

# An Introduction to Sage

Arvind S Raj

Department of Cybersecurity Systems and Networks  
Amrita University, India

1 February 2014 / FOSDEM

- Graduate CS student at Amrita University, India.
- Passionate about computer security and Python.
- Use Sage in Cryptography labs, Mathematics courses and CTF contests.

Convince you that Sage is cool and should be used in math courses.

Overview and  
Installation of  
Sage

Basic usage

Interactive shell and  
scripting

Arithmetic and  
built-in functions

Applications in  
various  
domains

Algebra

Number Theory

Calculus

Graph plotting

Matrix algebra

Sage and L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

More  
applications  
and further  
reading

Contributing  
to Sagemath

- 1 Overview and Installation of Sage
- 2 Basic usage
- 3 Applications in various domains
- 4 More applications and further reading
- 5 Contributing to Sagemath

- GPL licensed mathematics software.
- Unified interface to about 90 popular Python libraries.
- Two modes: command(like Python shell) and notebook(web interface).
- Power of IPython shell and Python programming language.
- “sagerc” file: \$HOME/.sage/init.sage or \$SAGE\_STARTUP\_FILE.
- Installation
  - Pre-built binaries for most OS.
  - PPA for Ubuntu.
  - Packaging efforts underway for Debian and Fedora.

Overview and  
Installation of  
Sage

Basic usage

Interactive shell and  
scripting

Arithmetic and  
built-in functions

Applications in  
various  
domains

Algebra

Number Theory

Calculus

Graph plotting

Matrix algebra

Sage and L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

More  
applications  
and further  
reading

Contributing  
to Sagemath

1 Overview and Installation of Sage

2 Basic usage  
Interactive shell and scripting  
Arithmetic and built-in functions

3 Applications in various domains

4 More applications and further reading

5 Contributing to Sagemath

- **Sage interpreter:** IPython shell.
- **Sage scripts**
  - Similar to Python scripts; .sage extension.
  - import names from sage.all
  - Run as sage <filename> <arguments> like Python.
  - Other possibilities: profiling, compiling sage files(Cython), access C functions directly.

- 1 Overview and Installation of Sage
- 2 **Basic usage**  
Interactive shell and scripting  
**Arithmetic and built-in functions**
- 3 Applications in various domains
- 4 More applications and further reading
- 5 Contributing to Sagemath



- General arithmetic supported by an (I)Python shell.
  - $^$  is exponent and  $^^$  is XOR.
  - For integers,  $/$  reduces to lowest fraction and  $//$  performs integer division.
- Support mathematical functions and constants with arbitrary precision.
  - `pi.n(digits=20)` = 3.1415926535897932385
  - `e.n(digits=25)` = 2.718281828459045235360287
  - `golden_ratio.n(prec=60)` = 1.6180339887498948
  - `n(sin(pi/3), prec=60)` = 0.86602540378443865
  - `sqrt(263).n(digits=20)` =  
16.217274740226854774
  - `n(cos(5*pi/4), prec=60)` =  
-0.70710678118654752

Overview and  
Installation of  
Sage

Basic usage

Interactive shell and  
scripting

Arithmetic and  
built-in functions

Applications in  
various  
domains

Algebra

Number Theory

Calculus

Graph plotting

Matrix algebra

Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$

More  
applications  
and further  
reading

Contributing  
to Sagemath

1 Overview and Installation of Sage

2 Basic usage

3 Applications in various domains

Algebra

Number Theory

Calculus

Graph plotting

Matrix algebra

Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$

4 More applications and further reading

5 Contributing to Sagemath

- Factorizing polynomials.
  - $\text{factor}(x^4 - 15x^3 + 84x^2 - 208x + 192) = (x - 3)(x - 4)^3$
  - $\text{factor}(x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6) = (x - 1)(x - 2)(x - 3)$
- Solving polynomial equations.
  - $\text{solve}([x^2 - 4x + 2 == -1], x) = [x = 3, x = 1]$
  - Solutions to  $x^2 + 3xy + y^2 = 0$  and  $x - y = 4 = [[1.1055728, -2.8944272], [2.8944272, -1.1055728]]$
- Use `find_root` where `solve` does not work. Also useful to find solutions in a particular interval.
  - $\text{solve}(\cos(t) == \sin(t), t) = [\sin(t) = \cos(t)]$
  - $\text{find\_root}(\cos(t) == \sin(t), 0, \pi) = 0.785398163397$

Overview and  
Installation of  
Sage

Basic usage

Interactive shell and  
scripting

Arithmetic and  
built-in functions

Applications in  
various  
domains

Algebra

Number Theory

Calculus

Graph plotting

Matrix algebra

Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$

More  
applications  
and further  
reading

Contributing  
to Sagemath

1 Overview and Installation of Sage

2 Basic usage

3 Applications in various domains

Algebra

Number Theory

Calculus

Graph plotting

Matrix algebra

Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$

4 More applications and further reading

5 Contributing to Sagemath

- Modulus:  $\text{mod}(27, 12) = 3$  and  $\text{power\_mod}(27, 2, 12) = 9$
- Primality test:  $\text{is\_prime}(13) = \text{True}$ ,  $\text{is\_prime}(15) = \text{False}$
- $\text{prime\_range}(1, 35) = [2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31]$ .
  - Generator version:  $\text{primes}(1, 35)$
- $\text{primes\_first\_n}(11) = [2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31]$
- $\text{next\_prime}(29) = 31$  and  $\text{previous\_prime} = 23$
- $\text{factorial}(20) = 2432902008176640000$ ,  $\text{factor}(20) = 2^2 \cdot 5$ ,  $\text{divisors}(20) = [1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20]$
- $\text{gcd}(10, 15) = 5$ ,  $\text{lcm}(10, 15) = 30$

Overview and  
Installation of  
Sage

Basic usage

Interactive shell and  
scripting

Arithmetic and  
built-in functions

Applications in  
various  
domains

Algebra

Number Theory

**Calculus**

Graph plotting

Matrix algebra

Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$

More  
applications  
and further  
reading

Contributing  
to Sagemath

1 Overview and Installation of Sage

2 Basic usage

3 Applications in various domains

Algebra

Number Theory

**Calculus**

Graph plotting

Matrix algebra

Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$

4 More applications and further reading

5 Contributing to Sagemath

- Differentiation

- $\text{diff}(\sin(x) + \cos(x)) = \cos(x) - \sin(x)$
- $\text{diff}((\sin(x^2)^3)) = 6x \cos(x^2) \sin(x^2)^2$

- Integration

- $\text{integral}(\cos(x) - \sin(x)) = \sin(x) + \cos(x)$
- $\text{integral}(6 * x * \cos(x^2) * \sin(x^2)^2, x) = \sin(x^2)^3$

- Partial differential and solving differential equations also possible!

Overview and  
Installation of  
Sage

Basic usage

Interactive shell and  
scripting

Arithmetic and  
built-in functions

Applications in  
various  
domains

Algebra

Number Theory

Calculus

**Graph plotting**

Matrix algebra

Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$

More  
applications  
and further  
reading

Contributing  
to Sagemath

1 Overview and Installation of Sage

2 Basic usage

3 Applications in various domains

Algebra

Number Theory

Calculus

**Graph plotting**

Matrix algebra

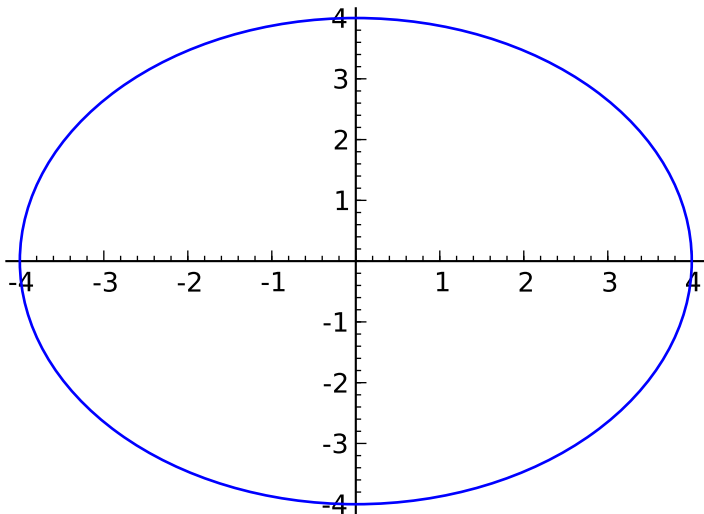
Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$

4 More applications and further reading

5 Contributing to Sagemath

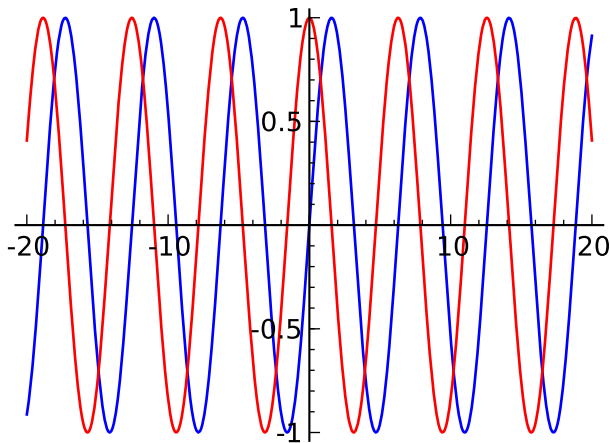


Circle of radius 4 centered at (0, 0):  $c = \text{circle}((0, 0), 4)$

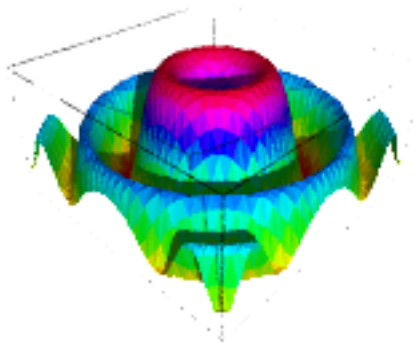


Multiple functions in same plot.

```
plot(sin(x), -20, 20, rgbcolor = (0, 0, 1)) +  
plot(cos(x), -20, 20, rgbcolor = (1, 0, 0))
```



