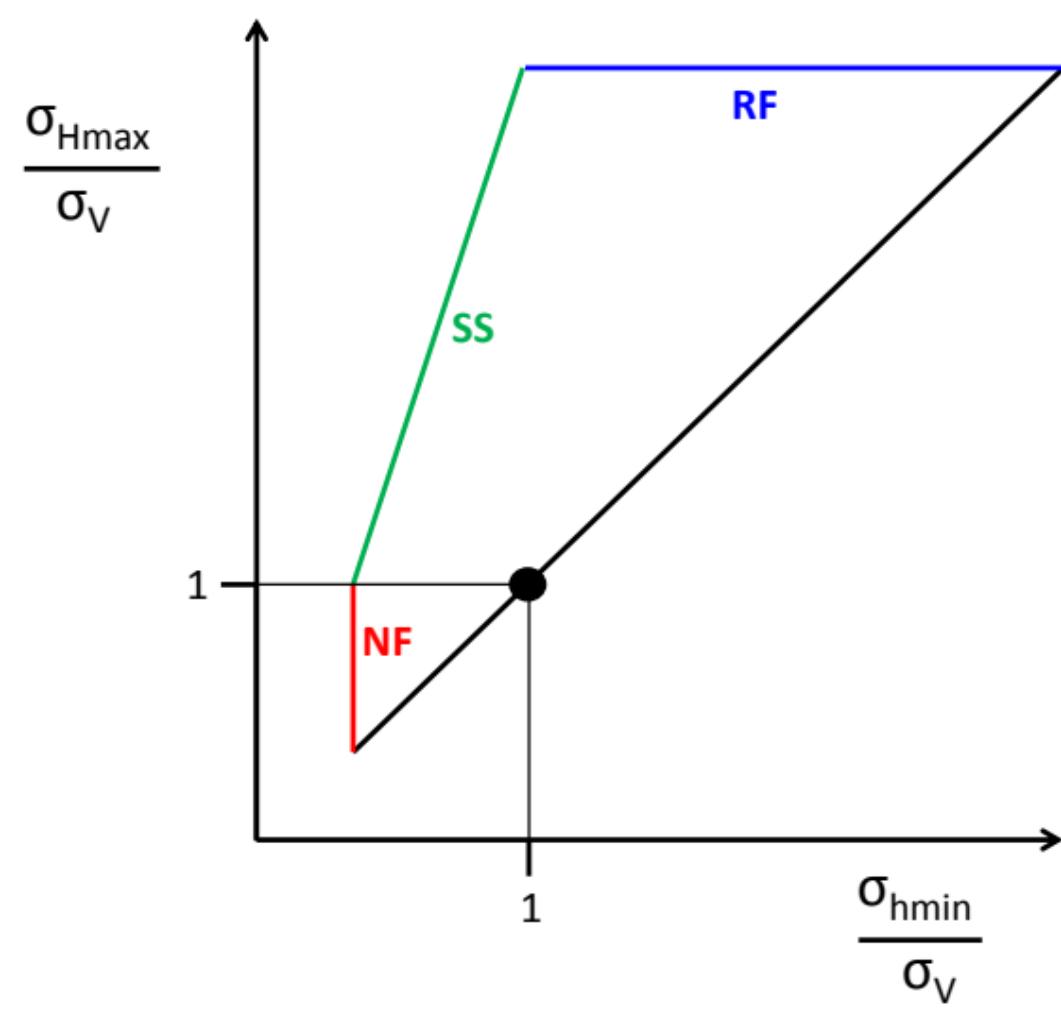
Hydro

Hydro

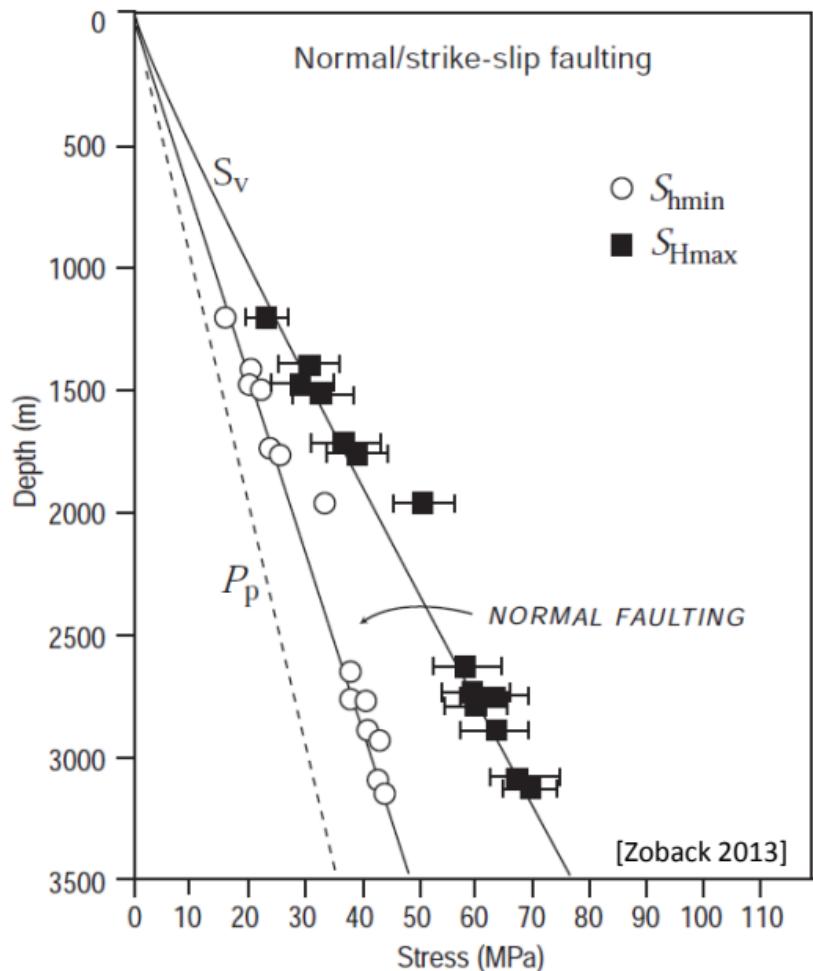
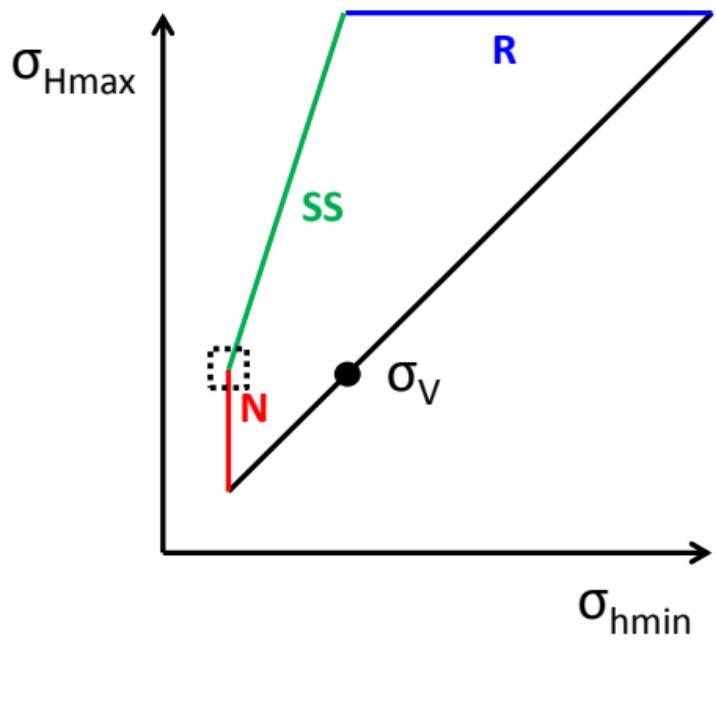


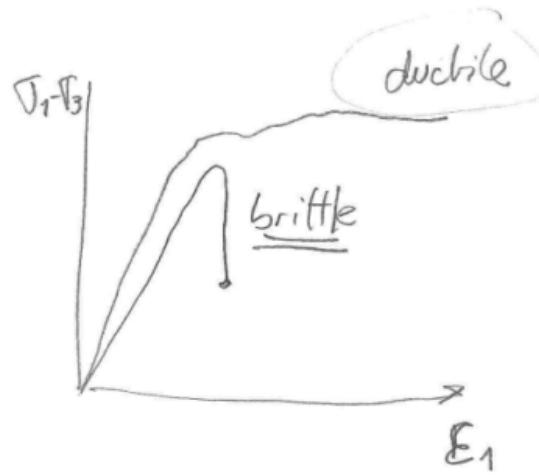
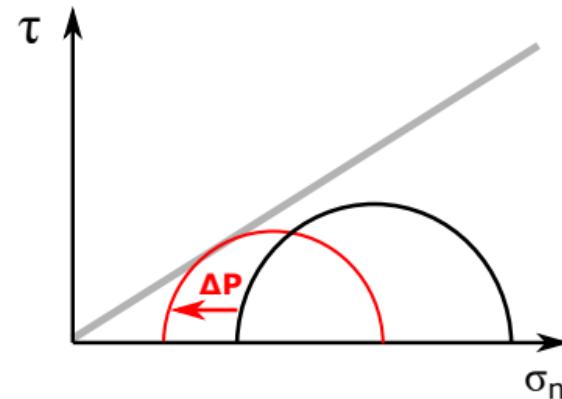
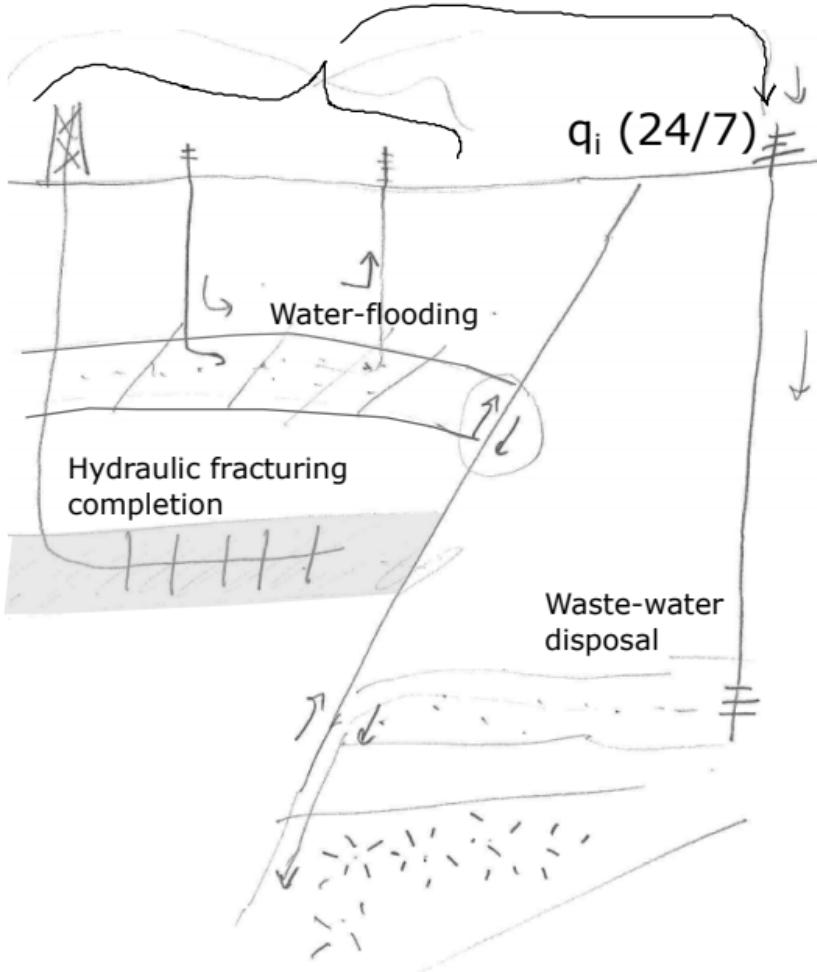




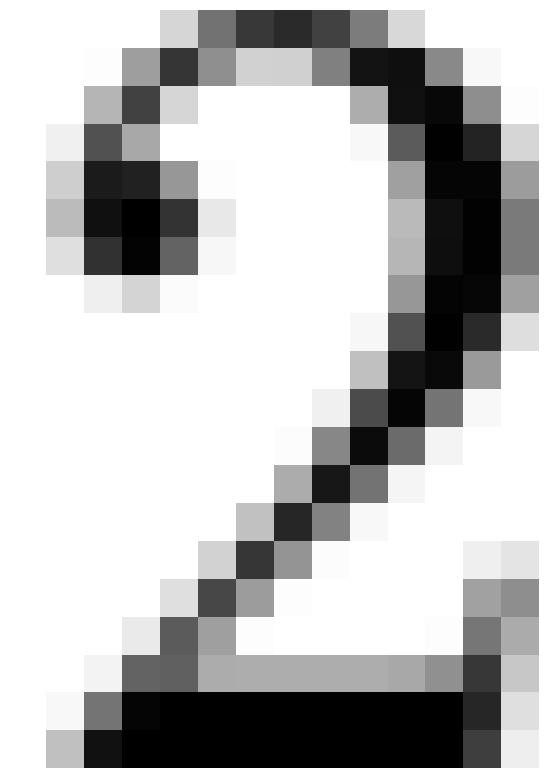
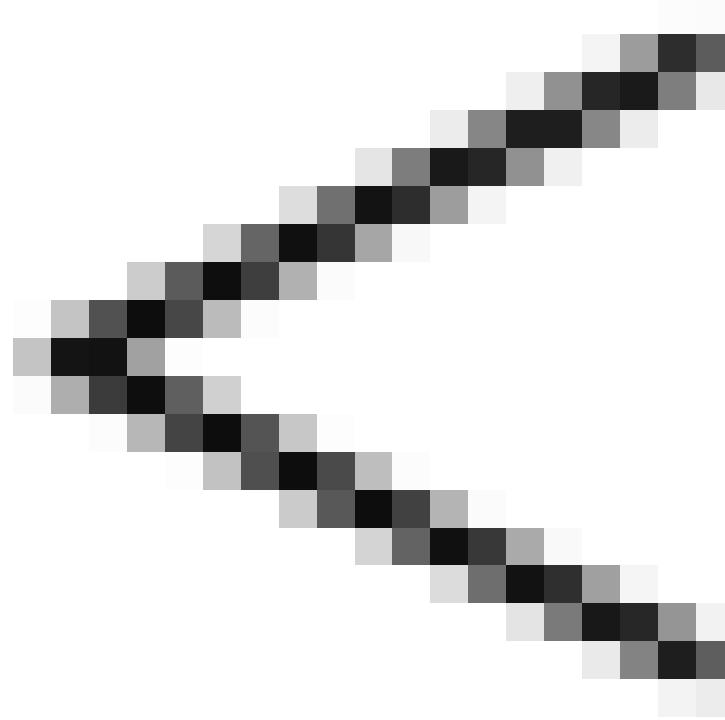
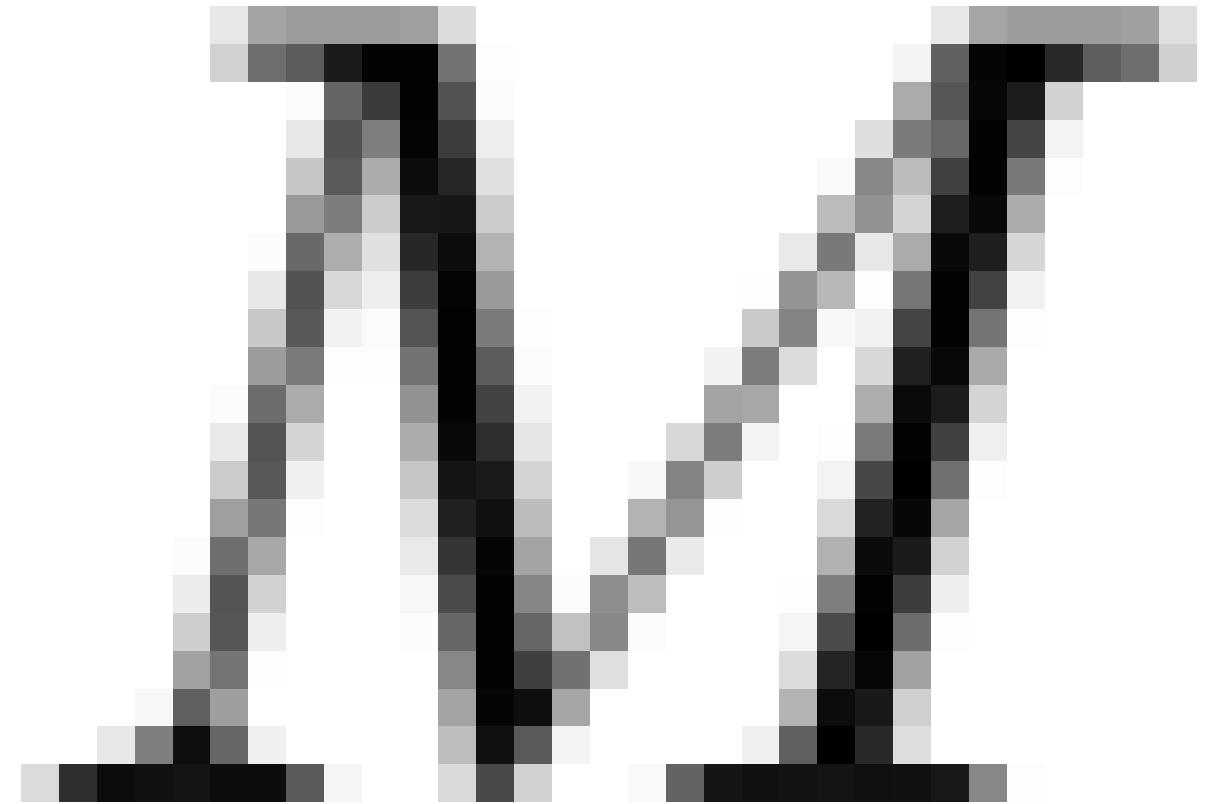


$$\sigma_{h\min} < \sigma_{H\max} \approx \sigma_V$$



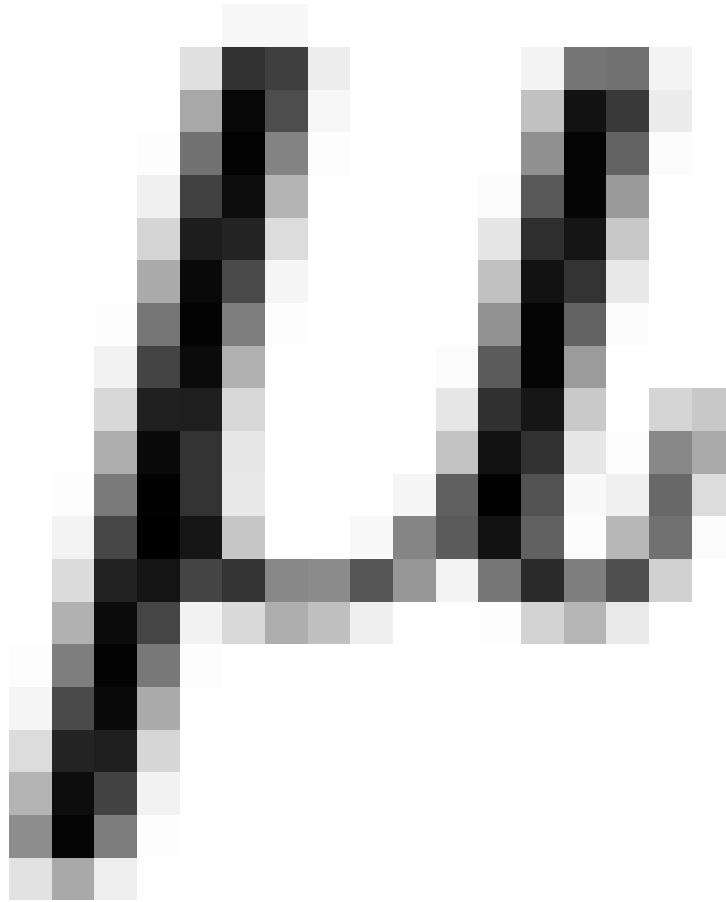


$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Delta \sigma_v = -\Delta P_p \\ \Delta \sigma_{hmin} \leq -\Delta P_p \end{array} \right.$$

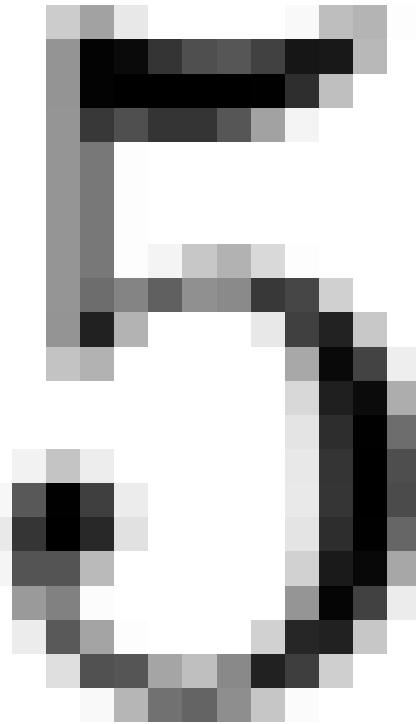
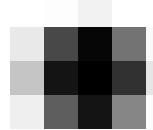
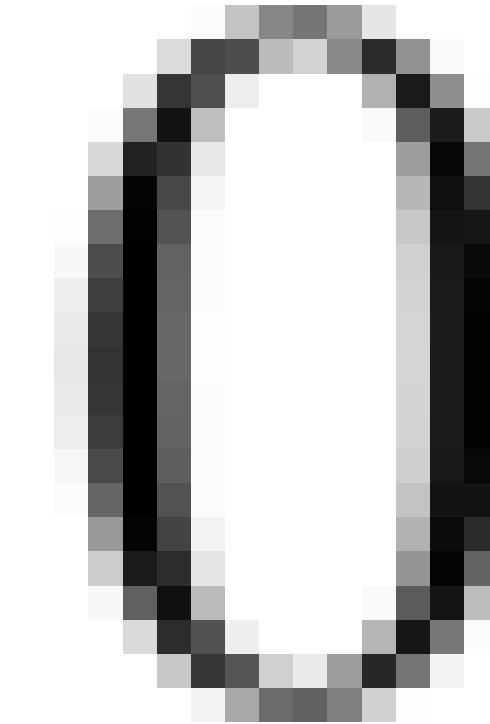
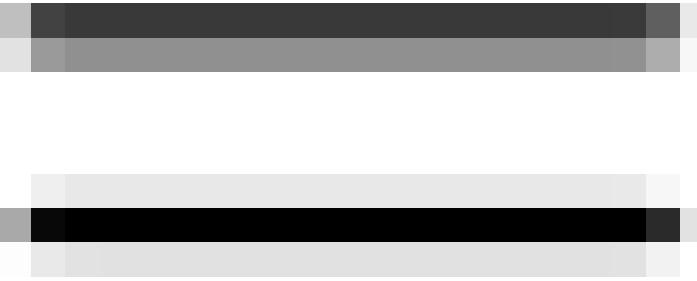
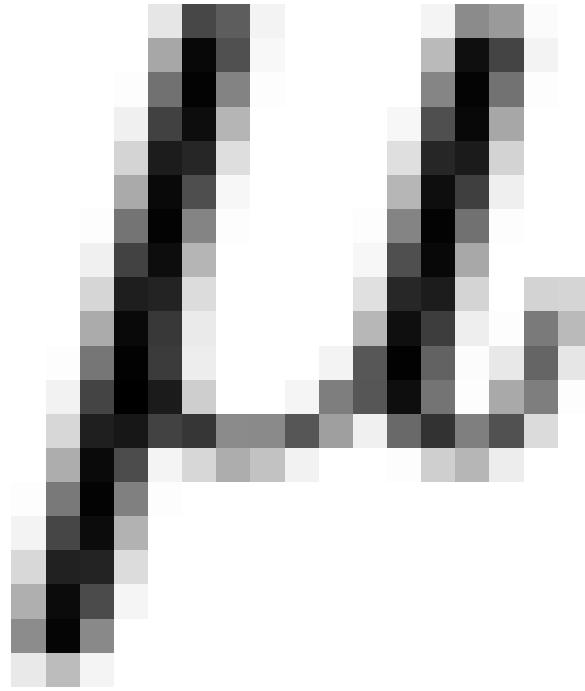


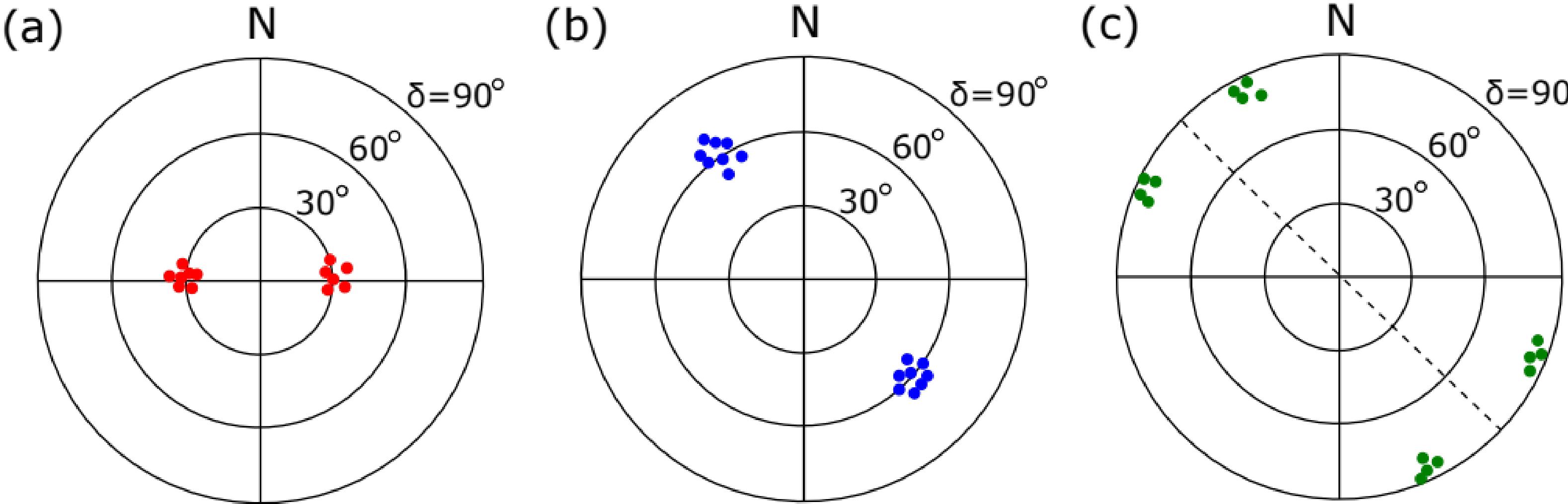




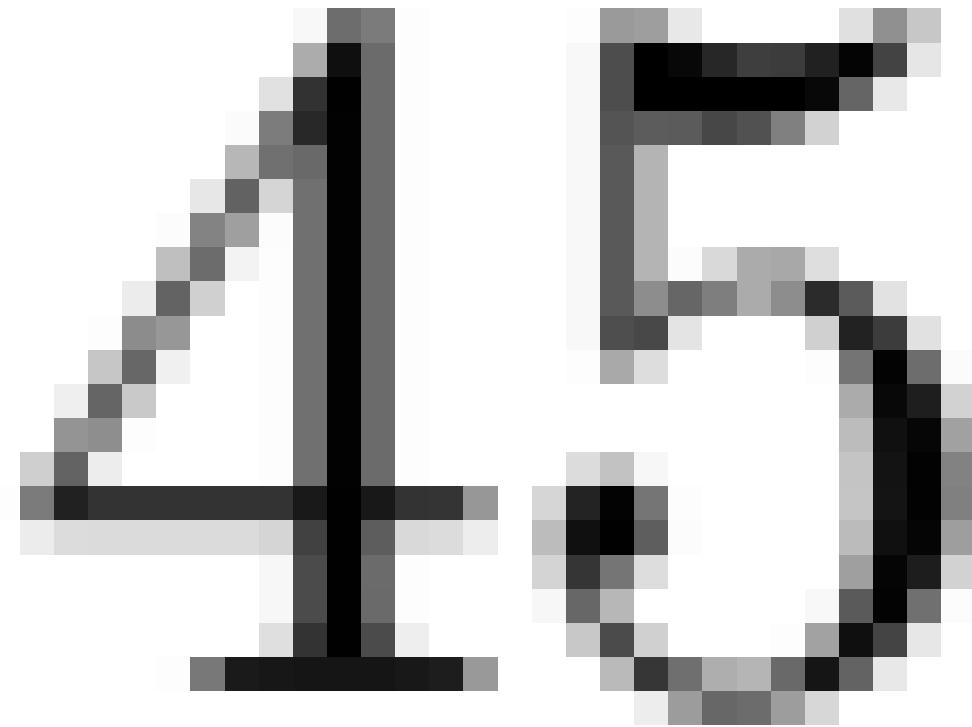


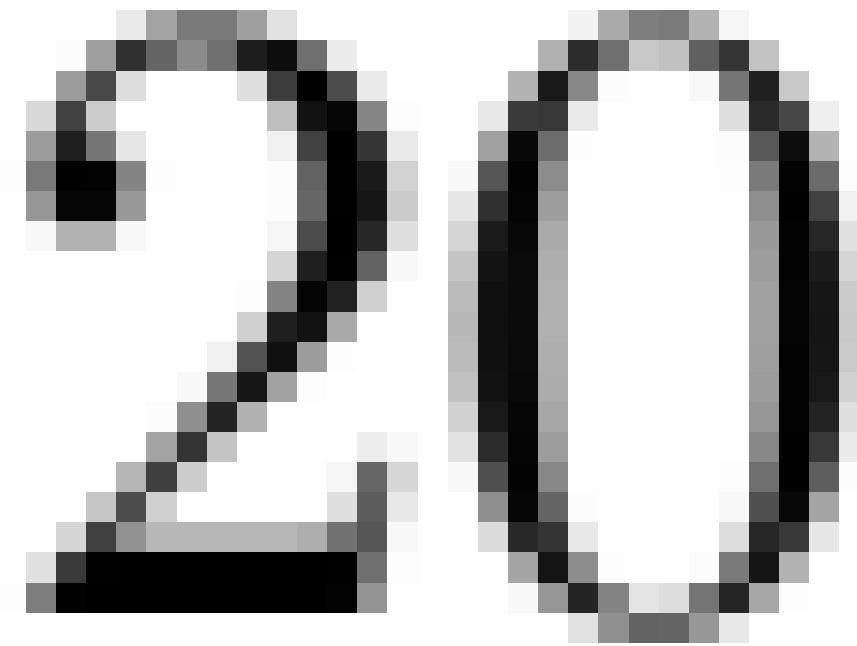
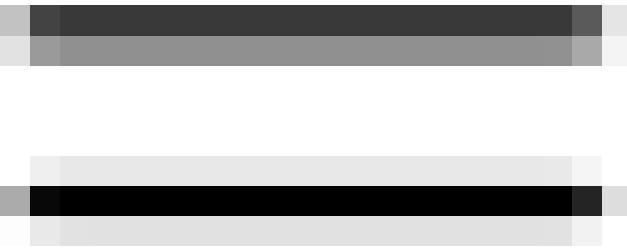


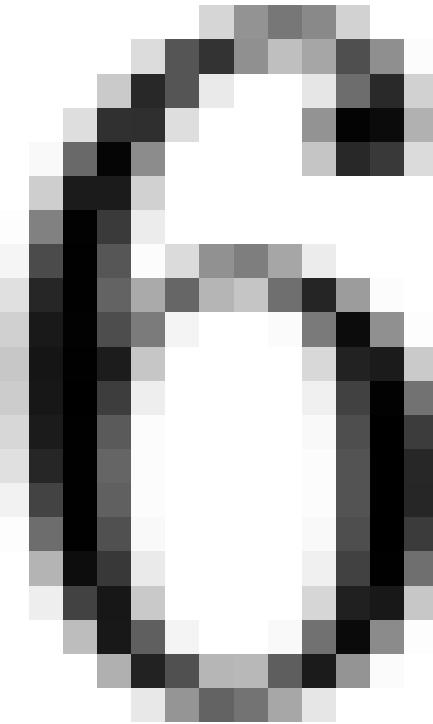
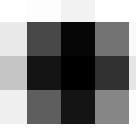
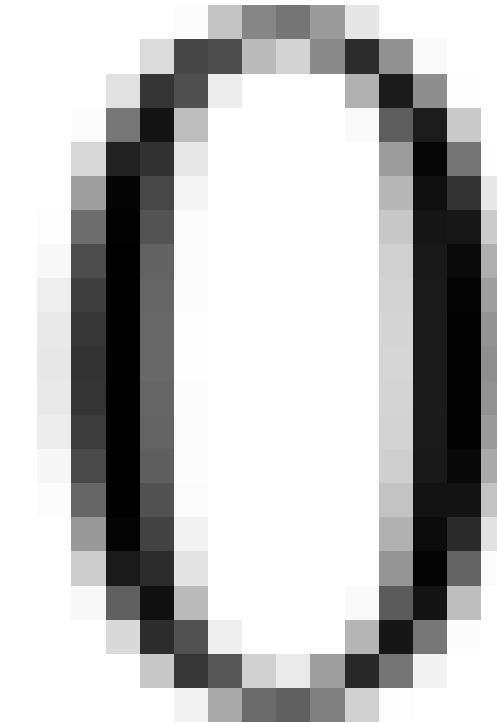
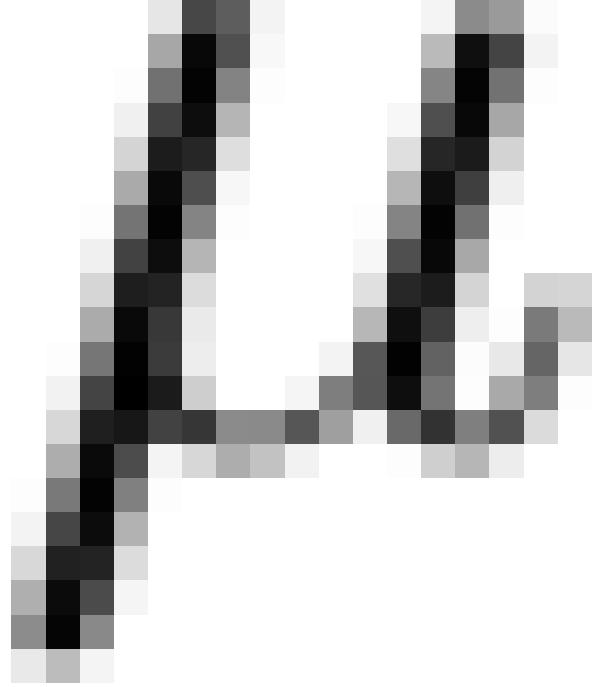








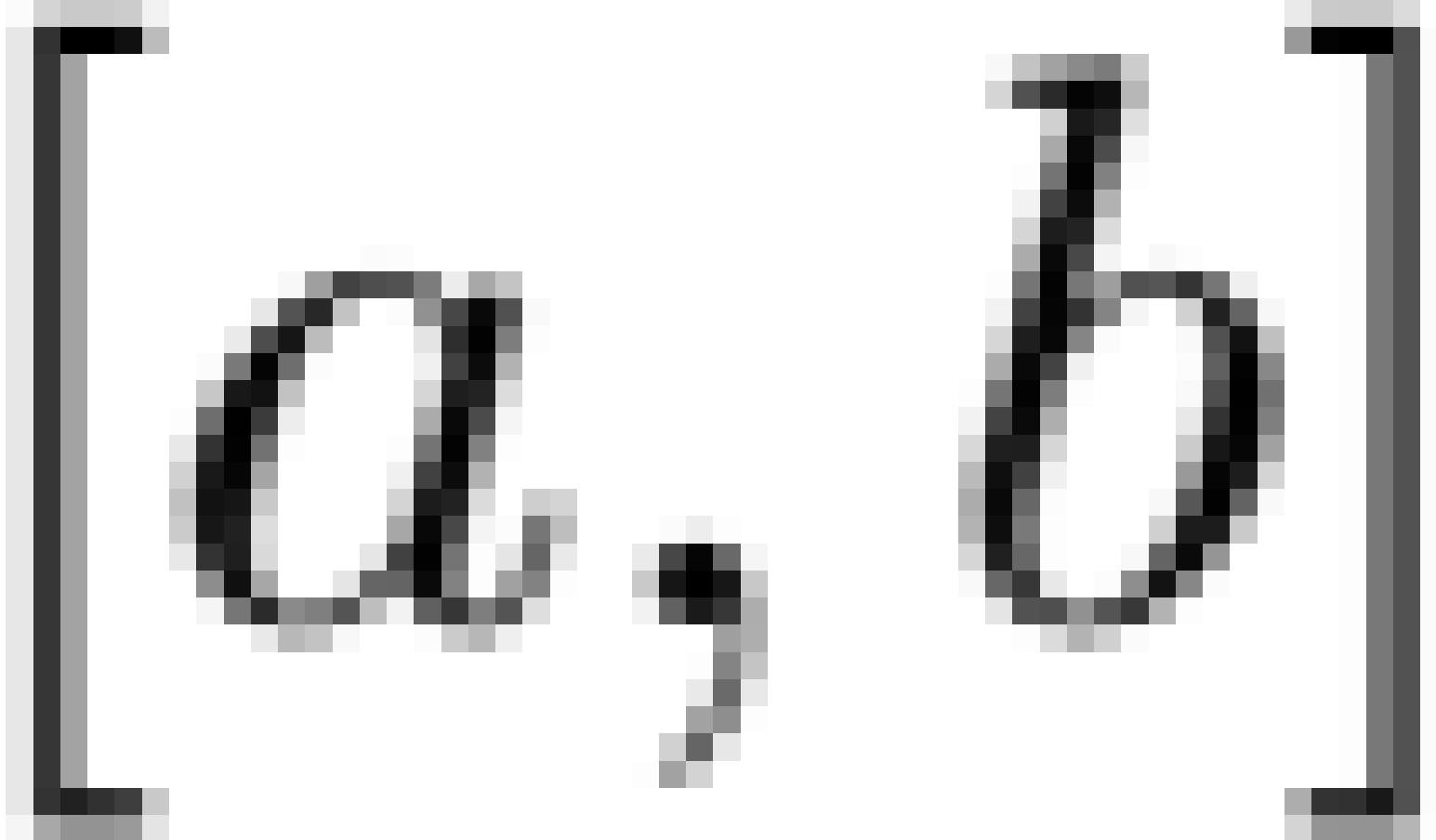


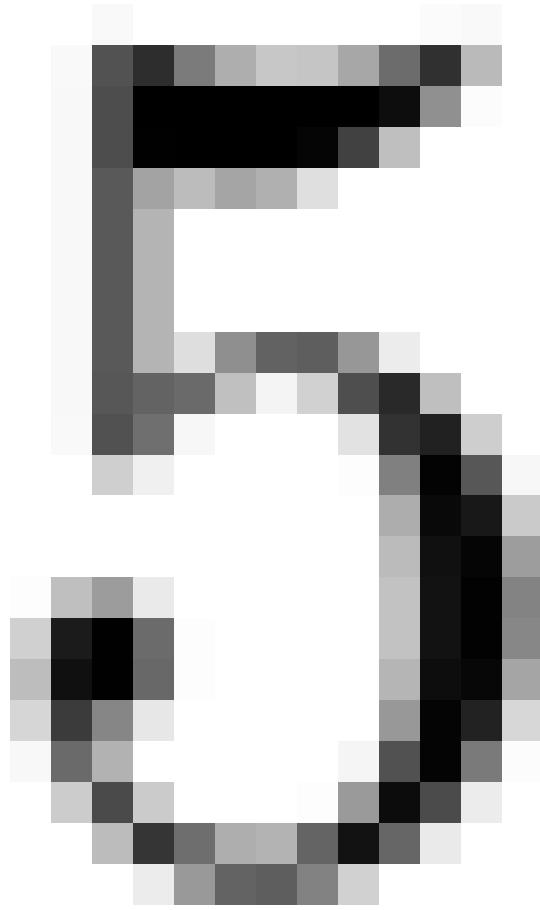
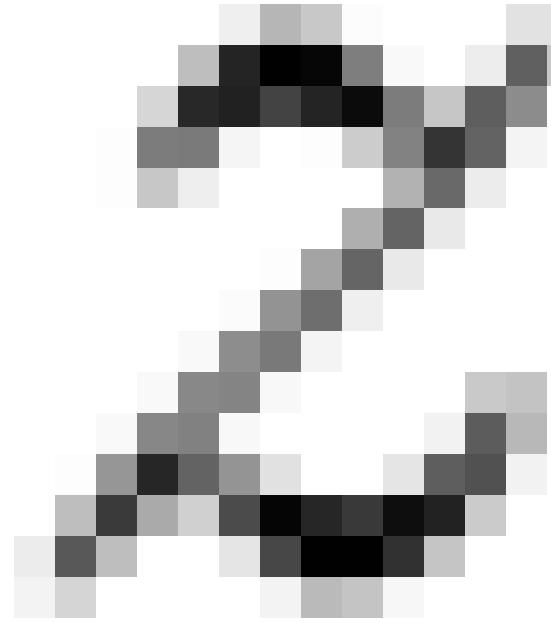




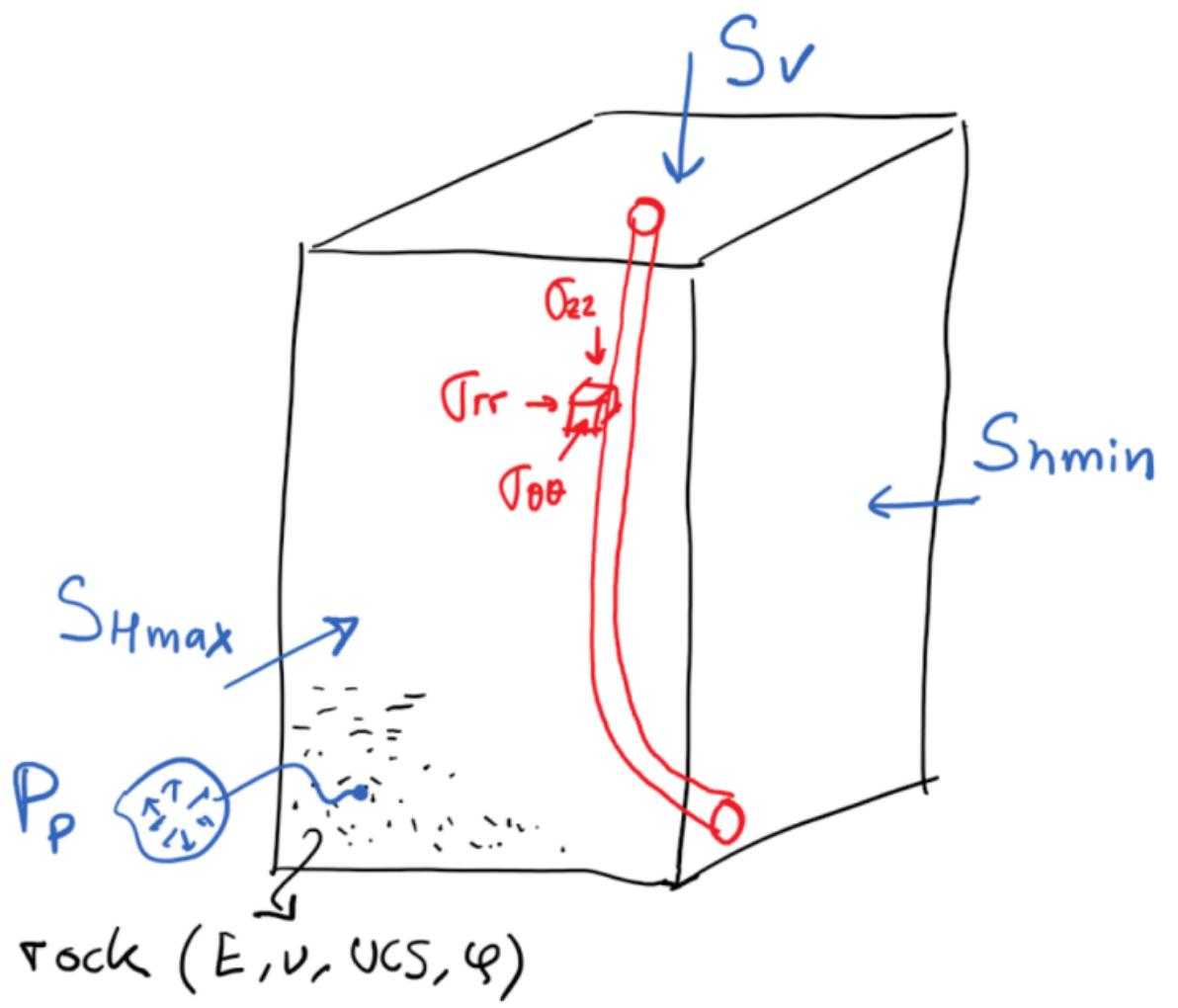




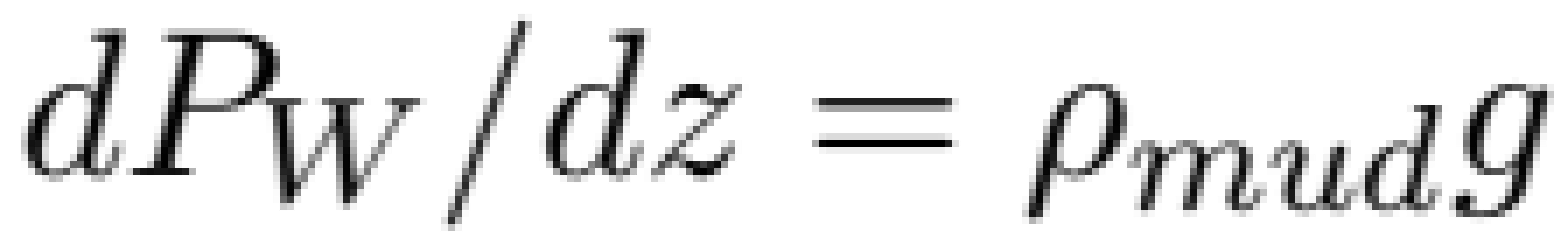


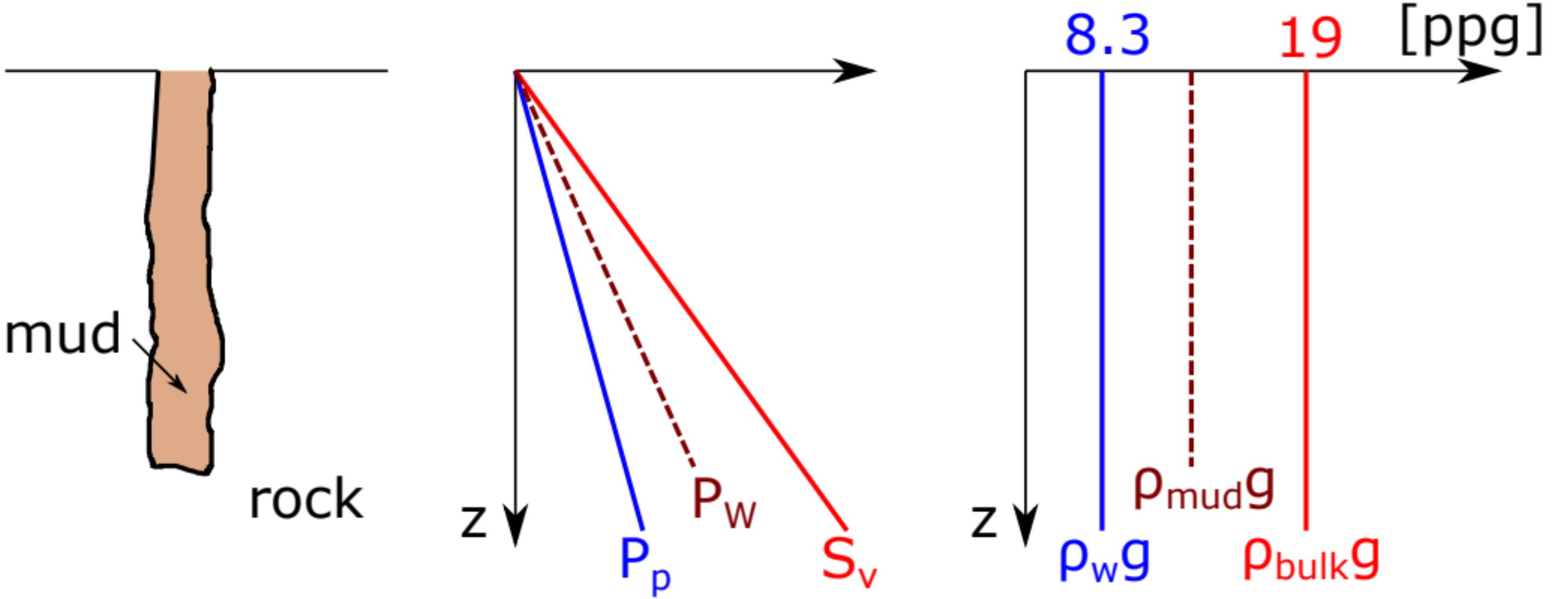


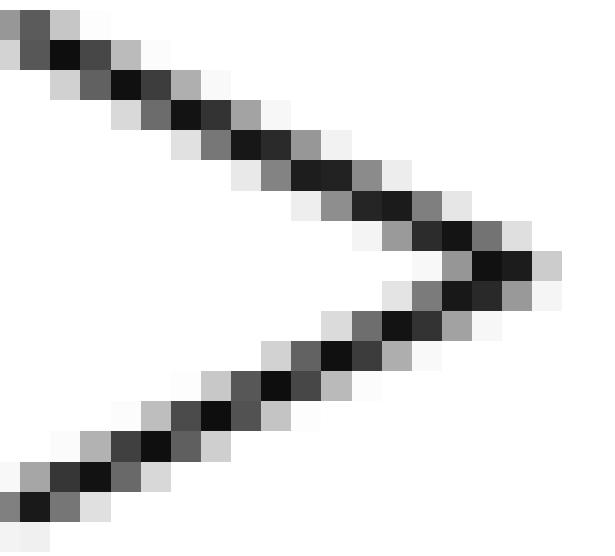




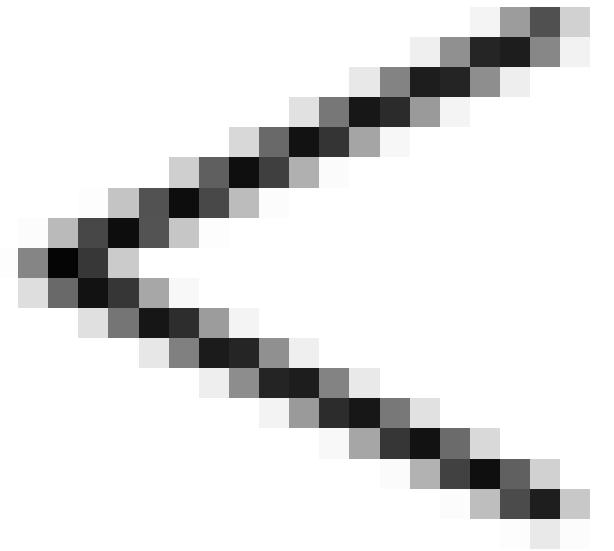


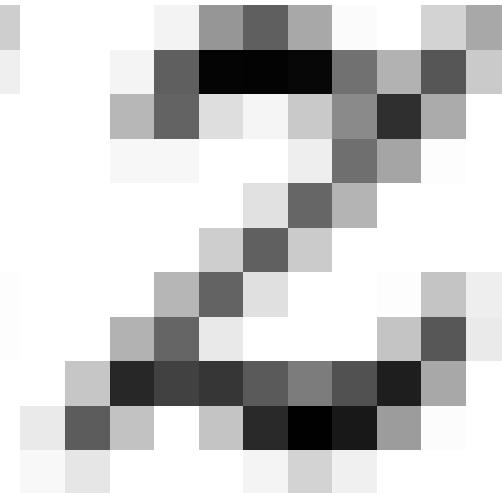
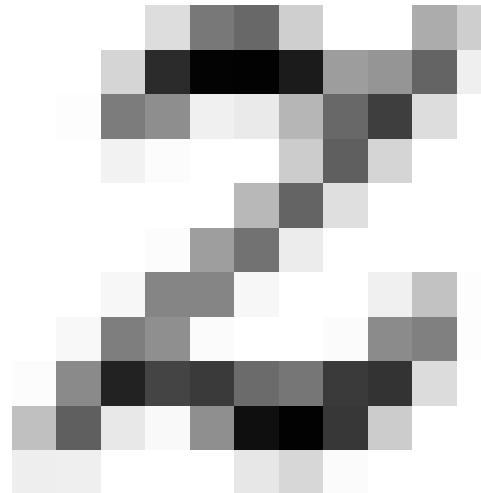
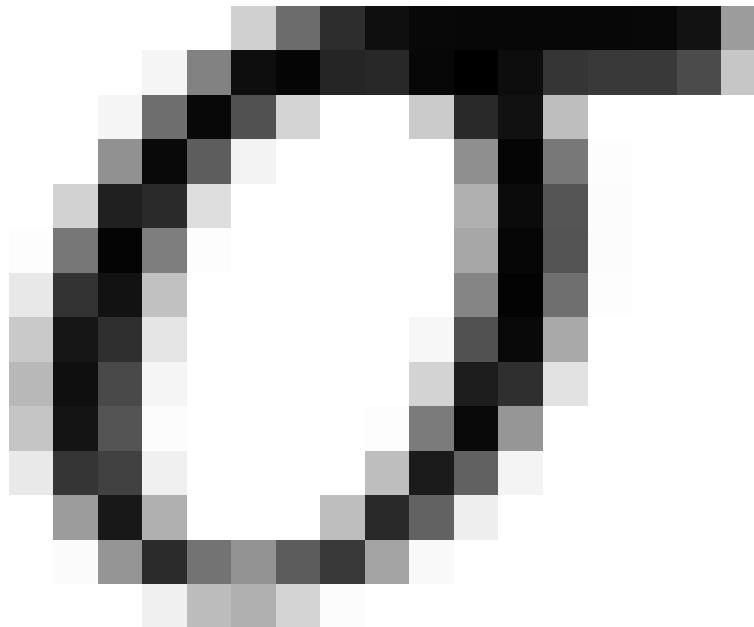


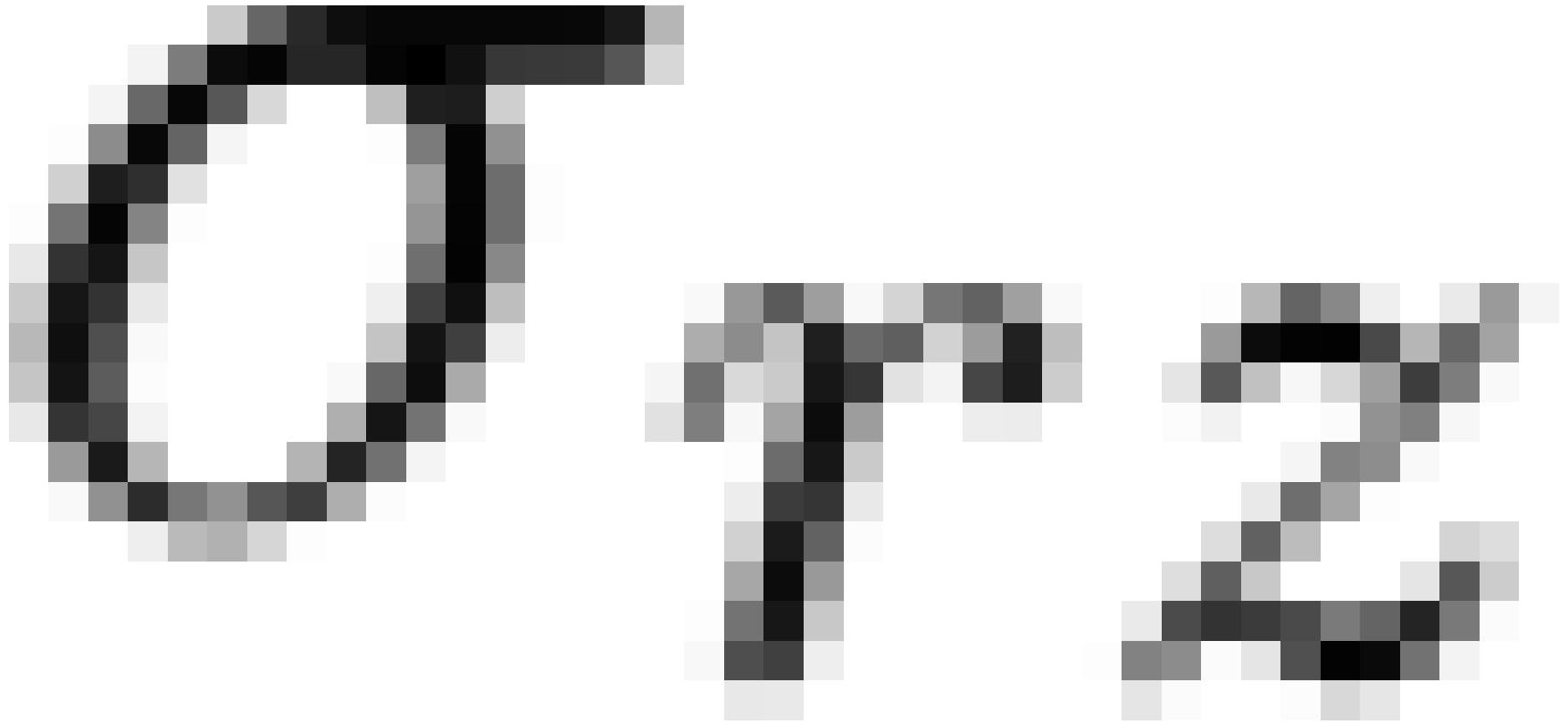


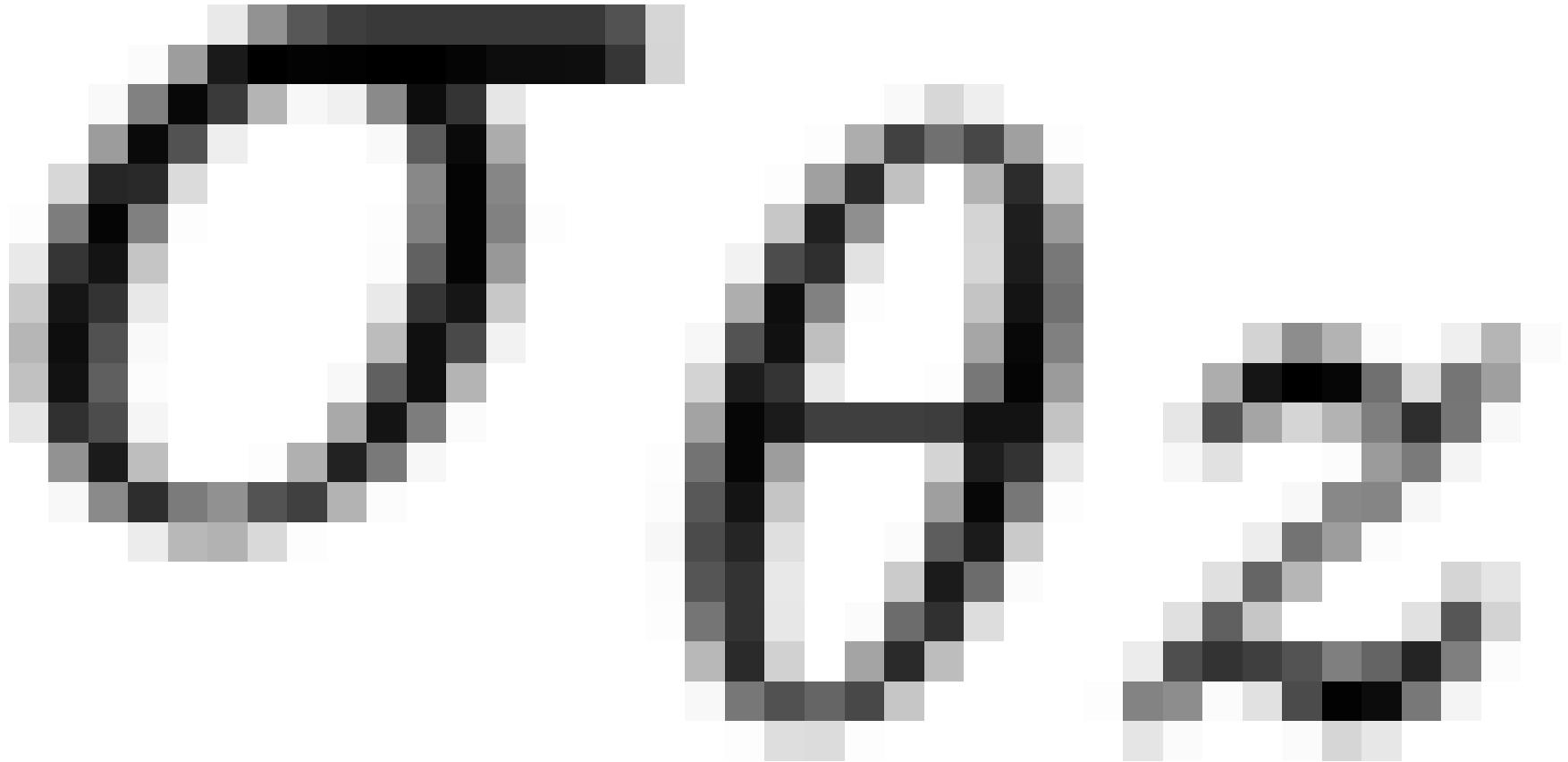


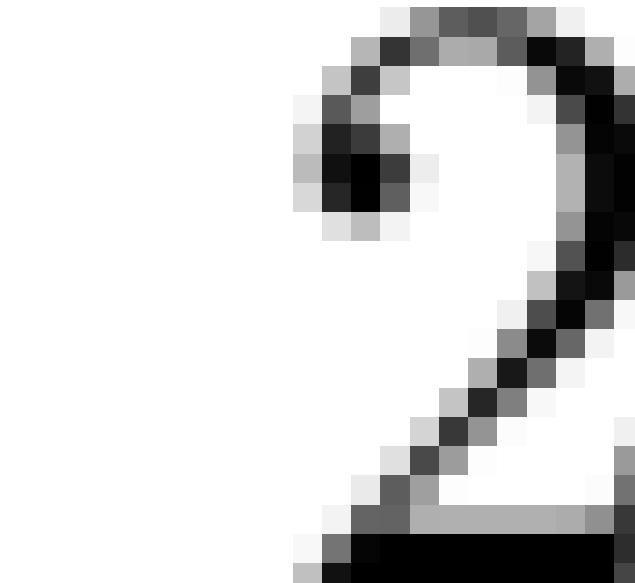
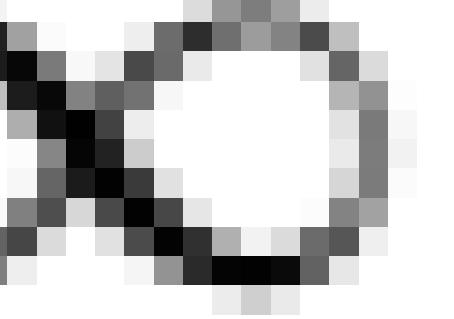
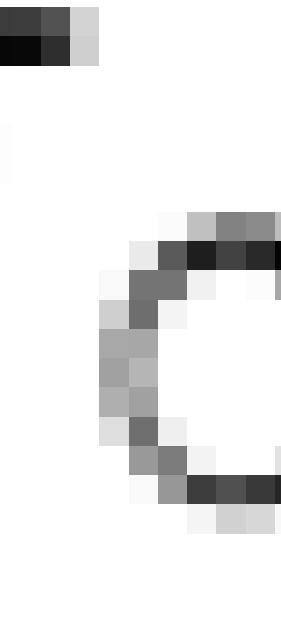
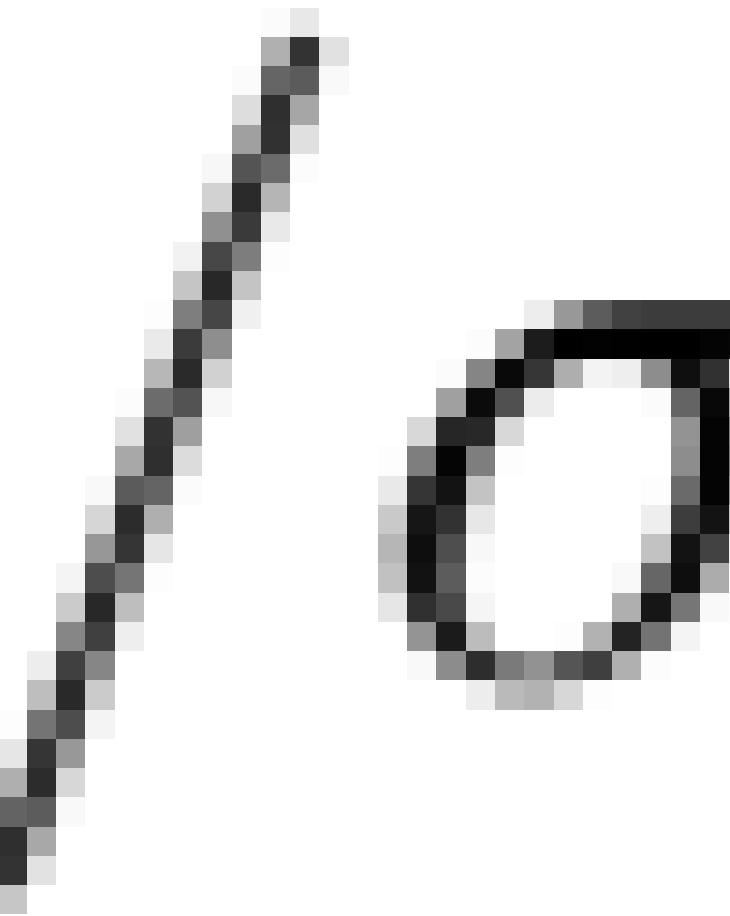
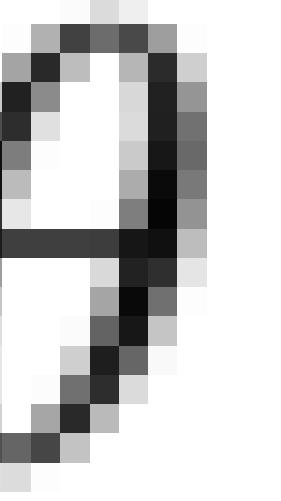
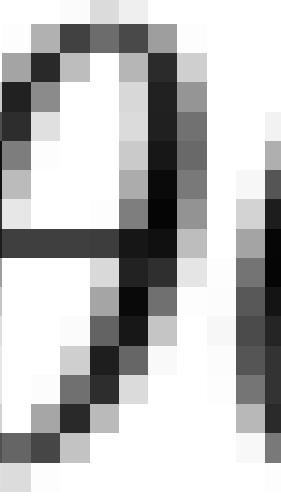
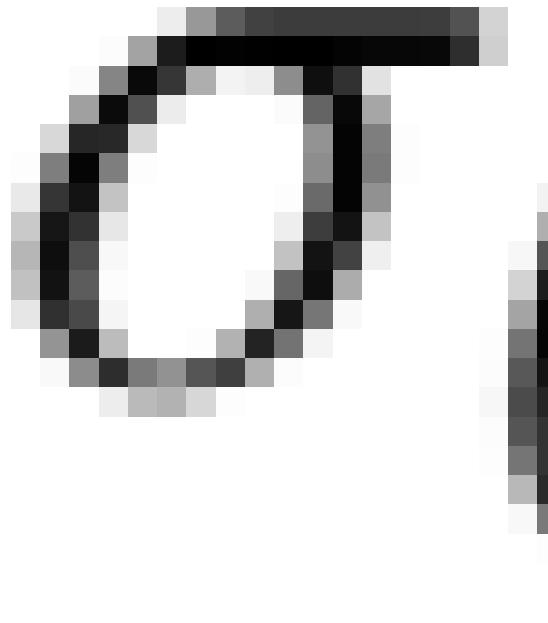


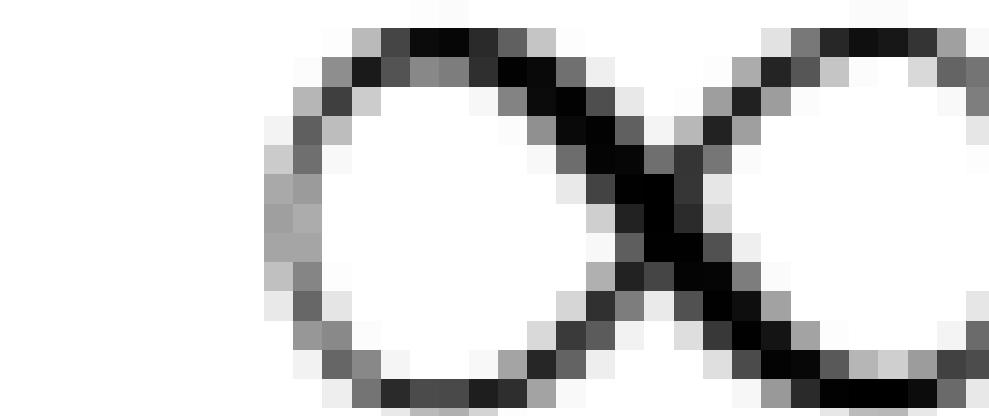
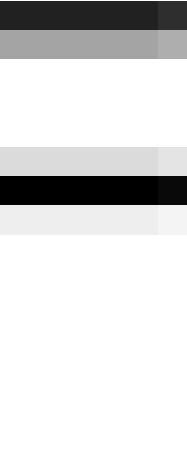
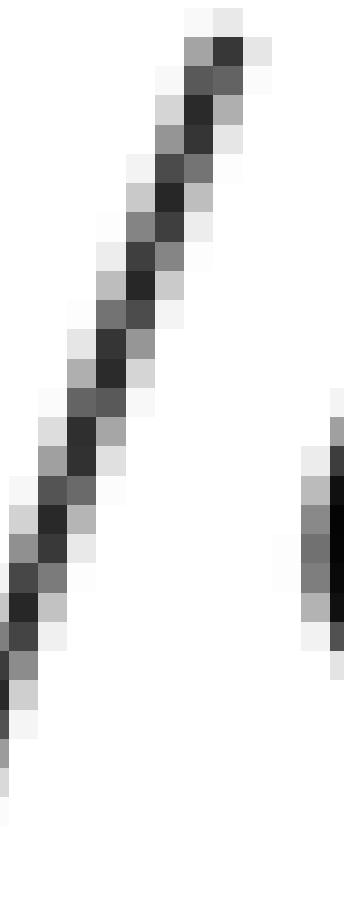
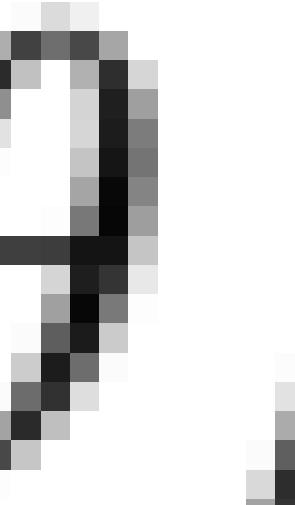
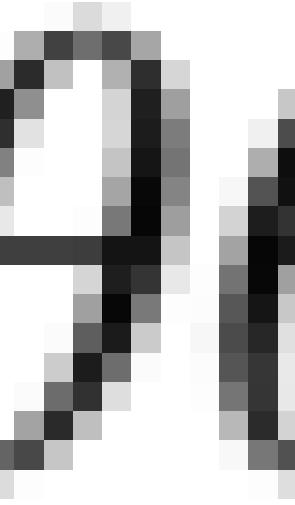
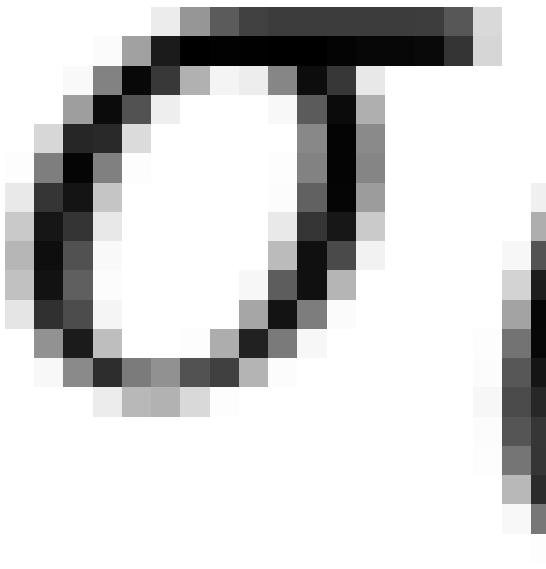


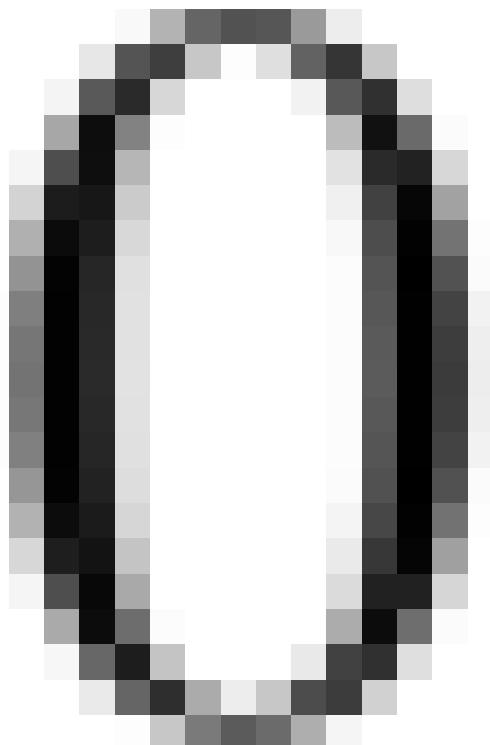
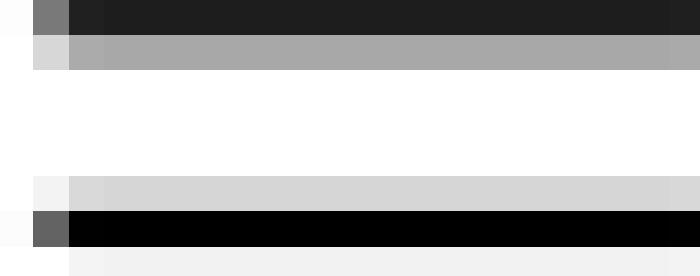
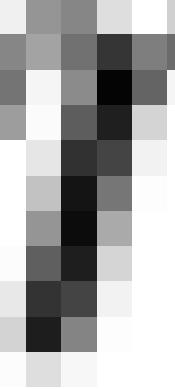
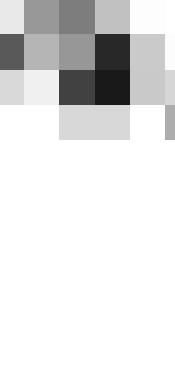
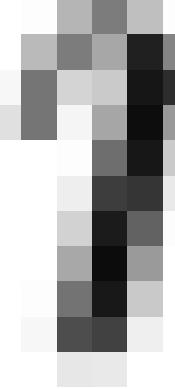
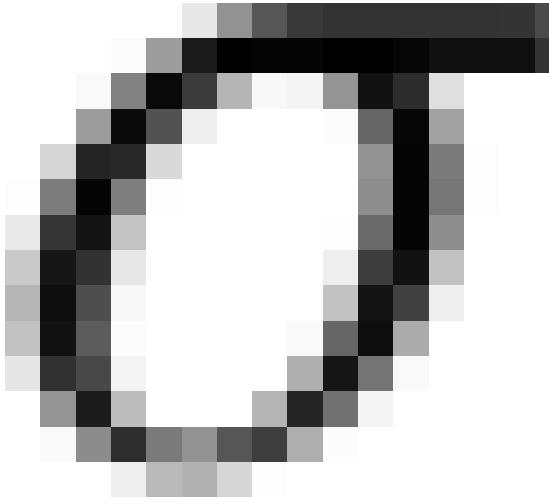












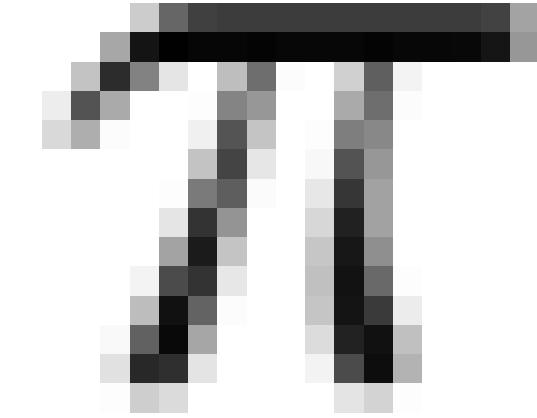
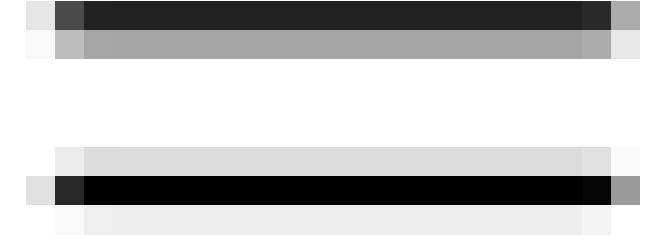
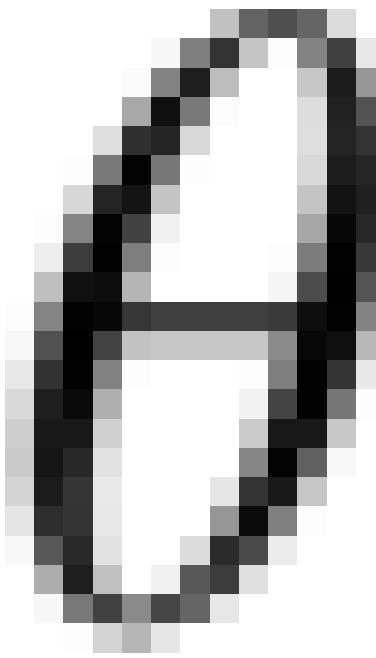


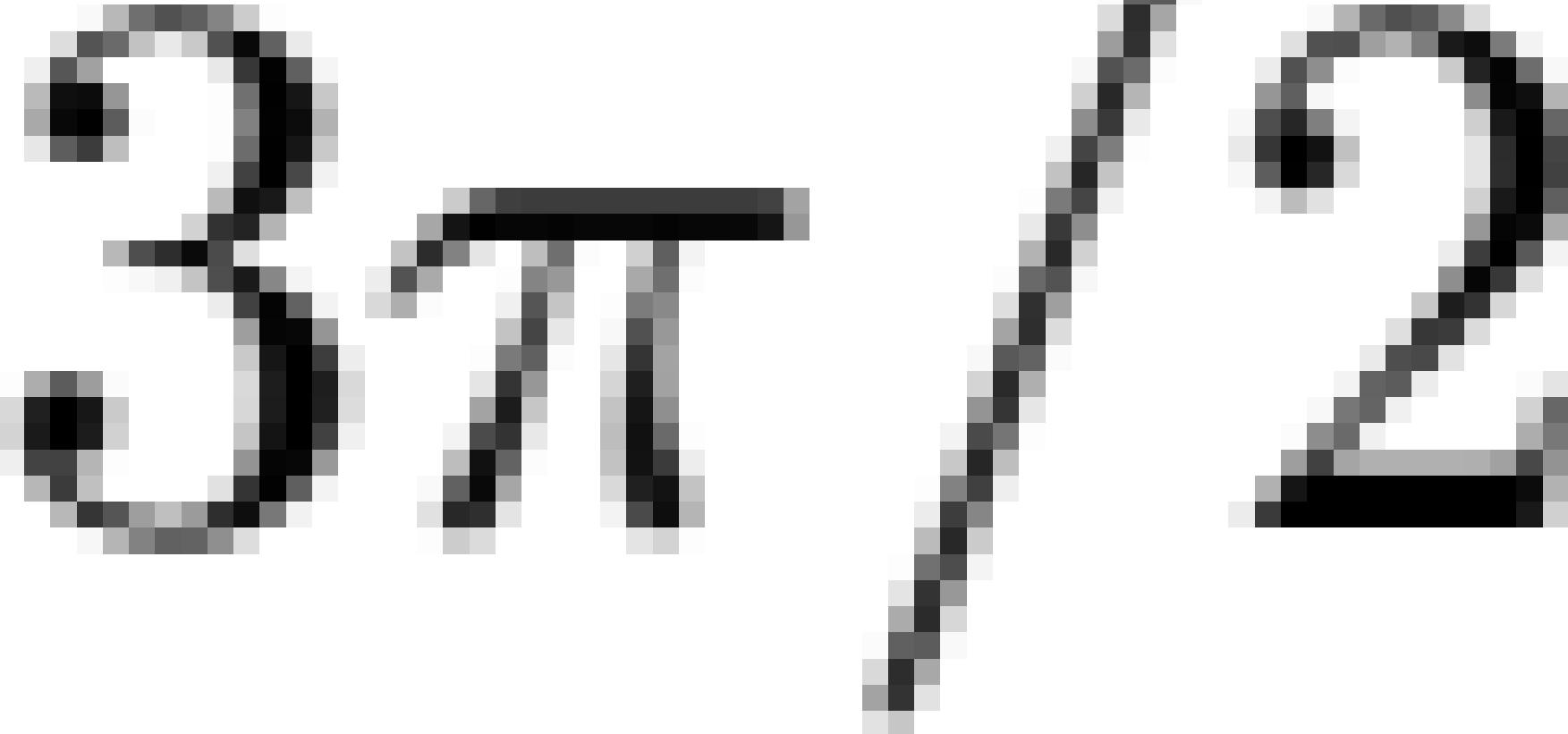




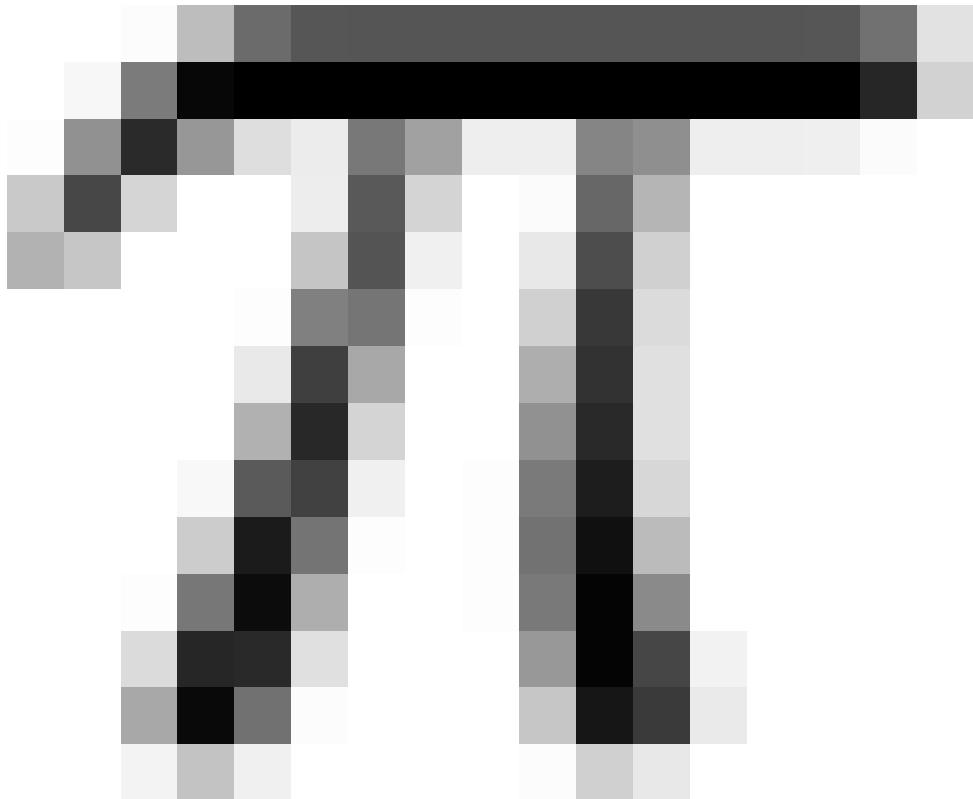


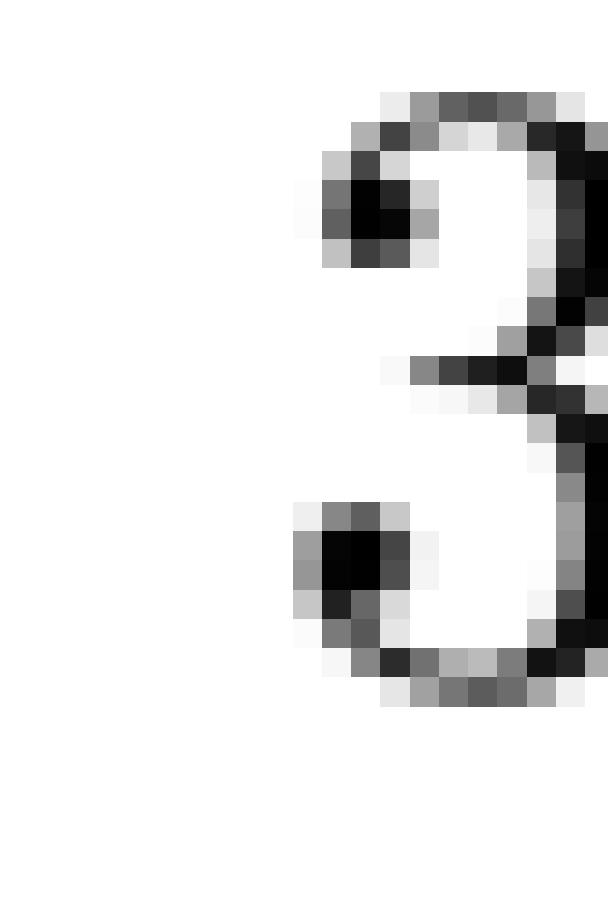
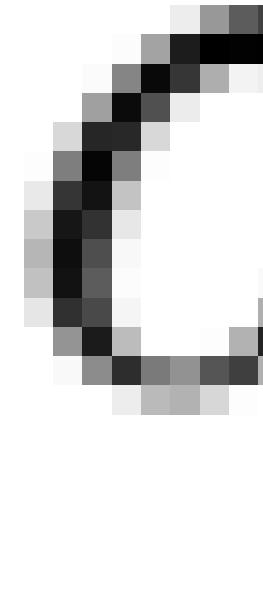
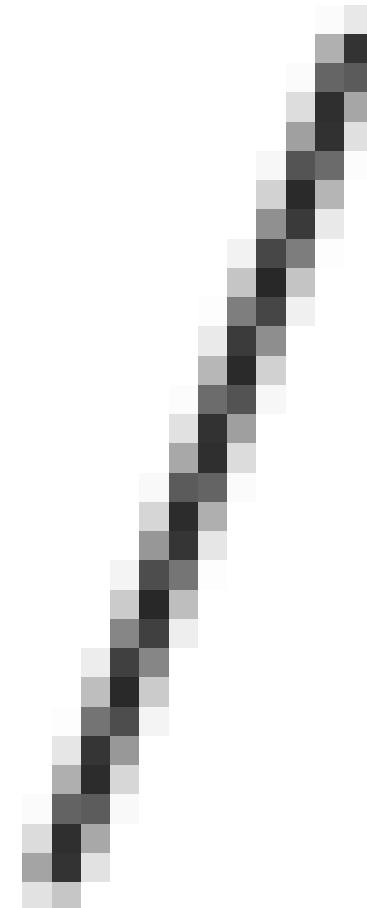
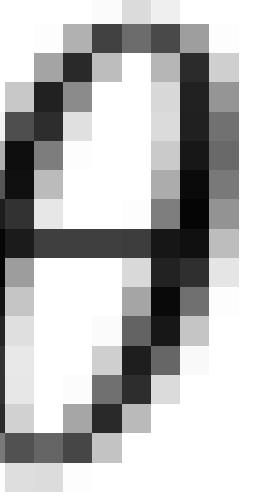
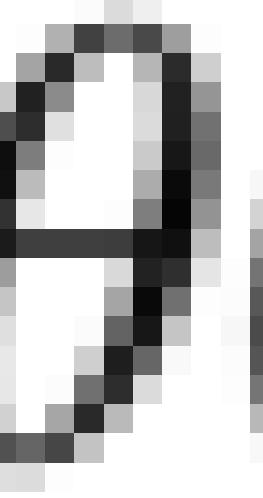
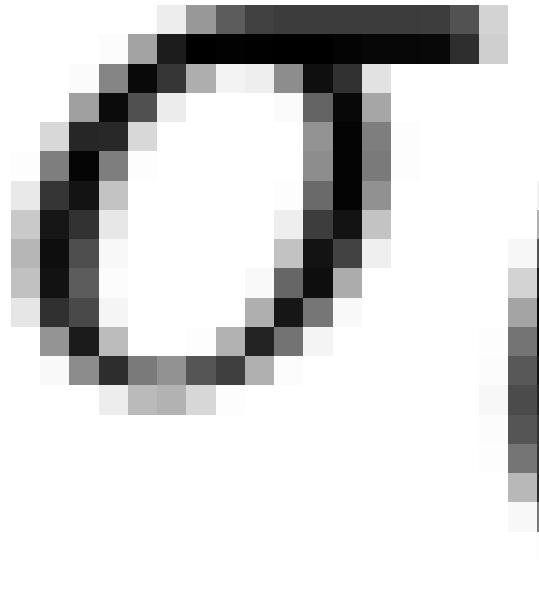






