Worksheet 3 Basic Geometry

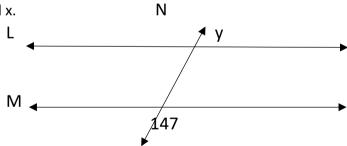
- 1. Consider following statements:
- I. Two points are always collinear
- II. If three points in a plane are not collinear then they always form a triangle
- III. Two parallel lines are always concurrent

Which of the statements above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 1 and 3 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3
- 2. What would be the measure of supplementary angle of complimentary angle of 60 degree in degrees?
- A. 30
- B. 60
- C. 120
- D. 150
- 3. Consider following statements:
- I. 3 right angles make a complete angle while 2 right angles make a straight angle
- II. Sum of largest acute integer angle and smallest obtuse natural number angle can never be more than straight angle

Which of the statements above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2
- 4. Find x.



What is the measure of angle 'y'

- A. 23.33
- B. 33
- C. 43
- D. 53

- 6. A regular hexagon ABCDEF is inscribed inside a circle with centre 'O'. A chord AB will subtend some angle X at centre O. At how many vertices of hexagon will the same chord subtend angle of X/3?
- A. 0
- B. 2
- C. 4
- D. 6
- 7. Quadrilateral ABCD is such that, diagonal AC passes through a centre of a circle. Which of the following will always be true about ABCD?
- A. ABCD is a kite

D. 16.66 yards

- B. Adjacent angles of ABCD are equal
- C. Opposite angles of ABCD are supplementary
- D. At most one angle of ABCD can be a right angle
- 8. If length, breadth and height of a cuboid are increased by 10%, 15% and 20% respectively, what will be the ratio of new volume to the old volume
- A. 759: 500
- B. 3:1
- C. 533: 300
- D. 145: 100
- 9. If Volume of the cube of side 'a' is to be trebled, what should be the new side length?
- A. $\sqrt{3}a$
- B. $\sqrt[3]{3}$ a
- C. 3a
- D. $\frac{a}{3}$
- 10. If a mosquito is to travel from the centre of a cuboidal room to a corner, what is the least distance he needs to travel given that, length, breadth and height of room are 8 metres, 6 metres and 24 metres
- A. 19 metres
- B. 16.66 metres
- C. 15 metres
- D. 13 metres

 11. The slant height of a right circular cone is 10 m and its height is 8 m. Find the area of its curved surface. A. 30 m2 B. 40 m2 C. 60 m2 D. 80 m2
 12. What is the total surface area of a right circular cone of height 14 cm and base radius 7 cm? A. 344.35 cm2 B. 462 cm2 C. 498.35 cm2 D. None of these
13. How many bricks, each measuring 25 cm x 11.25 cm x 6 cm, will be needed to build a wall of 8 m x 6 m x 22.5 cm? A. 5600 B. 6000 C. 6400 D. 7200
 14. If length, breadth and height of a cuboid is increased by 10% each, by what percentage the volume would increase? A. 10% B. 30% C. 33.1% D. 33.33%
 15. If volume of a cylinder becomes 64 times when its height is kept the same, by what amount radius would have been increased? A. Radius doubled B. Radius became 4 times C. Radius became 8 times D. Radius became 16 times
 16. Height and radius of a cylinder are in the ratio 3:2. If height is increased by 20% and radius is decreased by 10%, what would be the ratio of new volume to old volume of the cylinder. A. 123: 125 B. 443: 500 C. 987: 1000 D. 243: 250

17. A right triangle with sides 3 cm, 4 cm and 5 cm is rotated the side of 3 cm to form a cone. The volume of the cone so formed is

- A. $12\pi cm^{3}$
- B. $18\pi cm^3$ C. $24\pi cm^3$
- D. $30\pi cm^3$

- 19. A hall is 15 m long and 12 m broad. If the sum of the areas of the floor and the ceiling is equal to the sum of the areas of four walls, the volume of the hall is:
- A. 720
- B. 900
- C. 1200
- D. 1800
- 20. 66 cubic centimetres of silver is drawn into a wire 1 mm in diameter. The length of the wire in metres will be:
- A. 84
- B. 90
- C. 168
- D. 336
- 21. A hollow iron pipe is 21 cm long and its external diameter is 8 cm. If the thickness of the pipe is 1 cm and iron weighs 8 g/cm3, then the weight of the pipe is:
- A. 3.6 kg
- B. 3.696 kg
- C. 36 kg
- D. 36.9 kg
- 22. A boat having a length 3 m and breadth 2 m is floating on a lake. The boat sinks by 1 cm when a man gets on it. The mass of the man is: (Take density of water = 1000kg/m^3)
- A. 12 kg
- B. 60 kg
- C. 72 kg
- D. 96 kg

Solutions:

- 1. A
- 2. D
- 3. B
- 4. B
- 5. C
- 6. A
- 7. C
- 8. A
- 9. B 10. D
- 11. C
- 12. C
- 13. C
- 14. C
- 15. C
- 16. D
- 17. A
- 18. B
- 19. C
- 20. A
- 21. B
- 22. B