$$f = \frac{\sin(y*y+x*x)}{\sqrt{(x*x+y*y+.0001)}}: \text{plot3d}(f, (-3,3), (-3,3))$$



Overview and  
Installation of  
Sage

Basic usage

Interactive shell and  
scripting

Arithmetic and  
built-in functions

Applications in  
various  
domains

Algebra

Number Theory

Calculus

Graph plotting

**Matrix algebra**

Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$

More  
applications  
and further  
reading

Contributing  
to Sagemath

1 Overview and Installation of Sage

2 Basic usage

3 Applications in various domains

Algebra

Number Theory

Calculus

Graph plotting

**Matrix algebra**

Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$

4 More applications and further reading

5 Contributing to Sagemath

- Creating matrices:  $m = \text{Matrix}([[1, 2], [3, 4], [5, 6]])$
- Arithmetic operations
  - $P = \text{Matrix}([[1, 2], [3, 4]]), Q = \text{Matrix}([[7, 8], [5, 6]])$
  - $P + Q = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 10 \\ 8 & 10 \end{pmatrix}, P - Q = \begin{pmatrix} -6 & -6 \\ -2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$
  - $P * Q = \begin{pmatrix} 17 & 20 \\ 41 & 48 \end{pmatrix}, 4 * P = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 8 \\ 12 & 16 \end{pmatrix}$
- $P^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 37 & 54 \\ 81 & 118 \end{pmatrix}, P^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ \frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}, |P| = -2$
- More functions: `is_singular`, `is_symmetric`,  
`is_skew_symmetric`, `is_invertible`, `is_square`

Overview and  
Installation of  
Sage

Basic usage

Interactive shell and  
scripting

Arithmetic and  
built-in functions

Applications in  
various  
domains

Algebra

Number Theory

Calculus

Graph plotting

Matrix algebra

Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$

More  
applications  
and further  
reading

Contributing  
to Sagemath

1 Overview and Installation of Sage

2 Basic usage

3 Applications in various domains

Algebra

Number Theory

Calculus

Graph plotting

Matrix algebra

Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$

4 More applications and further reading

5 Contributing to Sagemath

- $\LaTeX$  representation: `latex(P)`  

```
\left(\begin{array}{rr}
1 & 2 \\
3 & 4
\end{array}\right)
```
- `view(P)`: Display PDF(pdf $\LaTeX$ )/HTML(MathJAX) depending on mode.
- Sage $\TeX$ : Call Sage commands from  $\LaTeX$ .
  - Regular statement: `\sage{pow_mod(27, 2, 12)}`
  - Plots: `\sageplot{plot(sin(x) + cos(x), -20, 20)}`
  - `\sageblock` and `\sagesilent`: Embedding Sage code

- 1 Overview and Installation of Sage
- 2 Basic usage
  - Interactive shell and scripting
  - Arithmetic and built-in functions
- 3 Applications in various domains
  - Algebra
  - Number Theory
  - Calculus
  - Graph plotting
  - Matrix algebra
  - Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$
- 4 More applications and further reading
- 5 Contributing to Sagemath



- Interfacing with other algebra systems(GP/PARI, Singular, Maxima)
- Polynomials
- Combinatorics
- Graph and group theory
- Linear algebra
- Elliptic curves
- Advanced portions of everything discussed

- Sage tutorial:  
<http://www.sagemath.org/doc/tutorial/index.html>
- Thematic tutorials:  
[http://www.sagemath.org/doc/thematic\\_tutorials/index.html](http://www.sagemath.org/doc/thematic_tutorials/index.html)
- Tutorials for those with some mathematics background:  
<http://www.sagemath.org/doc/prep/index.html>

- 1 Overview and Installation of Sage
- 2 Basic usage
  - Interactive shell and scripting
  - Arithmetic and built-in functions
- 3 Applications in various domains
  - Algebra
  - Number Theory
  - Calculus
  - Graph plotting
  - Matrix algebra
  - Sage and  $\text{\LaTeX}$
- 4 More applications and further reading
- 5 Contributing to Sagemath

- Packaging for Linux distros.
- Improve startup time.
- UI enhancements: Notebook and 2D plots.
- Mobile applications: Android, iOS.
- Mathematicians help with specific libraries.
- Visit <http://www.sagemath.org/development.html> for more information on getting involved.

# Questions?