

**Supplementary information**

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# Multifunctional high-entropy materials

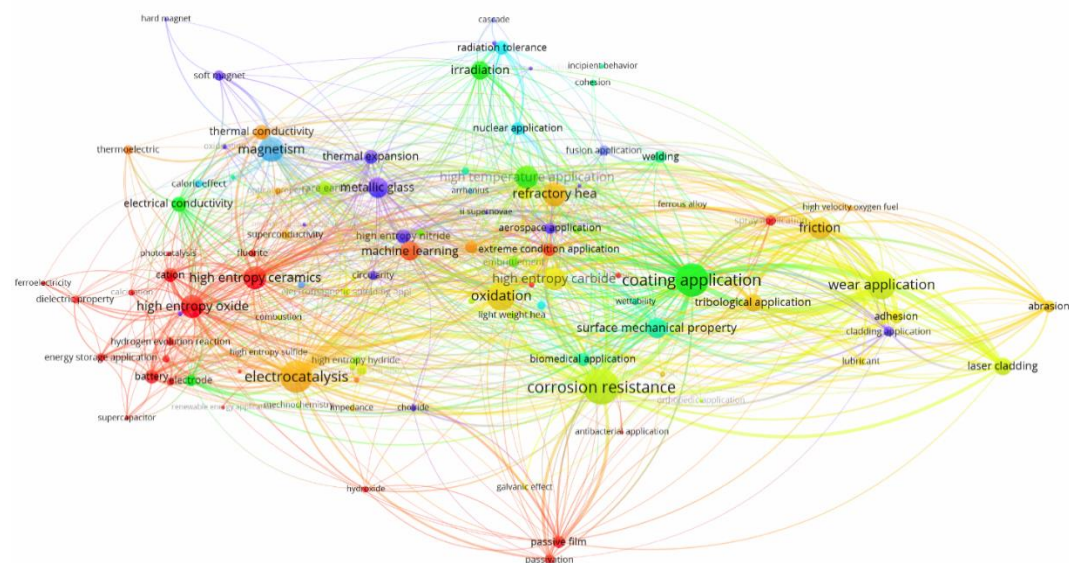
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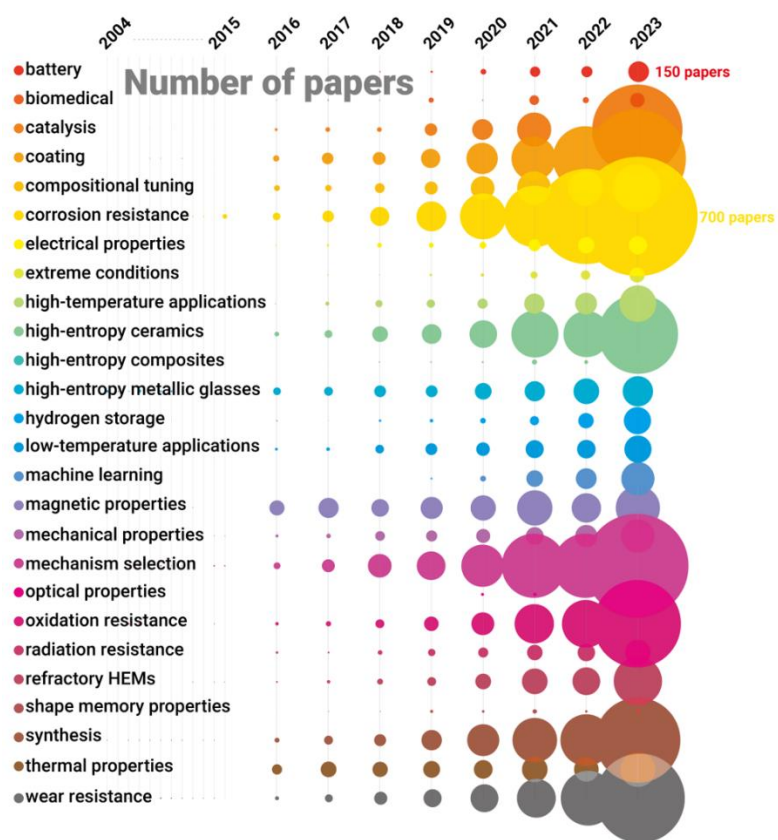
## Supplementary Section 1: Text mining method

To identify the existing and emergent research interest on HEMs, we collected 13347 abstracts of publications on Web of Science with keywords “high entropy”, “compositionally complex”, and “multicomponent alloy”. The corresponding more than three million words were processed via natural language processing using the VOSviewer software to select key words with more than two occurrences. After removing common phrases and merging those with essentially the same physical meaning (including various abbreviations), the resulting taxonomy were then classified into “processing”, “characterization”, “material system”, “modelling”, “application”, and “microstructure” categories. Focusing on the applications, we obtained 105 keywords with their mapping shown in Figure S1, whereas 25 keywords are further analysed and refined based on the years and highlighted in Figure 2 in the main text.

