

# 1. Overview

This manual is designed to provide the user with an understanding the functions of this software to management VSP and FDP H/W resource and for the reference manual to develop systems implementing image extraction function. This manual is written for engineers who use this VSP management functions with VSP and FDP.

## 1.1. Overview of the Software

This document describes how to use of VSP manager.

VSP manager is software with the management of VSP and FDP resources so that more than one application can use VSP and FDP at the same time.

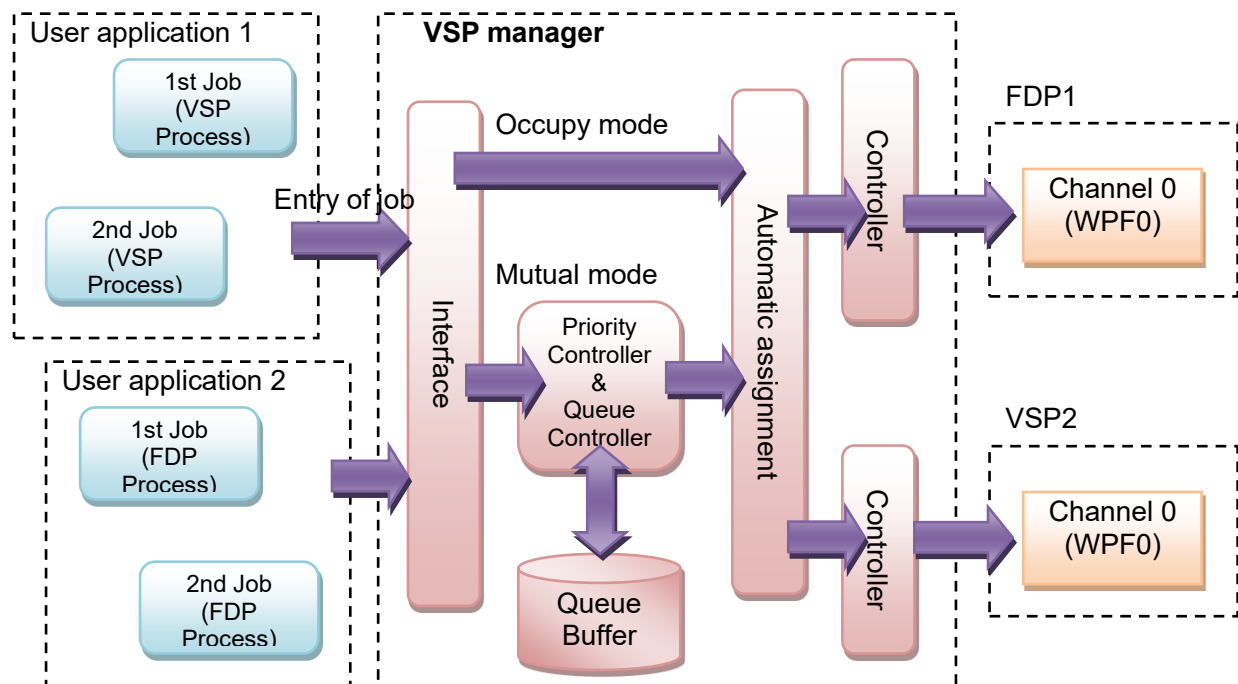


Figure 1-1 Overview of this software

The following is the functional overview of the VSP manager.

- Controls the VSP, FDP and FCP.
- Automatic assignment of free RPF channels.
- The VSP manager supports 2 modes. (Mutual mode or occupy mode).
- Mutual mode supports queue buffer control. The VSP manager has 32 queue buffers controlled by priority. It's possible to buffer the entry jobs of 32. Therefore maximum 32 applications can use at a time. Queued jobs determines the device (VSPB or VSPI) by the module to be used, find available devices and process them in order. Occupied devices (device is set occupy mode) are not used in Mutual mode.
- Occupy mode supports low latency access. User application can low latency access because one application occupies one channel.

The following is the functional overview of the VSP.

