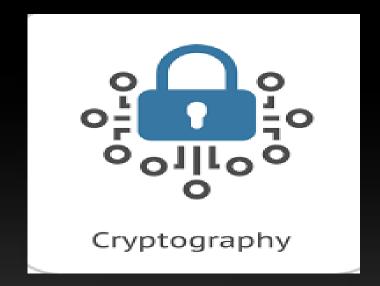
AES Image encryption and Decryption

Project presentation

Presented by:



6th semester 3rd year

CONTENTS

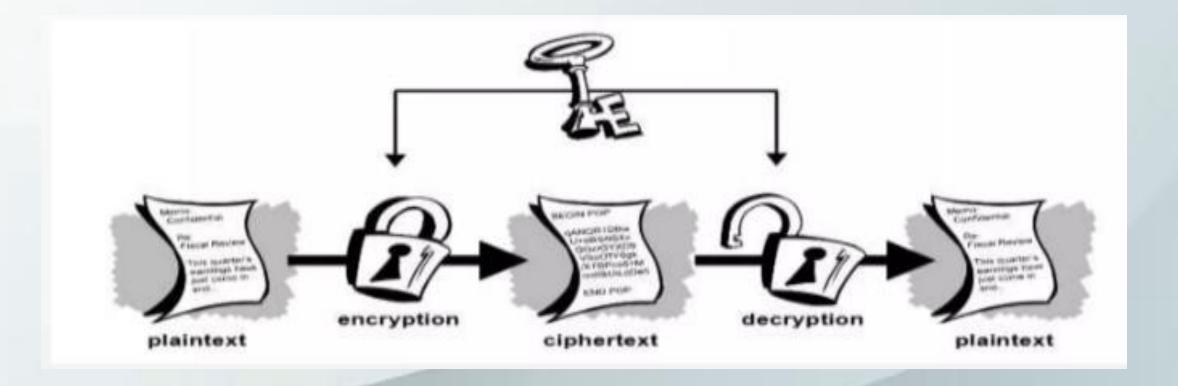
- BASICS OF CRYPTOGRAPHY
- AES ALGORITHM DIGRAMIC VIEW
- SHARES IMAGE ENCRYPTION AND DECRYPTION
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- REFERENCES

Basics of Cryptography

- AES encryption algorithm(Rijndael algorithm) is used.
- This algorithm uses 256 bit data block and may use three different key sizes 128,196 and 256 bits.
- The 256 bits data block is divided into 16 bytes and are mapped into 4X4 array.
- Total number of rounds Nr is dependent on key length Nk.
- Main idea is that images can be viewed as arrangement of pixels, bits and blocks

Cryptography KEY

Secret key Cryptography:



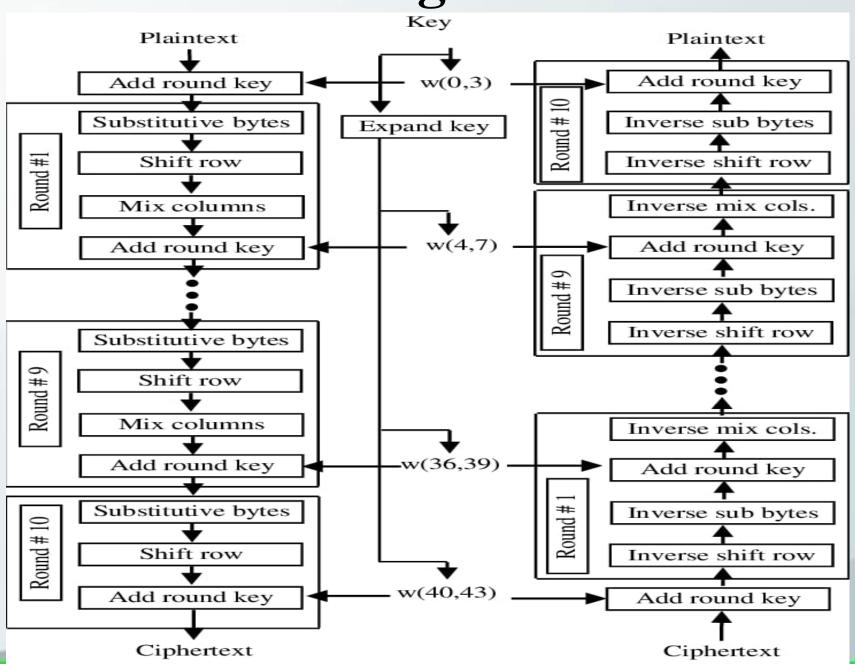
AES image encryption parameters

Algorithm	Key length,N _k	Block size, N _b	No of Rounds, N _r =N _k +6
AES-128	4	4	10
AES-192	6	4	12
AES-256	8	4	14

