MEM 636 Theory of Nonlinear Control

Final Project, Winter 2017

Recall the wheelset used to model a simple wheeled robot as shown in Figure 1. The system is modeled body fixed frame by the differential equations

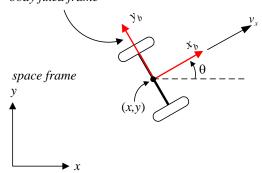


Figure 1. Simple wheelset.

 $\dot{x} = v_x \cos \theta$ $\dot{y} = v_x \sin \theta$ $\dot{\theta} = \omega$

 $M\dot{v}_{x} = F$ $J\dot{\omega} = T$

The driving force F and the steering torque T are generated by coordinating the independent wheel torques. For now, take M=1, J=1 and

suppose $|F| \le 1$, $|T| \le 4$. Recall that the system can be feedback linearized, with respect to the outputs (x, y), using dynamic extension. The extended equations are

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ x \\ y \\ v_x \\ \omega \\ F \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \omega \\ v_x \cos \theta \\ v_x \sin \theta \\ F \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u \\ T \end{bmatrix}$$

And the FBL normal form is

Design a variable structure switching system based on the FBL reduction and choose s(x) = Kz(x).

Choose K so that the sliding eigenvalues are all at -1. Simulate from various starting conditions using Simulink (you can use the vehicle model from the earlier project).