

loan-prediction-project-ml

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#Summary To Explain Project (Keypoints)

- Import Required Library
- Display Top 5 , Last 5 Data and Display Dataset Information
- Check Shape and Null Value From Dataset
- Handle Missing & Categorical Column Data
- Store Target Column & Other Feature Column
- Feature Scaling
- Split Dataset For Testign
- Train & Check Different ML Model
- Save Model
- GUI (In Google Colab GUI is Not Working That's Why Code is Commented)

Note : *Here is the small dataset so I don't use any other library for cleaning or pre-processing dataset. Also I don't use One-Hot Encoding.*

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score

from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
import joblib
from tkinter import *
import pandas as pd
```

```
[2]: df = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/MyDataSet/Load_Prediction/train.csv")
```

1. Display Top 5 Rows & Last 5 Rows of The Dataset

```
[3]: df.head(10)
```

```
[3]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	\
0	LP001002	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	
1	LP001003	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	
2	LP001005	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	
3	LP001006	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	
4	LP001008	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	
5	LP001011	Male	Yes	2	Graduate	Yes	
6	LP001013	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	
7	LP001014	Male	Yes	3+	Graduate	No	
8	LP001018	Male	Yes	2	Graduate	No	
9	LP001020	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	

	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	\
0	5849	0.0	NaN	360.0	
1	4583	1508.0	128.0	360.0	
2	3000	0.0	66.0	360.0	
3	2583	2358.0	120.0	360.0	
4	6000	0.0	141.0	360.0	
5	5417	4196.0	267.0	360.0	
6	2333	1516.0	95.0	360.0	
7	3036	2504.0	158.0	360.0	
8	4006	1526.0	168.0	360.0	
9	12841	10968.0	349.0	360.0	

	Credit_History	Property_Area	Loan_Status
0	1.0	Urban	Y
1	1.0	Rural	N
2	1.0	Urban	Y
3	1.0	Urban	Y
4	1.0	Urban	Y
5	1.0	Urban	Y
6	1.0	Urban	Y
7	0.0	Semiurban	N
8	1.0	Urban	Y
9	1.0	Semiurban	N

```
[4]: df.tail()
```

```
[4]:
```

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	\
609	LP002978	Female	No	0	Graduate	No	
610	LP002979	Male	Yes	3+	Graduate	No	
611	LP002983	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	
612	LP002984	Male	Yes	2	Graduate	No	

613	LP002990	Female	No	0	Graduate	Yes
-----	----------	--------	----	---	----------	-----

	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term \
609	2900	0.0	71.0	360.0
610	4106	0.0	40.0	180.0
611	8072	240.0	253.0	360.0
612	7583	0.0	187.0	360.0
613	4583	0.0	133.0	360.0

	Credit_History	Property_Area	Loan_Status
609	1.0	Rural	Y
610	1.0	Rural	Y
611	1.0	Urban	Y
612	1.0	Urban	Y
613	0.0	Semiurban	N

2 2. Find Shape of Our Dataset (Number of Rows And Number of Columns)

```
[5]: df.shape
```

```
[5]: (614, 13)
```

3 3. Get Information About Data Set

```
[6]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 614 entries, 0 to 613
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Loan_ID               614 non-null   object
1   Gender                601 non-null   object
2   Married               611 non-null   object
3   Dependents            599 non-null   object
4   Education             614 non-null   object
5   Self_Employed         582 non-null   object
6   ApplicantIncome       614 non-null   int64
7   CoapplicantIncome     614 non-null   float64
8   LoanAmount            592 non-null   float64
9   Loan_Amount_Term      600 non-null   float64
10  Credit_History        564 non-null   float64
11  Property_Area         614 non-null   object
12  Loan_Status           614 non-null   object
```

```
dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(8)
memory usage: 62.5+ KB
```

4 4. Check Null Values

```
[7]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
[7]: Loan_ID          0
      Gender          13
      Married         3
      Dependents     15
      Education       0
      Self_Employed  32
      ApplicantIncome  0
      CoapplicantIncome  0
      LoanAmount      22
      Loan_Amount_Term  14
      Credit_History  50
      Property_Area    0
      Loan_Status      0
      dtype: int64
```

5 5. Handle Missing Value

```
[8]: df = df.drop('Loan_ID',axis=1)
```

```
[9]: columns = ['Gender', 'Dependents', 'LoanAmount', 'Loan_Amount_Term']
```

```
[10]: df = df.dropna(subset=columns)
```

```
[11]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
[11]: Gender          0
      Married         0
      Dependents     0
      Education       0
      Self_Employed  30
      ApplicantIncome  0
      CoapplicantIncome  0
      LoanAmount      0
      Loan_Amount_Term  0
      Credit_History  48
      Property_Area    0
      Loan_Status      0
      dtype: int64
```

```
[12]: df['Self_Employed'].mode()[0]
```

```
[12]: 'No'
```

```
[13]: df['Self_Employed'] = df['Self_Employed'].fillna(df['Self_Employed'].mode()[0])
```

```
[14]: df['Credit_History'].mode()[0]
```

```
[14]: 1.0
```

```
[15]: df['Credit_History'] = df['Credit_History'].fillna(df['Credit_History'].  
↳mode()[0])
```

6. Handling Categorical Columns

```
[16]: df.head()
```

```
[16]:   Gender  Married  Dependents  Education  Self_Employed  ApplicantIncome  \  
1   Male     Yes         1    Graduate         No           4583  
2   Male     Yes         0    Graduate         Yes           3000  
3   Male     Yes         0  Not Graduate         No           2583  
4   Male     No          0    Graduate         No           6000  
5   Male     Yes         2    Graduate         Yes           5417  
  
   CoapplicantIncome  LoanAmount  Loan_Amount_Term  Credit_History  \  
1             1508.0        128.0             360.0             1.0  
2              0.0         66.0             360.0             1.0  
3            2358.0        120.0             360.0             1.0  
4              0.0        141.0             360.0             1.0  
5            4196.0        267.0             360.0             1.0  
  
   Property_Area  Loan_Status  
1         Rural           N  
2         Urban           Y  
3         Urban           Y  
4         Urban           Y  
5         Urban           Y
```

```
[17]: df['Dependents'] = df['Dependents'].replace(to_replace="3+",value='4')
```

```
[18]: df['Loan_Status'].unique()
```

```
[18]: array(['N', 'Y'], dtype=object)
```

```
[19]: df['Gender'] = df['Gender'].map({'Male':1,'Female':0}).astype('int')  
df['Married'] = df['Married'].map({'Yes':1,'No':0}).astype('int')
```

```
df['Education'] = df['Education'].map({'Graduate':1, 'Not Graduate':0}).
    ↪astype('int')
df['Self_Employed'] = df['Self_Employed'].map({'Yes':1, 'No':0}).astype('int')
df['Property_Area'] = df['Property_Area'].map({'Rural':0, 'Semiurban':2, 'Urban':
    ↪1}).astype('int')
df['Loan_Status'] = df['Loan_Status'].map({'Y':1, 'N':0}).astype('int')
```

```
[20]: df.head()
```

```
[20]:   Gender  Married Dependents  Education  Self_Employed  ApplicantIncome  \
1         1         1         1         1             0         4583
2         1         1         0         1             1         3000
3         1         1         0         0             0         2583
4         1         0         0         1             0         6000
5         1         1         2         1             1         5417

      CoapplicantIncome  LoanAmount  Loan_Amount_Term  Credit_History  \
1              1508.0      128.0          360.0             1.0
2               0.0       66.0          360.0             1.0
3             2358.0      120.0          360.0             1.0
4               0.0      141.0          360.0             1.0
5             4196.0      267.0          360.0             1.0

      Property_Area  Loan_Status
1                 0           0
2                 1           1
3                 1           1
4                 1           1
5                 1           1
```

7. Store Target Value In X and Other Features in y

```
[21]: X = df.drop('Loan_Status',axis=1)
```

```
[22]: y = df['Loan_Status']
```

8. Feature Scaling

```
[23]: df.sample(5)
```

```
[23]:   Gender  Married Dependents  Education  Self_Employed  ApplicantIncome  \
395         1         1         2         1             0         3276
570         1         1         1         1             0         3417
529         1         0         0         0             0         6783
230         1         1         1         1             0         2491
```

275	1	1	1	1	0	2750
-----	---	---	---	---	---	------

	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	\
395	484.0	135.0	360.0	1.0	
570	1750.0	186.0	360.0	1.0	
529	0.0	130.0	360.0	1.0	
230	2054.0	104.0	360.0	1.0	
275	1842.0	115.0	360.0	1.0	

	Property_Area	Loan_Status
395	2	1
570	1	1
529	2	1
230	2	1
275	2	1

```
[24]: cols = ['ApplicantIncome', 'CoapplicantIncome', 'LoanAmount', 'Loan_Amount_Term']
```

```
[25]: st = StandardScaler()
X[cols]=st.fit_transform(X[cols])
```

```
[26]: X
```

```
[26]:
```

	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	\
1	1	1	1	1	0	-0.128694	
2	1	1	0	1	1	-0.394296	
3	1	1	0	0	0	-0.464262	
4	1	0	0	1	0	0.109057	
5	1	1	2	1	1	0.011239	
..	
609	0	0	0	1	0	-0.411075	
610	1	1	4	1	0	-0.208727	
611	1	1	1	1	0	0.456706	
612	1	1	2	1	0	0.374659	
613	0	0	0	1	1	-0.128694	

	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History	\
1	-0.049699	-0.214368	0.279961	1.0	
2	-0.545638	-0.952675	0.279961	1.0	
3	0.229842	-0.309634	0.279961	1.0	
4	-0.545638	-0.059562	0.279961	1.0	
5	0.834309	1.440866	0.279961	1.0	
..	
609	-0.545638	-0.893134	0.279961	1.0	
610	-0.545638	-1.262287	-2.468292	1.0	
611	-0.466709	1.274152	0.279961	1.0	
612	-0.545638	0.488213	0.279961	1.0	

```
613          -0.545638   -0.154828          0.279961          0.0
```

```
Property_Area
```

```
1          0
2          1
3          1
4          1
5          1
..         ...
609        0
610        0
611        1
612        1
613        2
```

```
[553 rows x 11 columns]
```

9. Split Dataset For Testing && Checking

```
[27]: x_train, x_valid, y_train, y_valid = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.25,
↳ random_state = 42)
```

```
print(x_train.shape)
print(x_valid.shape)
print(y_train.shape)
print(y_valid.shape)
```

```
(414, 11)
```

```
(139, 11)
```

```
(414,)
```

```
(139,)
```

10. Trained Different ML Model && Check

```
[28]: model = RandomForestClassifier()
model.fit(x_train, y_train)

y_pred = model.predict(x_valid)

print("Training Accuracy :", model.score(x_train, y_train))
print("Validation Accuracy :", model.score(x_valid, y_valid))

# calculating the f1 score for the validation set
print("F1 score :", f1_score(y_valid, y_pred))
```



```
# confusion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_valid, y_pred)
print(cm)
```

Training Accuracy : 1.0
Validation Accuracy : 0.762589928057554
F1 score : 0.8405797101449276
[[19 25]
 [8 87]]

```
[29]: model = DecisionTreeClassifier()
      model.fit(x_train, y_train)

      y_pred = model.predict(x_valid)

      print("Training Accuracy :", model.score(x_train, y_train))
      print("Validation Accuracy :", model.score(x_valid, y_valid))

      # calculating the f1 score for the validation set
      print("f1 score :", f1_score(y_valid, y_pred))

      # confusion matrix
      cm = confusion_matrix(y_valid, y_pred)
      print(cm)
```

Training Accuracy : 1.0
Validation Accuracy : 0.697841726618705
f1 score : 0.7789473684210526
[[23 21]
 [21 74]]

```
[30]: model = SVC()
      model.fit(x_train, y_train)

      y_pred = model.predict(x_valid)

      print("Training Accuracy :", model.score(x_train, y_train))
      print("Validation Accuracy :", model.score(x_valid, y_valid))

      # calculating the f1 score for the validation set
      print("f1 score :", f1_score(y_valid, y_pred))

      # confusion matrix
      cm = confusion_matrix(y_valid, y_pred)
      print(cm)
```

Training Accuracy : 0.8285024154589372
Validation Accuracy : 0.8057553956834532

```
f1 score : 0.8755760368663594
[[17 27]
 [ 0 95]]
```

```
[31]: model = LogisticRegression()
      model.fit(x_train, y_train)

      y_pred = model.predict(x_valid)

      print("Training Accuracy :", model.score(x_train, y_train))
      print("Validation Accuracy :", model.score(x_valid, y_valid))

      # calculating the f1 score for the validation set
      print("f1 score :", f1_score(y_valid, y_pred))

      # confusion matrix
      cm = confusion_matrix(y_valid, y_pred)
      print(cm)
```

```
Training Accuracy : 0.8043478260869565
Validation Accuracy : 0.8129496402877698
f1 score : 0.8796296296296297
[[18 26]
 [ 0 95]]
```