- SRU  
The SRU is a module which executes the super resolution processing. It can be specified in 6 levels.
- UDS  
The UDS is a module which up-scales or down-scales the image size. It can be specified in 1/16 to 16 times.
- BRU  
The BRU is a module which executes the image blending processing and Raster Operation (ROP).
- HST

- The HST is a module which converts the RGB color space into the HSV color space.
- HSI  
The HSI is a module which converts the HSV color space into the RGB color space
- LUT  
This is a 1D-LUT that converts each of three color components by using a lookup table.
- CLU  
This is a three-dimensional LUT (3D-LUT) that converts the input three-color-component data into desired three color components by using a lookup table.
- HGO  
The HGO generates the one-dimensional histogram for the dynamic gamma correction.
- HGT  
The HGT generates the two-dimensional histogram for the dynamic color correction.
- SHP  
The SHP is a module which executes the sharpen or un-sharpen the image.
- RPF  
The RPF reads image data from the external memory, unpacks data according to the specified format, converts the color space, converts the number of colors, and executes color keying, ROP operation.
- WPF  
The WPF is an output module that receives image data, converts the color space, number of colors, and format of the data, and outputs the results of VSP image processing to external memory.

Table 1-1 shows supporting modules and channel number.

**Table 1-1 Supported module each device**

	R-Car H3 (VSPi)	R-Car H3 (VSPBD)	R-Car H3 (VSPBC)	R-Car M3/M3N/E3 (VSPi)	R-Car M3/M3N/E3 (VSPB)
RPF (CLUT)	1 (1)	5 (2)	5 (2)	1 (1)	5 (2)
SRU	1	0	0	1	0
UDS	1	0	0	1	0
LUT	1	0	1	1	1
CLU	1	0	1	1	1
HST	1	0	0	1	0
HSI	1	0	0	1	0
BRU	0	1	1	0	1
HGO	1	0	1	1	1
HGT	1	0	0	1	0
SHP	1	0	0	1	0

The following is the functional overview of the FDP.

- High image quality motion adaptive de-interlacing algorithm (basing on luma component only)
  - (a) Combines the best aspects of both Bob (2D) and Weave (3D)
  - (b) 2D and 3D comparisons are performed to decide whether or not an individual pixel has motion.
  - (c) Diagonal interpolation is supported in 2D compensation.
- Support 3840 x 2160 resolution

## 1.2. Configuration of Software

This software consists of the following resources.

- Documents
- Release source files
- Sample source code
- Make file

Table 1-2 and Figure 1-2 show the configurations of the released software.

To use this software, the following additional software which is not included in this software is required.  
Details of this additional software are shown below.

- Kernel module source code

This software is distributed based on Dual MIT/GPLv2 licenses. Figure 1-3 and Figure 1-4 show the lists of these source files.

**Table 1-2 Configuration of Document File**

No	Name
1	R-Car H3/M3/M3N/E3 VSP Manager for Linux User's Manual (this document)

```

git://github.com/renesas-rcar/vspmif_lib.git
|-- vspm_if-module
|   |-- files
|       |-- vspm_if
|           |-- if
|               |-- Makefile
|               |-- vspm_api.c
|               |-- vspm_api_fdp.c
|               |-- vspm_api_vsp.c
|           |-- include
|               |-- fdp_drv.h *1
|               |-- fdpm_api.h
|               |-- vsp_drv.h *1
|               |-- vspm_cmn.h
|               |-- vspm_public.h
|-- vspm_if-tp-user
|   |-- files
|       |-- vspm_if
|           |-- Makefile
|           |-- vspm_tp_lossy.c
|           |-- fdpm_tp.c
|-- MIT-COPYING
|-- README
    
```

\*1 Not included in this software. Please copy from kernel modules.

**Figure 1-2 Configuration of this software**

```

git://github.com/renesas-rcar/vspmif_drv.git
|-- vspm_if-module
|   |-- files
|       |-- vspm_if
|           |-- drv
|               |-- Makefile
|               |-- vspm_if_local.h
|               |-- vspm_if_main.c
|               |-- vspm_if_sub.c
|           |-- include
|               |-- vspm_if.h
|-- GPL-COPYING
|-- MIT-COPYING
|-- README
    
```

