## TÍNH CHẤT CỦA TÍCH CHẬP

#### TÍNH CHẤT PHÉP TÍCH CHẬP

#### Continuous-time system

$$x(t) * h_1(t) + x(t) * h_2(t) =$$

$$x(t) * \{h_1(t) + h_2(t)\}$$

$$\{x(t) * h_1(t)\} * h_2(t) = x(t) * \{h_1(t) * h_2(t)\}$$

$$h_1(t) * h_2(t) = h_2(t) * h_1(t)$$

#### Discrete-time system

$$x[n] * b_1[n] + x[n] * b_2[n] = x[n] * \{b_1[n] + b_2[n]\}$$

$$\{x[n] * b_1[n]\} * b_2[n] = x[n] * \{b_1[n] * b_2[n]\}$$

$$b_1[n] * b_2[n] = b_2[n] * b_1[n]$$





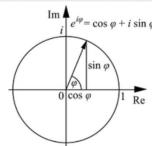
### CÔNG THỨC EULEUR

### CÔNG THỨC EULEUR - LIÊN HỆ GIỮA MŨ PHỨC VÀ LƯỢNG GIÁC

$$x(t) = e^{j\omega t}$$

Công thức Euleur:

$$e^{i\varphi} = cos(\varphi) + i.sin(\varphi)$$





- $|e^{i\varphi}|=1$
- $e^{i0} = 1$ ,  $e^{i\pi} = -1$ ,  $e^{i.2\pi} = 1$
- $e^{i\pi/2} = i$ ,  $e^{i.3\pi/2} = -i$
- $e^{i\varphi} = e^{i(\varphi+2\pi)}$

$$e^{\pm j\theta} = \cos \theta \pm i \sin \theta$$

$$\cos\theta = \frac{1}{2} (e^{j\theta} + e^{-j\theta})$$

$$\sin\theta = \frac{1}{2j} \left( e^{j\theta} - e^{-j\theta} \right)$$



## MỘT SỐ CHUỖI CƠ BẢN

#### MỘT SỐ CHUỗI CƠ BẢN

$$\sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \alpha^n = \begin{cases} \frac{1-\alpha^N}{1-\alpha} & \alpha \neq 1\\ N & \alpha = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \alpha^n = \frac{1}{1-\alpha} \qquad |\alpha| < 1$$

$$\sum_{n=k}^{\infty} \alpha^n = \frac{\alpha^k}{1-\alpha} \qquad |\alpha| < 1$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n\alpha^n = \frac{\alpha}{(1-\alpha)^2} \qquad |\alpha| < 1$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n^2 \alpha^n = \frac{\alpha^2 + \alpha}{(1-\alpha)^3} \qquad |\alpha| < 1$$



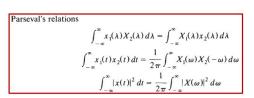


# TÍNH CHẤT FOURIER LIÊN TỤC

### BIỂU DIỄN TÍN HIỆU LIÊN TỤC KHÔNG TUẦN HOÀN

#### D. Tính chất

Property	Signal	Fourier transform
	x(t)	$X(\omega)$
	$x_1(t)$	$X_1(\omega)$
	$x_2(t)$	$X_2(\omega)$
Linearity	$a_1 x_1(t) + a_2 x_2(t)$	$a_1X_1(\omega) + a_2X_2(\omega)$
Time shifting	$x(t-t_0)$	$e^{-j\omega t_0}X(\omega)$
Frequency shifting	$e^{j\omega_0 t}x(t)$	$X(\omega-\omega_0)$
Time scaling	x(at)	$\frac{1}{ a }X\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right)$
Time reversal	x(-t)	$X(-\omega)$
Duality	X(t)	$2\pi x(-\omega)$
Time differentiation	$\frac{dx(t)}{dt}$	$j\omega X(\omega)$
Frequency differentiation	(-jt)x(t)	$\frac{dX(\omega)}{d\omega}$
Integration	$\int_{-\infty}^{t} x(\tau) d\tau$	$\pi X(0)\delta(\omega) + \frac{1}{j\omega}X(\omega)$
Convolution	$x_1(t) * x_2(t)$	$X_1(\omega)X_2(\omega)$
Multiplication	$x_1(t)x_2(t)$	$\frac{1}{2\pi}X_1(\omega)*X_2(\omega)$
Real signal	$x(t) = x_e(t) + x_o(t)$	$X(\omega) = A(\omega) + jB(\omega)$ $X(-\omega) = X^*(\omega)$
Even component	$x_{e}(t)$	$Re\{X(\omega)\} = A(\omega)$
Odd component	$x_o(t)$	$j \operatorname{Im}\{X(\omega)\} = jB(\omega)$
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# FOURIER LIÊN TỤC THƯỜNG GẶP