11. Save The Model

```
[32]: X = df.drop('Loan_Status',axis=1)
      y = df['Loan_Status']
```

```
[33]: rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=270,
      min_samples_split=5,
      min_samples_leaf=5,
      max_features='sqrt',
      max_depth=5)
```

```
[34]: rf.fit(X,y)
```

```
[34]: RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=5, min_samples_leaf=5, min_samples_split=5,
      n_estimators=270)
```

```
[35]: joblib.dump(rf, 'loan_status_predict')
```

```
[35]: ['loan_status_predict']
```

```
[36]: model = joblib.load('loan_status_predict')
```

```
[37]: df.head()
```

```
[37]:   Gender  Married Dependents  Education  Self_Employed  ApplicantIncome  \
1      1      1      1      1      1      0      4583
2      1      1      0      1      1      1      3000
3      1      1      0      0      0      0      2583
4      1      0      0      1      0      0      6000
5      1      1      2      1      1      1      5417

      CoapplicantIncome  LoanAmount  Loan_Amount_Term  Credit_History  \
1          1508.0      128.0      360.0      1.0
2           0.0      66.0      360.0      1.0
3         2358.0      120.0      360.0      1.0
4           0.0      141.0      360.0      1.0
5         4196.0      267.0      360.0      1.0

      Property_Area  Loan_Status
1          0      0
2          1      1
3          1      1
4          1      1
5          1      1
```

```
[38]: # df[0:1]
p1 = np.array(df.values[8,:])[0:11]
print(p1)
```

```
[1 1 '1' 1 0 12841 10968.0 349.0 360.0 1.0 2]
```

```
[39]: # import pandas as pd
# df = pd.DataFrame({
#     'Gender':1,
#     'Married':1,
#     'Dependents':2,
#     'Education':0,
#     'Self_Employed':0,
#     'ApplicantIncome':2889,
#     'CoapplicantIncome':0.0,
#     'LoanAmount':45,
#     'Loan_Amount_Term':180,
#     'Credit_History':0,
#     'Property_Area':1
# },index=[0])
```

```
[40]: result = model.predict([p1])
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/base.py:439: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but RandomForestClassifier was fitted with feature
```

```
names
warnings.warn(
```

```
[41]: if result==1:
        print("Loan Approved")
    else:
        print("Loan Not Approved")
```

Loan Approved

12 12. GUI

```
[42]: # def show_entry():

#     p1 = float(e1.get())
#     p2 = float(e2.get())
#     p3 = float(e3.get())
#     p4 = float(e4.get())
#     p5 = float(e5.get())
#     p6 = float(e6.get())
#     p7 = float(e7.get())
#     p8 = float(e8.get())
#     p9 = float(e9.get())
#     p10 = float(e10.get())
#     p11 = float(e11.get())

#     model = joblib.load('loan_status_predict')
#     df = pd.DataFrame({
#         'Gender':p1,
#         'Married':p2,
#         'Dependents':p3,
#         'Education':p4,
#         'Self_Employed':p5,
#         'ApplicantIncome':p6,
#         'CoapplicantIncome':p7,
#         'LoanAmount':p8,
#         'Loan_Amount_Term':p9,
#         'Credit_History':p10,
#         'Property_Area':p11
#     },index=[0])
#     result = model.predict(df)

#     if result == 1:
#         Label(master, text="Loan approved").grid(row=31)
#     else:
#         Label(master, text="Loan Not Approved").grid(row=31)
```

```

# master =Tk()
# master.title("Loan Status Prediction Using Machine Learning")
# label = Label(master,text = "Loan Status Prediction",bg = "black",
#               fg = "white").grid(row=0,columnspan=2)

# Label(master,text = "Gender [1:Male ,0:Female]").grid(row=1)
# Label(master,text = "Married [1:Yes,0:No]").grid(row=2)
# Label(master,text = "Dependents [1,2,3,4]").grid(row=3)
# Label(master,text = "Education").grid(row=4)
# Label(master,text = "Self_Employed").grid(row=5)
# Label(master,text = "ApplicantIncome").grid(row=6)
# Label(master,text = "CoapplicantIncome").grid(row=7)
# Label(master,text = "LoanAmount").grid(row=8)
# Label(master,text = "Loan_Amount_Term").grid(row=9)
# Label(master,text = "Credit_History").grid(row=10)
# Label(master,text = "Property_Area").grid(row=11)

# e1 = Entry(master)
# e2 = Entry(master)
# e3 = Entry(master)
# e4 = Entry(master)
# e5 = Entry(master)
# e6 = Entry(master)
# e7 = Entry(master)
# e8 = Entry(master)
# e9 = Entry(master)
# e10 = Entry(master)
# e11 = Entry(master)

# e1.grid(row=1,column=1)
# e2.grid(row=2,column=1)
# e3.grid(row=3,column=1)
# e4.grid(row=4,column=1)
# e5.grid(row=5,column=1)
# e6.grid(row=6,column=1)
# e7.grid(row=7,column=1)
# e8.grid(row=8,column=1)
# e9.grid(row=9,column=1)
# e10.grid(row=10,column=1)
# e11.grid(row=11,column=1)

# Button(master,text="Predict",command=show_entry).grid()

# mainloop()

```