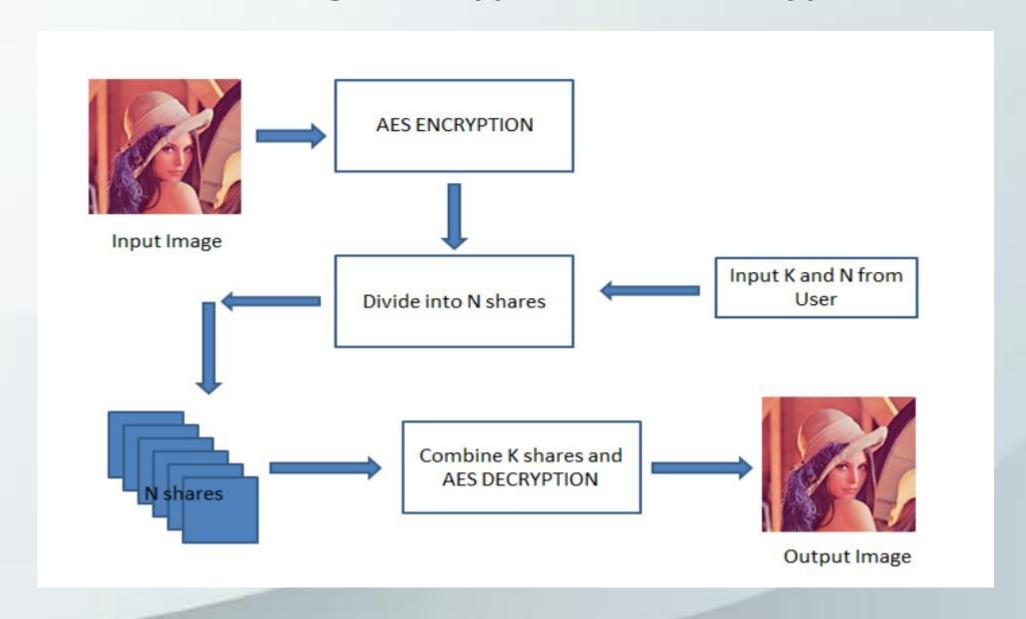
- AES operates on the : Binary finite field, $GF(2^8)$.
- Each byte will be represented as a polynomial of at most degree 7:

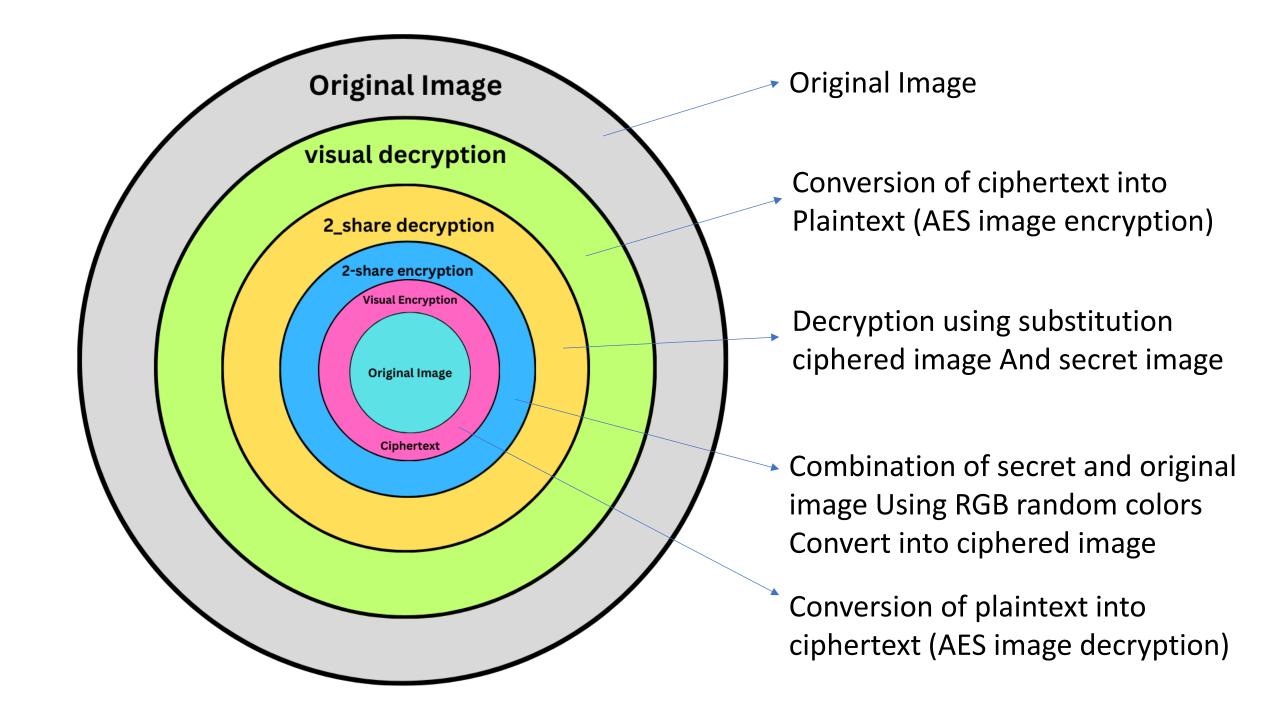
$$b_7X^7 + b_6X^6 + b_5X^5 + b_4X^4 + b_3X^3 + b_2X^2 + b_1X^1 + b_0$$