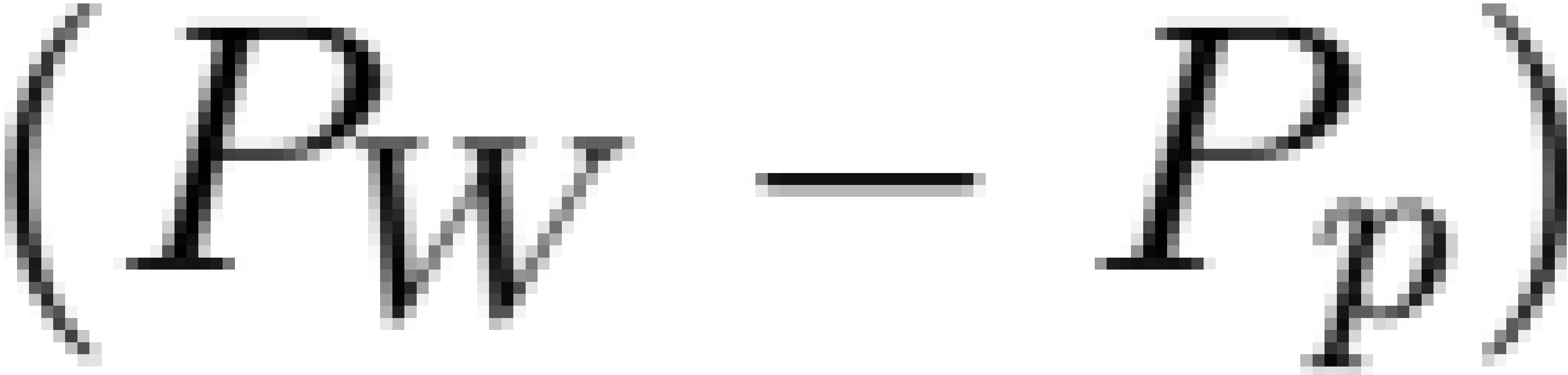


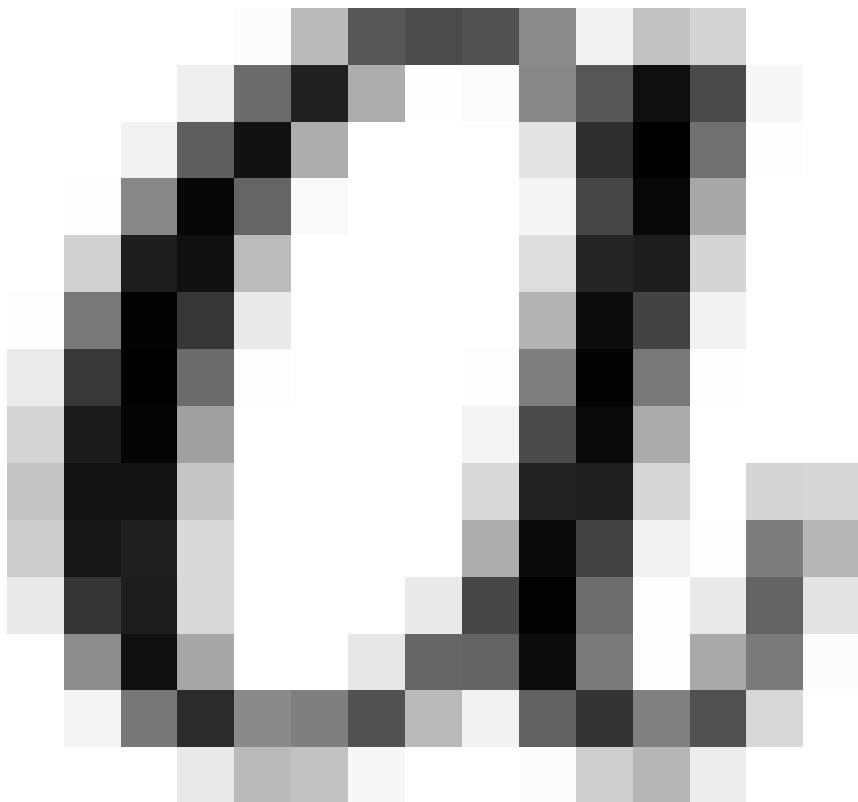




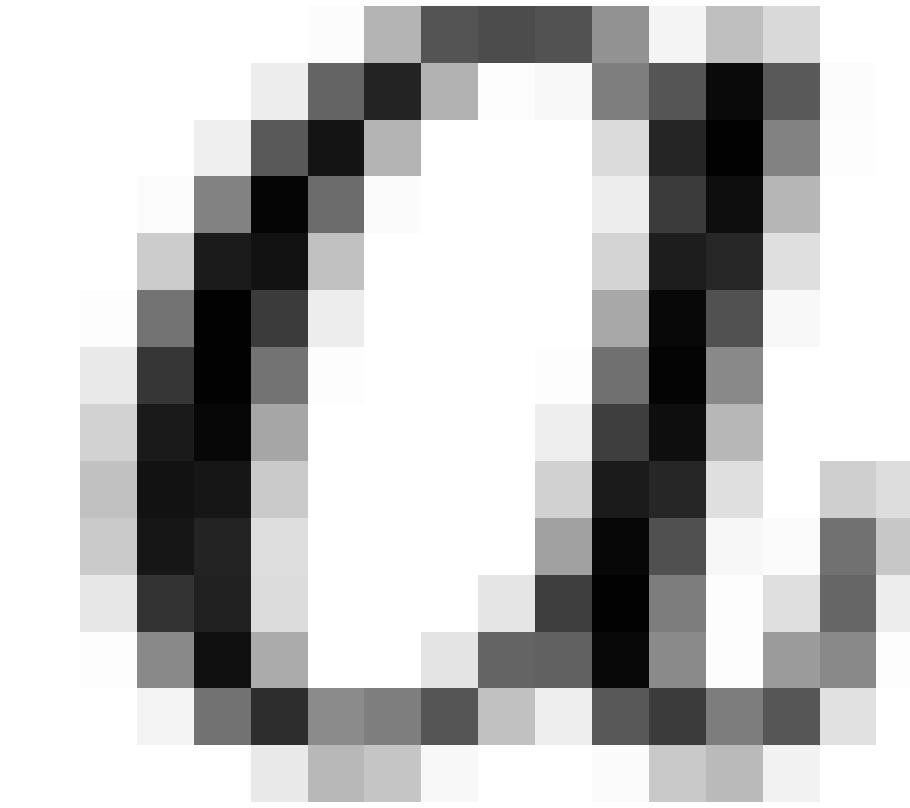
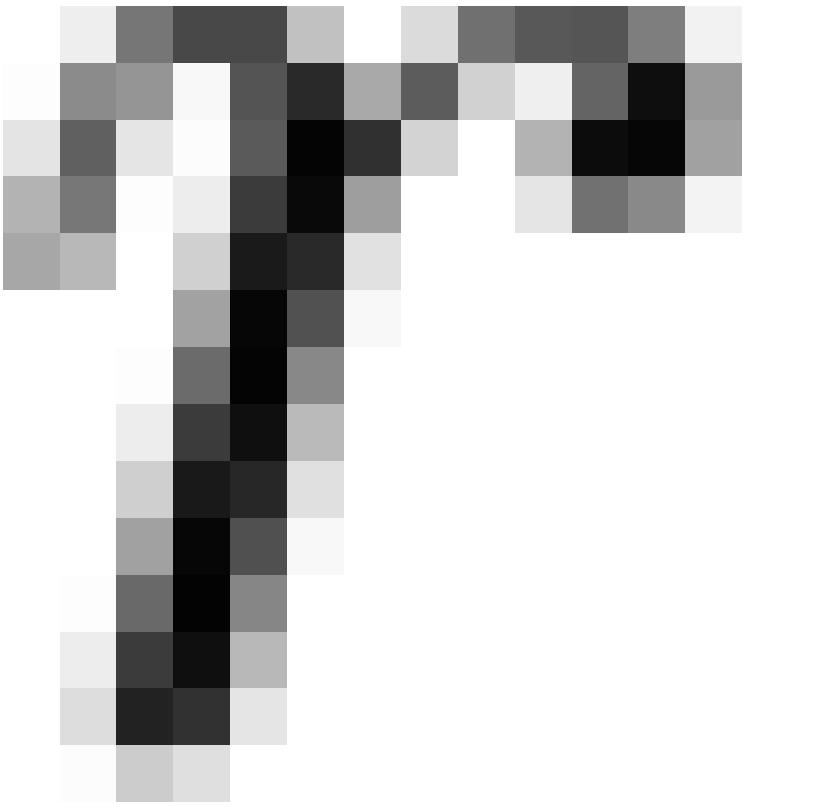






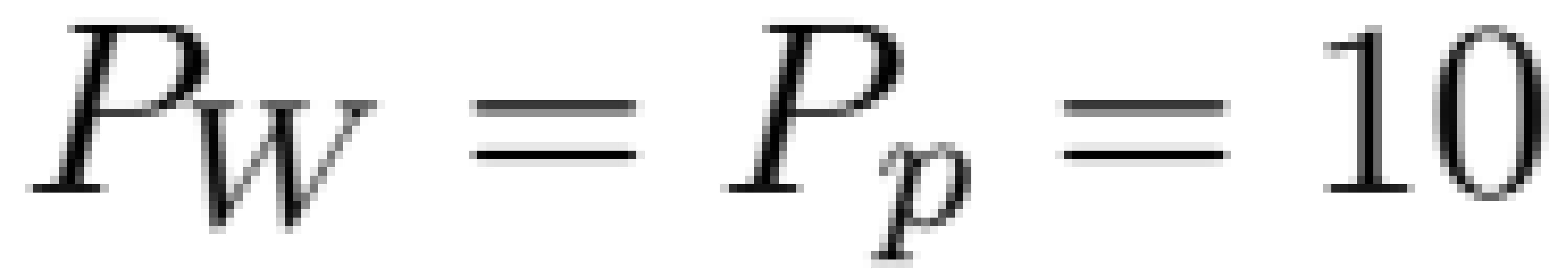


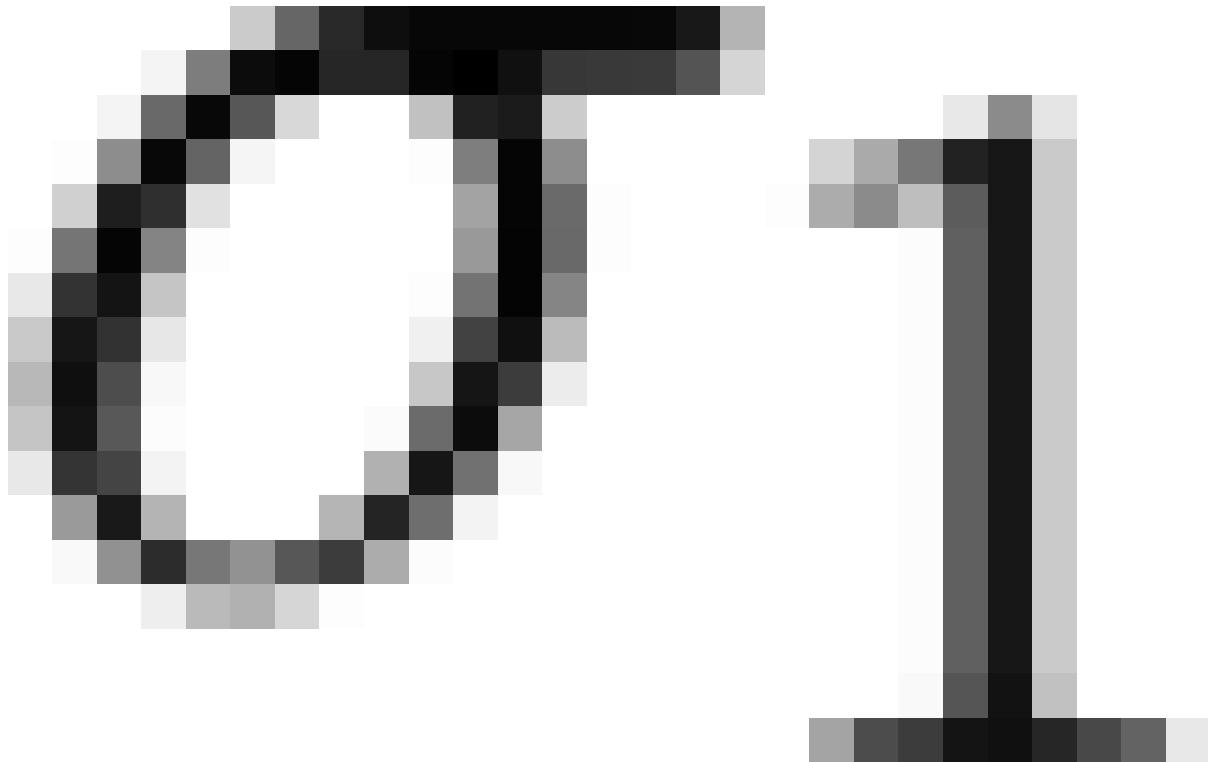
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{lcl} \sigma_{rr} & = & (P_W - P_p) \left(\frac{a^2}{r^2} \right) + \frac{\sigma_{Hmax} + \sigma_{hmin}}{2} \left(1 - \frac{a^2}{r^2} \right) + \frac{\sigma_{Hmax} - \sigma_{hmin}}{2} \left(1 - 4 \frac{a^2}{r^2} + 3 \frac{a^4}{r^4} \right) \cos(2\theta) \\ \sigma_{\theta\theta} & = & -(P_W - P_p) \left(\frac{a^2}{r^2} \right) + \frac{\sigma_{Hmax} + \sigma_{hmin}}{2} \left(1 + \frac{a^2}{r^2} \right) - \frac{\sigma_{Hmax} - \sigma_{hmin}}{2} \left(1 + 3 \frac{a^4}{r^4} \right) \cos(2\theta) \\ \sigma_{r\theta} & = & -\frac{\sigma_{Hmax} - \sigma_{hmin}}{2} \left(1 + 2 \frac{a^2}{r^2} - 3 \frac{a^4}{r^4} \right) \sin(2\theta) \\ \sigma_{zz} & = & \sigma_v - 2\nu (\sigma_{Hmax} - \sigma_{hmin}) \left(\frac{a^2}{r^2} \right) \cos(2\theta) \end{array} \right.$$



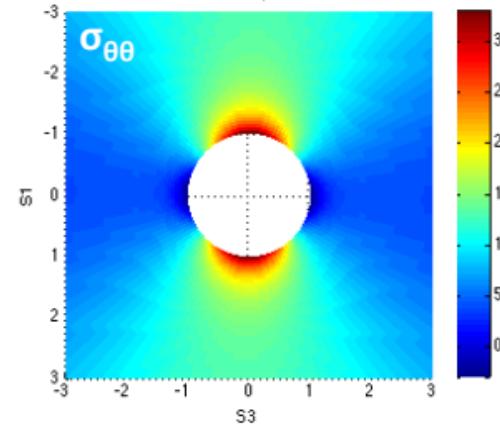
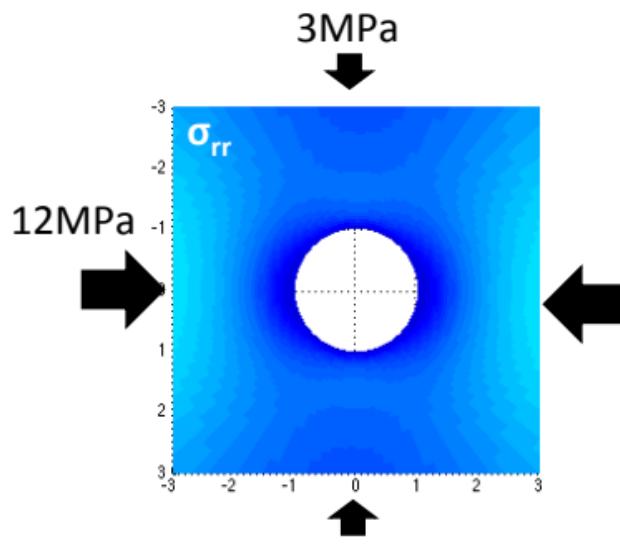




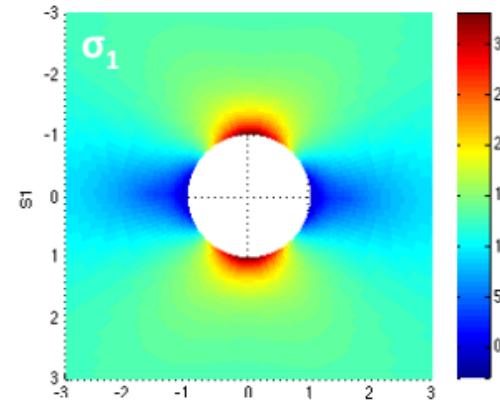
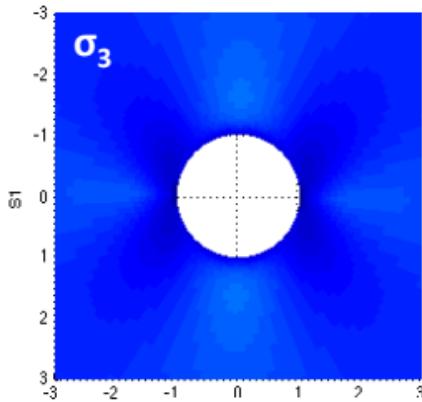


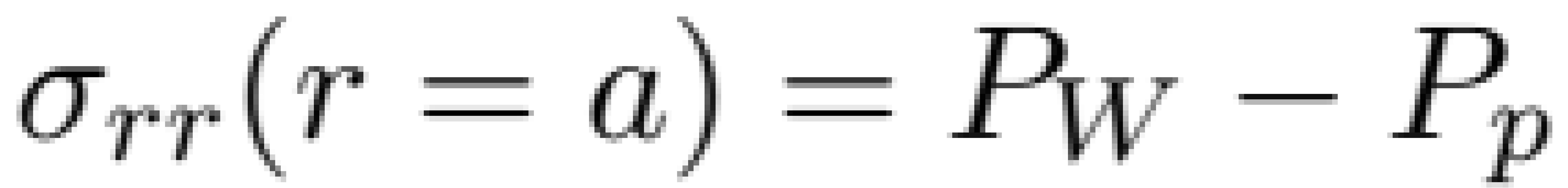


Stresses in cylindrical coordinates



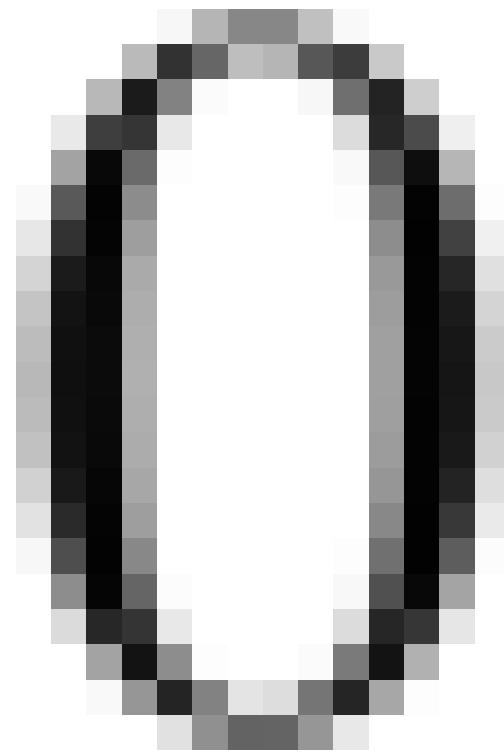
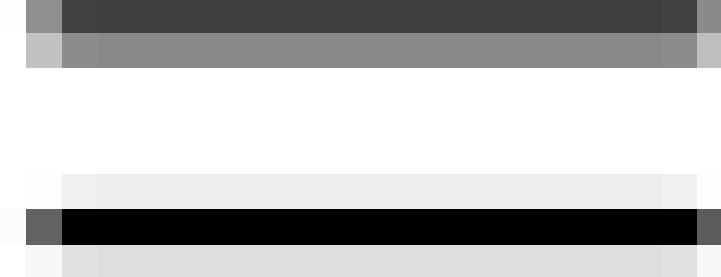
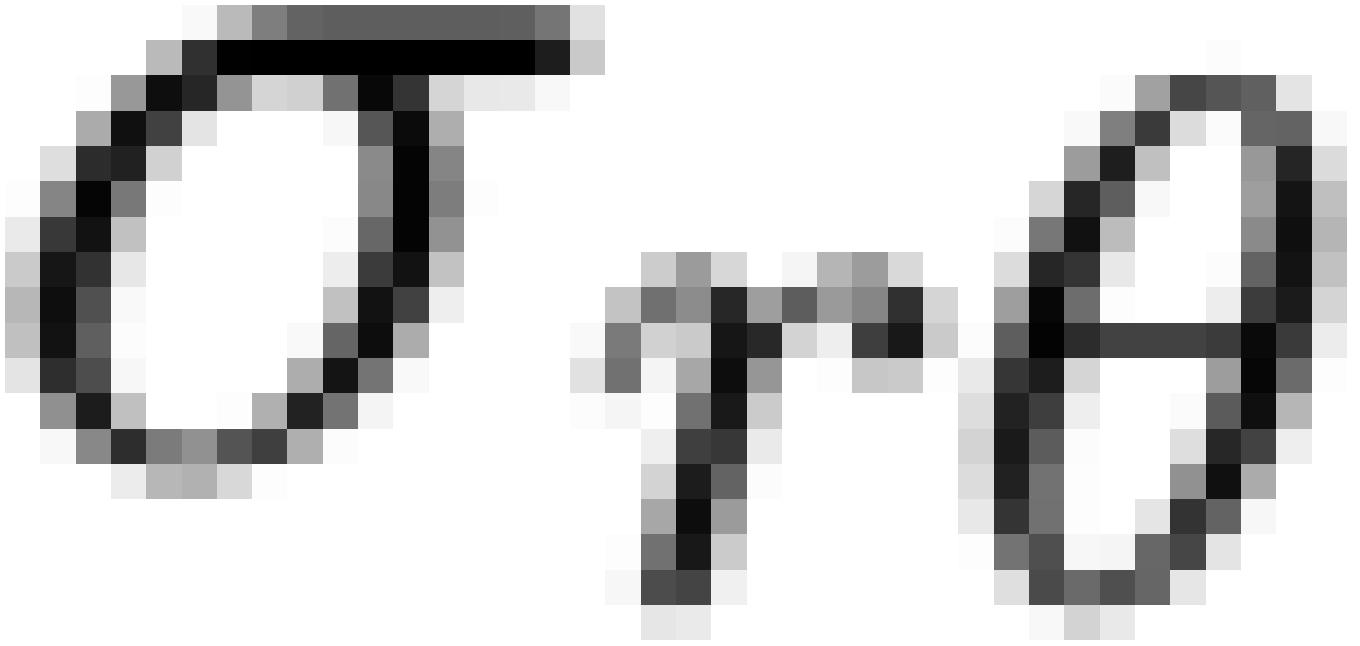
Principal Stresses



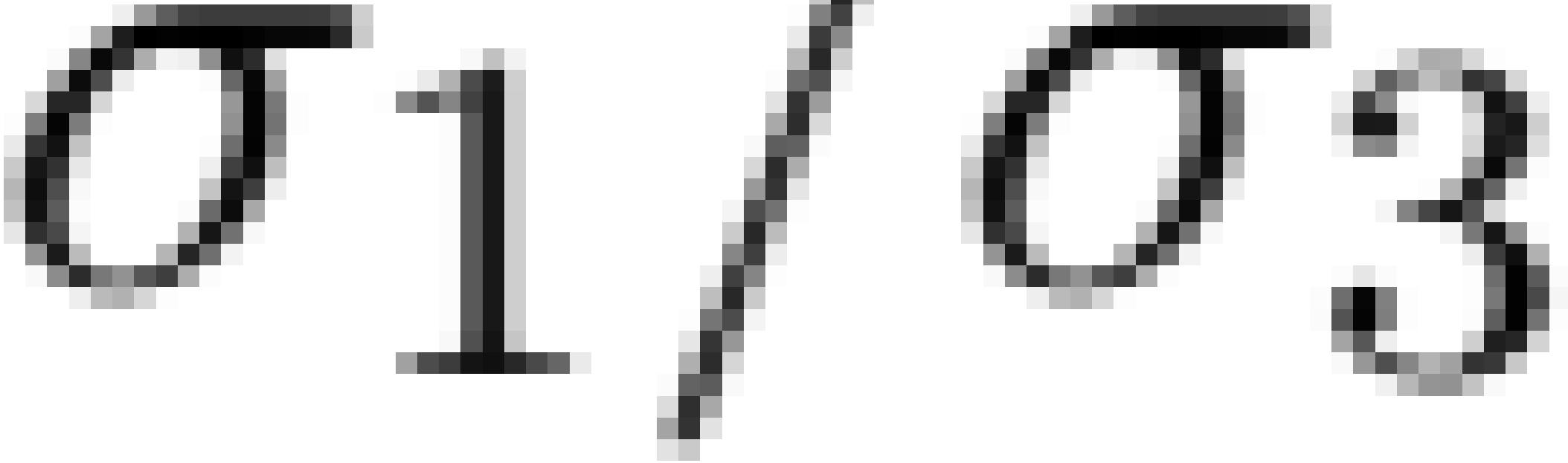


$$\sigma_{\theta\theta}(r^2a) = \frac{1}{2}(\rho_W - \rho_H) \cos(2\theta) + \frac{1}{2}(\rho_H + \rho_W) \sin(2\theta)$$

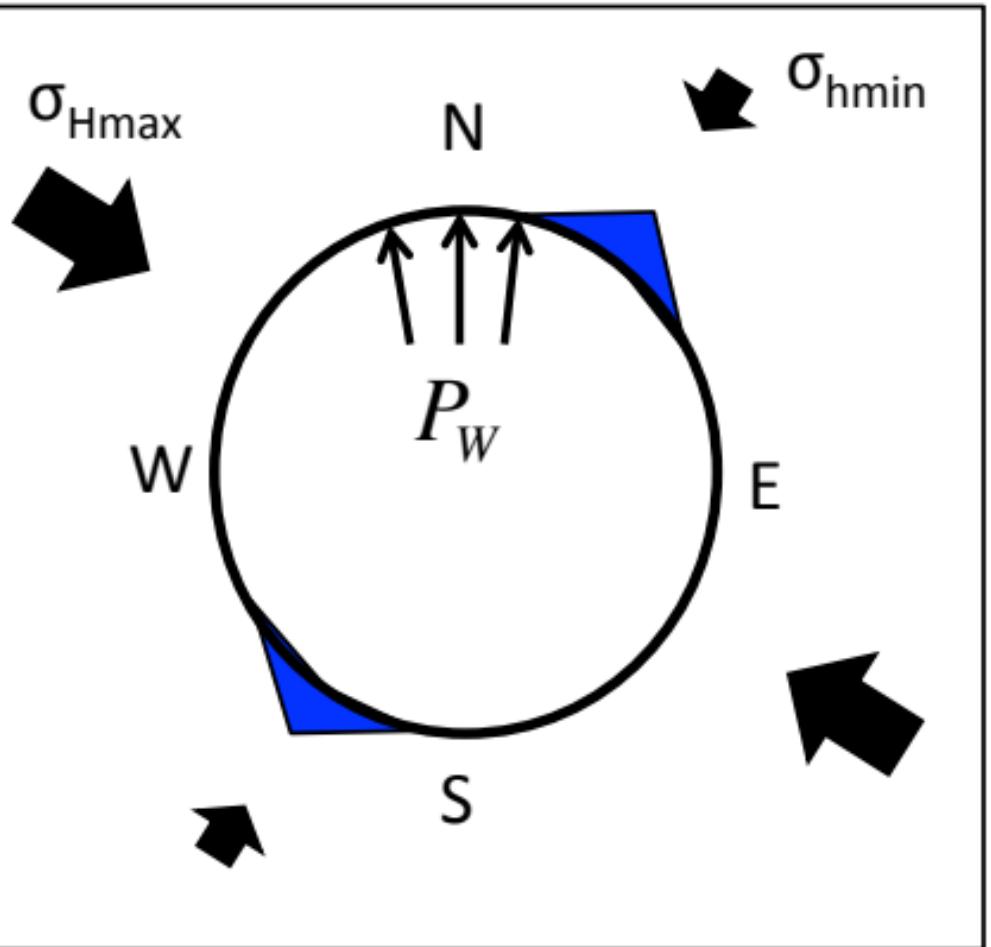
$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\theta\theta}(r=a, \theta=0) &= -(P_W - P_p) - \sigma_{Hmax} + 3\sigma_{hmin} \\ \sigma_{\theta\theta}(r=a, \theta=\pi/2) &= -(P_W - P_p) + 3\sigma_{Hmax} - \sigma_{hmin} \end{aligned}$$



$\sigma_{zz}(\tau) = \cos(2\theta)$



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sigma_1 = \sigma_{\theta\theta} = -(P_W - P_p) + 3 \sigma_{Hmax} - \sigma_{hmin} \\ \sigma_3 = \sigma_{rr} = (P_W - P_p) \end{array} \right.$$



$$P_{W\text{shear}} = P_p + \frac{3\sigma_{H\max} - \sigma_{h\min} - UCS}{1+q}$$

Pore pressure
in the formation

Stress anisotropy

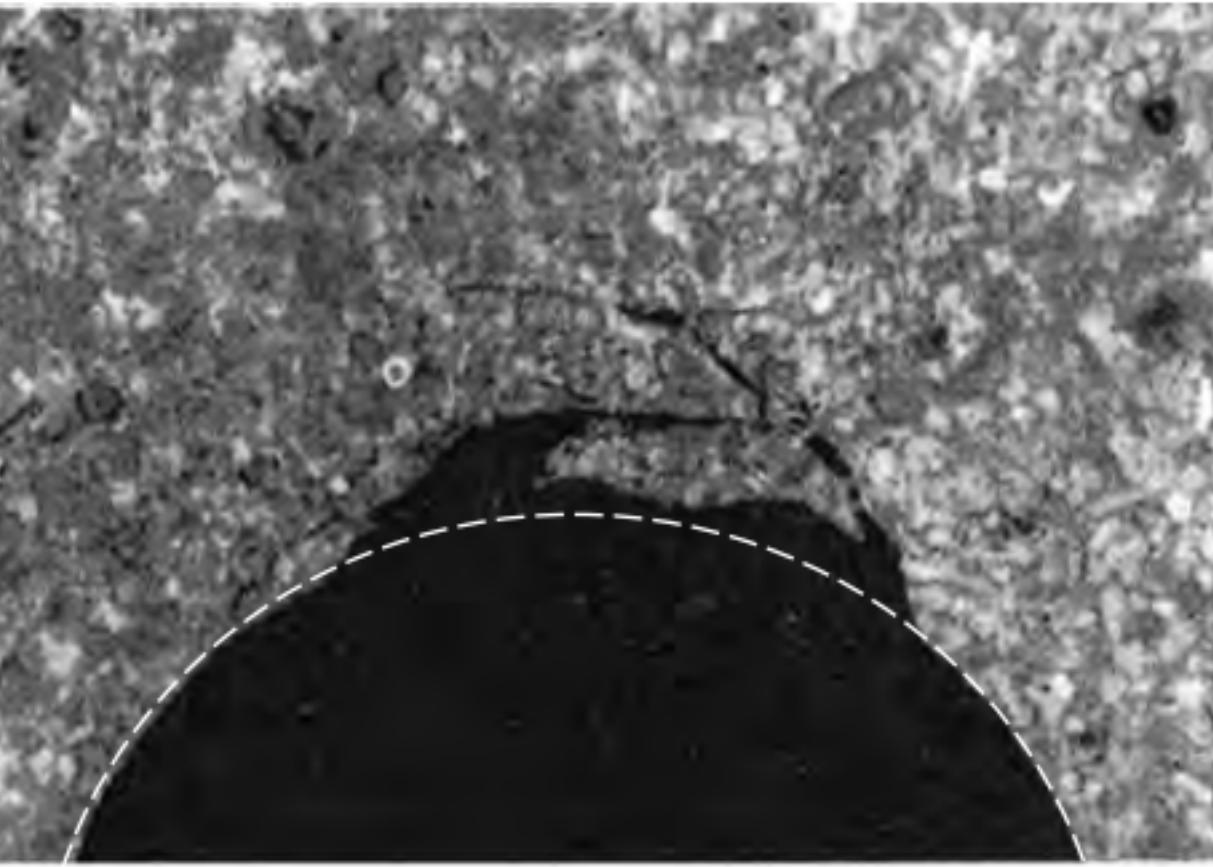
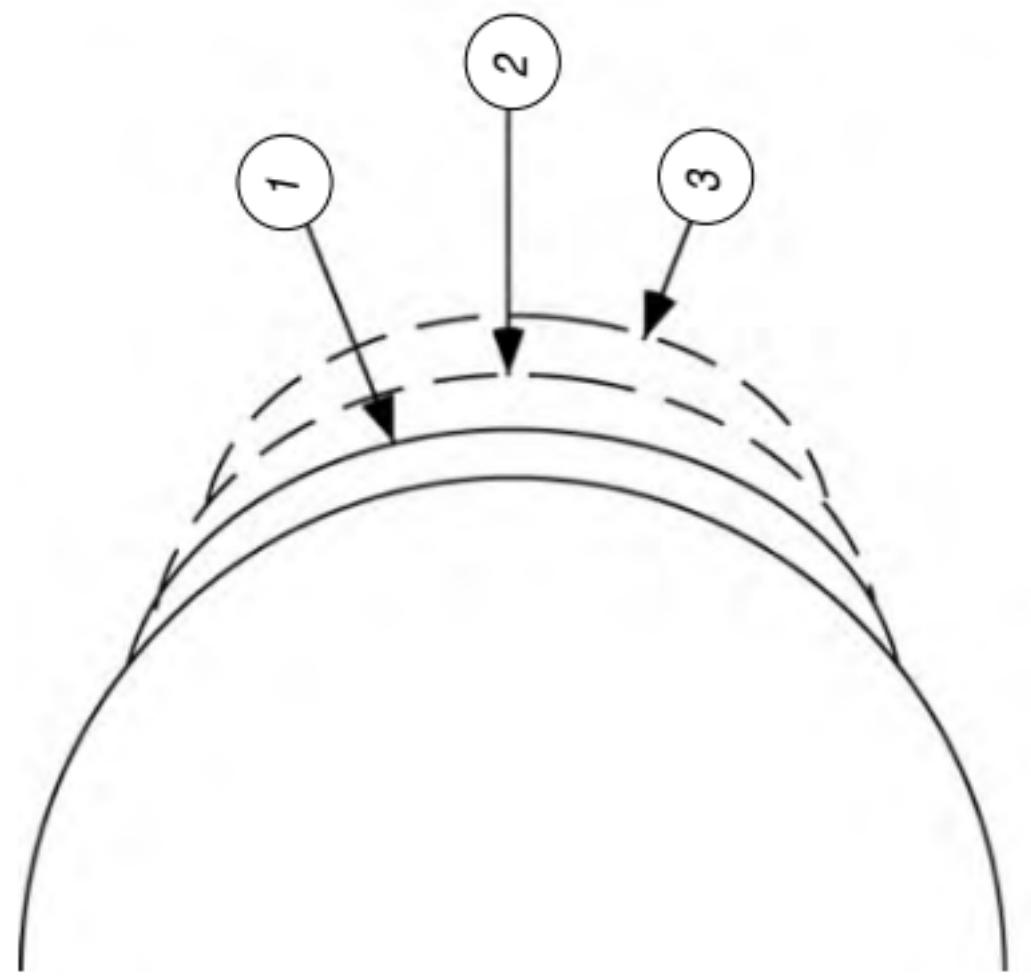
Shear strength

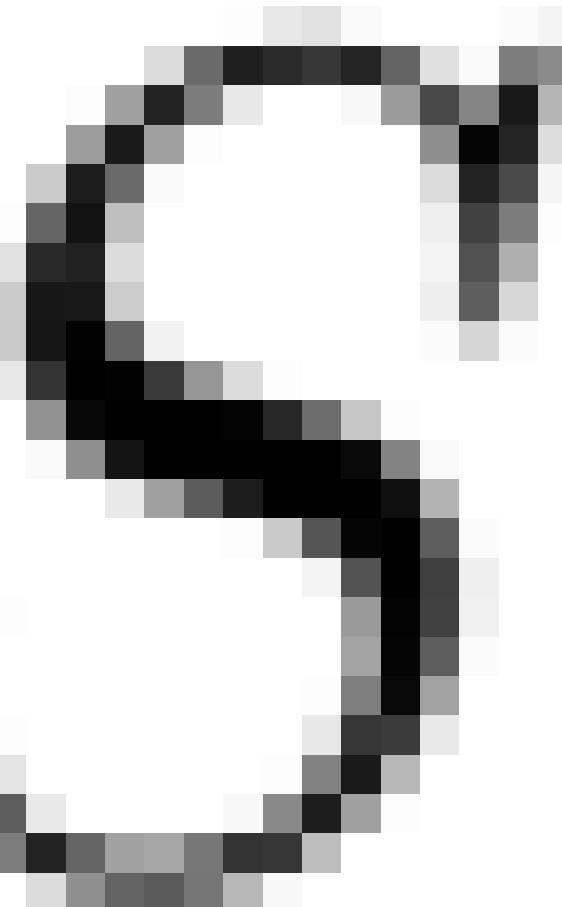
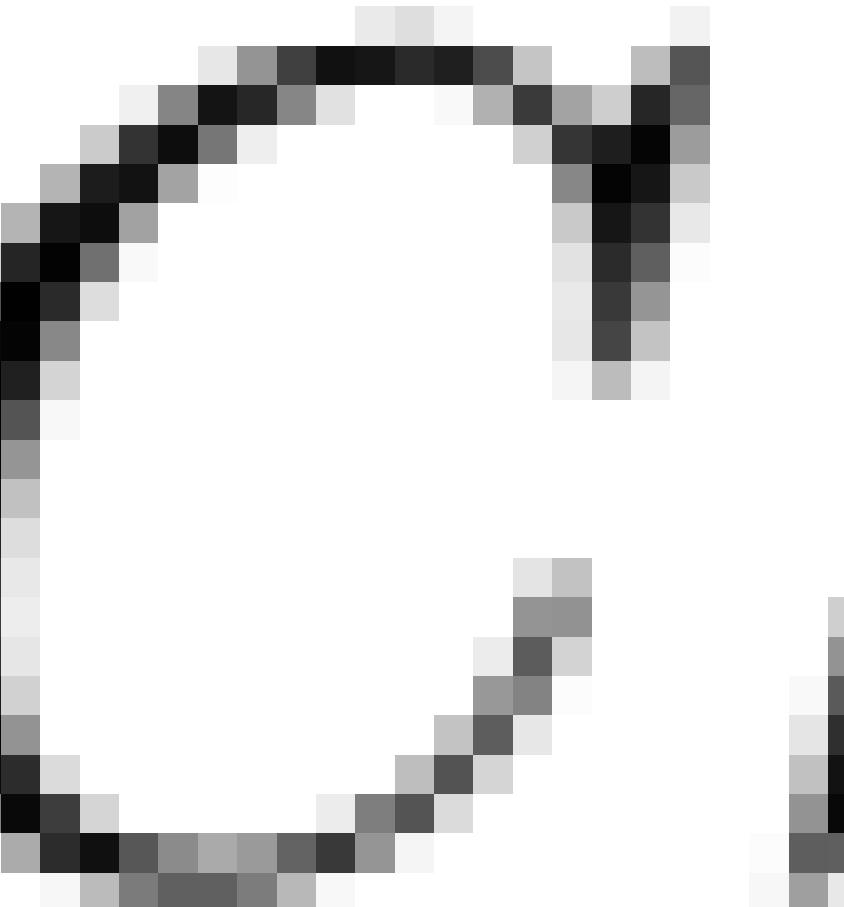
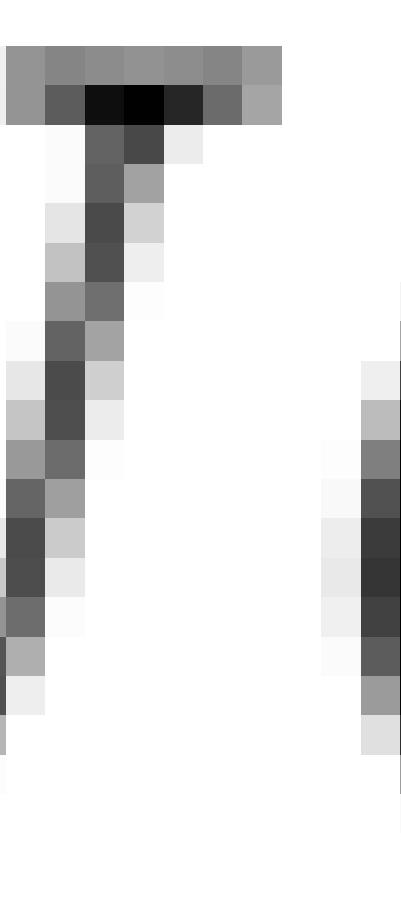
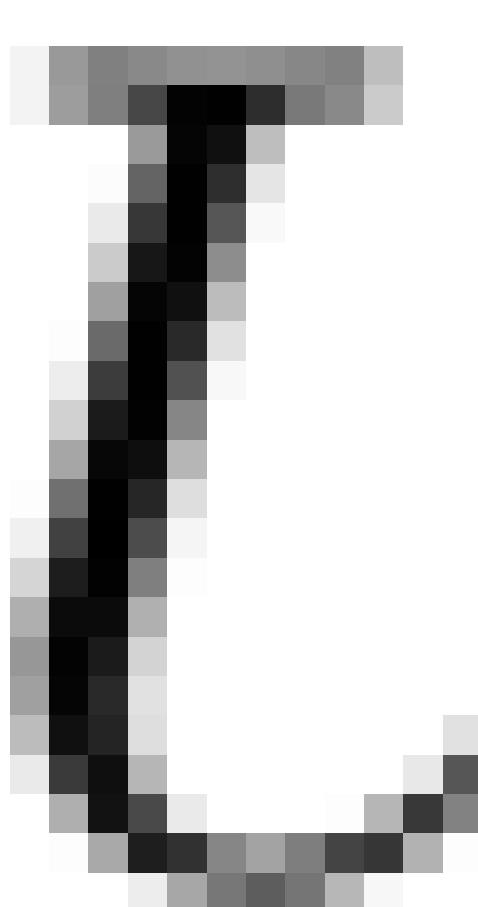
$P_W \leq P_{W\text{shear}}$ leads to breakouts



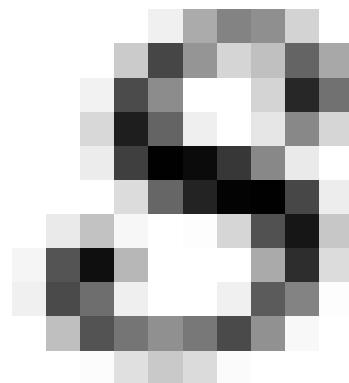
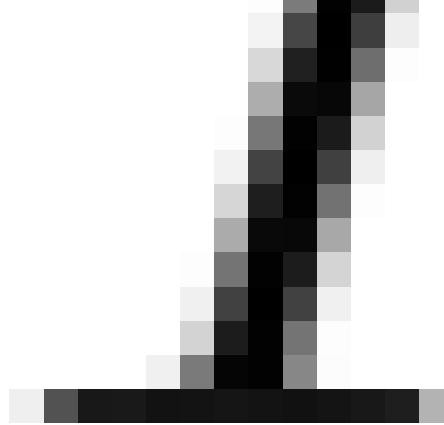
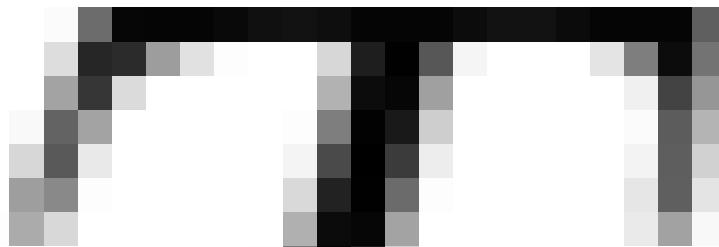
[$P_{\text{M}} - P_{\text{p}}$] = [V_{\text{G}} + 3 \sigma_{\text{Hrad}}] - [P_{\text{D}}]

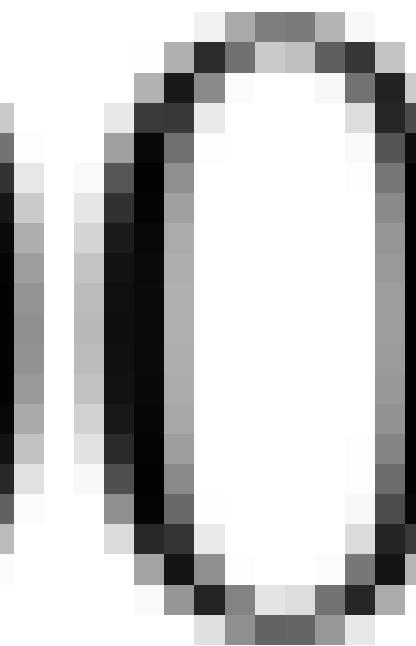
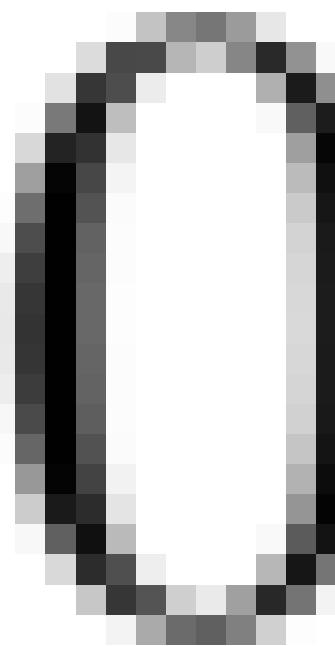
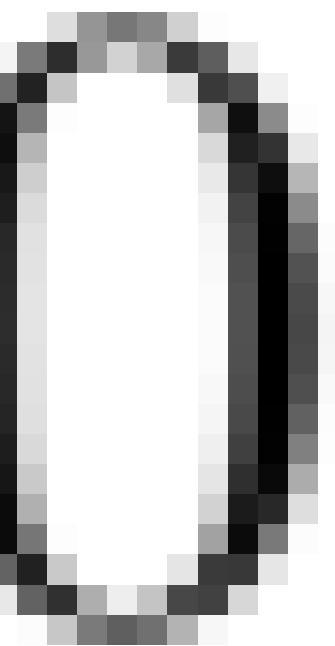
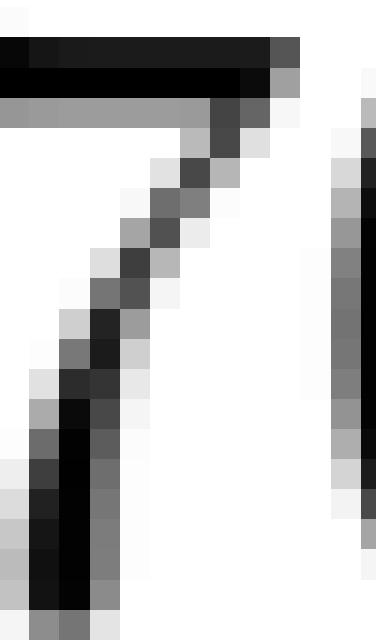
$$P_{W\text{ shear}} = \frac{P_p + \frac{3\sigma_H \max - UGS}{1+q}}{\sigma_{hmin}}$$

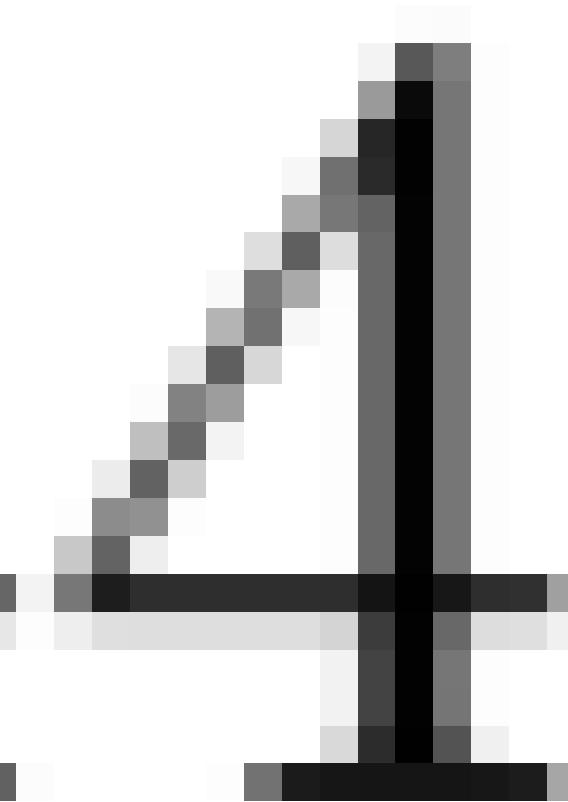
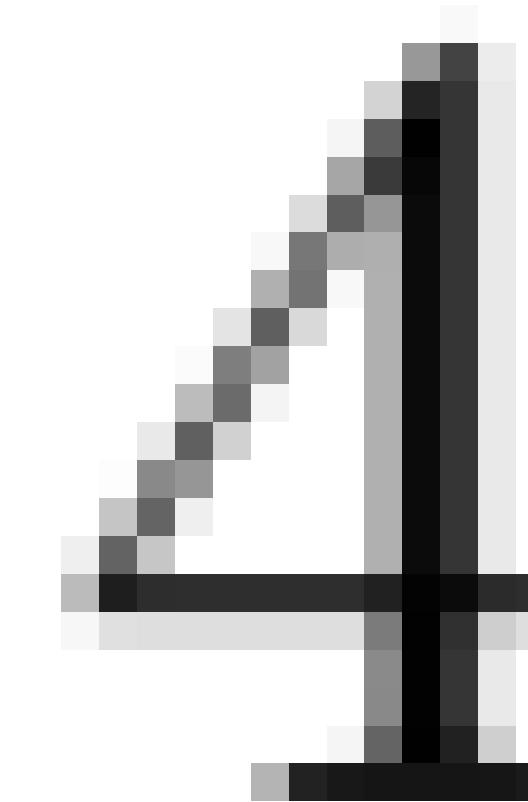
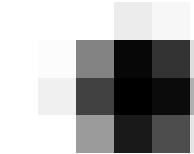
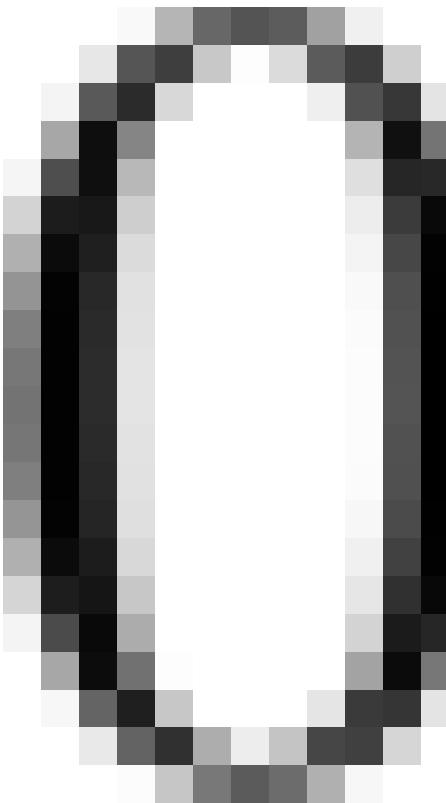
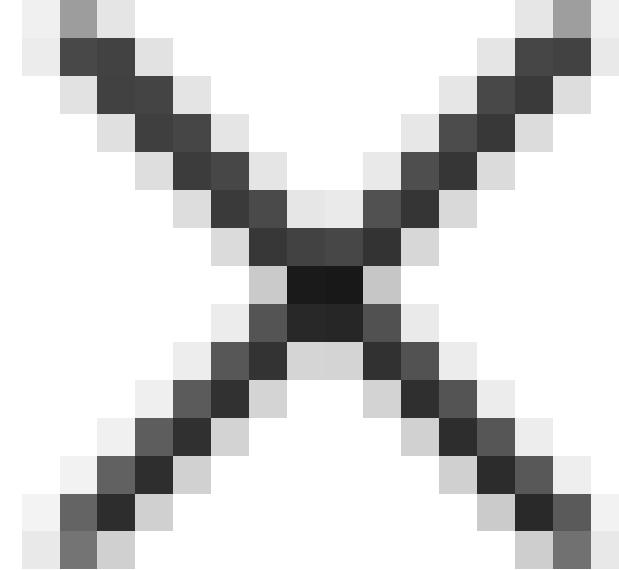


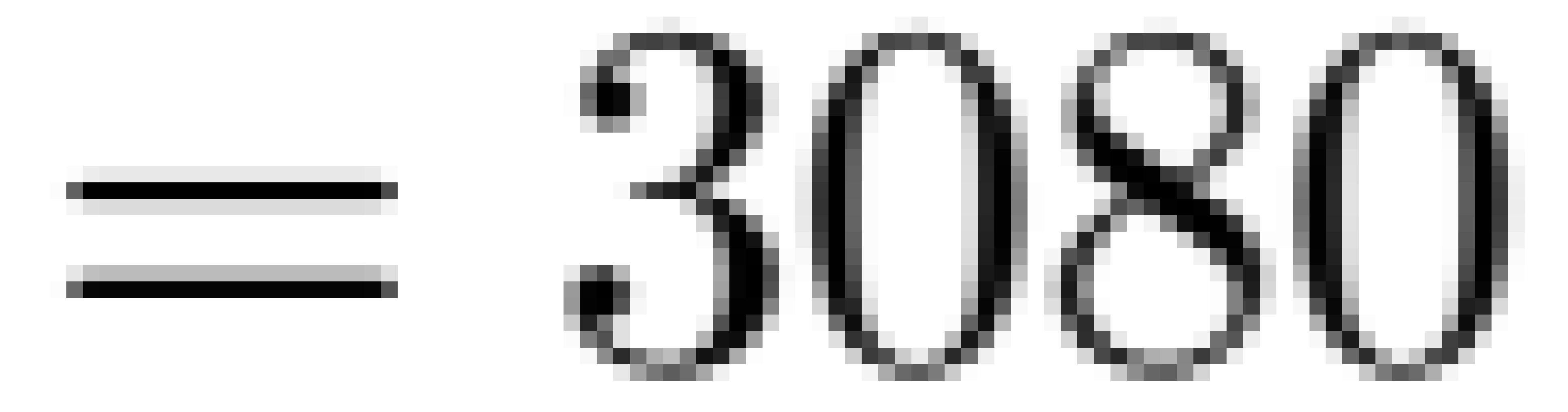


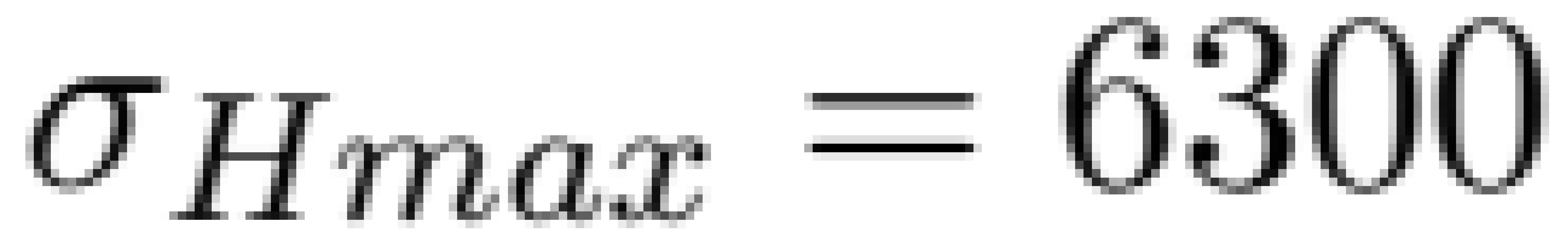


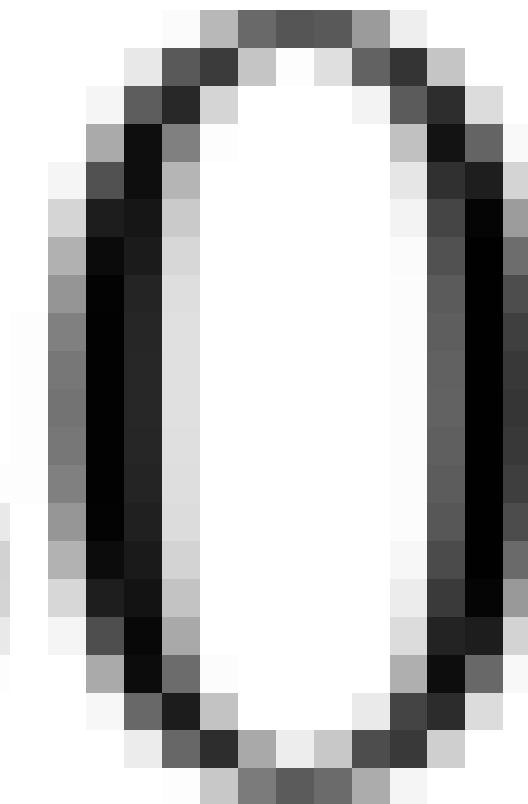
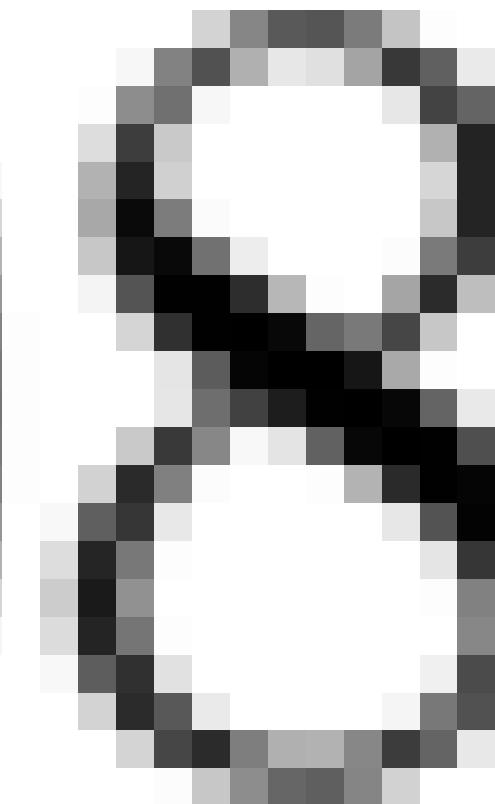
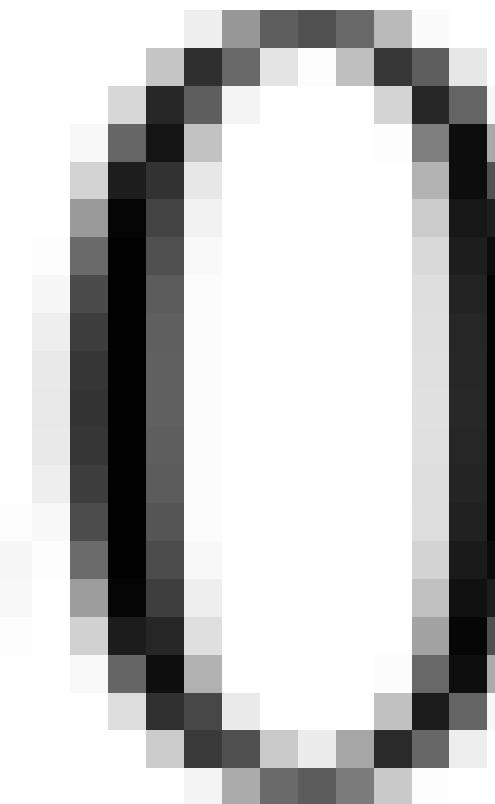
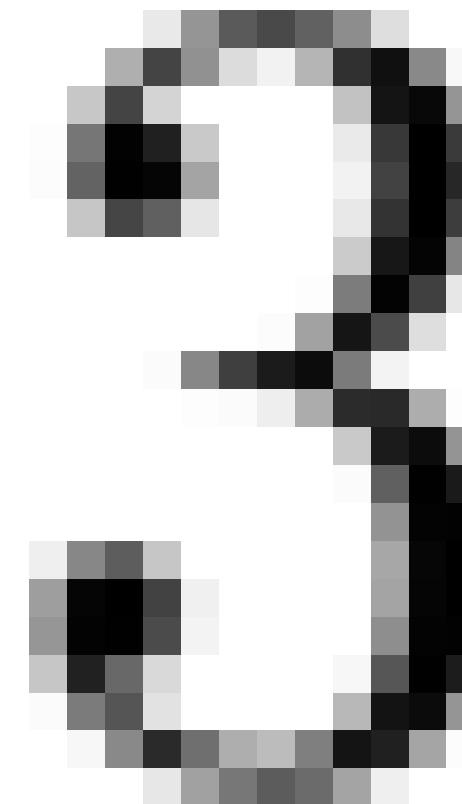


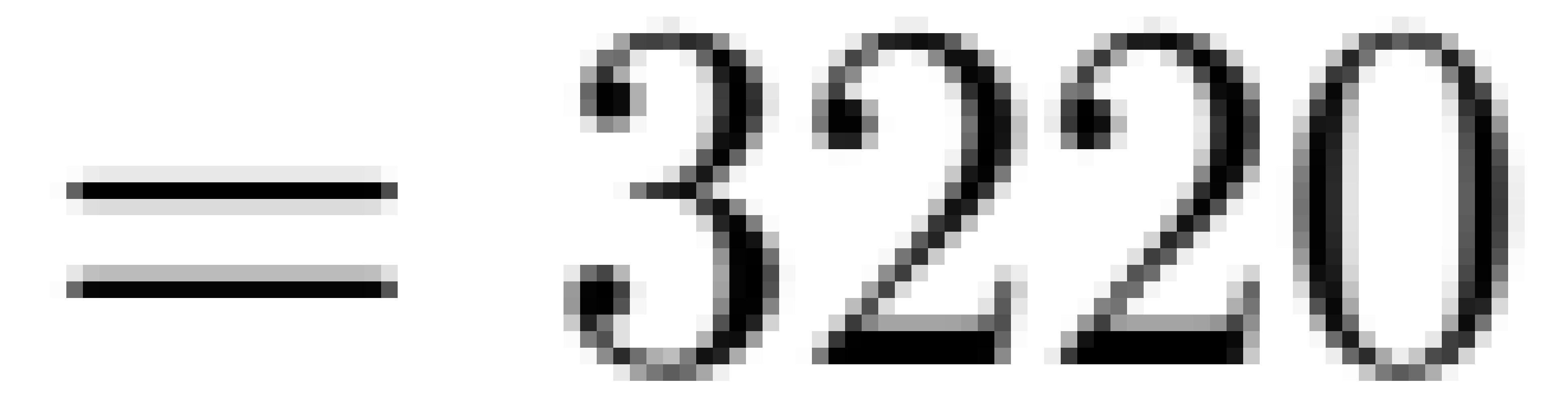




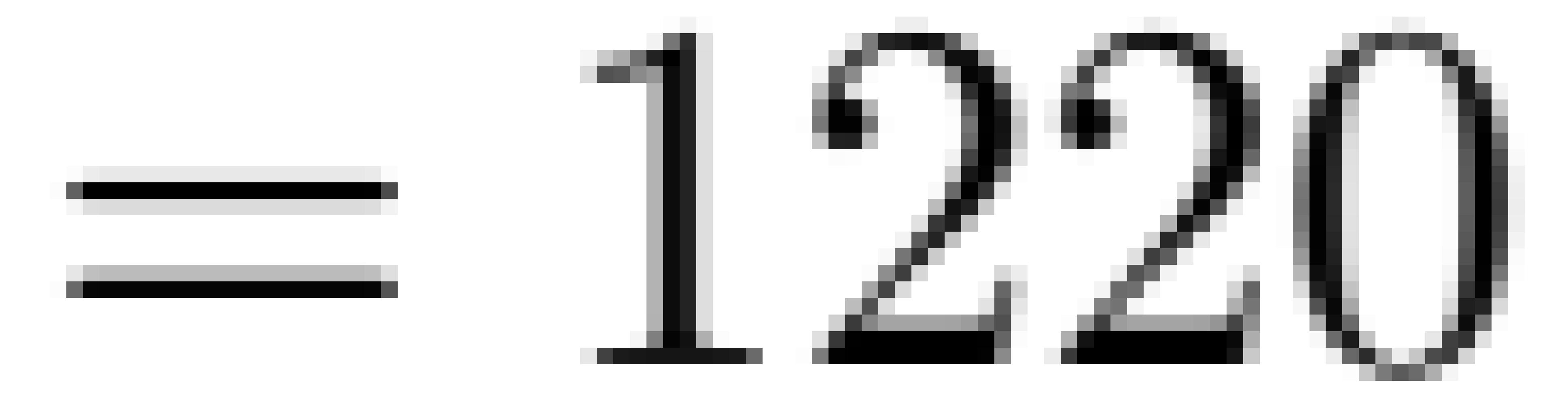














$q =$

$$\frac{1 + \sin 30.96^\circ}{1 - \sin 30.96^\circ}$$

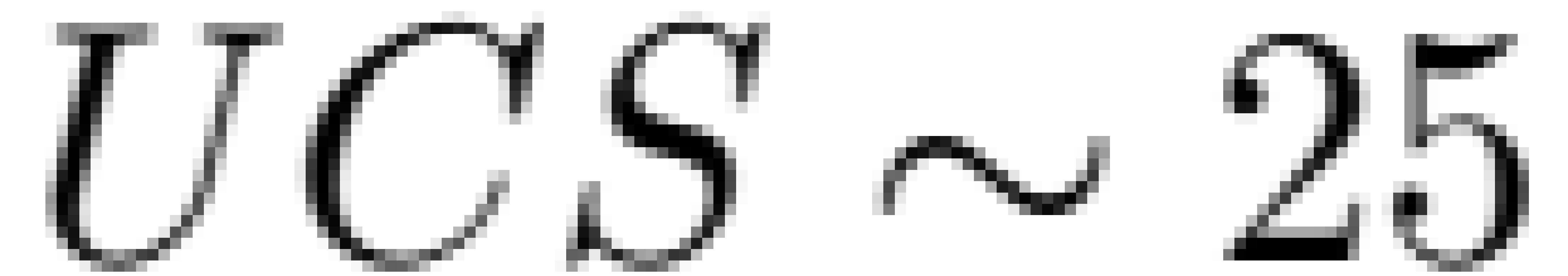
$=$

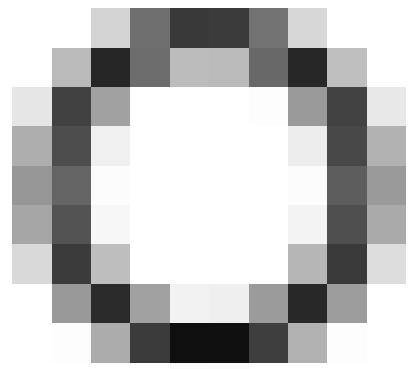
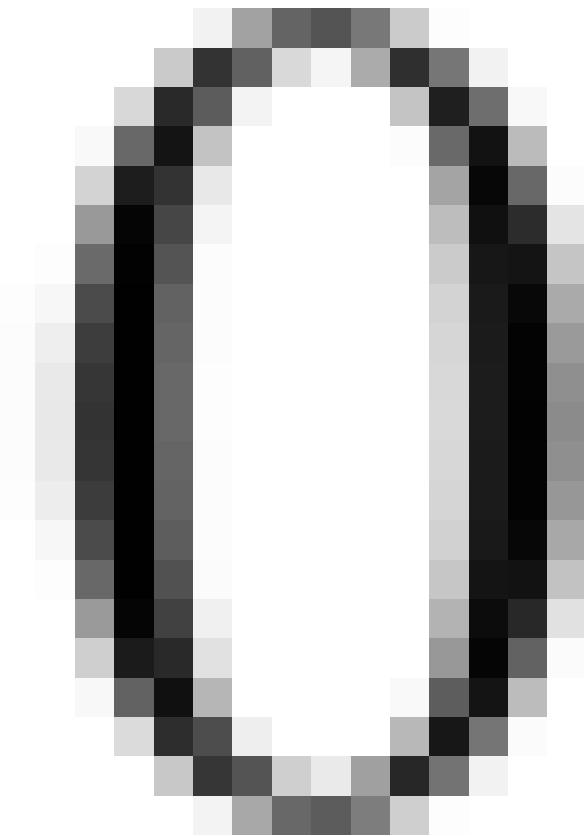
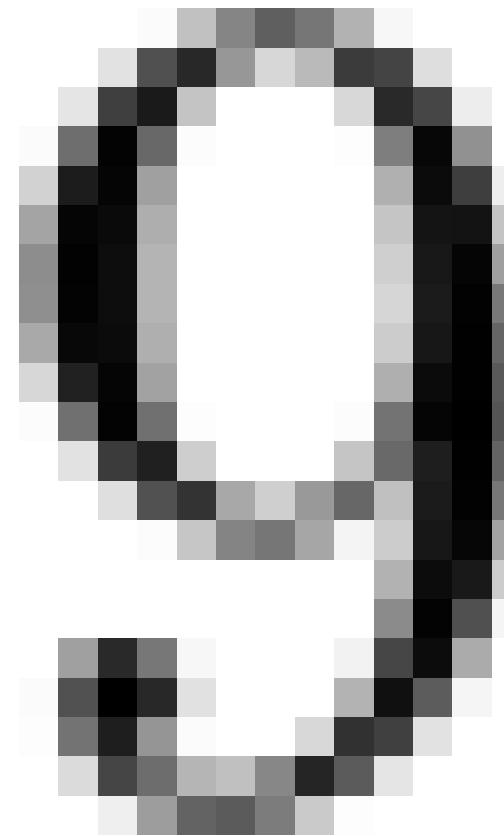
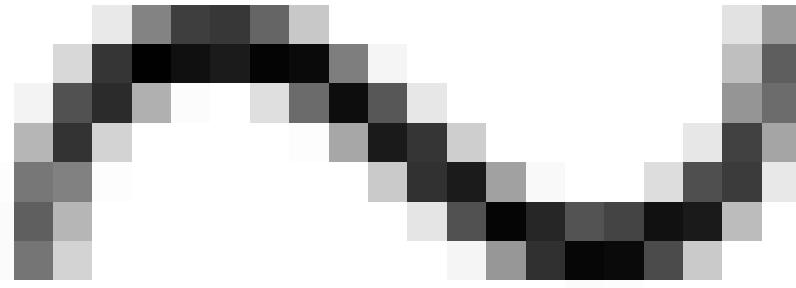
3.12

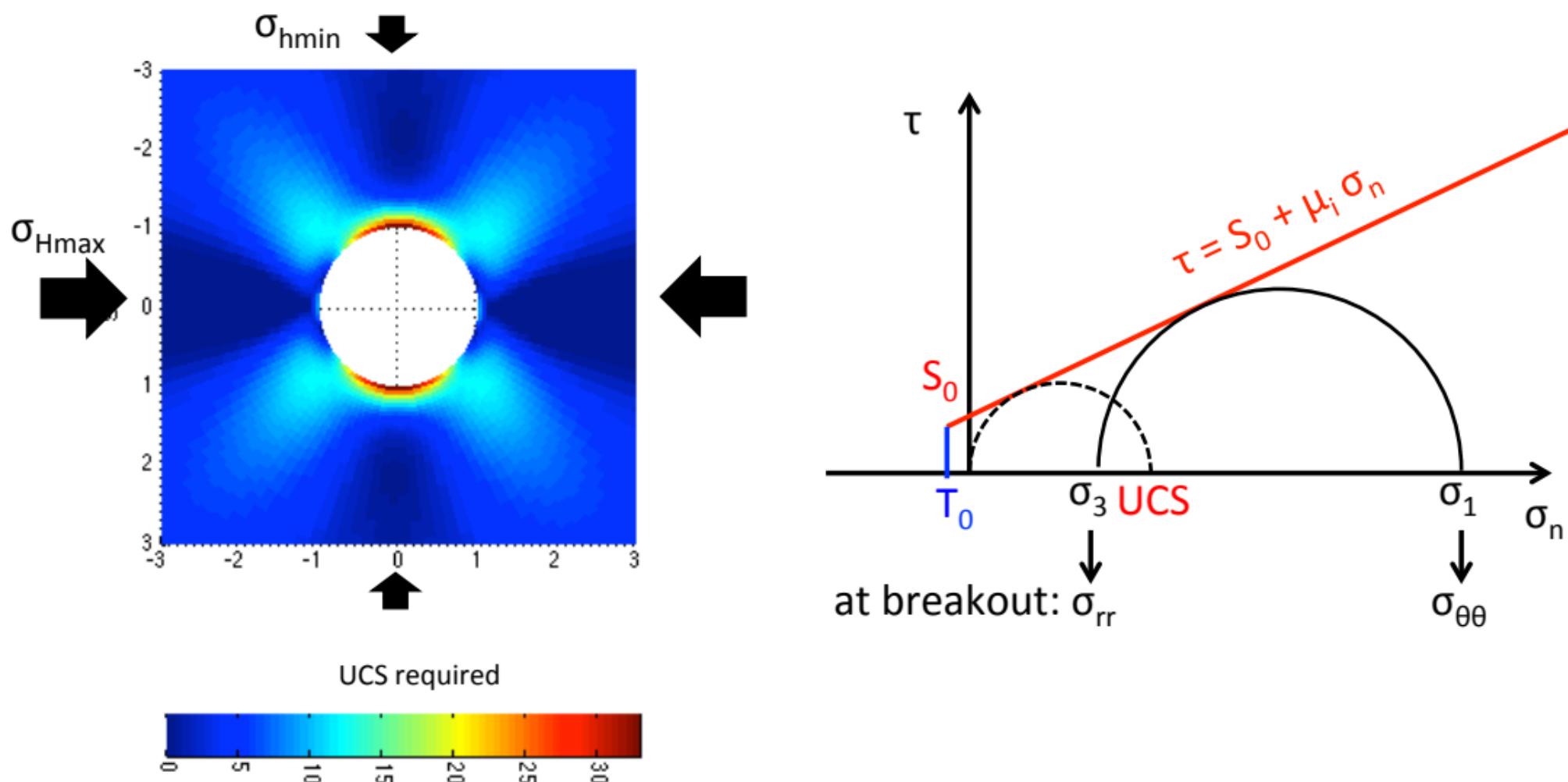


$$\frac{3 \times 3220 \text{ psi} - 1220 \text{ psi} - 3500 \text{ psi}}{1 + 3.12} = 4279 \text{ psi}$$

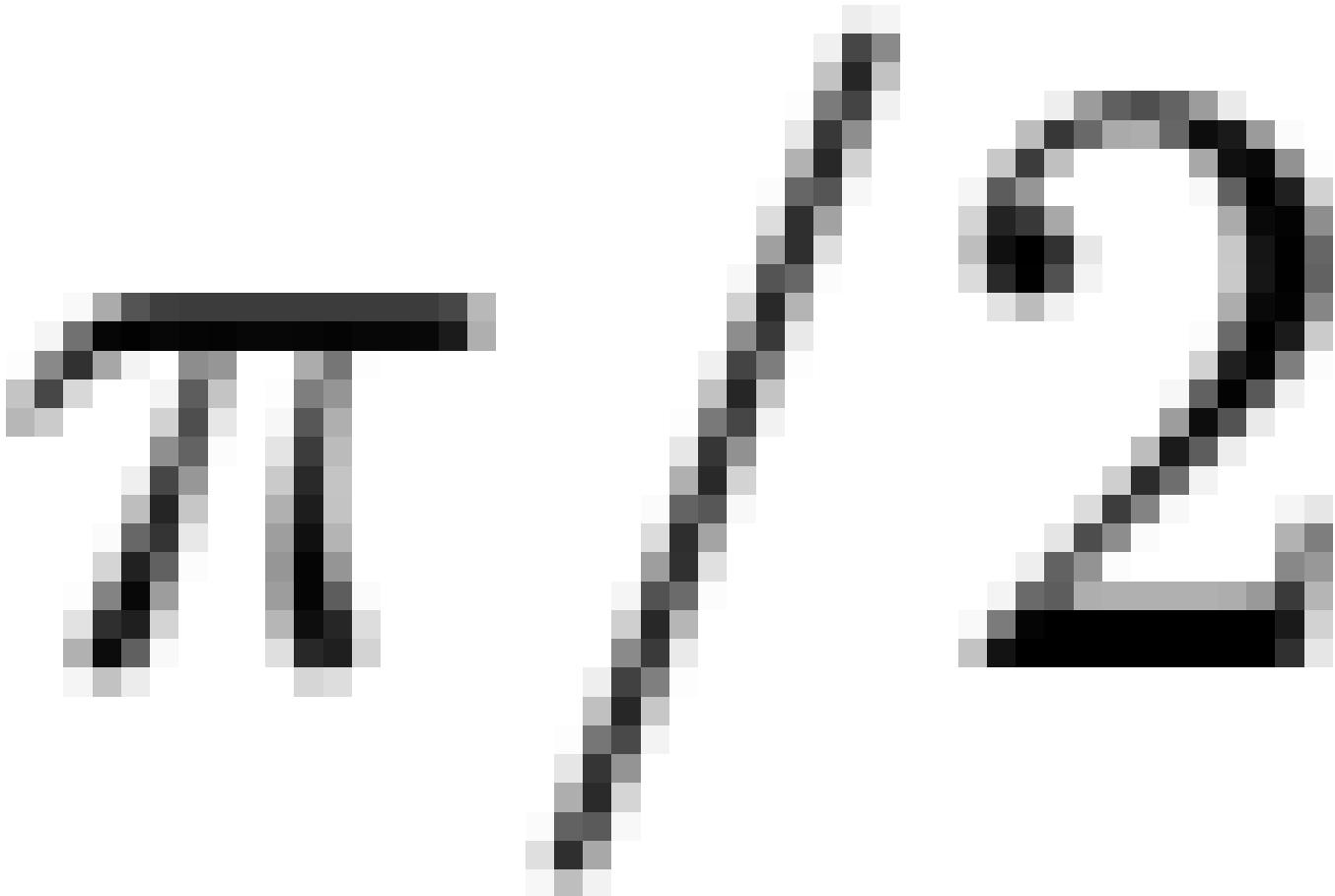
$$\frac{4270 \text{ psi}}{7000 \text{ ft}} \times 8.3 \text{ PPG} = 11.57 \text{ PPG}$$
$$= 0.44 \text{ psi/ft}$$

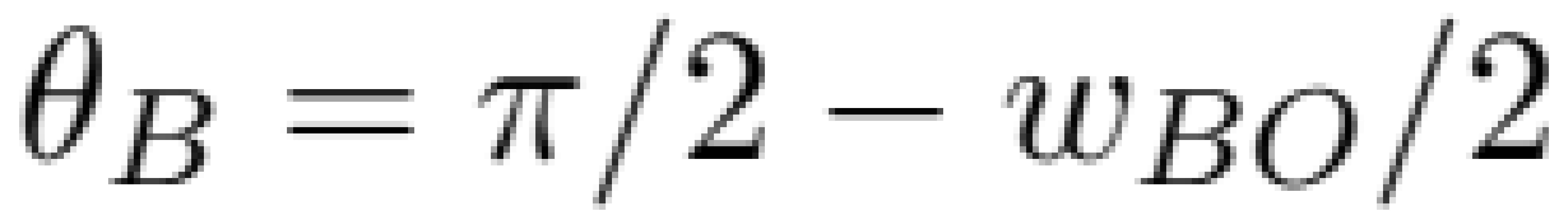




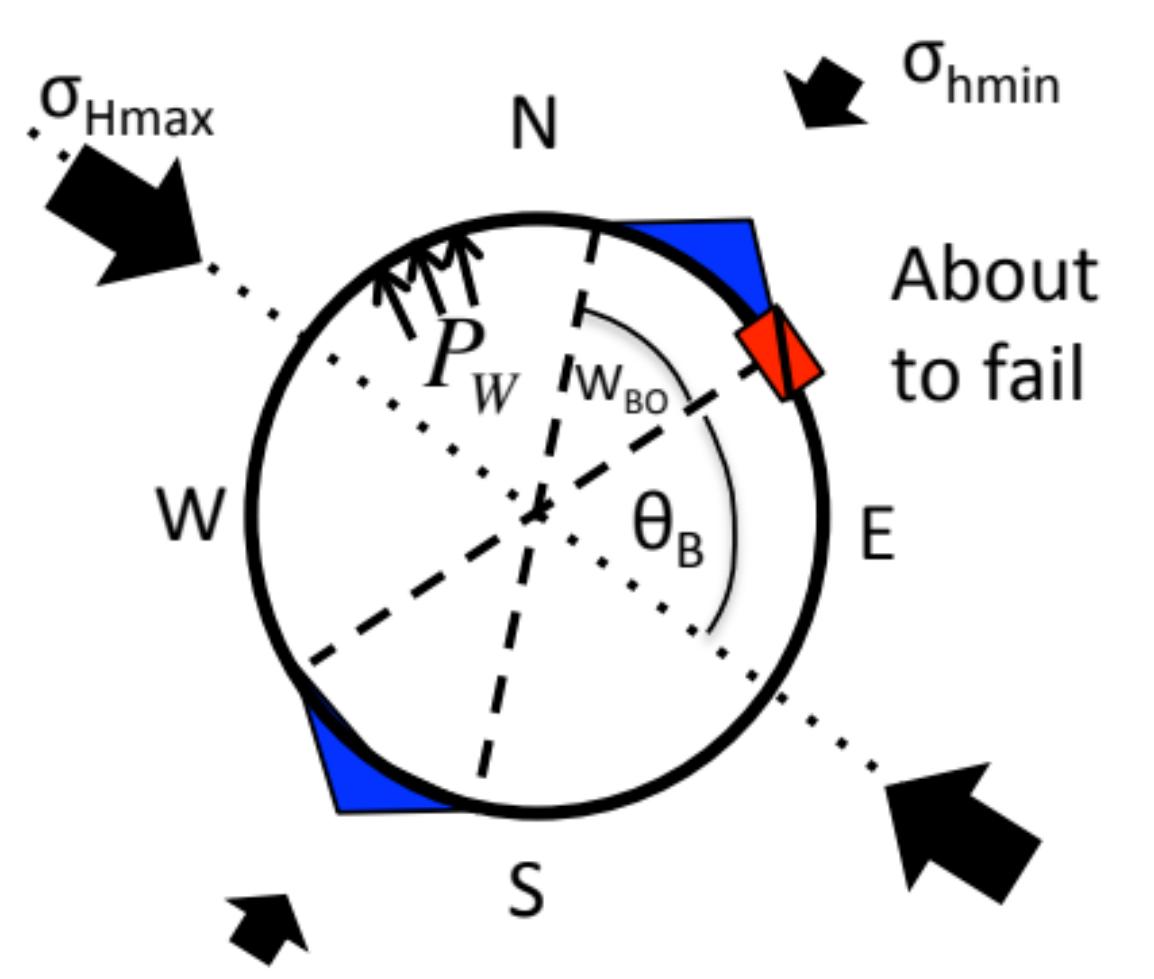








$$\begin{cases} \sigma_{\theta\theta} = -(P_W - P_p) + (\sigma_{Hmax} + \sigma_{hmin}) \cos(2\theta_B) \\ \sigma_{rr} = +(P_W - P_p) \end{cases}$$

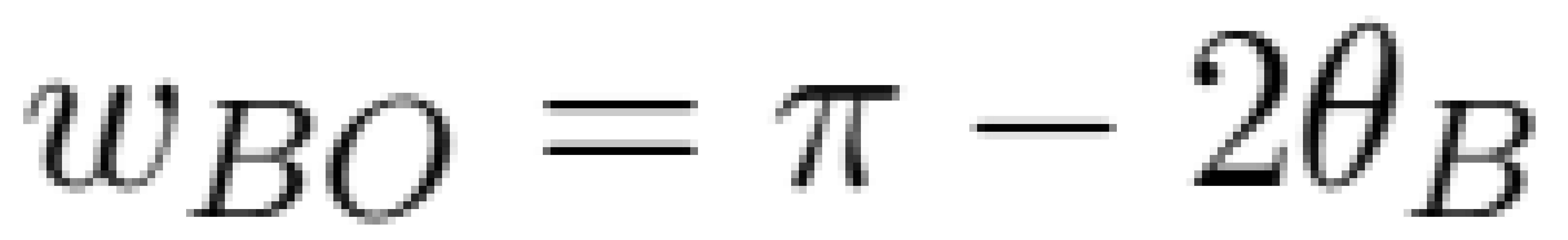


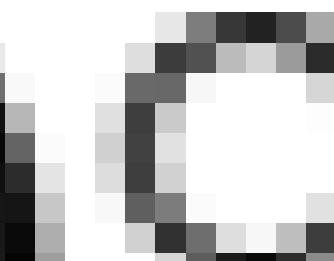
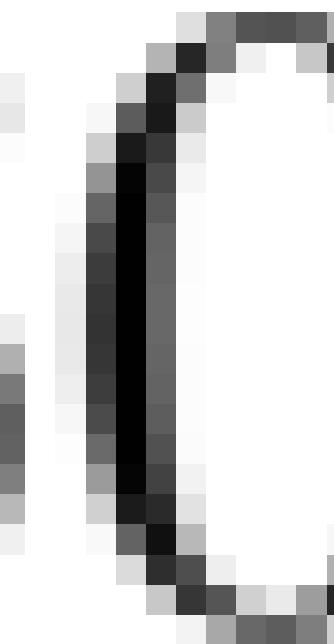
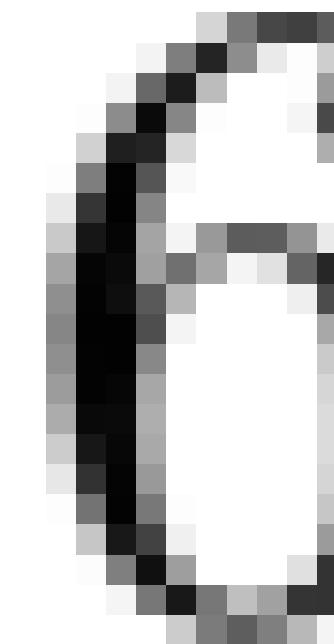
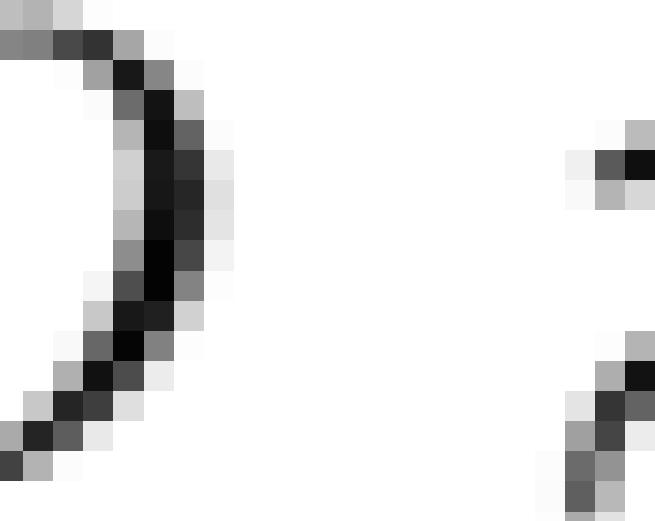
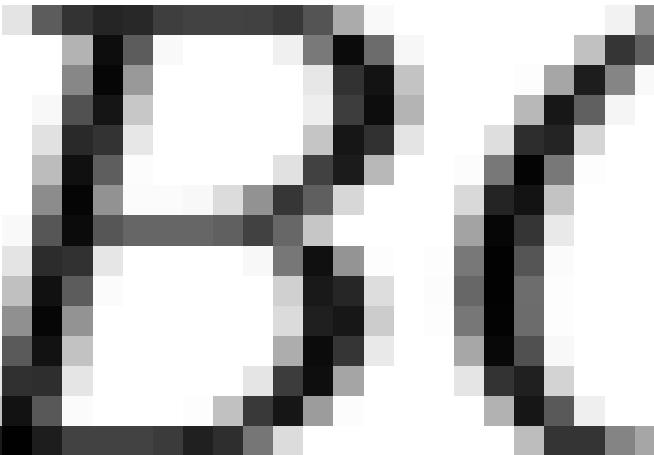
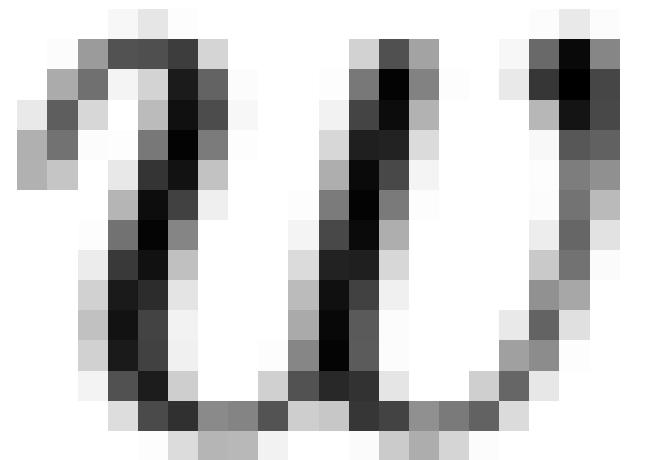
About
to fail



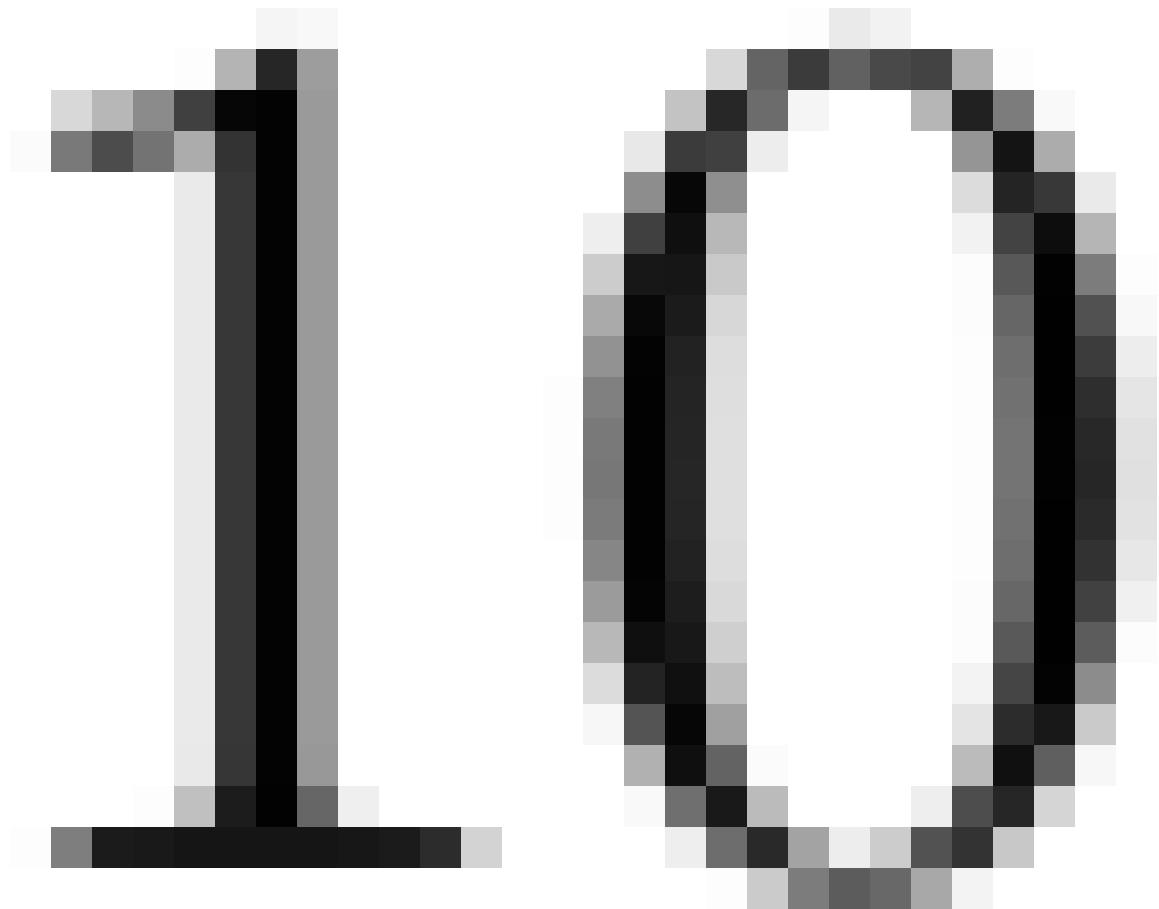
$$[- (B_{\text{H}})^2 R_p) \sin^2(\sigma_H \max - \sigma_{\text{Hmin}}) \cos(2\theta_B)] = U_{\text{CS}} + \sigma_{\text{Hmin}}^2 \cos(2\theta_B) R_p)$$

$$2\theta_B = \arccos \left[\frac{\sigma_{Hmax} + \sigma_{hmin} - (1+q)(P_W - P_p)}{2(\sigma_{Hmax} - \sigma_{hmin})} \right]$$





$$P_{WBO} = P_p + \frac{(\sigma_{Hmax} - \sigma_{hmin}) \cos(\pi - \omega_{BO}) - UGS}{1 + q}$$

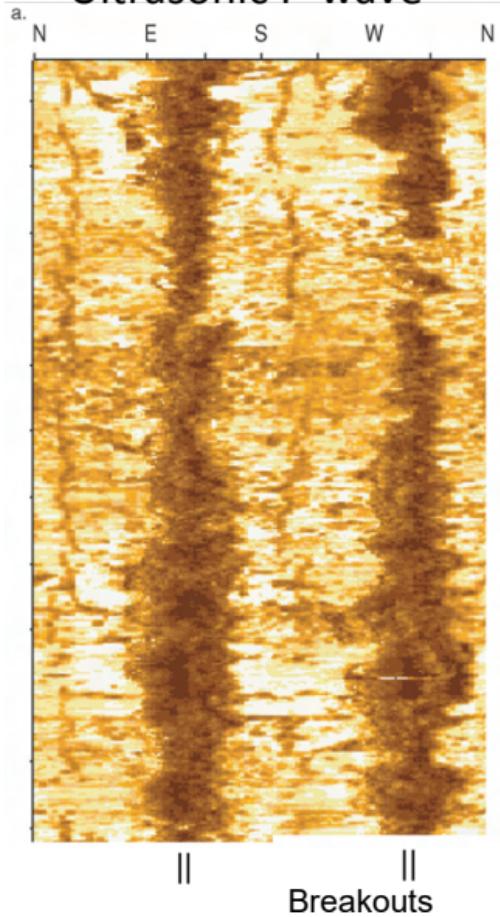


$$\times 0.44 \text{ psi/ft} \\ \times \underline{\underline{8.3 \text{ ppg}}} \\ = 3710 \text{ psi}$$

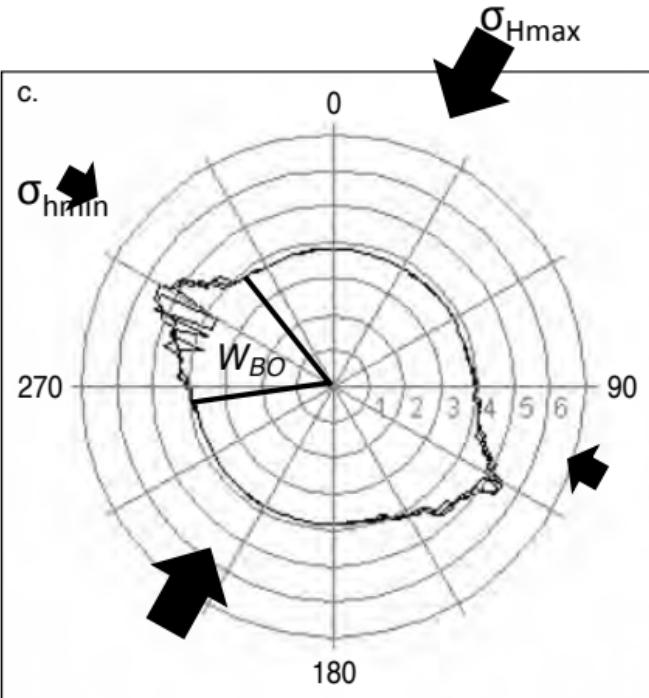
$$\times 7000 \text{ ft} =$$

$$w_{BO}^o = 180^\circ - \arccos \frac{[3220 \text{ psi} + 1220 \text{ psi} - 3500 \text{ psi}] \cdot (1 + 3.12)(3710 \text{ psi} - 3080 \text{ psi})}{2(3220 \text{ psi} - 1220 \text{ psi})} = 66^\circ$$