### BIỂU DIỄN TÍN HIỆU LIÊN TỤC KHÔNG TUẦN HOÀN

E. Các cặp biến đổi Fourier thông dụng

			The same of the sa	
	x(t)	$X(\omega)$	x(t)	$X(\omega)$
	$\delta(t)$	1	$e^{-a t }, a>0$	
	$\delta(t-t_0)$	$e^{-j\omega t_0}$	,	$a^2 + \omega^2$
	1	$2\pi\delta(\omega)$	1	$e^{-a \omega }$
	$e^{j\omega_0 t}$	$2\pi\delta(\omega-\omega_0)$	$\overline{a^2+t^2}$	-
	$\cos \omega_0 t$	$\pi[\delta(\omega-\omega_0)+\delta(\omega+\omega_0)]$	$e^{-at^2}$ , $a>0$	$\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}} e^{-\omega^2/4a}$
	$\sin \omega_0 t$	$-j\pi[\delta(\omega-\omega_0)-\delta(\omega+\omega_0)]$	,	V a
	u(t)	$\pi\delta(\omega) + \frac{1}{j\omega}$	$p_a(t) = \begin{cases} 1 &  t  < a \\ 0 &  t  > a \end{cases}$	$2a\frac{\sin \omega a}{\omega a}$
	u(-t)	$\pi\delta(\omega)-\frac{1}{j\omega}$	$\frac{\sin at}{\pi t}$	$p_a(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1 &  \omega  < a \\ 0 &  \omega  > a \end{cases}$
	$e^{-at}u(t), a>0$	$\frac{1}{j\omega+a}$	sgn t	$\frac{2}{j\omega}$
	$te^{-at}u(t), a>0$	$\frac{1}{(j\omega+a)^2}$	$\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t-kT)$	$\omega_0 \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(\omega - k\omega_0), \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T}$
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# TÍNH CHẤT FOURIER RỜI RẠC

### BIỂU DIỄN CHUỐI KHÔNG TUẦN HOÀN

#### D. Tính chất

Property	Sequence	Fourier transform
	x[n]	$X(\Omega)$
	$x_1[n]$	$X_1(\Omega)$
	$x_2[n]$	$X_2(\Omega)$
Periodicity	x[n]	$X(\Omega+2\pi)=X(\Omega)$
Linearity	$a_1x_1[n] + a_2x_2[n]$	$a_1X_1(\Omega) + a_2X_2(\Omega)$
Time shifting	$x[n-n_0]$	$e^{-j\Omega n_0}X(\Omega)$
Frequency shifting	$e^{j\Omega_0 n}x[n]$	$X(\Omega - \Omega_0)$
Conjugation	x*[n]	$X^*(-\Omega)$
Time reversal	x[-n]	$X(-\Omega)$
Time scaling	$x_{(m)}[n] = \begin{cases} x[n/m] & \text{if } n = km \\ 0 & \text{if } n \neq km \end{cases}$	$X(m\Omega)$
Frequency differentiation	nx[n]	$j \frac{dX(\Omega)}{d\Omega}$
First difference	x[n]-x[n-1]	$(1 - e^{-j\Omega})X(\Omega)$
Accumulation	$\sum_{k=-\infty}^{n} x[k]$	$\pi X(0)\delta(\Omega) + \frac{1}{1 - e^{-/\Omega}} X(\Omega)$
		$ \Omega  \leq \pi$
Convolution	$x_1[n] * x_2[n]$	$X_1(\Omega)X_2(\Omega)$
Multiplication	$x_1[n]x_2[n]$	$\frac{1}{2\pi}X_1(\Omega)\otimes X_2(\Omega)$
Real sequence	$x[n] = x_c[n] + x_o[n]$	$X(\Omega) = A(\Omega) + jB(\Omega)$
		$X(-\Omega) = X^{*}(\Omega)$
Even component	$x_{\varepsilon}[n]$	$Re\{X(\Omega)\} = A(\Omega)$
Odd component	$x_o[n]$	$j \operatorname{Im} \{X(\Omega)\} = jB(\Omega)$

#### Parseval's relations

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x_1[n] x_2[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} X_1(\Omega) X_2(-\Omega) d\Omega$$
$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |x[n]|^2 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} |X(\Omega)|^2 d\Omega$$