AES Algorithm



Shares Image encryption and decryption



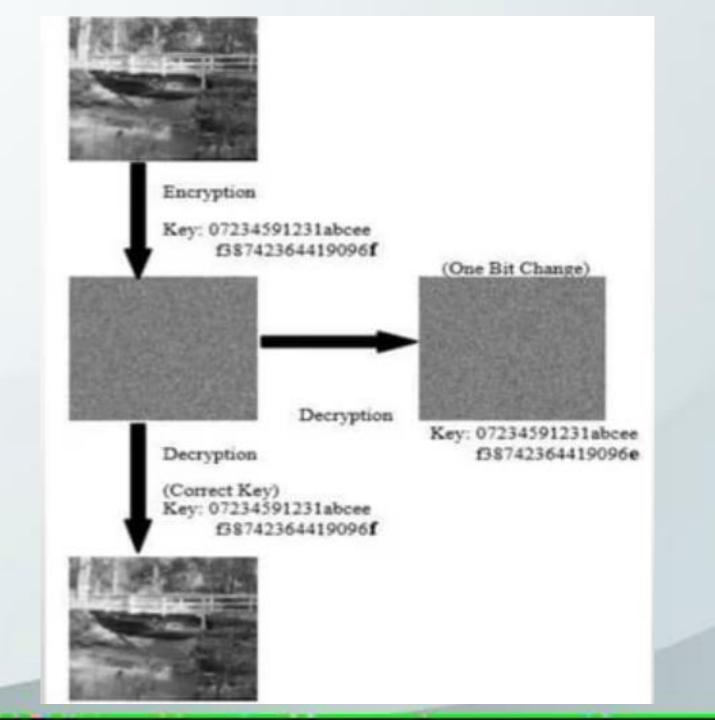


Steps followed for encryption and decryption

Ex:- bird.jpeg

- Step 1:- bird.jpeg original image
- Step 2:- [bird.jpg.crypt] containing encrypted ciphertext
- Explain:- encrypt function used to convert plaintext into a ciphertext image
- Step 3:- [visual_encrypt.jpeg] created for visual encryption
- Explain:- conversion of ciphertext into visual image for creating encrypted image which then used for decryption

- Step 4:- [secret.jpeg] containing RGB random colors.
- Explain:- Random RGB color image it is seed or key in encryption
- Step 5:- [2-share_encrypt.jpeg]
- Explain:- created from combination of secret and ciphered image
- Step 6:- [2-share_decrypt.jpeg] using generate back function
- Explain:- decrypted image using generate back image
- Step 7:- bird.jpeg original image



CONCLUSION

- The proposed algorithm offers high encryption quality with minimum computational time.
- * The key sensitivity and key space of the algorithm is very high which makes it resistant towards brute force attack and statistical cryptanalysis.
- The time taken for encryption is relatively less in comparison with the algorithm proposed in the literature.

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