Ultrasonic P-wave

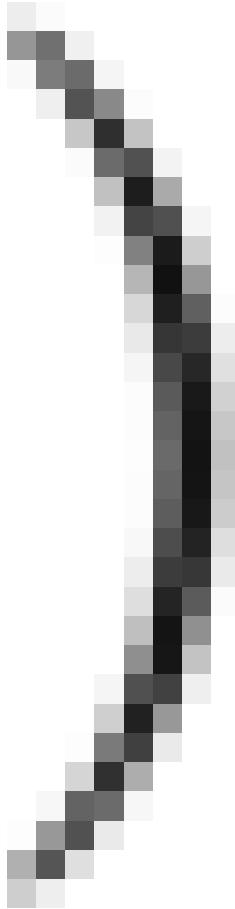
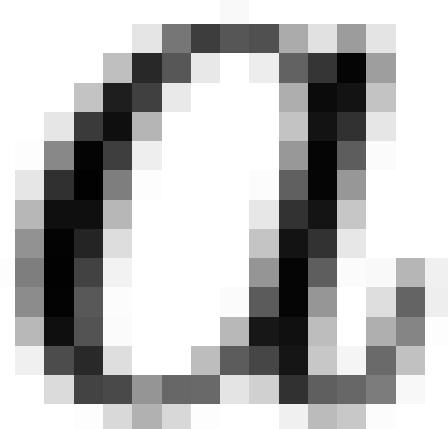
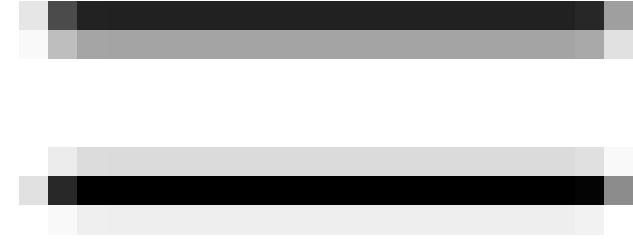
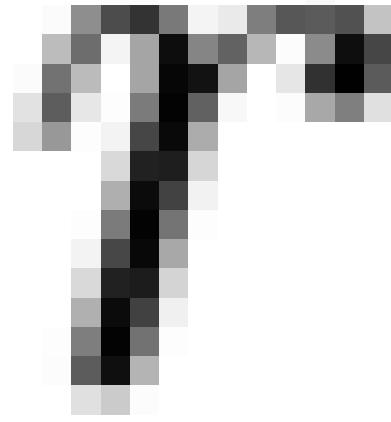
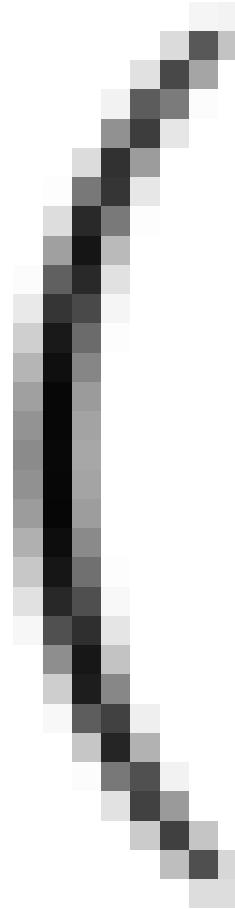


Electrical resistivity

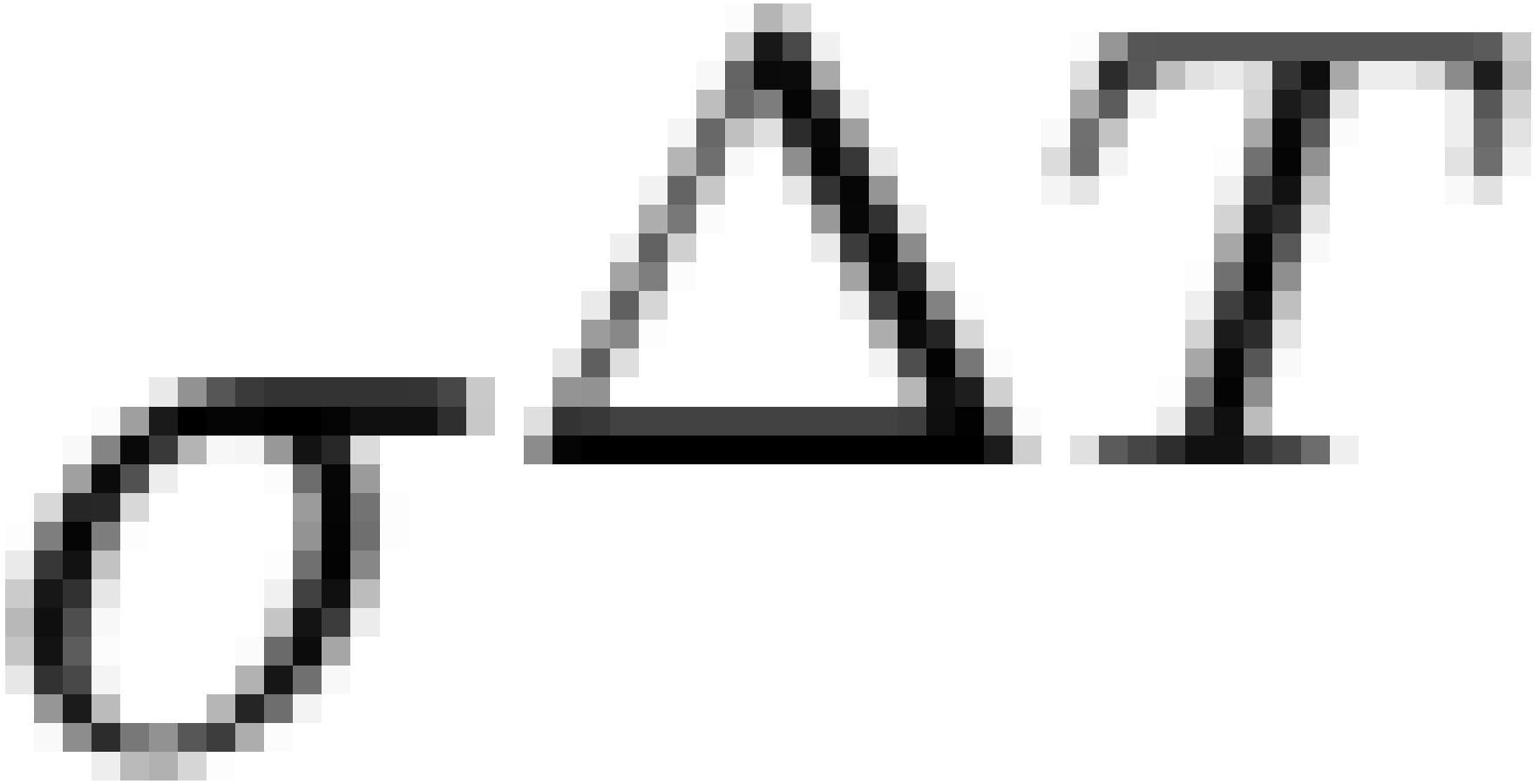


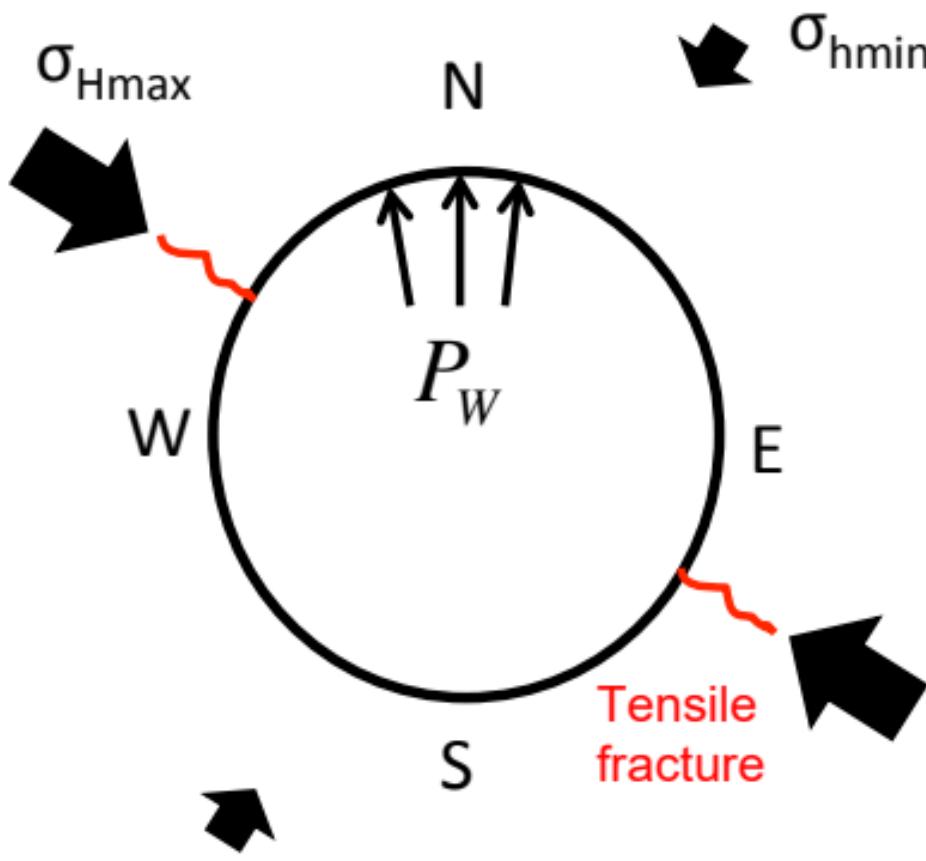
[Zoback 2013 - Figure 6.4]

$$S_{H\max} = \frac{P_p}{P_p + \frac{UCS + (1+q)(P_W - P_p) - \sigma_{hmin}[1 + 2\cos(\pi - w_{BO})]}{1 - 2\cos(\pi - w_{BO})}}$$



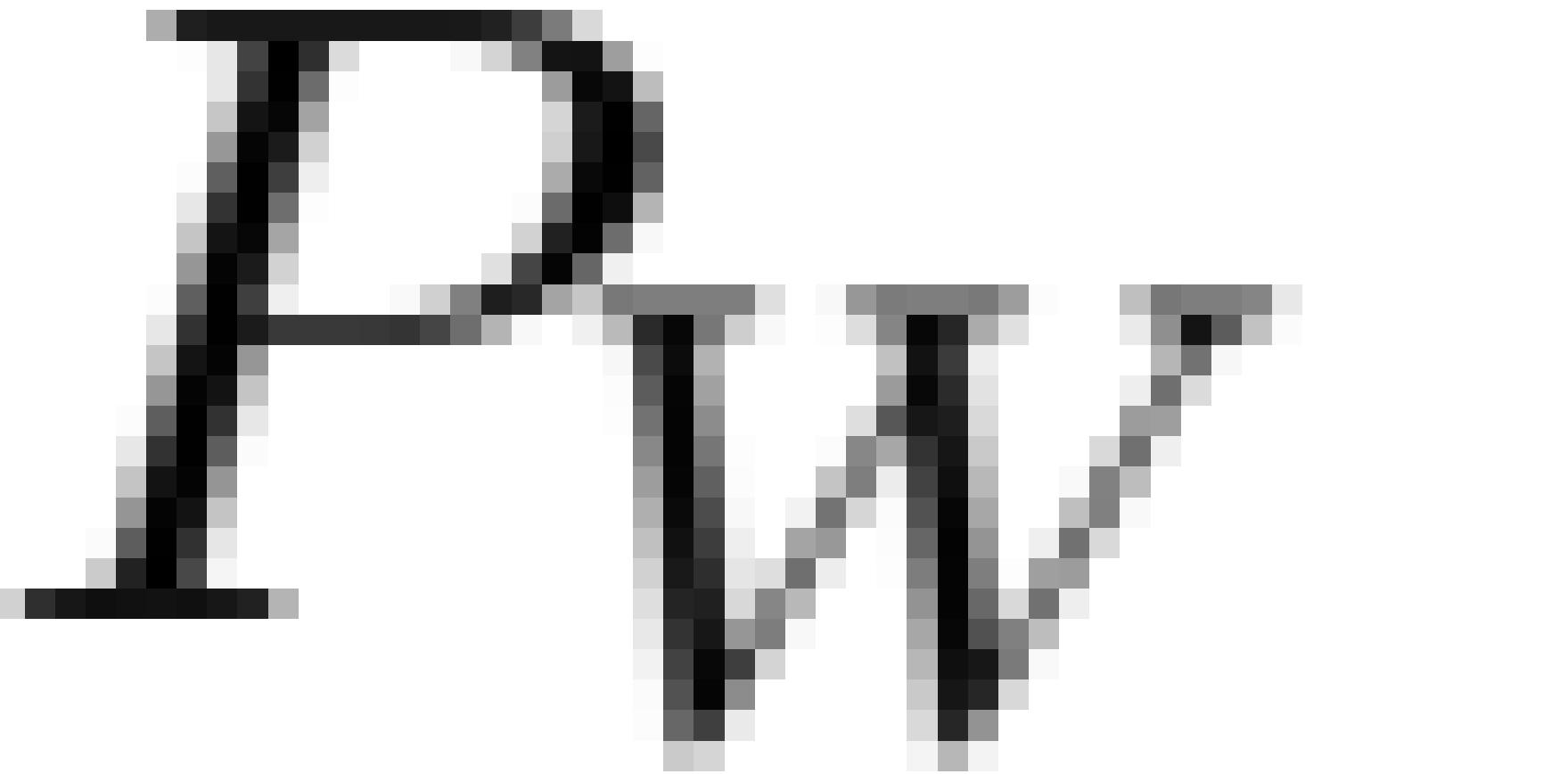
$$\sigma_{\theta\theta} = - \left(P_V - P_P \right) + \sigma_{Hmax} + 3\sigma_{beam}$$





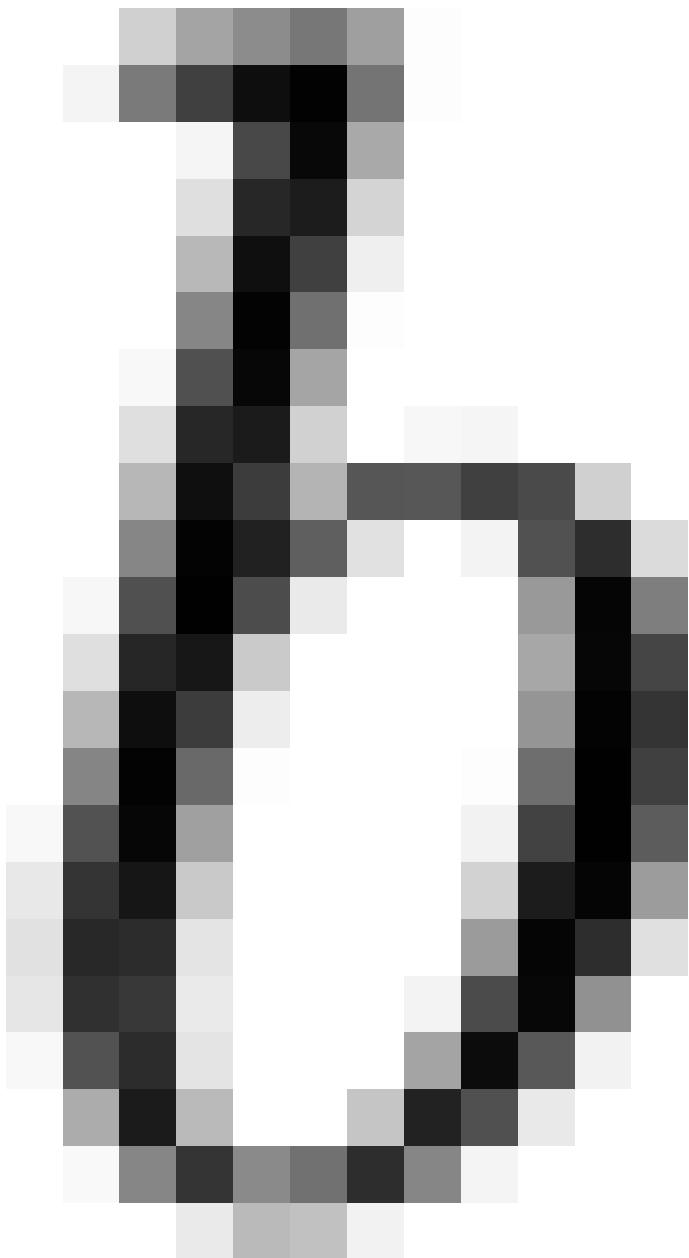
$$P_b = P_p + \underbrace{3\sigma_{h\min}}_{\text{Pore pressure in the formation}} - \underbrace{\sigma_{H\max}}_{\text{Stress anisotropy}} + T_s + \sigma^{\Delta T}$$

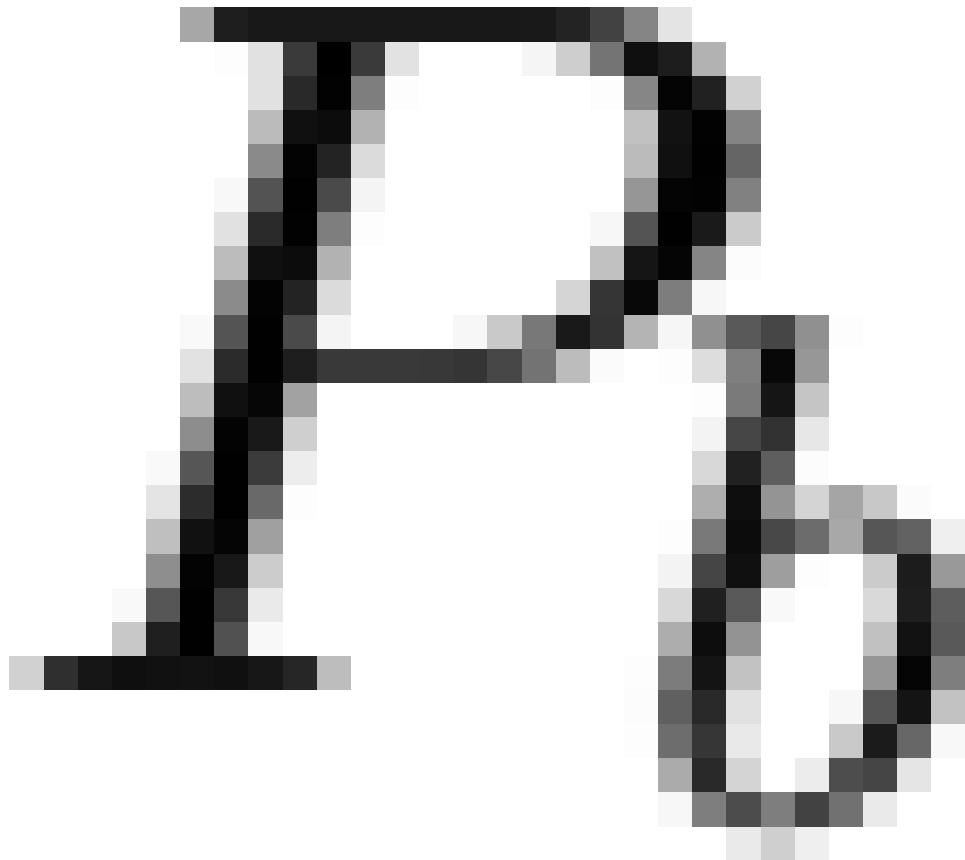
Pore pressure in the formation Stress anisotropy Tensile strength Cooling stress

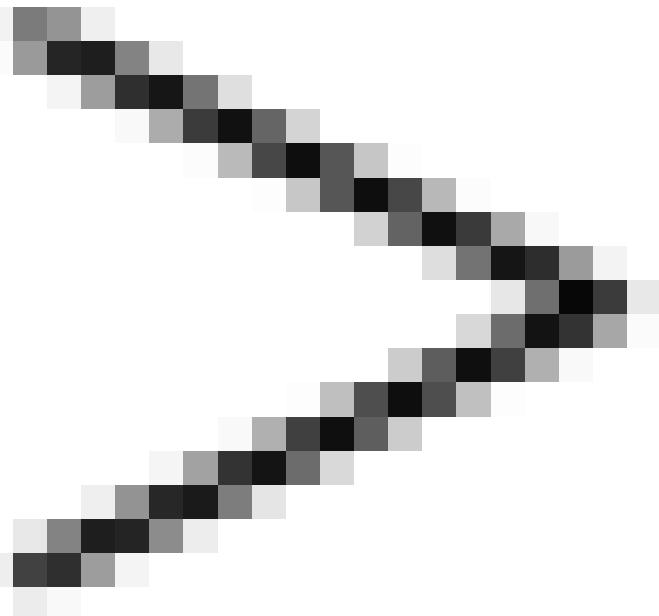
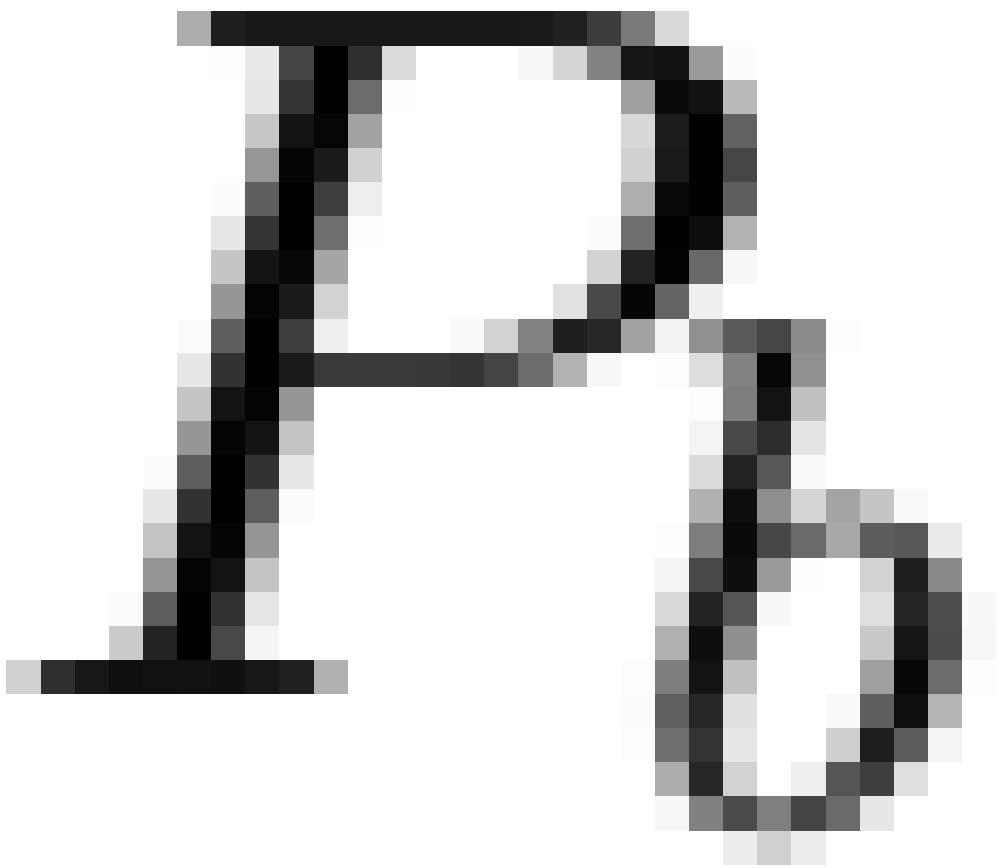


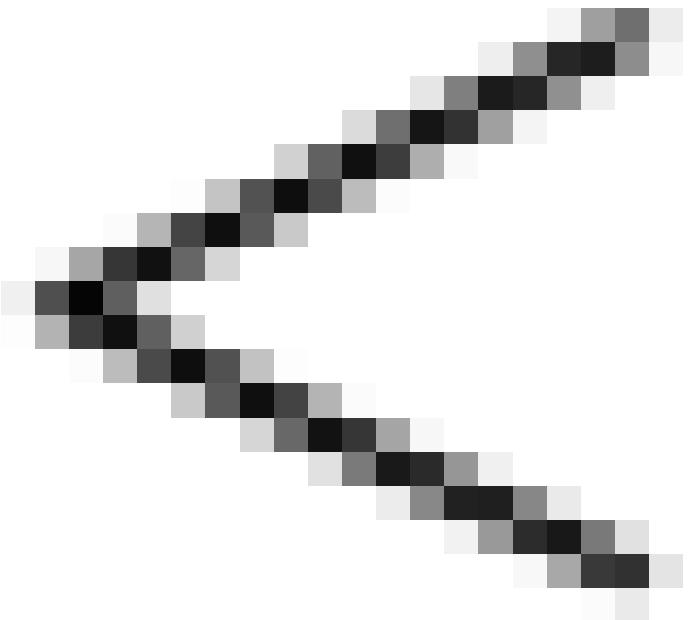
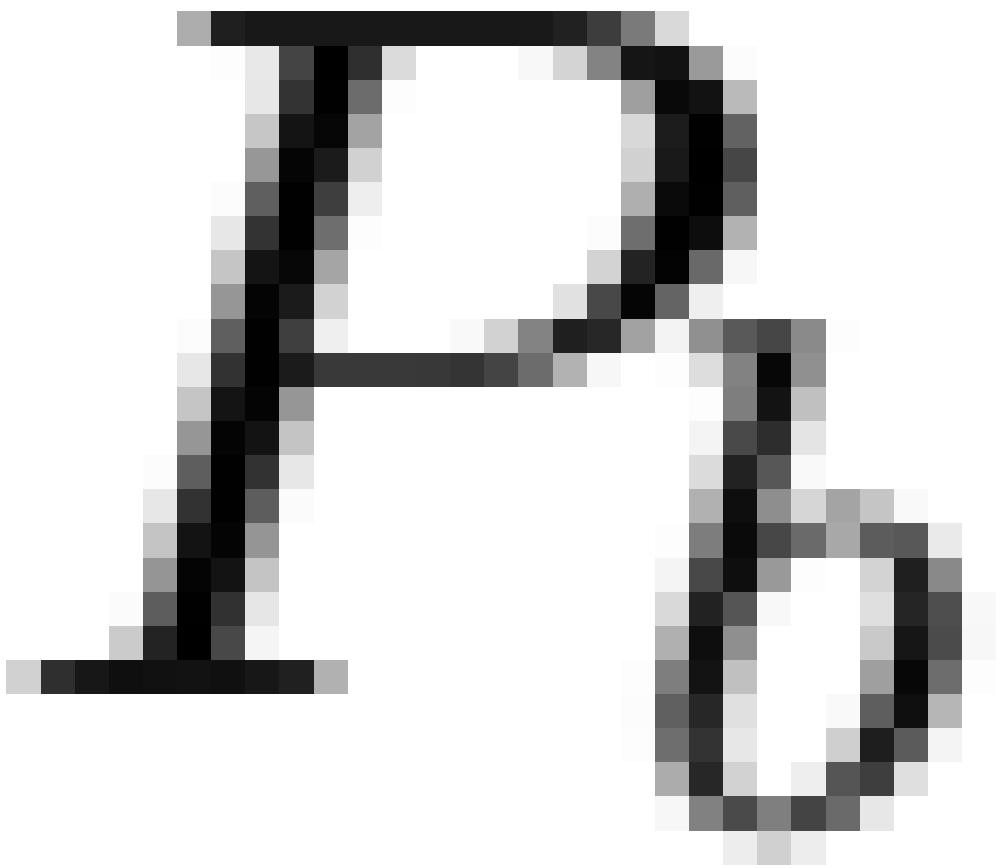
$\sigma_{\text{Harmac}} = \sigma_{\text{B-P}} + 30$

Барнаул
—
Сибирь
+
30 барн

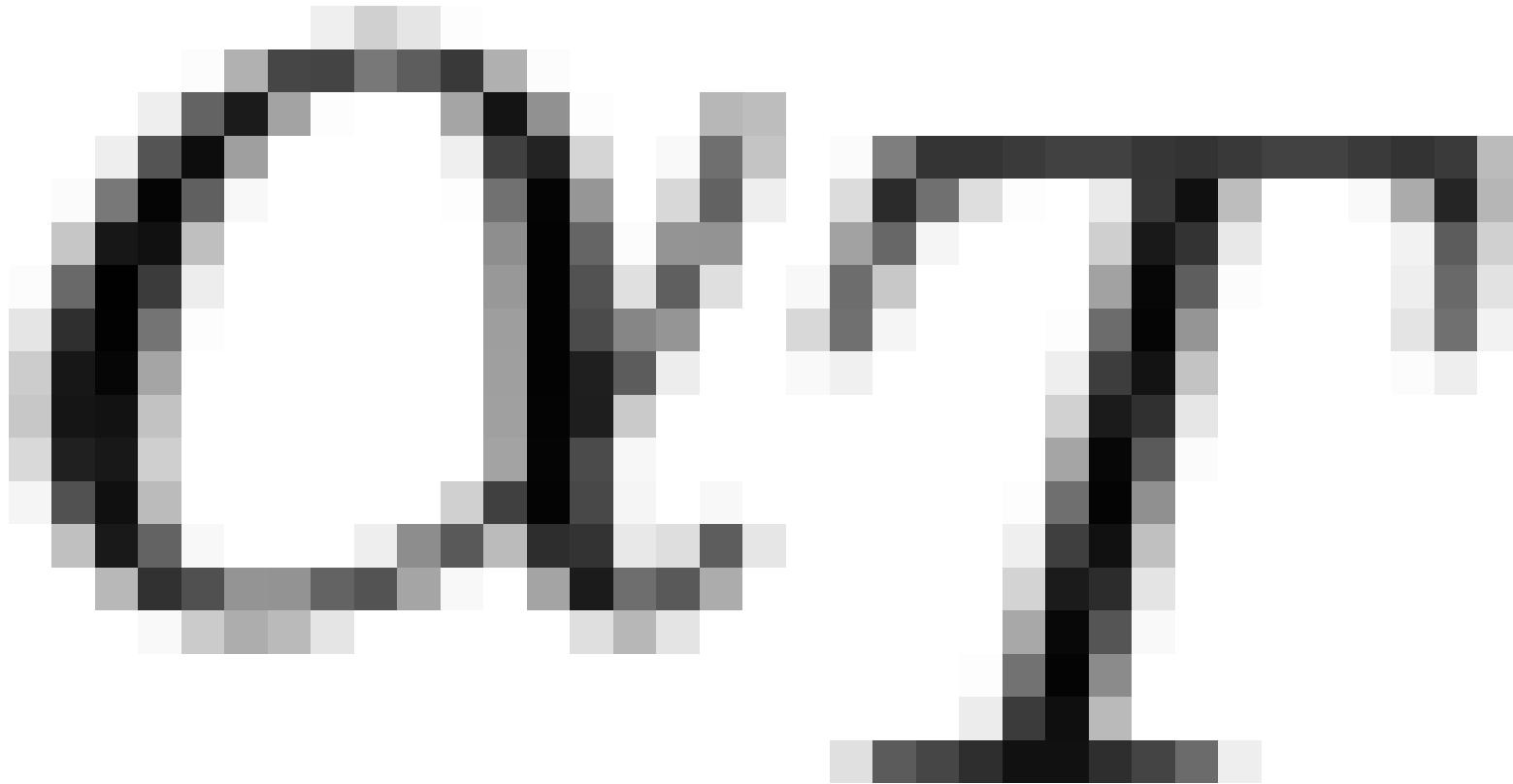


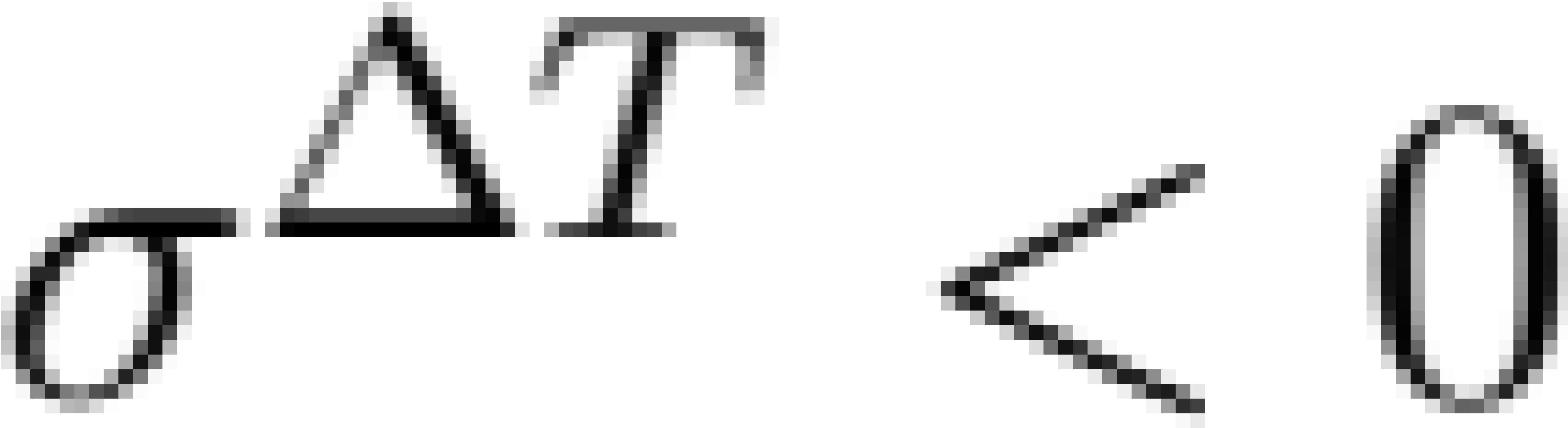


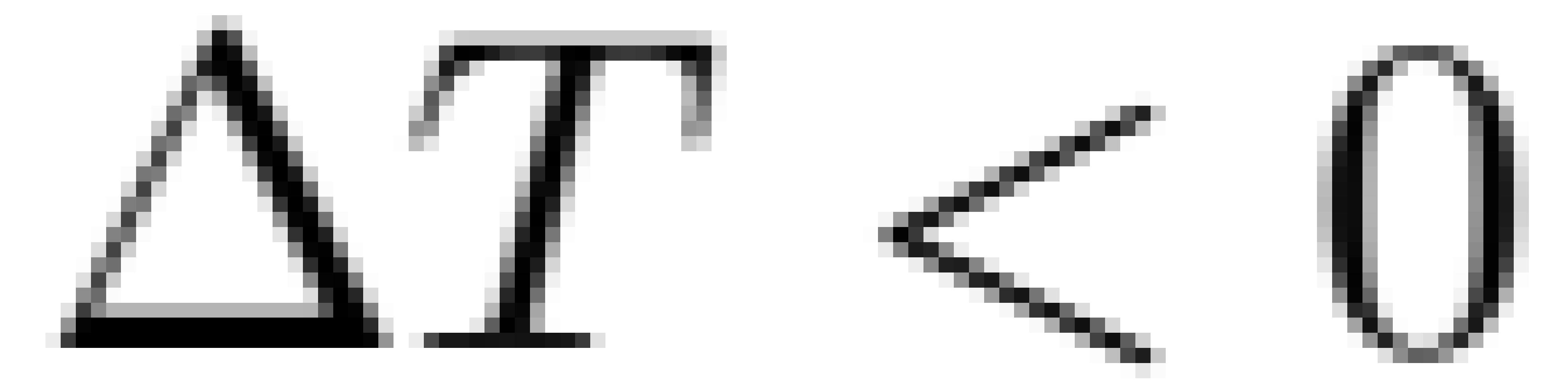


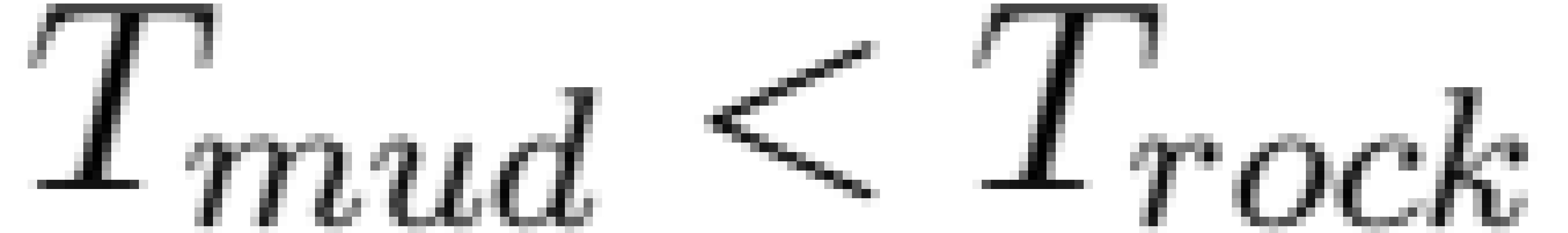


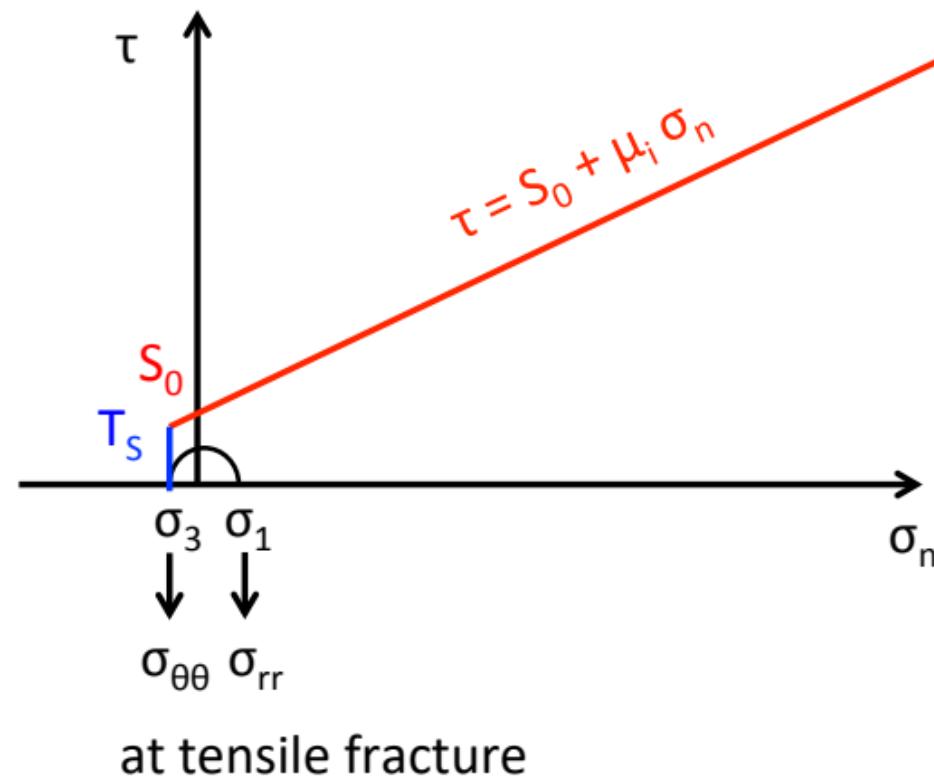
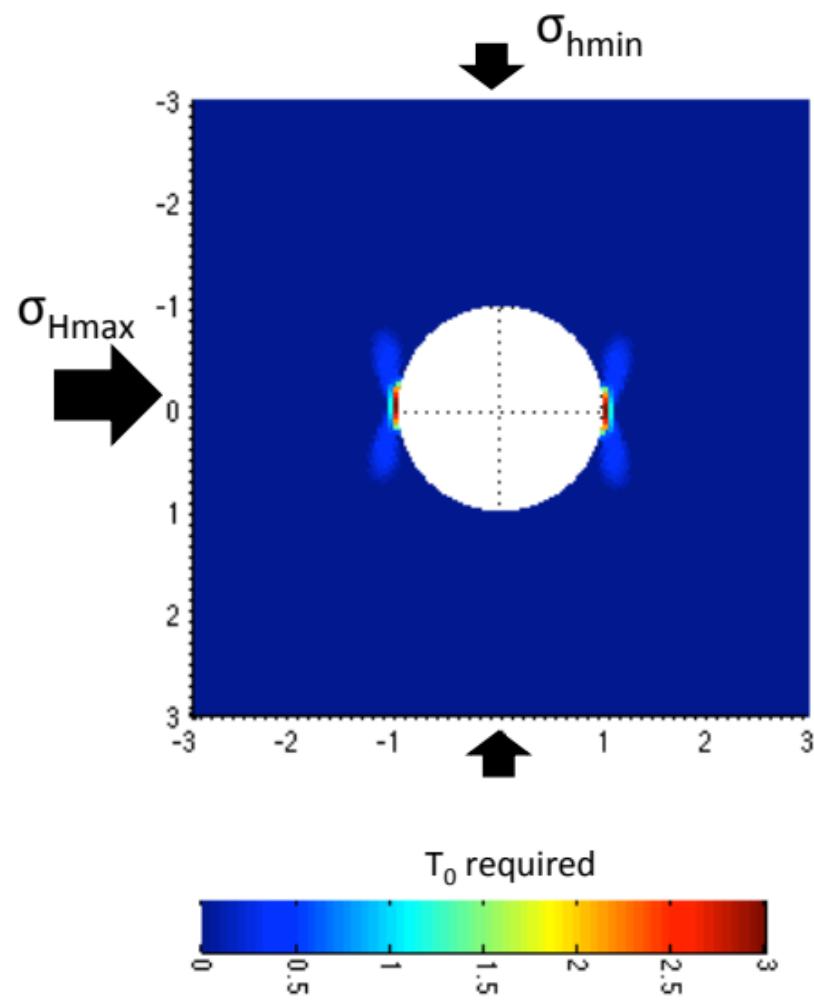


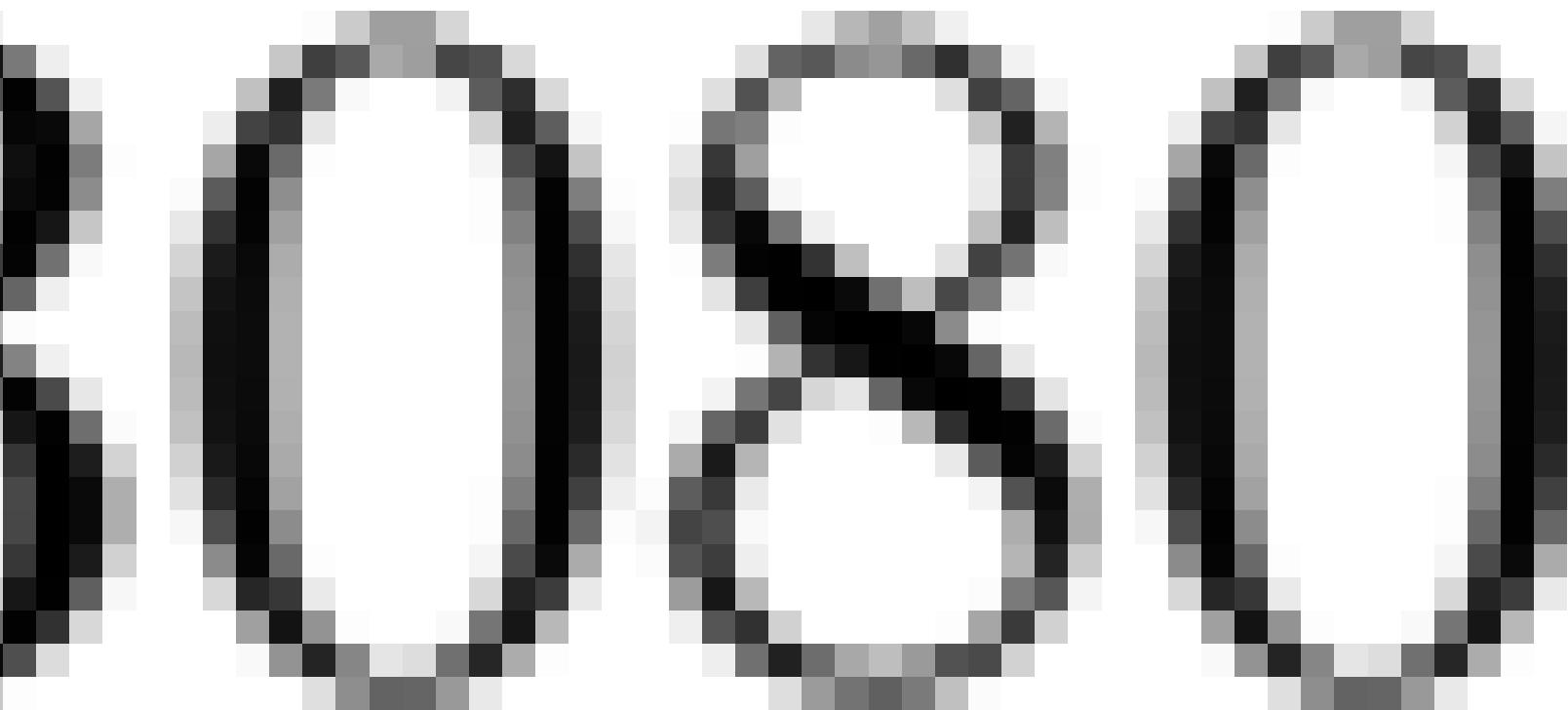
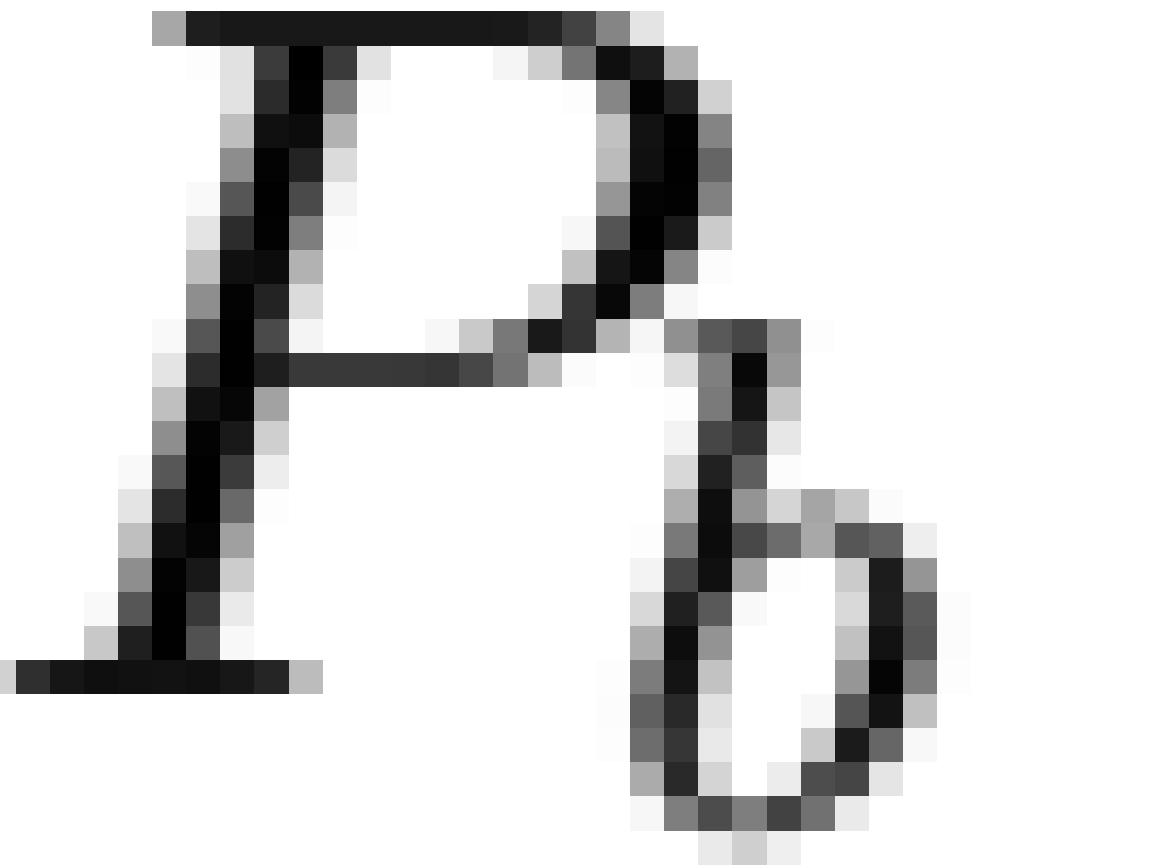


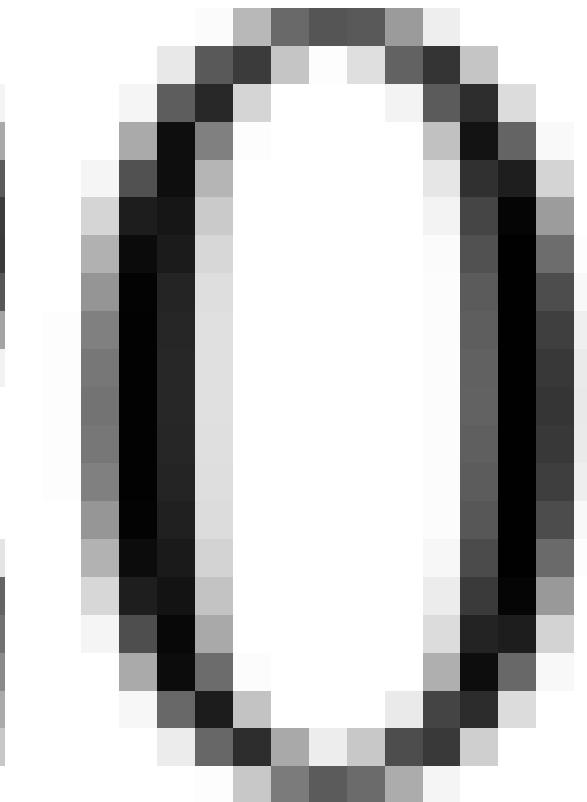
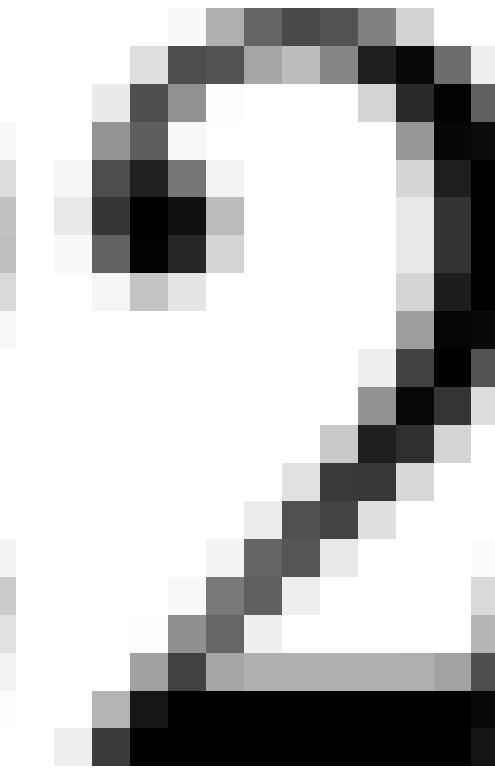
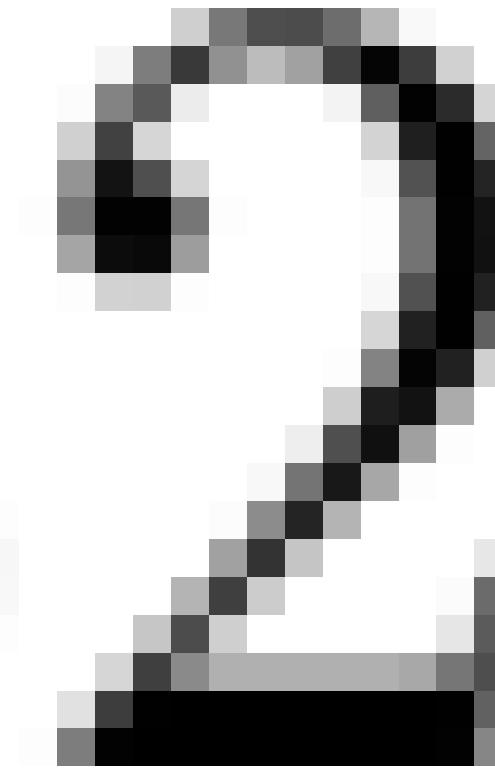
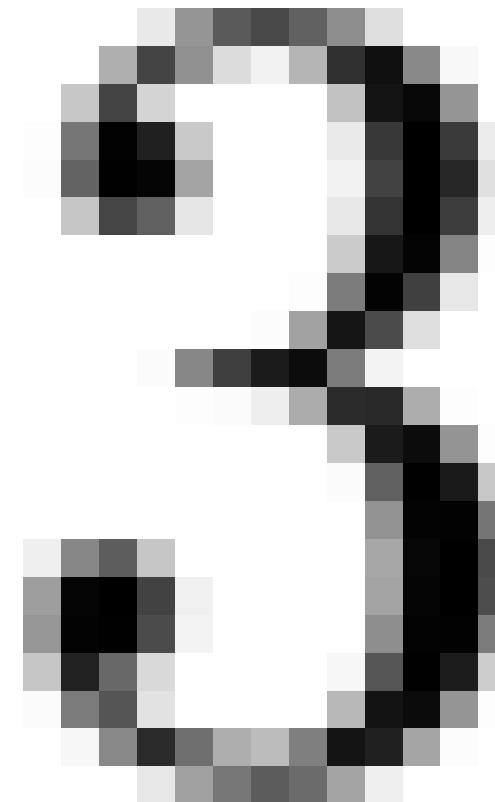


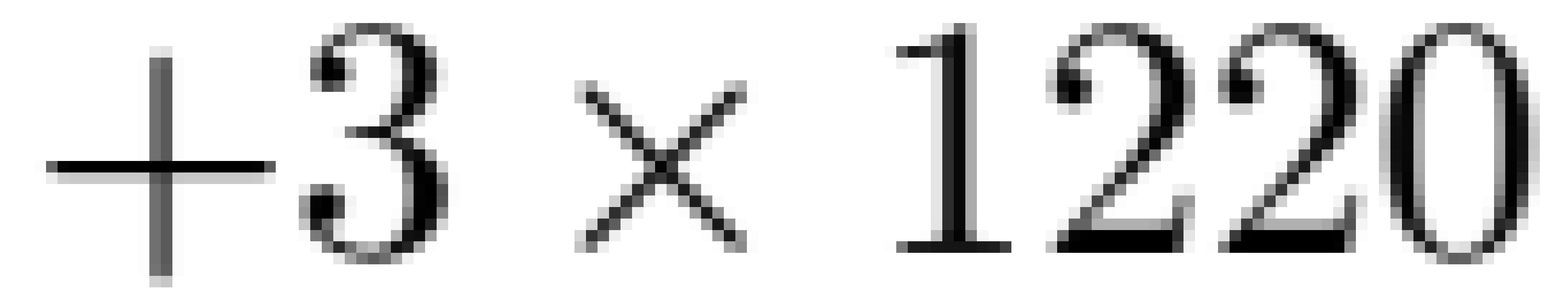


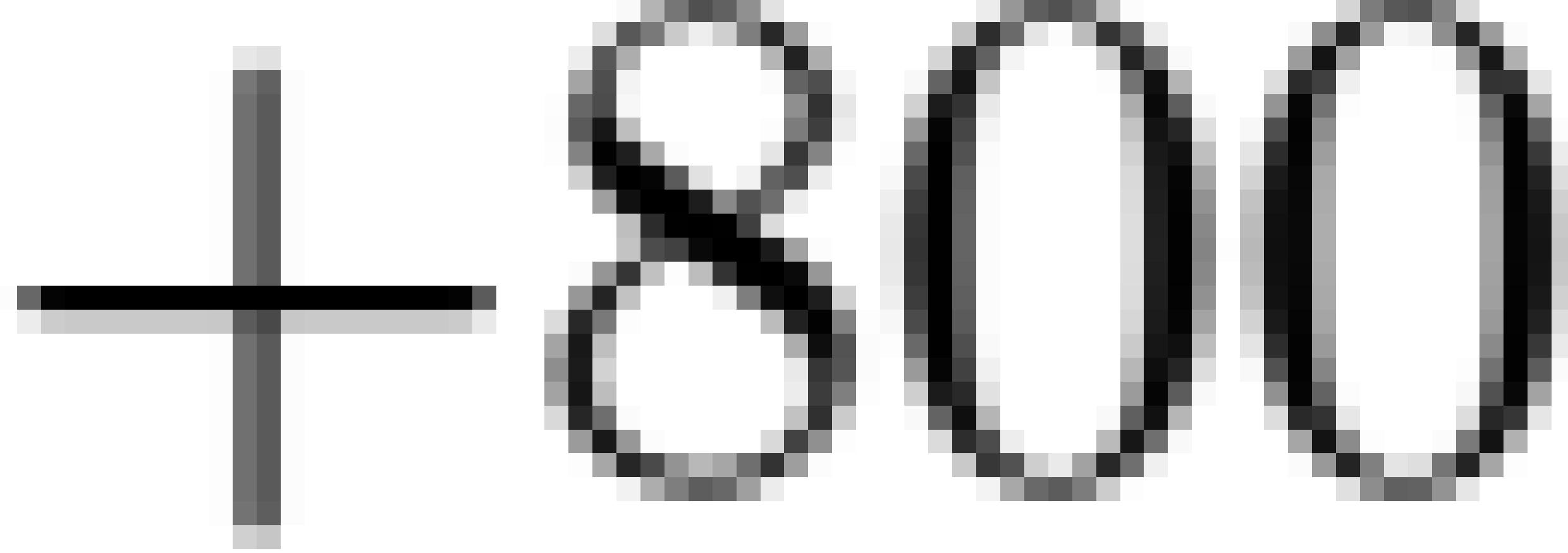


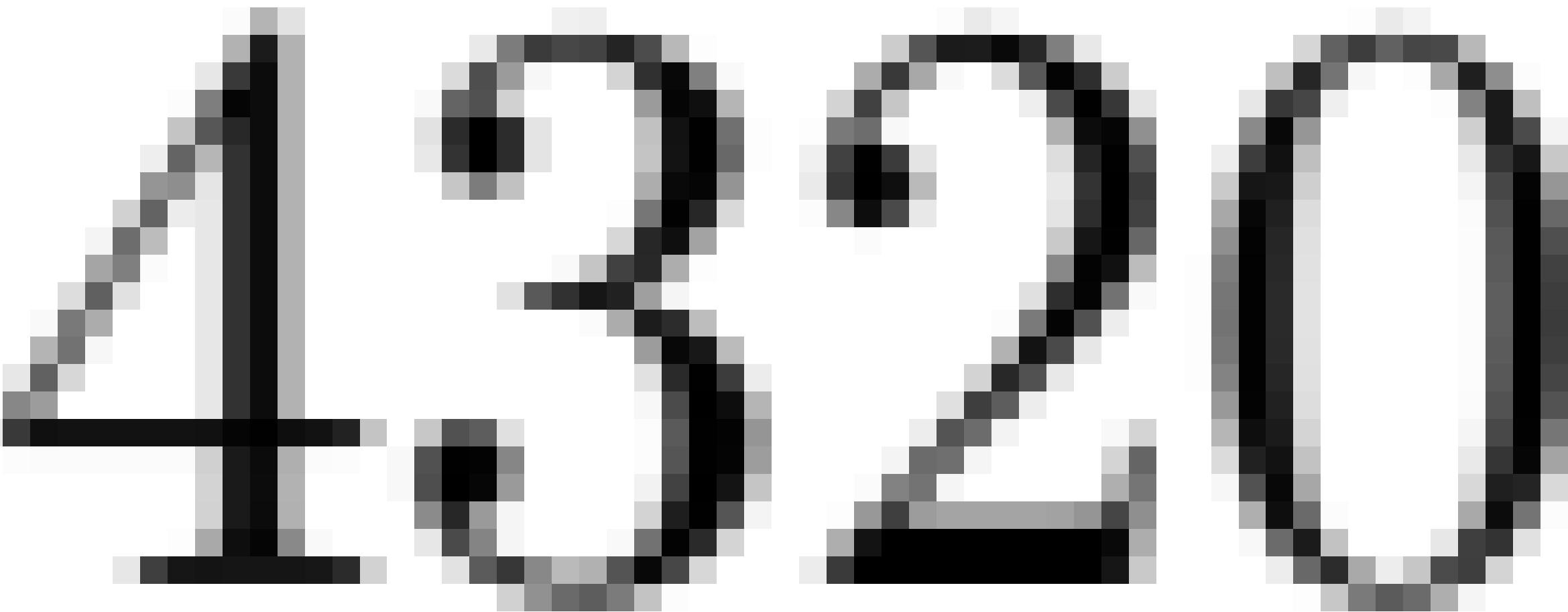






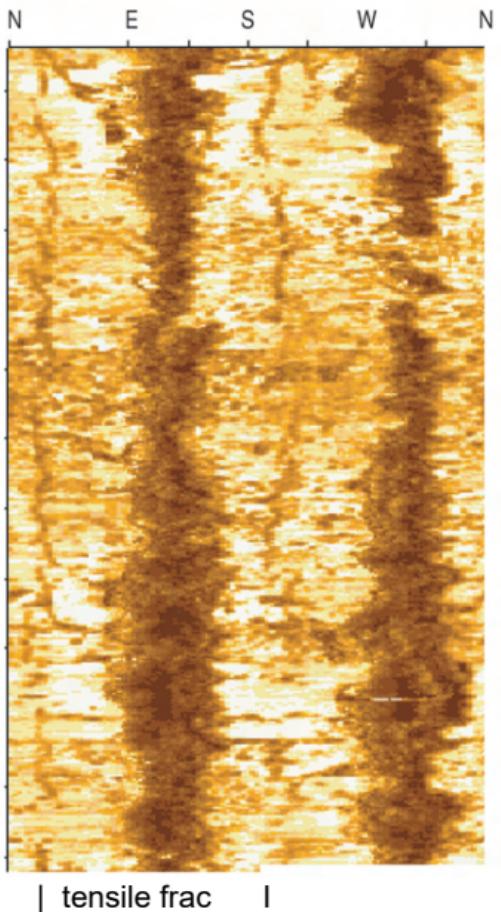






$$\frac{4320 \text{ psi}}{7000 \text{ ft}} \times \frac{8.33 \text{ ppg}}{0.44 \text{ psi/ft}} = 11.68 \text{ ppg}$$

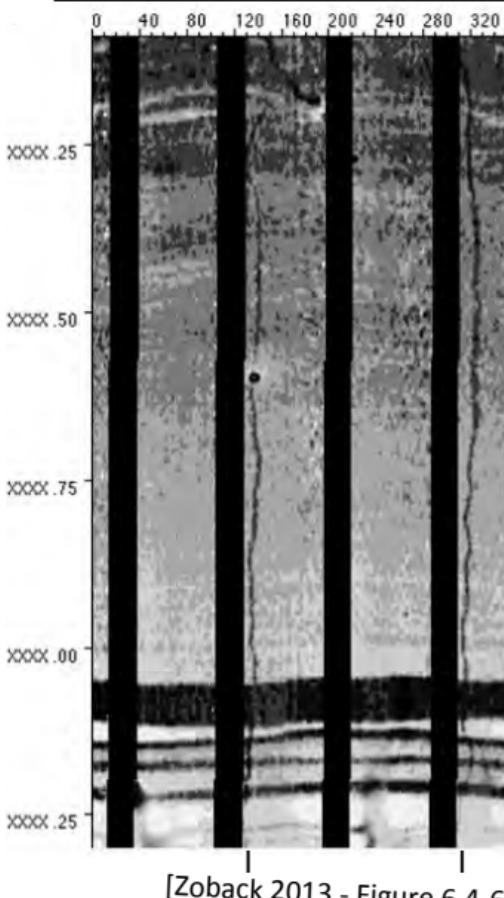
Ultrasonic P-wave



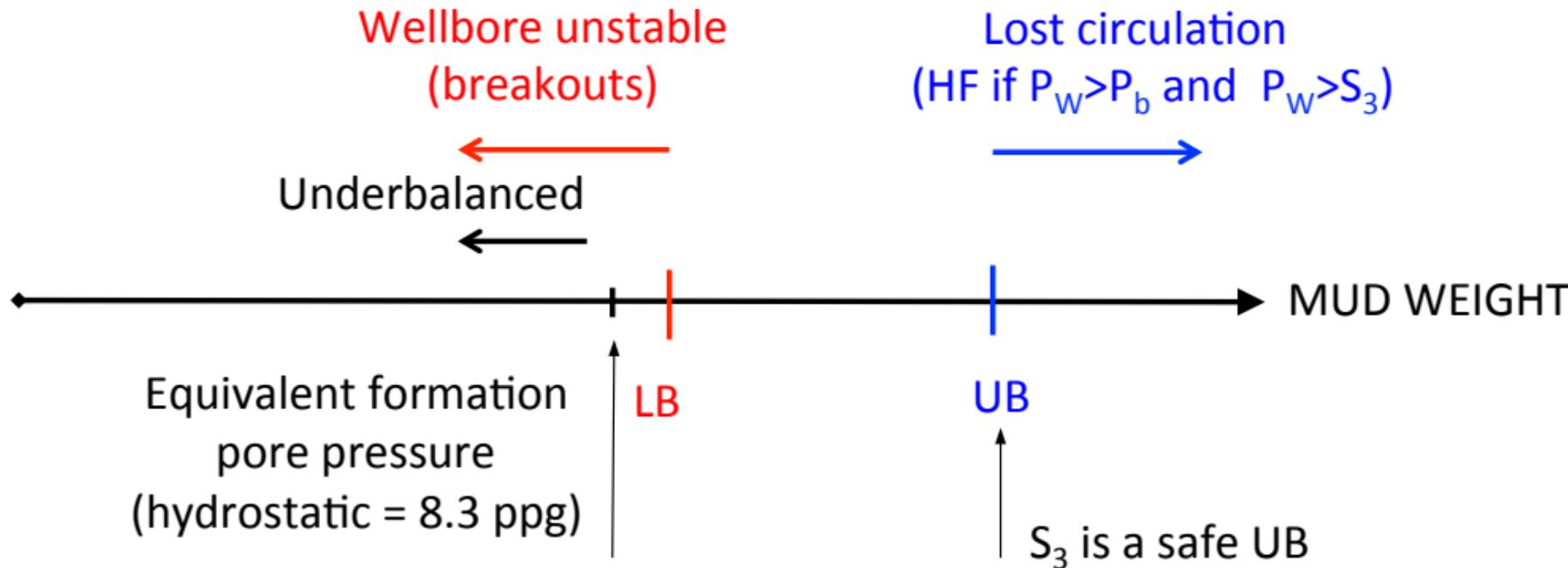
Electrical resistivity



Electrical resistivity



[Zoback 2013 - Figure 6.4-6]

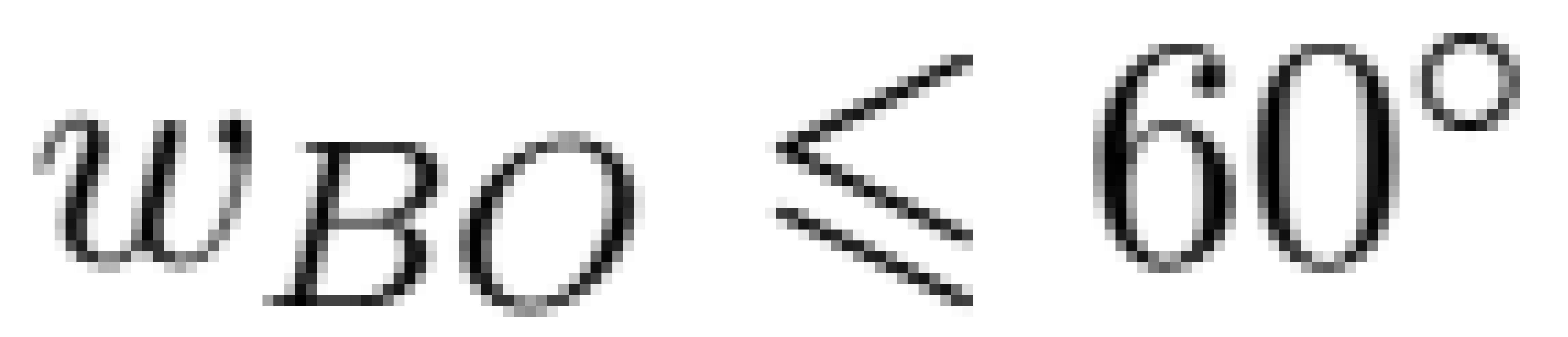


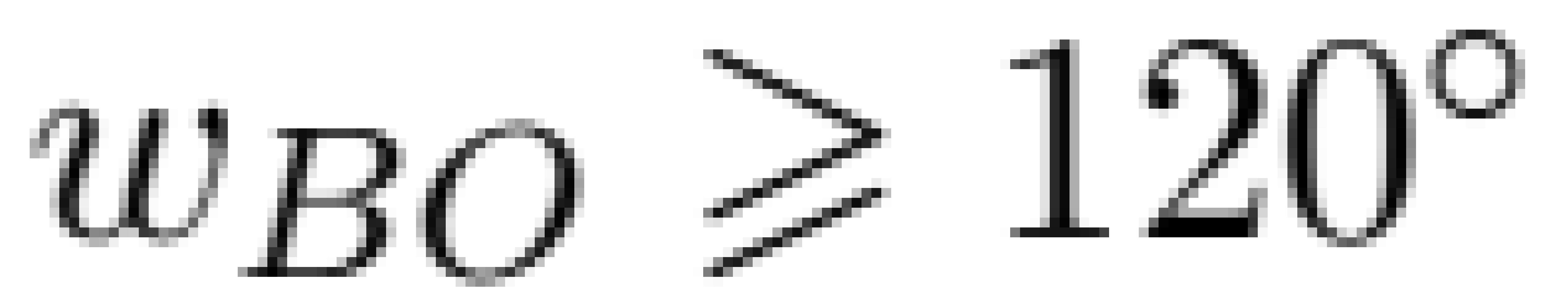
LIGHT MUDS

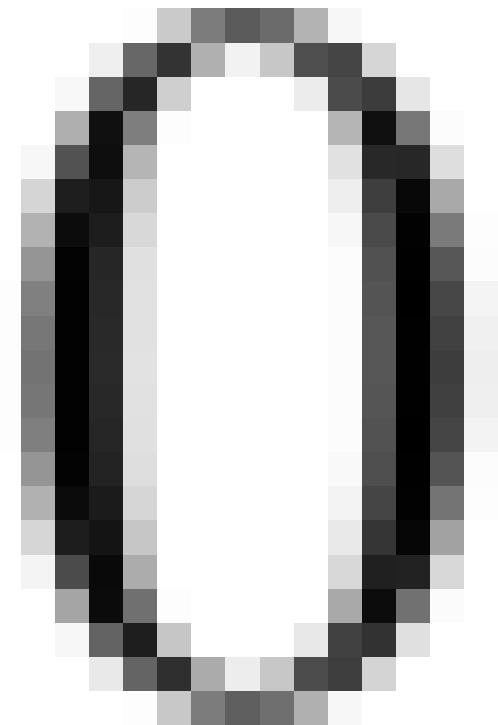
- May promote water production
- Compromise wellbore stability

HEAVY MUDS

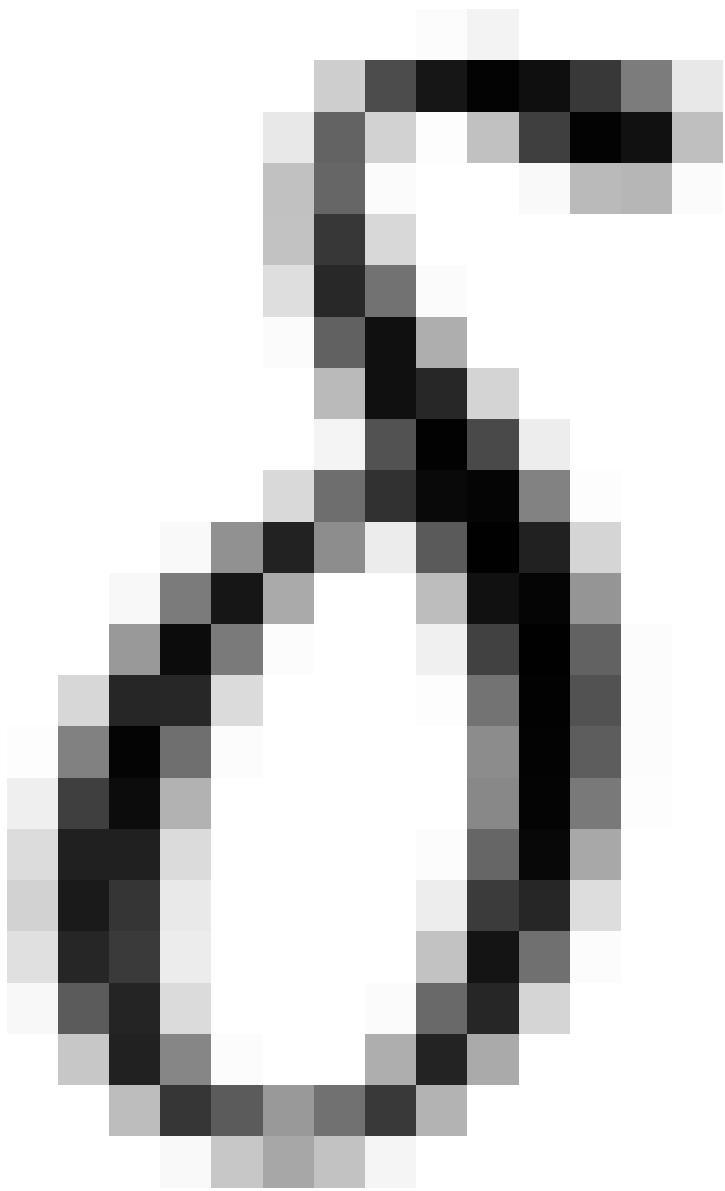
- Damage formation (k) by mud infiltration
- Promote mud losses in permeable strata
- Low ROP because of stronger rock



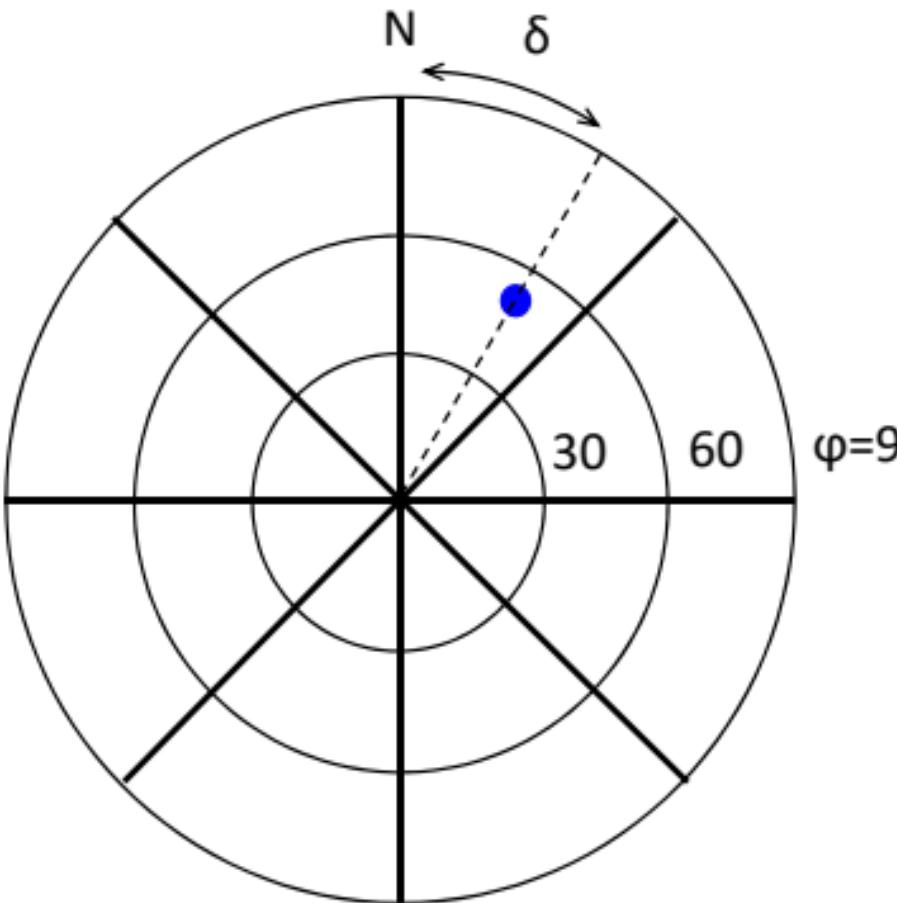
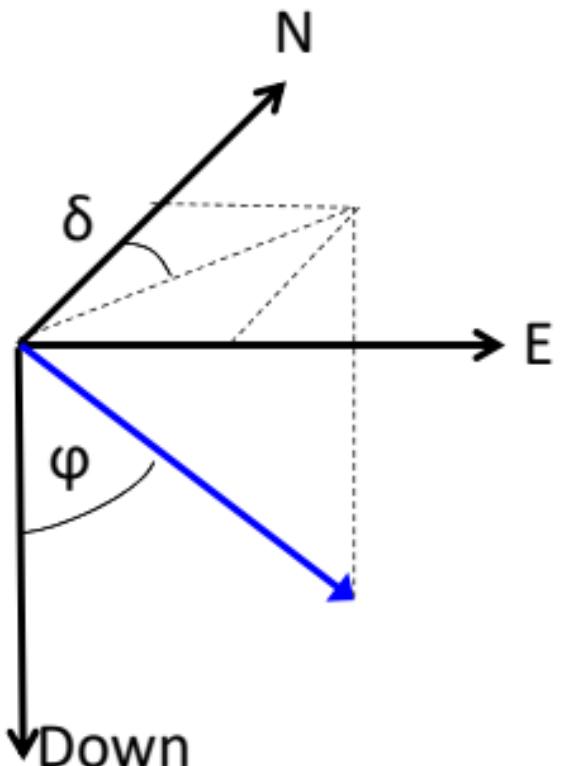




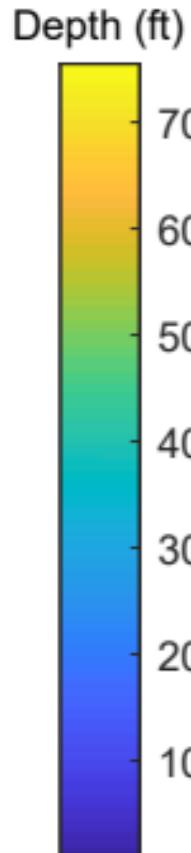
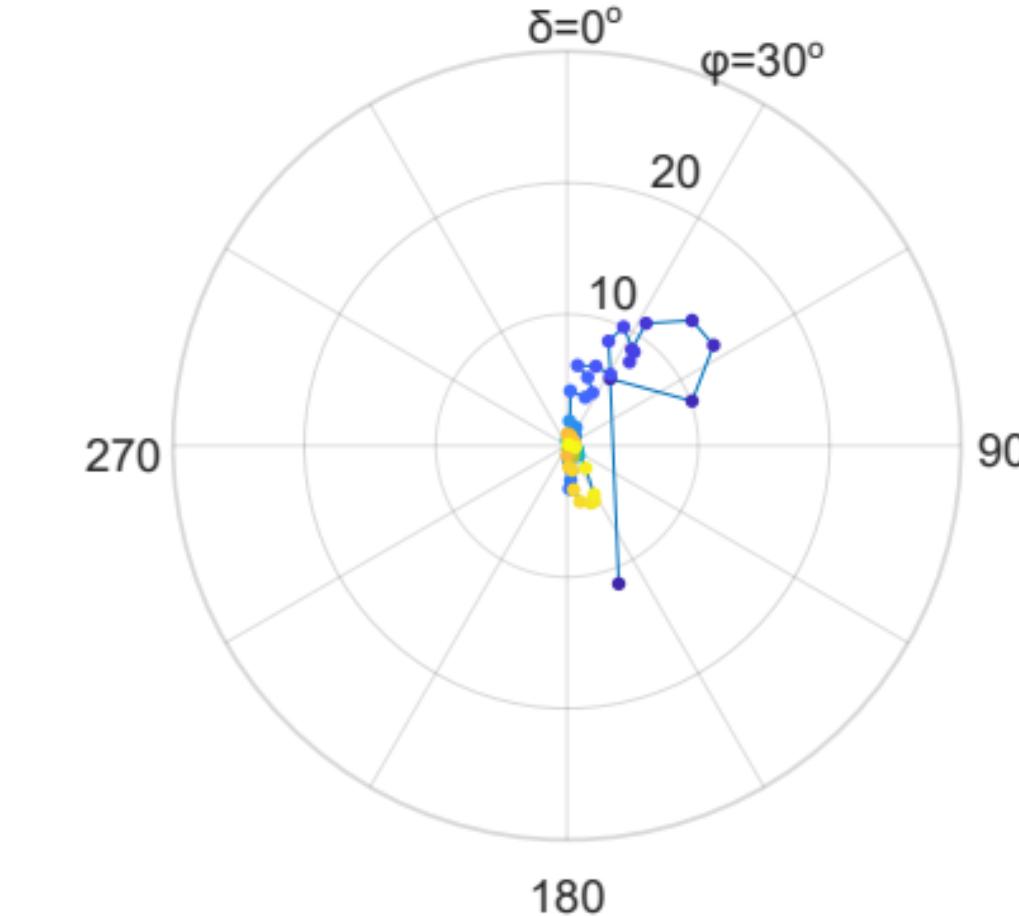


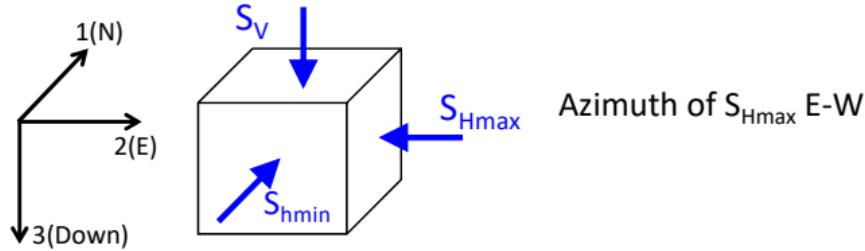


(a) Definitions



(b) Example

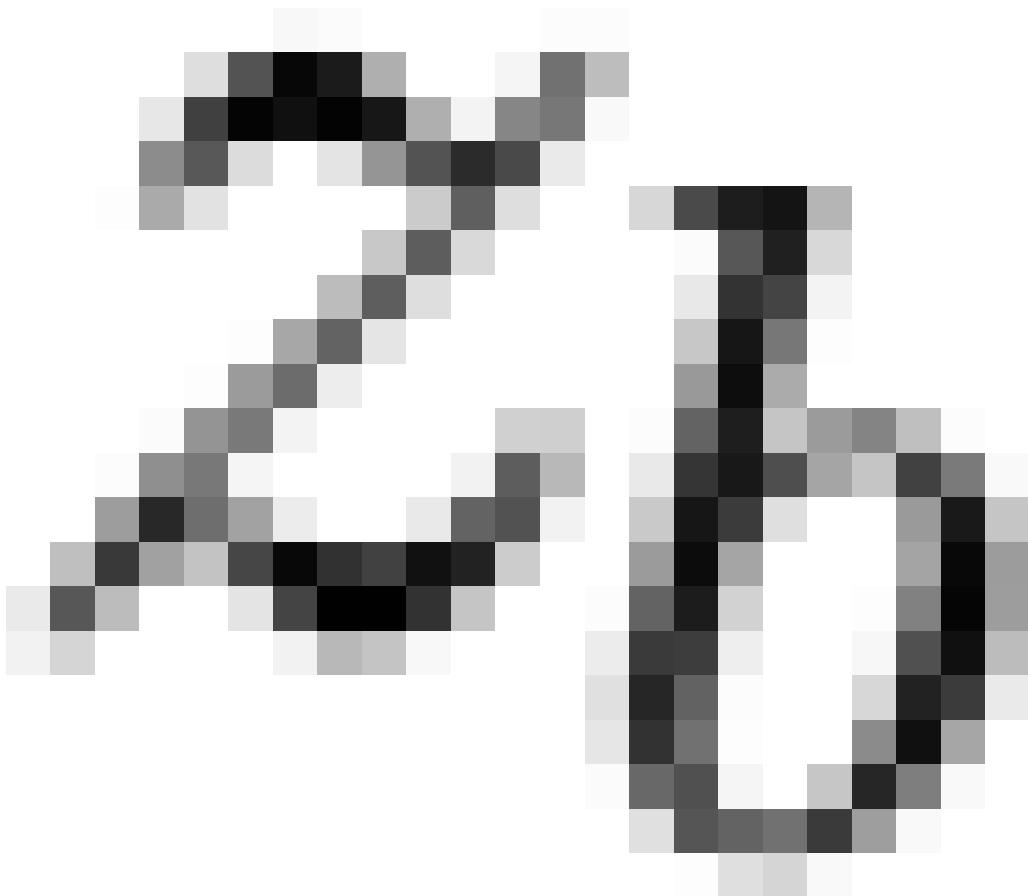


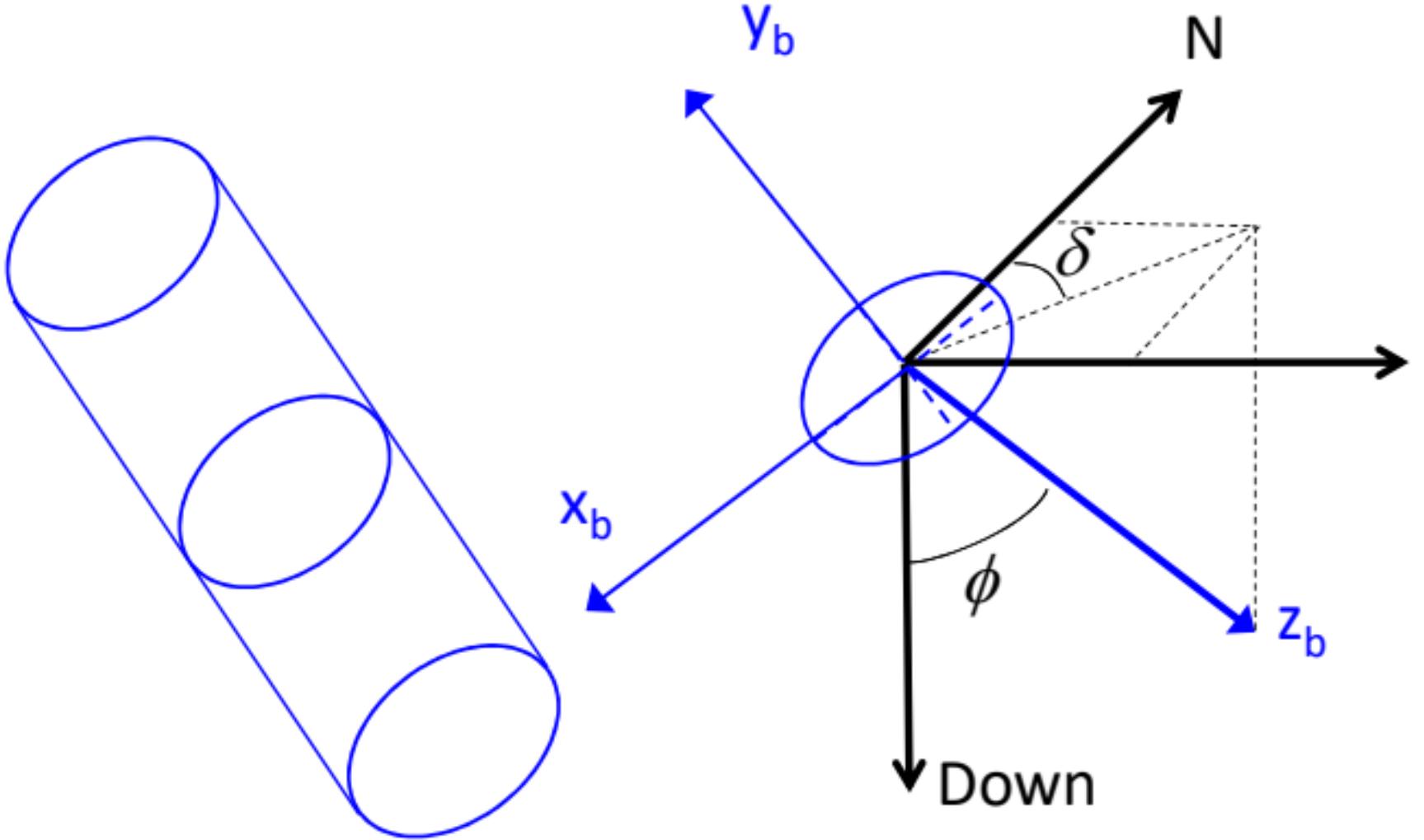


Stress Environment	NF	SS	RF
Plane with highest stress anisotropy and location of breakouts and tensile fracs	<p>Diagram of a stress cube for Normal Faulting (NF). The vertical stress, S_V, acts downwards. The minimum horizontal stress, $S_{h\text{min}}$, acts diagonally upwards and to the right. A red dot indicates the location of breakouts and tensile fractures.</p>	<p>Diagram of a stress cube for Shear Stress (SS). The vertical stress, S_V, acts downwards. The minimum horizontal stress, $S_{h\text{min}}$, acts diagonally upwards and to the right. The maximum horizontal stress, $S_{H\text{max}}$, acts to the left. A red dot indicates the location of breakouts and tensile fractures.</p>	<p>Diagram of a stress cube for Reverse Faulting (RF). The vertical stress, S_V, acts downwards. The minimum horizontal stress, $S_{h\text{min}}$, acts diagonally upwards and to the right. The maximum horizontal stress, $S_{H\text{max}}$, acts to the left. A red dot indicates the location of breakouts and tensile fractures.</p>
Narrower drilling window in a stereonet projection	<p>N</p>	<p>N</p>	<p>N</p>

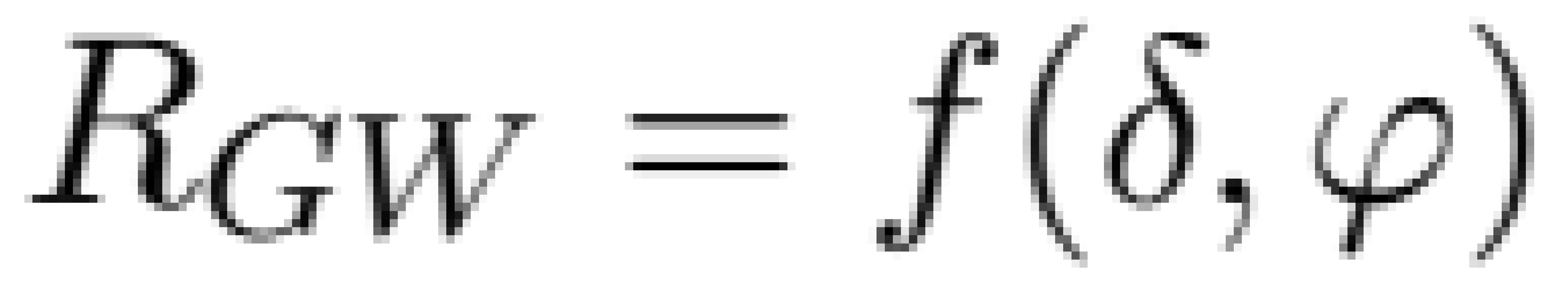








$$R_{GW} = \begin{bmatrix} -\cos\delta\cos\phi & -\sin\delta\cos\phi & \sin\phi \\ \sin\delta & -\cos\delta & 0 \\ \cos\delta\sin\phi & \sin\delta\sin\phi & \cos\phi \end{bmatrix}$$



S' T' V'

E

R' C' V' S' T'

C' R' T'

$S^T M^S \Delta^T C^T M^P S^P R^T$



$$\underline{S}_W = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} & S_{13} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} & S_{23} \\ S_{31} & S_{32} & S_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$