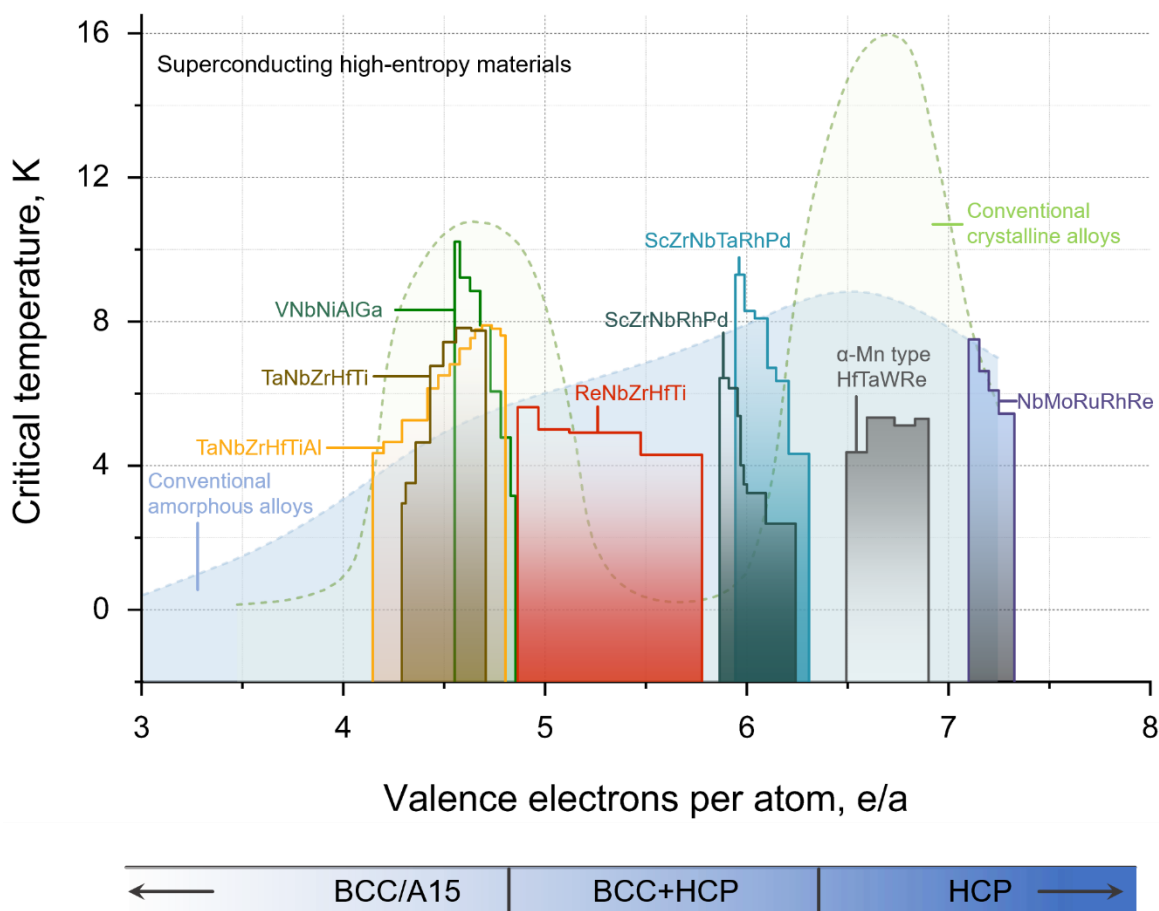
(a)



**(b)**



**Supplementary Figure 1.** (a) Overview of the research interests in the exploration of functional HEMs including promising property connections among different functional characteristics of HEMs, revealing avenues for multi-functional material design. (b) Number of publications on the respective functional features of HEMs.



**Supplementary Figure 2.** Critical temperature as a function of valence-electron count per atom  $e/a$  for the reported HEMs and compared with conventional crystalline alloys and amorphous material. Figure adapted with permission from ref 1, American Physical Society.

**Supplementary Table 1.** Comparison of state-of-art maximum  $ZT$  values of conventional low-entropy thermoelectric materials and entropy-engineered high/medium-entropy materials by different based materials. The temperature, composition and published year are also provided. HEM, MEM and LEM stands for high-entropy material, medium-entropy material and low-entropy material, respectively.