# FOURIER RÒI RẠC THƯỜNG GẶP

## BIỂU DIỄN CHUỐI KHÔNG TUẦN HOÀN

E. Các cặp biến đổi Fourier thông dụng

x[n]	$X(\Omega)$
$\delta[n]$	1
$\delta[n-n_0]$	$e^{-j\Omega n_0}$
x[n] = 1	$2\pi\delta(\Omega),  \Omega  \leq \pi$
$e^{j\Omega_0 n}$	$2\pi\delta(\Omega-\Omega_0),  \Omega ,  \Omega_0  \leq \pi$
$\cos \Omega_0 n$	$\pi[\delta(\Omega-\Omega_0)+\delta(\Omega+\Omega_0)],  \Omega ,  \Omega_0  \leq \pi$
$\sin \Omega_0 n$	$-j\pi[\delta(\Omega-\Omega_0)-\delta(\Omega+\Omega_0)], \Omega , \Omega_0 \leq\pi$
u[n]	$\pi\delta(\Omega)+\frac{1}{1-e^{-j\Omega}},  \Omega \leq\pi$
-u[-n-1]	$-\pi\delta(\Omega)+\frac{1}{1-e^{-j\Omega}},  \Omega \leq \pi$
$a^nu[n],  a  < 1$	$\frac{1}{1 - ae^{-j\Omega}}$
$-a^nu[-n-1],  a >1$	$\frac{1}{1 - ae^{-j\Omega}}$

x[n]	$X(\Omega)$	
$(n+1)a^nu[n],  a <1$	$\frac{1}{\left(1-ae^{-j\Omega}\right)^2}$	
$a^{[n]},  a  < 1$	$\frac{1-a^2}{1-2a\cos\Omega+a^2}$	
$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1 &  n  \le N_1 \\ 0 &  n  > N_1 \end{cases}$	$\frac{\sin\left[\Omega\left(N_1+\frac{1}{2}\right)\right]}{\sin(\Omega/2)}$	
$\frac{\sin Wn}{\pi n}, 0 < W < \pi$	$X(\Omega) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \le  \Omega  \le W \\ 0 & W <  \Omega  \le \pi \end{cases}$	
$\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta[n-kN_0]$	$\Omega_0 \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(\Omega - k\Omega_0), \Omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{N_0}$	





## TÍNH CHẤT LAPLACE

### TÍNH CHẤT CỦA BIẾN ĐỔI LAPLACE

Property	Signal	Transform	ROC
	x(t)	X(s)	R
	$x_1(t)$	$X_{\mathfrak{l}}(s)$	$R_1$
	$x_2(t)$	$X_2(s)$	$R_2$
Linearity	$a_1x_1(t) + a_2x_2(t)$	$a_1 X_1(s) + a_2 X_2(s)$	$R' \supset R_1 \cap R_2$
Time shifting	$x(t-t_0)$	$e^{-st_0}X(s)$	R' = R
Shifting in s	$e^{s_0t}x(t)$	$X(s-s_0)$	$R' = R + \operatorname{Re}(s_0)$
Time scaling	x(at)	$\frac{1}{ a }X(s)$	R' = aR
Γime reversal	x(-t)	X(-s)	R' = -R
Differentiation in t	$\frac{dx(t)}{dt}$	sX(s)	$R'\supset R$
Differentiation in s	-tx(t)	$\frac{dX(s)}{ds}$	R' = R
Integration	$\int_{-\infty}^{t} x(\tau) d\tau$	$\frac{1}{s}X(s)$	$R'\supset R\cap \{\operatorname{Re}(s)>0\}$
Convolution	$x_1(t) * x_2(t)$	$X_1(s)X_2(s)$	$R' \supset R_1 \cap R_2$





