```
In [2]: %matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

### Vertical bar charts

Create a vertical bar chart for the values by years.

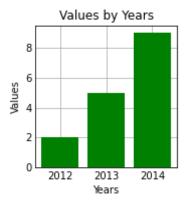
Its ok to have years split i.e, (2012.0, 2012.5...)

```
In [12]: # Using
   years = np.arange(2012, 2015)
   values = [2, 5, 9]
   # Create a vertical bar chart values by years.
# Code goes below:
```

[2012 2013 2014]

```
In [22]: plt.title("Values by Years")
    plt.xlabel('Years')
    plt.ylabel('Values')
    plt.bar(years, values, color = "green")
```

Out[22]: <BarContainer object of 3 artists>

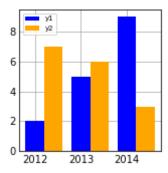


### Create a multiseries bar chart with:

- category1\_values: Color = Blue, No edgecolor, width = 0.4, align = center and a label of y1
- category2\_values: Color = Orange, No edgecolor, width = 0.4, align = center and a label of y2

```
In [60]: years = np.arange(2012, 2015)
    category1_values = [2, 5, 9]
    category2_values = [7, 6, 3]
# spacing bars out
    xposCat1 = np.arange(len(years))
    xposCat2 = xposCat1 + 0.4
```

```
In [76]: plt.bar(xposCat1, category1_values,color = 'blue', edgecolor='none', width
   plt.bar(xposCat2, category2_values,color = 'orange', edgecolor='none', widt
   plt.legend(loc = "upper left",fontsize = 'x-small',)
# replace x indexes by the given values
   plt.xticks(ticks = xposCat1,labels = years)
```

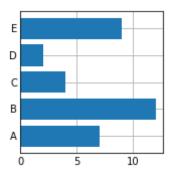


### Create a horizontal bar chart for the given values:

- categories = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E']
- values = [7, 12, 4, 2, 9]
- Label each as the letter from the categories parameter... i.e. A, B, C ...

```
In [79]: categories = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E']
values = [7, 12, 4, 2, 9]
y_pos = np.arange(len(categories))
```

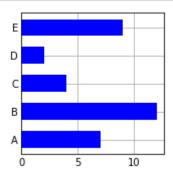
```
In [88]: plt.barh(y_pos,values)
    plt.yticks(y_pos,categories)
    plt.show()
```



#### Create a horizontal bar chart with these values:

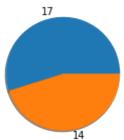
• Color = Blue, no edgecolor, height of 0.6, center aligned

```
In [91]: plt.barh(y_pos,values, color ="blue",edgecolor='none',height = 0.6,align ='
    plt.yticks(y_pos,categories)
    plt.show()
```



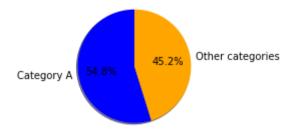
# Create a pie chart

• For the given counts = [17, 14]



#### Create a pie chart for counts = [17, 14] using:

- · Colors of blue and orange
- · Labels of 'Category A' and 'Other categories'
- Set the angle at 90
- Set the percentage display format of 1.1

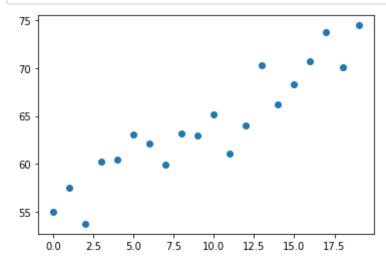


### Create a scatter plot for the given data

```
In [18]: x = range(20)
         y = np.arange(50, 70) + (np.random.random(20) * 10.)
         Х
```

```
Out[18]: range(0, 20)
```

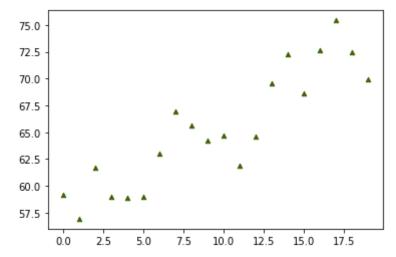
```
In [16]: plt.scatter(x,y)
         plt.show()
```



# Create a scatter plot with the given data with:

- · Color of red
- Marker
- c: Set the color of the markers.
- s: Set the size of the markers.
- marker: Set the marker style, e.g., circles, triangles, or squares.
- edgecolor: Set the color of the lines on the edges of the markers.

```
In [24]: x = np.arange(20)
y = np.arange(50, 70) + (np.random.random(20) * 10.)
plt.scatter(x,y,marker = '^', c = 'red', edgecolor = 'green',s = 20, )
plt.show()
```



### **END**

In [ ]: