

# 1. Artifact Description: [ Generating Families of Practical Matrix Multiplication Algorithms ]

## 1.1 Abstract

The artifact contains partial components of the implementations of IPDPS'17 paper "Generating Families of Practical Matrix Multiplication Algorithms" [1].

## 1.2 Description

### 1.2.1 Check-list (artifact meta information)

- **Program:** C99, python, AVX inline assembly
- **Compilation:** python2.7; icc/icpc version 15.0.3 with the gcc 4.9.3 Standard Template Library for sequential and parallel experiment.
- **Hardware:** Maverick supercomputer at TACC.
- **Output:** *Effective* GFLOPS performance, as shown ① in Figure 5.
- **Experiment workflow:** Download the source code, generate and compile the code, check the dataset and environment, and execute the code.
- **Publicly available?:** Yes.

### 1.2.2 How software can be obtained (if available)

The source code can be obtained in the URL below:  
<https://github.com/flame/fmm-gen>

### 1.2.3 Hardware dependencies

x86-64 processor that supports AVX instructions.

### 1.2.4 Software dependencies

Linux or macOS/OS X, autotools, Intel icc/icpc compiler 15 or later and compatible GCC 4.9 or later, OpenMP environment, SLURM queuing system.

## 1.3 Installation

Follow the build instructions in README.md, found in the source code top folder in the [URL](#) above.

## 1.4 Experiment workflow

- Switch to meta directory.

```
$ cd fmm-gen/meta
```

- Set up environment variables: Replace `$core_num` with the number of cores the user wants to run.

```
$ export OMP_NUM_THREADS=$core_num
$ export KMP_AFFINITY=compact
```

Note: if hyper-threading is enabled, the following alternative must be used:

```
$ export KMP_AFFINITY=compact,1
```

- Code generators:

- If you want to generate the different implementations for a specific algorithm:

```
$ python control.py ${N} \
    $m1n1p1 $L1 \
    $m2n2p2 $L2 ..... \
    $m${N}n${N}p${N} $L${N} \
    ${pack_type} ${gen_path}
```

e.g.

```
$ python control.py 2 222 1 323 1 abc \
    ${HOME}/fmm-gen
$ python control.py 1 222 2 abc ../
```

This script will generate the code and compile it.

To further execute the code, go to the generated code directory (e.g. `$HOME/fmm-gen/222-1.333-1.abc`, or `../222-2.abc`).

When `$core_num` is equal to 1, run

```
./test/test_xxx-x_st.x $m $n $k
```

When `$core_num` is greater than 1, run

```
./test/test_xxx-x_mt.x $m $n $k
```

- If you have access of a job submission system on a cluster, change the `path_prefix` variable in `config.py`, then:

```
$ python run_sbatch_script.py
```

This script will generate the code for all implementations, compile them, and submit the jobs to SLURM submission queue for execution.

- Hybrid partitions:

```
$ python control.py 1 222 1 abc
$ python control.py 1 222 2 abc
$ python control.py 1 232 1 abc
$ python control.py 1 232 2 abc
$ python control.py 1 333 1 abc
$ python control.py 1 333 2 abc
$ python control.py 2 222 1 232 1 abc
$ python control.py 2 222 1 333 1 abc
```

- Model:

```
$ python model_gen.py
```

This script will generate csv files for plotting the modeled performance curves.

## 1.5 Evaluation and expected result

The output will include the following components:

- Input problem size.
- Running time (in seconds).
- *Effective* GFLOPS (① in Figure 5).

The user can compare the relative *Effective* GFLOPS for different implementations. The trend should match the performance curves shown in this paper. Since the machines may be different from ours, the absolute GFLOPS could be different.

## References

- [1] Jianyu Huang, Leslie Rice, Devin A. Matthews, and Robert A. van de Geijn. Generating families of practical fast matrix multiplication algorithms. In *31th IEEE International Parallel and Distributed Processing Symposium (IPDPS 2017)*, 2017.