Base material	Entropy	Composition	$ZT_{max}$	Temperature (K)	Year	Reference
PbTe- based	HEM	$Pb_{0.975}Na_{0.025}Se_{0.5}S_{0.25}Te_{0.25}$	2.0	900	2021	<sup>2</sup>
		$Pb_{0.9}Na_{0.04}Mn_{0.06}Te_{0.9}S_{0.05}Se_{0.05}$	2.1	825	2024	<sup>3</sup>
	LEM	$Pb_{0.97}Na_{0.03}Te-(2\%MgTe-0.75\%GeTe)$	2.8	850	2024	<sup>4</sup>
		$FeNb_{0.88}Hf_{0.12}Sb$	1.5	1200	2015	<sup>5</sup>
PbSe-based	HEM	$Pb_{0.89}Sb_{0.012}Sn_{0.1}Se_{0.5}Te_{0.25}S_{0.25}$	1.8	900	2021	<sup>6</sup>
	LEM	$Pb_{0.98}Na_{0.02}Se-(2.05\%AgInSe_2)$	1.9	873	2022	<sup>7</sup>
GeTe-based	MEM	$Ge_{0.63}Mn_{0.15}Pb_{0.1}Sb_{0.06}Cd_{0.06}Te$	2.1	873	2021	<sup>8</sup>

	LEM	$\text{Ge}_{0.9}\text{Sb}_{0.1}\text{Te}-2\%\text{CdSe}$	2.3	673	2022	9
SnTe-based	HEM	$\text{Sn}_{0.25}\text{Pb}_{0.25}\text{Mn}_{0.25}\text{Ge}_{0.25}\text{Te}$	1.5	823	2021	10
	LEM	$(\text{Sn}_{0.96}\text{Cd}_{0.04}\text{Te}_{0.99}\text{I}_{0.01})_{0.94}(\text{AgCuTe})_{0.06}$	1.7	833	2022	11
$\text{Bi}_2\text{Te}_3$ -based	MEM	$\text{BiAg}_{0.05}\text{Sb}_{0.95}\text{Te}_2\text{Se}$	1.7	450	2024	12
	LEM	$(\text{Bi}_{0.4}\text{Sb}_{1.6})_{0.998}\text{Zn}_{0.004}\text{Te}_{2.995}\text{I}_{0.005}$	1.5	348	2022	13
$\text{Cu}_2\text{Se}$ -based	HEM	$\text{Cu}_{1.87}\text{Ag}_{0.13}(\text{In}_{0.06}\text{Sn}_{0.94})\text{Se}_2\text{S}$	1.5	873	2022	14
	LEM	$\text{PbTe}-(4\%\text{SrTe}-2\%\text{Na})$	2.2	915	2012	15
$\text{Cu}_2\text{Te}$ -based	HEM	$\text{Cu}_2\text{Te}_{0.6}\text{S}_{0.2}\text{Se}_{0.2}$	1.4	1000	2022	16
	LEM	$\text{Cu}_{1.15}\text{In}_{2.29}\text{Te}_4$	1.0	825	2019	17
SnSe-based	HEM	$(\text{SnSe})_{0.6}(\text{AgSbTe}_2)_{0.4}$	1.2	723	2022	18
	LEM	$\text{Na}_{0.03}\text{Sn}_{0.965}\text{Se}$	3.1	783	2021	19
NbFeSb-based half-Heusler	HEMs	$\text{Nb}_{0.8}\text{M}_{0.2}\text{FeSb}$	0.8	873	2019	20
	LEM	$\text{Cu}_{1.99}\text{Se}-(0.35\%\text{AgSbF}_6)$	3.0	1050	2024	21
TiNiSn-based half-Heusler	HEM	$\text{Ti}_{0.57}\text{Zr}_{0.4}\text{Al}_{0.02}\text{Ta}_{0.01}\text{NiSn}_{0.98}\text{Sb}_{0.02}$	1.4	870	2023	22
	LEM	$\text{Ti}_{0.3}\text{Zr}_{0.35}\text{Hf}_{0.35}\text{Ni}_{1.005}\text{Sn}$	1.0	773	2019	23

**Supplementary Table 2.** Composition, cost, thermal expansion and mechanical properties of commercial Invar alloys<sup>24</sup> and Invar HEMs as comparison<sup>25–27</sup>. The price is calculated based on <https://tradingeconomics.com/commodity/iron-ore>.

Alloy type	Cost (EUR/T)	Thermal expansion coefficient	Ultimate tensile strength (MPa)
$\text{Fe}_{64}\text{Ni}_{36}$ Invar	5997.9	$\sim 1.2 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$	$\sim 600$
$\text{Fe}_{63}\text{Ni}_{32}\text{Co}_5$ Super Invar	6679.2	$\sim 0$	$\sim 380$
$\text{Fe}_{36.5}\text{Co}_{54.5}\text{Cr}_9$ Stainless Invar	14899.1	$\sim -1.2 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$	/
$\text{Fe}_{54}\text{Ni}_{29}\text{Co}_{17}$ Kovar	9396.3	$\sim 5 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$	$\sim 517$
$\text{Fe}_{41.8}\text{Ni}_{9.4}\text{Co}_{40.9}\text{Cr}_8$ HEA Invar	12778.0	$\sim 1.4 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$	$\sim 650$

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