## LAPLACE THƯỜNG GẶP

#### MỘT SỐ CẶP BIẾN ĐỔI LAPLACE THÔNG DỤNG

x(t)	X(s)	ROC	$\overline{x(t)}$	X(s)	ROC
$\delta(t)$	1	All s			
u(t)	$\frac{1}{s}$	Re(s) > 0	$te^{-at}u(t)$	$\frac{1}{\left(s+a\right)^{2}}$	Re(s) > -Re(a)
-u(-t)	$\frac{1}{s}$	Re(s) < 0	$-te^{-at}u(-t)$	$\frac{1}{(s+a)^2}$	Re(s) < -Re(a)
tu(t)	$\frac{1}{s^2}$	Re(s) > 0	$\cos \omega_0 t u(t)$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + \omega_0^2}$	Re(s) > 0
$t^k u(t)$	$\frac{k!}{s^{k+1}}$	Re(s) > 0	$\sin \omega_0 t u(t)$	$\frac{\omega_0}{s^2 + \omega_0^2}$	Re(s) > 0
$e^{-at}u(t)$	$\frac{1}{s+a}$	Re(s) > -Re(a)	$e^{-at}\cos\omega_0tu(t)$	$\frac{s+a}{\left(s+a\right)^2+\omega_0^2}$	Re(s) > -Re(a)
$-e^{-at}u(-t)$	$\frac{1}{s+a}$	Re(s) < -Re(a)	$e^{-at}\sin\omega_0 t u(t)$	$\frac{\omega_0}{\left(s+a\right)^2+\omega_0^2}$	Re(s) > -Re(a)





### TÍNH CHẤT LAPLACE 1 PHÍA

### TÍNH CHẤT CỦA BIẾN ĐỔI LAPLACE MỘT PHÍA

Tương tự như biến đổi Laplace hai phía, ngoại trừ:

#### Phép vi phân trong miền thời gian:

$$\frac{dx(t)}{dt} \longleftrightarrow sX_{I}(s) - x(0^{-})$$

$$\frac{d^{2}x(t)}{dt^{2}} \longleftrightarrow s^{2}X_{I}(s) - sx(0^{-}) - x'(0^{-})$$

$$\frac{d^{n}x(t)}{dt^{n}} \longleftrightarrow s^{n}X_{I}(s) - s^{n-1}x(0^{-}) - s^{n-2}x'(0^{-}) - \cdots - x^{(n-1)}(0^{-})$$
Với:
$$x^{(r)}(0^{-}) = \frac{d^{r}x(t)}{dt^{r}}\Big|_{t=0^{-}}$$





## SO SÁNH LAPLACE 1 PHÍA VÀ 2 PHÍA

### SO SÁNH GIỮA BIẾN ĐỔI MỘT PHÍA VÀ HAI PHÍA

	Unilateral Transform	Bilateral Transform	ROC
	$x(z) \xleftarrow{\mathcal{L}_{x}} X(s)$ $y(z) \xleftarrow{\mathcal{L}_{x}} Y(s)$	$x(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{L}}{\longleftrightarrow} X(s)$ $y(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{L}}{\longleftrightarrow} Y(s)$	$s \in R_x$
Signal	$y(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{L}_s}{\longleftarrow} Y(s)$	$y(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{L}}{\longleftrightarrow} Y(s)$	s ∈ R <sub>y</sub>
ax(t) + by(t)	aX(s) + bY(s)	aX(s) + bY(s)	At least $R_x \cap R_y$
x(t- au)	$e^{-s\tau}X(s)$ if $x(t-\tau)u(t) = x(t-\tau)u(t-\tau)$	$e^{-s\tau}X(s)$	R <sub>x</sub>
$e^{s_0t}x(t)$	$X(s-s_o)$	$X(s-s_o)$	$R_x + \text{Re}\{s_o\}$
x(at)	$\frac{1}{a}X\left(\frac{s}{a}\right),  a>0$	$\frac{1}{ a }X\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$	$\frac{R_x}{ a }$
x(t) * y(t)	if x(t) = y(t) = 0   for t < 0	X(s)Y(s)	At least $R_x \cap R_y$
-tx(t)	$\frac{d}{ds}X(s)$	$\frac{d}{ds}X(s)$	R <sub>x</sub>
$\frac{d}{dt}x(t)$	$sX(s) - x(0^-)$	sX(s)	At least R <sub>x</sub>
$\int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau)d\tau$	$\frac{1}{s}\int_{-\infty}^{0^{-}}x(\tau)d\tau+\frac{X(s)}{s}$	X(s)	At least $R_x \cap \{\text{Re}\{s\} > 0\}$