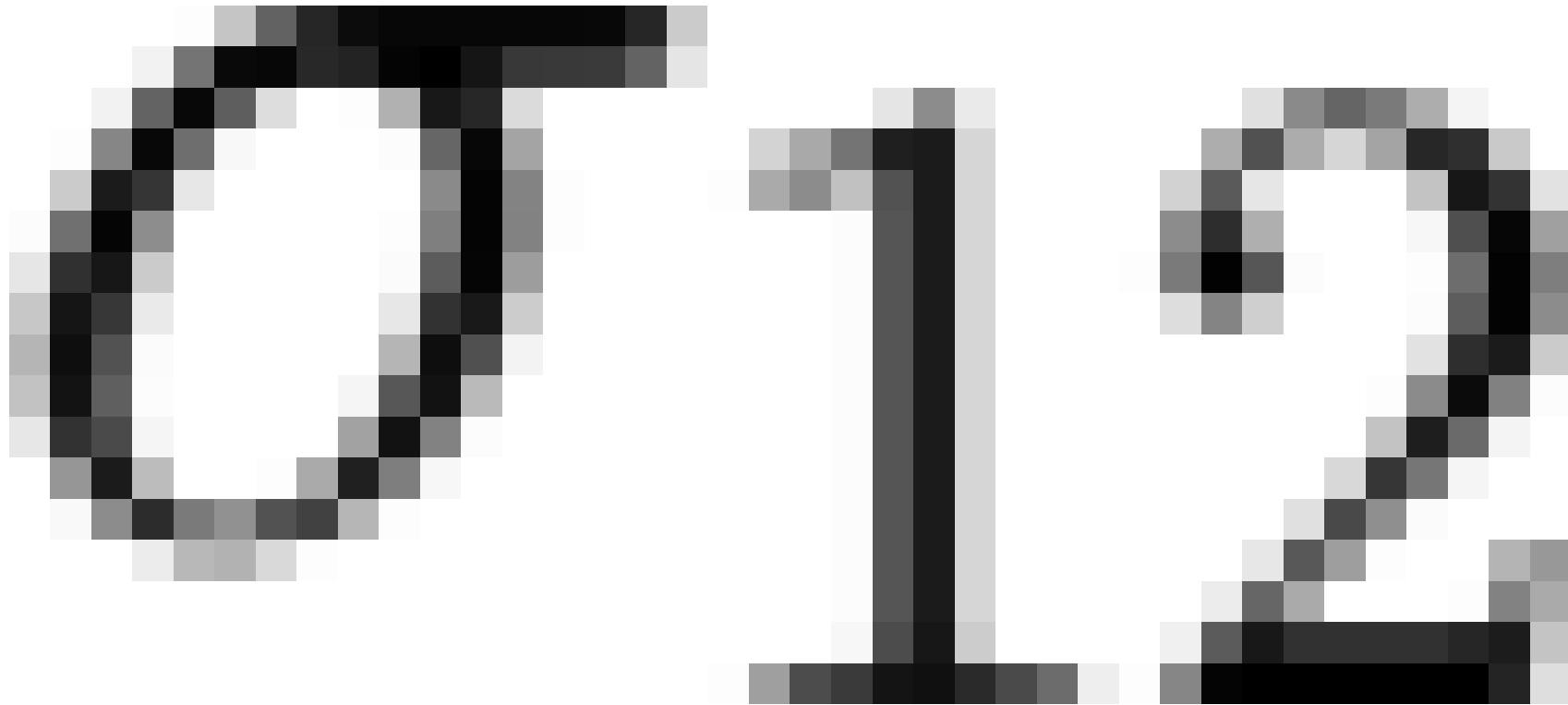


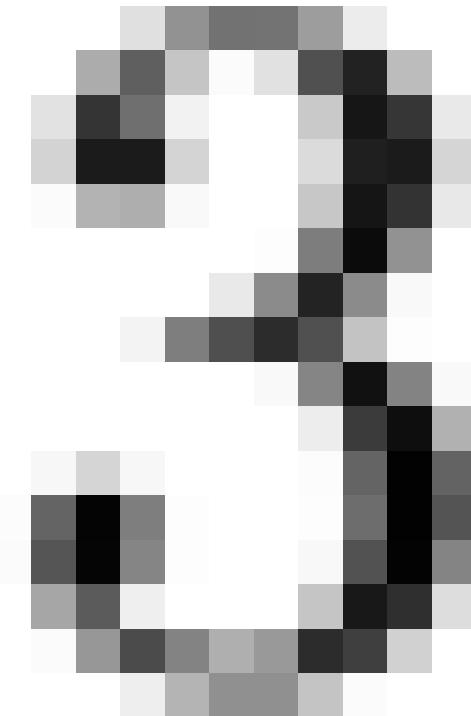
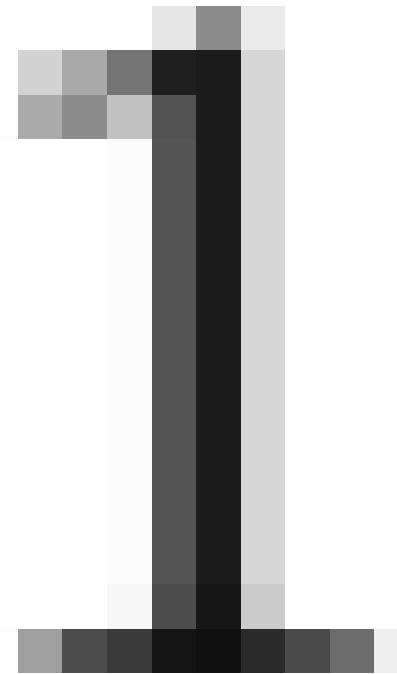
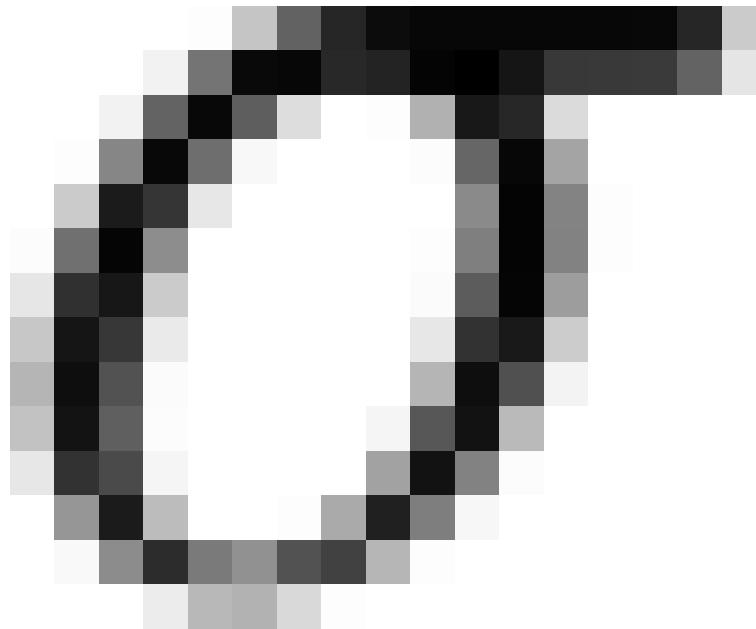


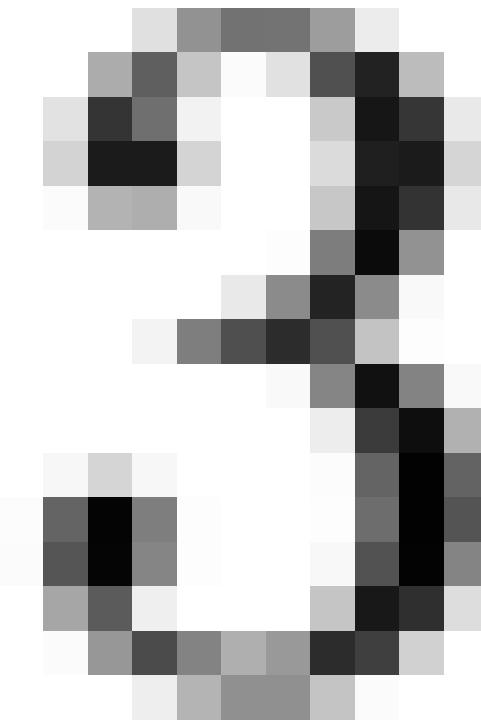
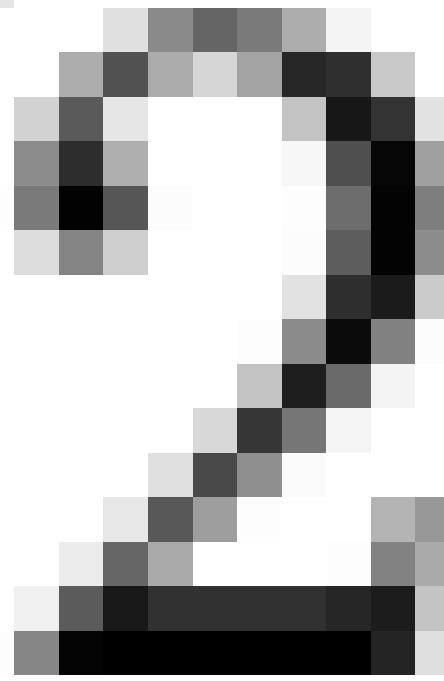
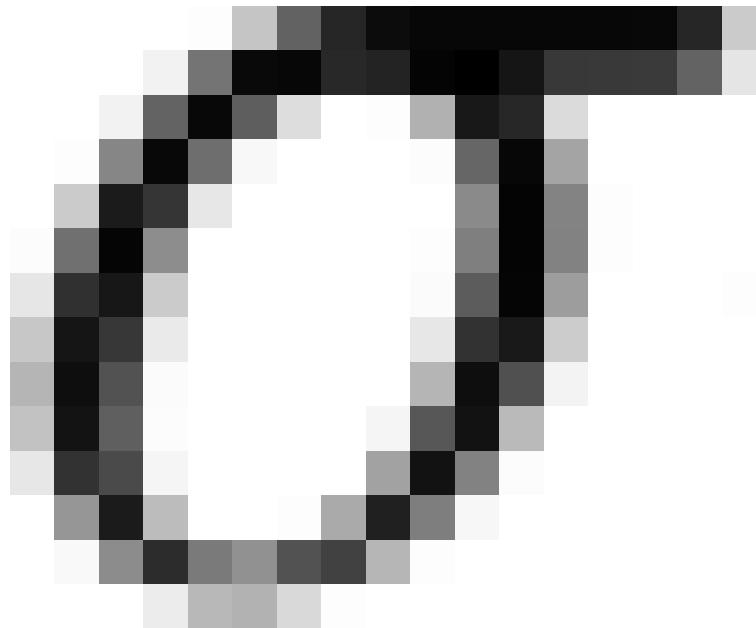


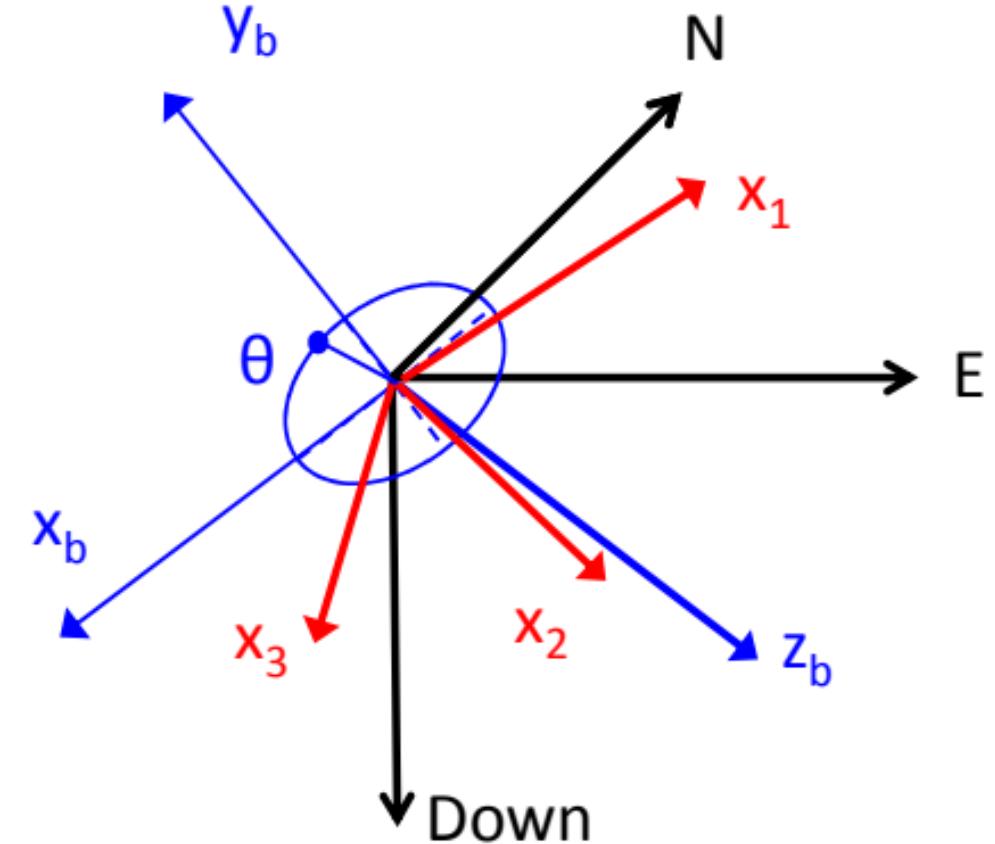








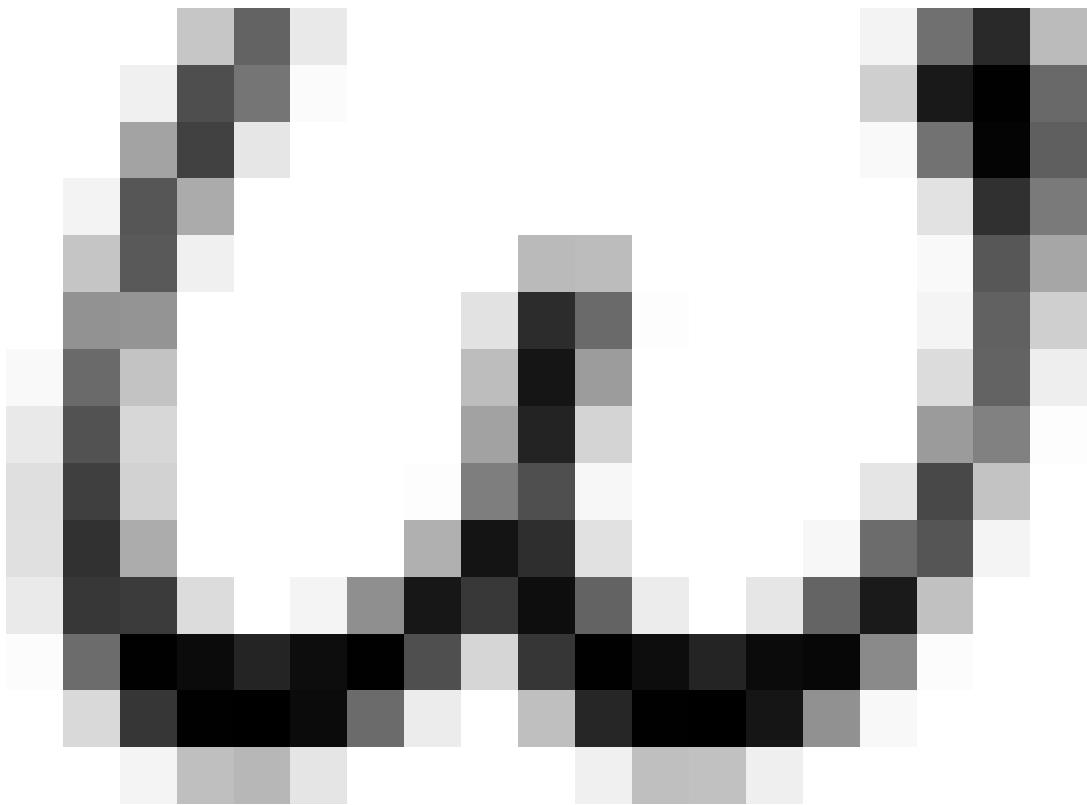




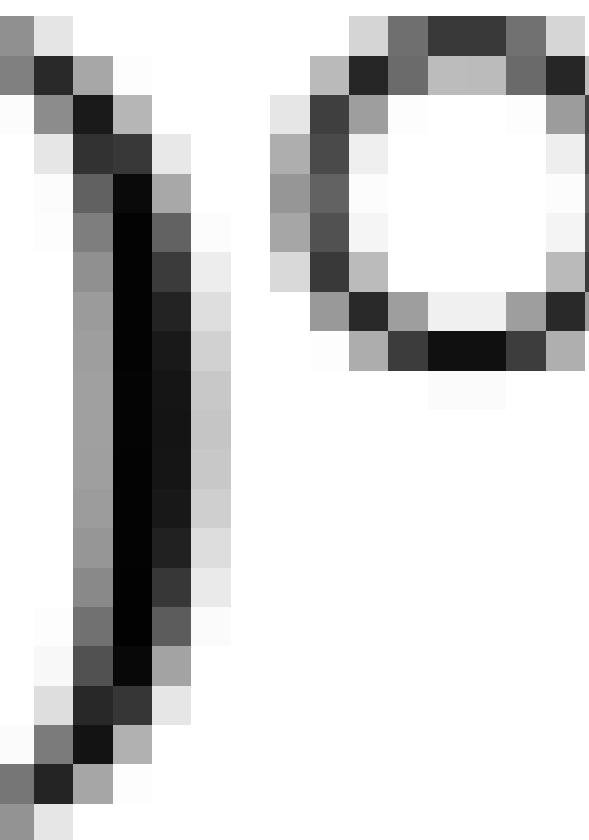
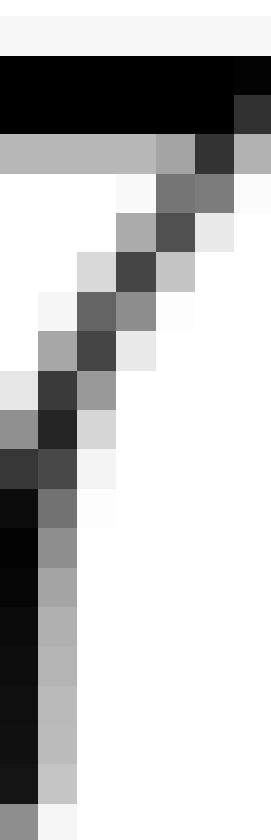
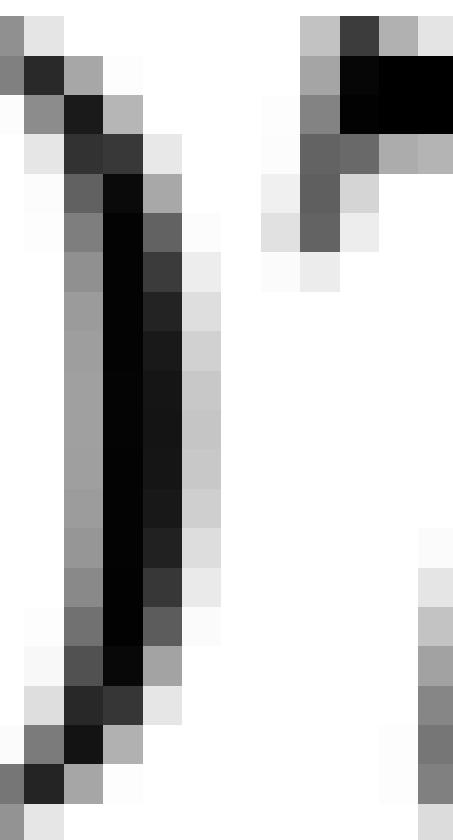
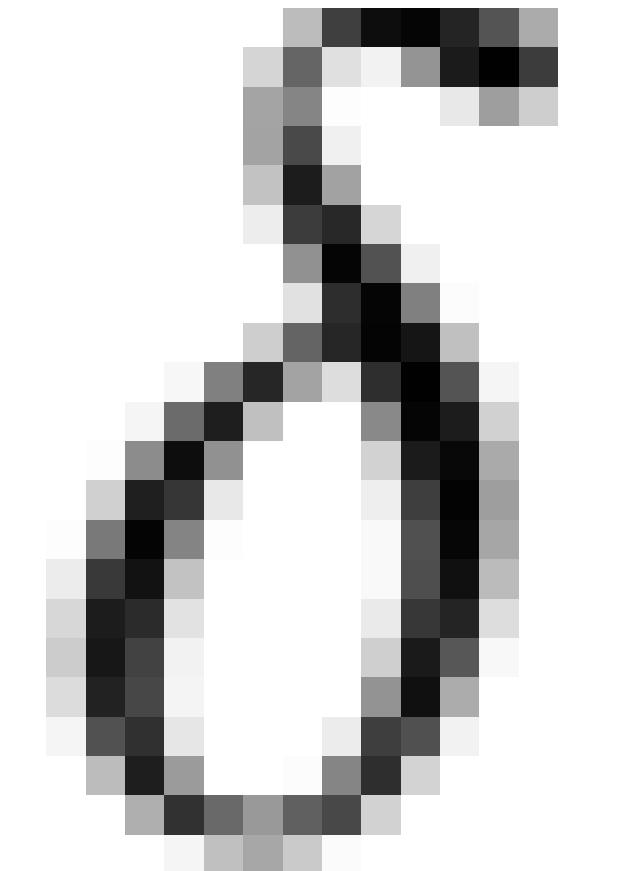
Stresses at the wellbore wall (Kirsch[PP]+Kirsch[S])

$$\begin{cases} \sigma_{rr} = \Delta P \\ \sigma_{\theta\theta} = \sigma_{11} + \sigma_{22} - 2(\sigma_{11} - \sigma_{22})\cos 2\theta - 4\sigma_{12}\sin 2\theta - \Delta P \\ \tau_{\theta z} = 2(\sigma_{23}\cos\theta - \sigma_{13}\sin\theta) \\ \sigma_{zz} = \sigma_{33} - 2\nu(\sigma_{11} - \sigma_{22})\cos 2\theta - 4\nu\sigma_{12}\sin 2\theta \end{cases}$$

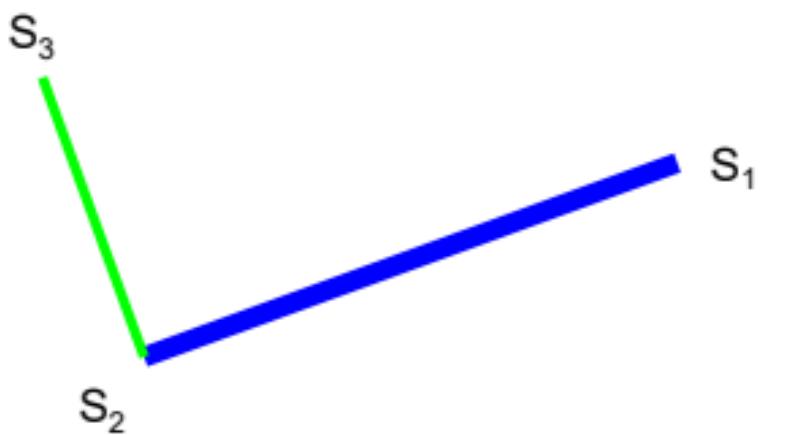




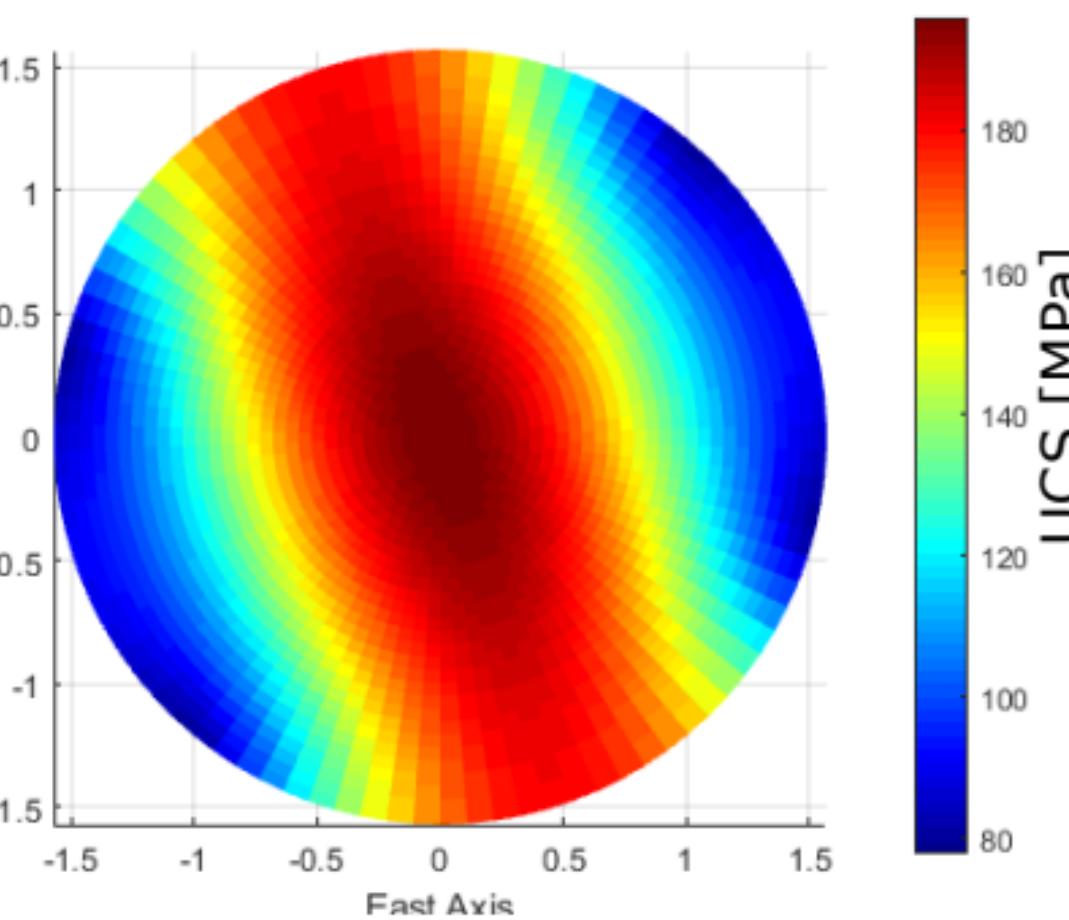




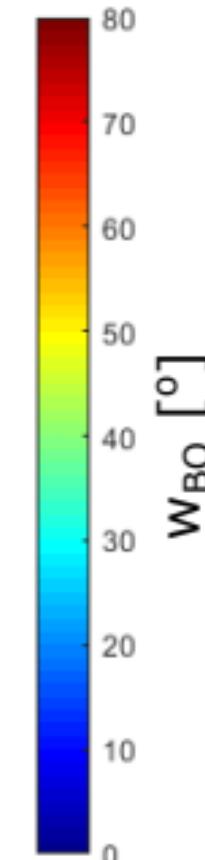
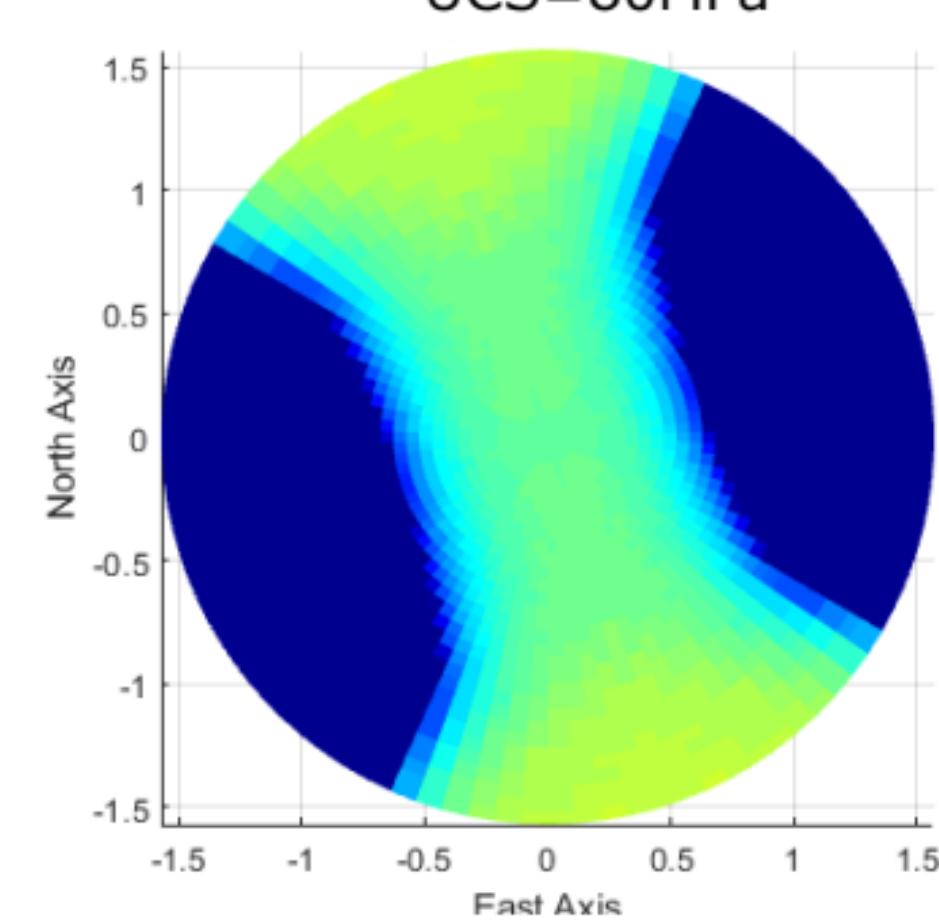
Geographical principal stresses

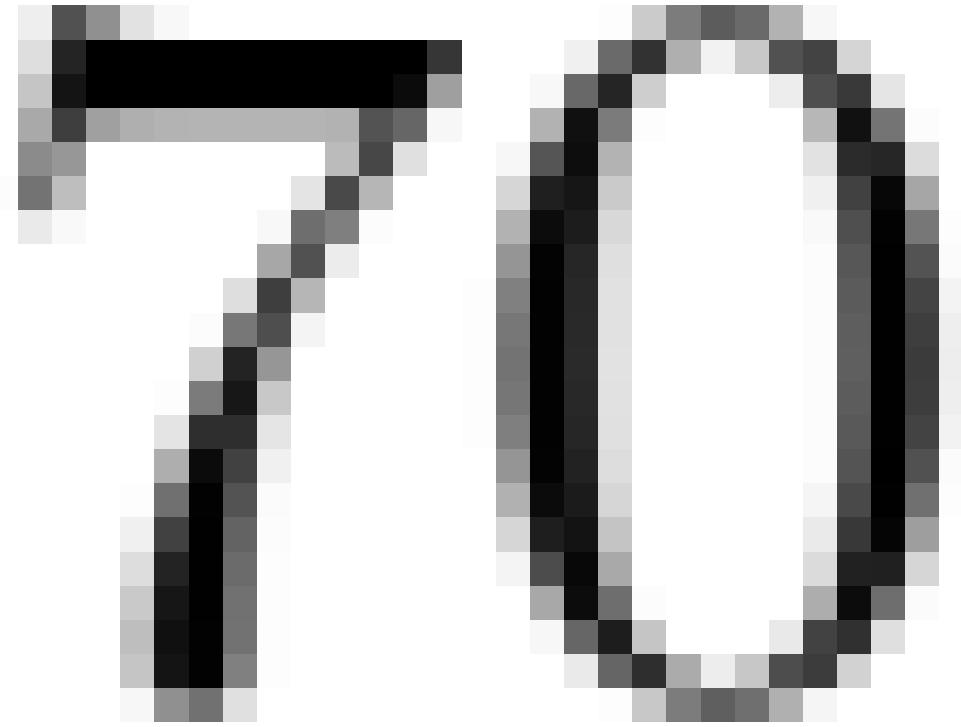


Required UCS ($P_w = P_p$)



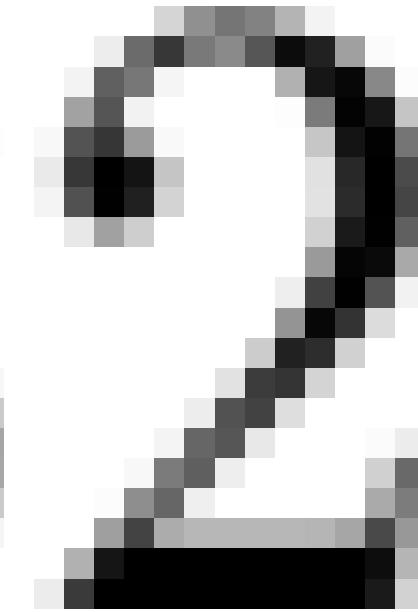
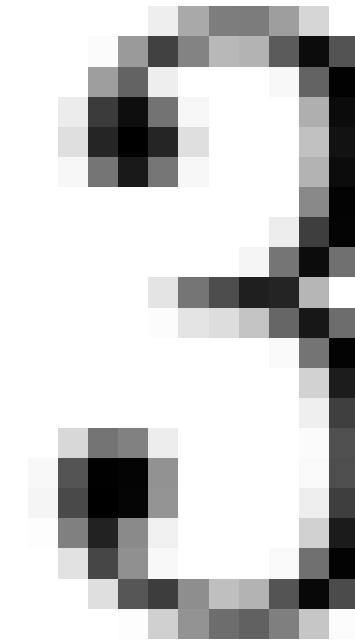
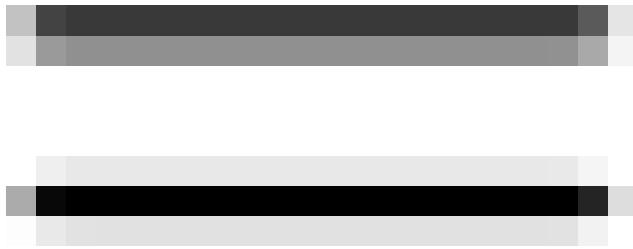
Breakout angle by Lade - $P_w = 45\text{MPa}$
 $\text{UCS} = 80\text{MPa}$

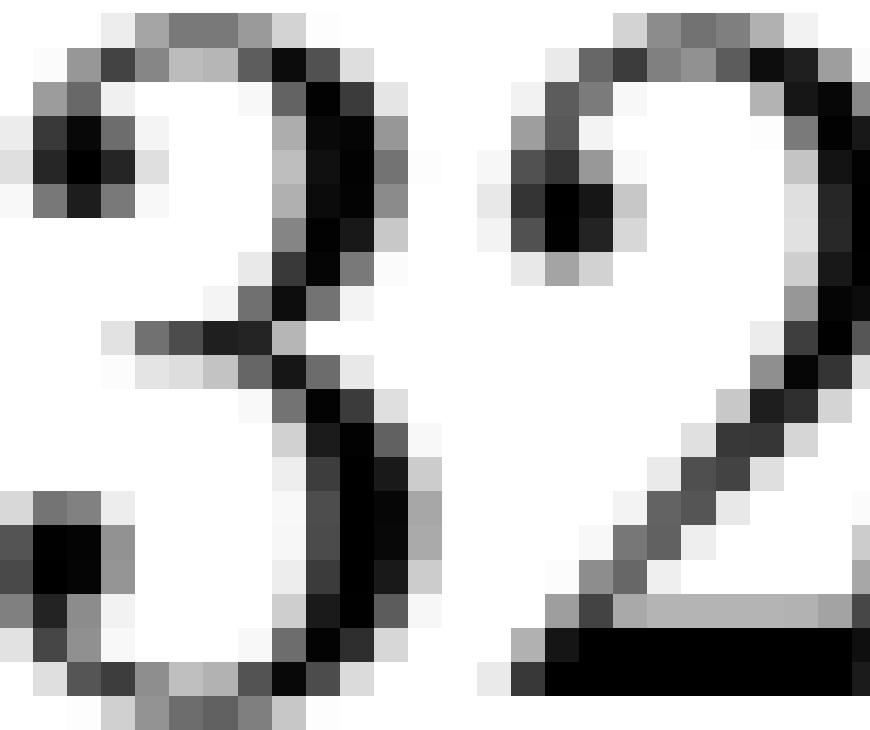
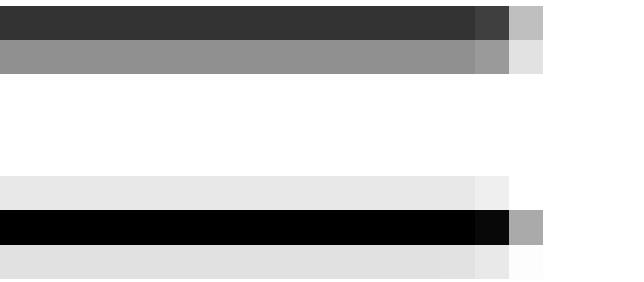
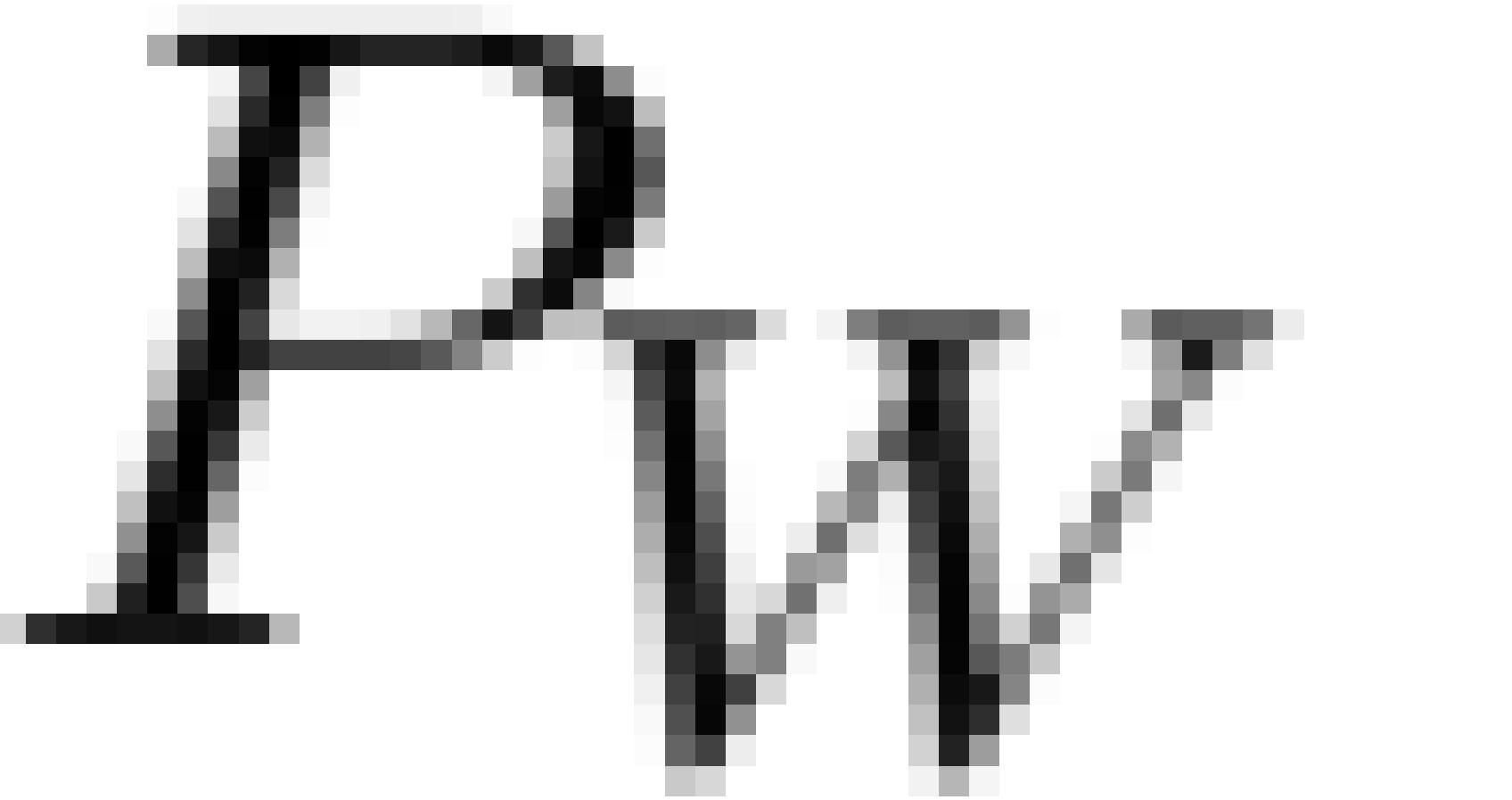


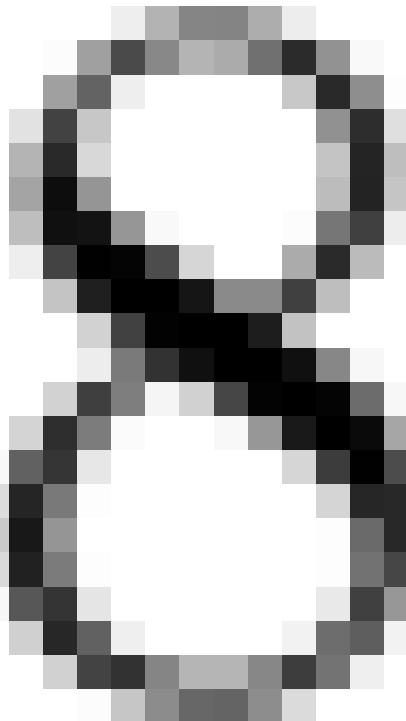
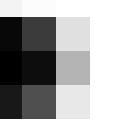
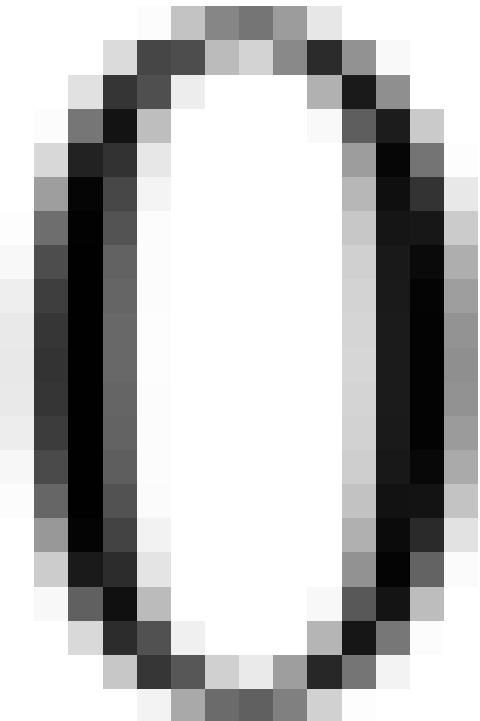




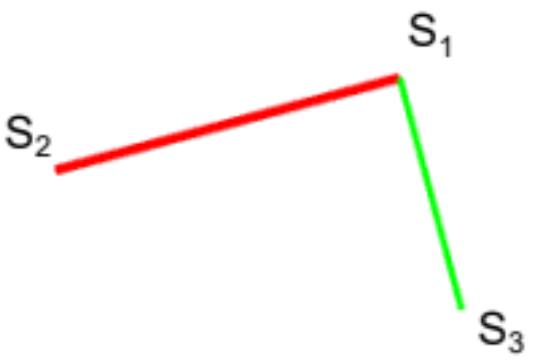




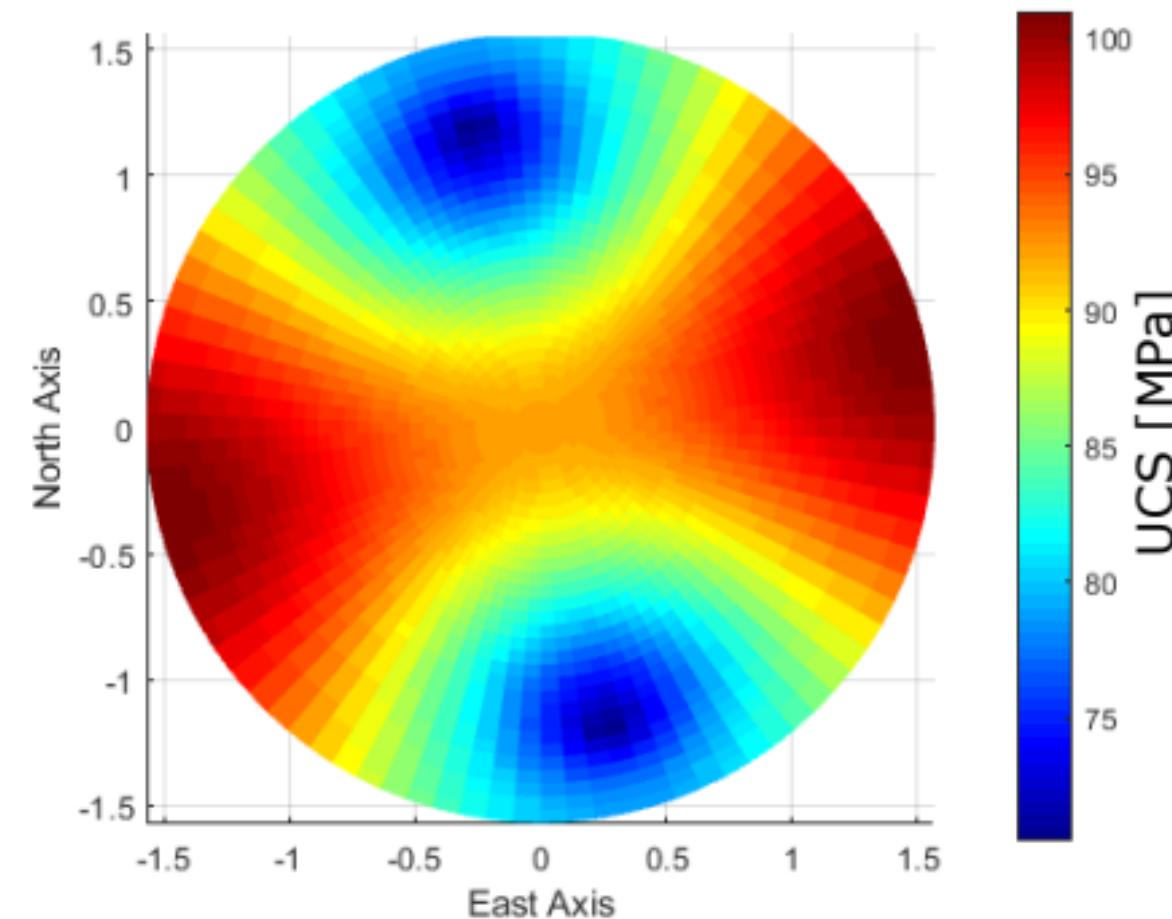




Principal stresses



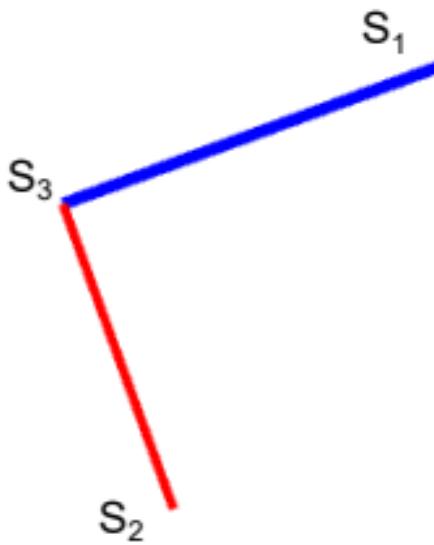
Required UCS ($P_w = P_p$)



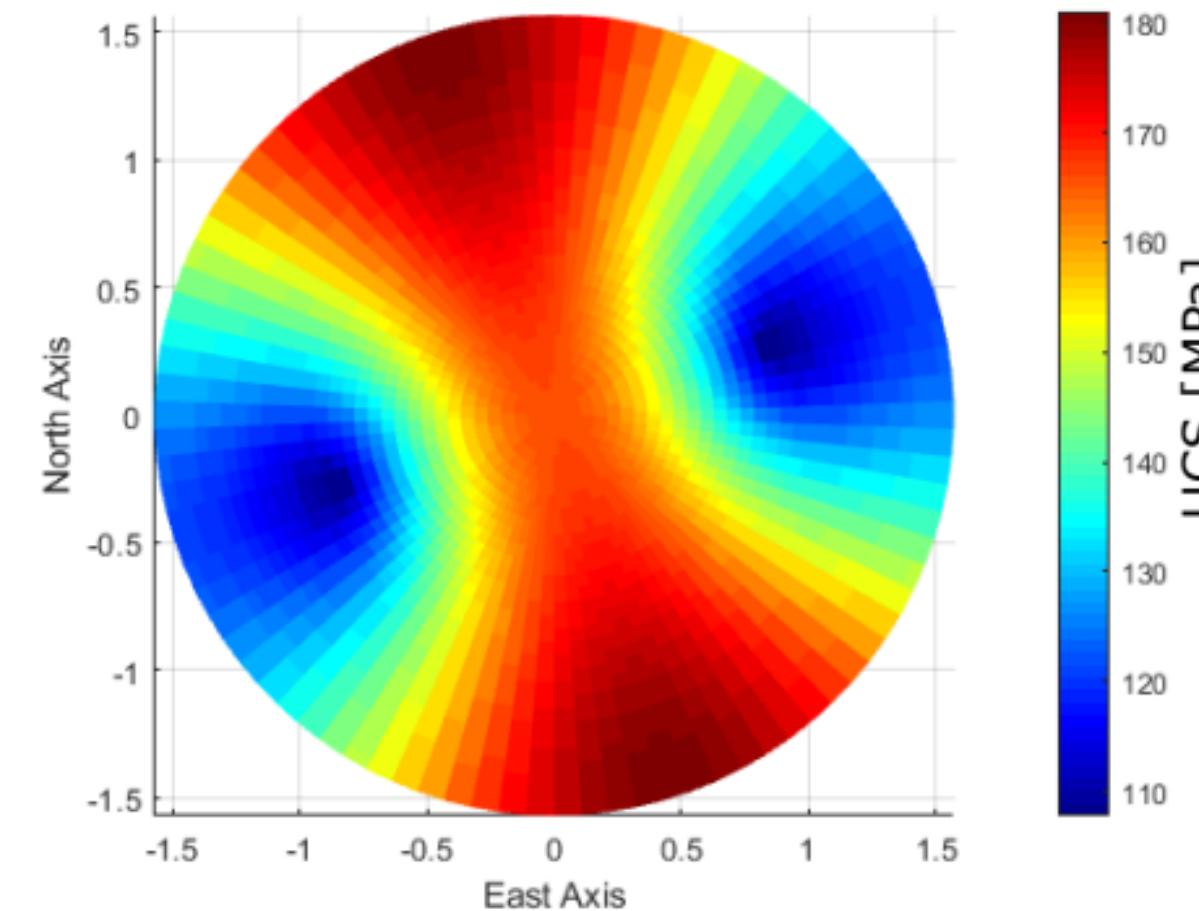




Principal stresses

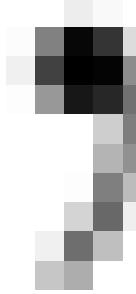
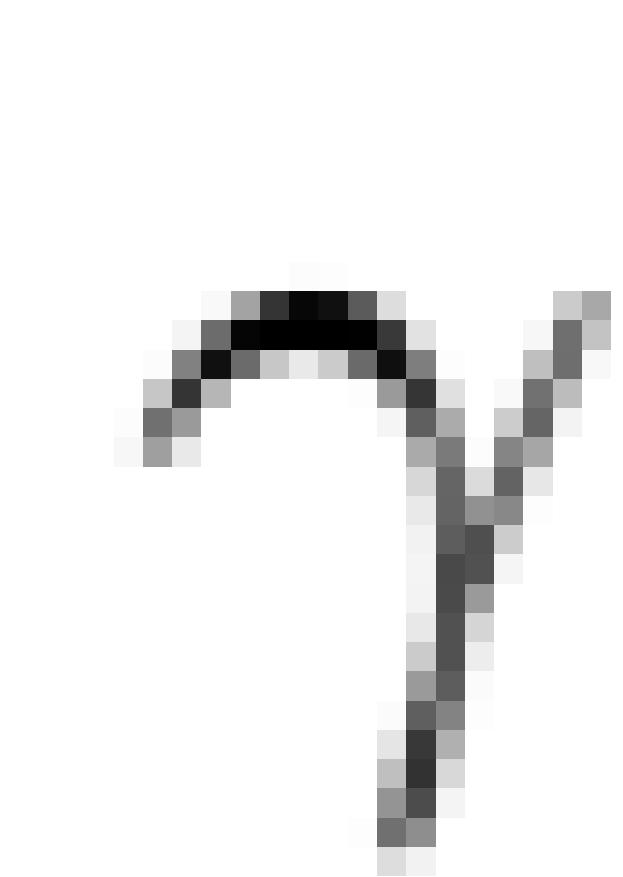
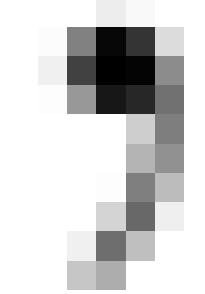
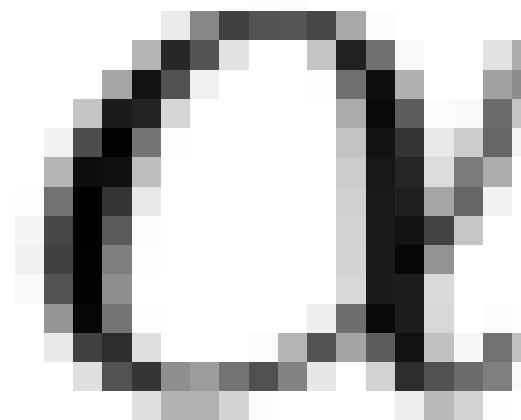
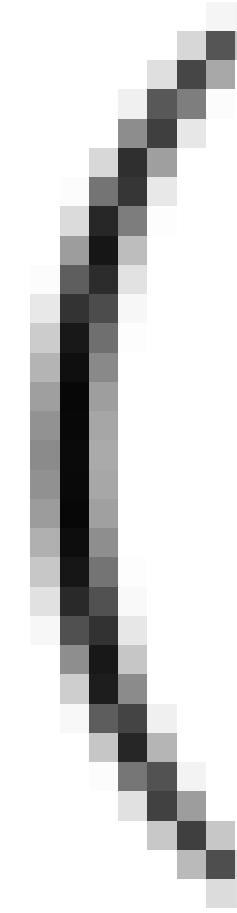


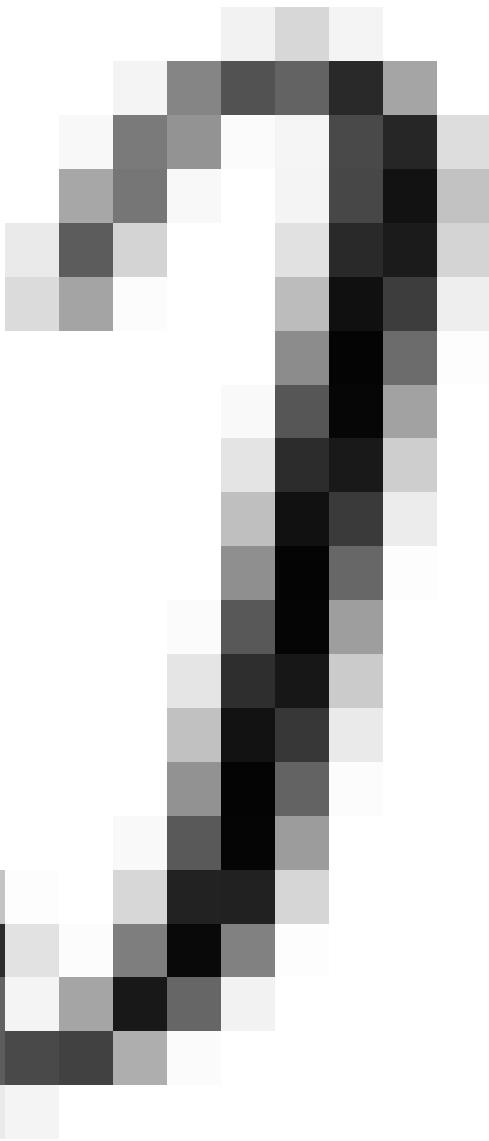
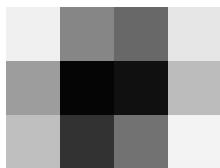
Required UCS ($P_w = P_p$)

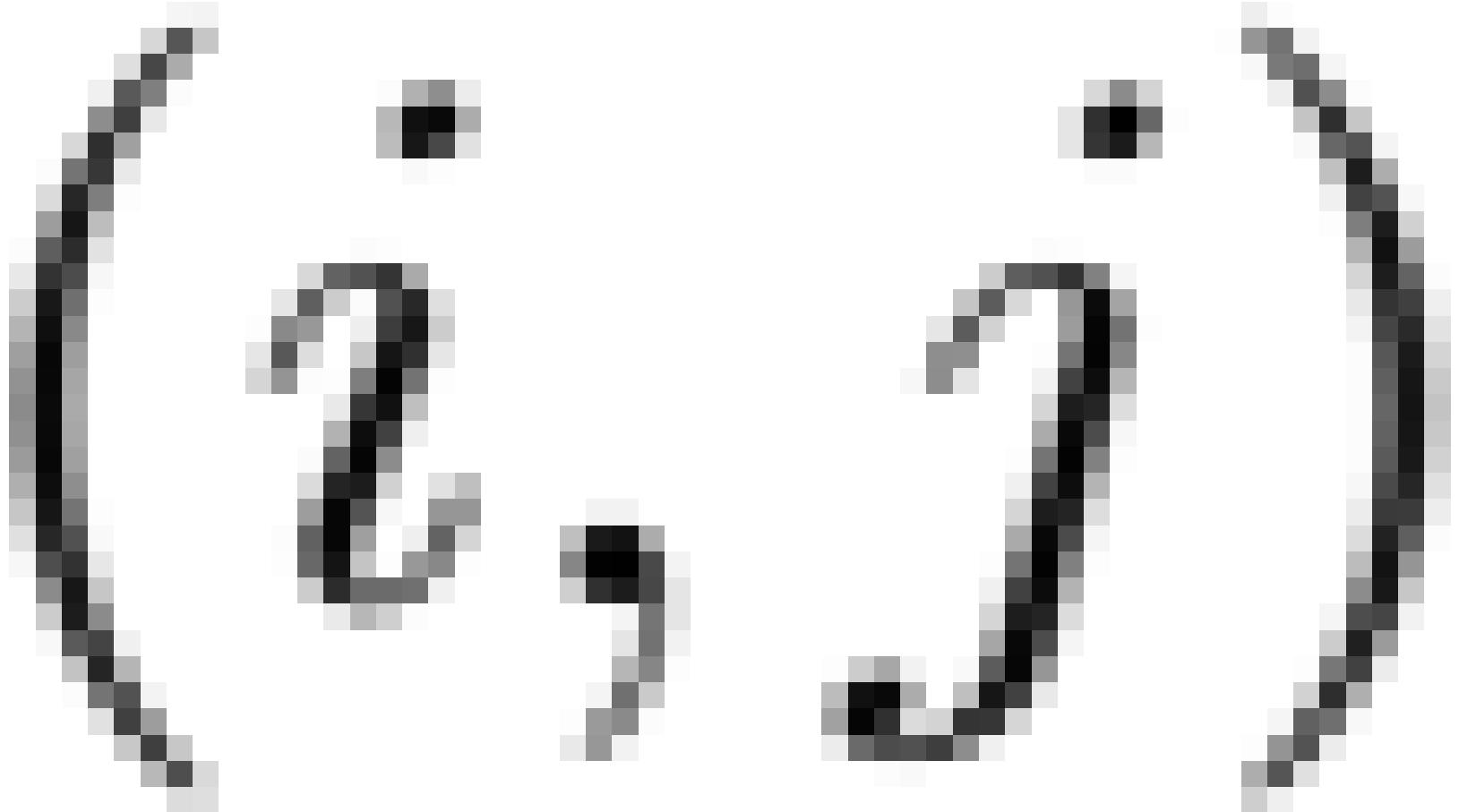






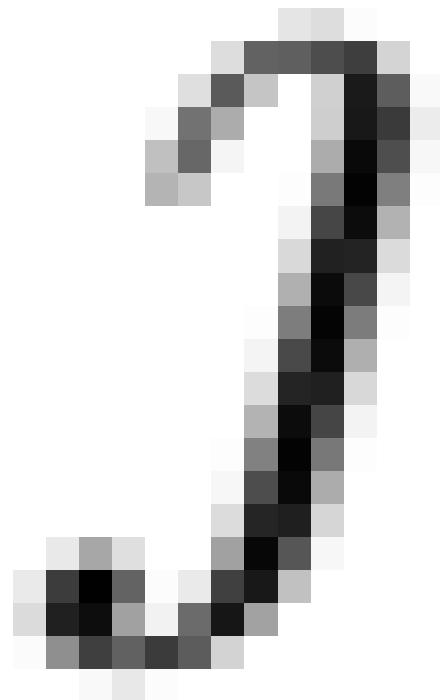
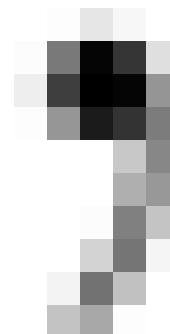
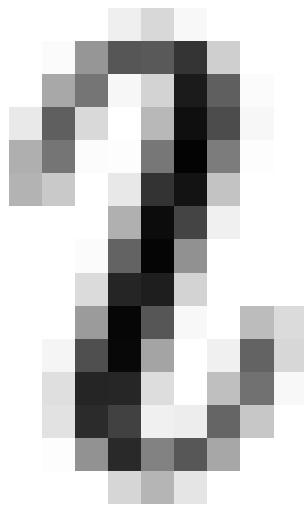
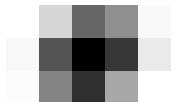
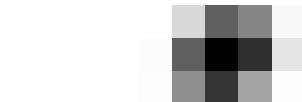


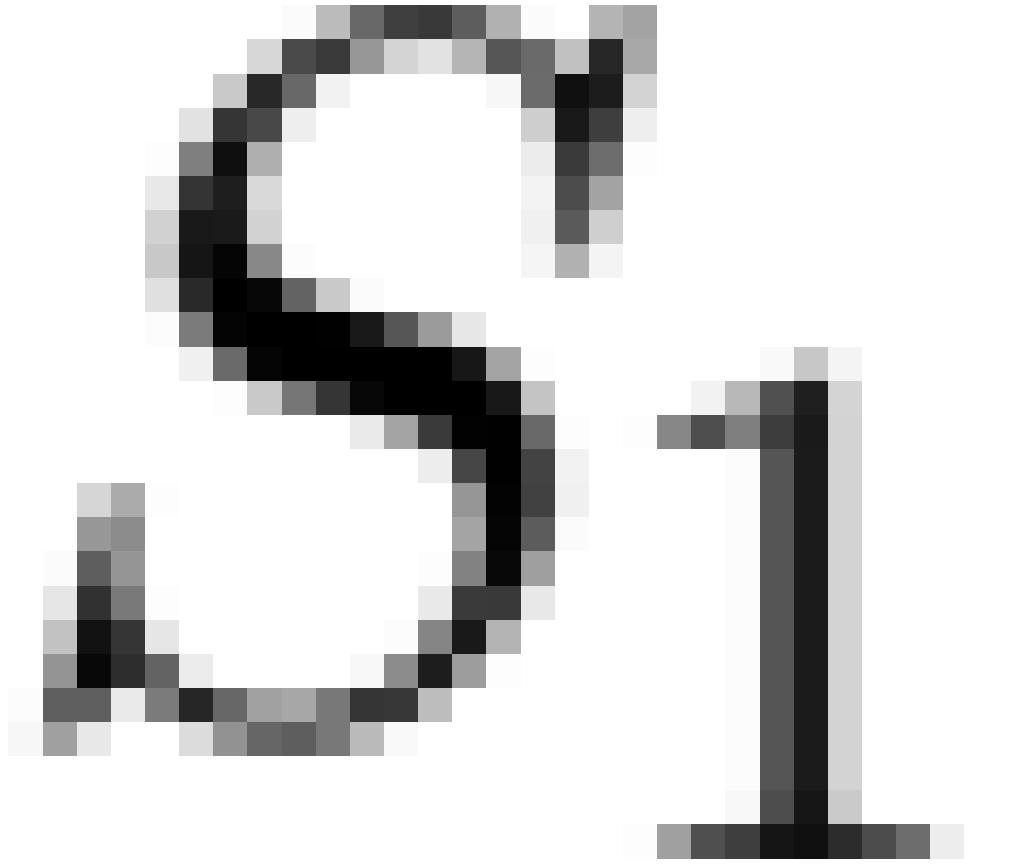








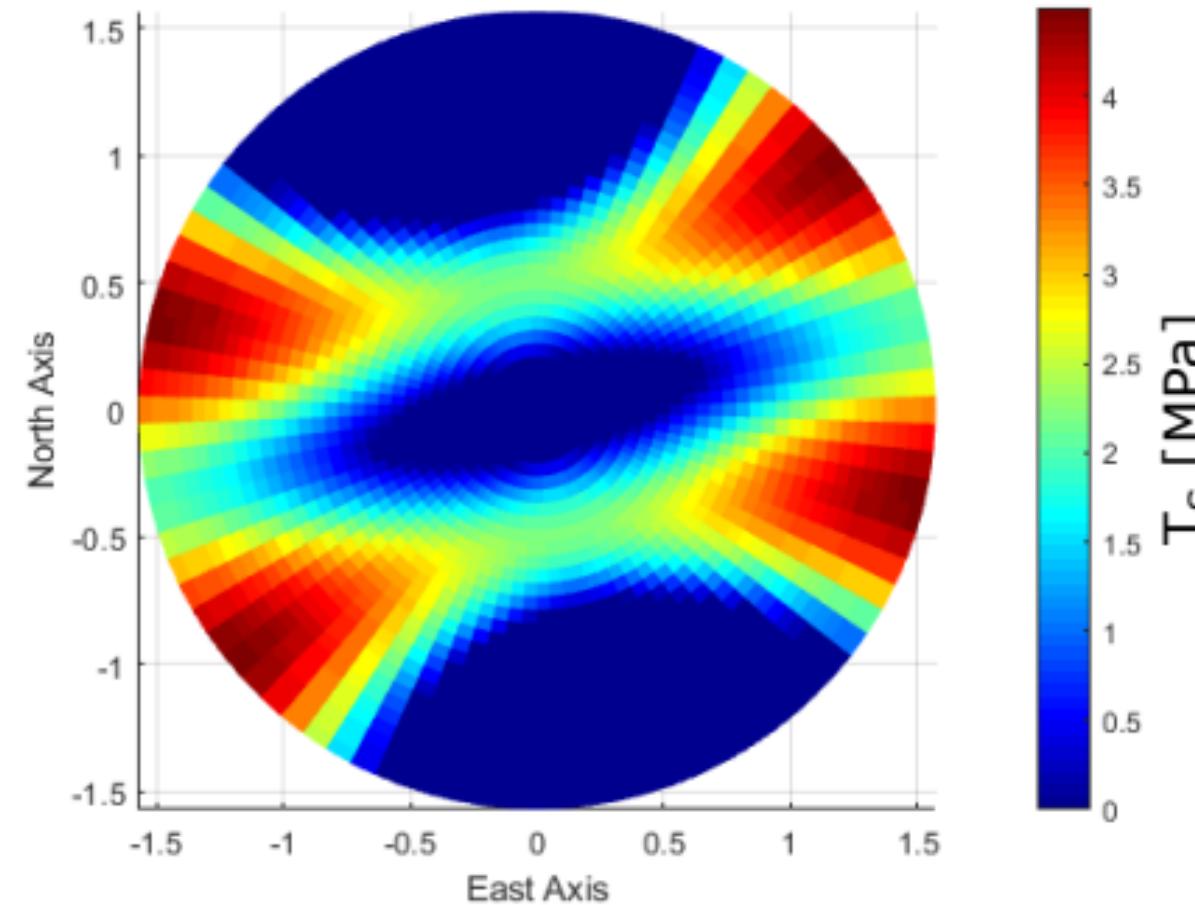




Principal stresses



Required T_s ($P_w=35\text{MPa}$)





$\hat{\sigma}_t$

$\bar{\sigma}_t$

\hat{o}_t

\bar{o}_t

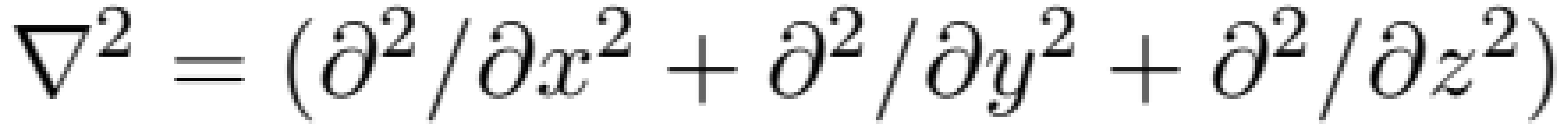
$D\Gamma$

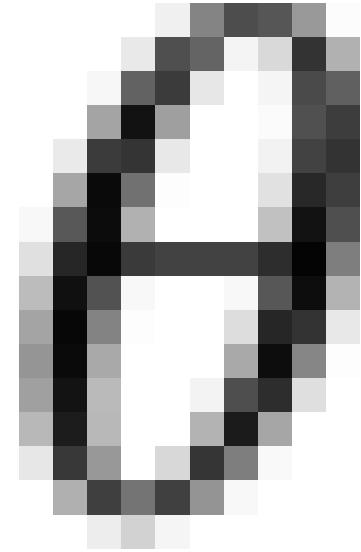
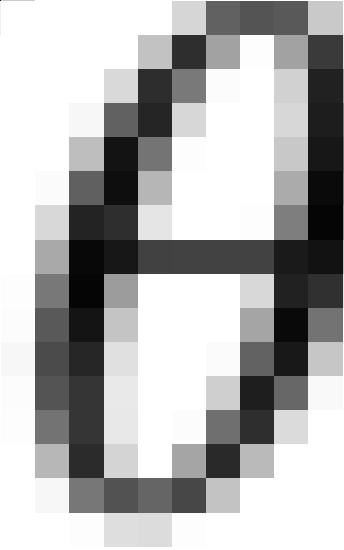
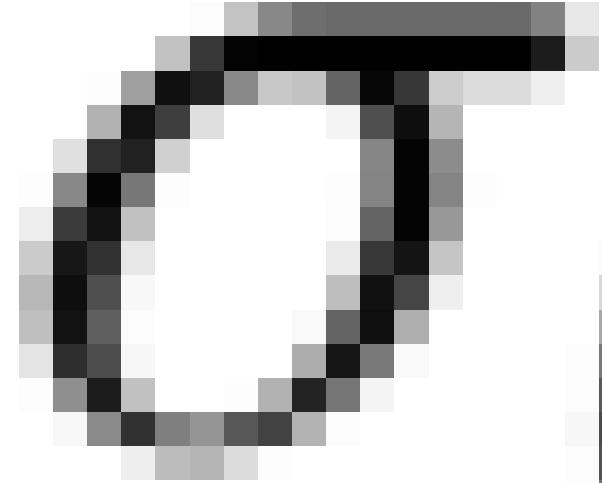
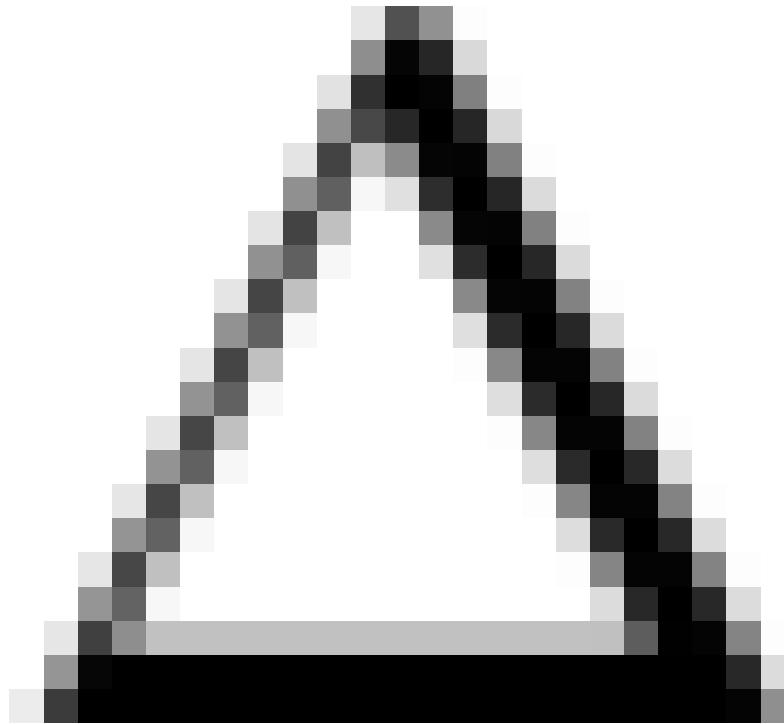
2Γ









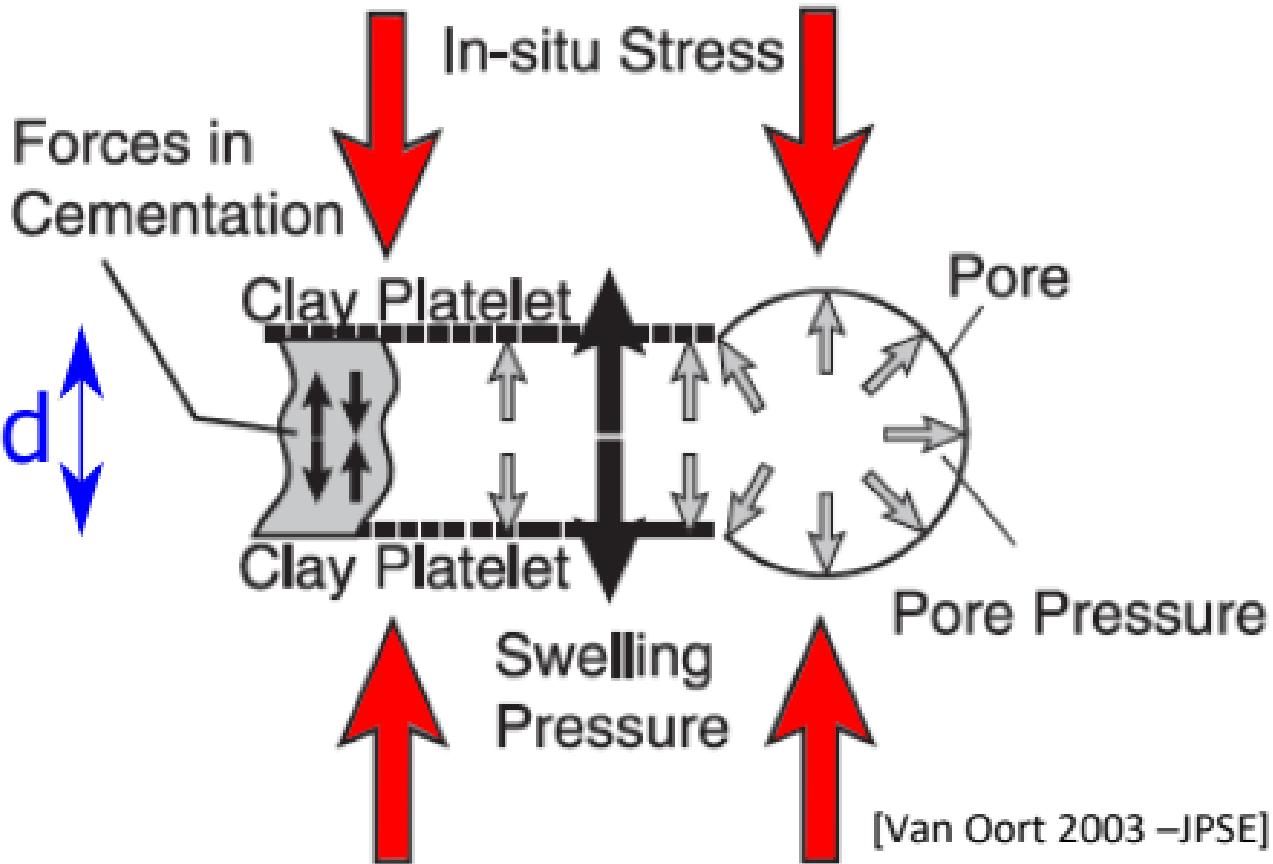
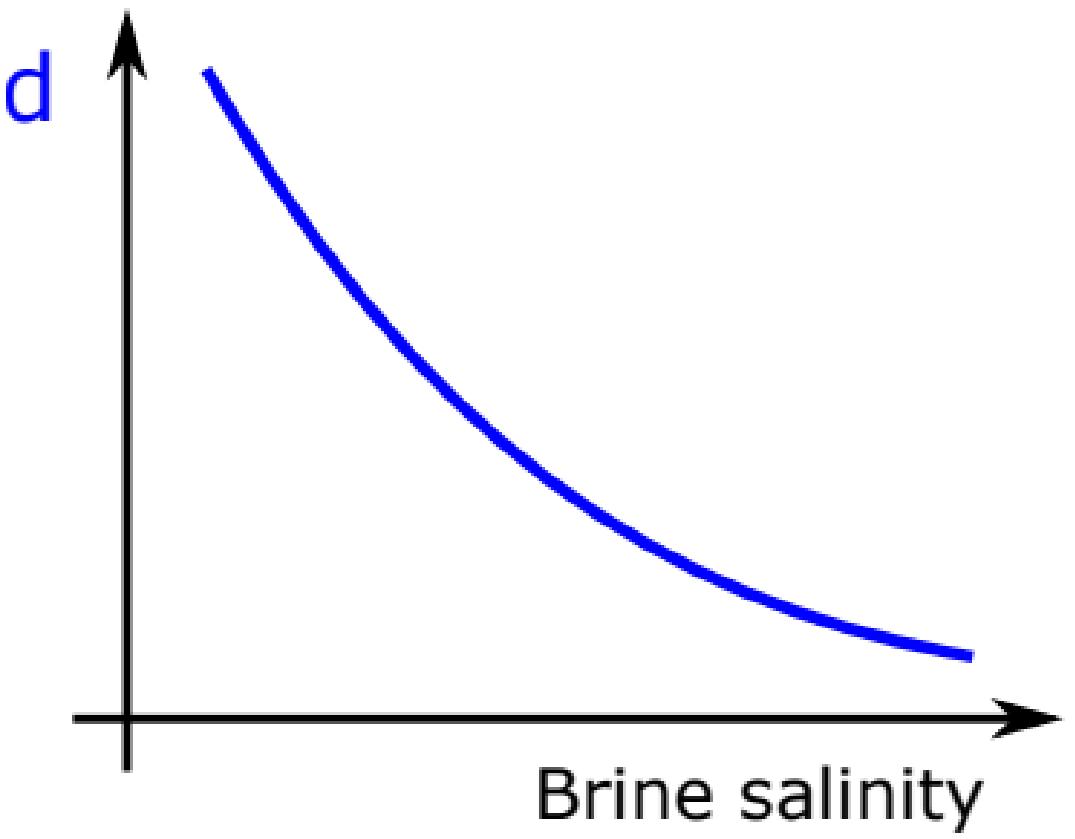


$$\Delta \sigma_{\theta\theta}$$

$$=$$

$$\alpha \Sigma E^{\gamma} \Delta^{\tau}$$

$$1 = \nu$$



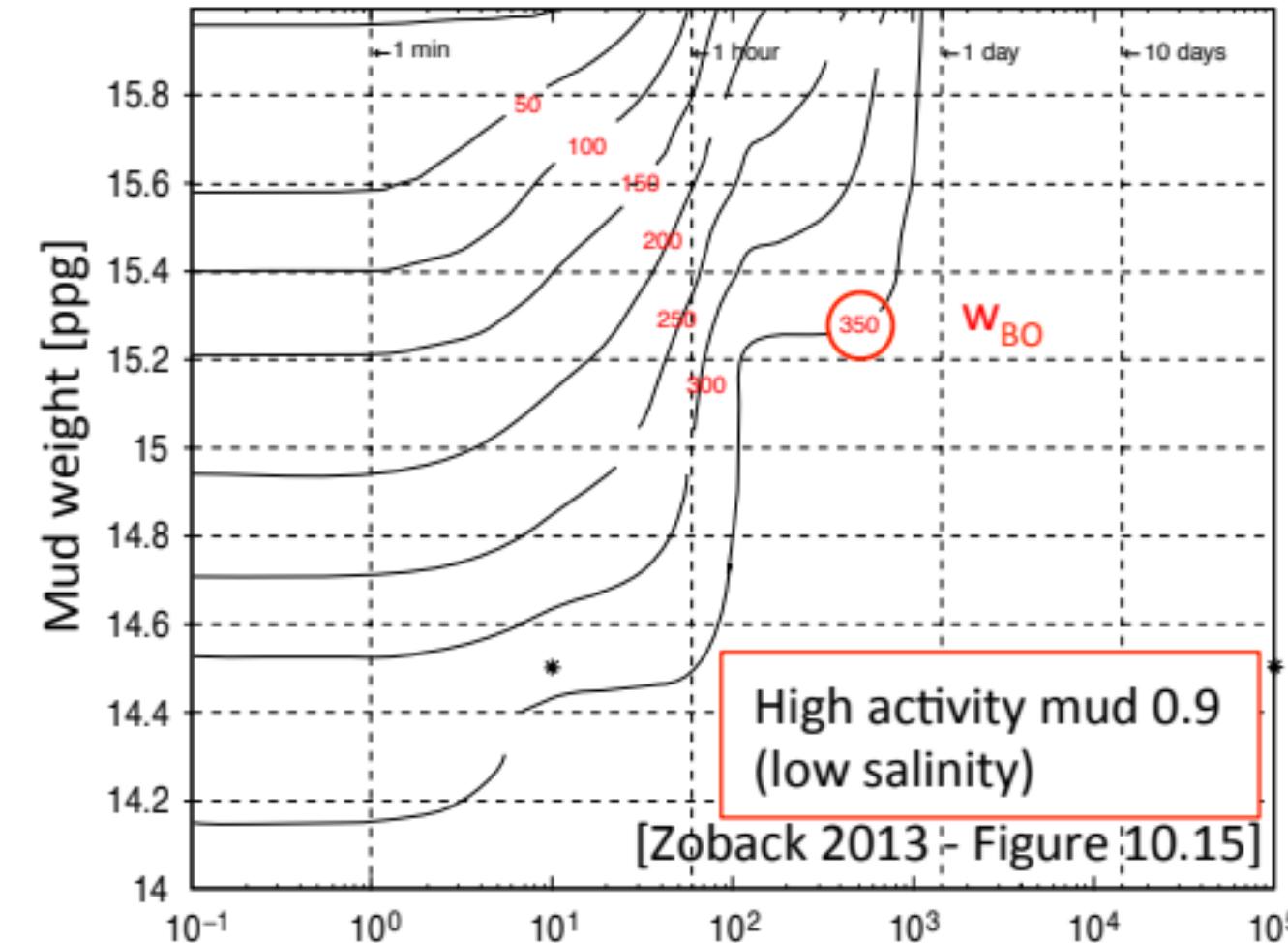
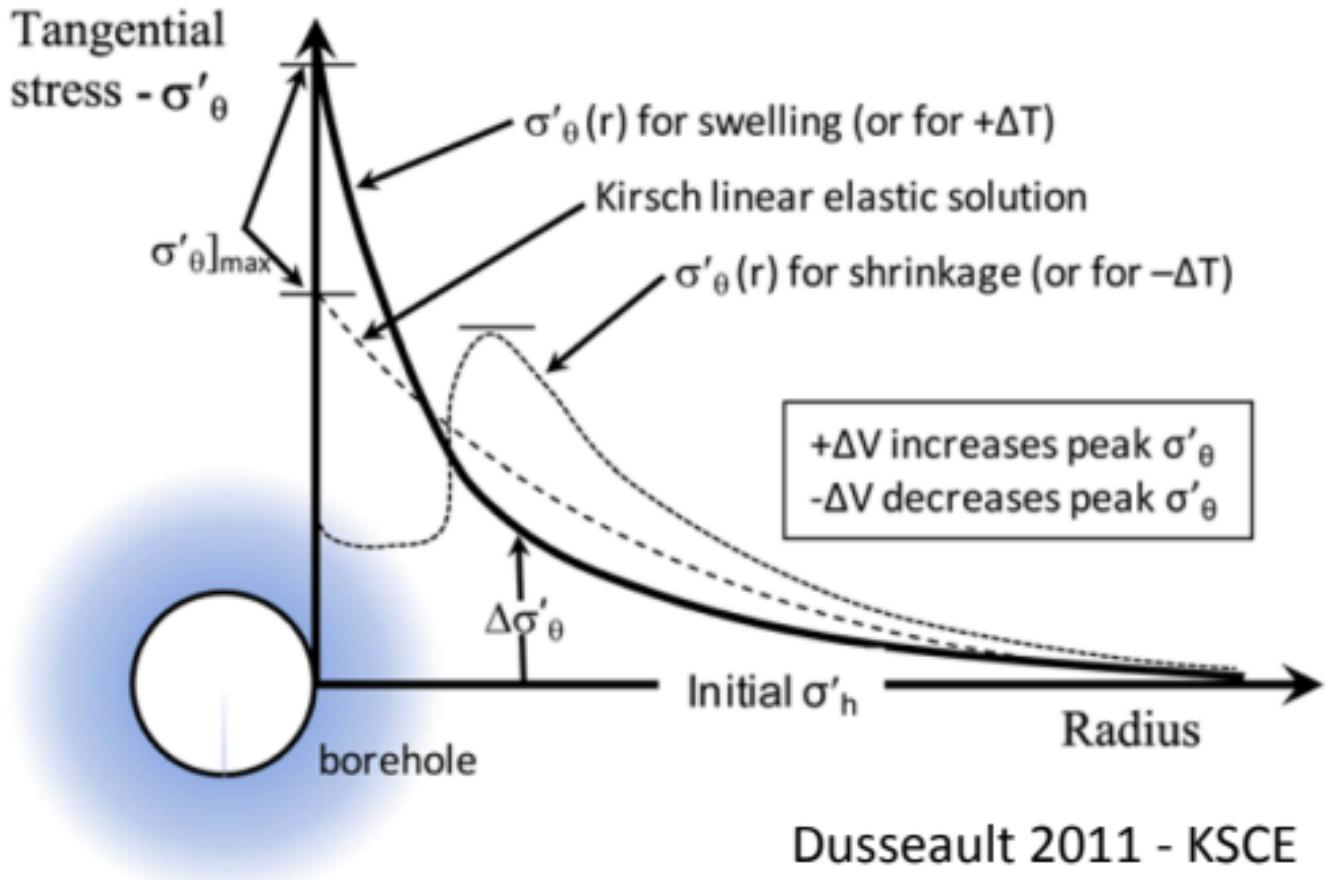
Norway shale

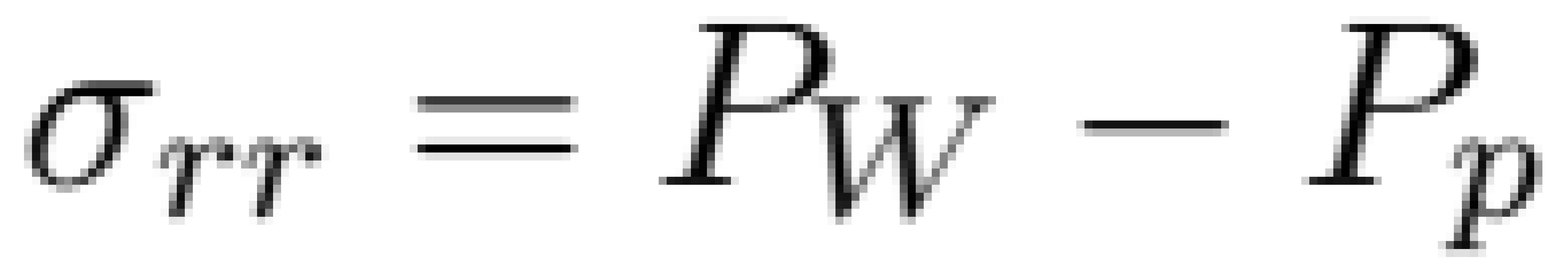


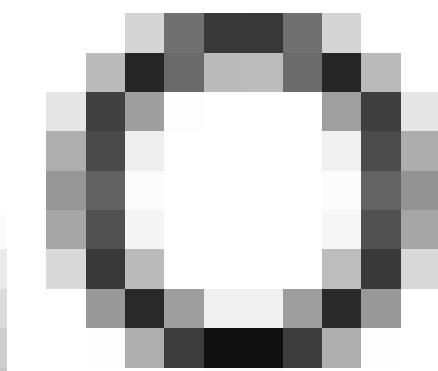
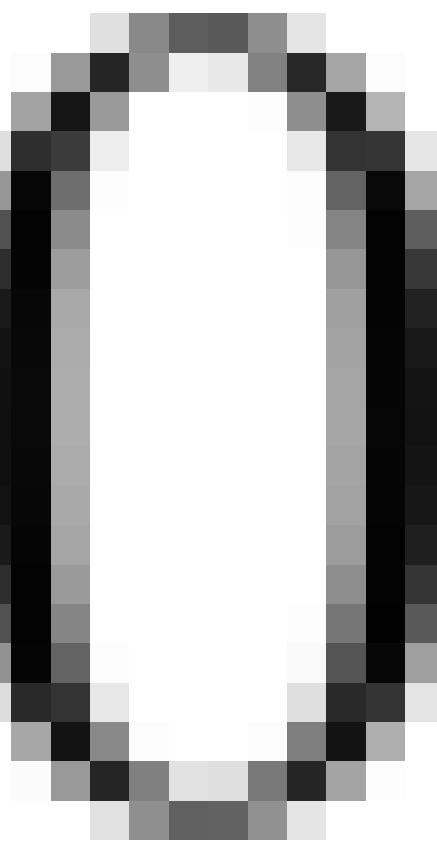
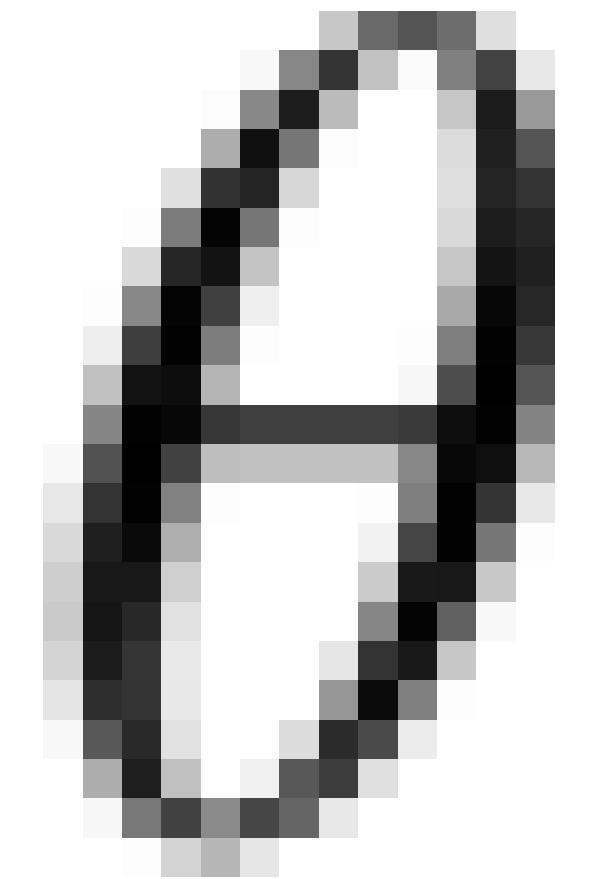
After 2hs exposition

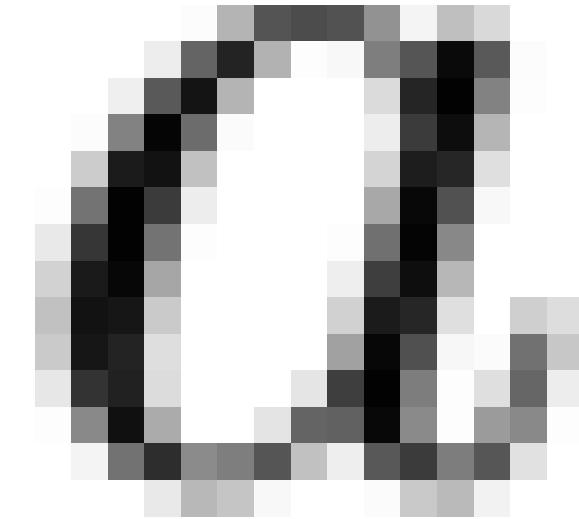
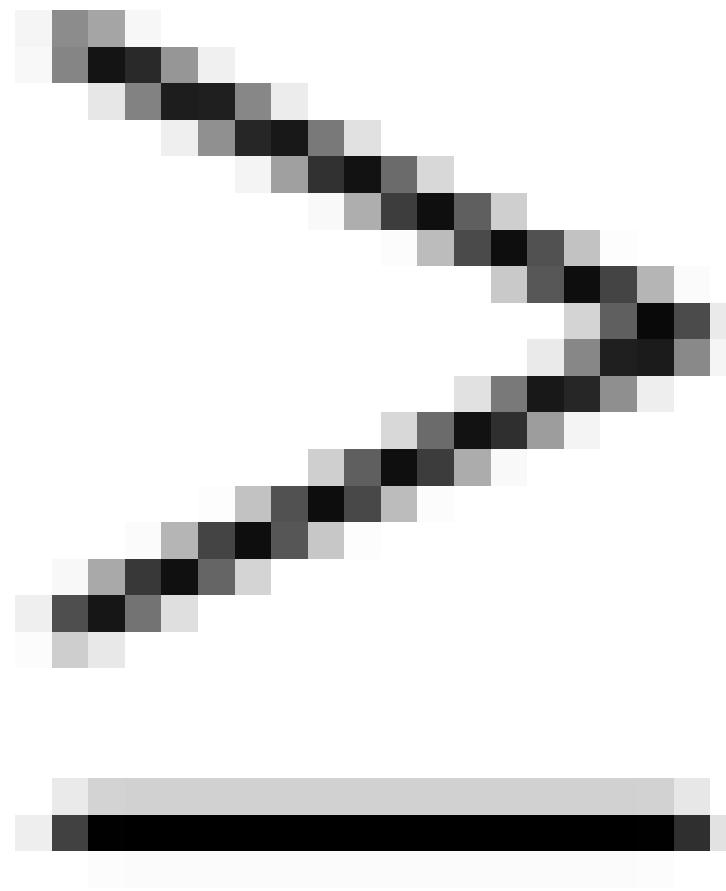
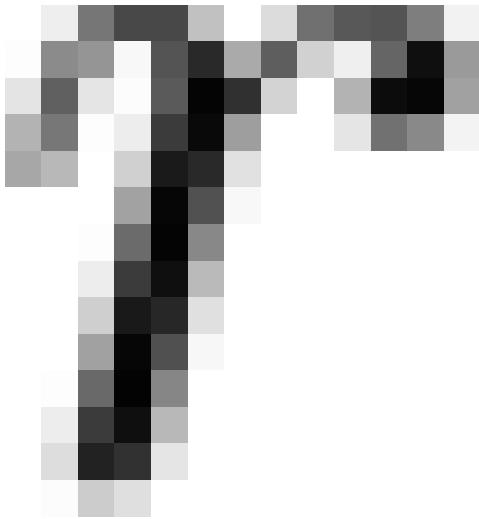


