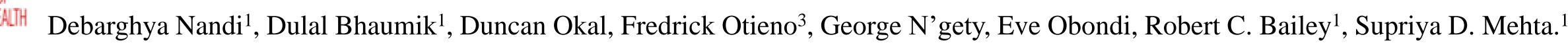
The role of penile microbiome in explaining differential mucosal inflammatory cytokines between men who have sex with women.



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Background

- Men who have sex with men (MSM)
 are disproportionately affected by
 HIV/STI as compared to men who have
 sex with women(MSW).
- This is hypothesized to be due to different burdens of mucosal inflammation.

Aim

• We evaluate if there is any significant association of penile microbial composition with mucosal inflammation.

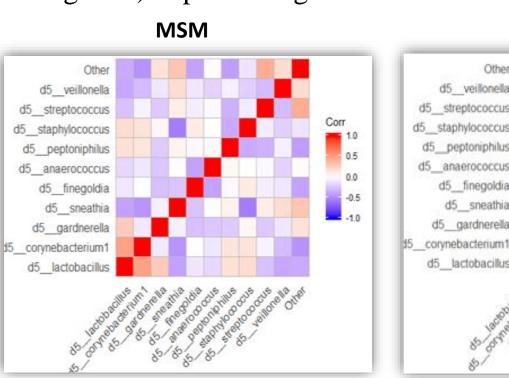
Design and Methods

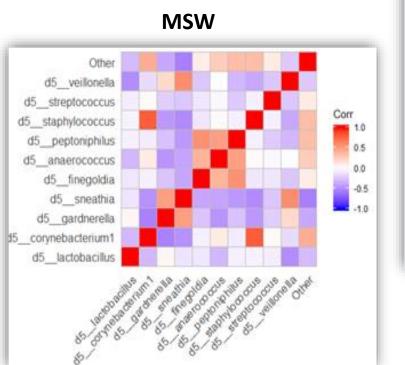
- Samples were collected from 43 HIV
 (-) MSM and 43 HIV(-) MSW residing in Kisumu, Kenya.
- Subjects were matched on age and circumcision status.
- Penile microbiome was assessed via shallow meatal swab, with 16s rRNA amplicon sequencing of the V3-V4 regions.
- Urinary cytokine concentrations were measured using Luminex.

Results

Correlation heatmap of top 10 penile microbiome taxa

Brightness of colors (red for positive and blue for negative) depict strength of correlation.



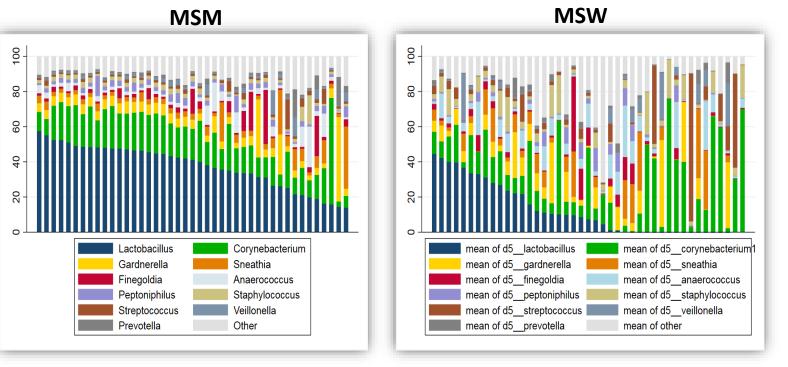


Taxa importance from Random Forest Classification of MSM vs MSW

Taxa		IMPORTANCE
d5_	_lactobacillus	33.16
d5	corynebacterium1	4.48
d5_	_gardnerella	3.22
d5	sneathia	7.79
d5	finegoldia	2.65
d5_	_anaerococcus	0.73
d5	peptoniphilus	5.98
d5_	_staphylococcus	11.37
d5	streptococcus	9.63
d5	veillonella	16.56
Other		4.37

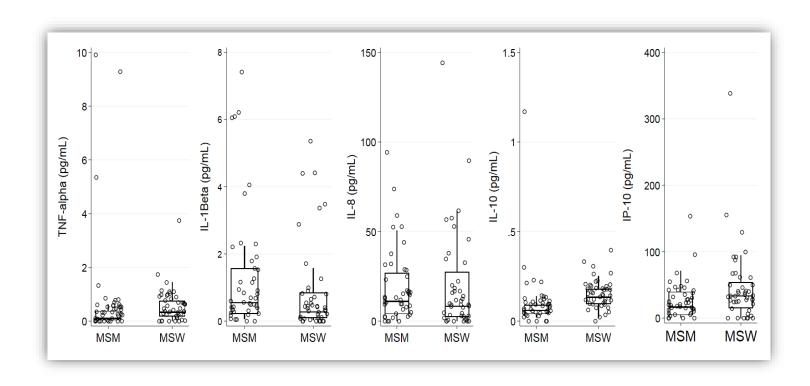
Lactobacillus, Veilonella and Staphylococcus were selected by Random Forest as top features based on gini information.

Relative Abundance of top 10 penile microbial taxa



Lactobacillus, Corynebacterium1 and Gardnarella were observed to be most abundant for MSM and MSW.

Summary of urinary cytokine concentrations by MSM/ MSW status.



A statistically significant difference in mean was observed for all cytokine groups except for IL-8. Wilcoxon Rank-Sum was used for this test at alpha = 0.05.

Statistical Approach

- Filter MSM and MSW genus level taxa to remove taxa with < 1% of total sequence reads.
- Normalize samples by dividing by total number of reads(RA) and use the Centered Log Ratio Transform(CLR).
- Random Forest with 5 –fold CV to identify genus level taxa differing between MSM and MSW.
- Linear regression to model cytokines as a function of the genus level taxa.

Discussion

Prediction of status

• Composition and influence of taxa has been observed to be significantly different for MSM and MSW.

Cytokine concentration

• All cytokines except IL-8 were significantly elevated for MSW as compared to MSM.

Association of taxa with cytokines

Microbiome composition did not account for difference in TNF- α, IP – 10 or IL-10 between MSM and MSW.

Acknowledgement

- NIH, NIAID, DMID RO1 AI110369(PI- Mehta)
- Staff and participants in Kisumu.