## TÍNH CHẤT Z

### TÍN<u>H CHẤT CỦA BIẾN ĐỔI Z</u>

Property	Sequence	Transform	ROC
	x[n]	X(z)	R
	$x_1[n]$	$X_{l}(z)$	$R_1$
	$x_2[n]$	$X_2(z)$	$R_2$
Linearity	$a_1x_1[n] + a_2x_2[n]$	$a_1 X_1(z) + a_2 X_2(z)$	$R' \supset R_1 \cap R_2$
Time shifting	$x[n-n_0]$	$z^{-n_0}X(z)$	$R'\supset R\cap\{0< z <\infty\}$
Multiplication by $z_0^n$	$z_0^n x[n]$	$X\left(\frac{z}{z_0}\right)$	$R' =  z_0 R$
Multiplication by $e^{j\Omega_0 n}$	$e^{j\Omega_0 n}x[n]$	$X(e^{-j\Omega_0}z)$	R' = R
Time reversal	x[-n]	$X\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)$	$R'=\frac{1}{R}$
Multiplication by n	nx[n]	$-z\frac{dX(z)}{dz}$	R' = R
Accumulation	$\sum_{k=-\infty}^{n} x[n]$	$\frac{1}{1-z^{-1}}X(z)$	$R'\supset R\cap\{ z >1\}$
Convolution	$x_1[n] * x_2[n]$	$X_1(z)X_2(z)$	$R' \supset R_1 \cap R_2$





# Z THƯỜNG GẶP

### MỘT SỐ CẶP BIẾN ĐỔI Z THÔNG DỤNG

x[n]	X(z)	ROC
$\delta[n]$	1	All z
u[n]	$\frac{1}{1-z^{-1}}, \frac{z}{z-1}$	(z) > 1
-u[-n-1]	$\frac{1}{1-z^{-1}}, \frac{z}{z-1}$	z  < 1
$\delta[n-m]$	z - m	All z except 0 if $(m > 0)$ or $\infty$ if $(m < 0)$
$a^n u[n]$	$\frac{1}{1-az^{-1}}, \frac{z}{z-a}$	z  >  a
$-a^nu[-n-1]$	$\frac{1}{1-az^{-1}}, \frac{z}{z-a}$	z  <  a
$na^nu[n]$	$\frac{az^{-1}}{(1-az^{-1})^2}, \frac{az}{(z-a)^2}$	z  >  a
$-na^nu[-n-1]$	$\frac{az^{-1}}{(1-az^{-1})^2}, \frac{az}{(z-a)^2}$	z  <  a





### MỘT SỐ CẶP BIẾN ĐỔI Z THÔNG DỤNG

x[n]	X(z)	ROC
$(n+1)a^nu[n]$	$\frac{1}{\left(1-az^{-1}\right)^2}, \left[\frac{z}{z-a}\right]^2$	z  >  a
$(\cos \dot{\Omega}_0 n) u[n]$	$\frac{z^2 - (\cos \Omega_0) z}{z^2 - (2\cos \Omega_0) z + 1}$	z  > 1
$(\sin \Omega_0 n)u[n]$	$\frac{(\sin\Omega_0)z}{z^2 - (2\cos\Omega_0)z + 1}$	z  > 1
$(r^n \cos \Omega_0 n) u[n]$	$\frac{z^2 - (r\cos\Omega_0)z}{z^2 - (2r\cos\Omega_0)z + r^2}$	z  > r
$(r^n \sin \Omega_0 n) u[n]$	$\frac{(r\sin\Omega_0)z}{z^2 - (2r\cos\Omega_0)z + r^2}$	z  > r
$\begin{cases} a^n & 0 \le n \le N - 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$	$\frac{1-a^Nz^{-N}}{1-az^{-1}}$	z >0
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# SO SÁNH Z 1 PHÍA VÀ 2 PHÍA

### SO SÁNH GIỮA BIẾN ĐỔI MỘT PHÍA VÀ HAI PHÍA

	Unilateral Transform	Bilateral Transform	ROC
	$x[n] \stackrel{z_u}{\longleftrightarrow} X(z)$	$x[n] \stackrel{z}{\longleftrightarrow} X(z)$	$z \in R_x$
Signal	$y[n] \stackrel{z_n}{\longleftrightarrow} Y(z)$	$y[n] \stackrel{z}{\longleftrightarrow} Y(z)$	$z \in R_{\gamma}$
ax[n] + by[n]	aX(z) + bY(z)	aX(z) + bY(z)	At least $R_x \cap R_y$
x[n-k]	See below	$z^{-k}X(z)$	$R_x$ , except possibly $ z =0,\infty$
$\alpha^n x[n]$	$X\left(\frac{z}{\alpha}\right)$	$X\left(\frac{z}{\alpha}\right)$	$ lpha R_x$
x[-n]	_	$x\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)$	$\frac{1}{R_x}$
x[n] * y[n]	X(z)Y(z) if $x[n] = y[n] = 0$ for $n < 0$	X(z)Y(z)	At least $R_x \cap R_y$
nx[n]	$-z\frac{d}{dz}X(z)$	$-z\frac{d}{dz}X(z)$	$R_x$ , except possibly addition or deletion of $z = 0$