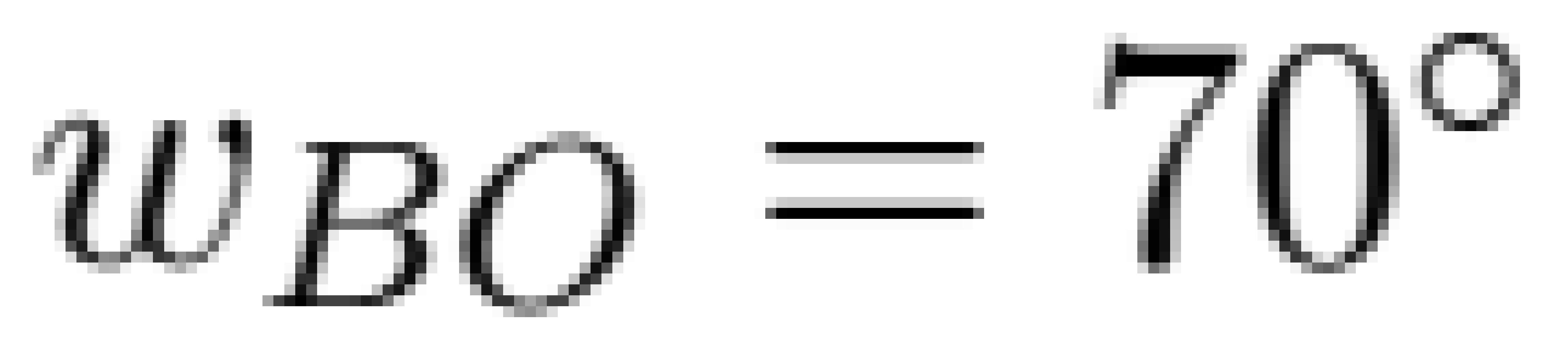
CPGE – M. Chenevert

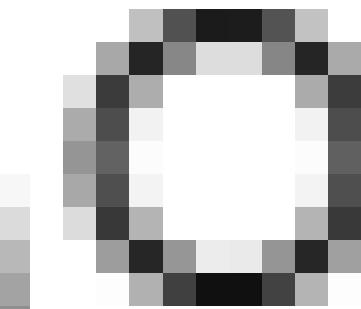
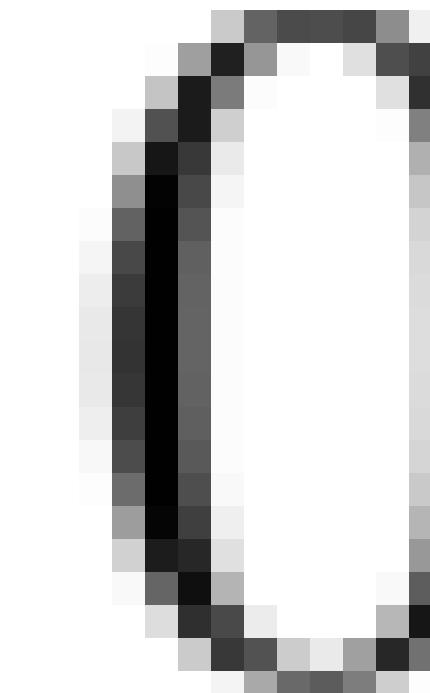
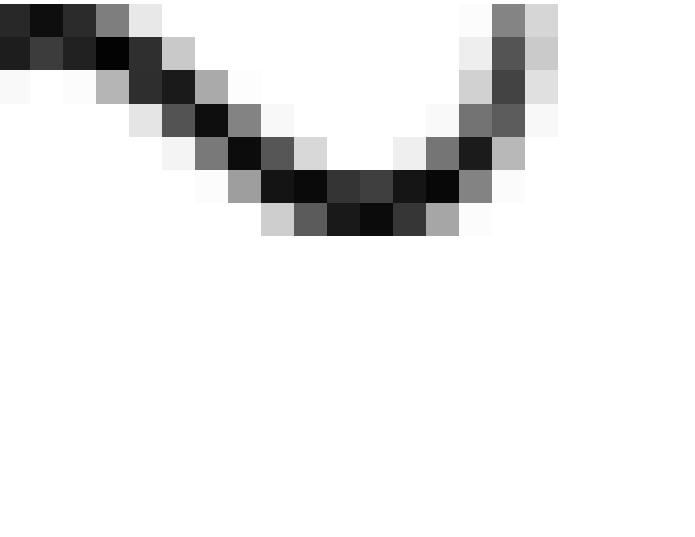
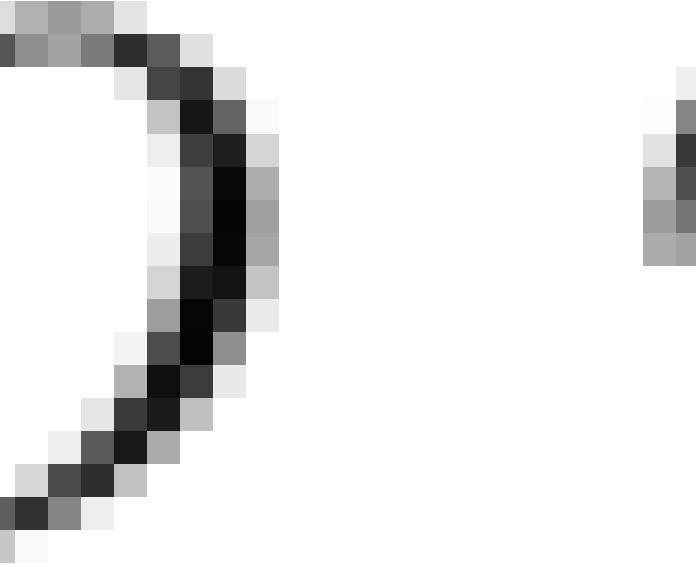
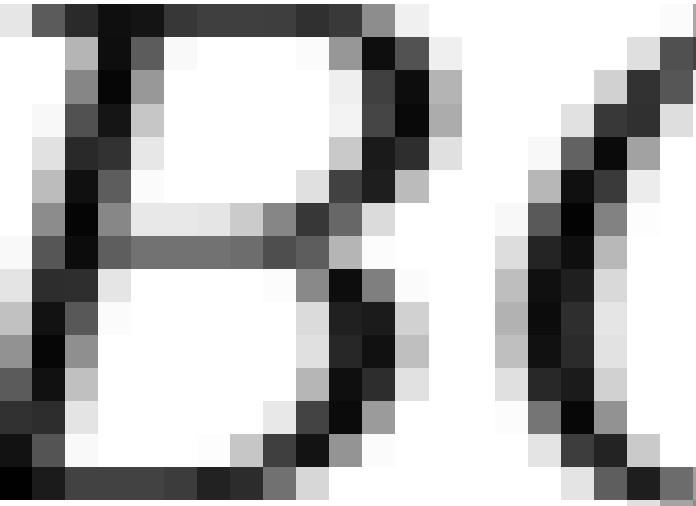
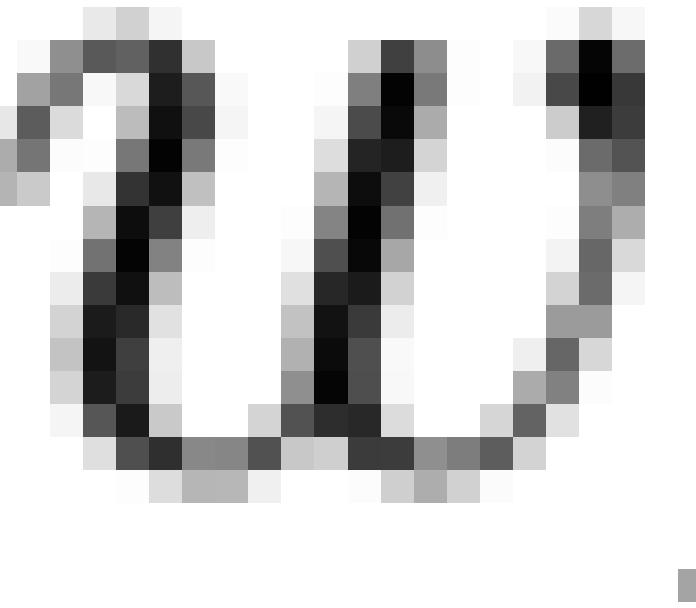


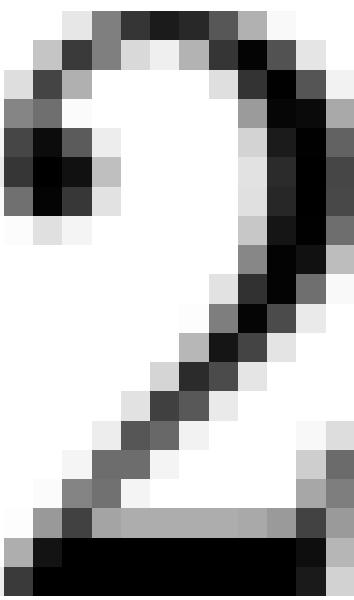
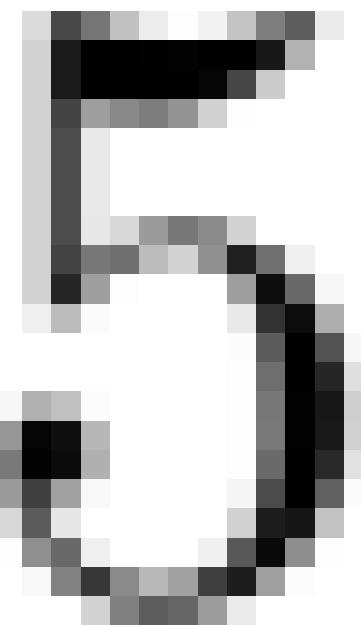
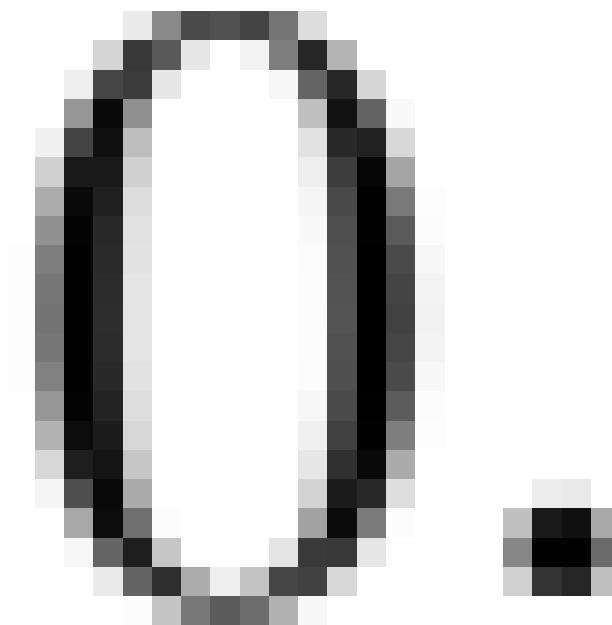


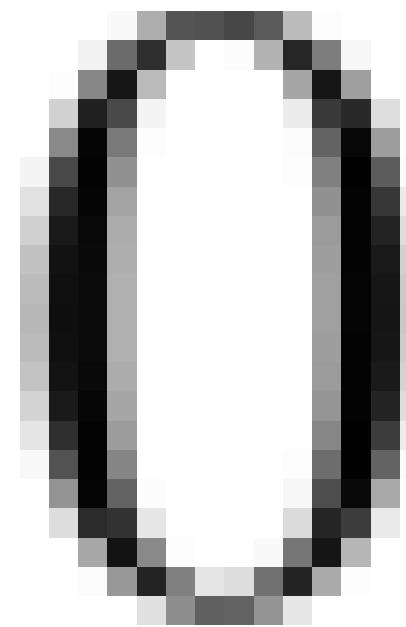
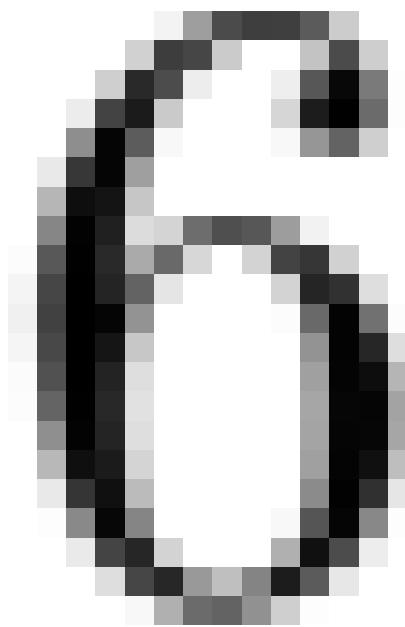
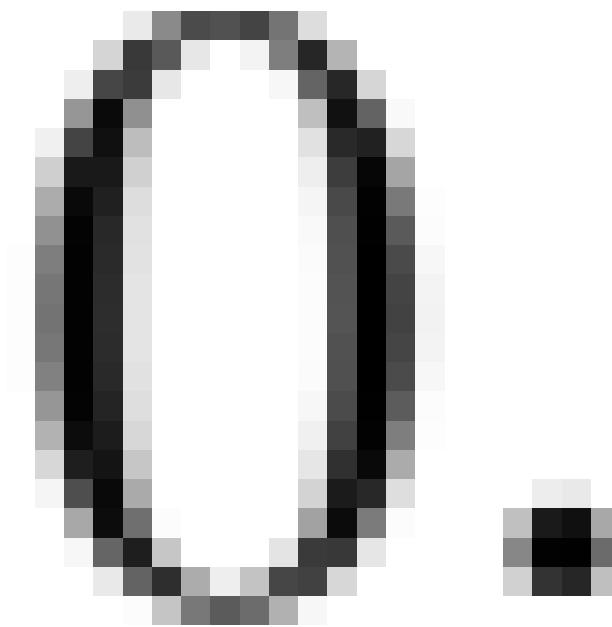


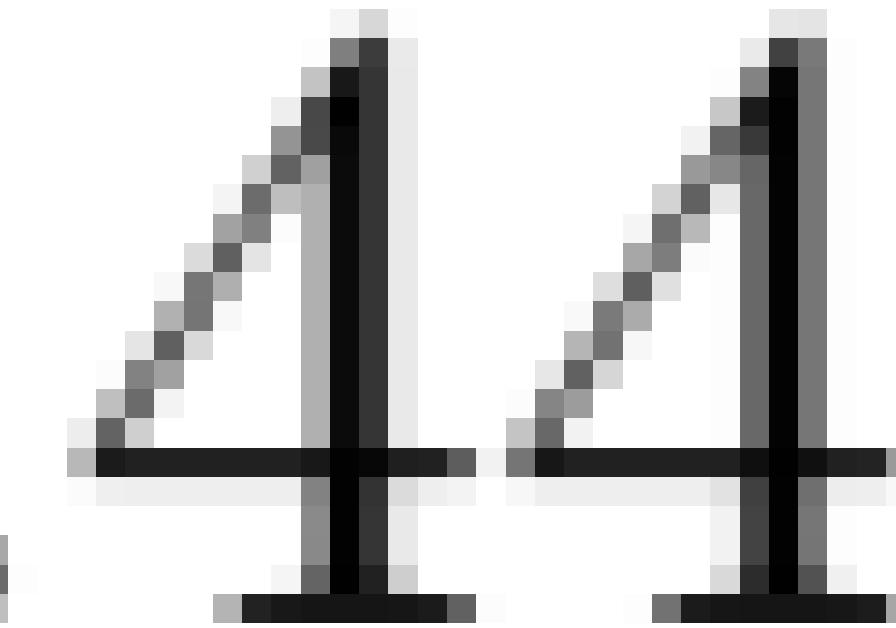
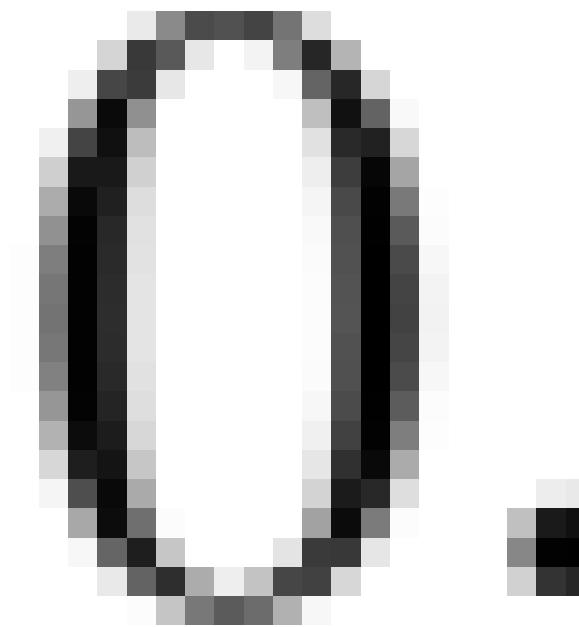


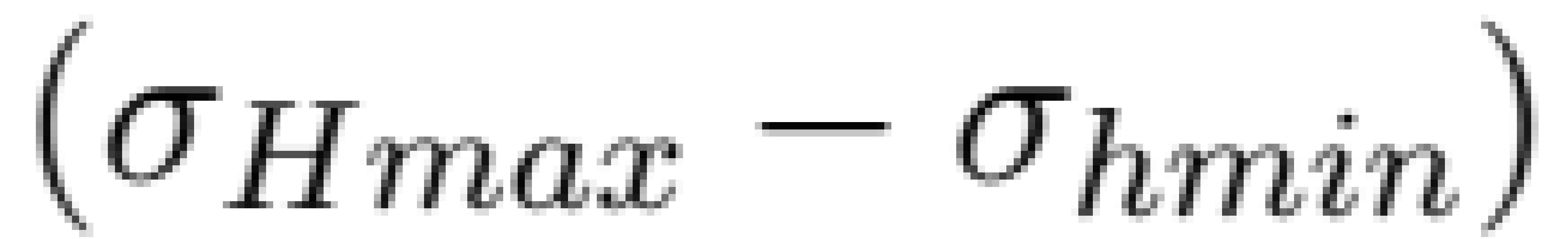




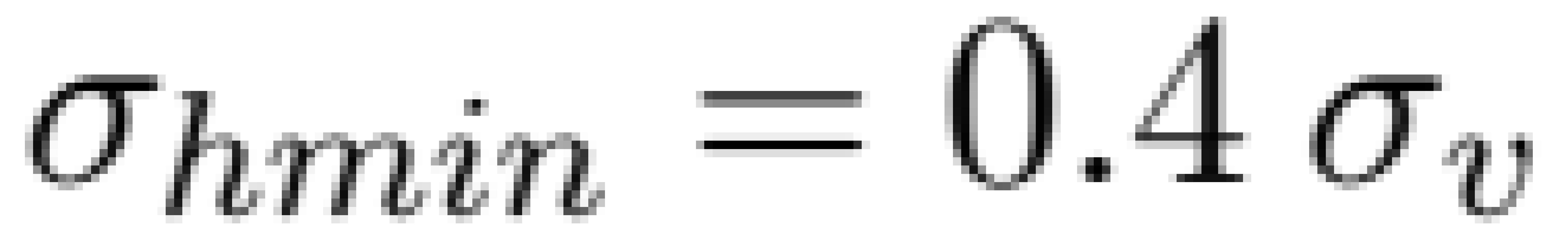


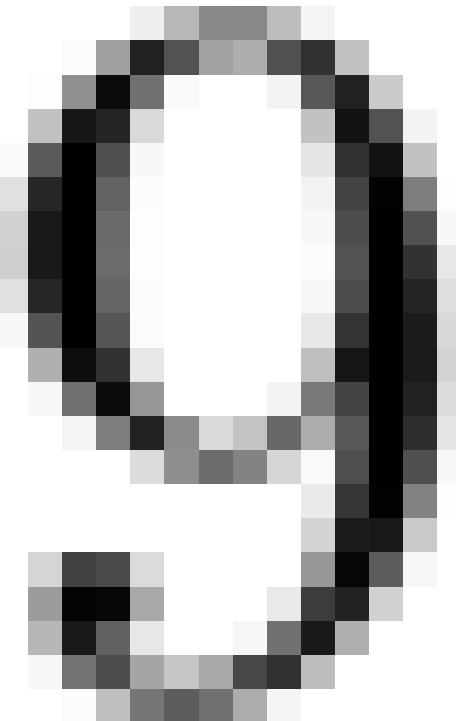
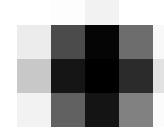
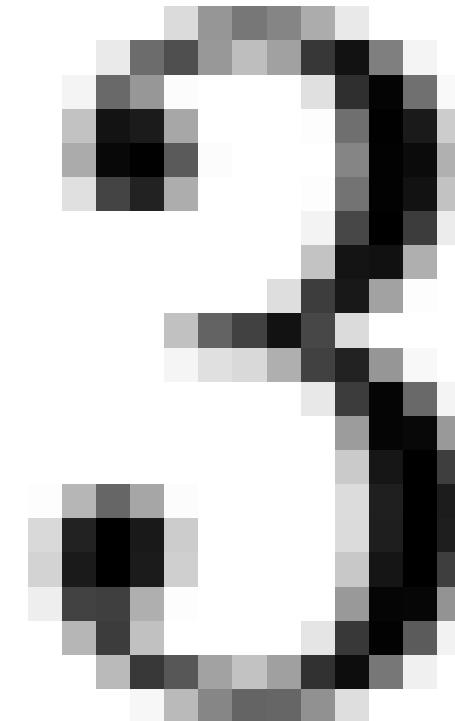
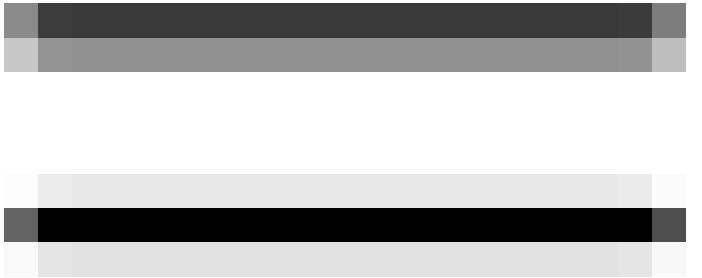
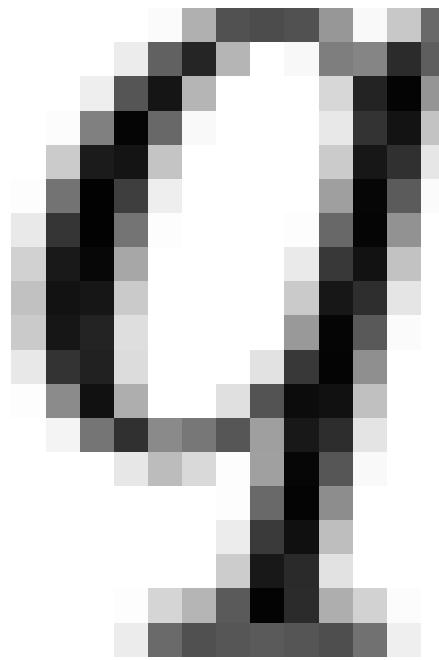


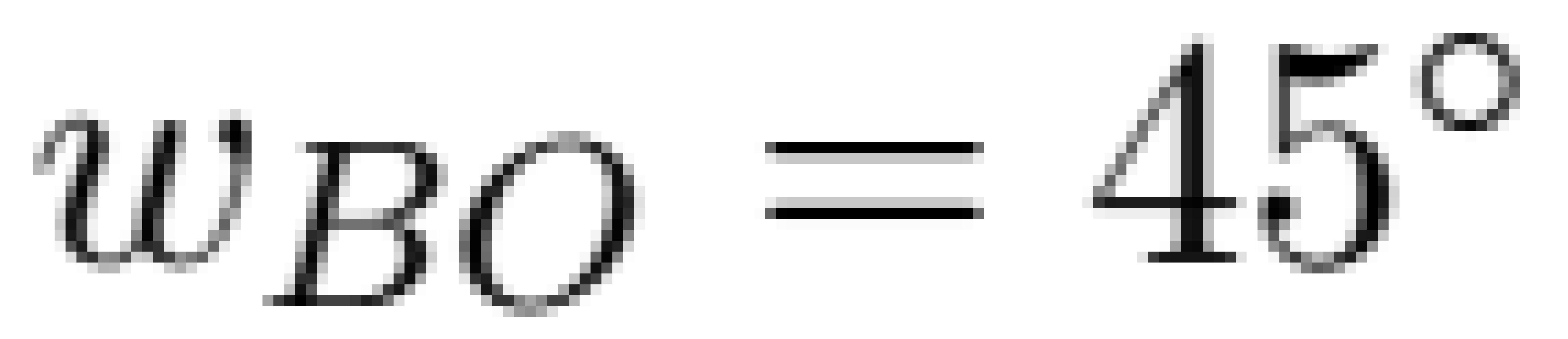








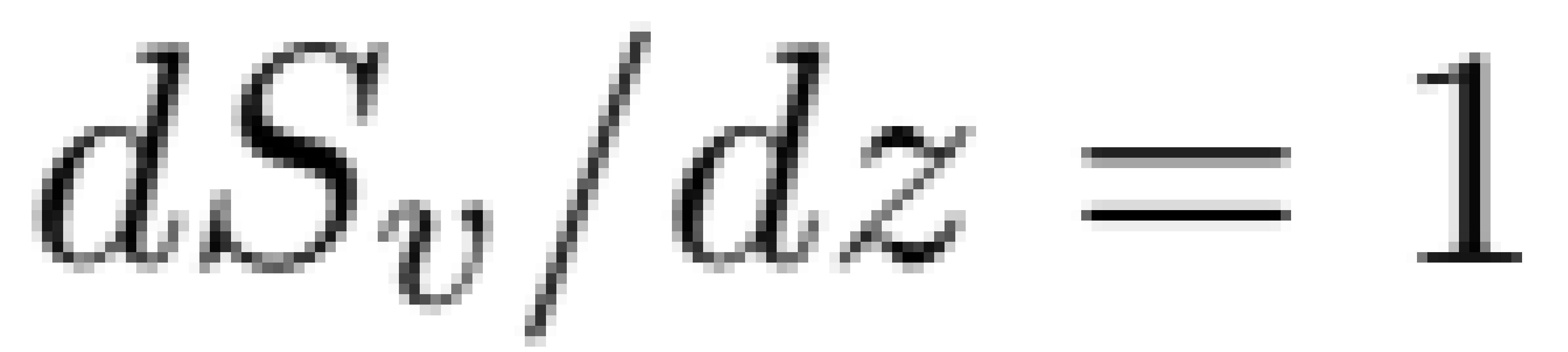


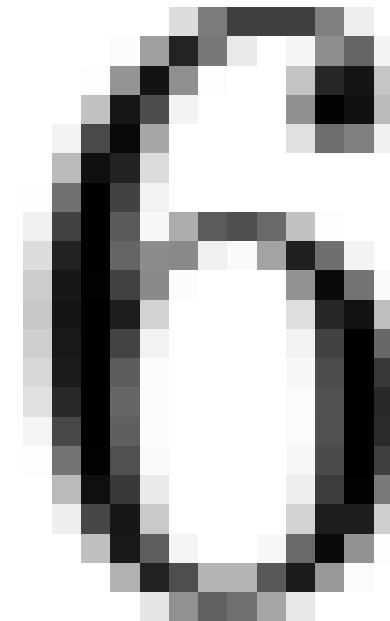
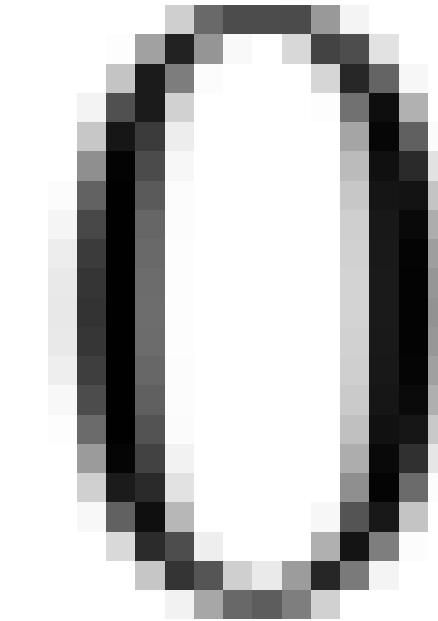


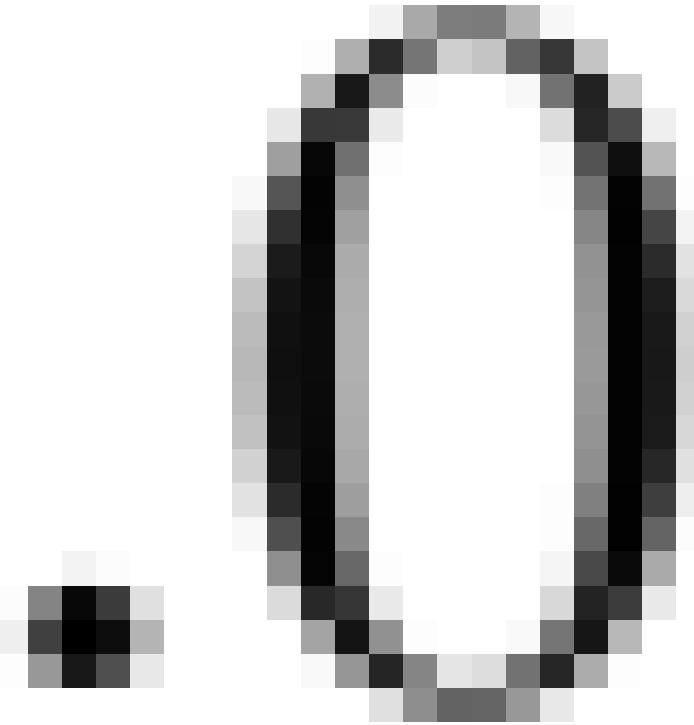
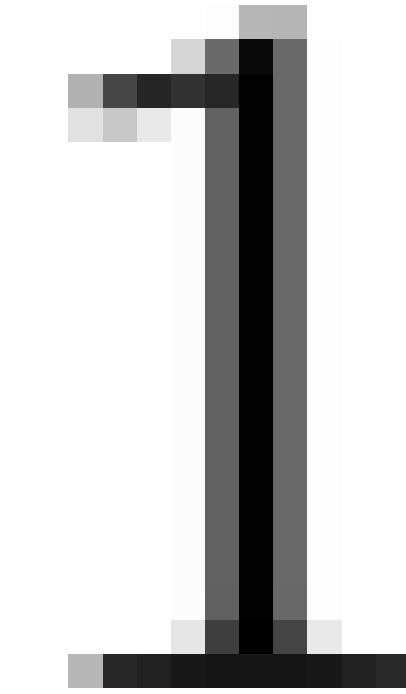




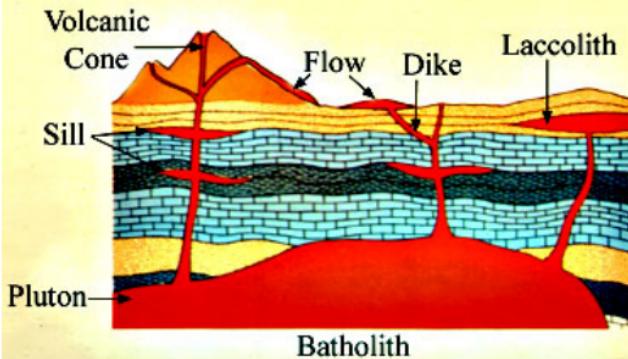


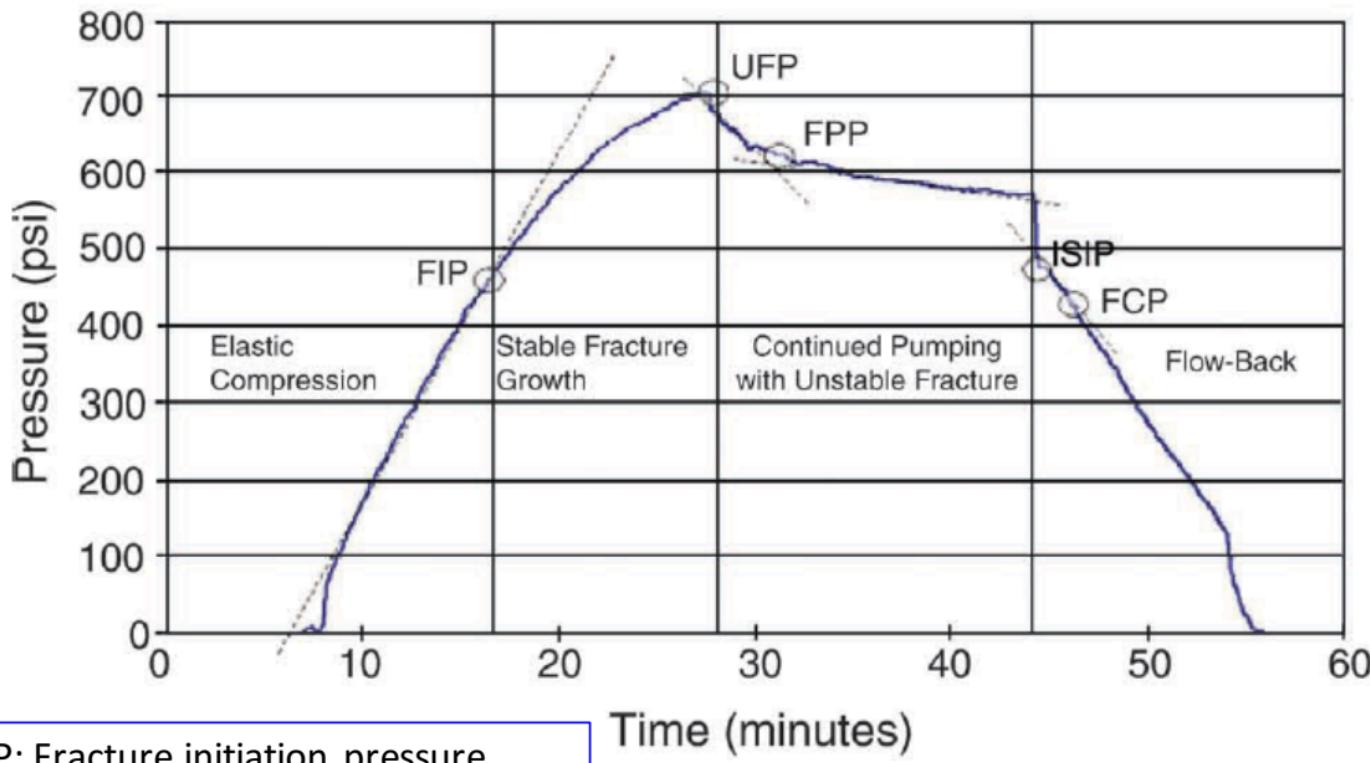






PLUTONS & VOLCANIC LANDFORMS





FIP: Fracture initiation pressure

UFP: Unstable fracture pressure

FPP: Fracture propagation pressure

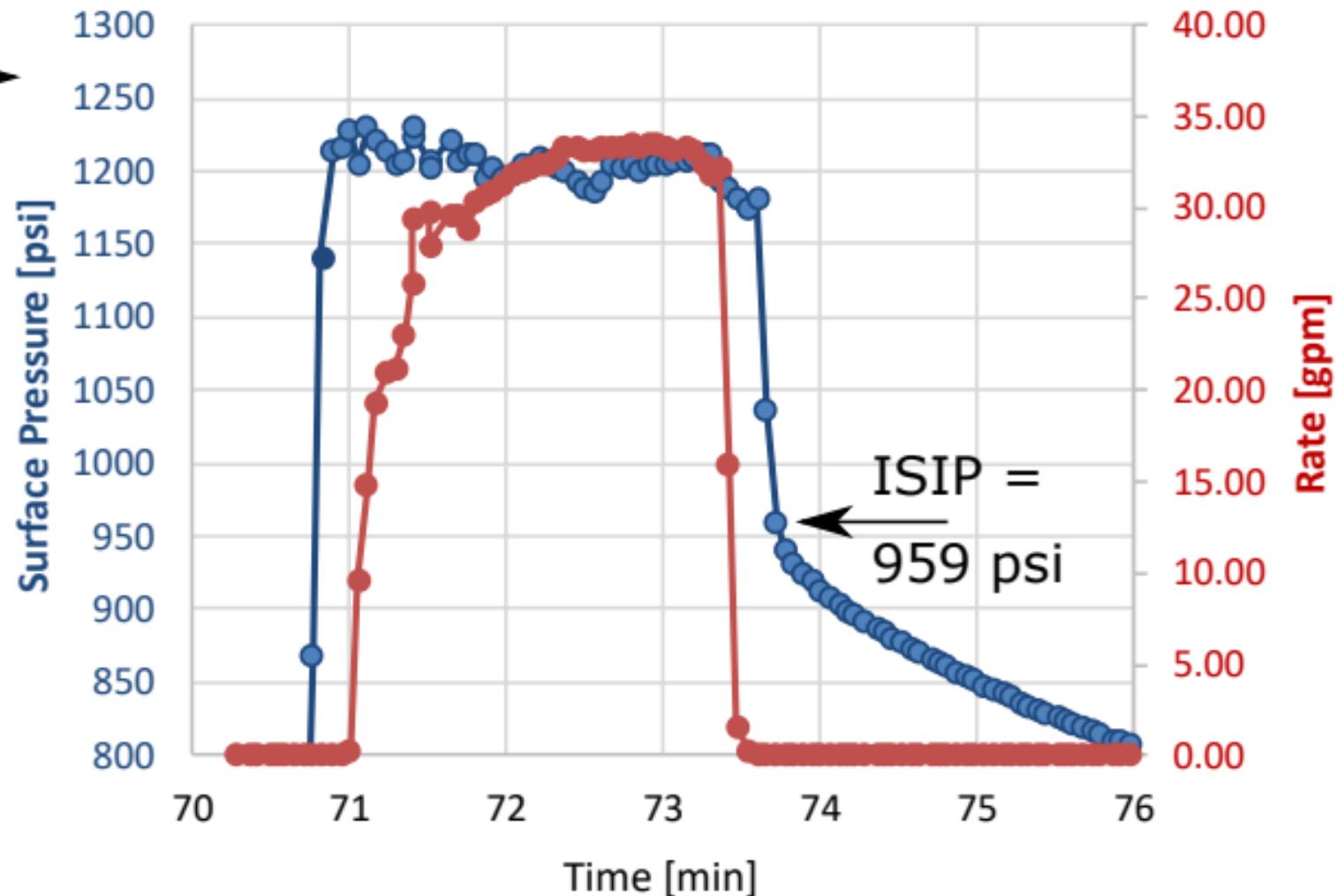
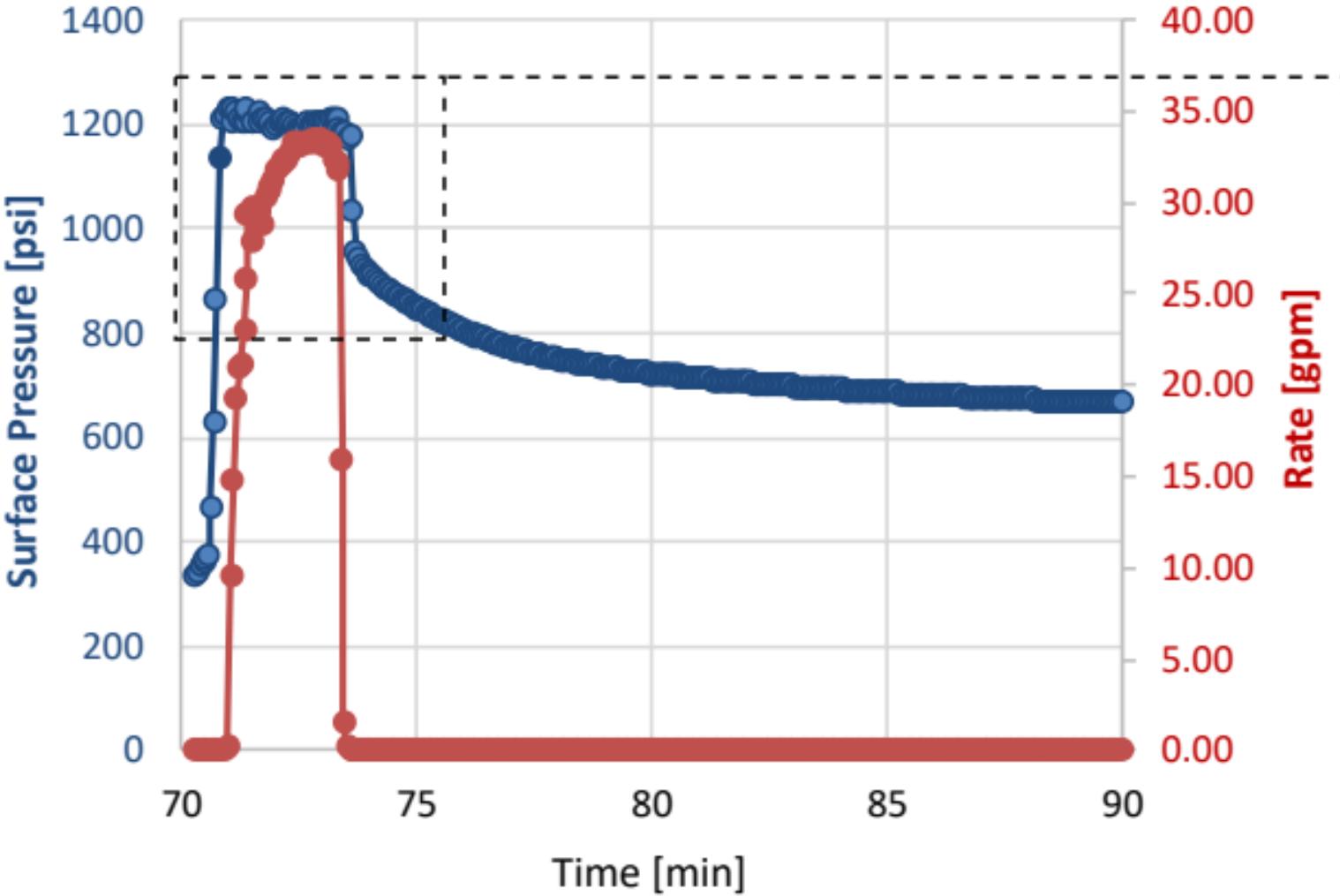
ISIP: Instantaneous shut-in pressure

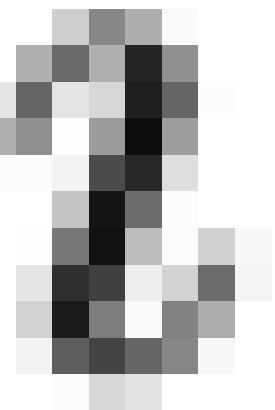
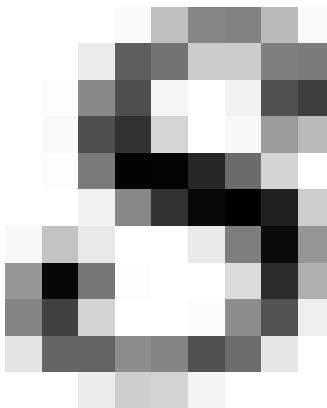
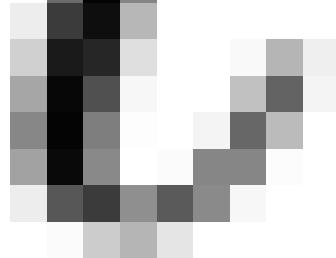
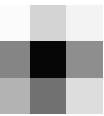
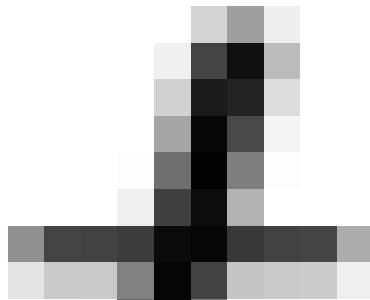
FCP: Fracture closure pressure

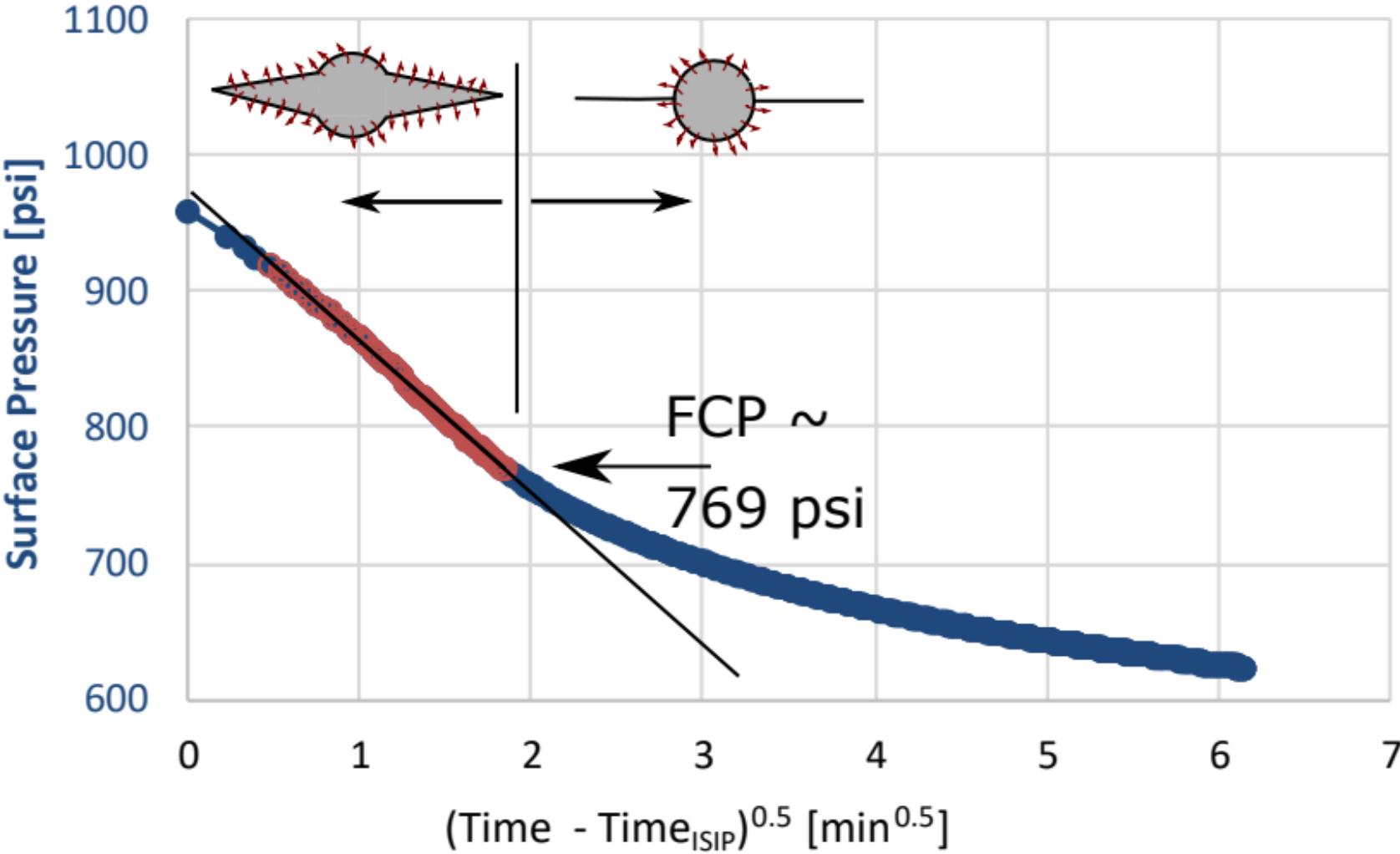
Time (minutes)

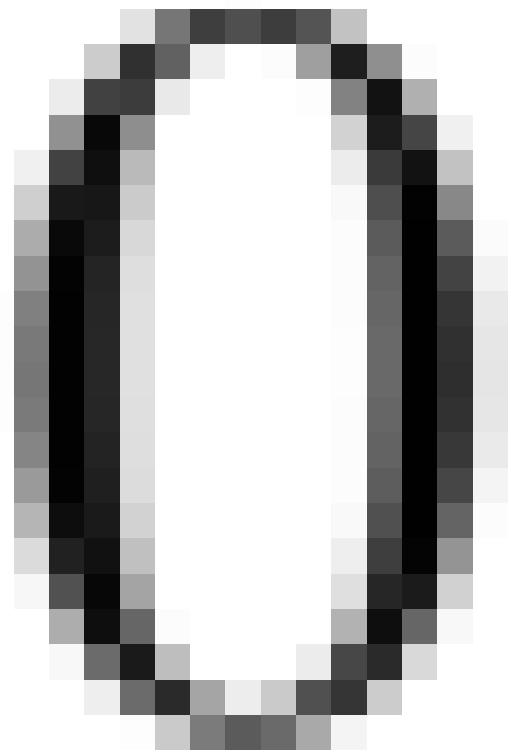
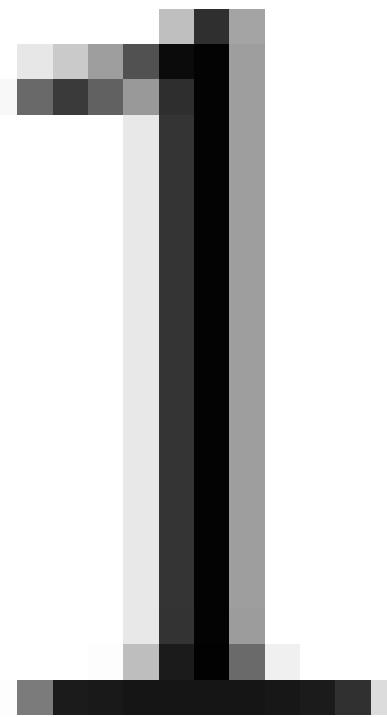
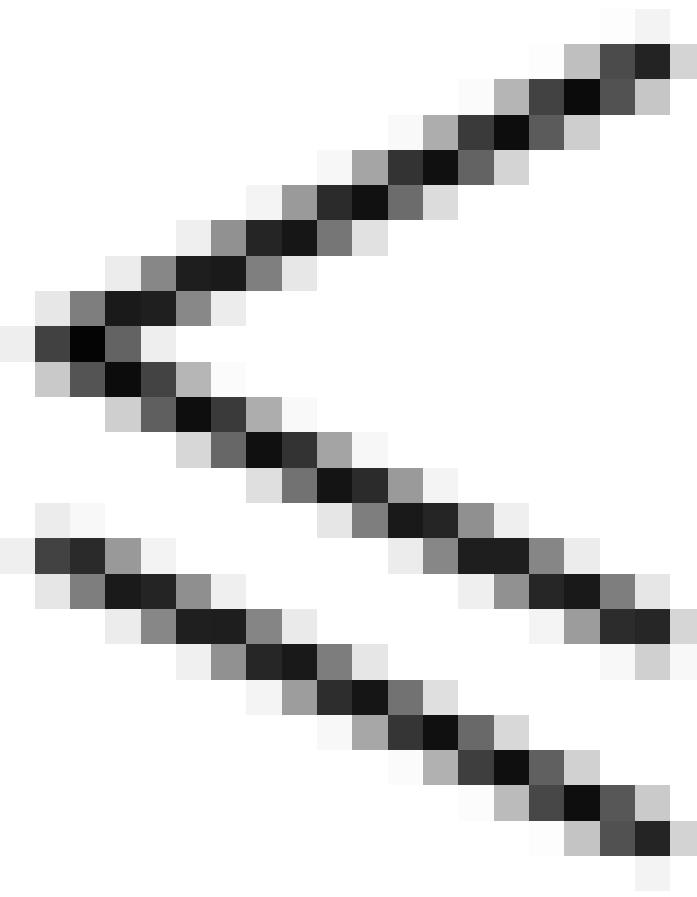
$$\Delta V = q \Delta t$$

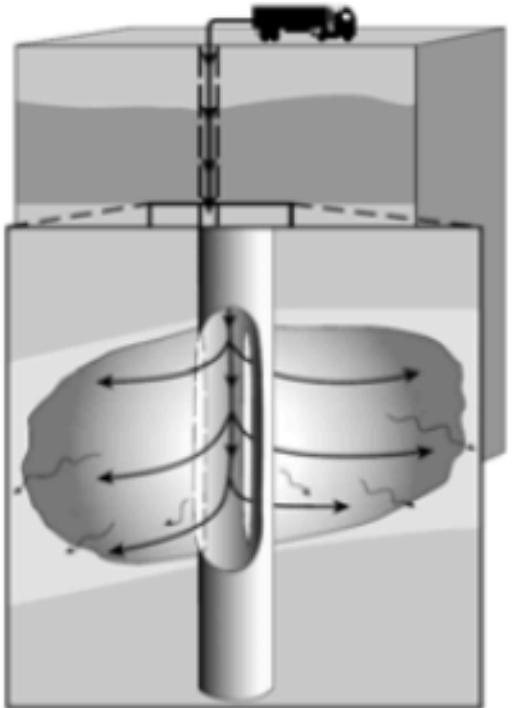
[van Oort and Vargo, 2008]



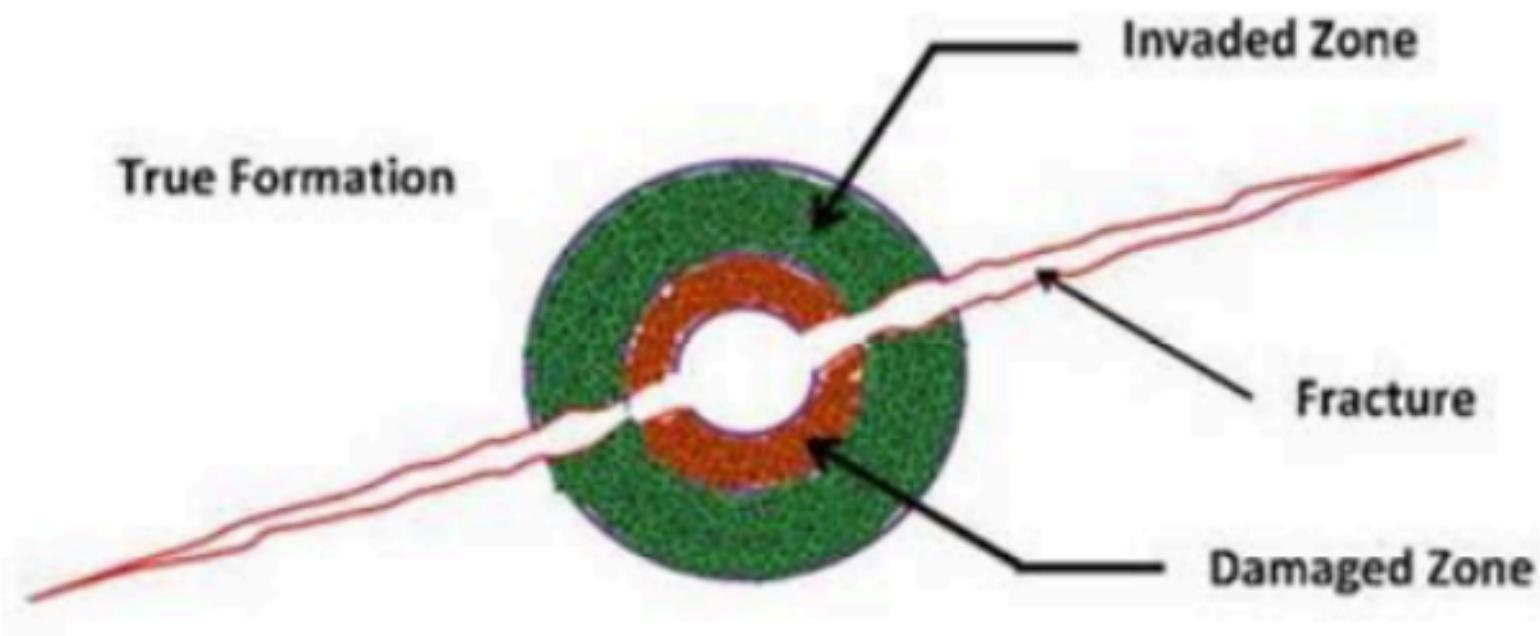








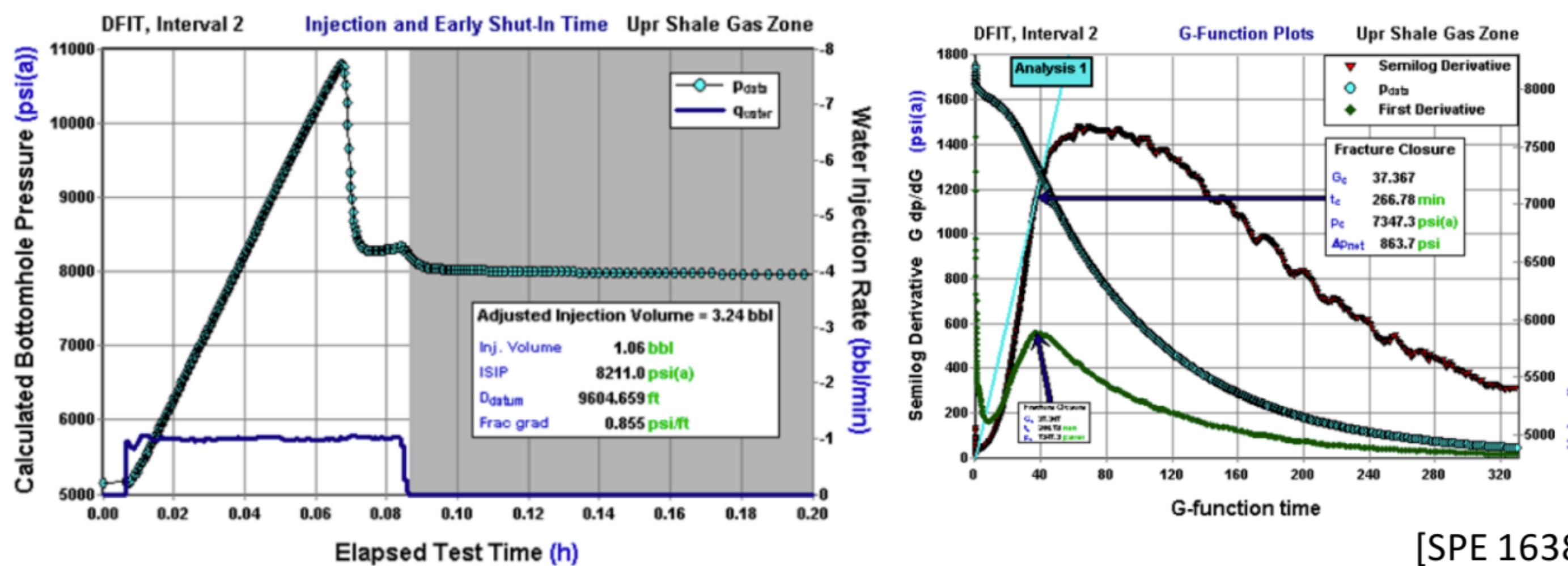
Side View

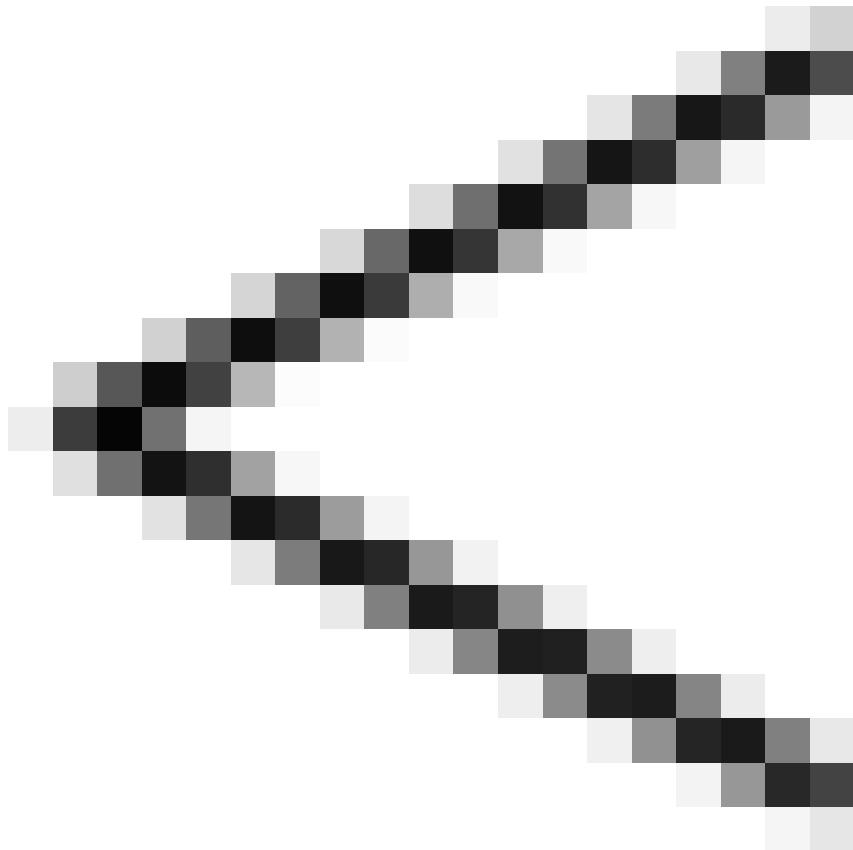


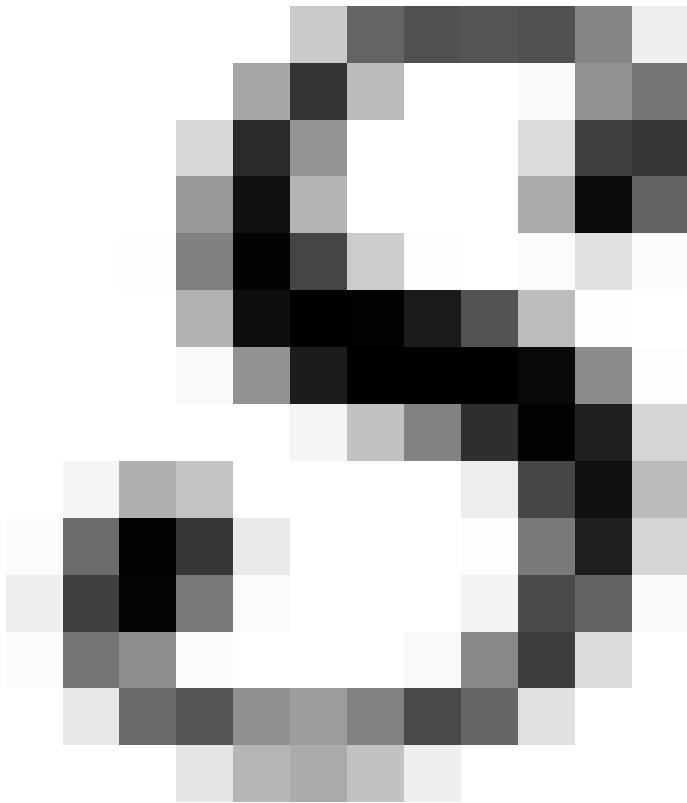
Plan View

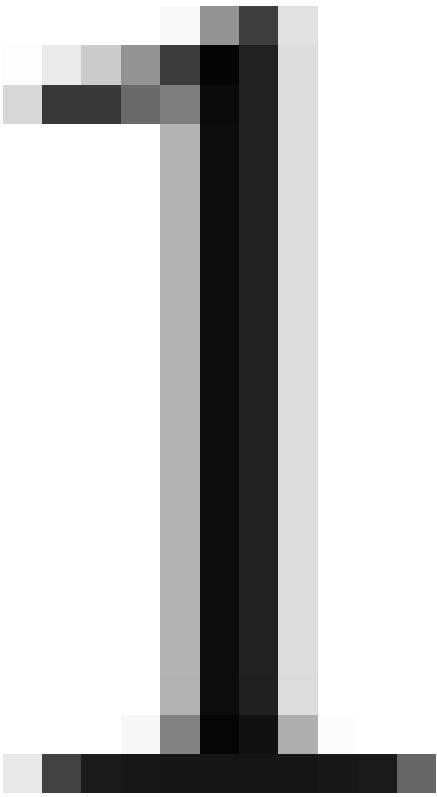
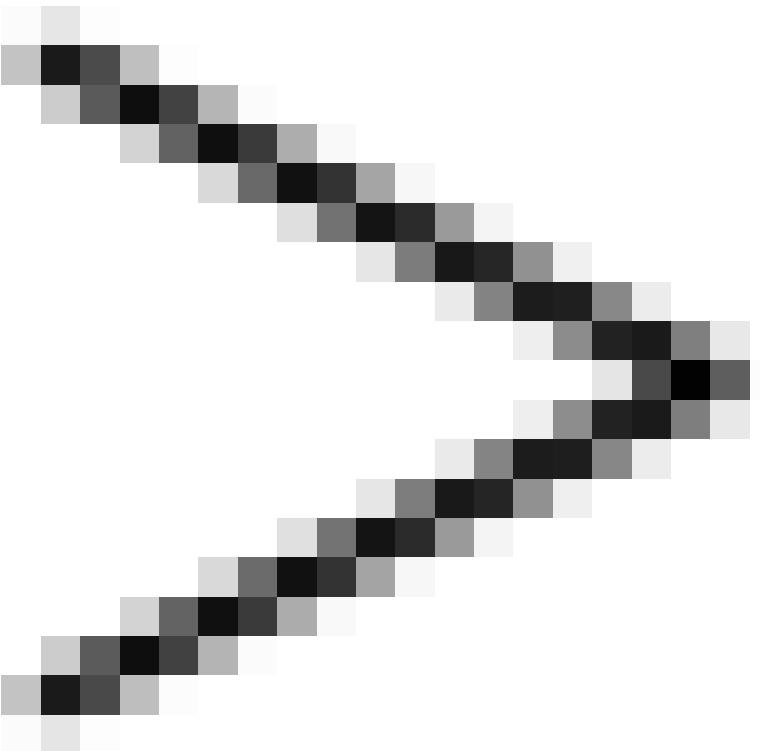
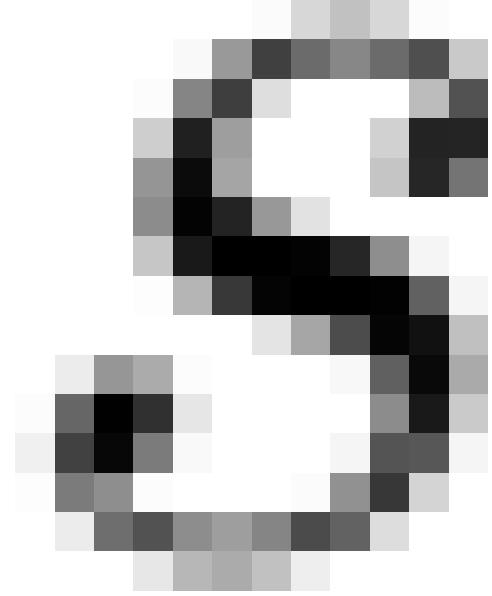
Fekete, 2011

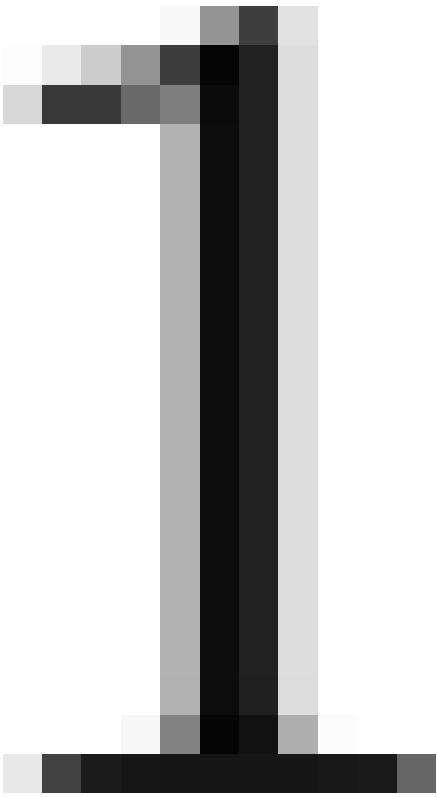
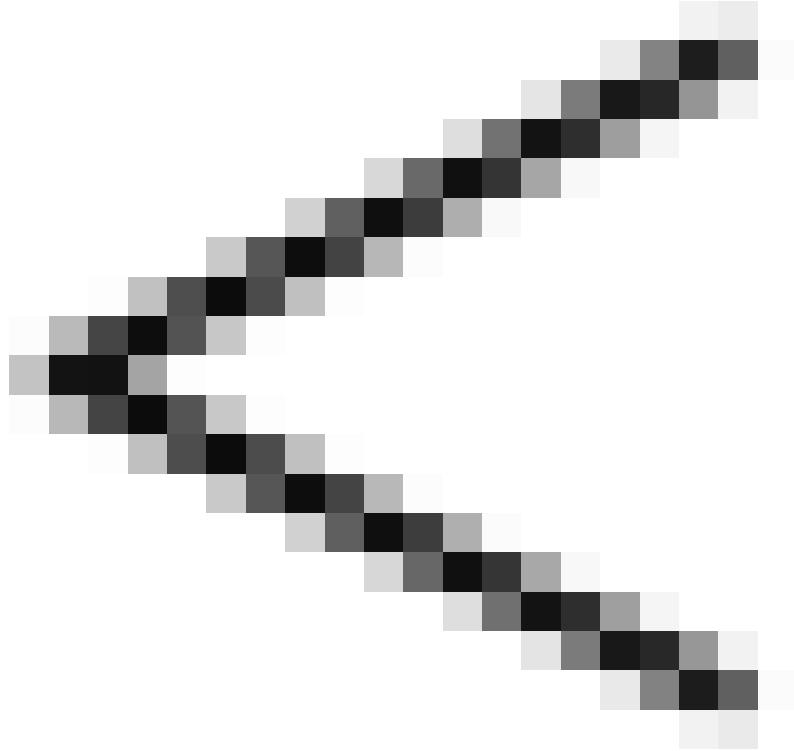
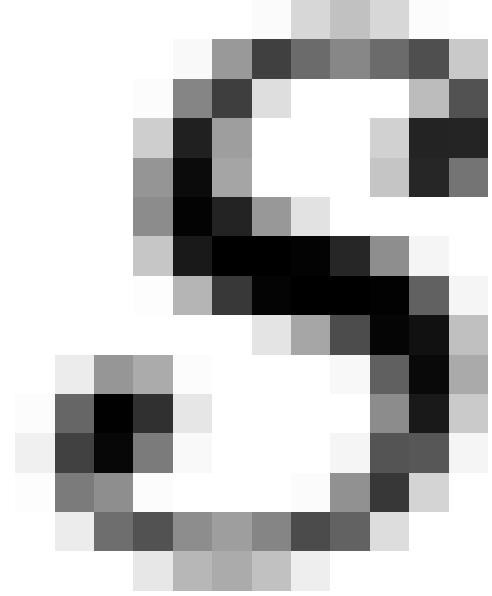
[SPE 163863]





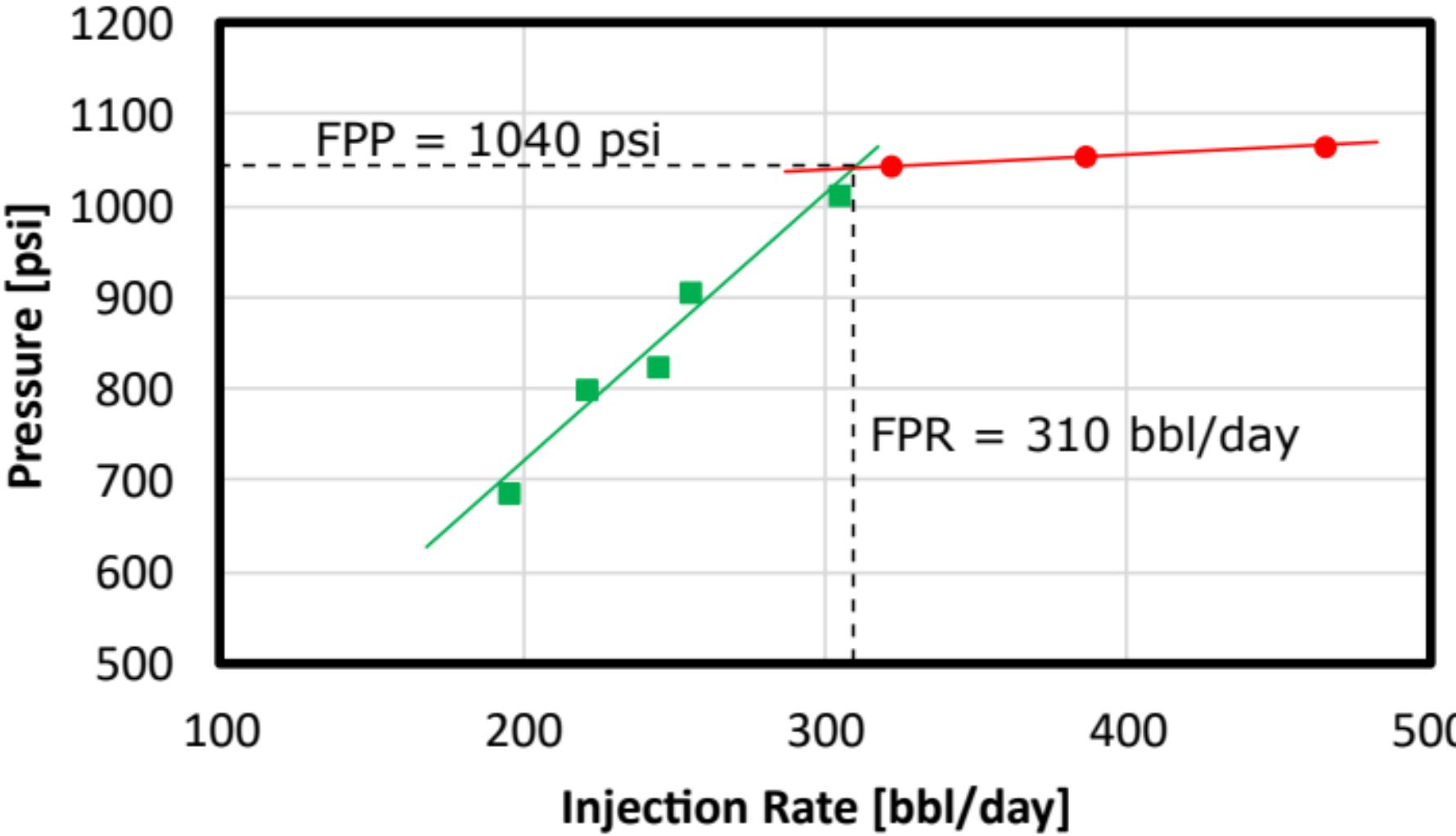






$$q =$$

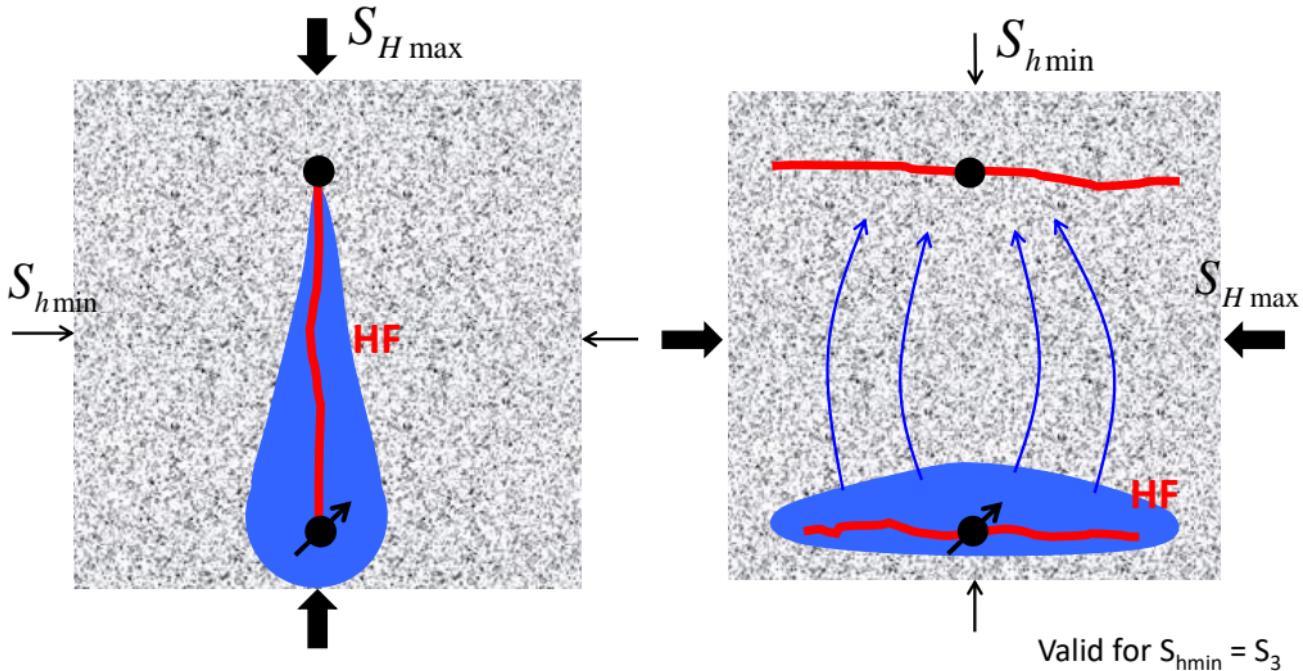
$$\frac{2\pi\hbar k}{\mu} \frac{P_e - P_w}{\ln(\frac{r_e}{r_w}) + s}$$



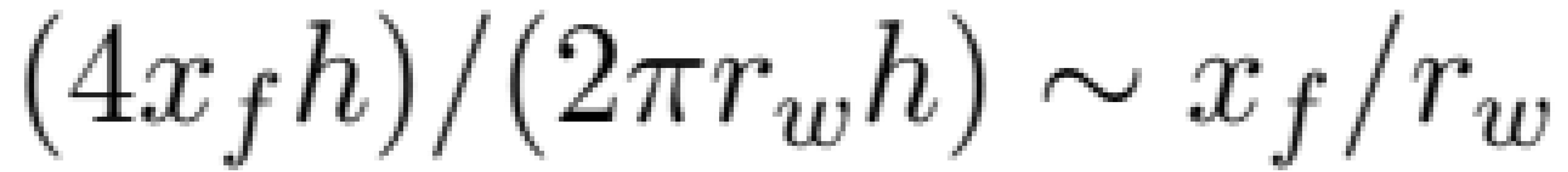
Fracture Influence on Flooding

Fractures modify :

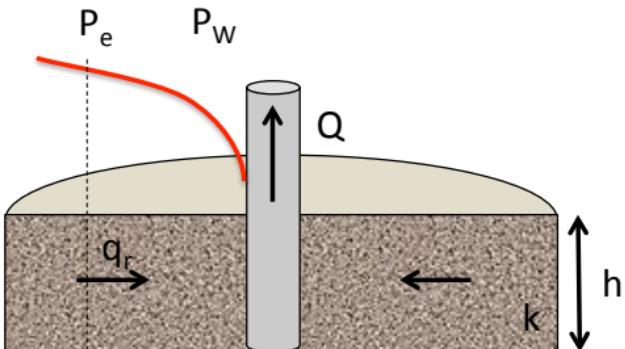
- 1) Sweep Efficiency
- 2) Injectivity
- 3) Oil Productivity







Intact



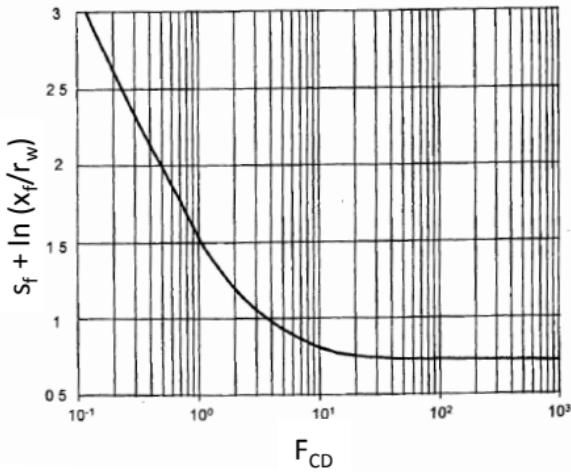
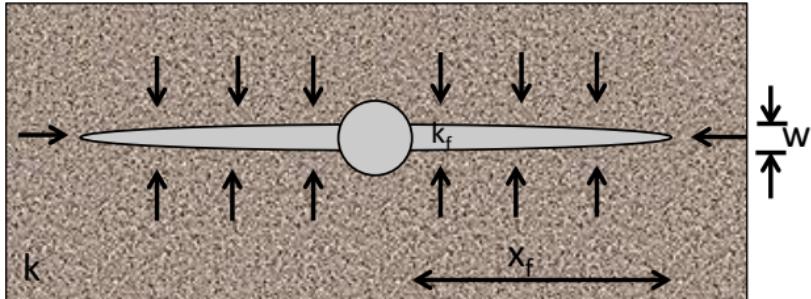
$$r_e \xrightarrow{r_w}$$

$$Q = -\frac{2\pi kh}{\mu} \frac{(P_e - P_w)}{p_D + s}$$

p_D : Dimensionless pressure
 $= \ln(r_e/r_w)$ if steady state

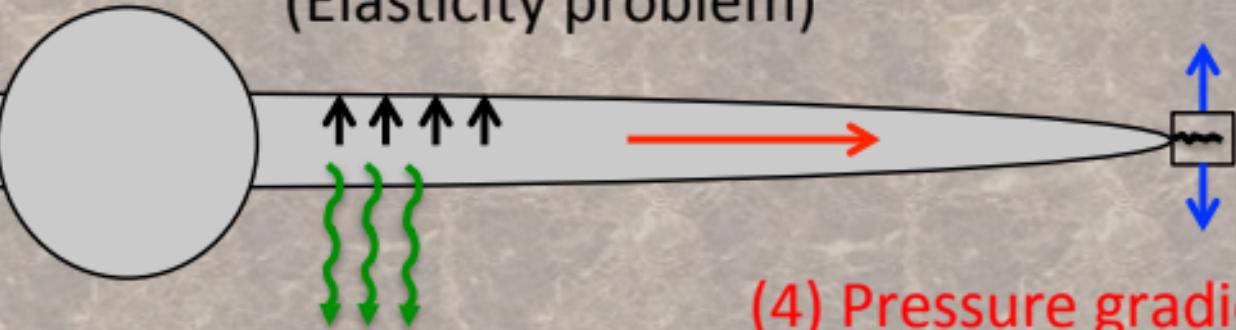
s : skin factor
 $> 1 \rightarrow$ damage
 $< 1 \rightarrow$ stimulation

Fractured



$$w, x_f, k_f \rightarrow F_{CD} = (k_f w) / (k x_f)$$

$$x_f, r_w, F_{CD} \rightarrow s_f \text{ from above plot}$$



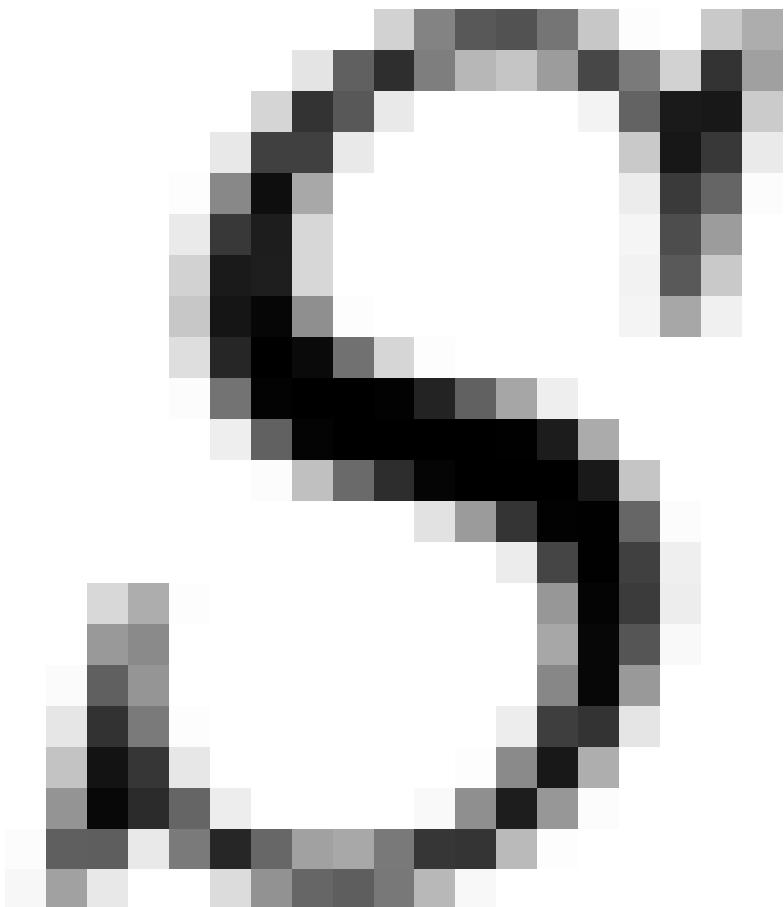
(1) Pressure on the fracture deforms adjacent rock
(Elasticity problem)

(2) Fracture propagates if the “stress intensity factor” is higher than what the rock can resist “rock toughness”
(Fracture mechanics problem)

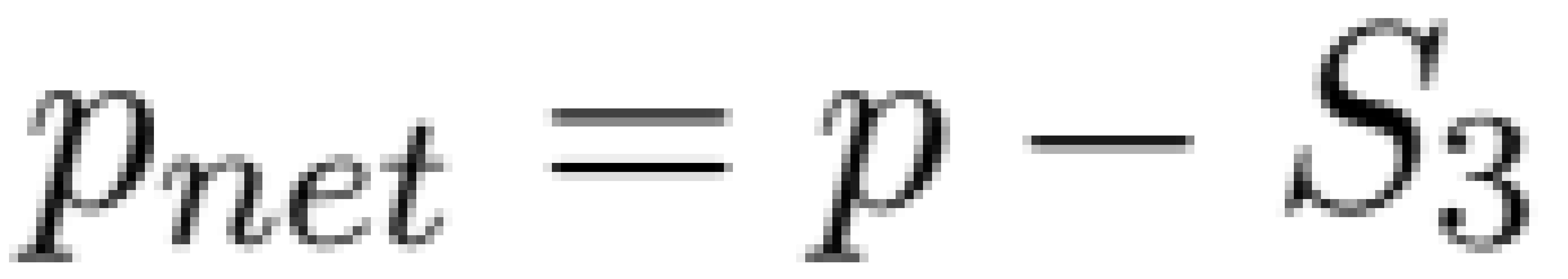
(3) Fracturing fluids can leak off to the formation
(Mud-cake design)

(4) Pressure gradient leads to flow of fracturing fluid through the fracture
(Lubrication problem)

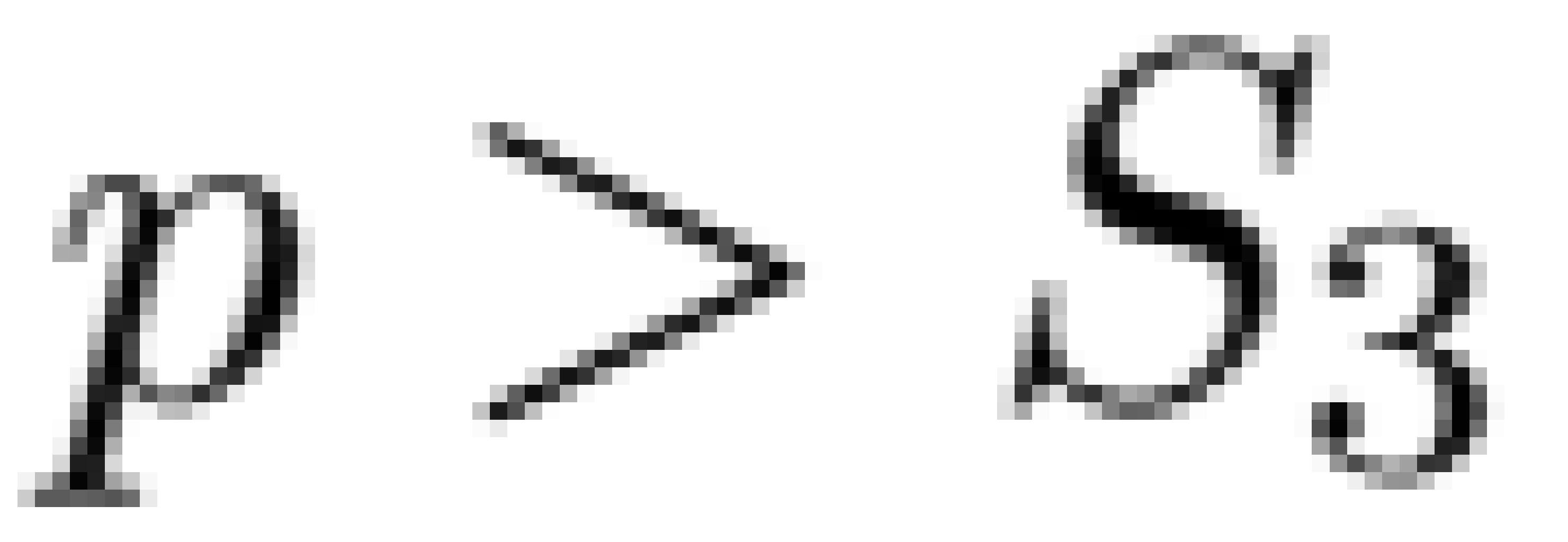
Net pressure
 $p_{\text{net}} = p - S_3$

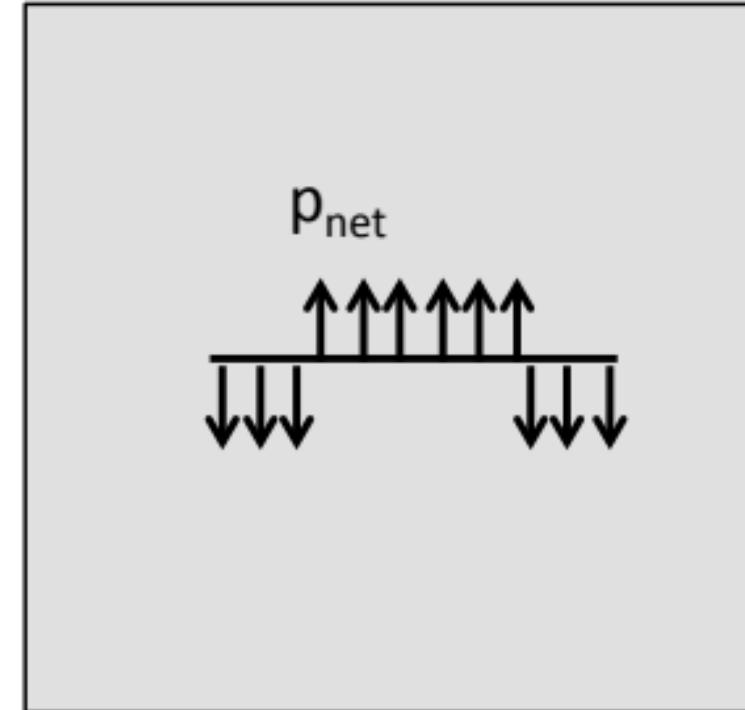
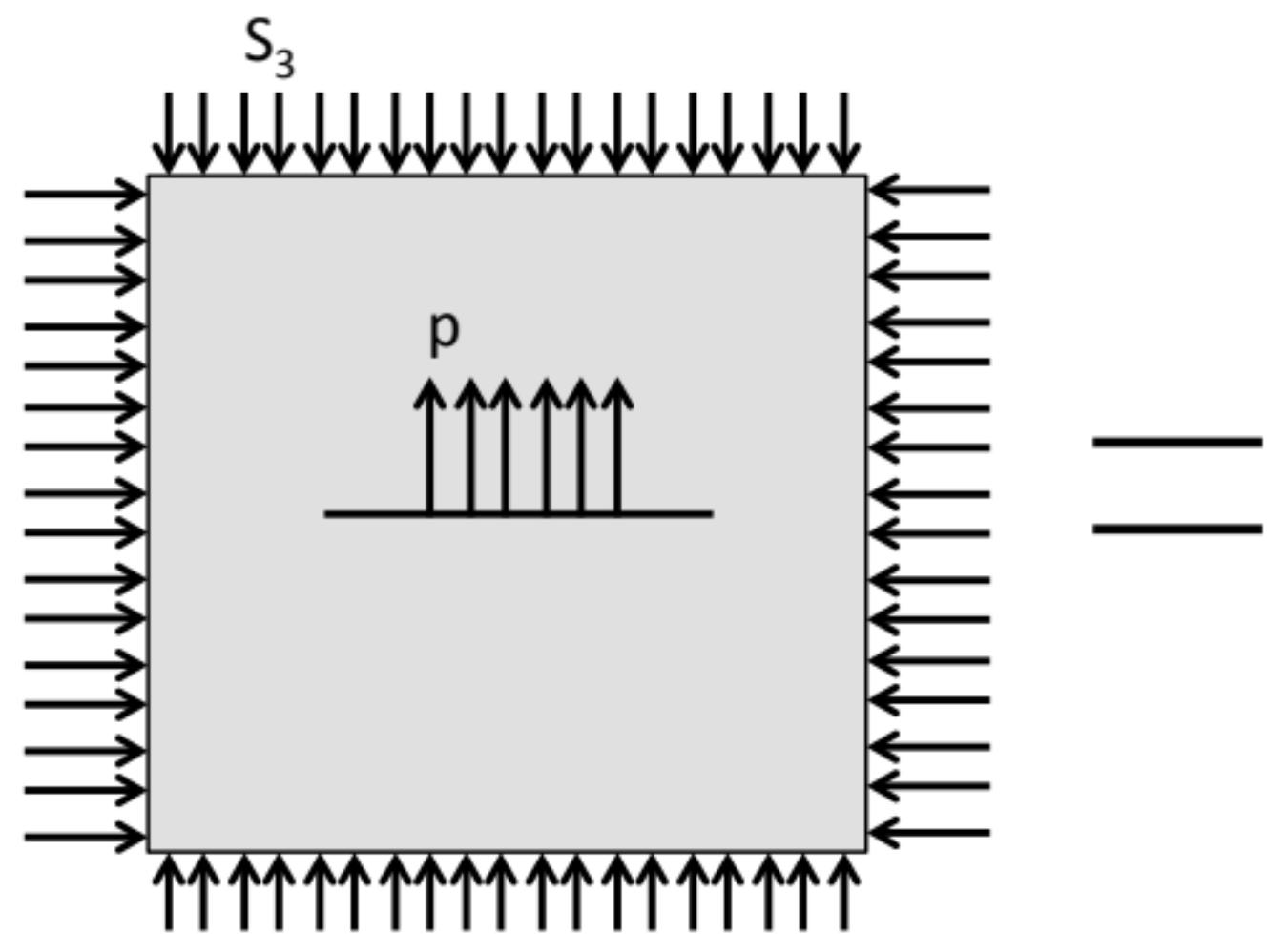


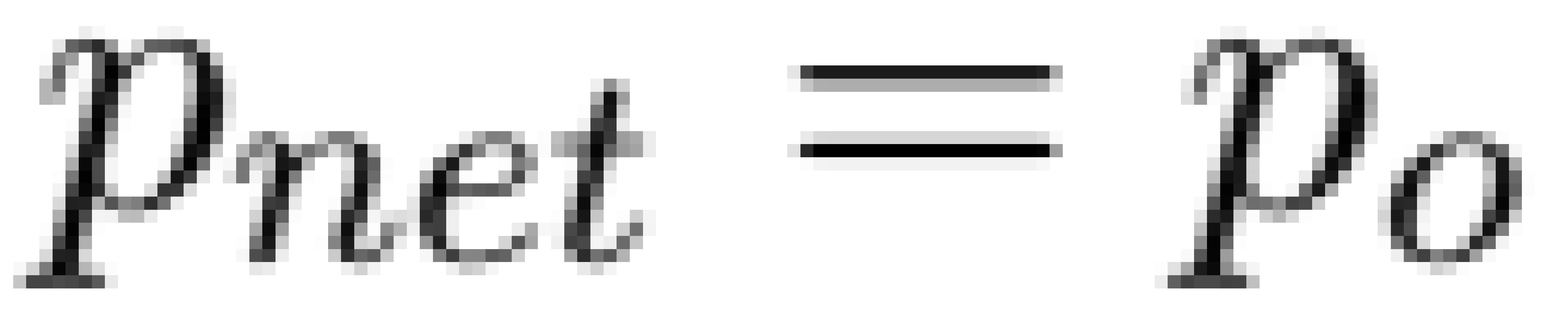


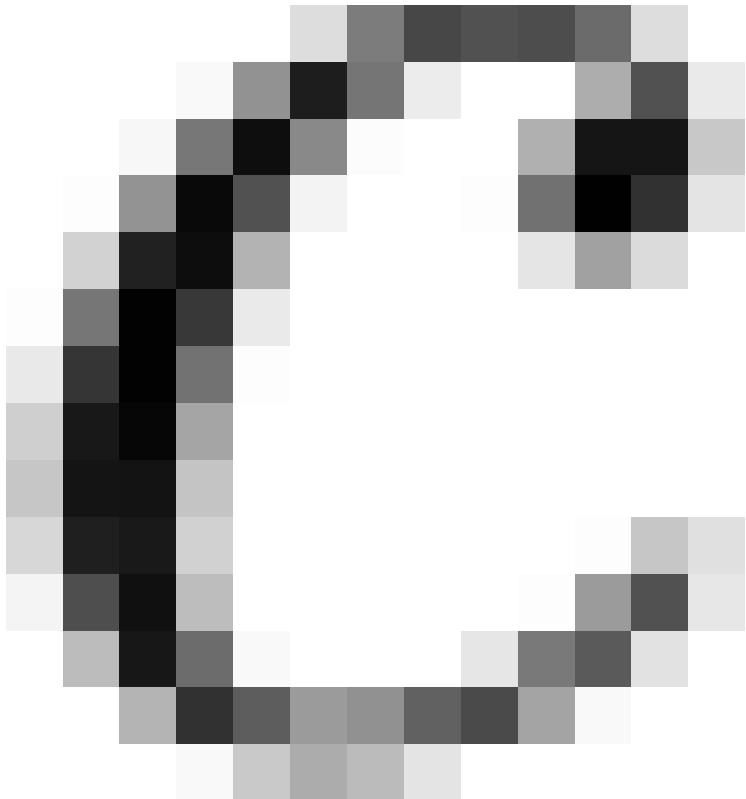




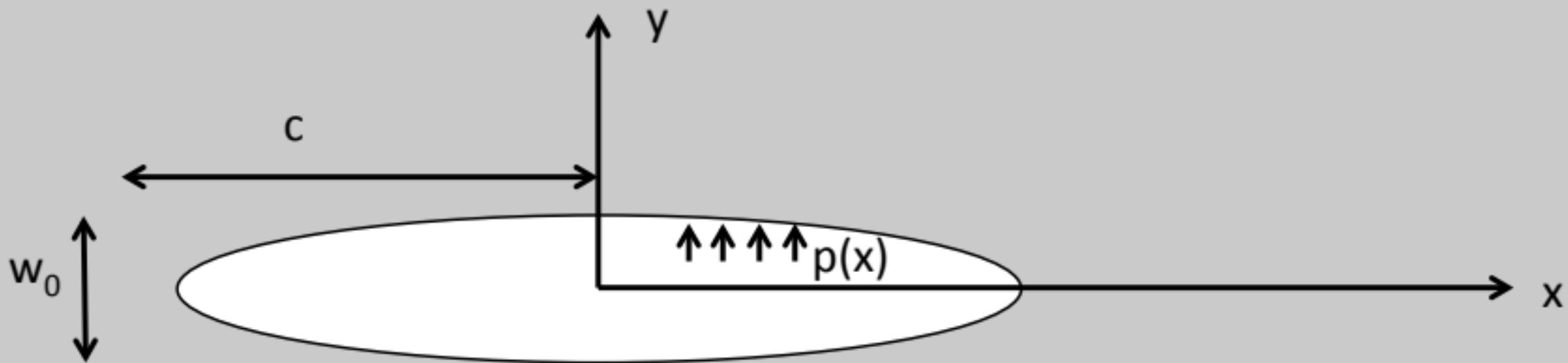




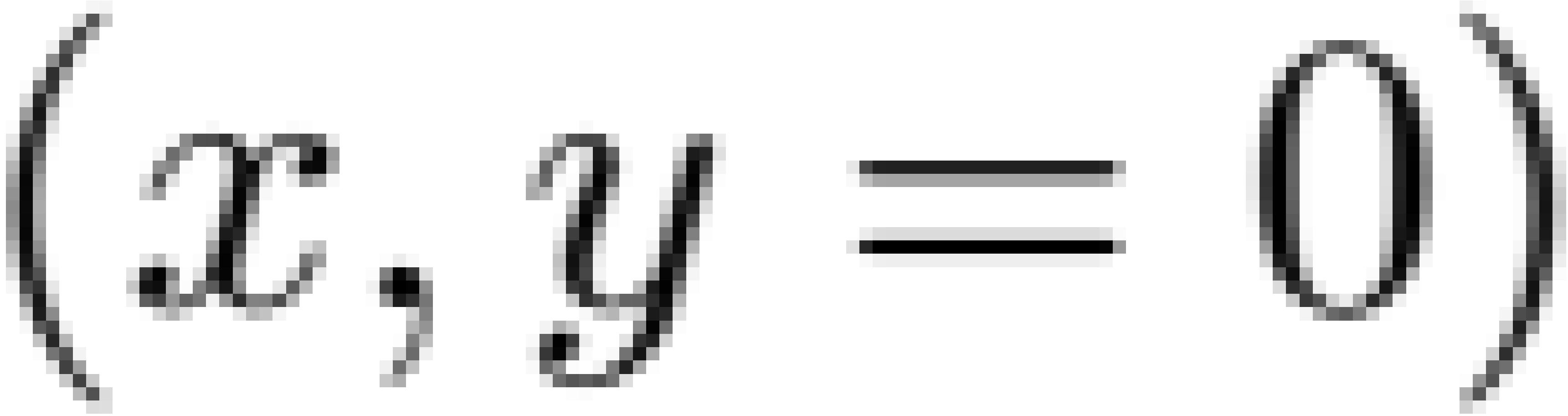




$$\begin{cases} \sigma_{yy} = p(x) = p_0 & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq c \\ u_y = 0 & \text{for } x > c \end{cases}$$

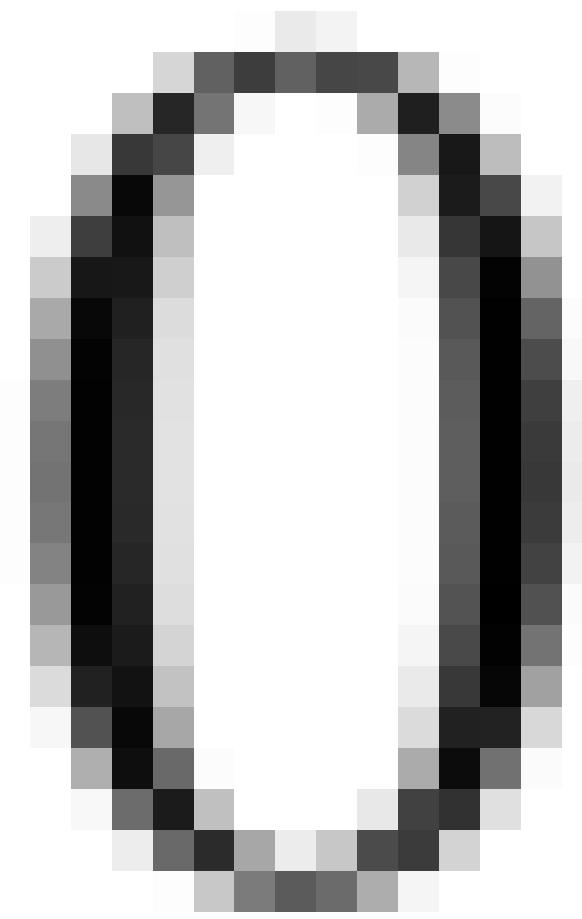
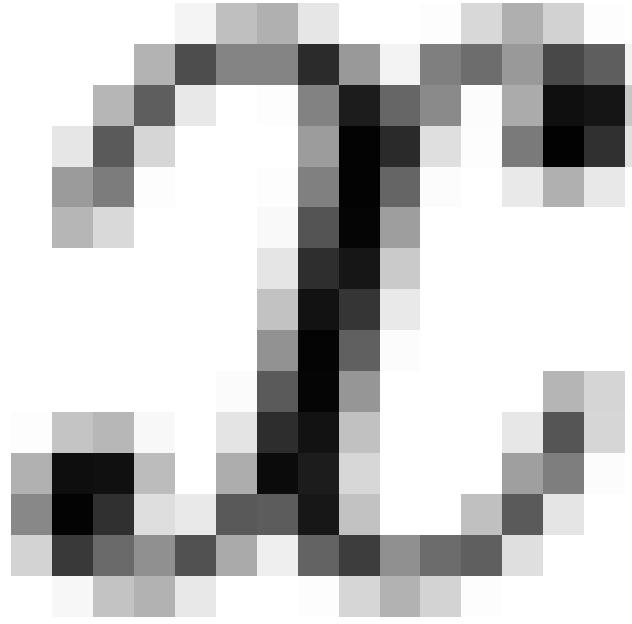


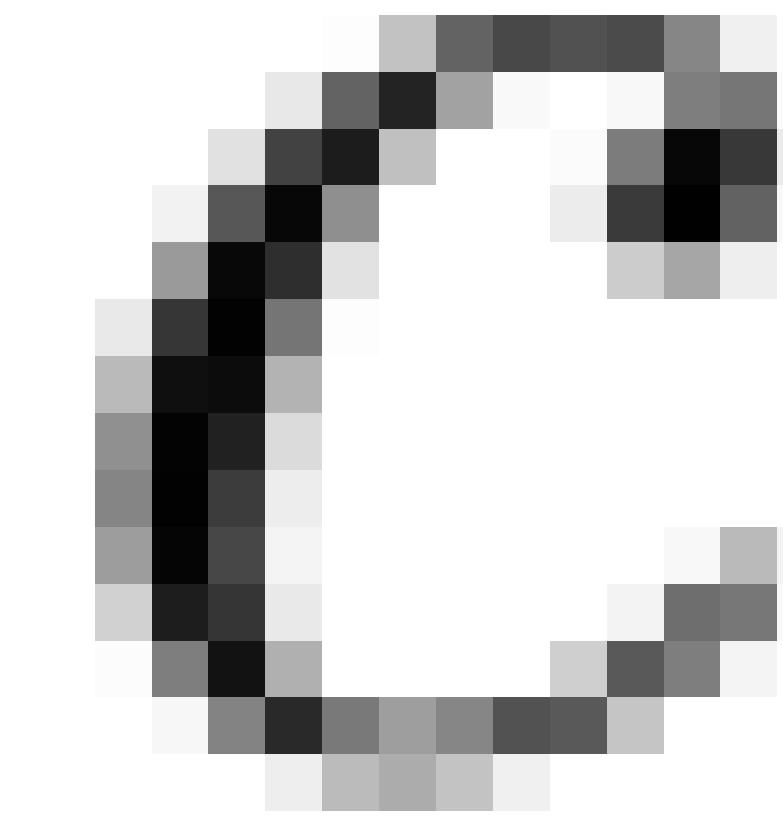
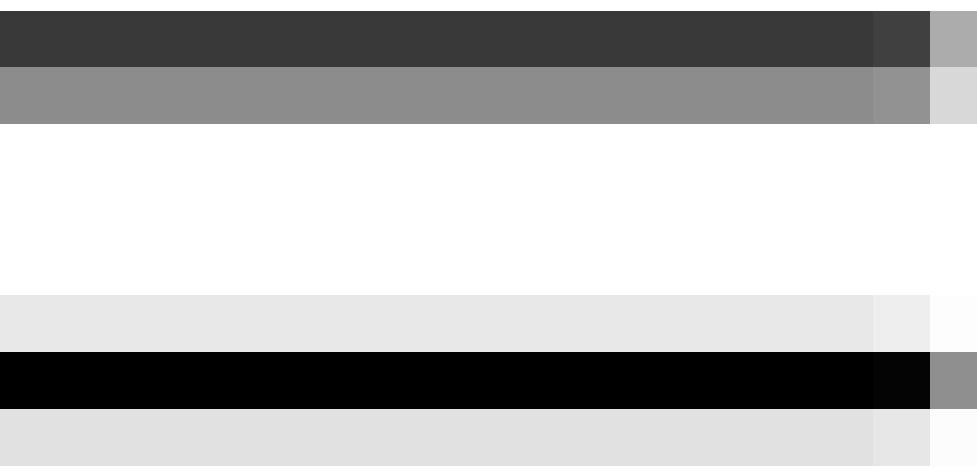
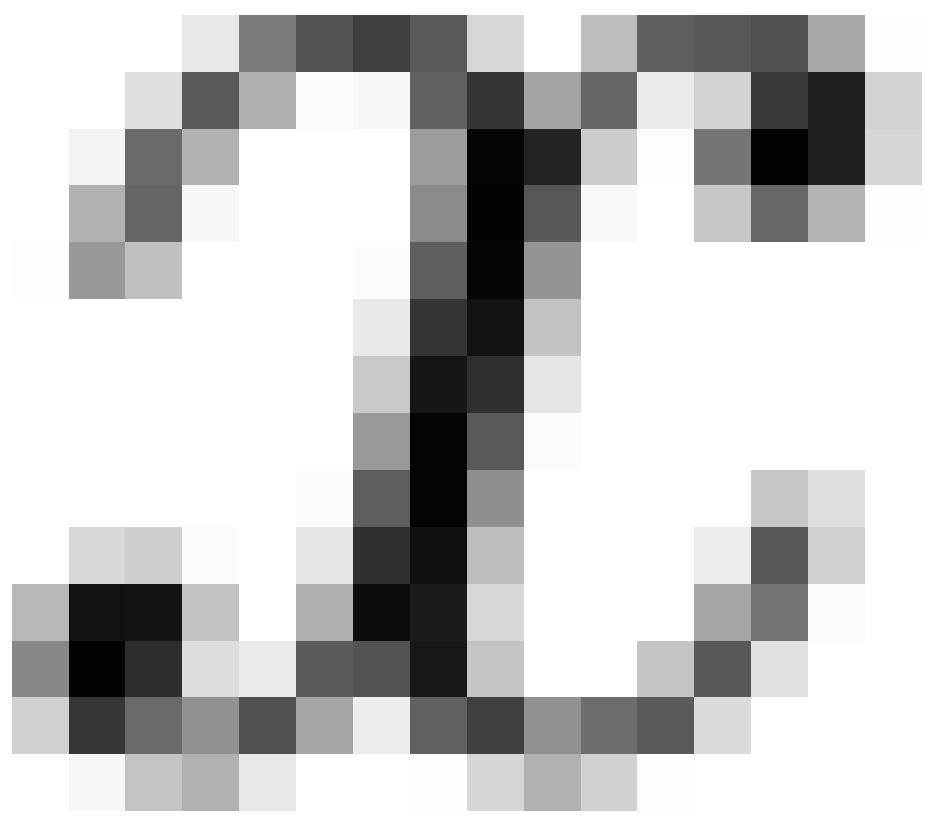
Linear elastic and homogeneous solid (E, v)
 $E' = E / (1 - v^2)$

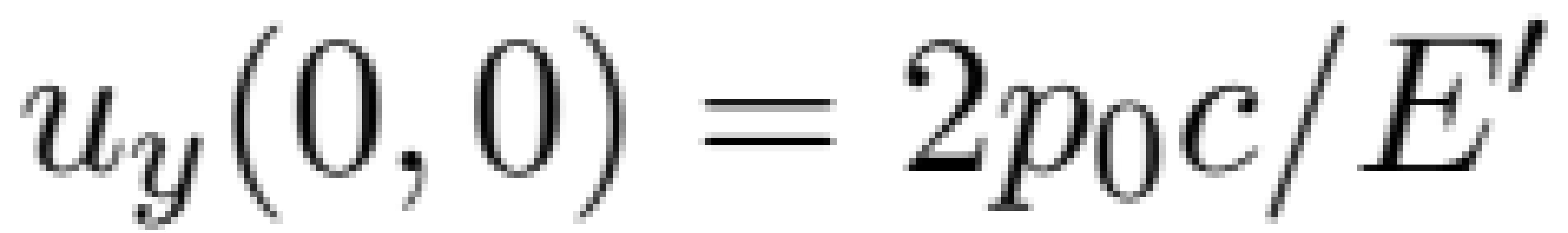


$$\begin{cases} u_y(x, 0) = \frac{2p_o}{E'} \sqrt{c^2 - x^2} & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq c \\ \sigma_{yy}(x, 0) = -p_o \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 - c^2}} - 1 \right) & \text{for } x > c \end{cases}$$









20

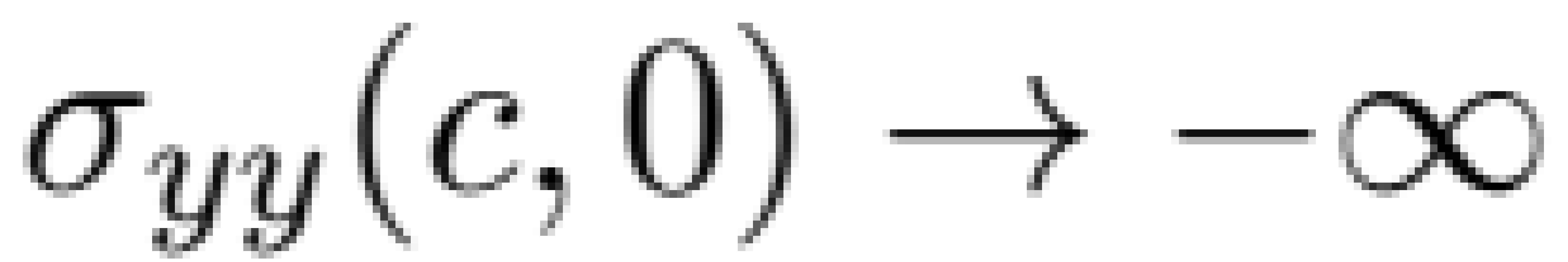


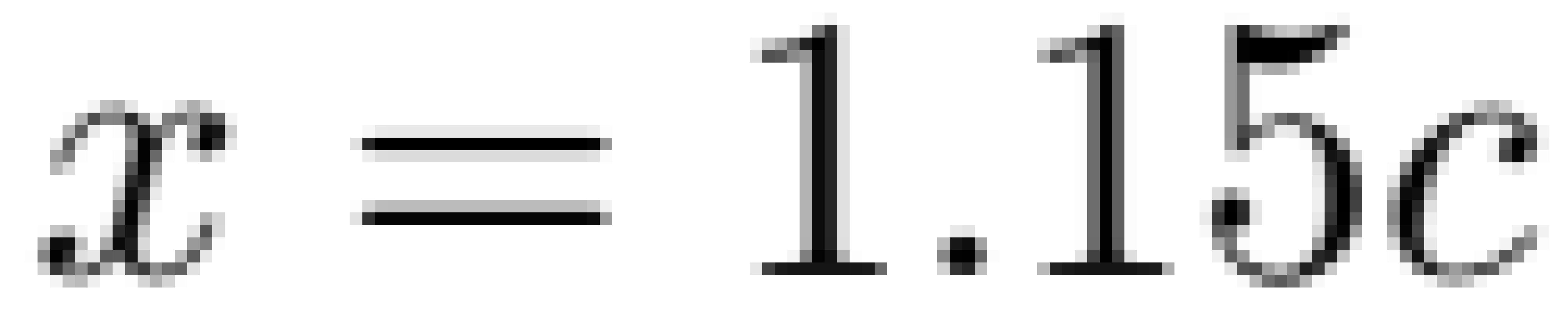
400C

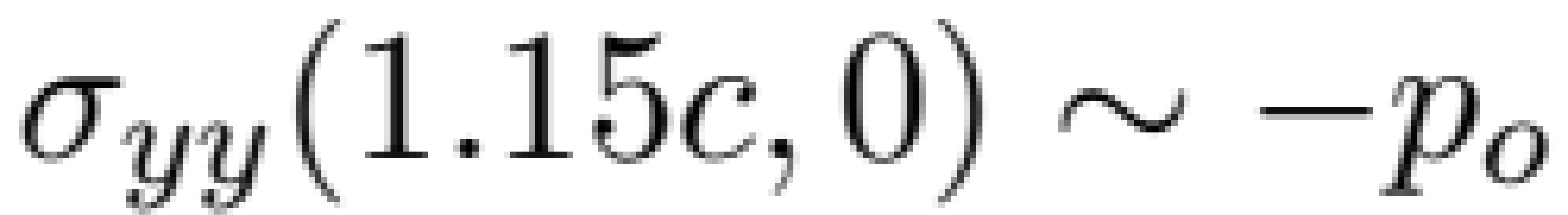


EV

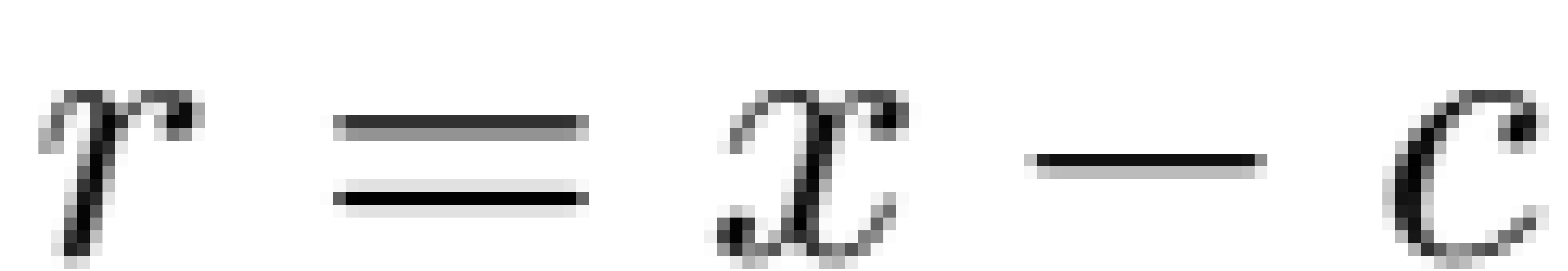








$$K = \lim_{r \rightarrow 0^+} \left[(2\pi r)^{1/2} \sigma_{xy}(x = c + r, y = 0) \right]$$

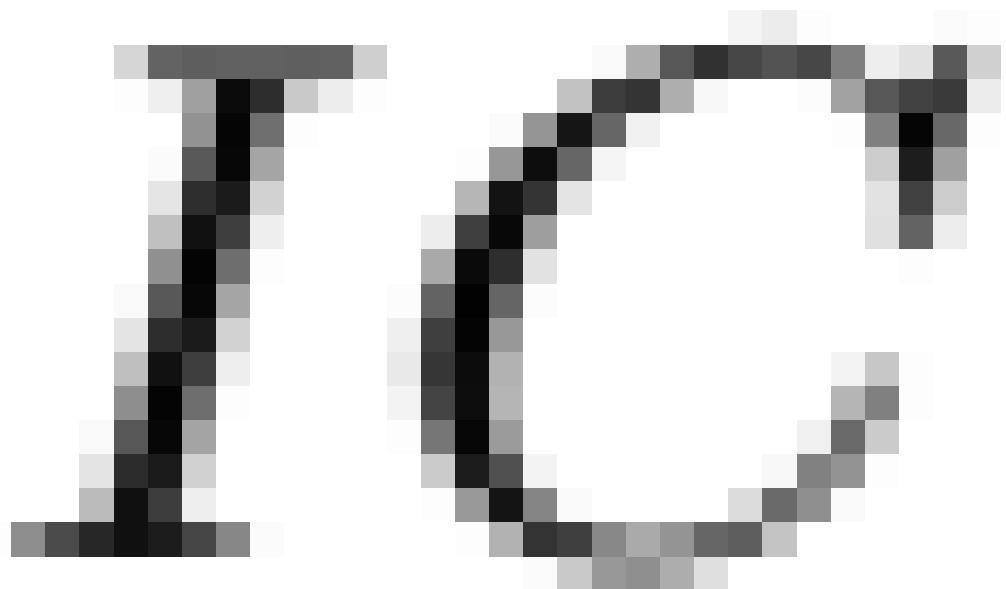
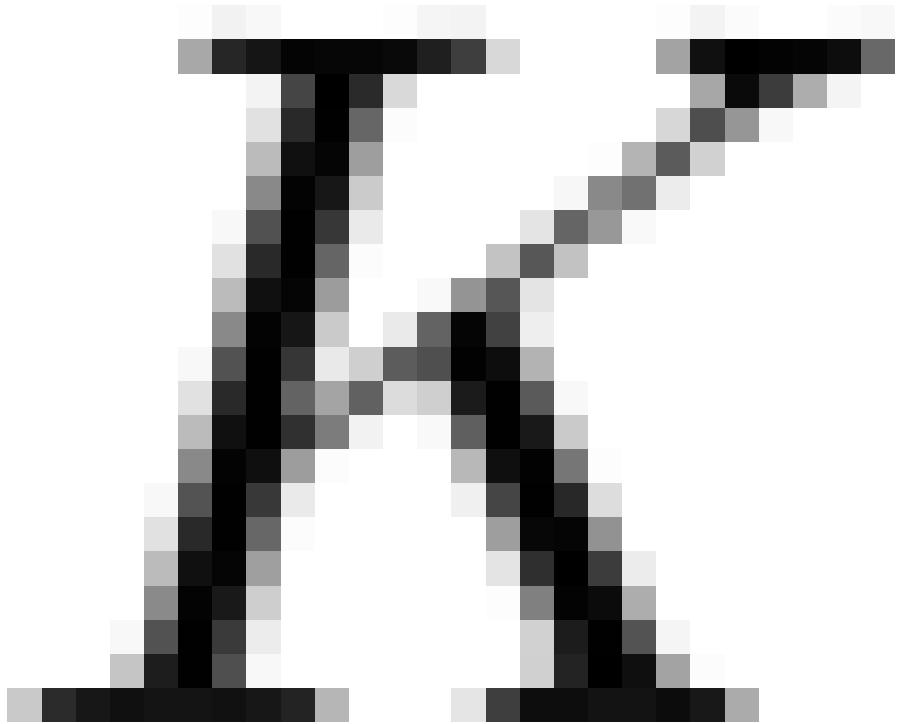




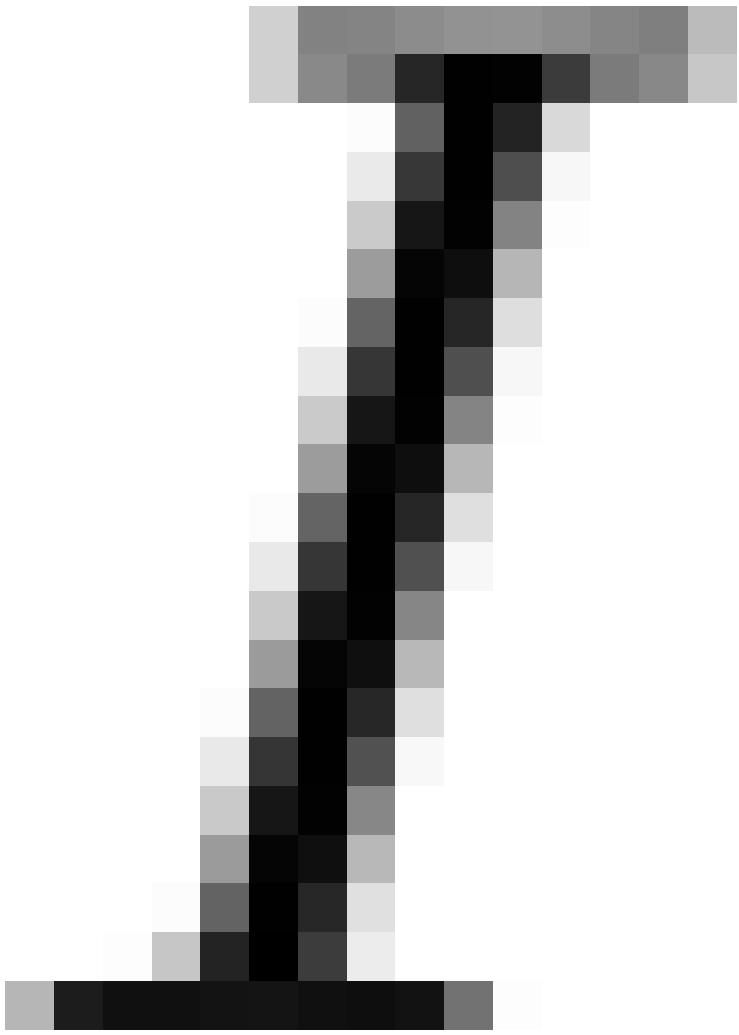






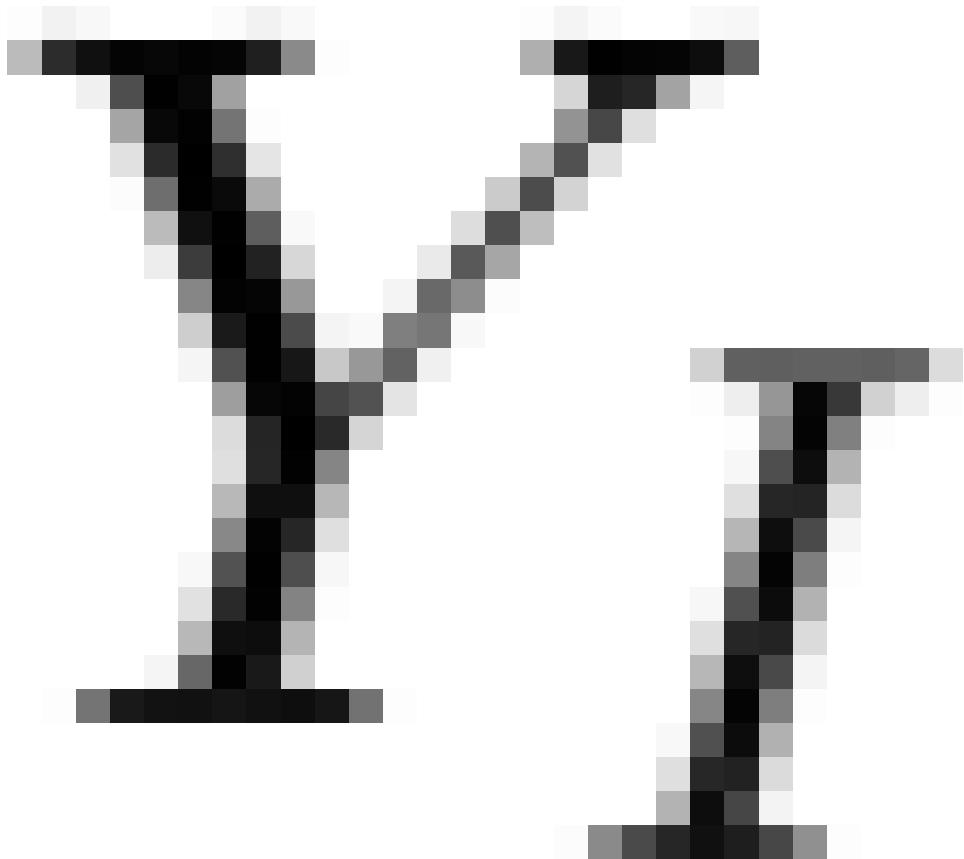


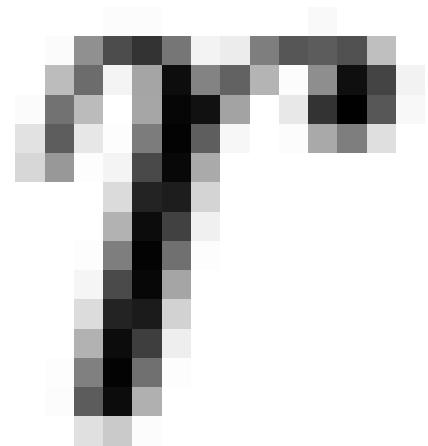
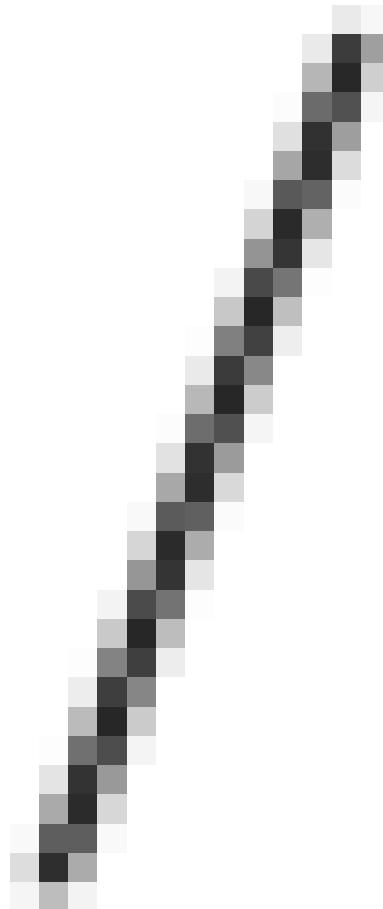
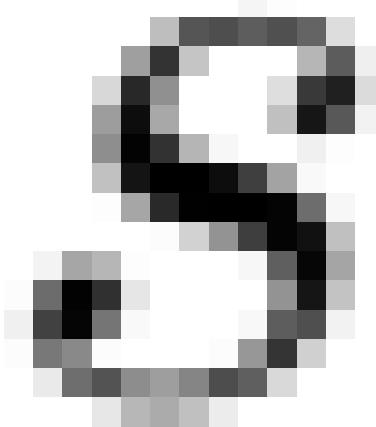
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} K_I \geq K_{IC} & \rightarrow \text{Fracture propagates} \\ K_I < K_{IC} & \rightarrow \text{Fracture does not propagate} \end{array} \right.$$

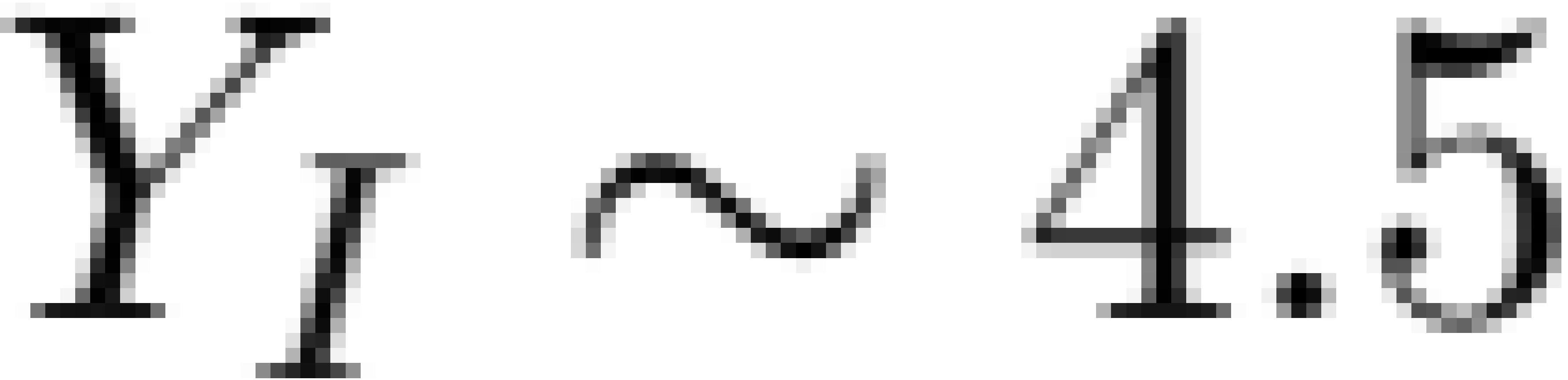


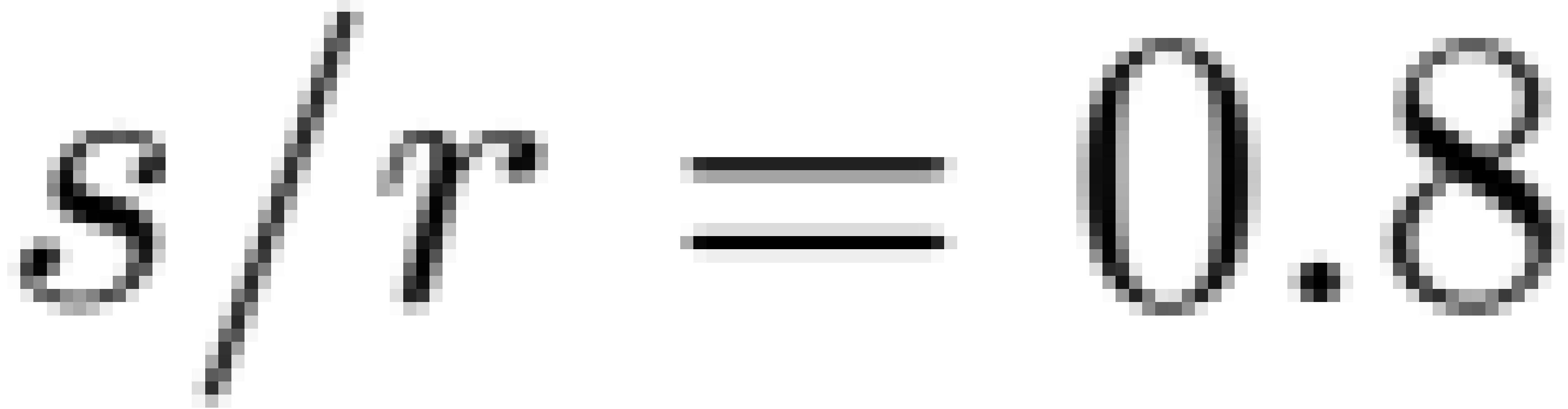
$$K_{IC} = \frac{P_{max}(\pi^a)^{1/2}}{2\tau L} V_I$$





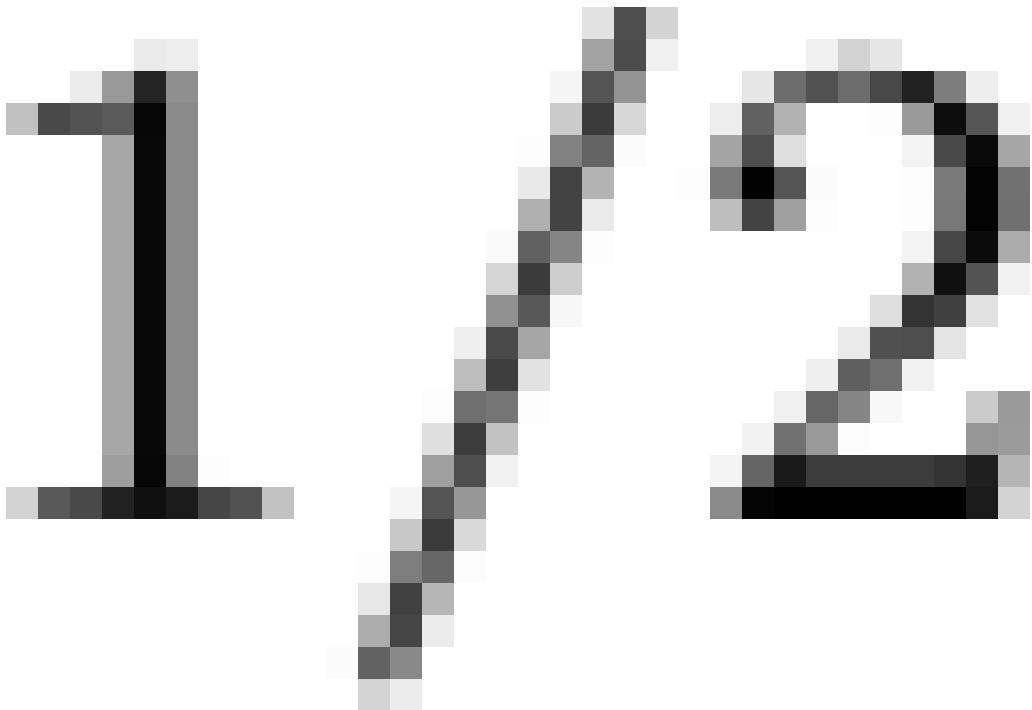


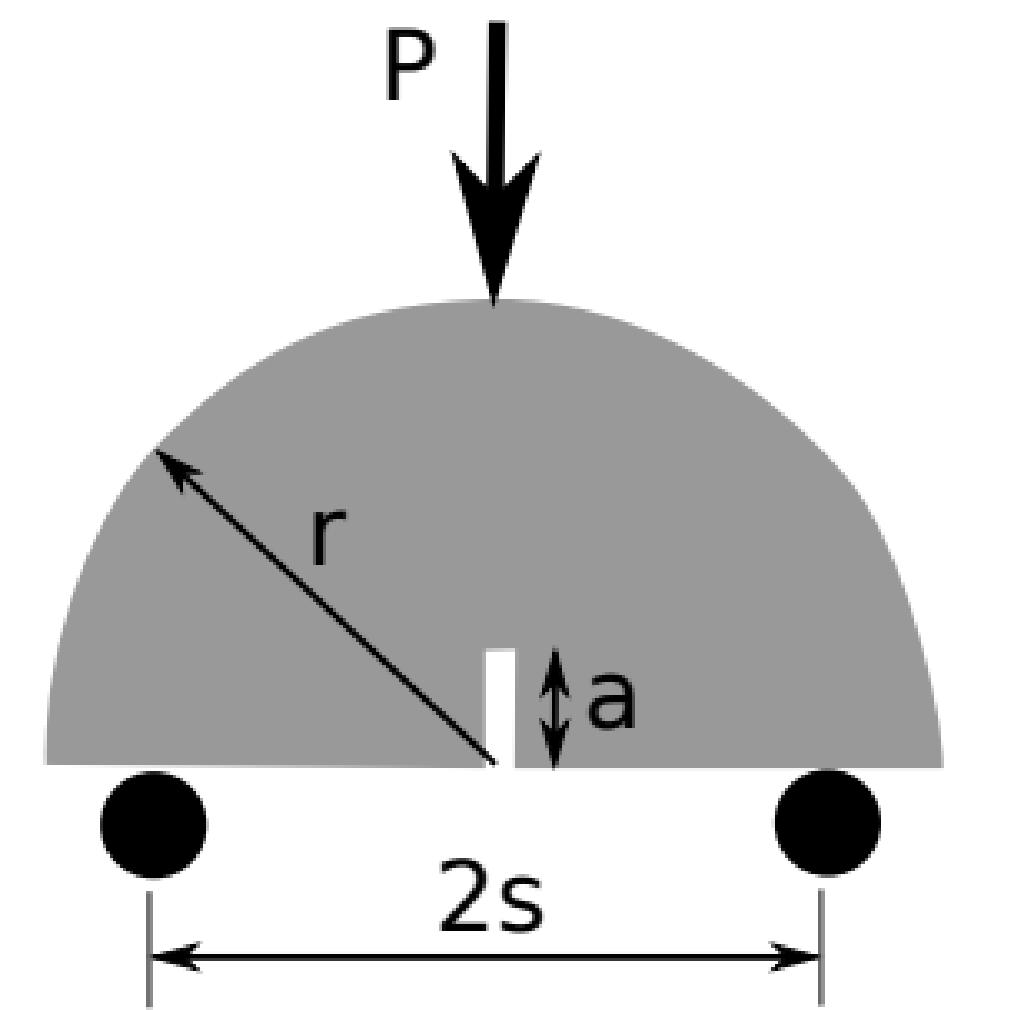


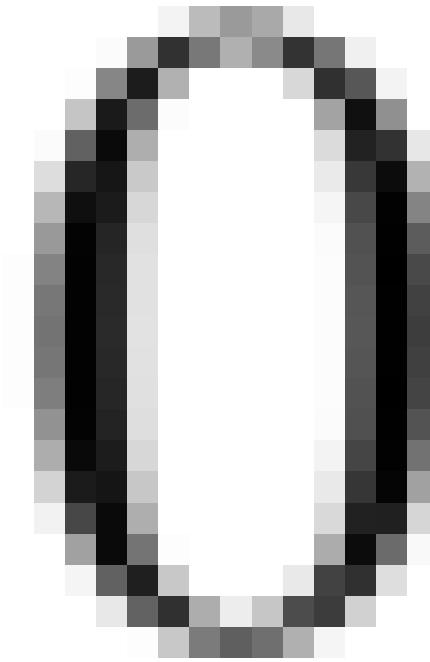
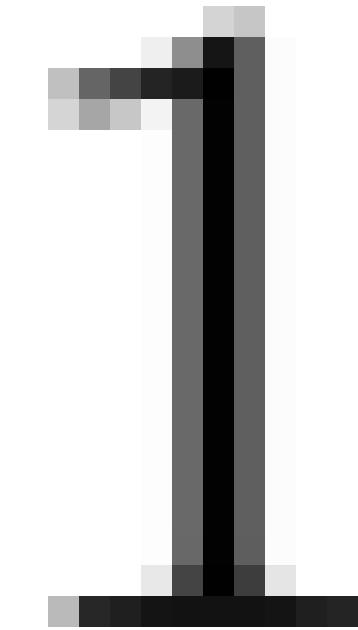
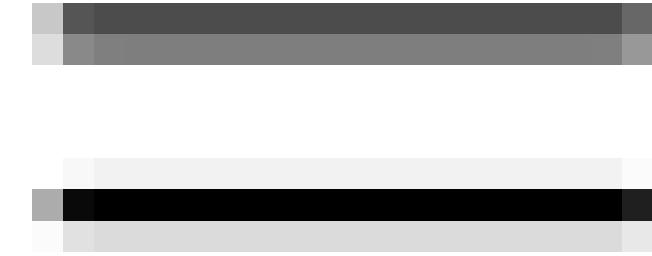
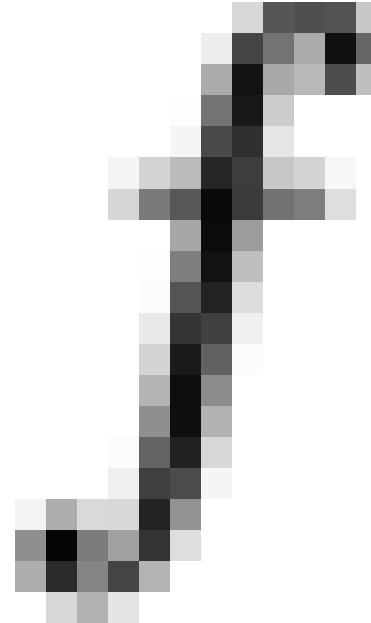
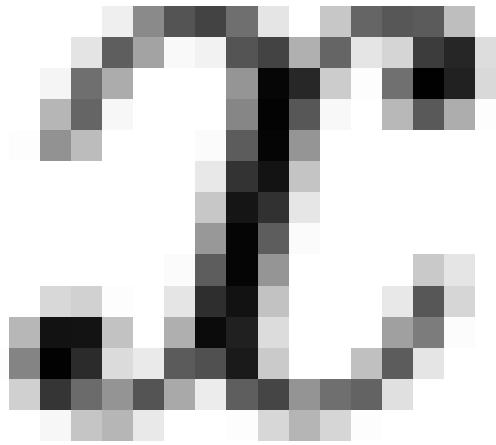






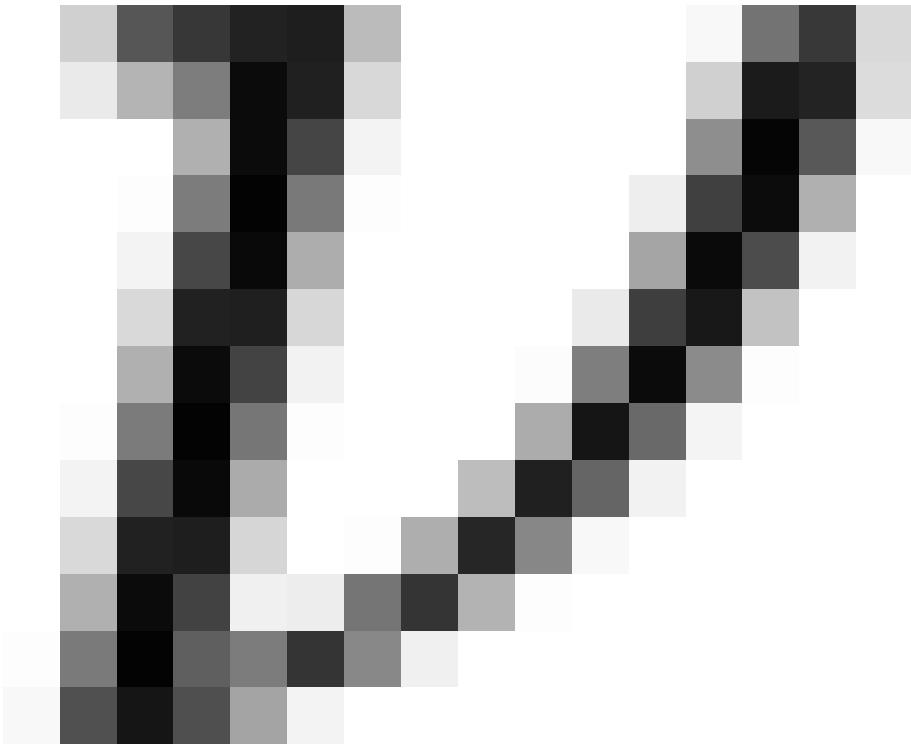










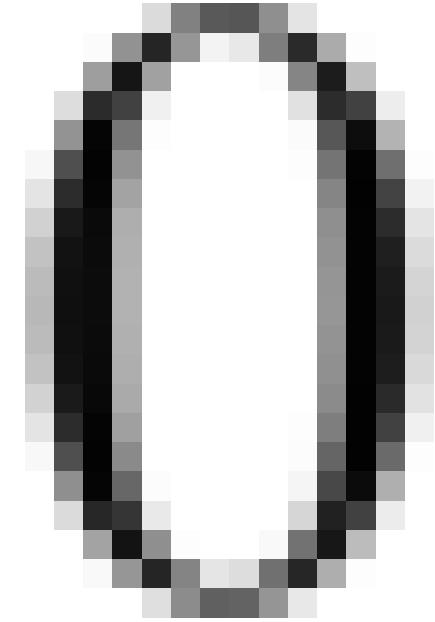
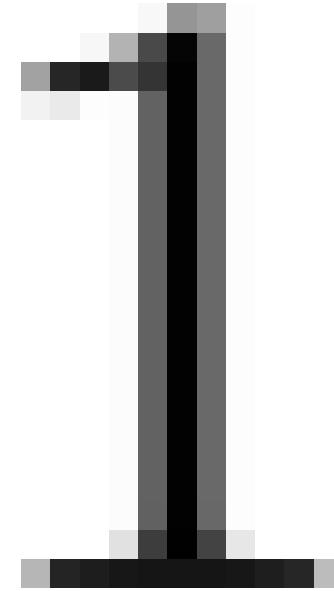
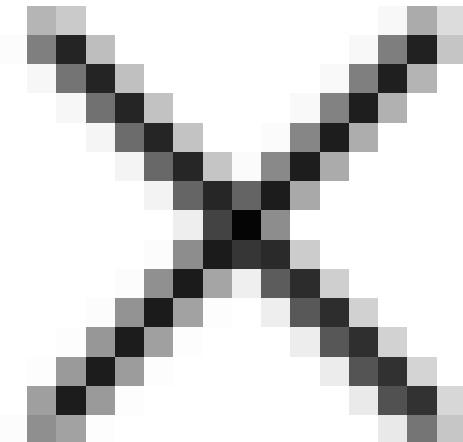
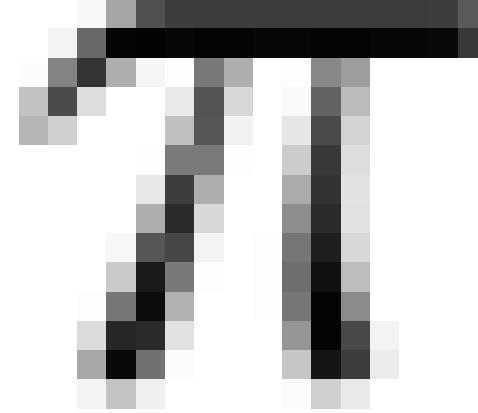
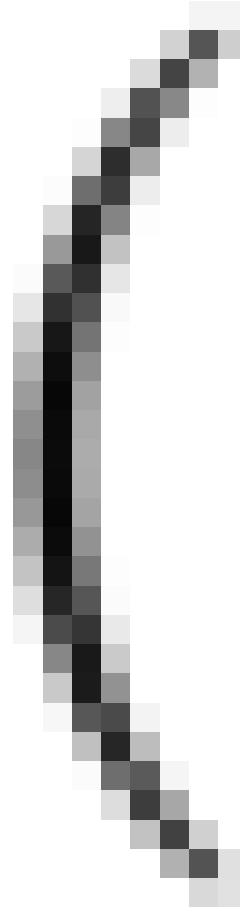


$$E' = \frac{E}{1 - \nu^2} = \frac{1}{1 - 0.25^2} \frac{1 \text{ GPa}}{1.07 \text{ GPa}} = 1070 \text{ MPa}$$

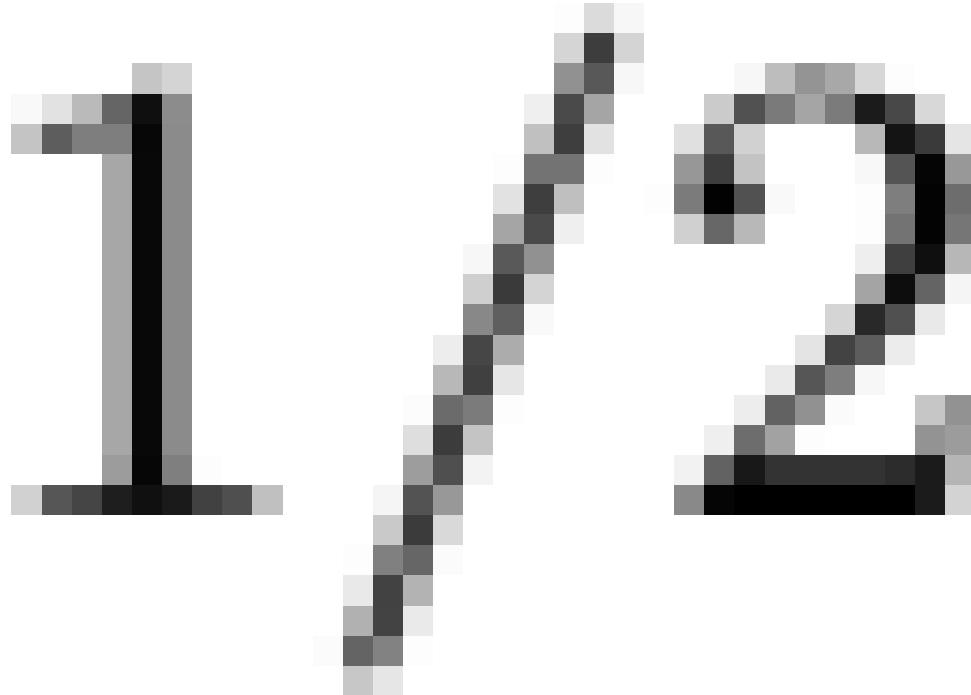


$$w_0 = \frac{4p_0 c}{E'} = \frac{4 \times 0.5 \text{ MPa} \times 10 \text{ m}}{1070 \text{ MPa}} = 0.019 \text{ m} = 19 \text{ mm}$$



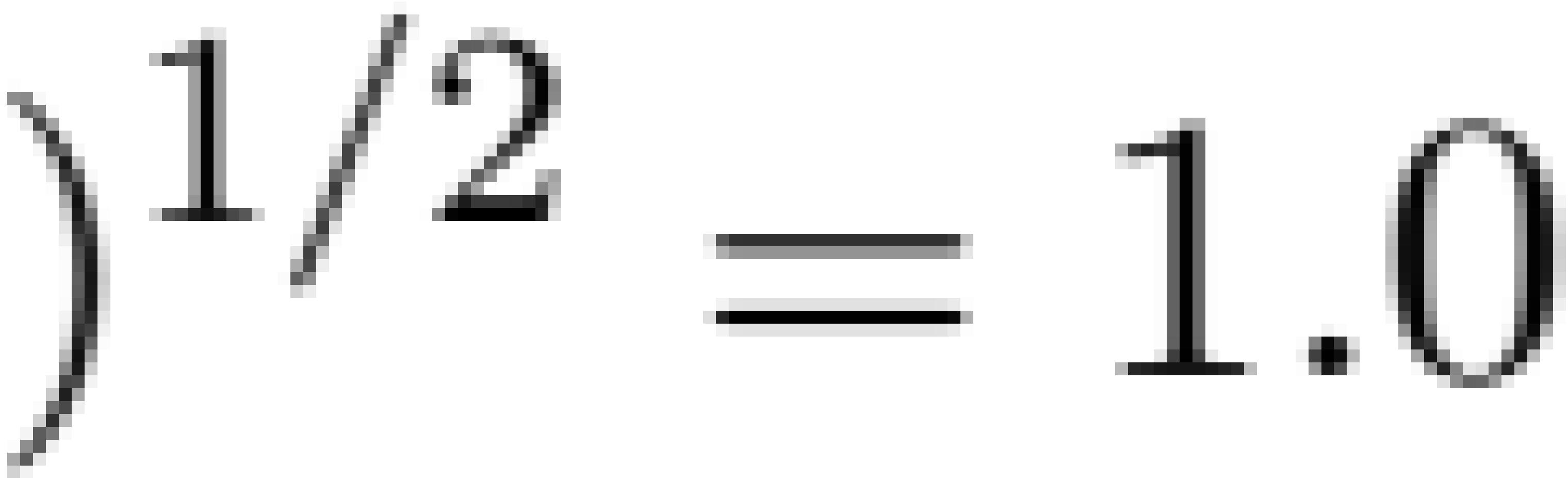


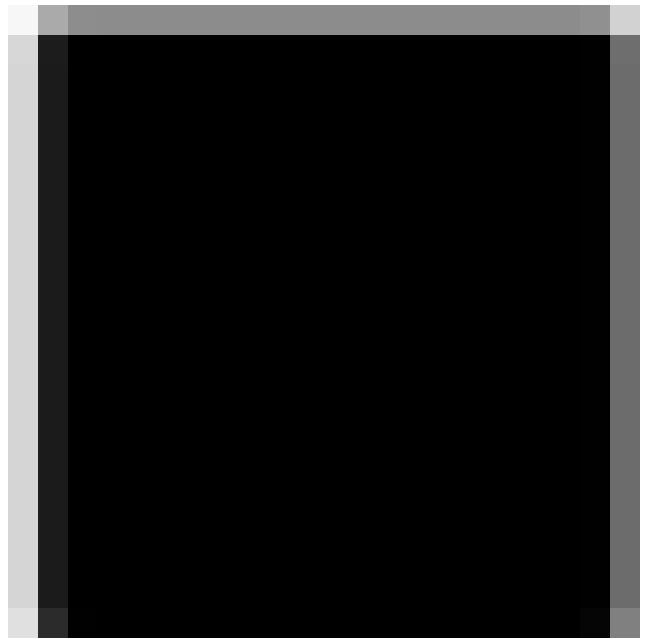
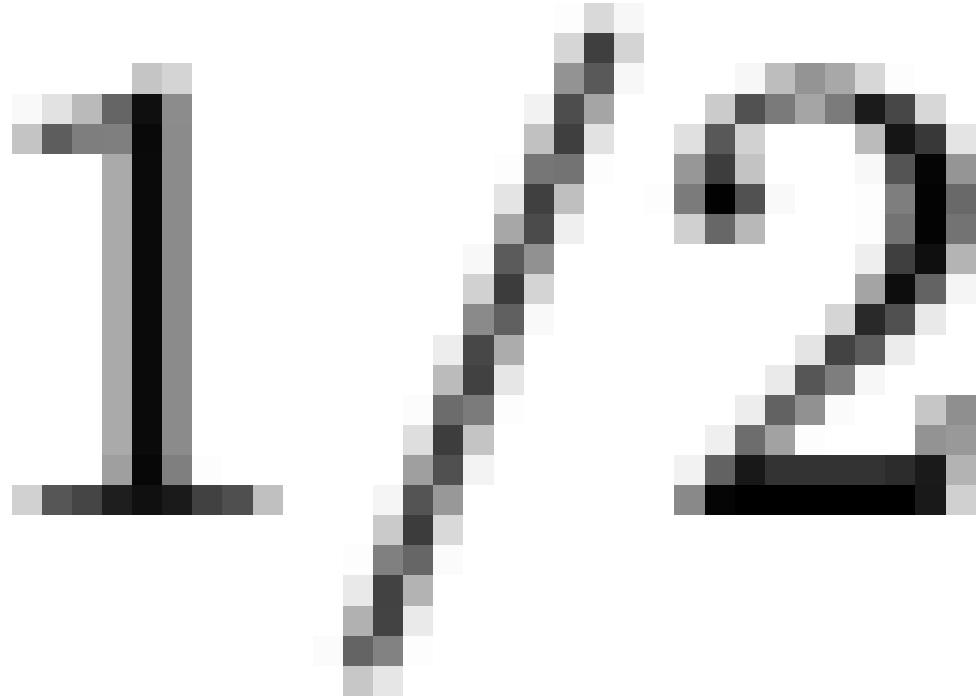




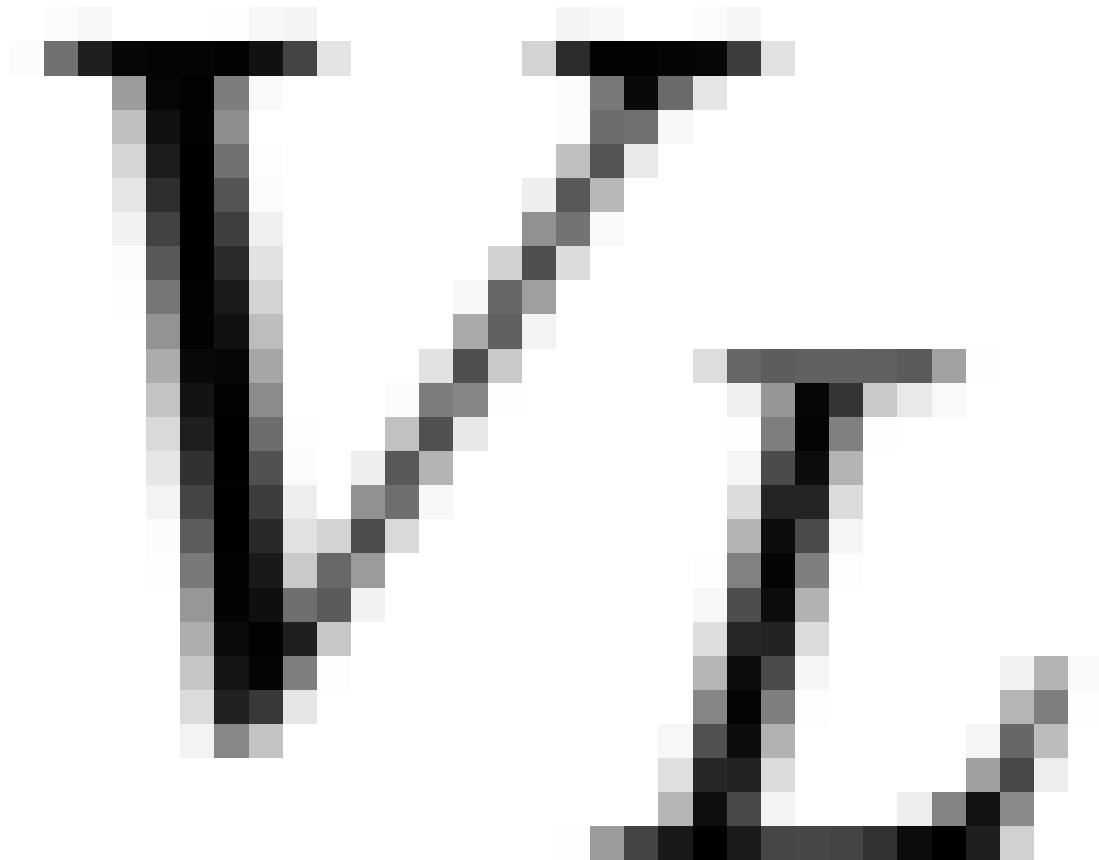
$$w_0 = \frac{2p_0 c}{E'} = \frac{2 \times 0.5 \text{ MPa} \times 10 \text{ m}}{1070 \text{ MPa}} = 0.0095 \text{ m} = 9.5 \text{ mm}$$

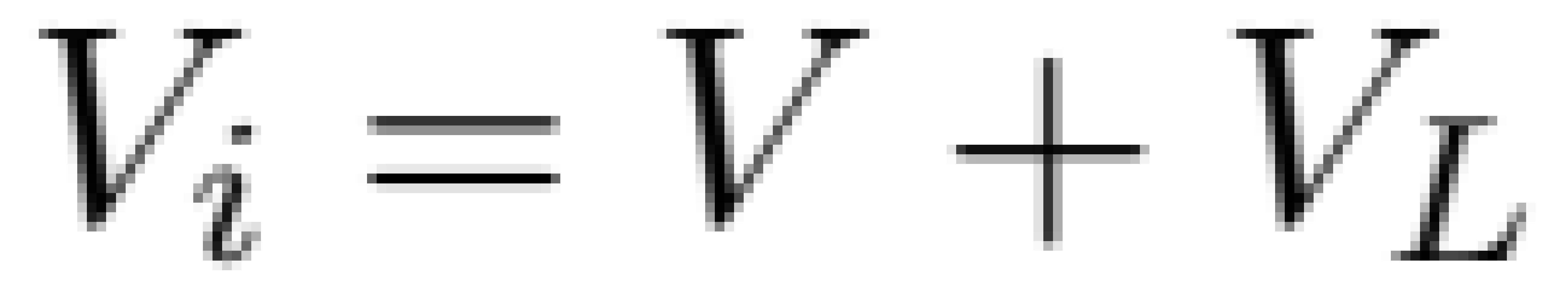
$$K_I = \left(1 - \frac{2}{\pi}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \rho_0(\pi c)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \left(1 - \frac{2}{\pi}\right) 0.5$$

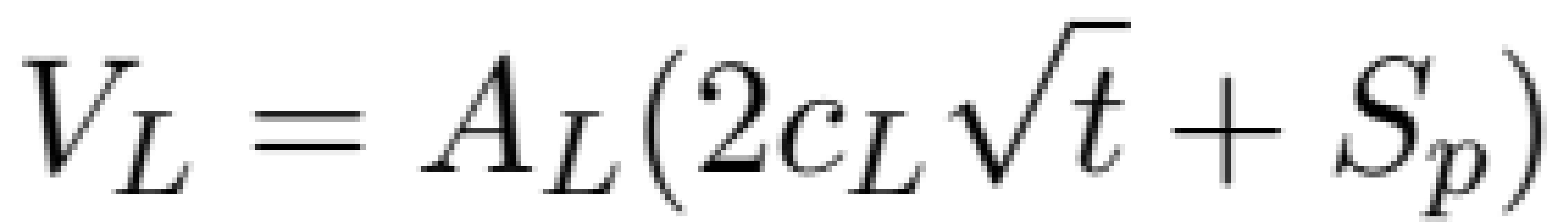


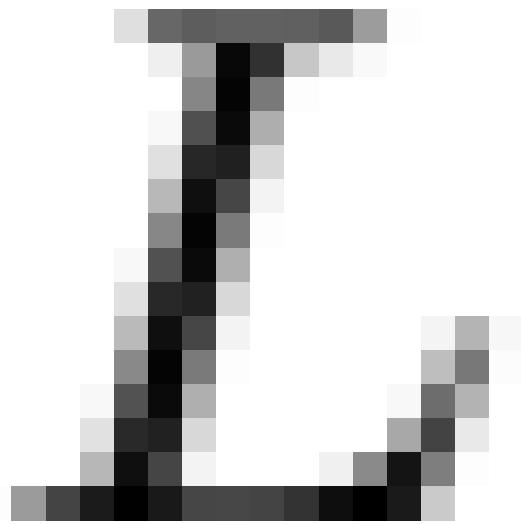
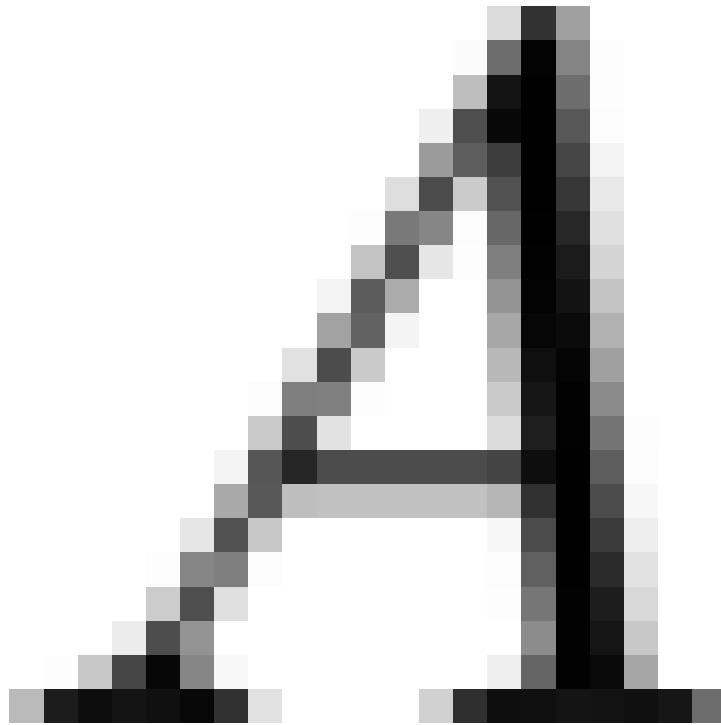
















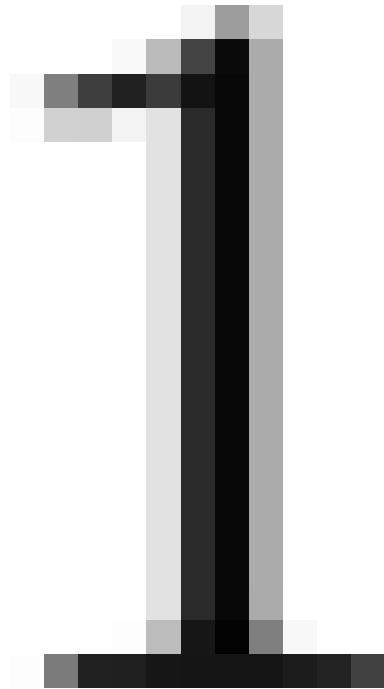
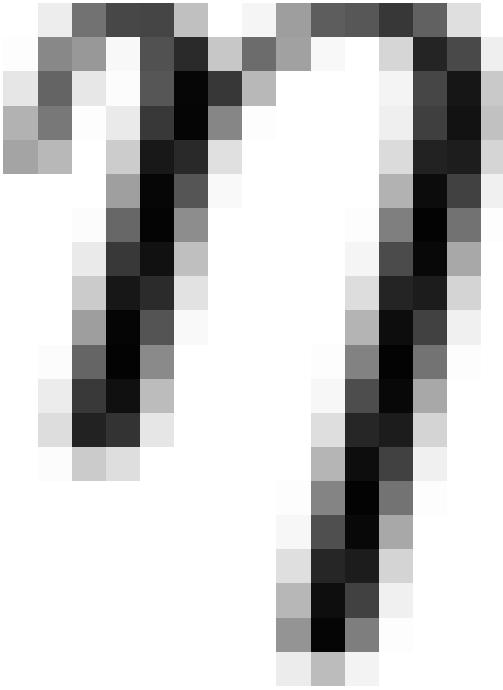
V

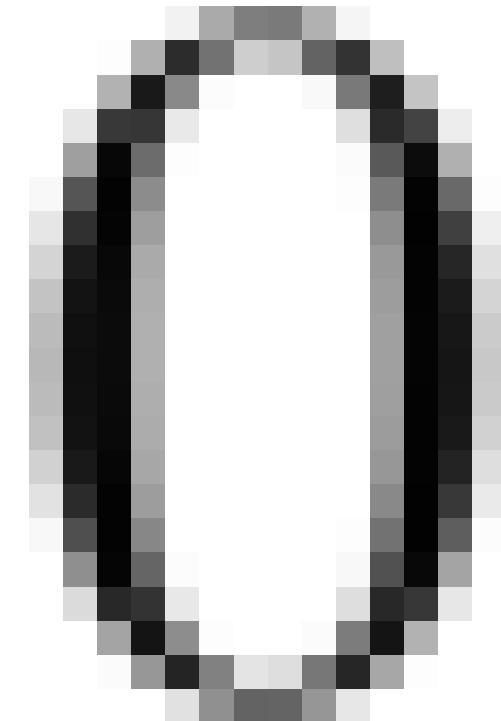
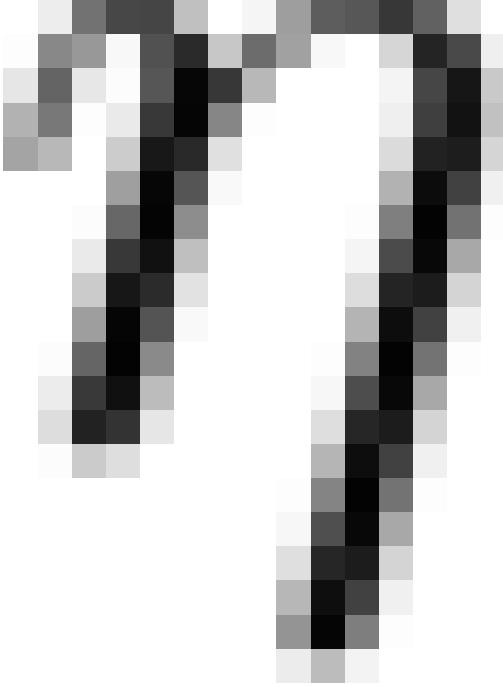
m

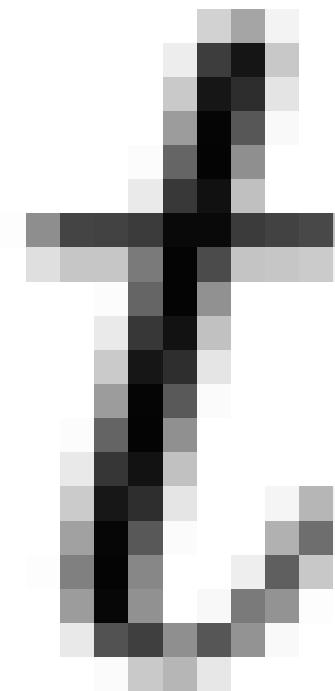
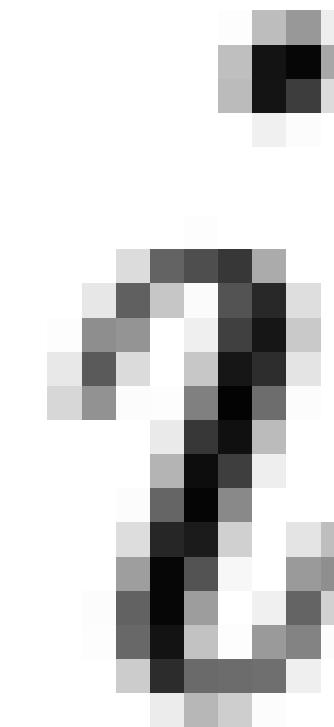
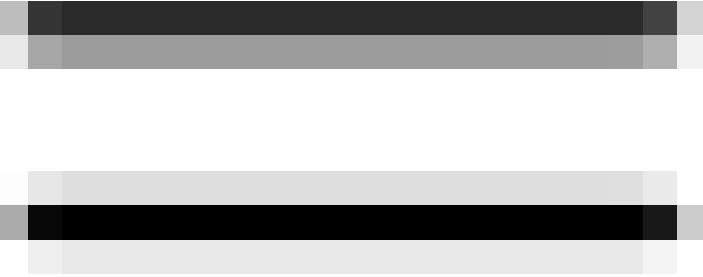
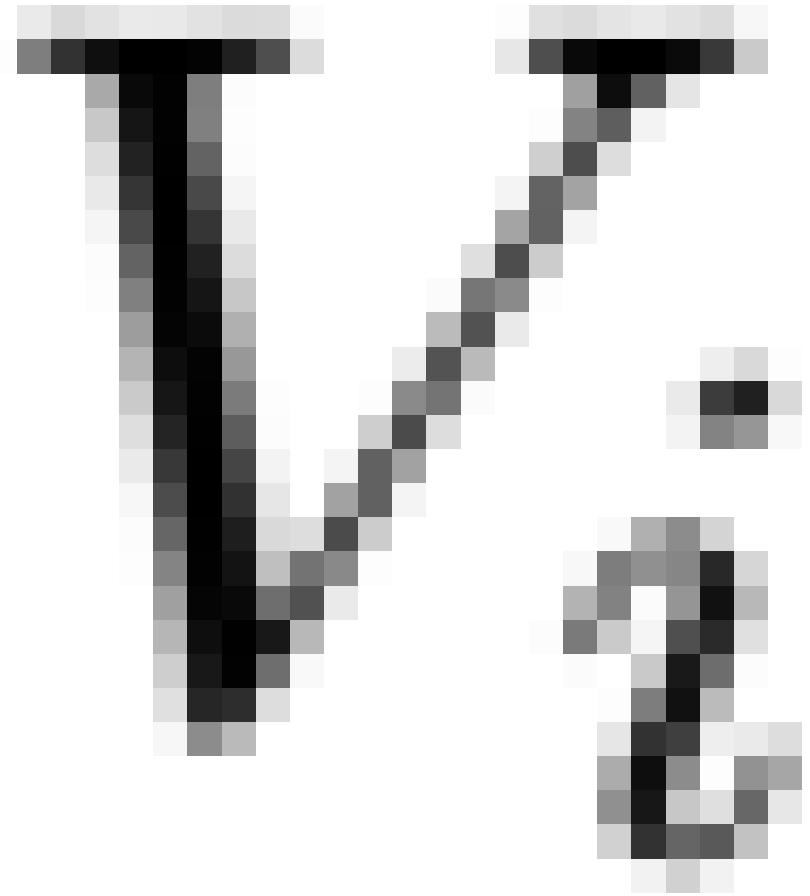
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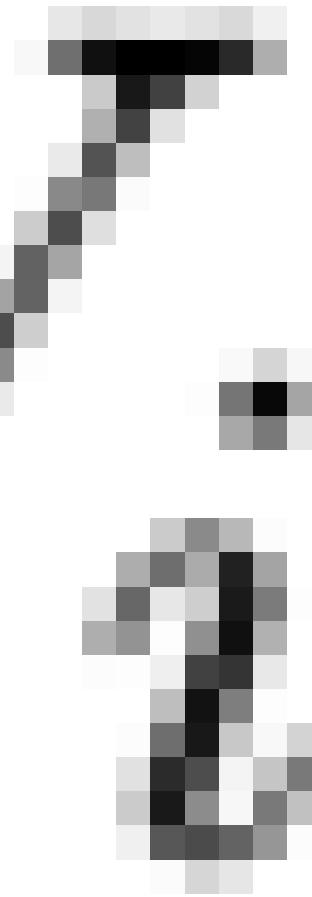
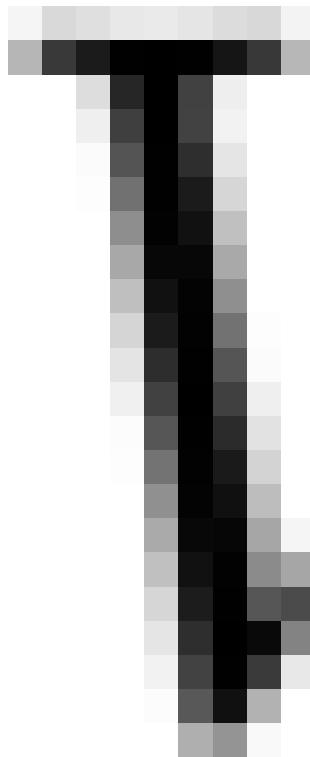
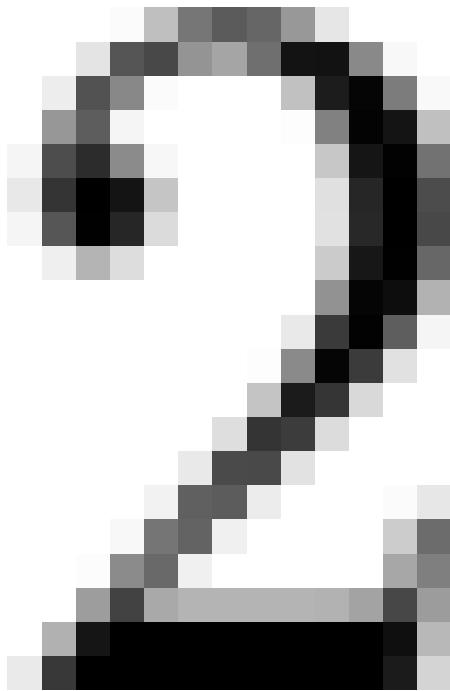
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V_a









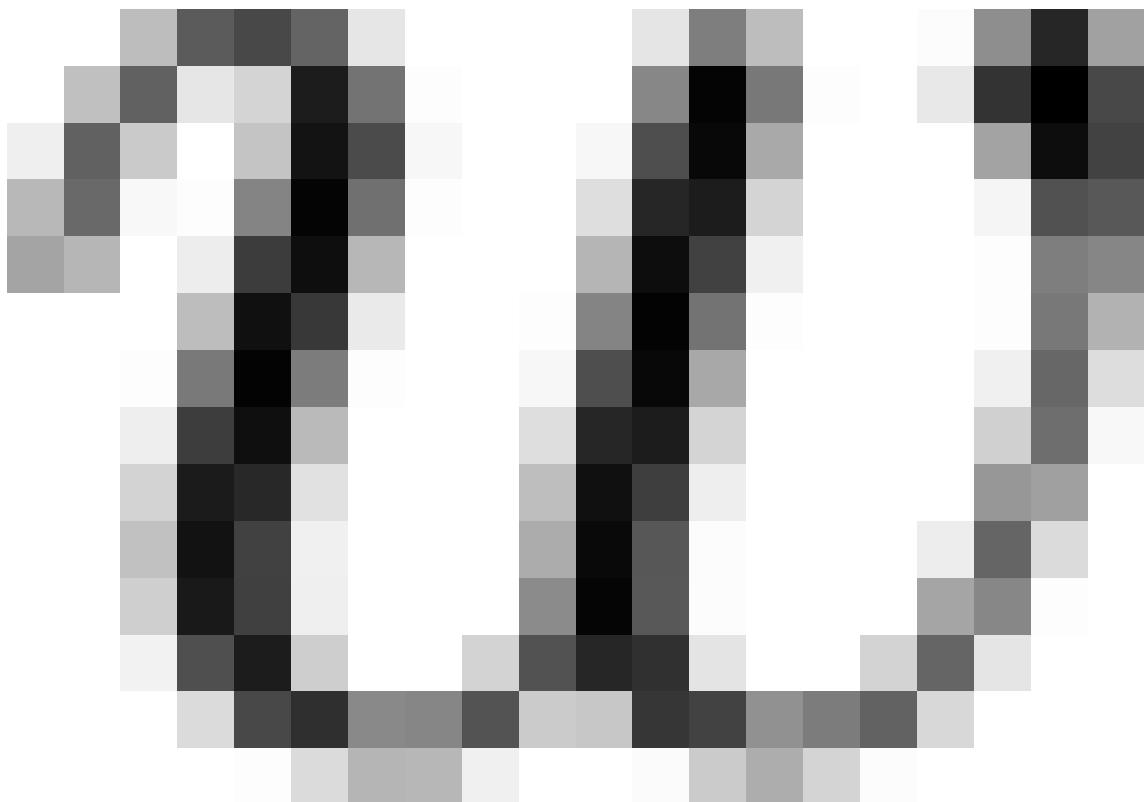
Q

$w^3 h_f$

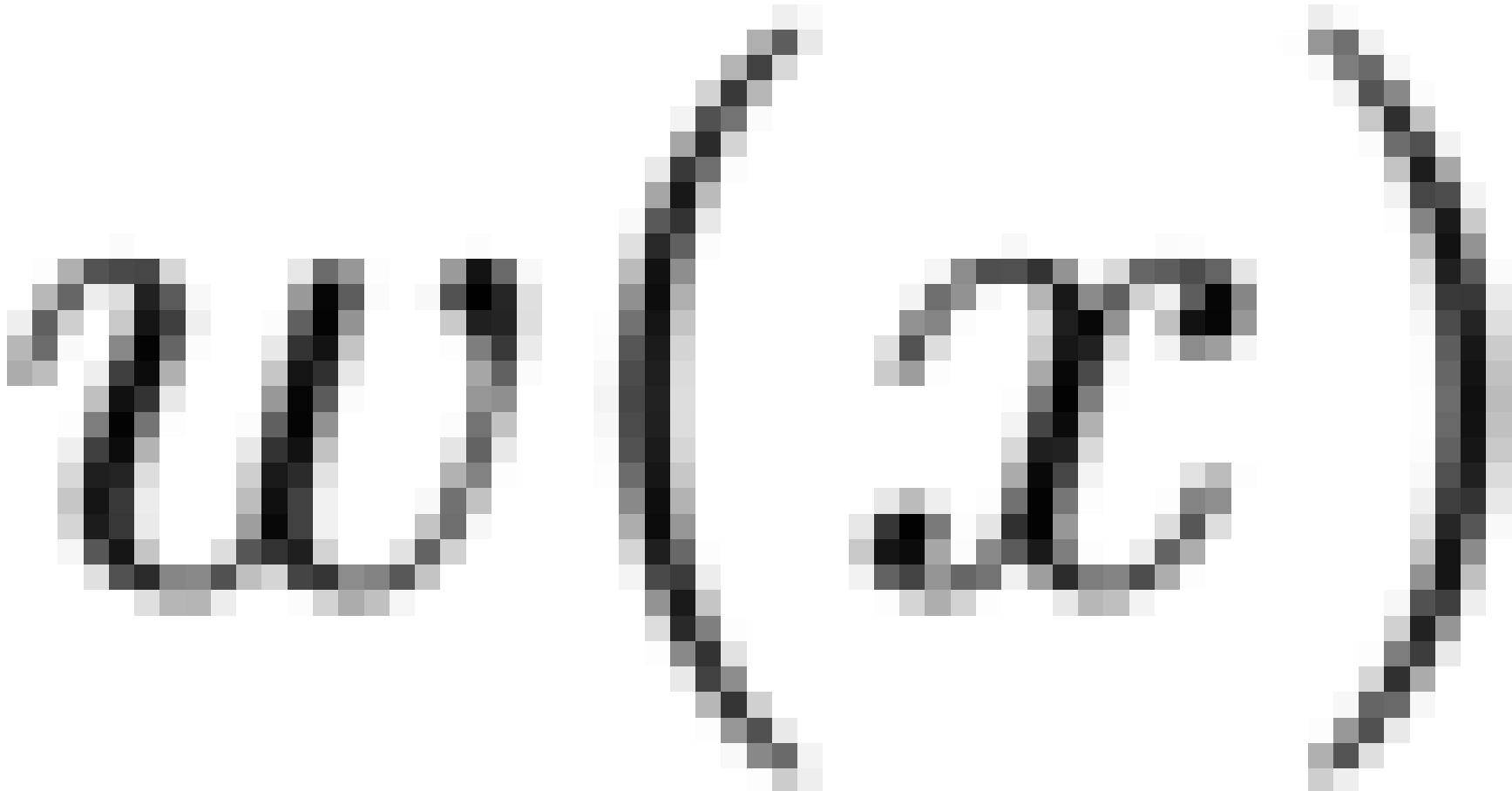
ΔP

12μ

L

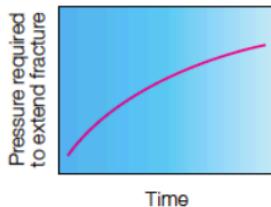
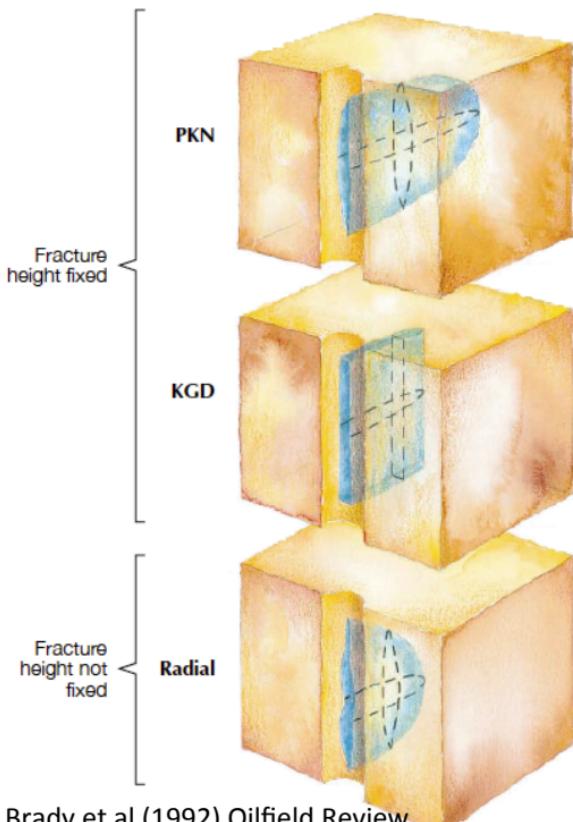




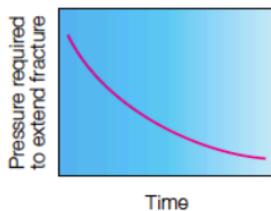




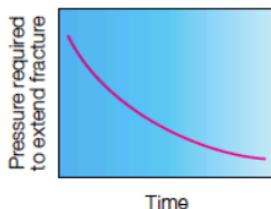
2D Fracture Models



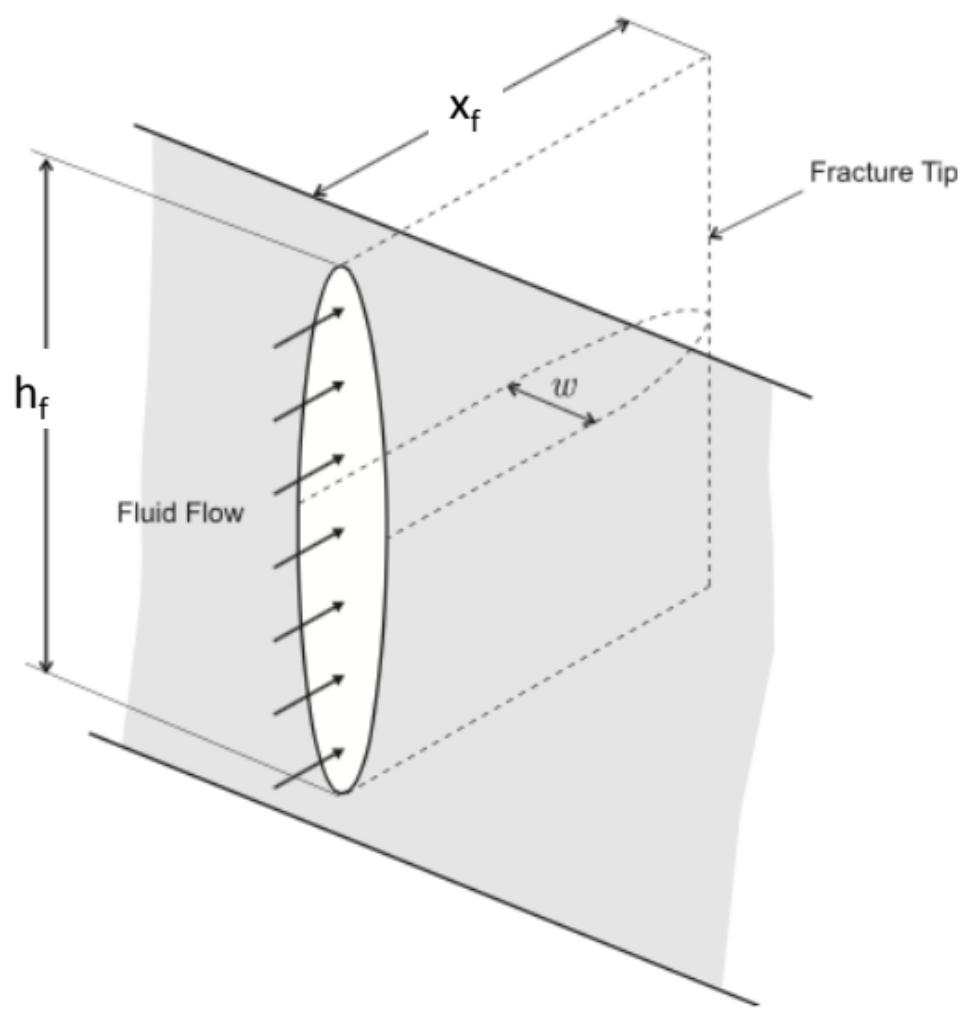
- Elliptical cross section
- Width \propto height
- Width < KGD; length > KGD
- More appropriate when fracture length > height



- Rectangular cross section
- Width \propto length
- More appropriate when fracture length < height



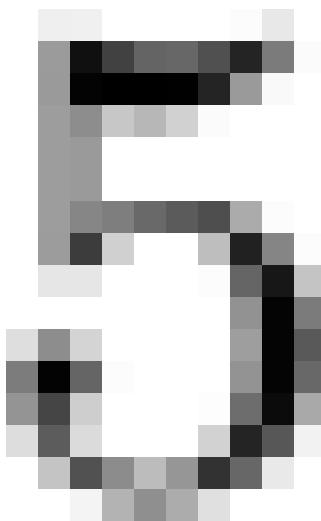
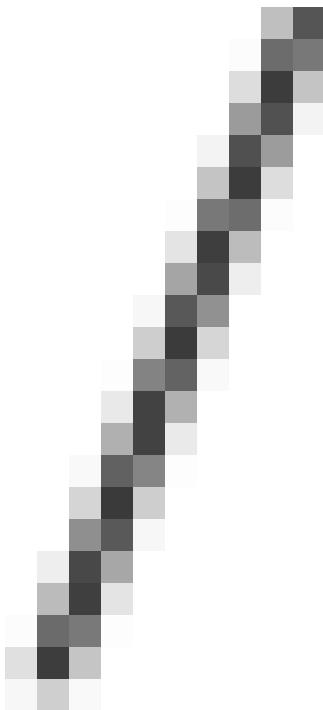
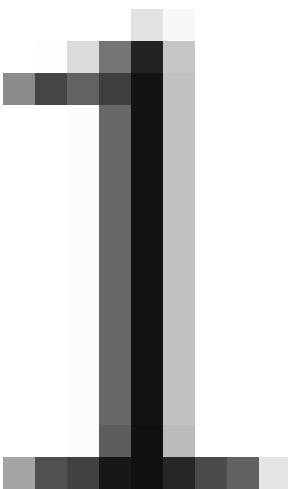
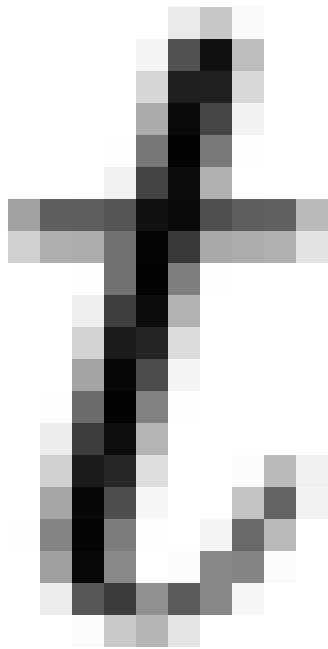
- Appropriate when fracture length = height

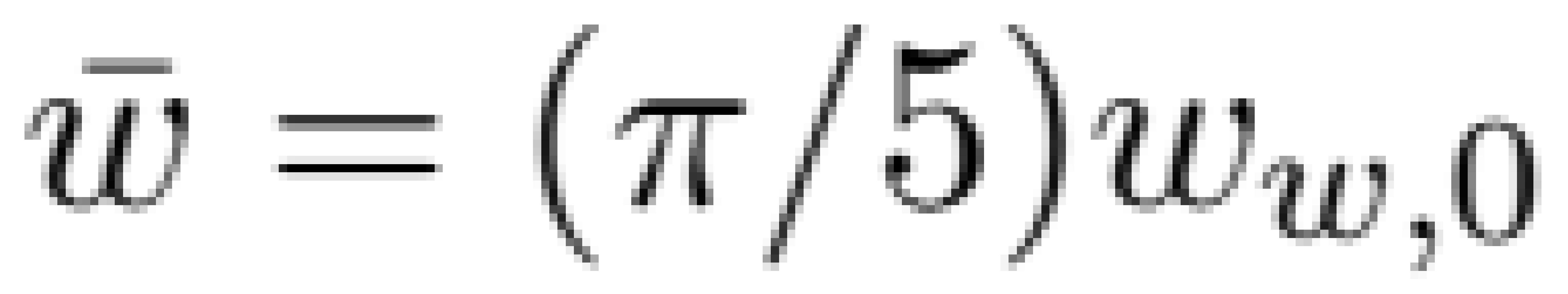


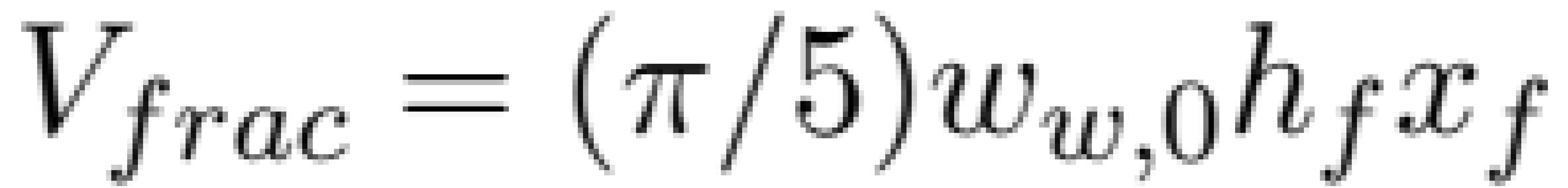
$$x_f = \left(\frac{625}{512\pi^3} \right)^{1/5} \left(\frac{i^3 E'}{\mu h_f^4} \right)^{1/5} t^{4/5} = 0.524 t^{4/5}$$

$$w_{w,0} = \left(\frac{2560}{\pi^2} \right)^{1/5} \left(\frac{i^2 \mu}{E' h_f} \right)^{1/5} t^{1/5} = 3.040 \left(\frac{i^2 \mu}{E' h_f} \right)^{1/5} t^{1/5}$$

$$p_{net,w} = \left(\frac{80}{\pi^2} \right)^{1/5} \left(\frac{E^{4i^2}\mu}{h_f^6} \right)^{1/5} t^{1/5} = 1.520 t^{1/5}$$

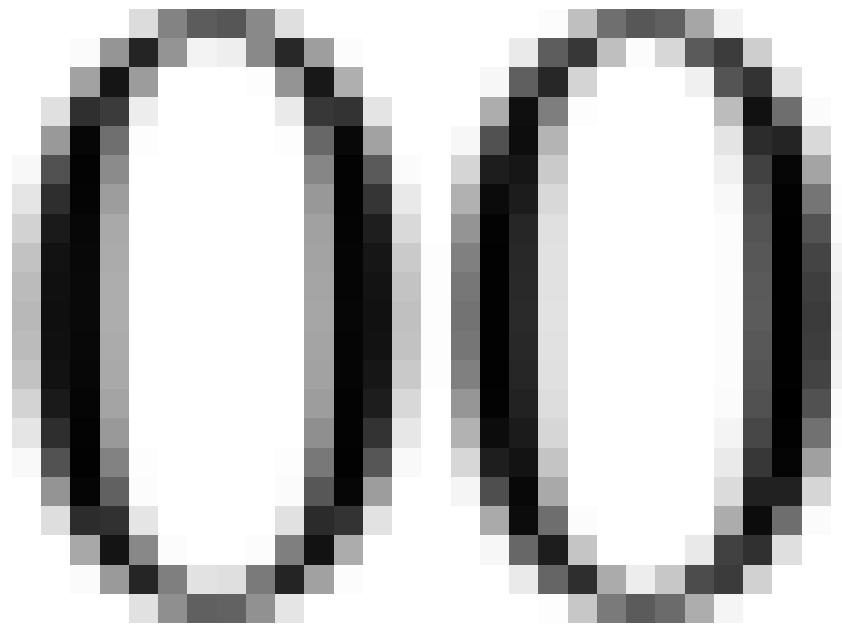
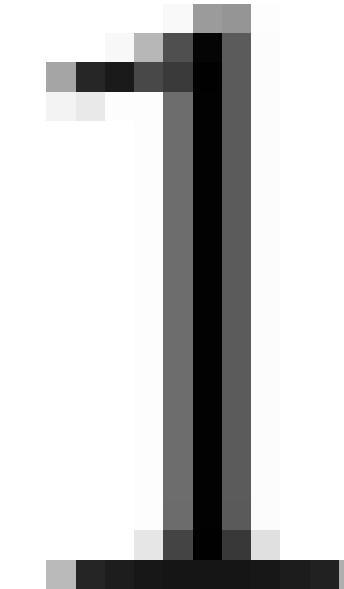




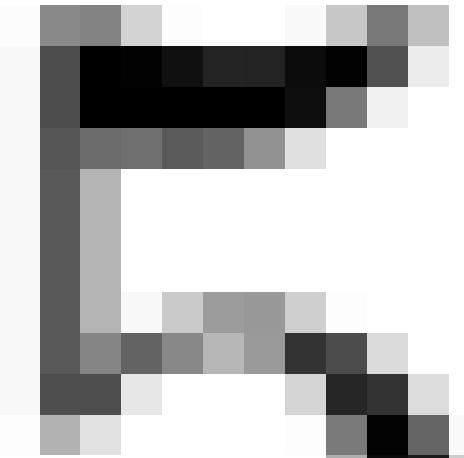
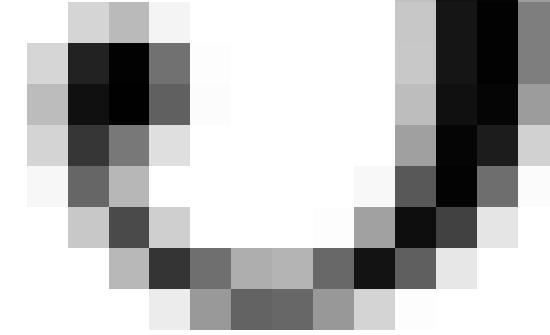
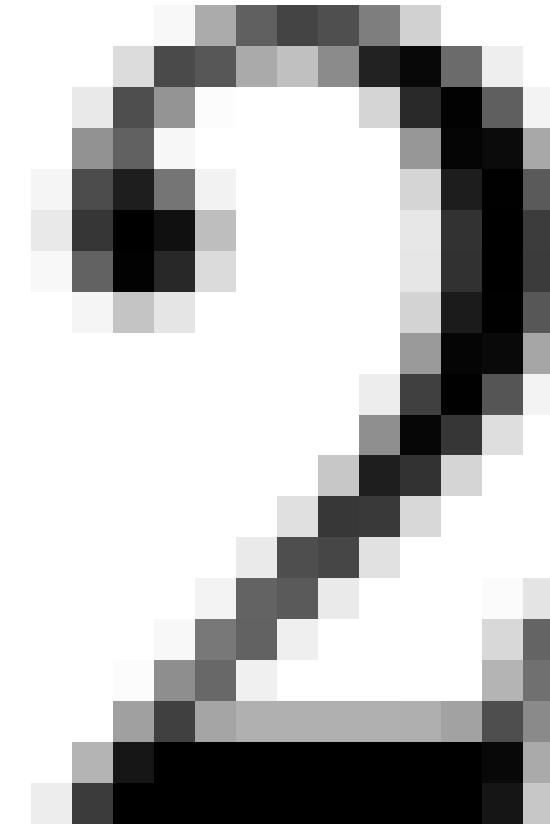
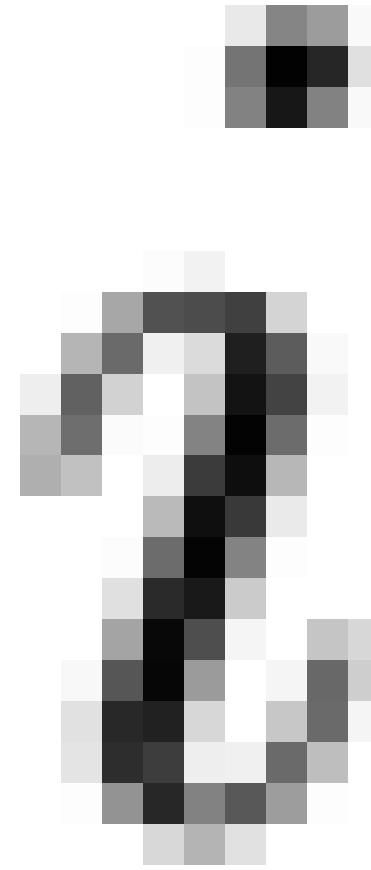


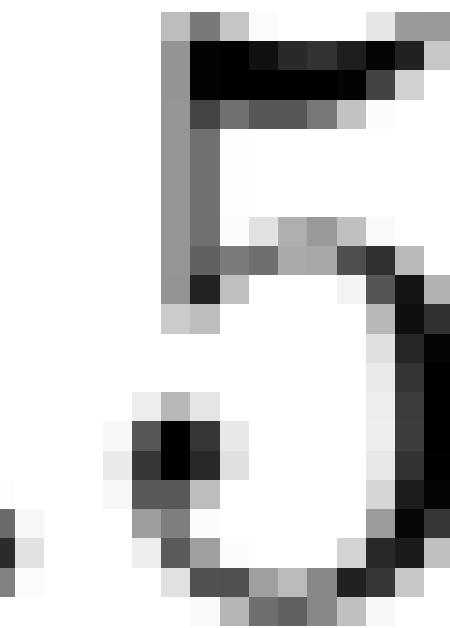
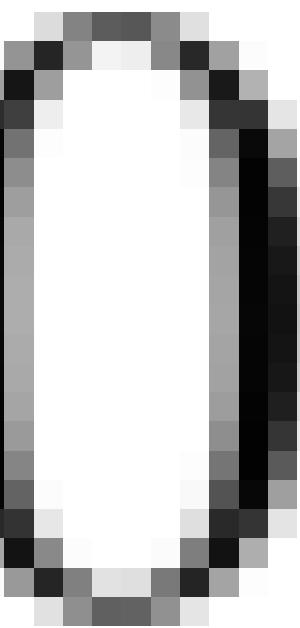
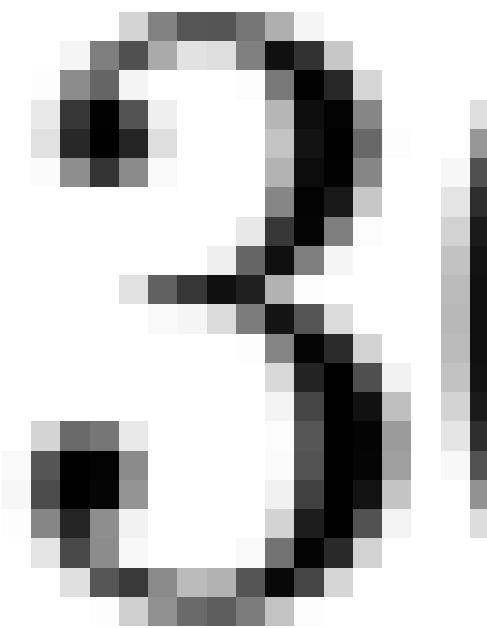


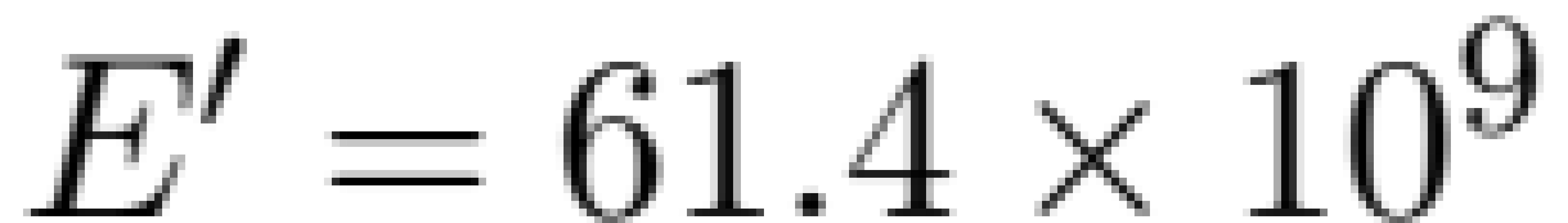


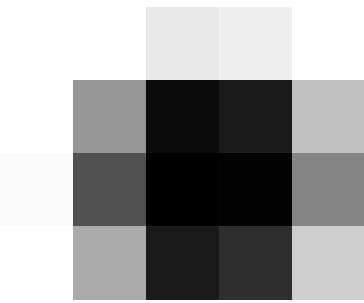


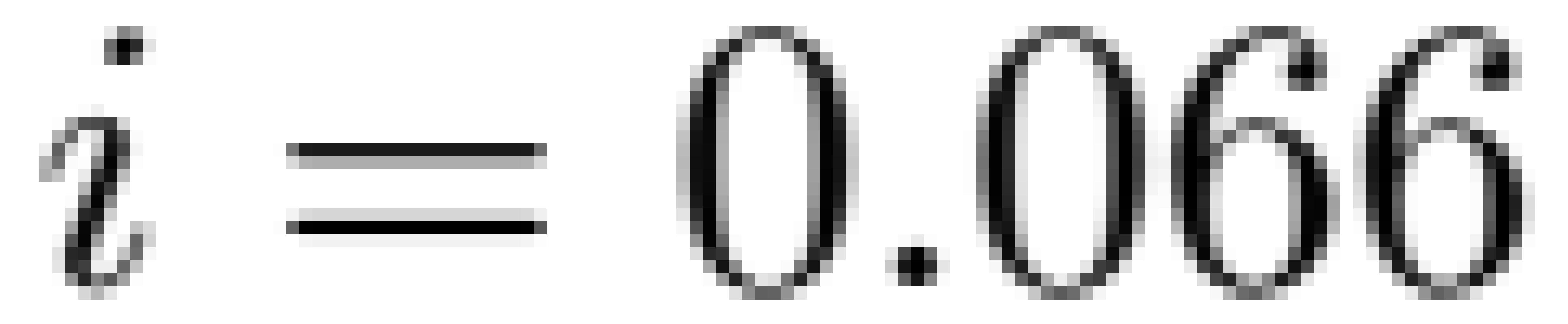












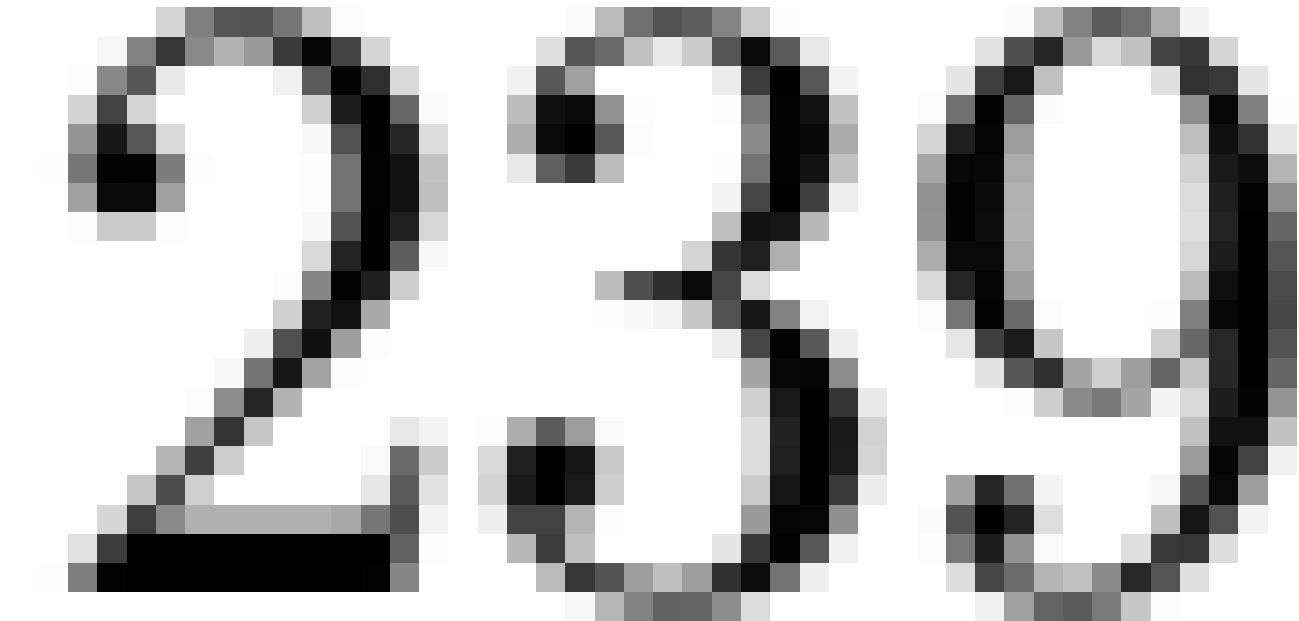
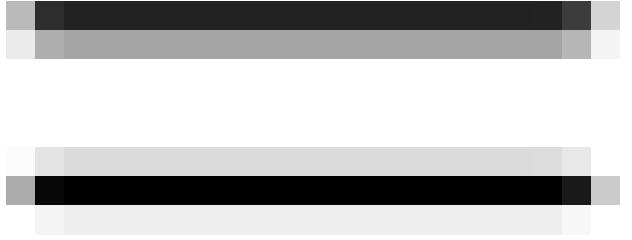
$$x_f = 0.524 \left[\frac{(0.066 \text{ m}^3/\text{s})^3 \times (61.4 \times 10^9 \text{ Pa})}{0.001 \text{ Pa s} \times (30.5 \text{ m})^4} \right]^{1/5} = 1536.2 \text{ m}$$

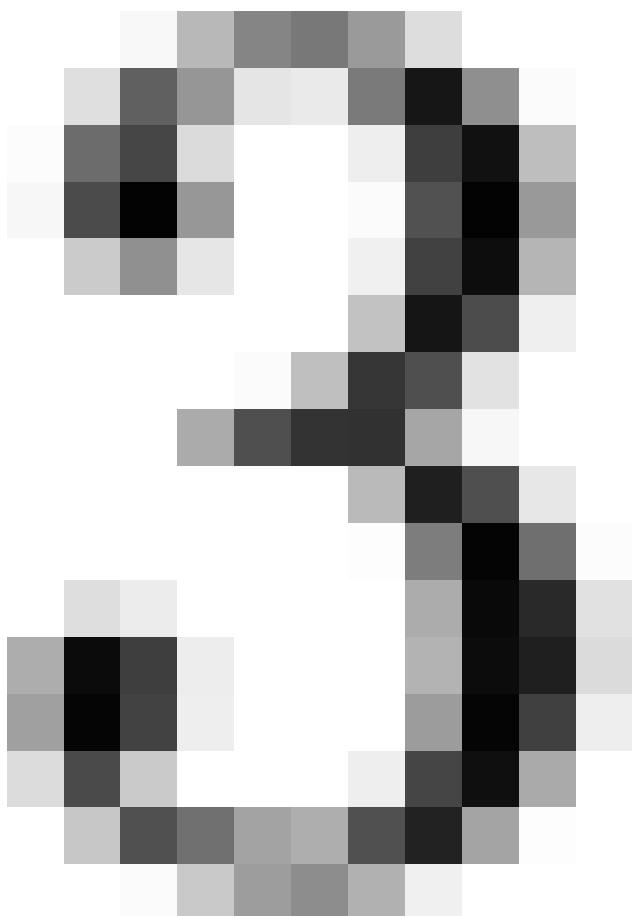
$$w_{w,0} = 3.040 \left[\frac{(0.066 \text{ m}^3/\text{s})^2 \times (0.001 \text{ Pa s})}{(61.4 \times 10^9 \text{ Pa}) \times (30.5 \text{ m})} \right]^{1/5} = 4.05 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

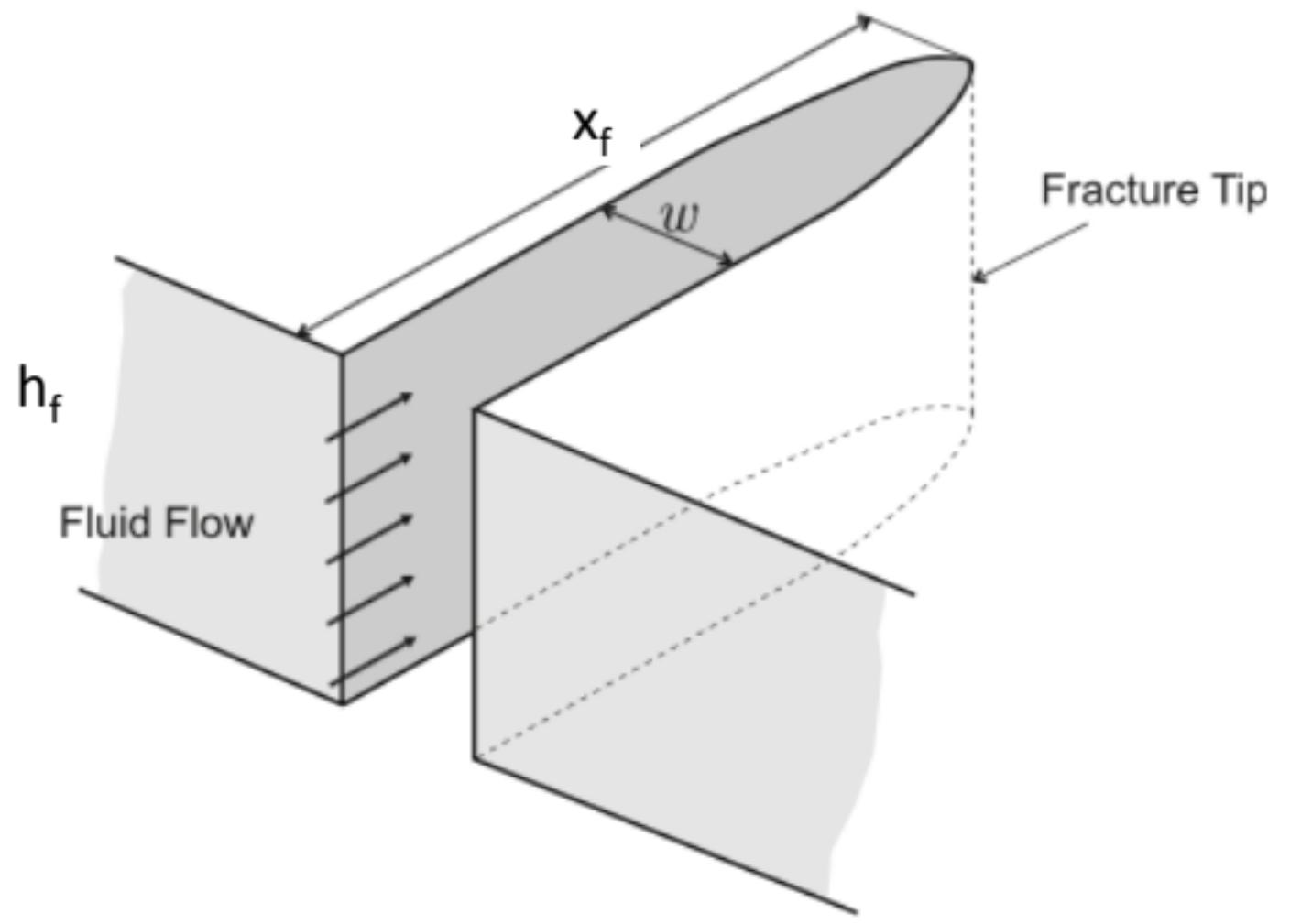
$$p_{net,w} = 1.520 \left[\frac{(61.4 \times 10^9 \text{ Pa})^4 \times (0.066 \text{ m}^3/\text{s})^2 \times (0.001 \text{ Pa s})}{(1800 \text{ s})^{1/5} \times \frac{4.1 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa}}{(30.5 \text{ m})^6}} \right]^{1/5}$$

$$2V_{frac} = \frac{2\pi}{5}(4.06 \times 10^{-3} m)$$





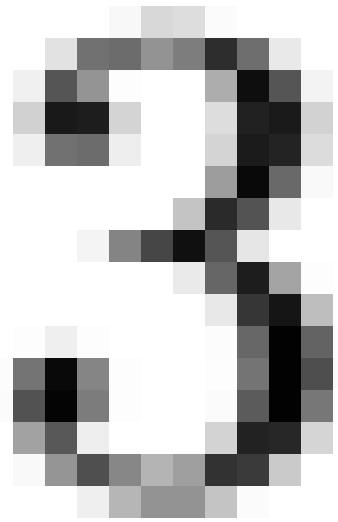
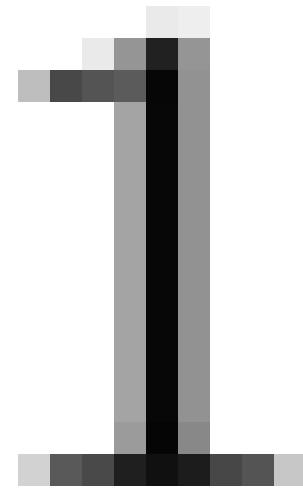
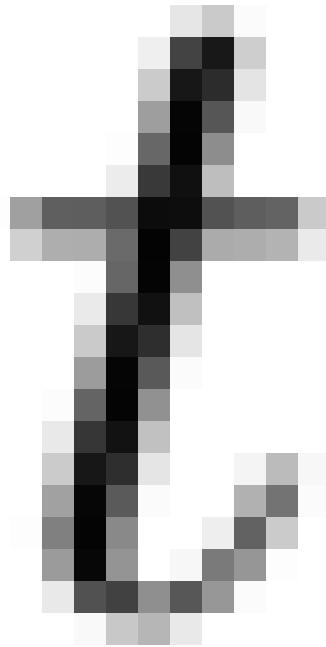


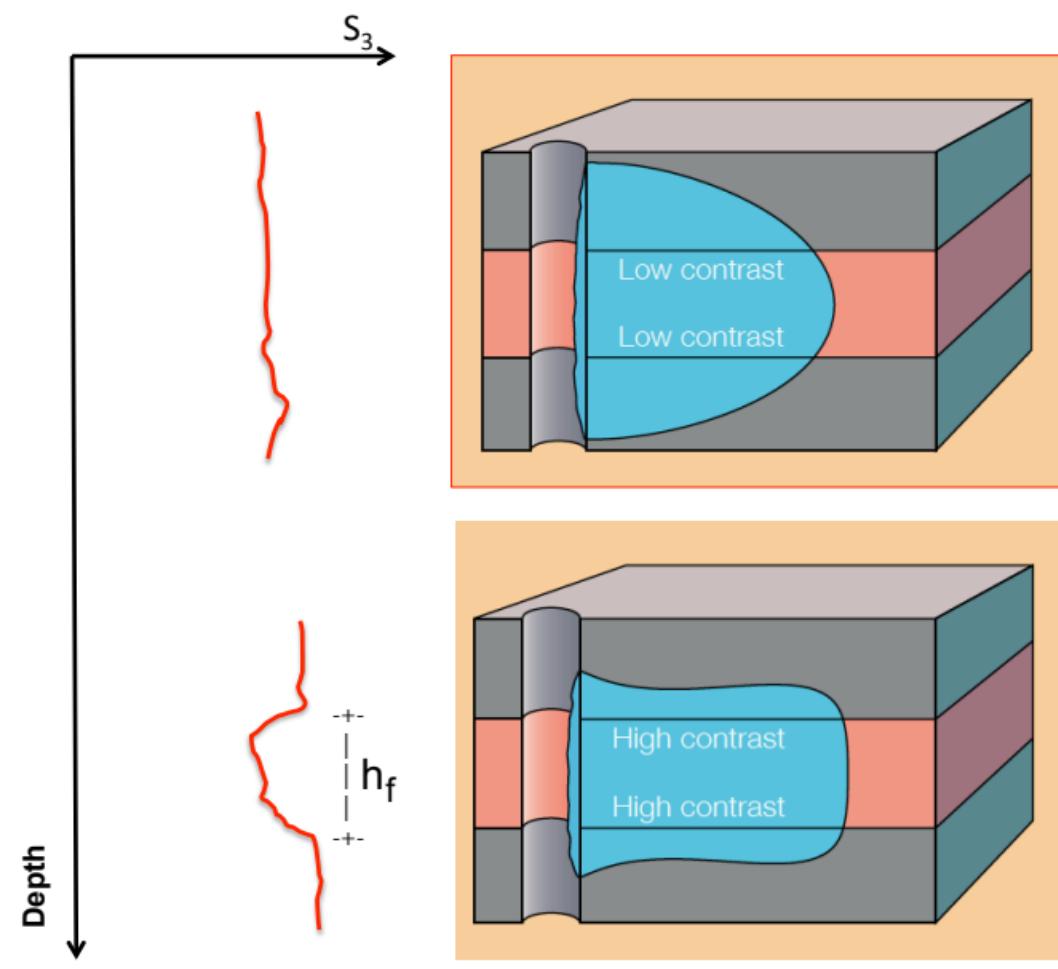


$$x_f = \left(\frac{16}{21\pi^3} \right)^{1/6} \left(\frac{i^3 E'}{\mu h_f^3} \right)^{1/5} t^{2/3} = 0.539 t^{2/3}$$

$$w_{w,0} = \left(\frac{5376}{\pi^3} \right)^{1/6} \left(\frac{i^3 \mu}{E' h_f^3} \right)^{1/6} t^{1/3} = 2.360 t^{1/3}$$

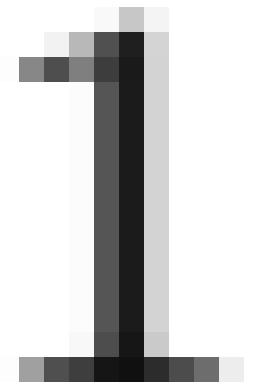
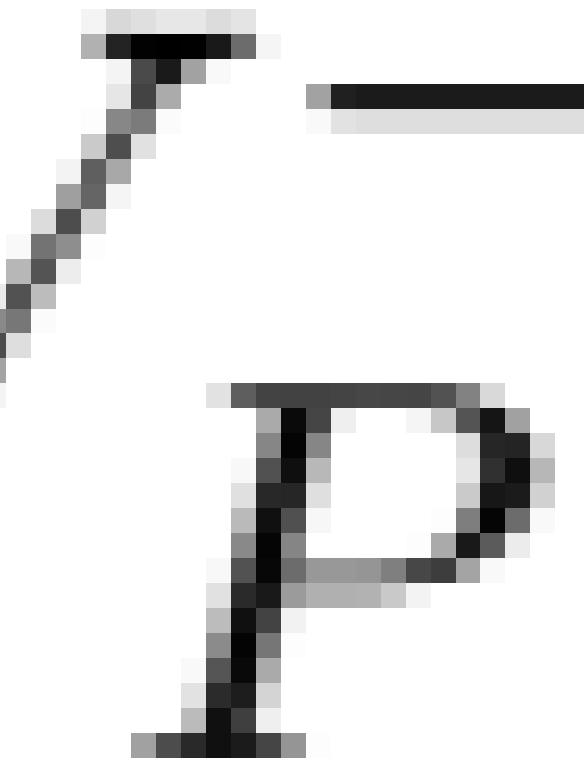
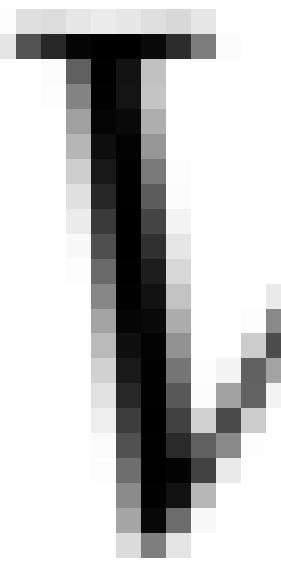
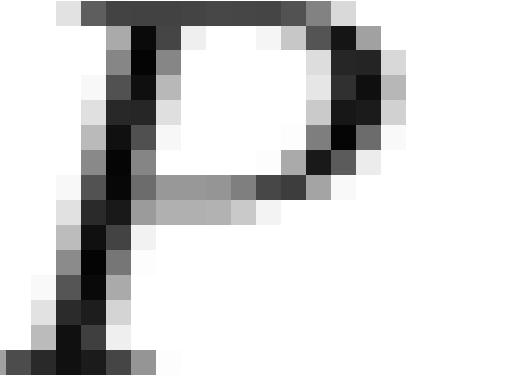
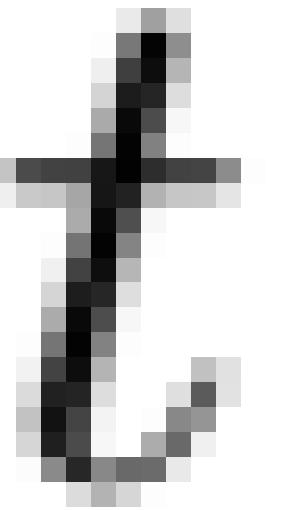
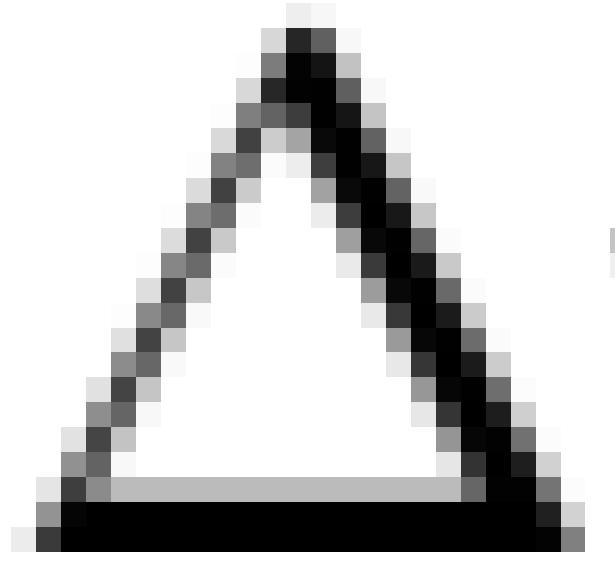
$$p_{\text{net},w} = \left(\frac{21}{16}\right)^{1/3} (E^2 \mu)^{1/3} t^{-1/3} = 1.090 (E^2 \mu)^{1/3} t^{-1/3}$$

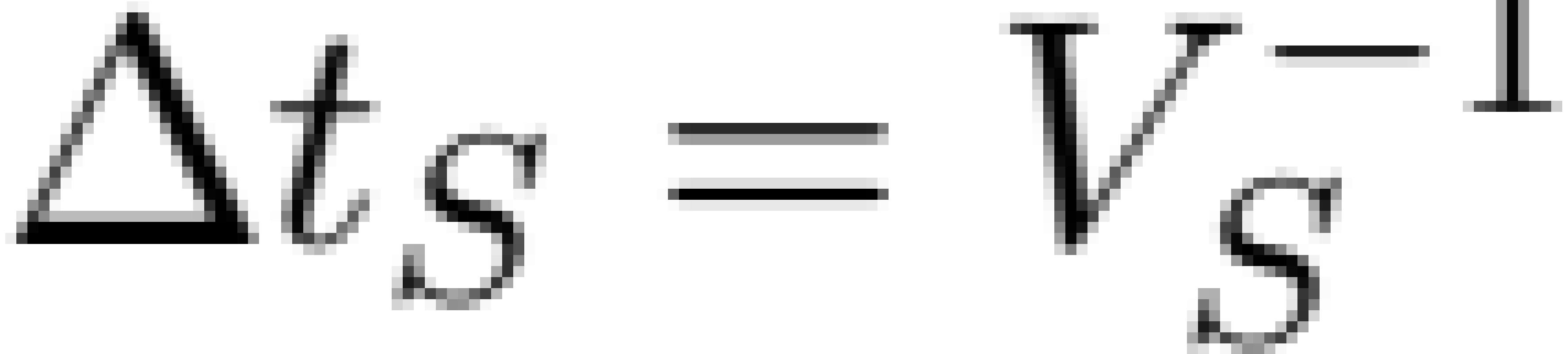












$$E_{dyn} = \rho_{bulk} V^2_S \left(\frac{3V_P^2 - 4V_S^2}{V_P^2 - V_S^2} \right)$$

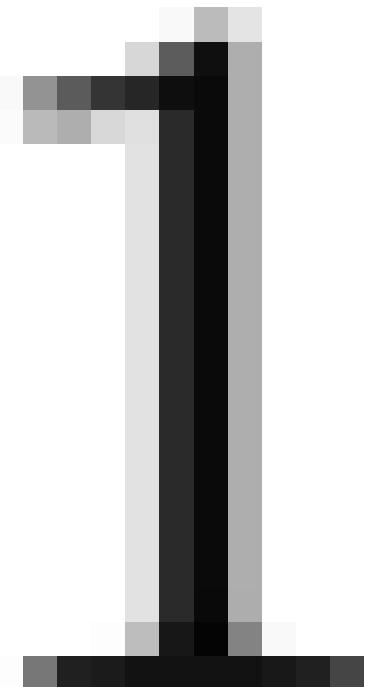
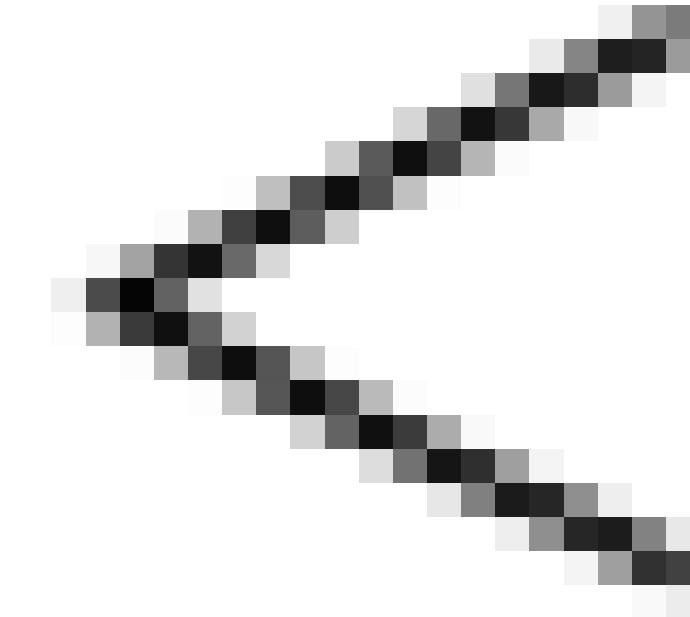
$v_{dyn} =$

$$\frac{V_p^2 - V_s^2}{2(V_p^2 - V_s^2)}$$



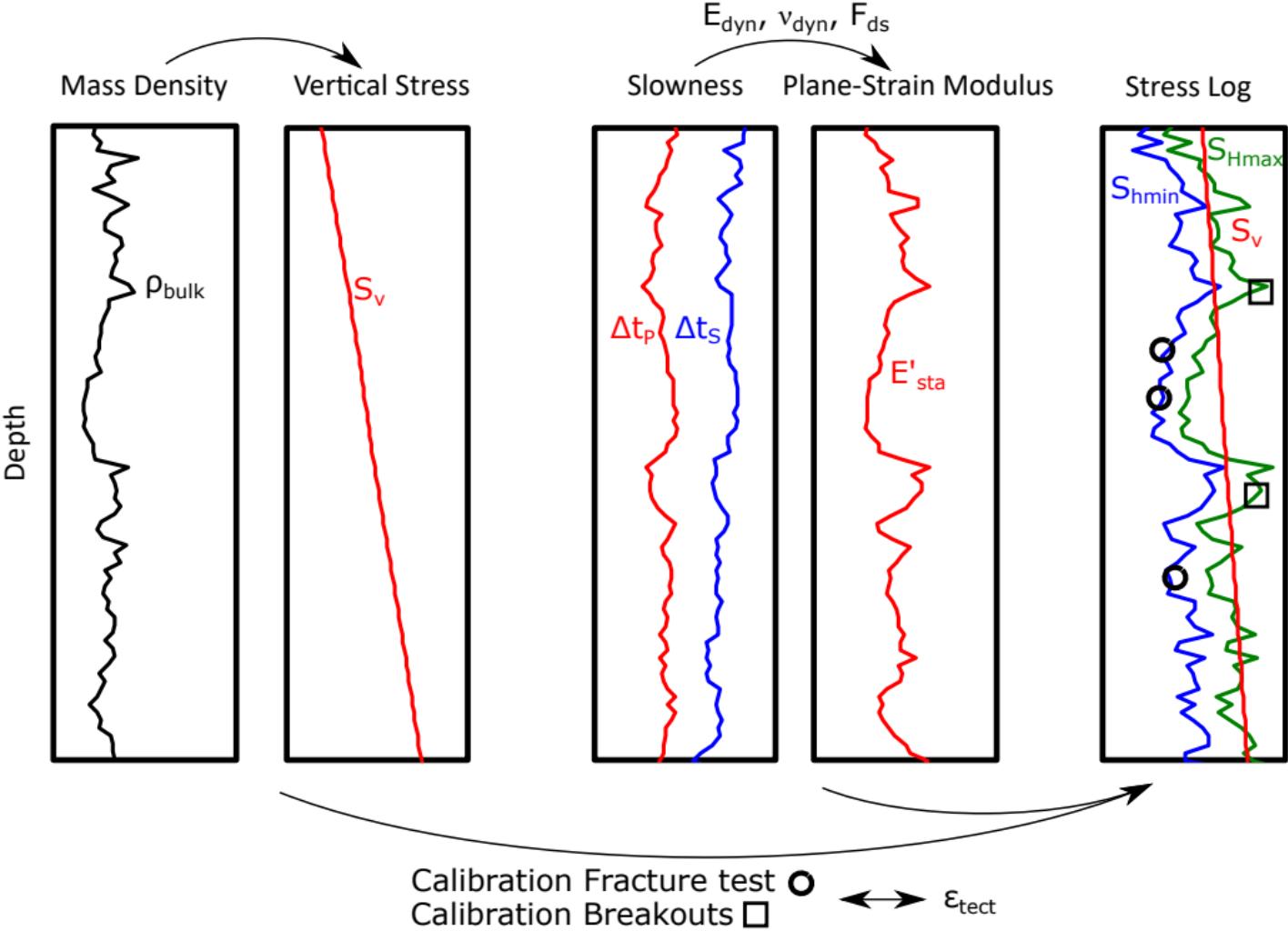


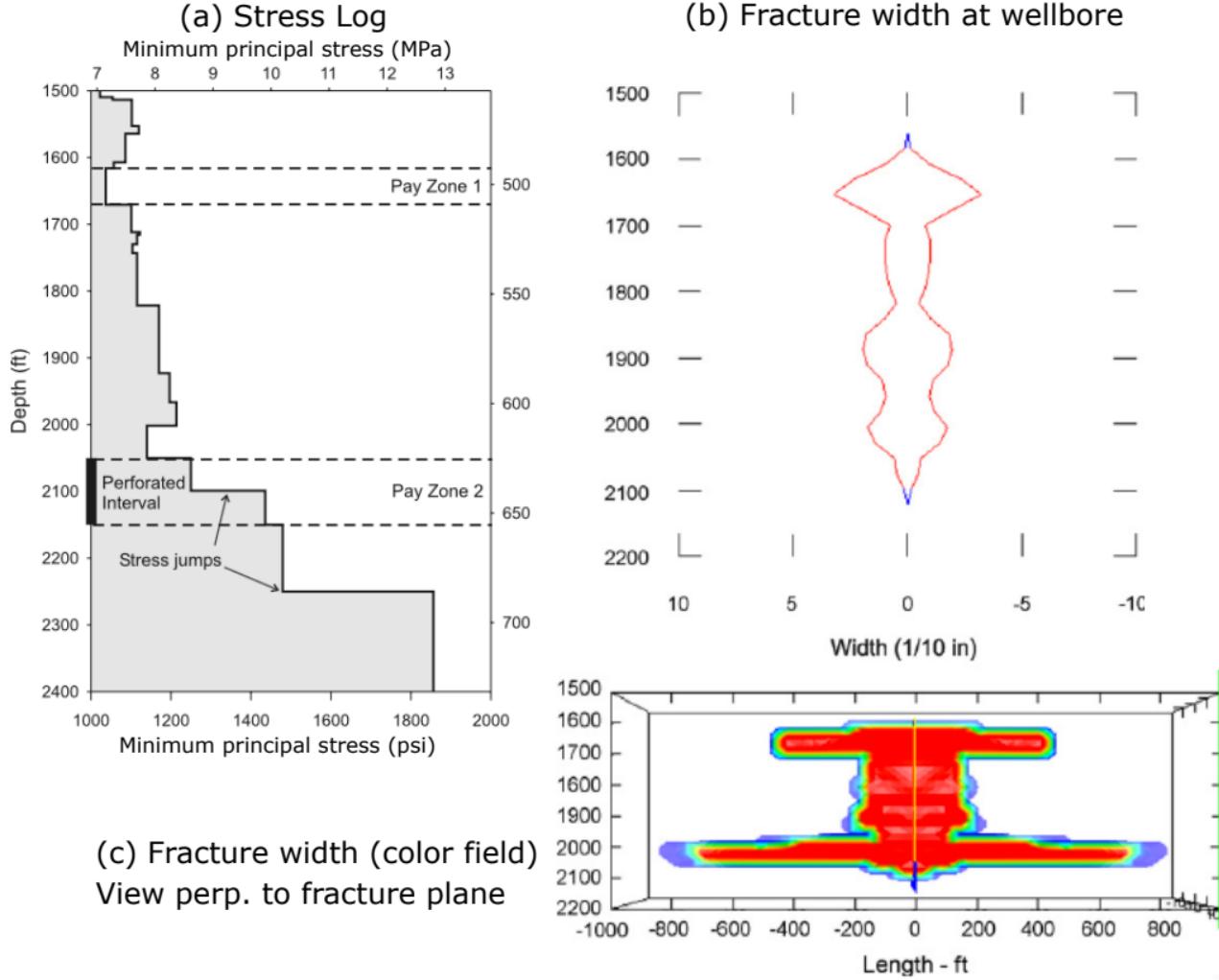


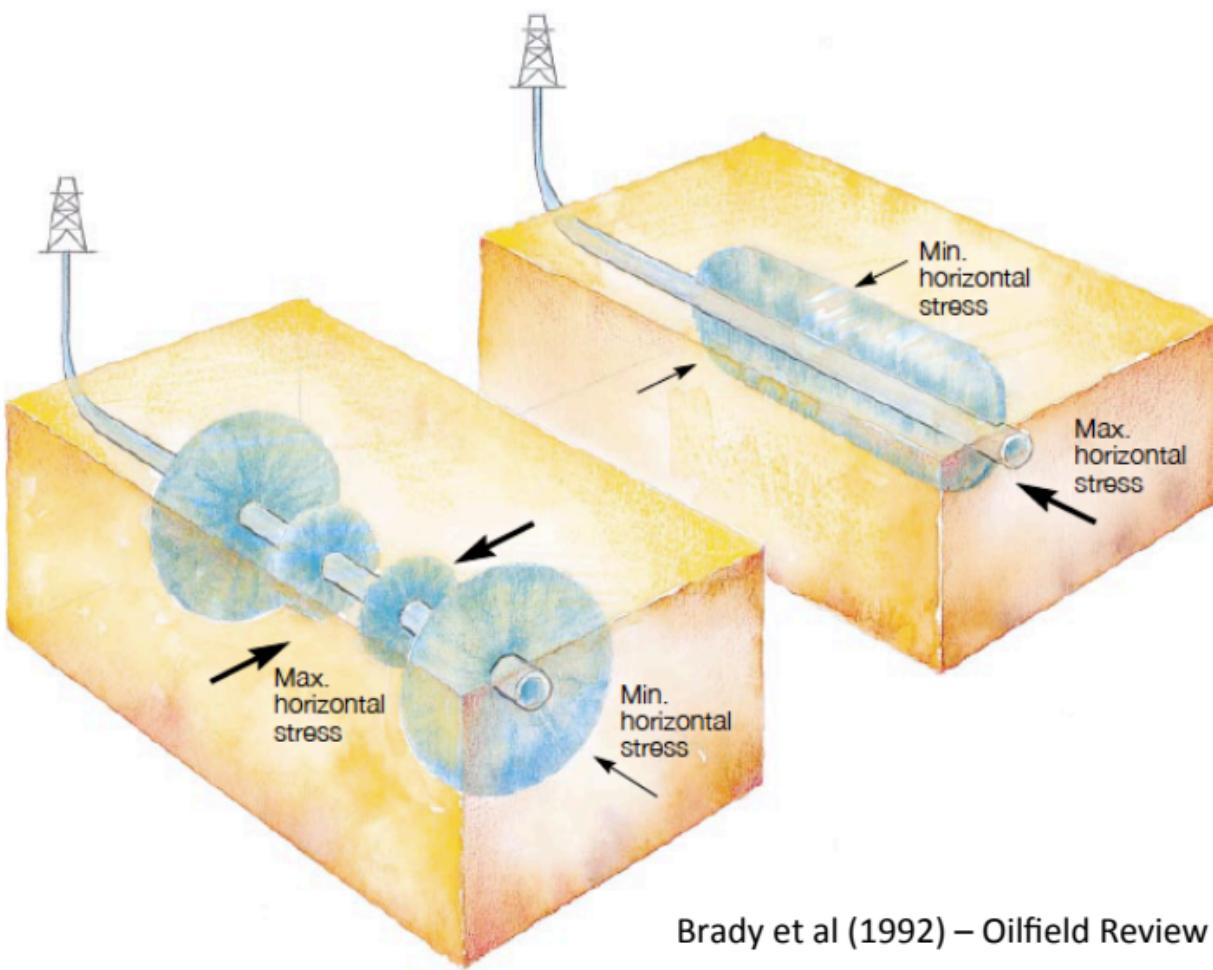






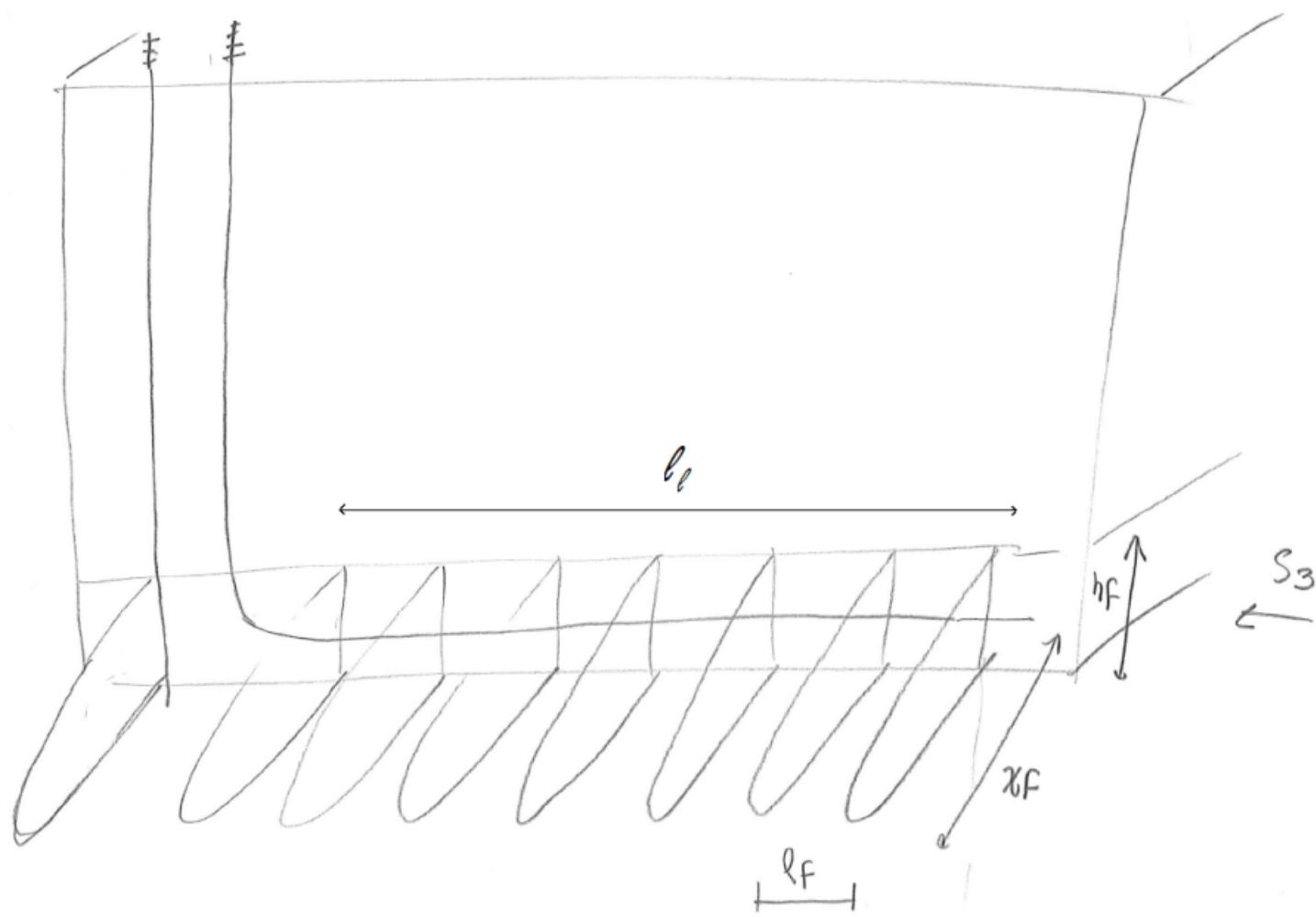






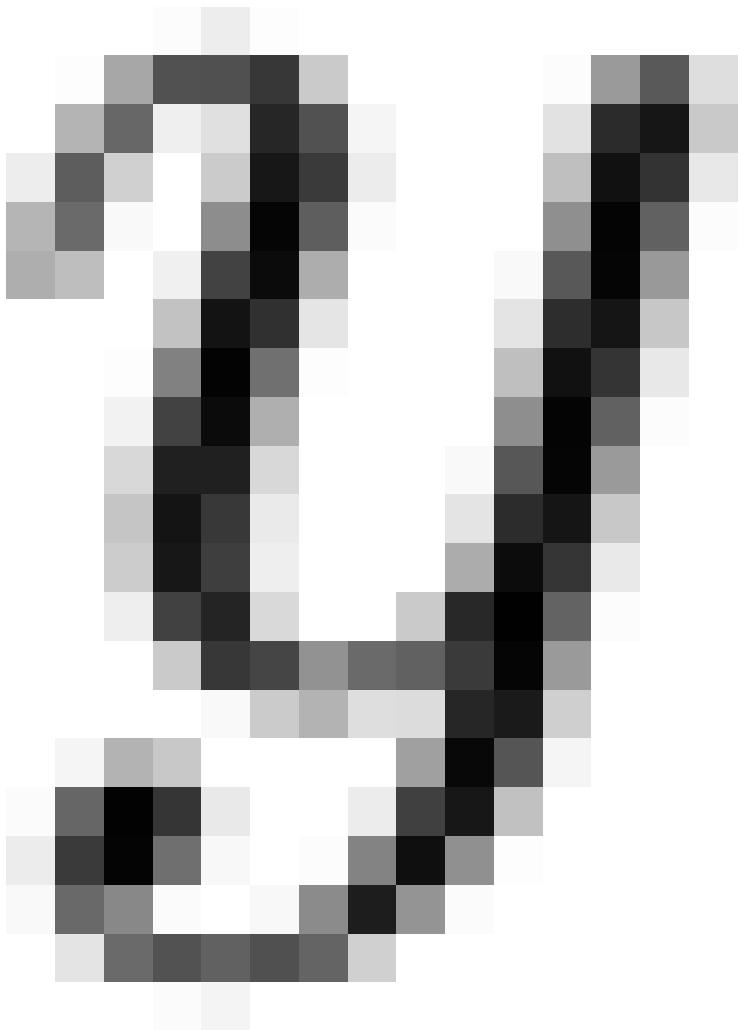
Brady et al (1992) – Oilfield Review

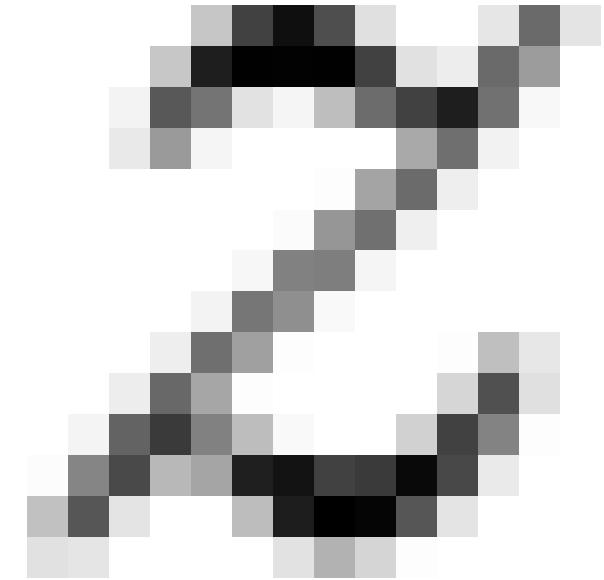
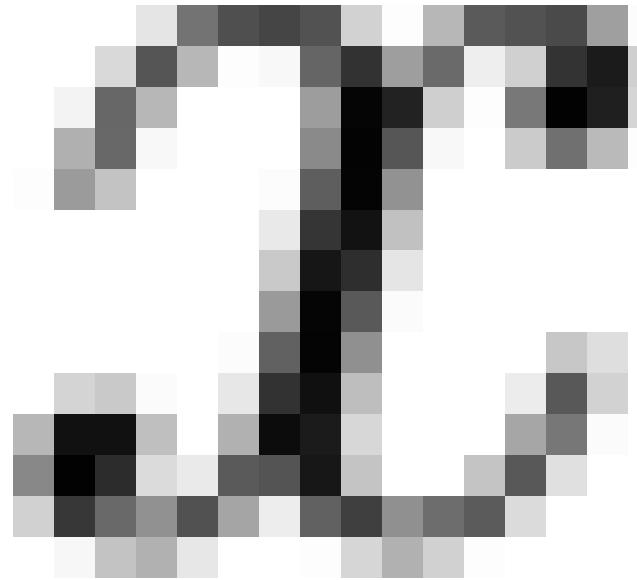


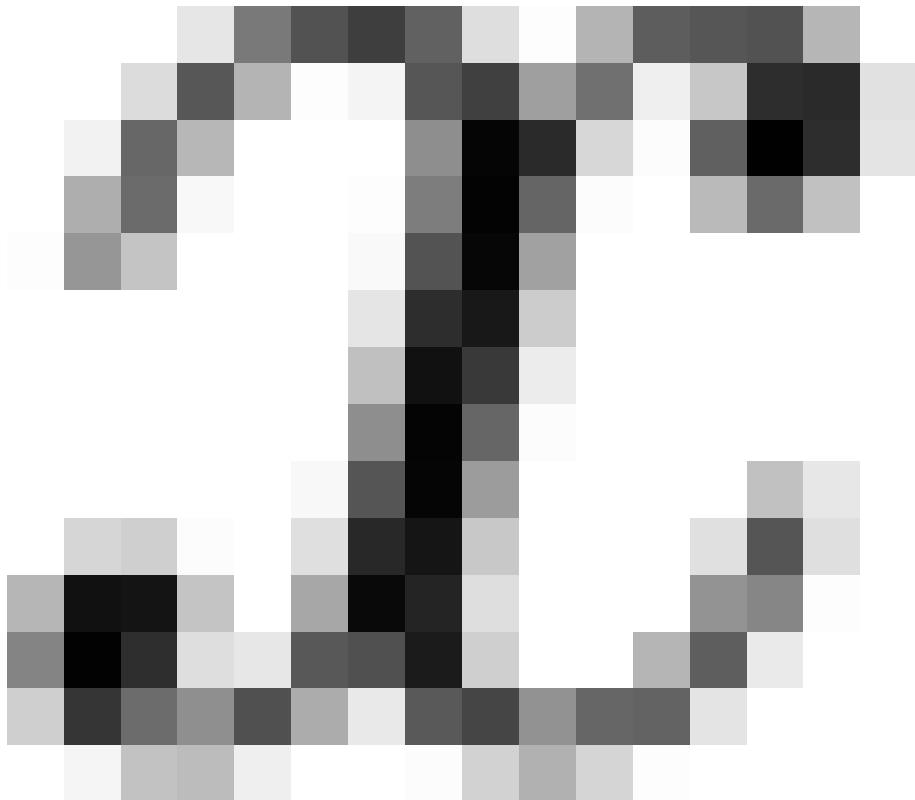




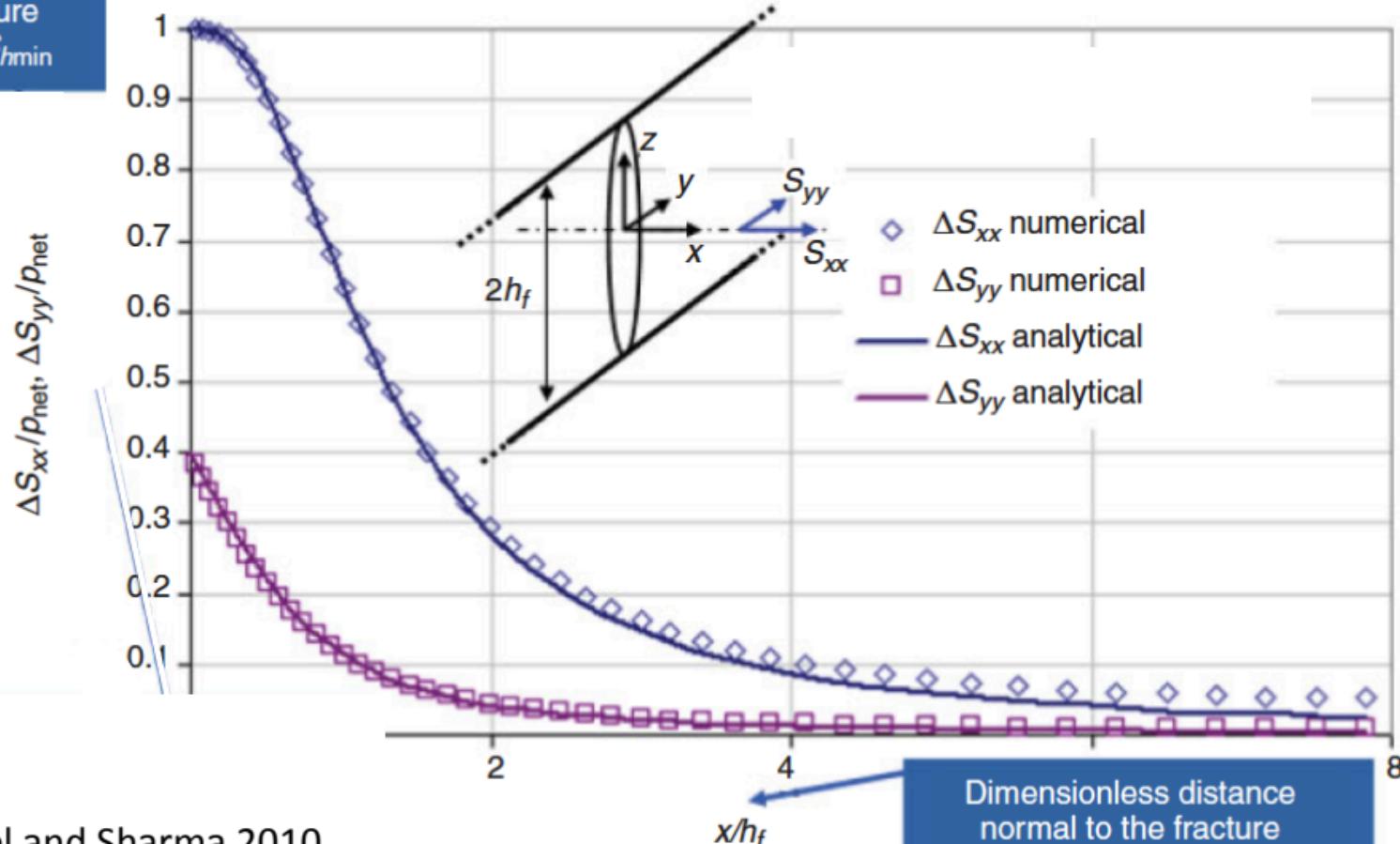






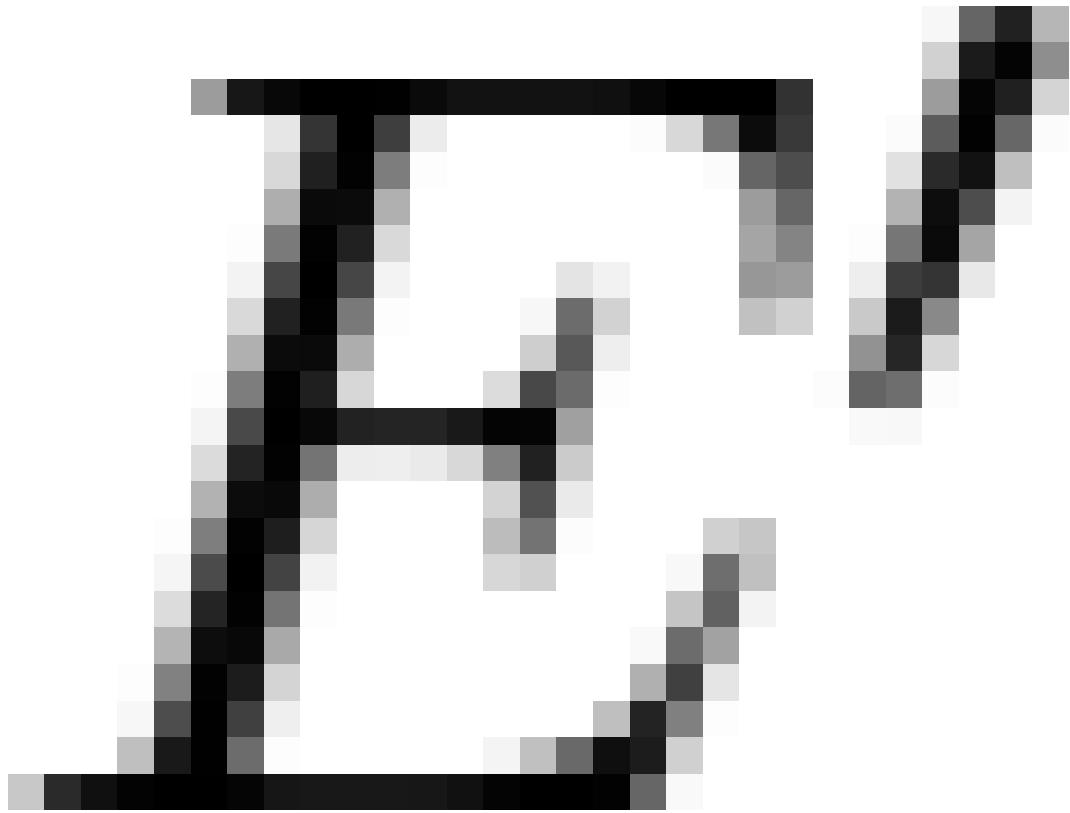


Net extension
pressure
 $= p_f - S_{h\min}$



$$J_f \propto$$

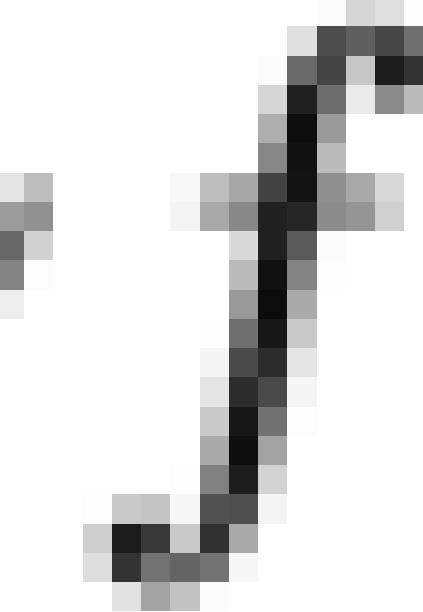
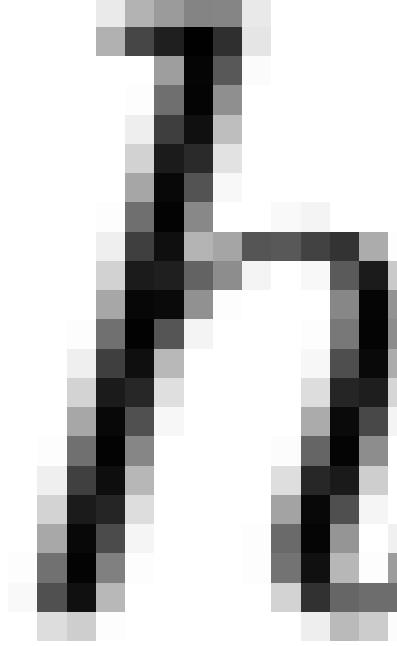
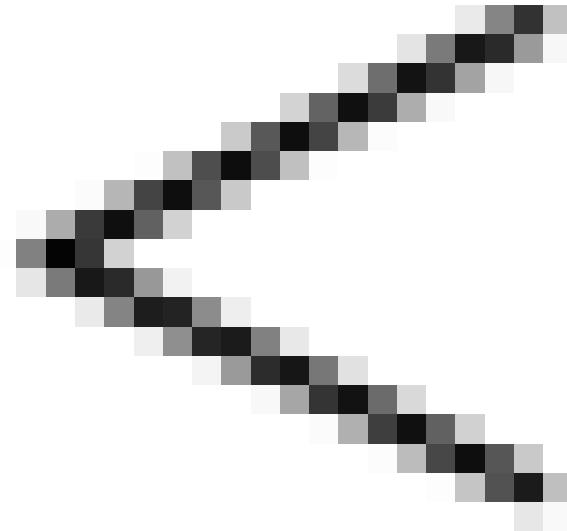
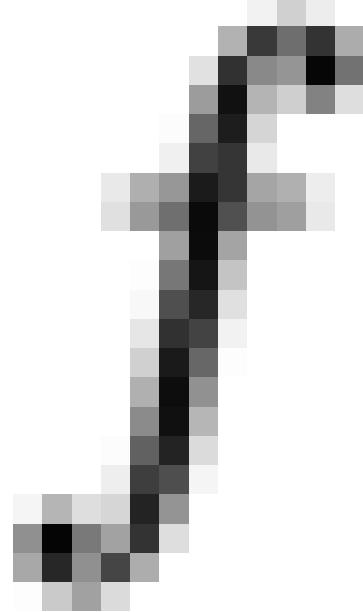
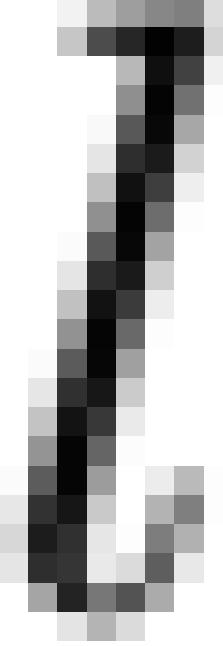
$$\frac{P_{\text{net}}/h_f}{S_2 - S_3}$$



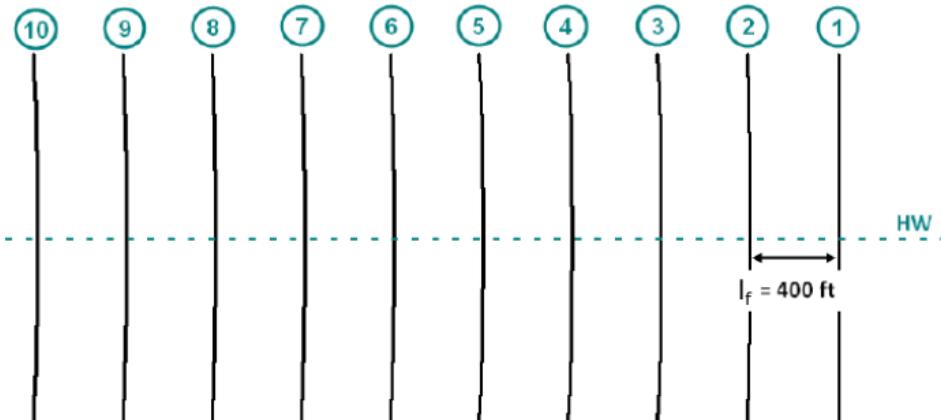




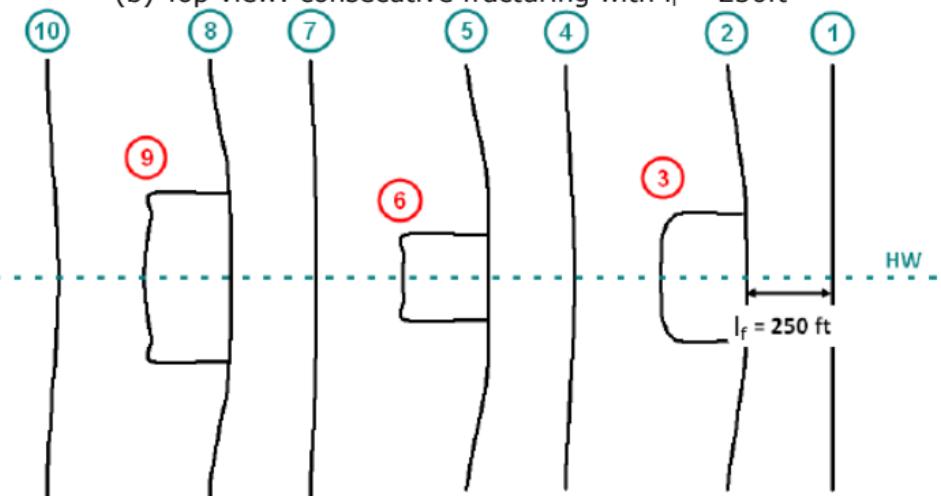


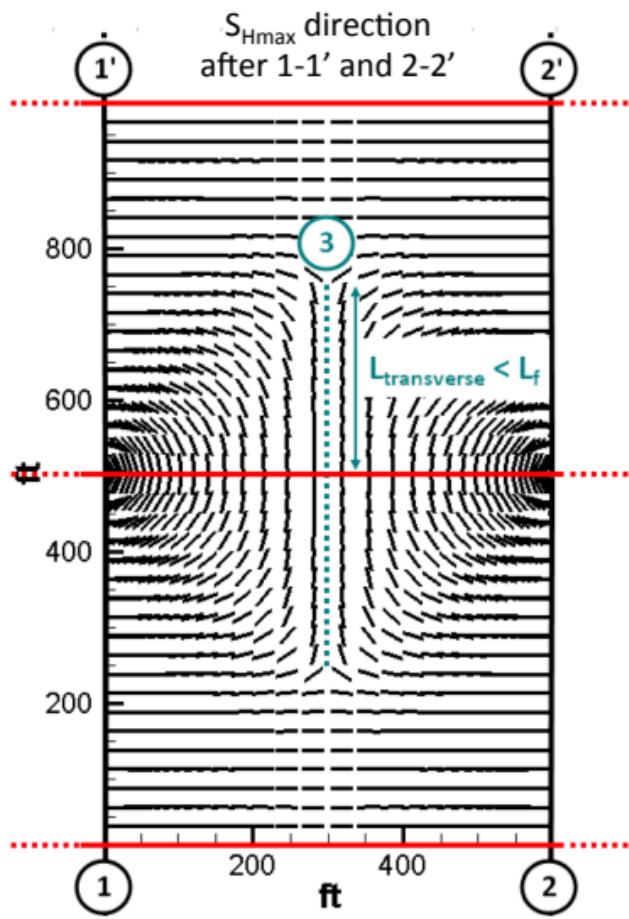
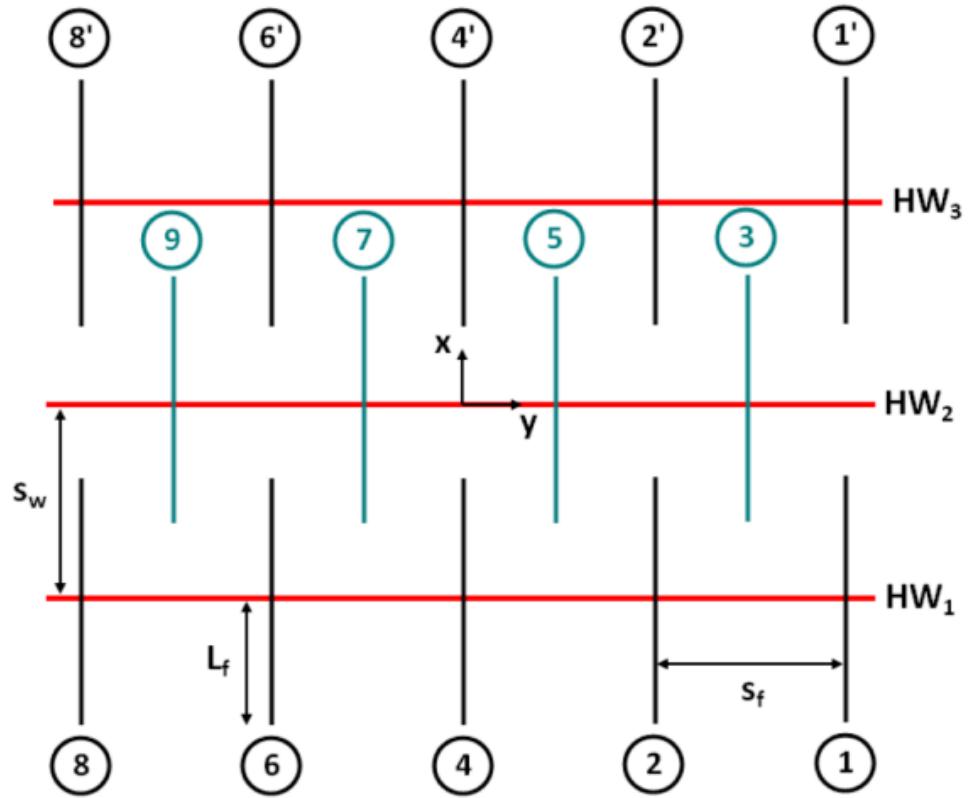


(a) Top view: consecutive fracturing with $l_f = 400\text{ft}$

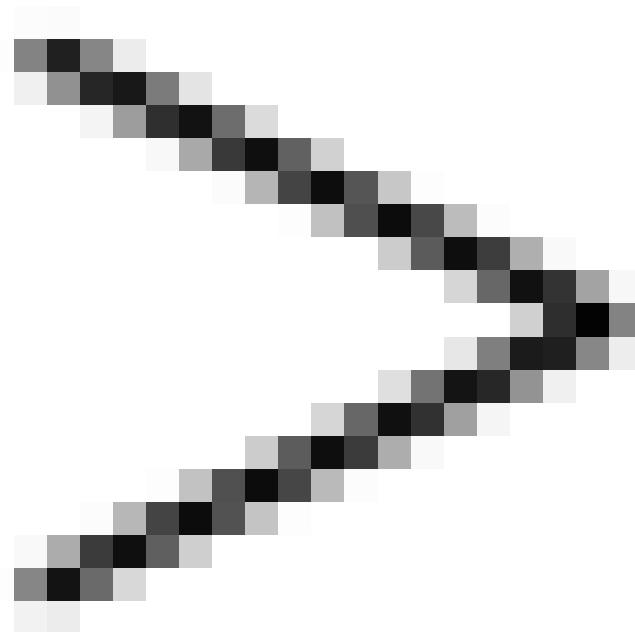
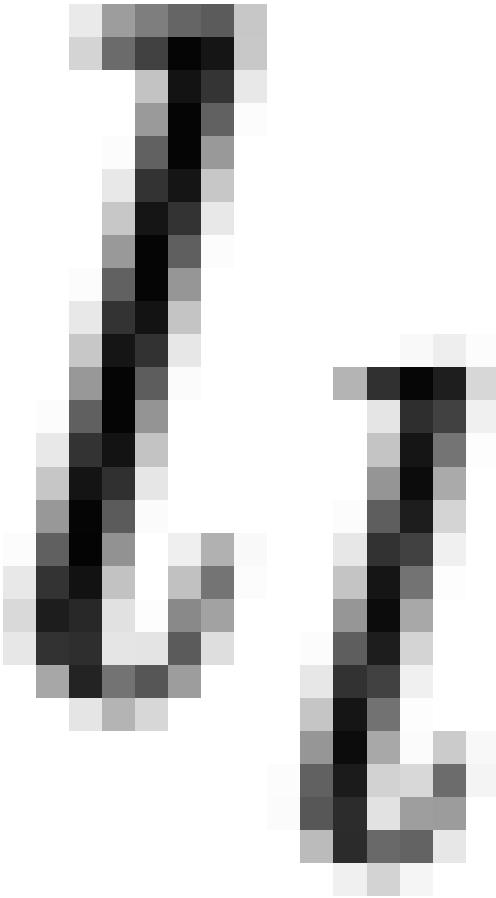


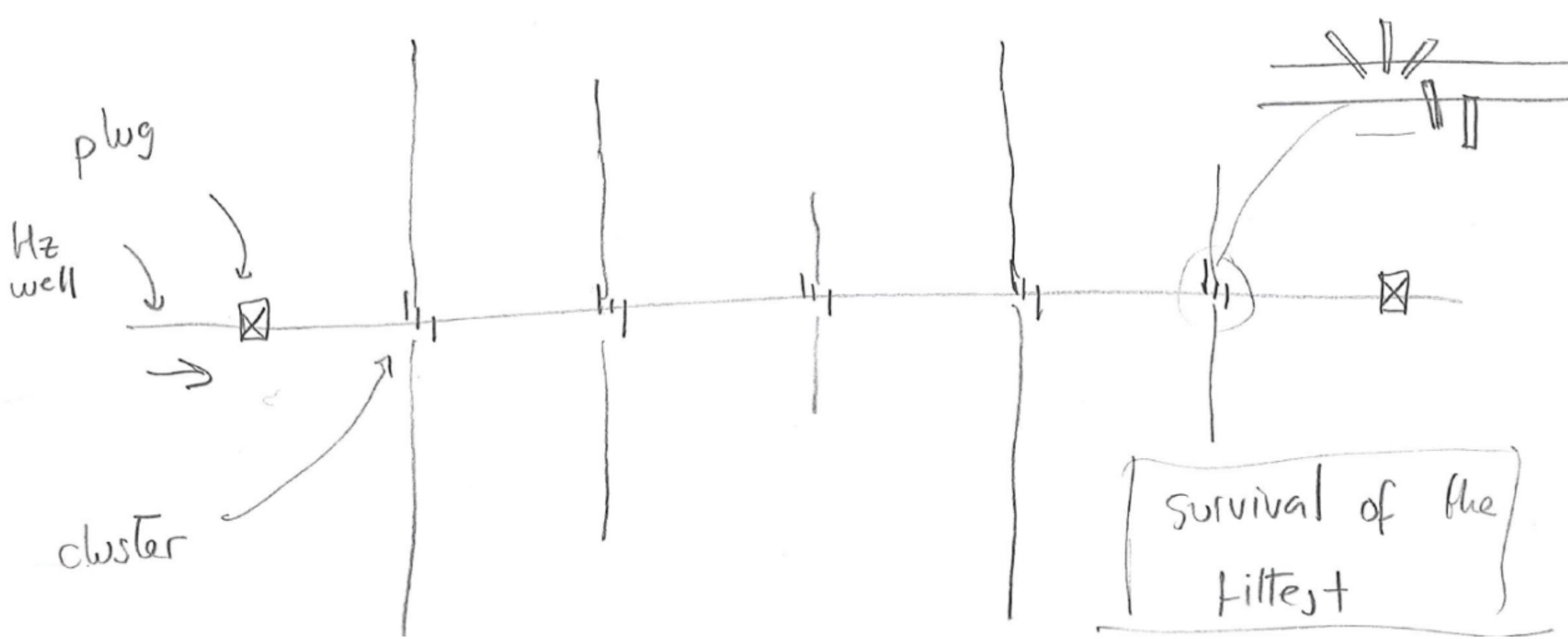
(b) Top view: consecutive fracturing with $l_f = 250\text{ft}$



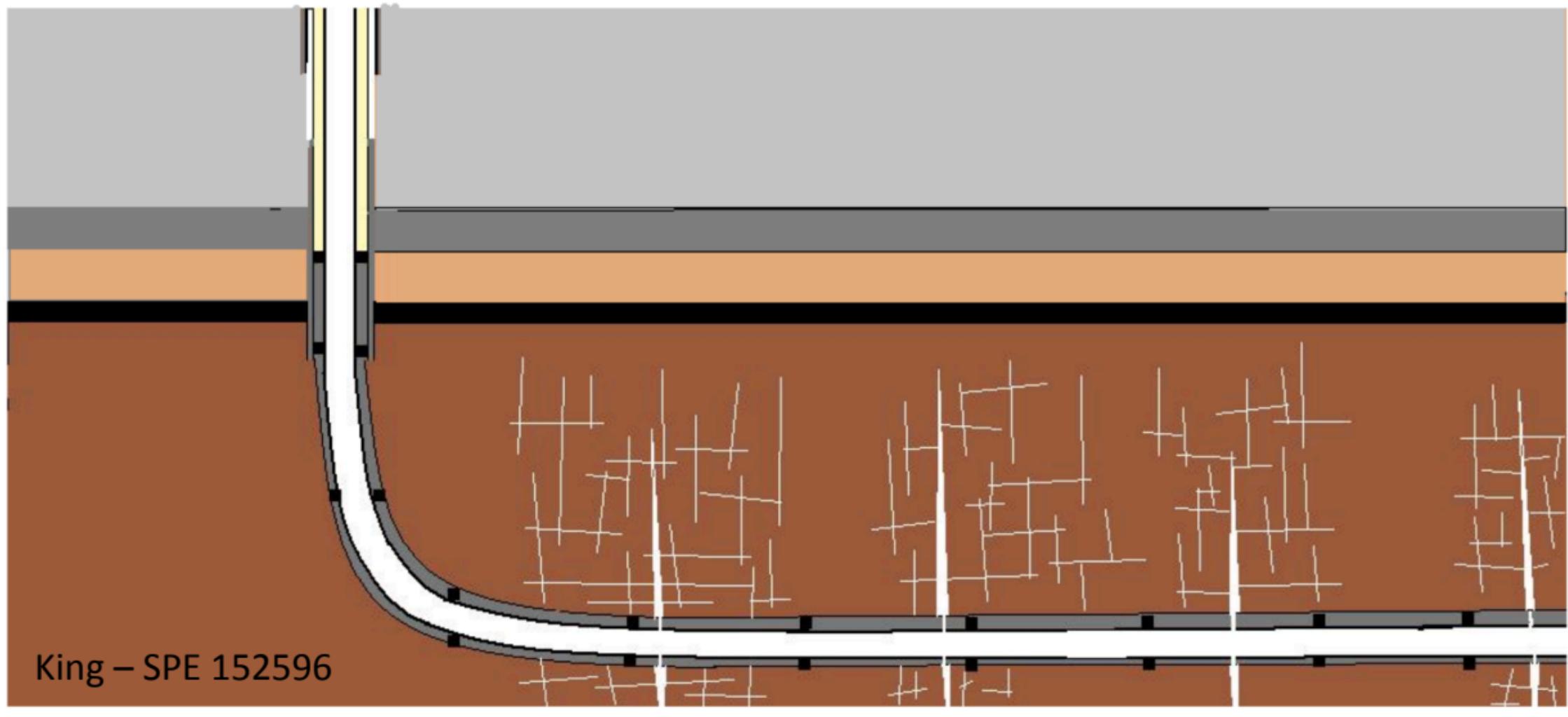


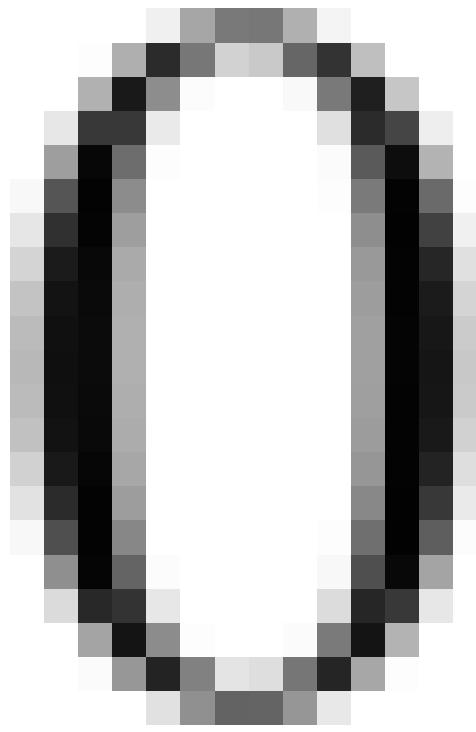
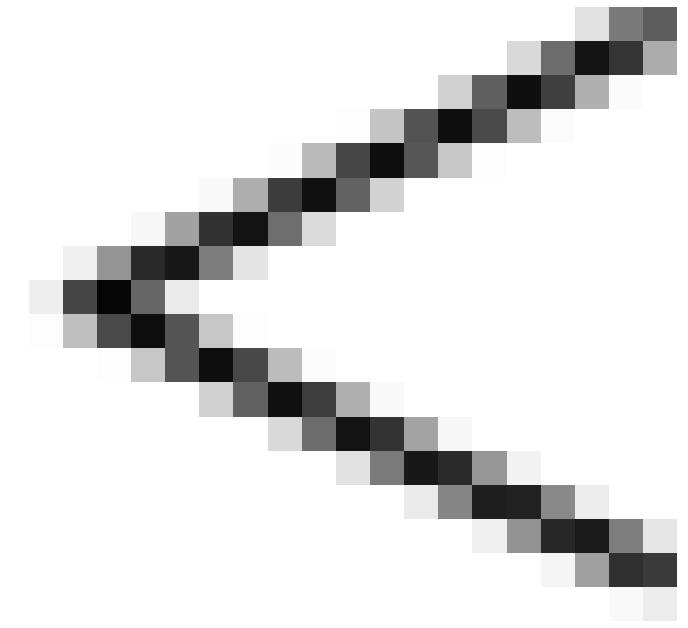
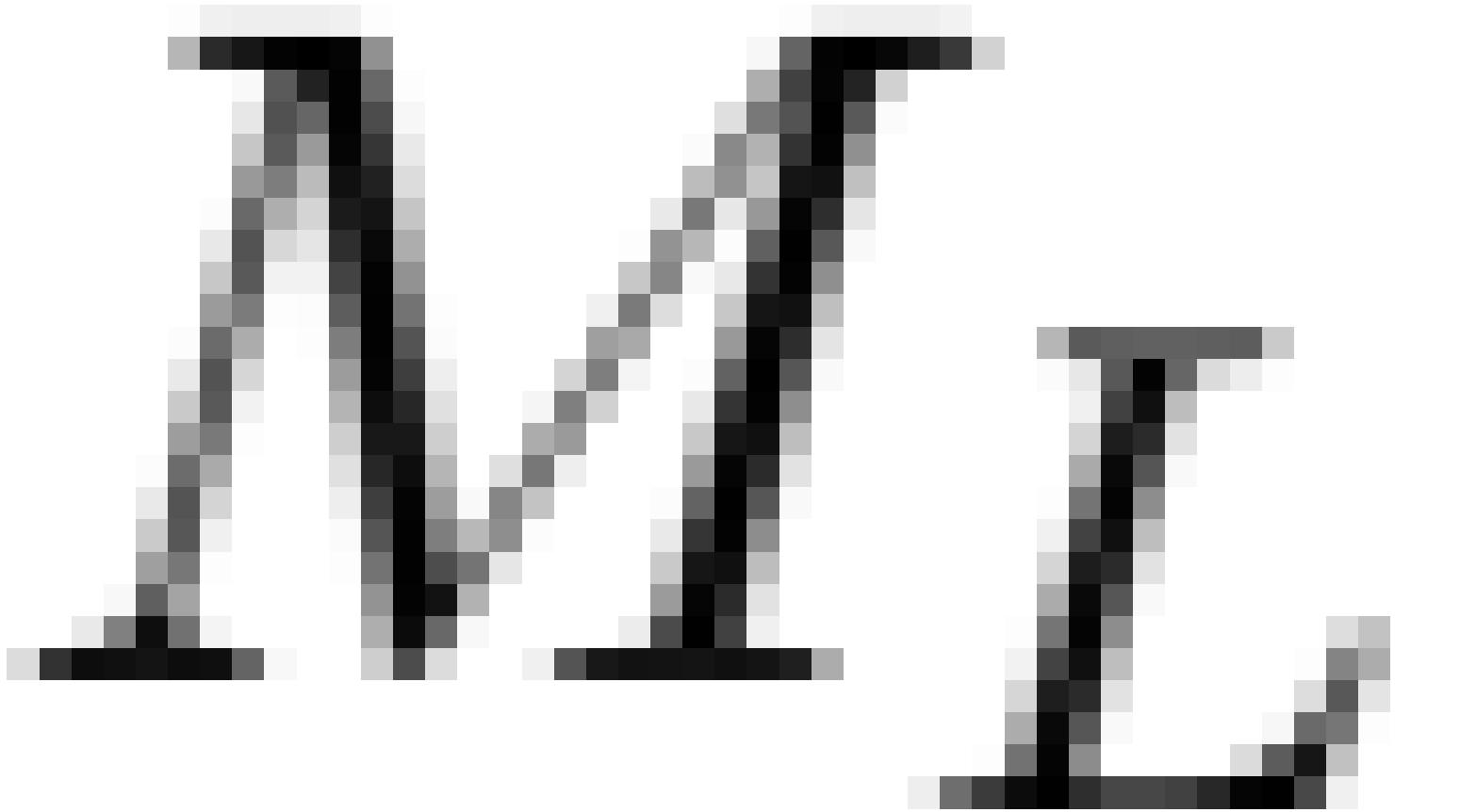
[Roussel and Sharma – SPE 146104]

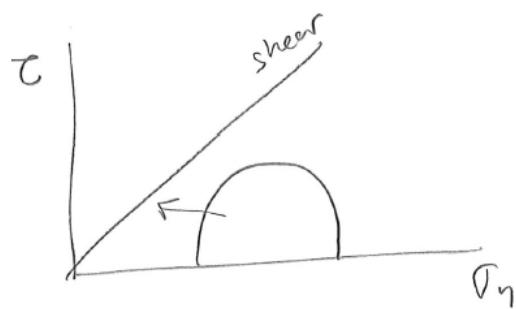
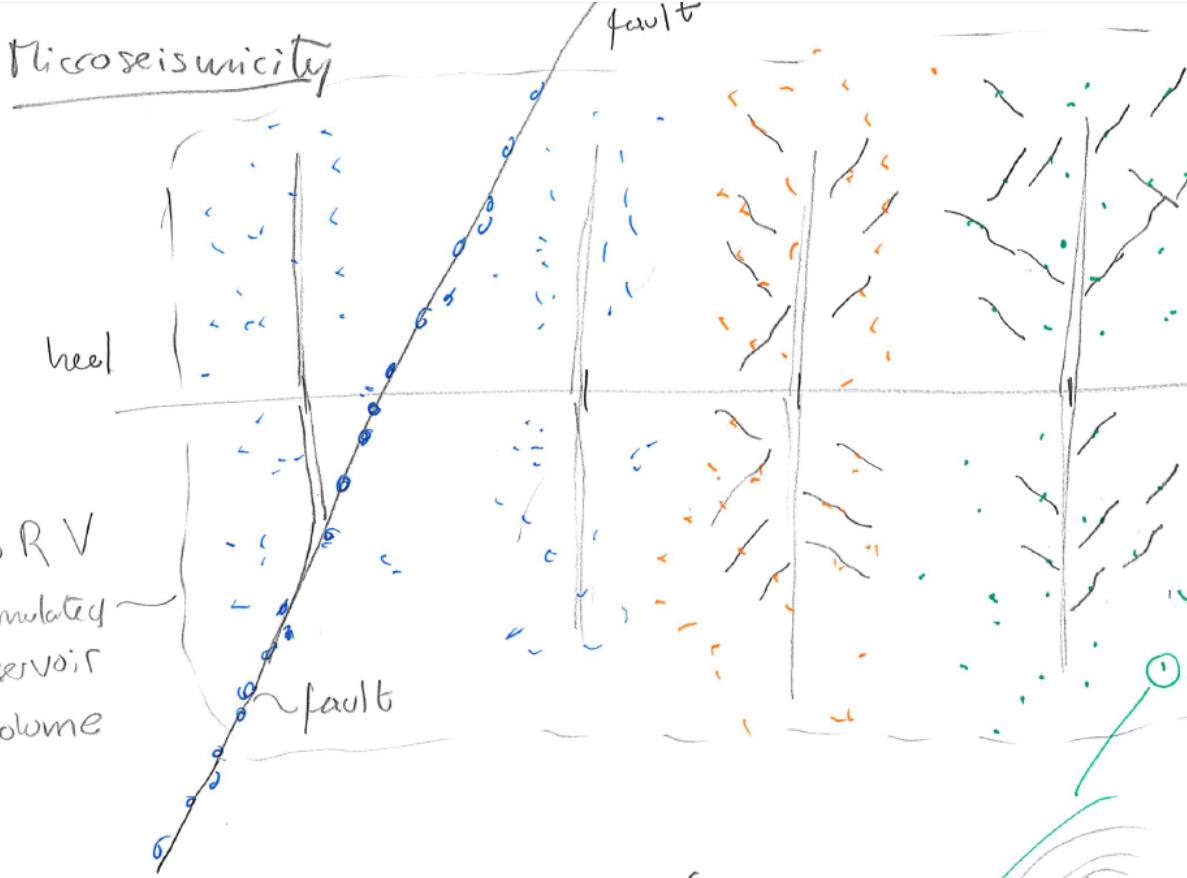




King – SPE 152596







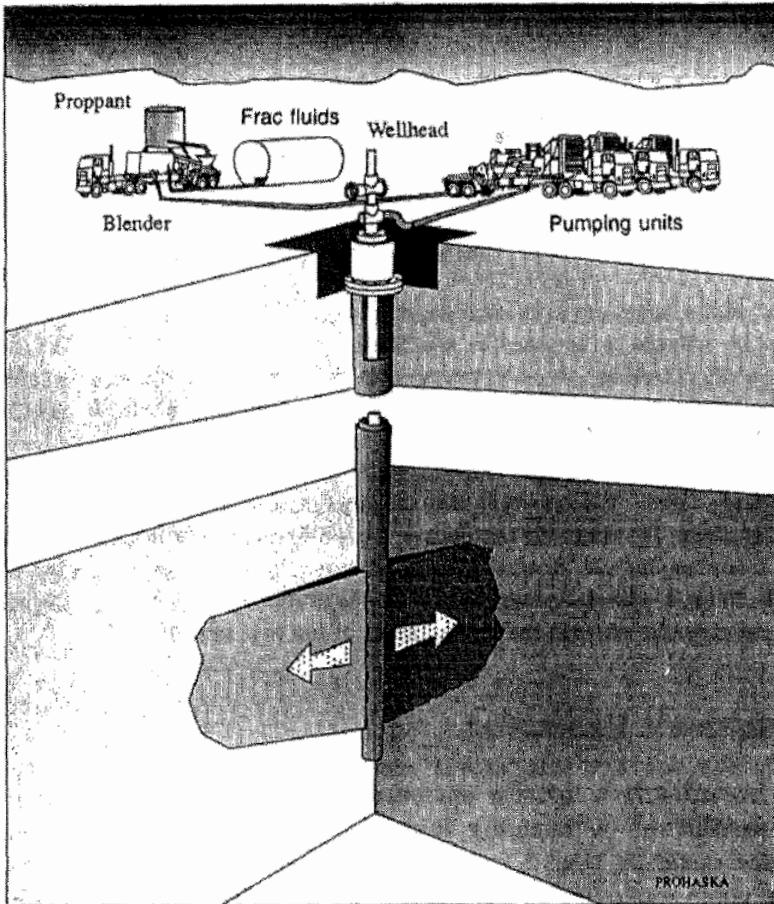
EUP



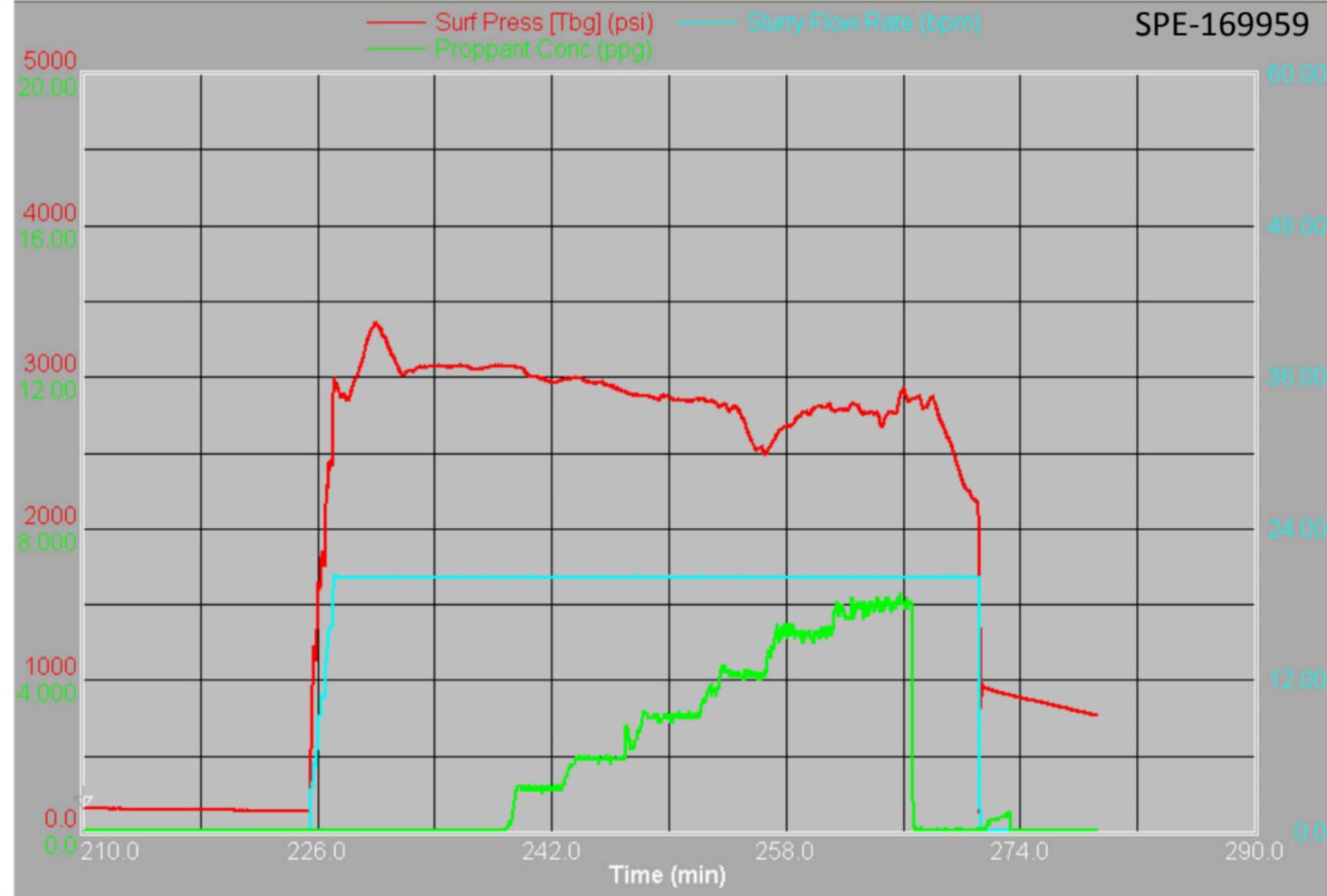
RF

B_{oi}

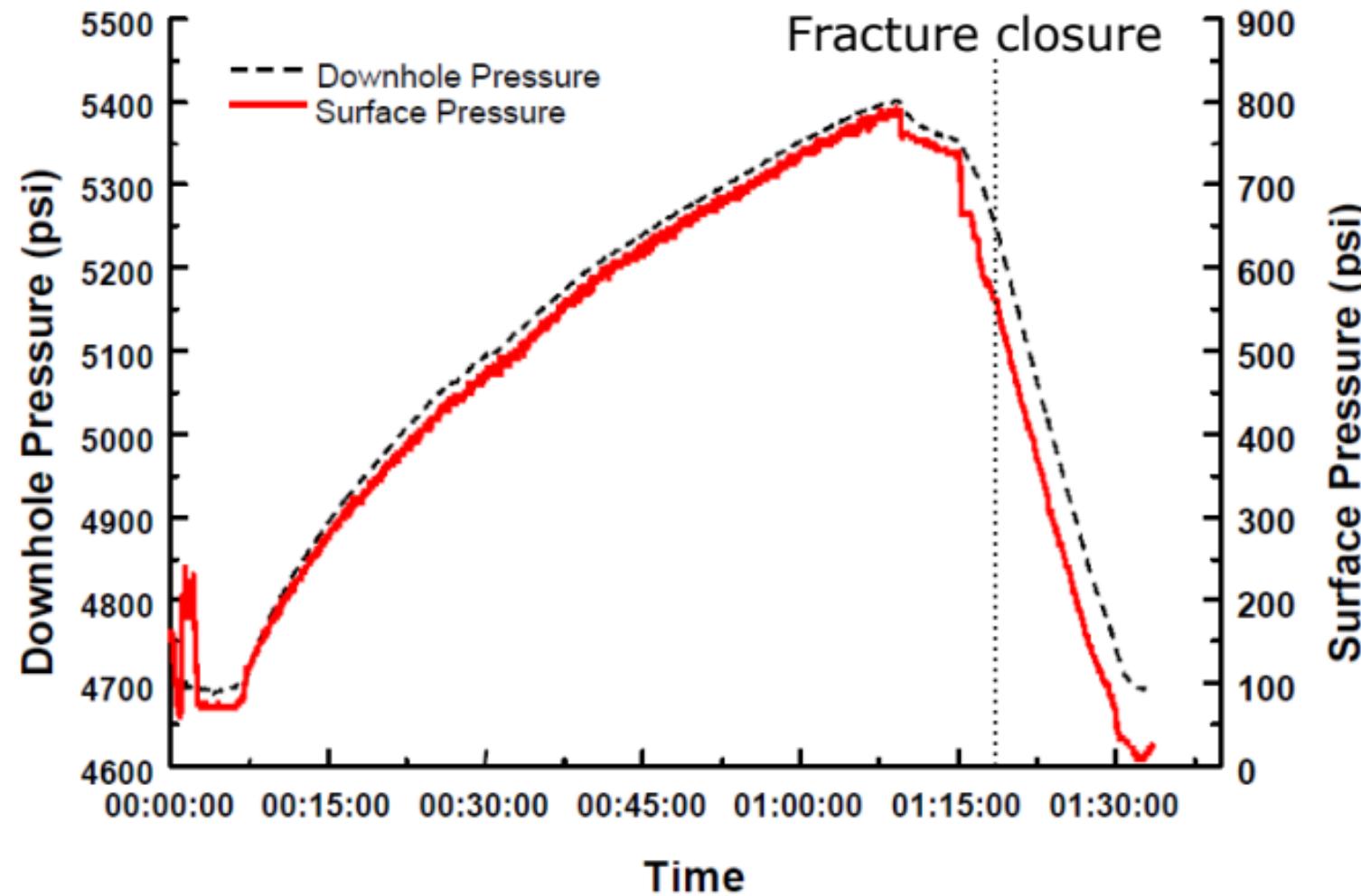
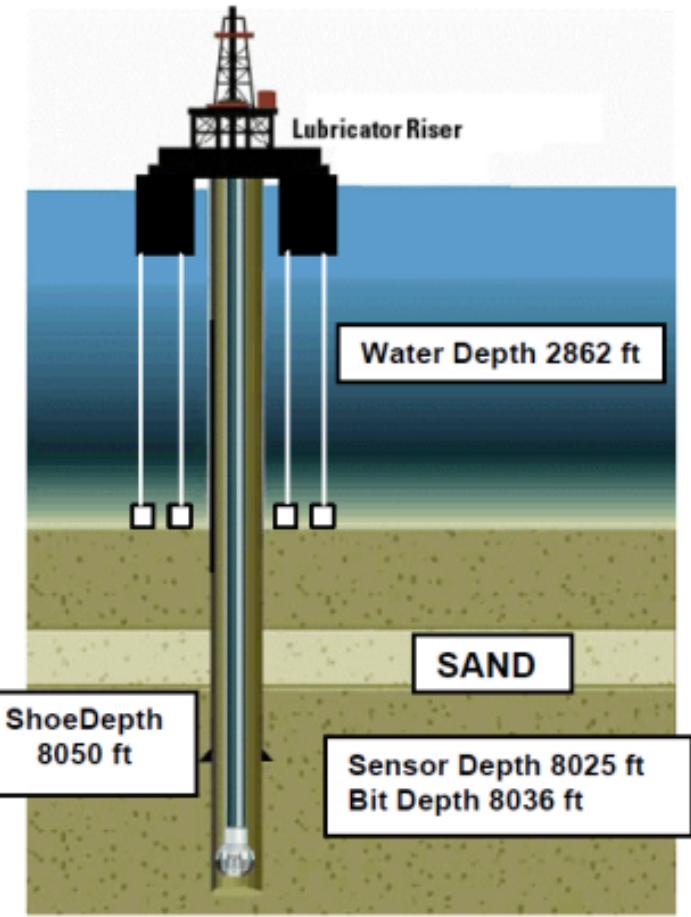
SRV(1 - *S_{eu}*)



From
Valko and Economides, 19



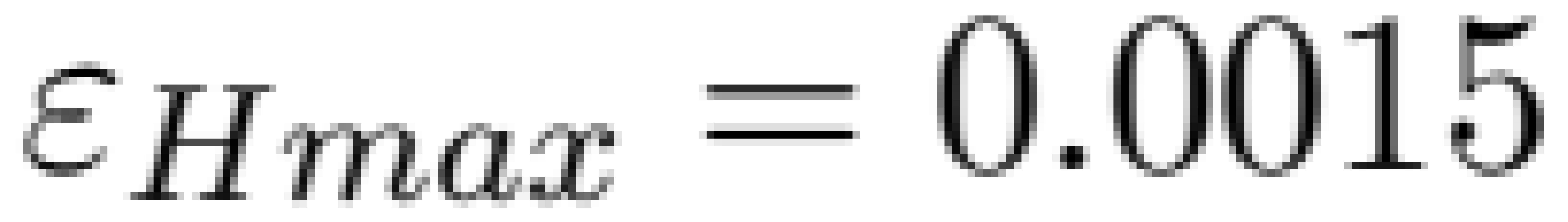


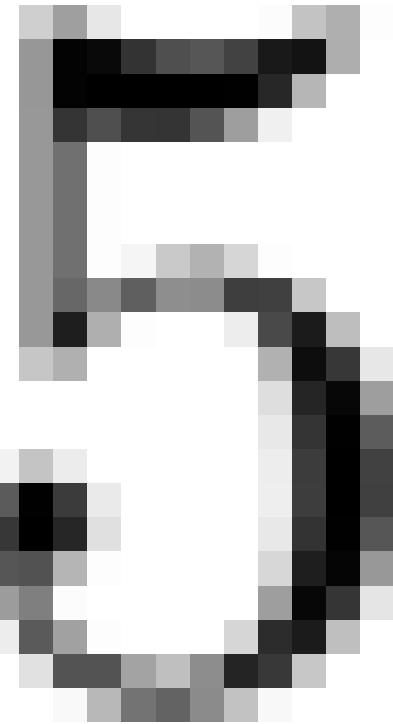
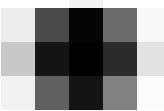
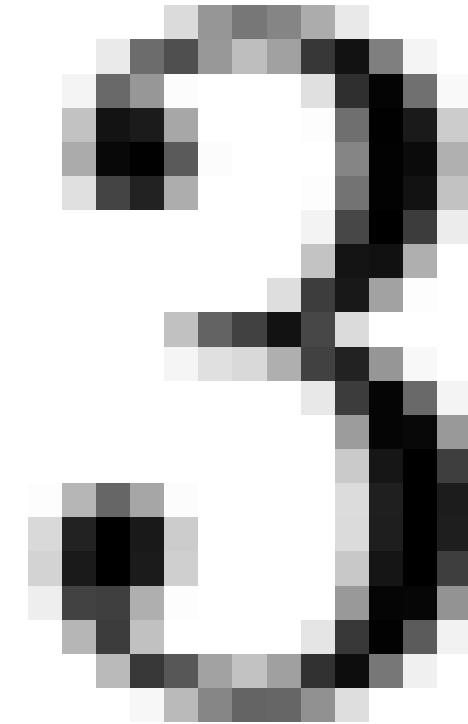
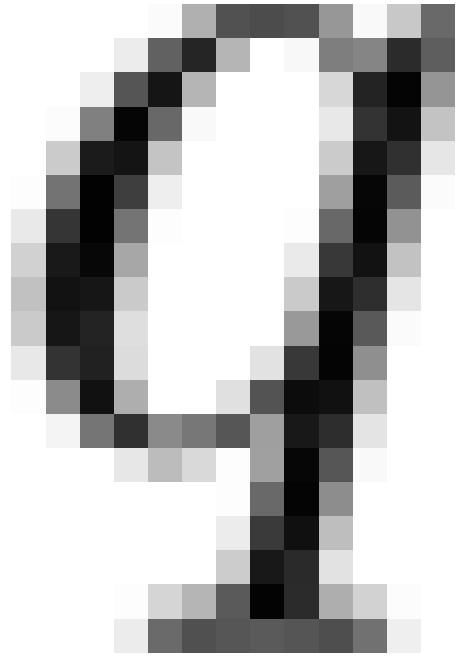


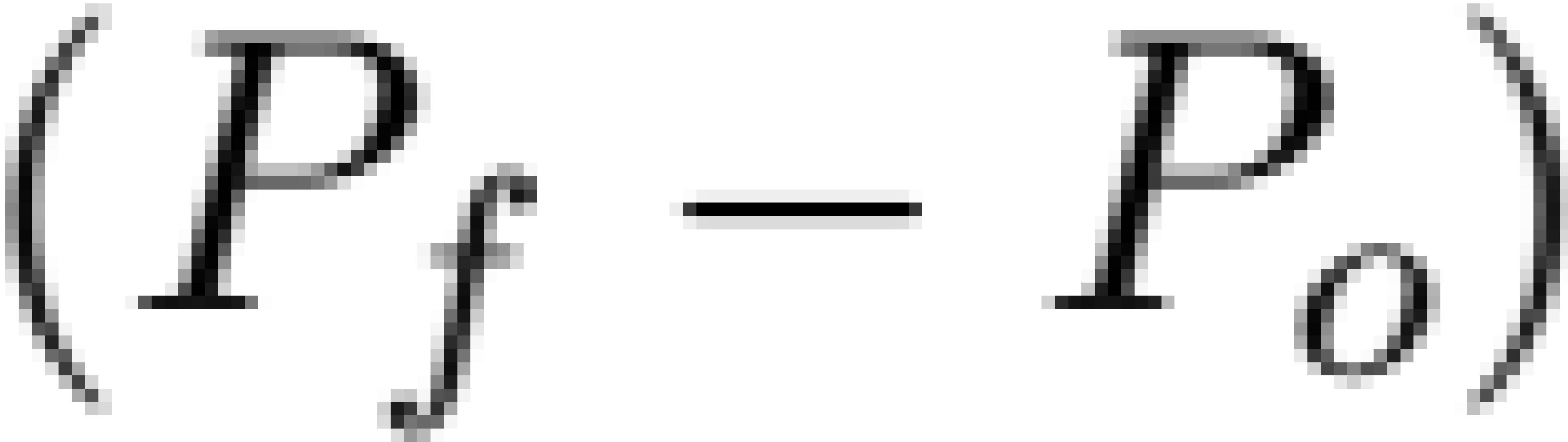
Step #	Test rate (bbl/min)	max. rate)	Test rate (% of							
			Time (min)	0	5	10	15	20	25	30
1	0.2	5	Pressure (psi)	0	99	105	108	109	110	110
			Time (min)	0	5	10	15	20	25	30
2	0.4	10	Pressure (psi)	88	187	204	215	219	220	220
			Time (min)	0	5	10	15	20	25	30
3	0.8	20	Pressure (psi)	209	358	424	431	438	439	440
			Time (min)	0	5	10	15	20	25	30
4	1.6	40	Pressure (psi)	418	770	869	871	875	878	882
			Time (min)	0	5	10	15	20	25	30
5	2.4	60	Pressure (psi)	825	1089	1133	1199	1265	1298	1321
			Time (min)	0	5	10	15	20	25	30
6	3.2	80	Pressure (psi)	1210	1375	1459	1507	1529	1535	1540
			Time (min)	0	5	10	15	20	25	30
7	4	100	Pressure (psi)	1485	1595	1650	1683	1727	1749	1760
			Time (min)	0	5	10	15	20	25	30













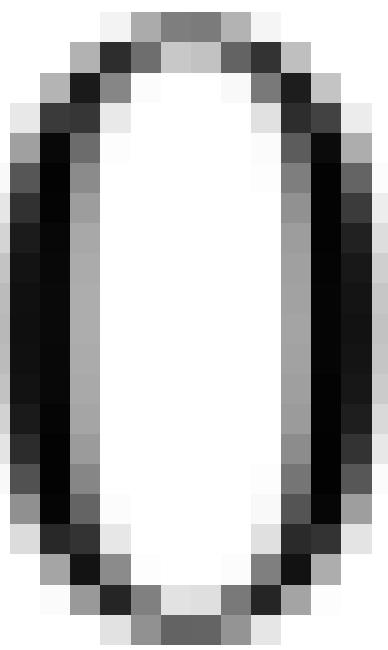
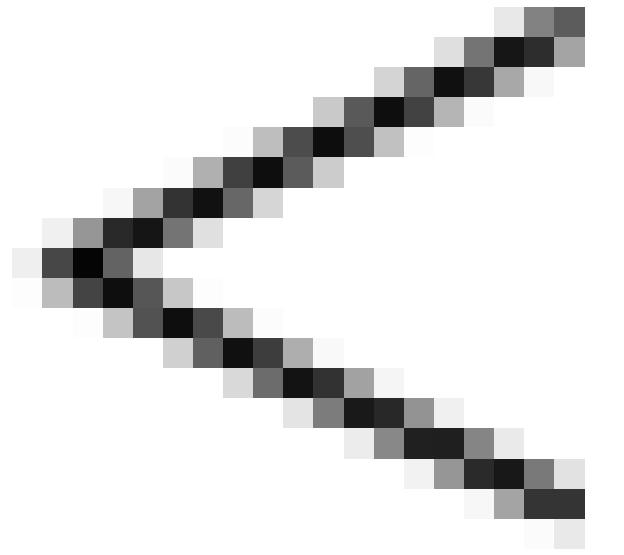
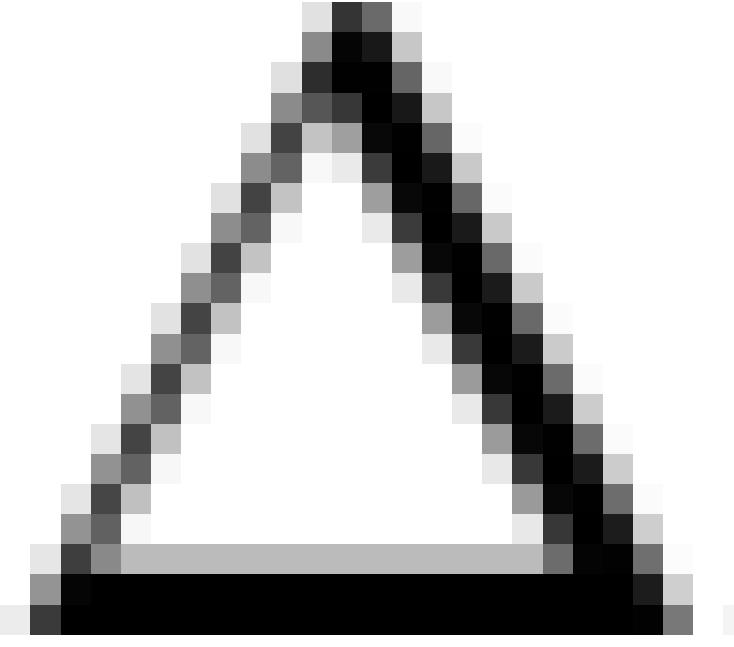


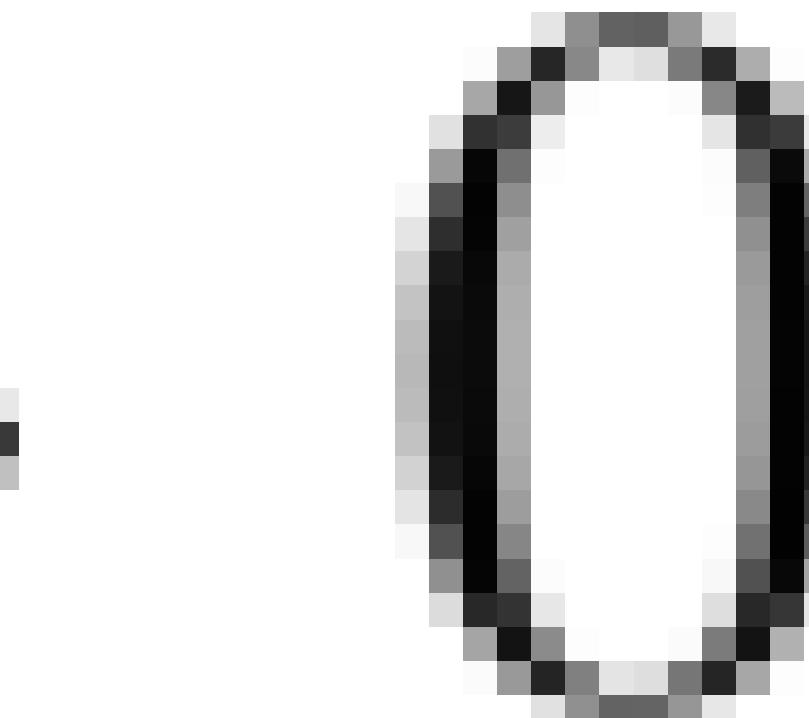
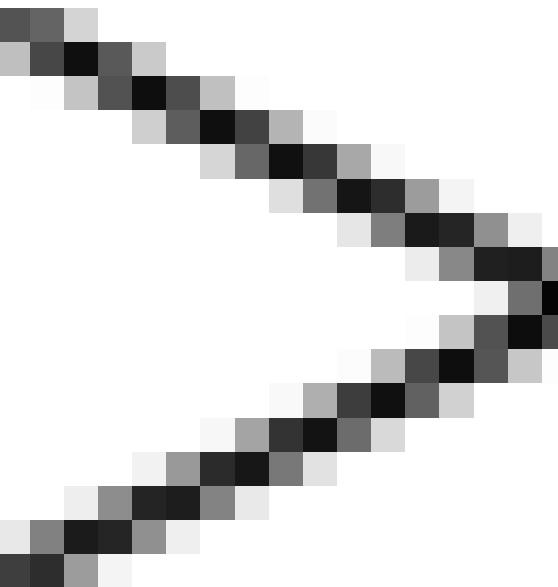
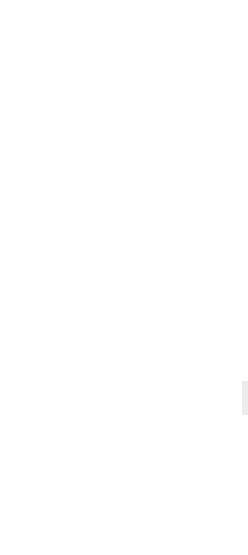
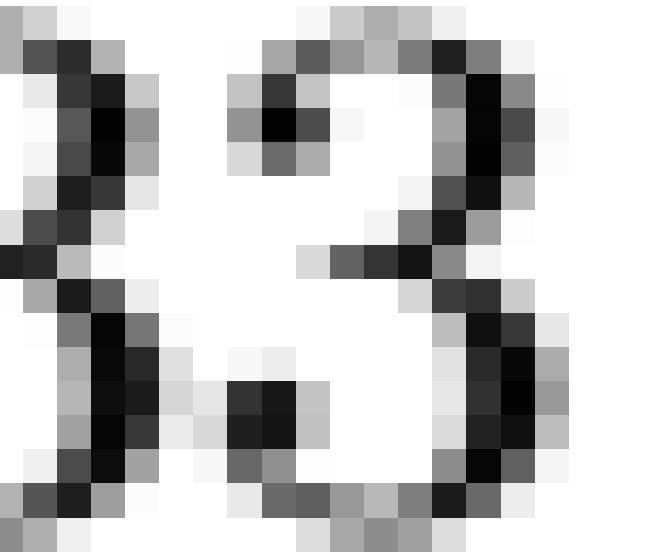
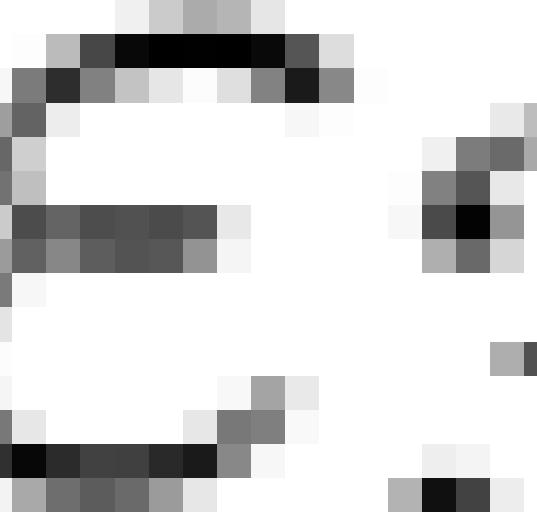
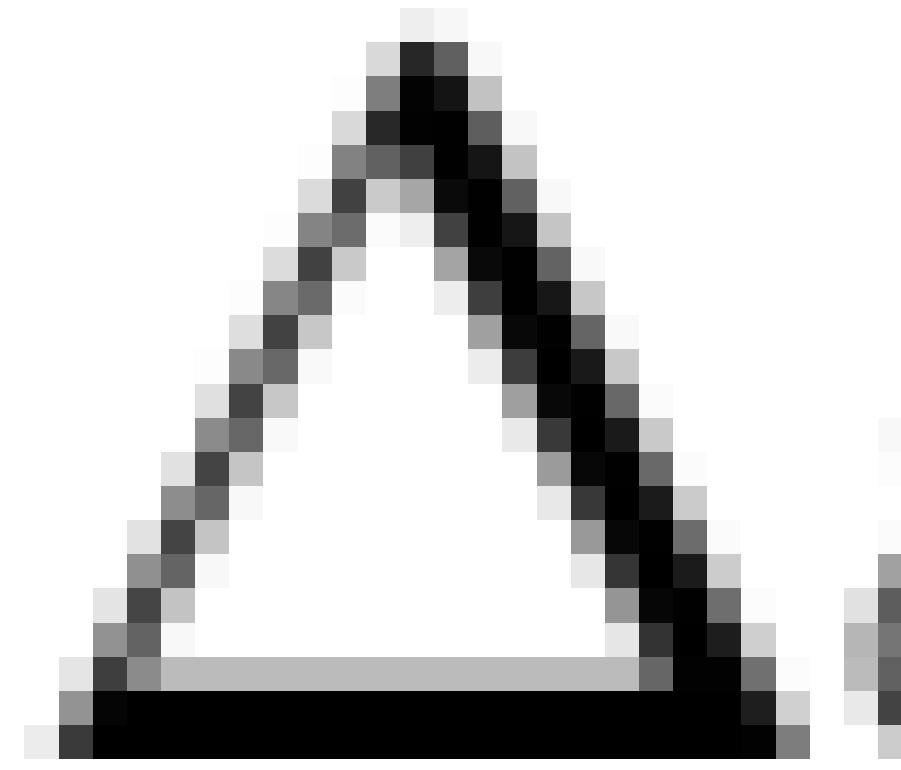
$$\begin{bmatrix} S_{11} - \alpha P_p \\ S_{22} - \alpha P_p \\ S_{33} - \alpha P_p \\ S_{12} \\ S_{13} \\ S_{23} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)} \begin{bmatrix} 1-\nu & \nu & \nu & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \nu & 1-\nu & \nu & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \nu & \nu & 1-\nu & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{(1-2\nu)}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{(1-2\nu)}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{(1-2\nu)}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \varepsilon_{33} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

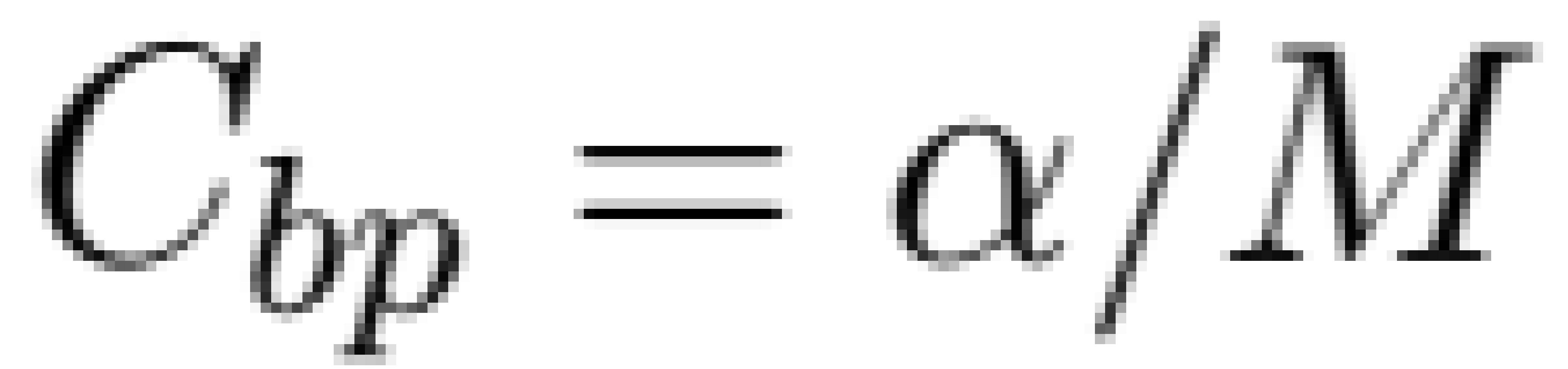
$$\epsilon_{33} = \frac{S_{33} - \alpha P_p}{E(1-\nu)} \cdot \frac{1}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)}$$



△ 633 = □ M P





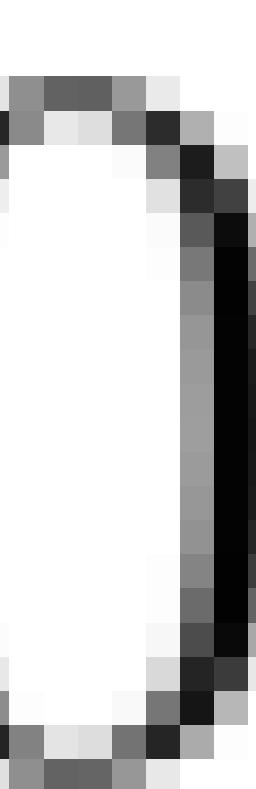
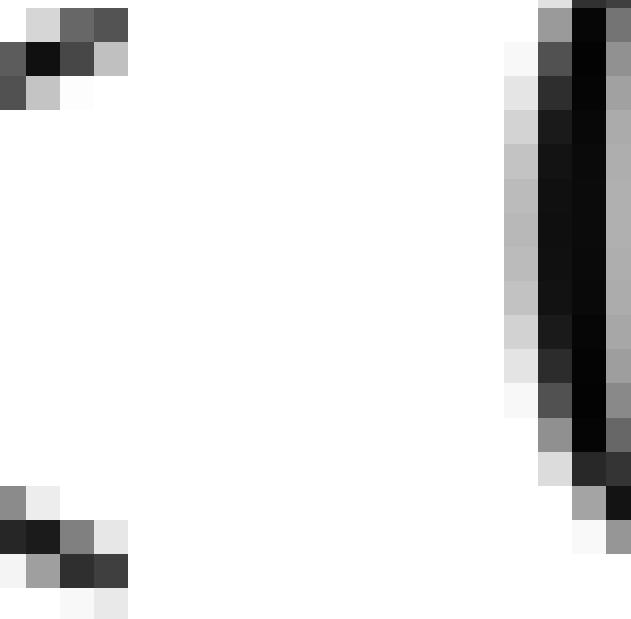
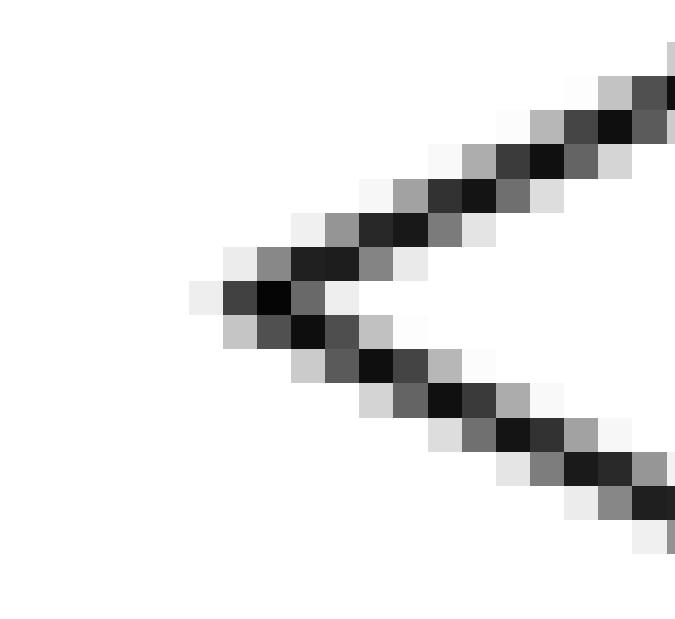
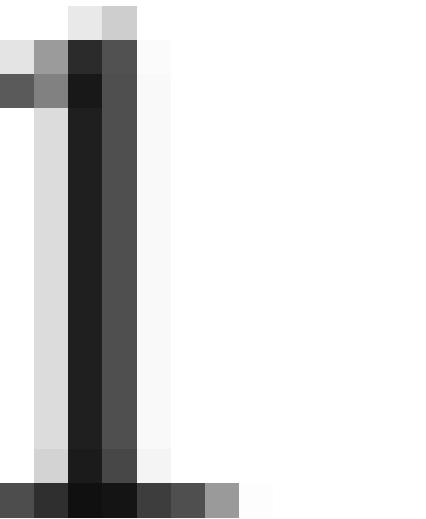
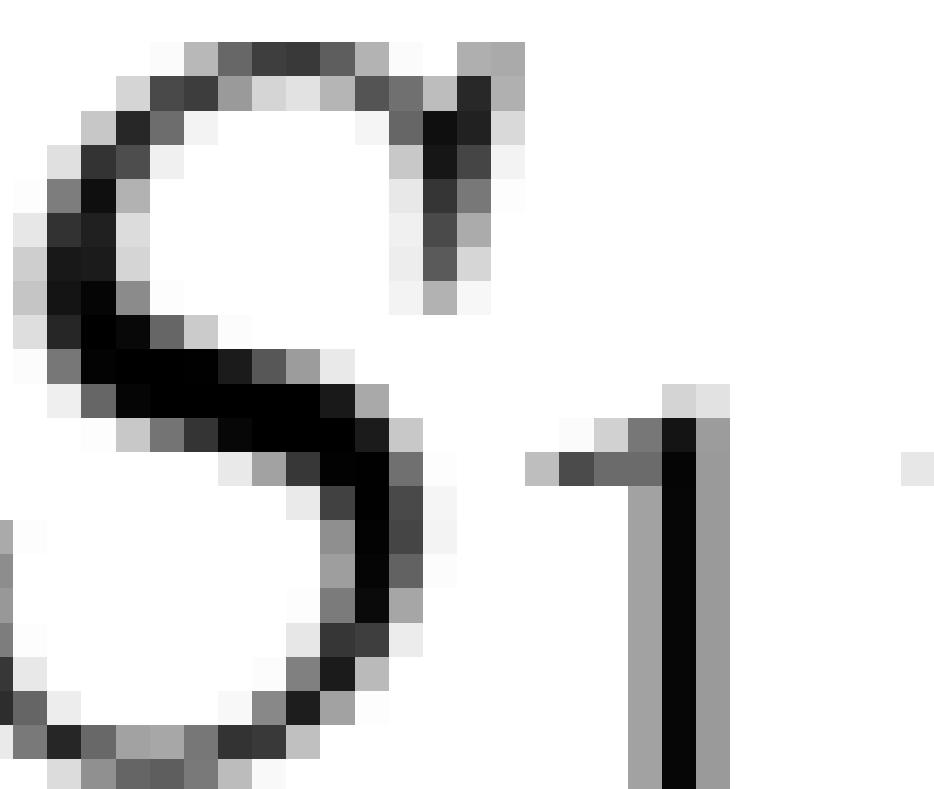
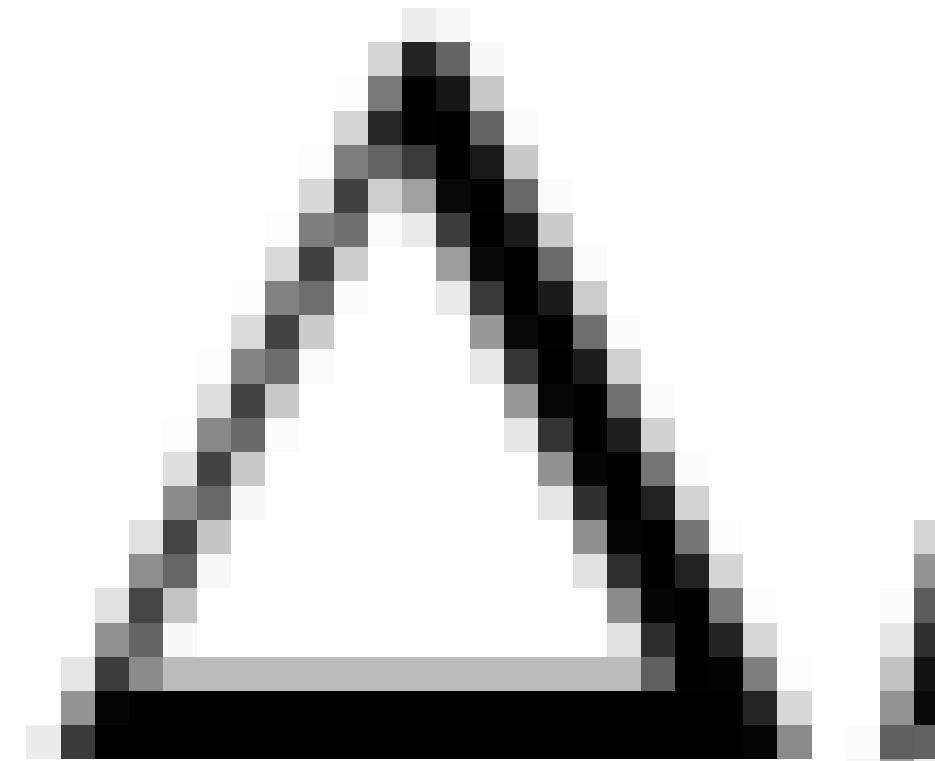


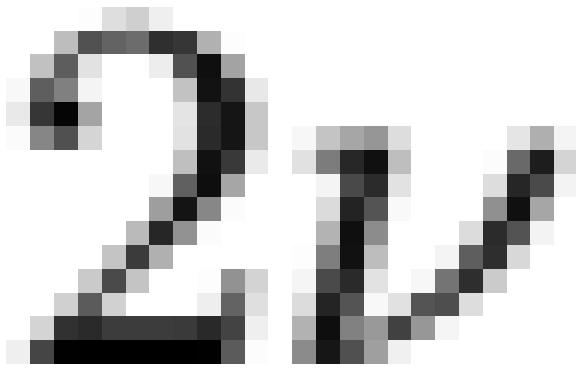
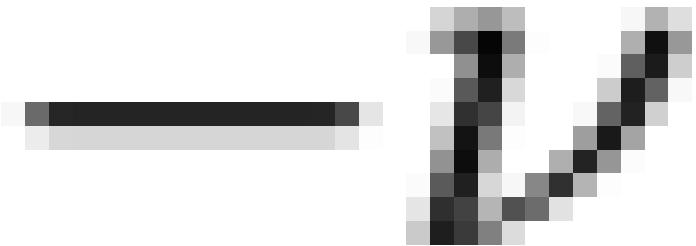
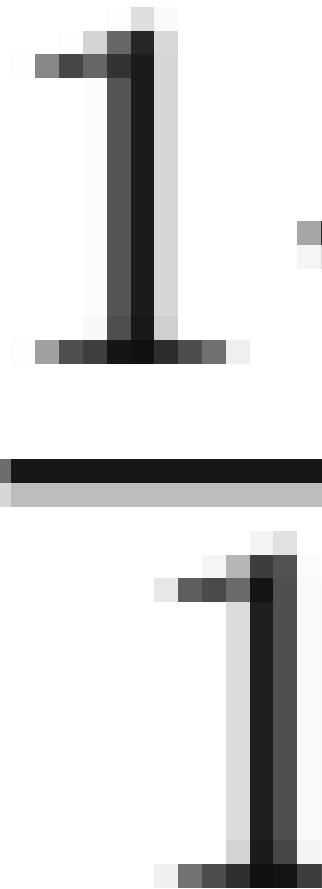
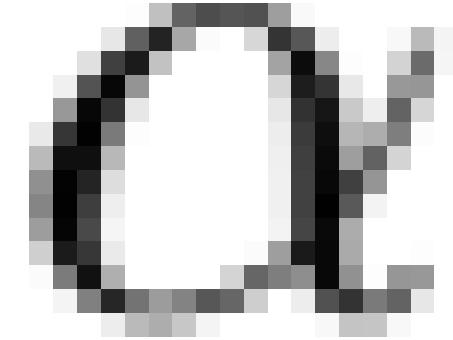
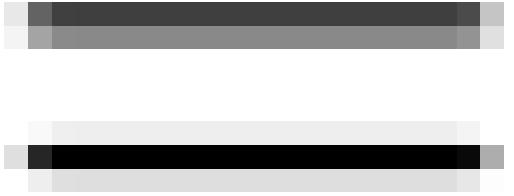
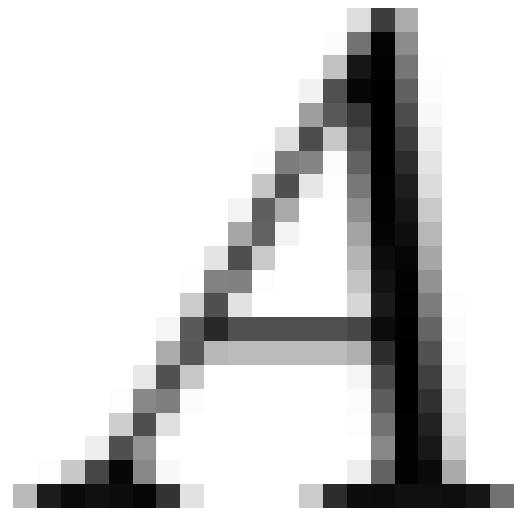
ΔS_{11}

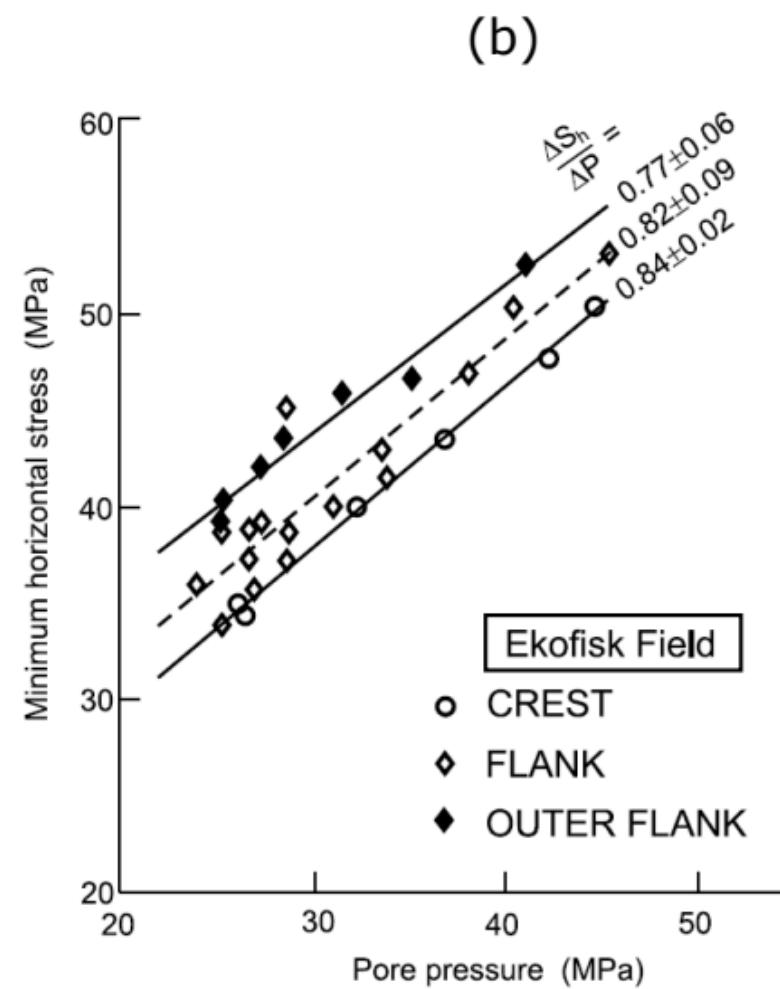
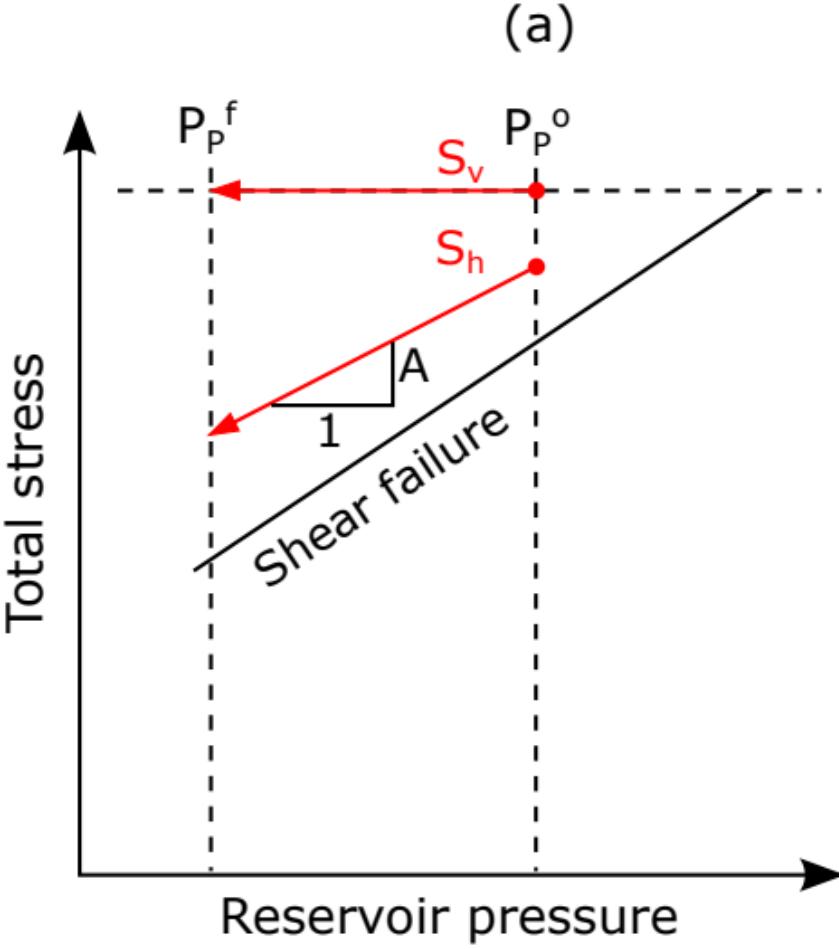
$=$

$\alpha_1 - \alpha_2 + \alpha_3$

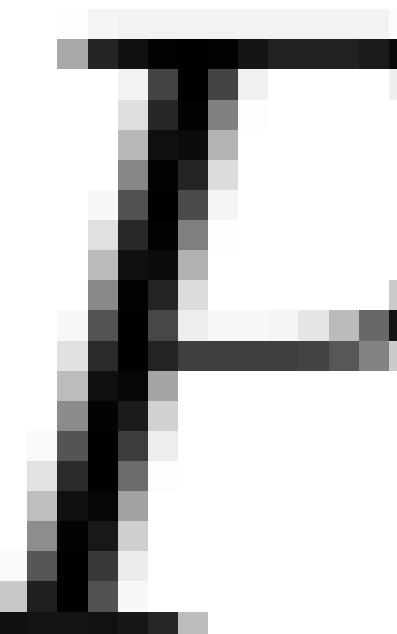
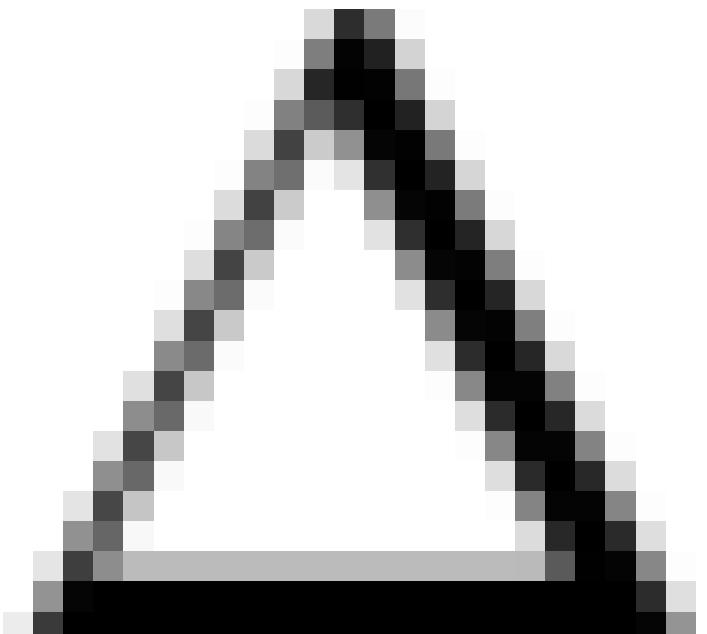
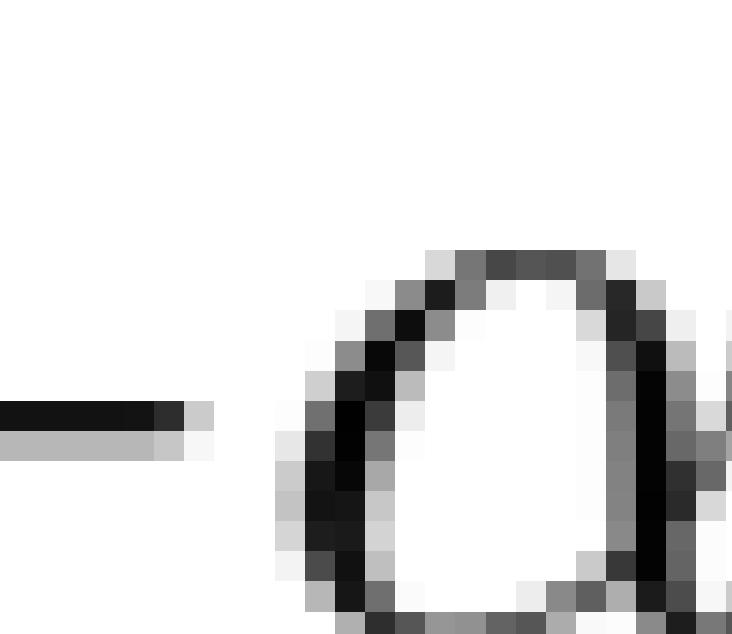
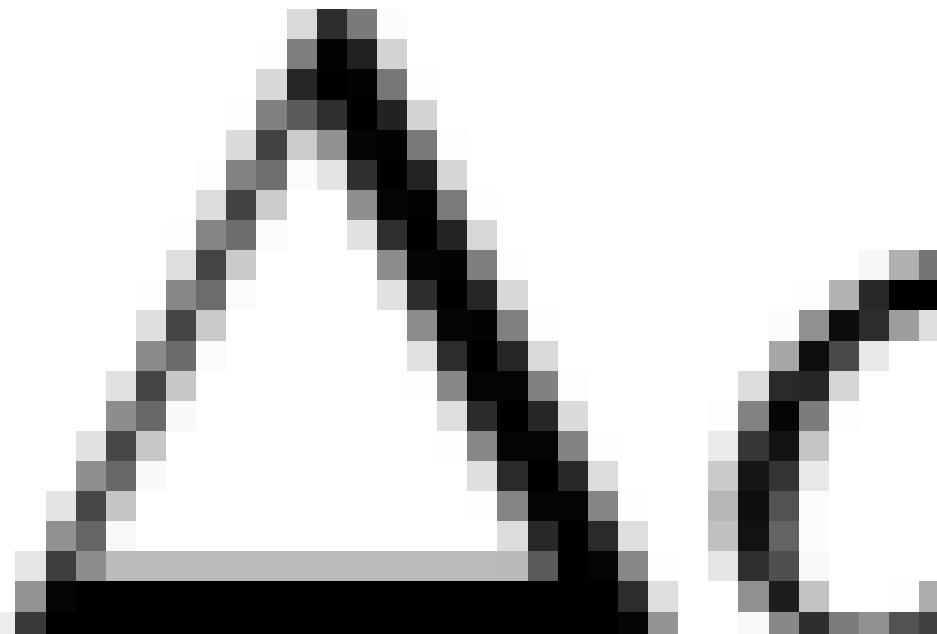
ΔP_p

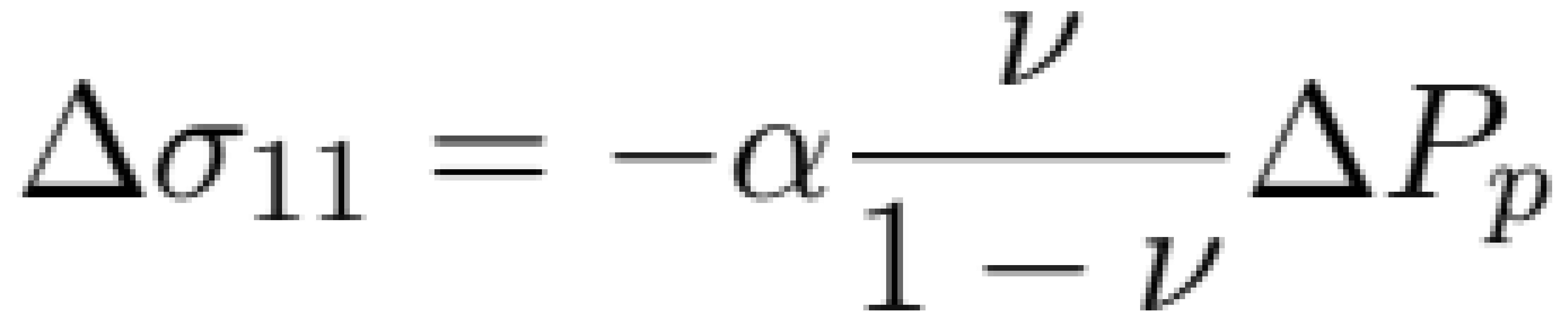


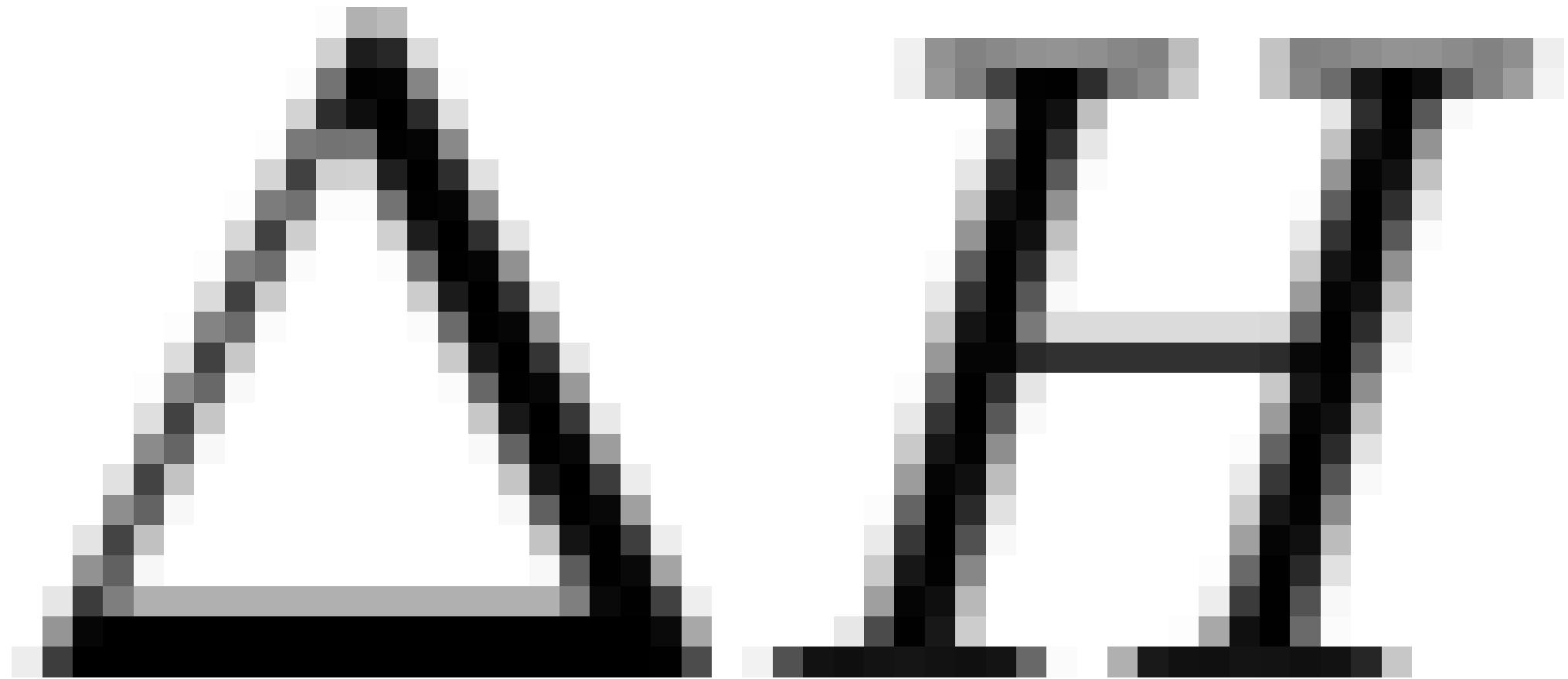


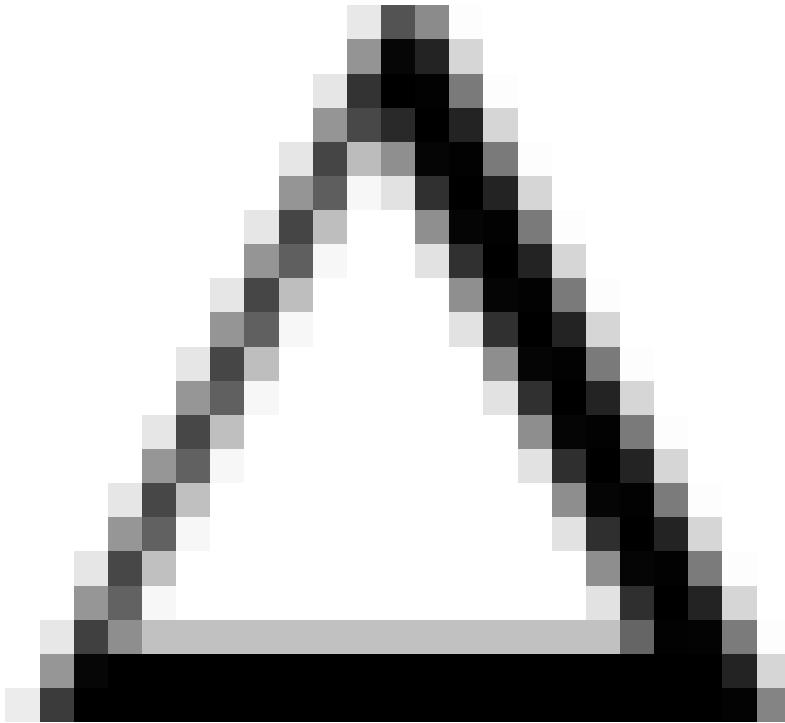


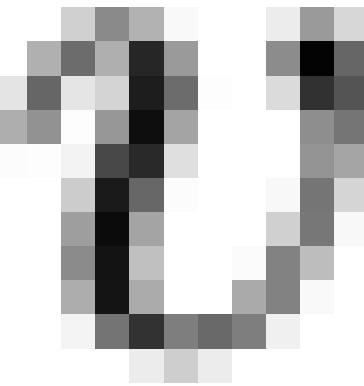
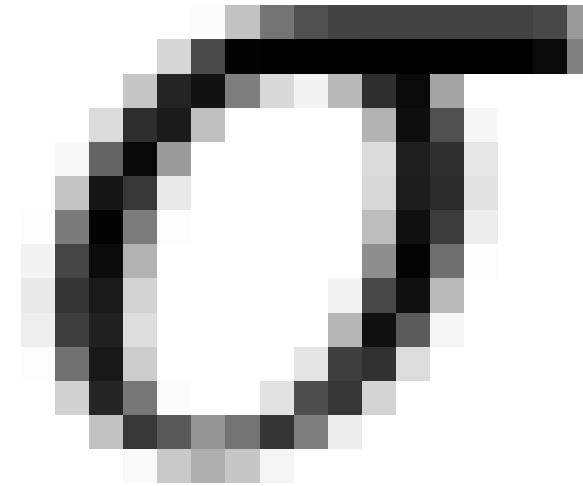
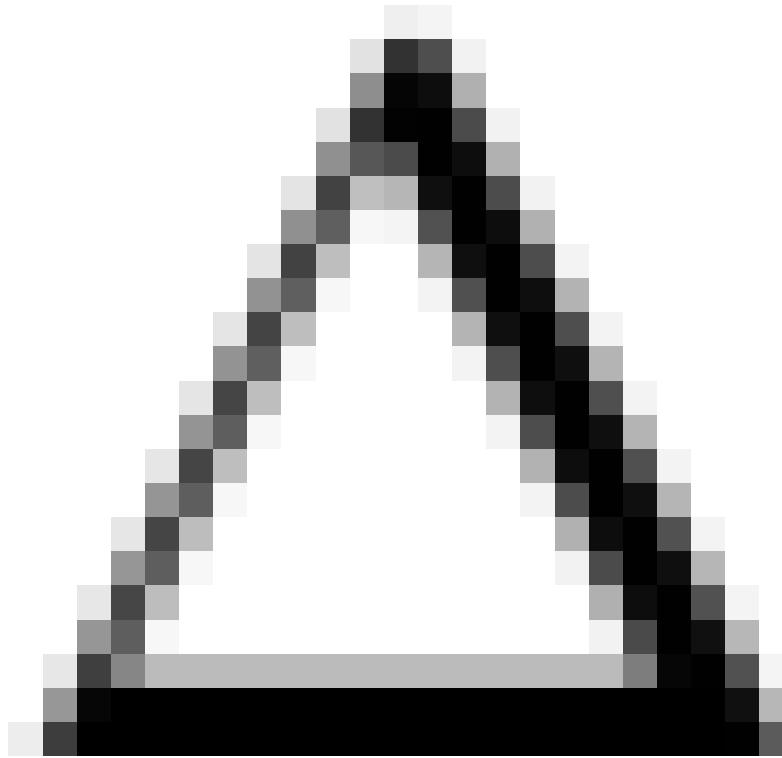


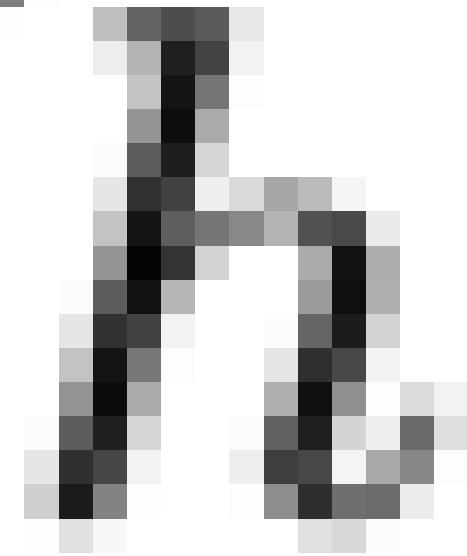
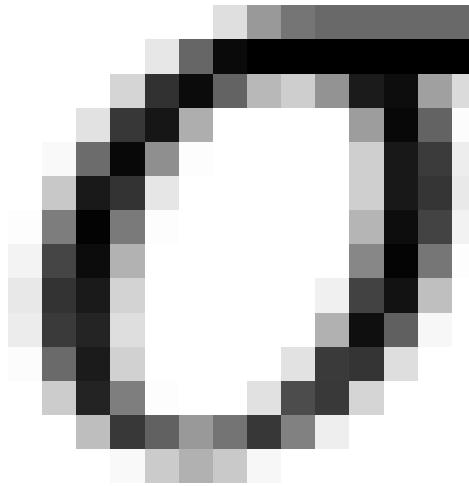
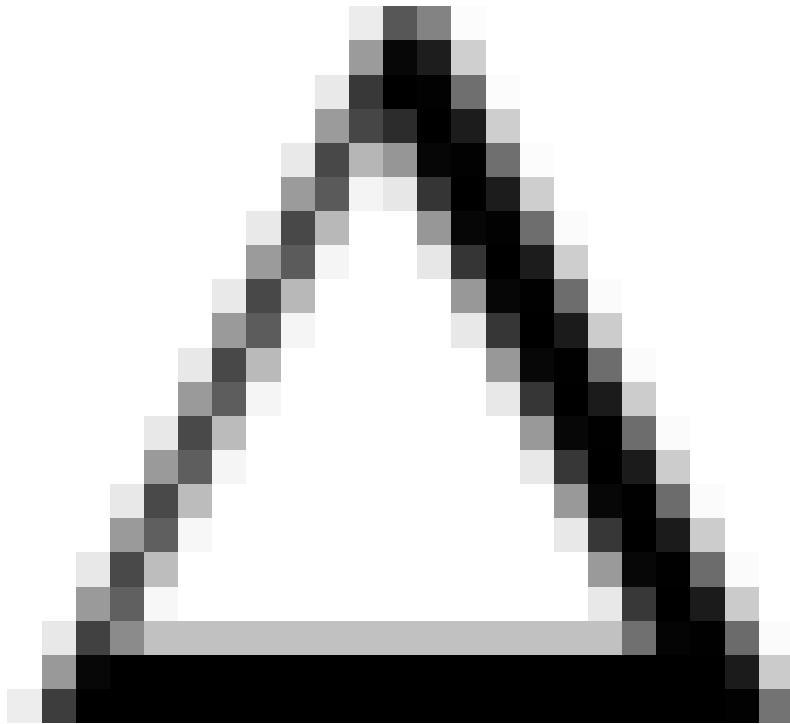




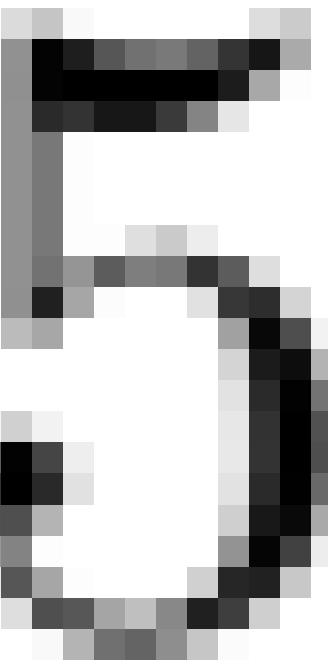
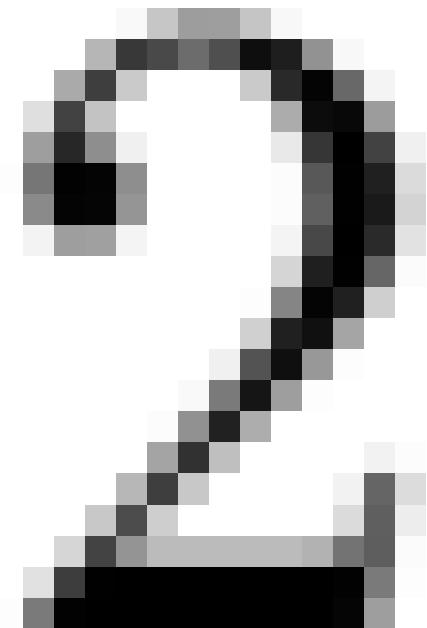
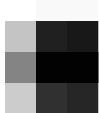
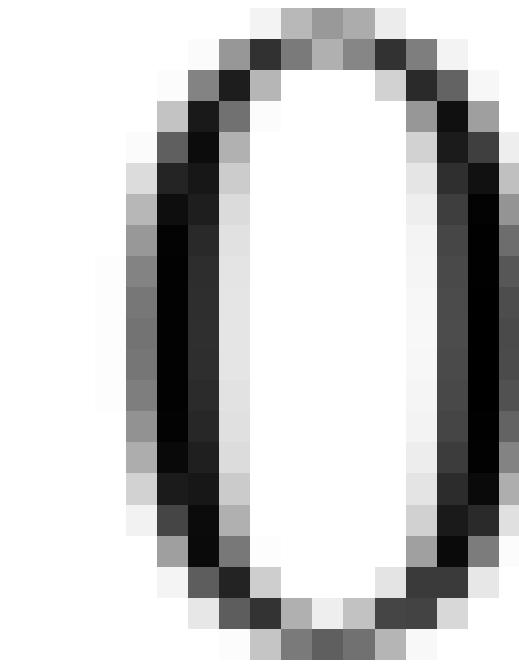
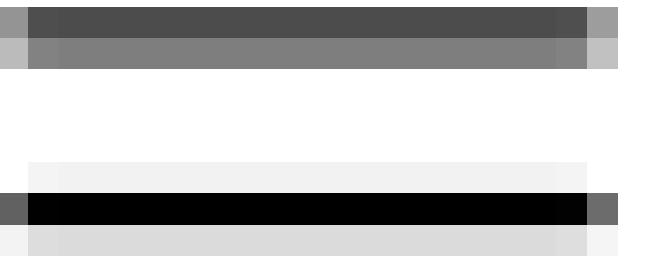


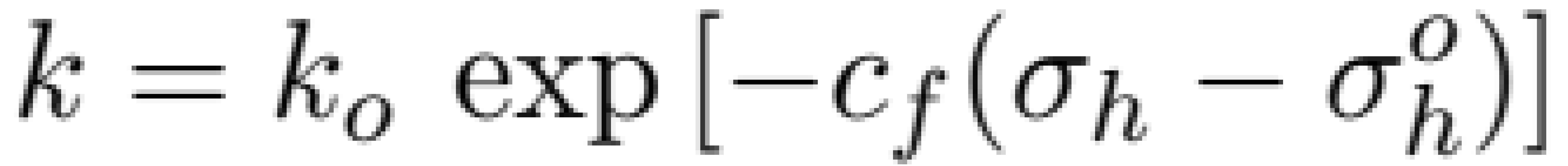




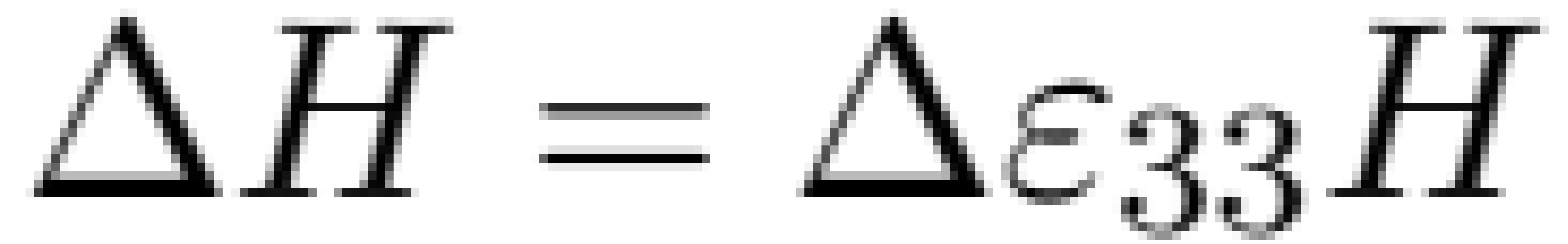








$$M = \frac{E(1-v)}{(1+v)(1-2v)} = 14.8$$



6 23

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A 2D grayscale image showing three handwritten digits: a '2' on the left, a 'P' in the center, and a 'D' on the right. The digits are drawn in black on a white background. A color bar is visible on the far right.

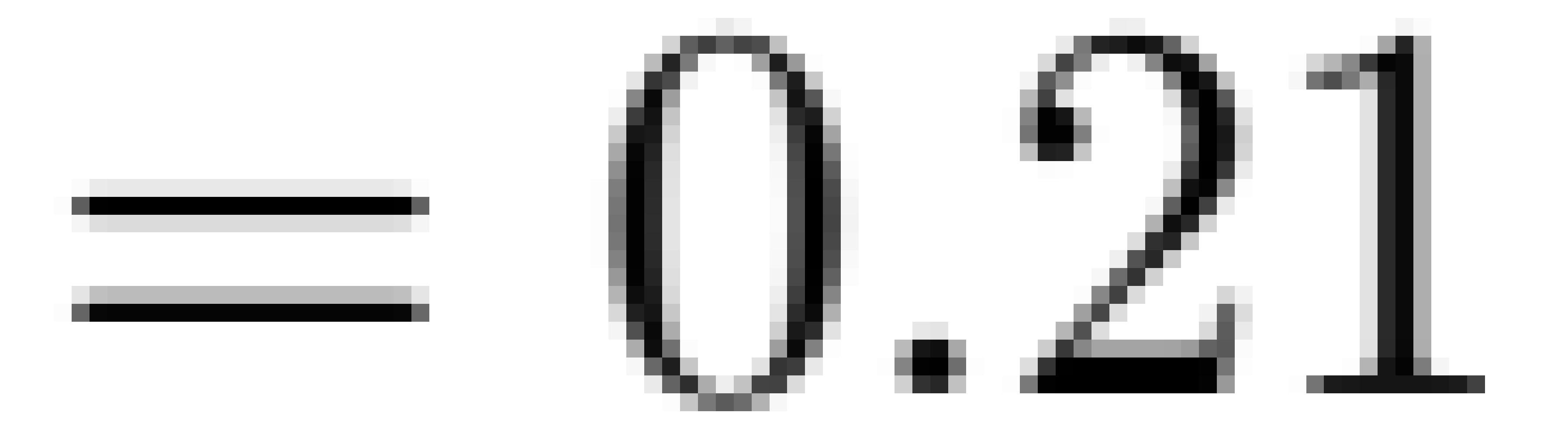
1

卷之三

卷之三

The image displays three separate 8x8 pixel grayscale handwritten digit samples. The first digit on the left is a '2', the second digit in the center is a '1', and the third digit on the right is a '0'. Each digit is rendered in a different gray shade, with the background being white.

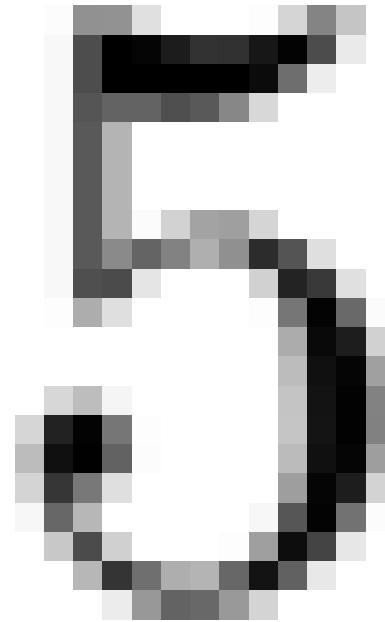
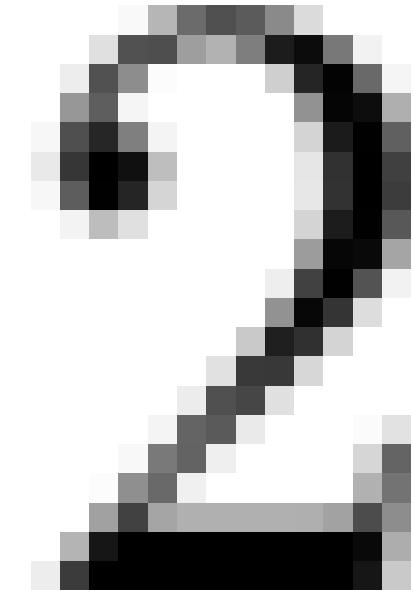
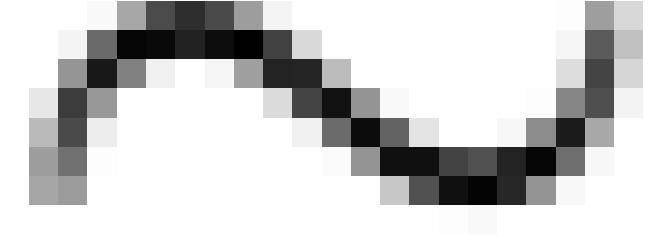
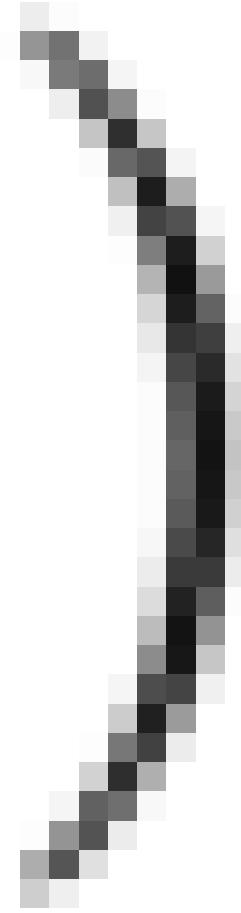


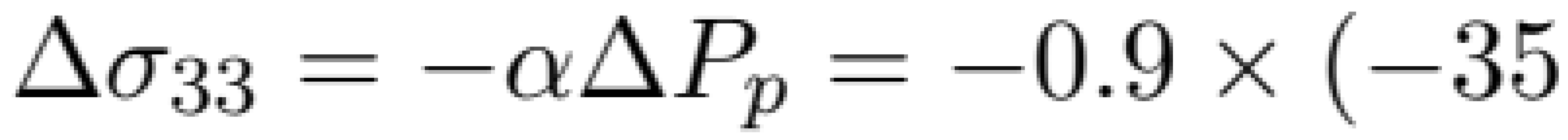


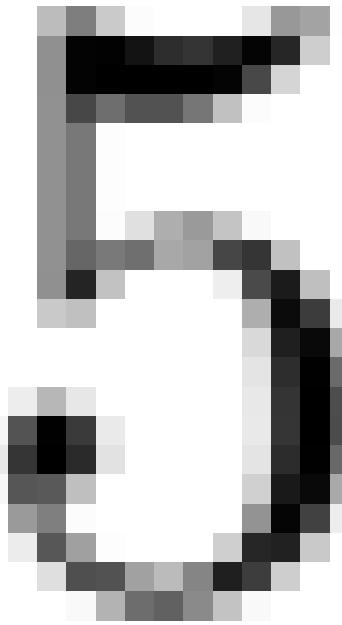
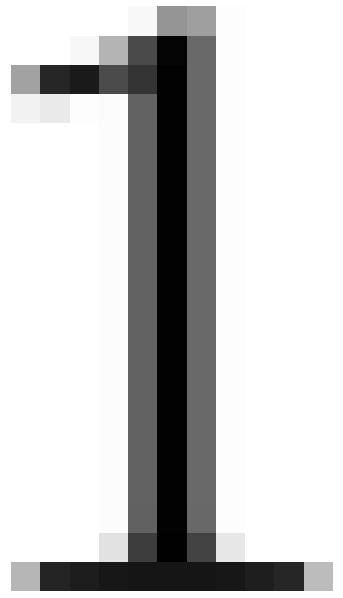
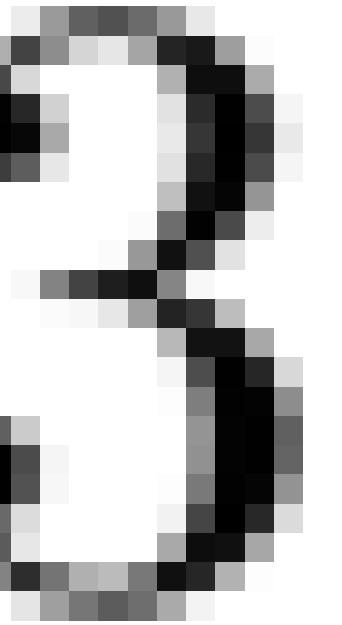
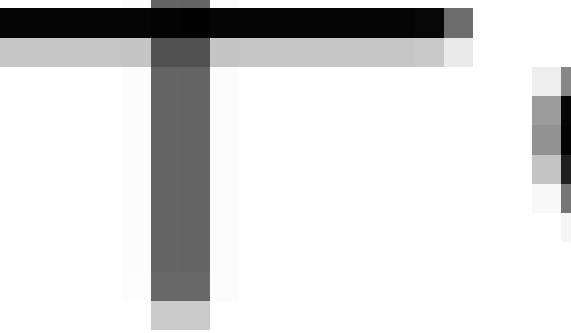
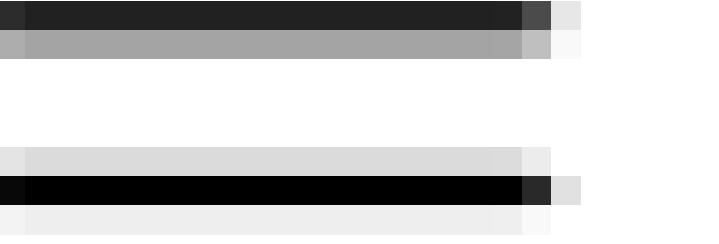
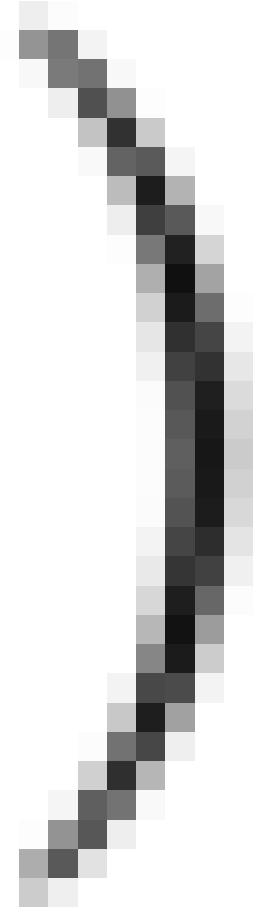
$$C_{bp} = \frac{\alpha}{M} = 0.06 \times 10^{-9} \frac{1}{Pa} = 0.42 \times 10^{-6} \frac{1}{Pa}$$

$$G_{pp} = \frac{C_{bp}}{\phi^2} = \frac{2.0}{2.0 \times 10^{-6}} = 2.0 \times 10^{-6} \frac{1}{\text{psi}}$$

$$\Delta S_h = \alpha \frac{1 - 2\nu}{1 - \nu}$$
$$\Delta P_p = 0.716 \times (-35)$$







$\sigma_{11} = \alpha_1 - \alpha_2$

$\sigma_{11} = P_1 - P_2$

$\sigma_{11} = 6.45$

$$\frac{k}{k_0} = \exp[-c_f(\sigma_h - \sigma_h^0)] = \exp[-0.25 \text{ MPa}^{-1} (+6.45 \text{ MPa})]$$