**Figure 1-3 Configuration of interface for user land**

```

git://github.com/renesas-rcar/vspm_drv.git
|-- vspm-module
|   |-- files
|       |-- vspm
|           |-- drv
|               |-- manager
|                   |-- vspm_common.h
|                   |-- vspm_control.c
|                   |-- vspm_drv_fdp.c
|                   |-- vspm_drv_vsp.c
|                   |-- vspm_exec_manager.c
|                   |-- vspm_job_manager.c
|                   |-- vspm_lib.c
|                   |-- vspm_sort_queue.c
|                   |-- vspm_task.c
|                   |-- vspm_task_private.h
|               |-- fdp
|                   |-- fdp_drv.c
|                   |-- fdp_drv_hw.h
|                   |-- fdp_drv_l.c
|                   |-- fdp_drv_local.h
|                   |-- fdp_drv_tbl.h
|               |-- vsp
|                   |-- vsp_drv.c
|                   |-- vsp_drv_local.h
|                   |-- vsp_drv_par.c
|                   |-- vsp_drv_phy.c
|               |-- fdp_drv_public.h
|               |-- frame.c
|               |-- frame.h
|               |-- Makefile
|               |-- vsp_drv_public.h
|               |-- vspm_ip_ctrl.h
|               |-- vspm_lib_public.h
|               |-- vspm_log.h
|               |-- vspm_main.c
|               |-- vspm_main.h
|               |-- vspm_sub.c
|           |-- include
|               |-- fdp_drv.h
|               |-- vsp_drv.h
|               |-- vspm_cmn.h
|               |-- vspm_public.h
|
|-- GPL-COPYING
|-- MIT-COPYING
|-- README
    
```

**Figure 1-4 Configuration of the VSP manager**

### 1.3. Development Environments

This section describes the development environments for this software.

#### 1.3.1. Hardware Development Environment

Table 1-3 shows the hardware environment for development of systems using this software.

**Table 1-3 Hardware Development Environment**

Hardware Name		Remarks
Platform	R-CarH3-SiP System Evaluation Board ( Salvator-X ) R-CarM3-SiP System Evaluation Board ( Salvator-X ) R-CarH3-SiP/M3-SiP/M3N-SiP System Evaluation Board ( Salvator-XS ) R-CarE3 System Evaluation Board ( Ebisu ) R-CarE3 System Evaluation Board ( Ebisu-4D )	-
Device	R-Car H3 / M3 / M3N / E3	-
Using IP	VSP2, FDP, FCP	-

#### 1.3.2. Software Development Environment

Table 1-4 shows the software environment for development of systems using this software.

**Table 1-4 Software Development Environment**

Software Name	Version / Revision	Remarks
R-Car H3/M3/M3N/E3 Linux BSP	-	-
Memory manager	-	Use legacy interface and sample code.

### 1.4. Related Document

The related document to this module is as follows.

**Table 1.1 Related document (R-Car H3 / M3 / M3N / E3)**

Number	Issue	Title	Edition	Date
-	Renesas Electronics	R-Car Series, 3rd Generation User's Manual: Hardware	Rev.2.20	Jun. 30, 2020
-	Renesas Electronics	R-CarH3-SiP System Evaluation Board Salvator-X Hardware Manual RTP0RC7795SIPB0011S	Rev.1.09	May. 11, 2017
-	Renesas Electronics	R-CarM3-SiP System Evaluation Board Salvator-X Hardware Manual RTP0RC7796SIPB0011S	Rev.0.04	Oct. 3, 2016
-	Renesas Electronics	R-CarH3-SiP/M3-SiP/M3N-SiP System Evaluation Board Salvator-XS Hardware Manual	Rev.2.04	Jul. 17, 2018
-	Renesas Electronics	R-CarE3 System Evaluation Board Ebisu Hardware Manual RTP0RC77990SEB0010S	Rev.0.03	Apr. 11, 2018
-	Renesas Electronics	R-CarE3 System Evaluation Board Ebisu-4D (E3 board 4xDRAM) Hardware Manual	Rev.1.01	Jul. 19, 2018

## 1.5. Notice

- When using HGO refer to section 32.3.7.8 of the H/W manual.

## 2. Terminology

**Table 2.1 Terminology**

Abbreviation	Full Form
VSP	Video Signal Processor
FDP	Fine Display Processor
FCP	Frame Compression Processor
RPF	Read Pixel Formatter
WPF	Write Pixel Formatter
SRU	Super Resolution Unit
UDS	Up Down Scaler
LUT	Look Up Table
CLU	Cubic Look Up table
HST	Hue Saturation value Transform
HSI	Hue Saturation value Inverse transform
HGO	Histogram Generator-One dimension
HGT	Histogram Generator-Two dimension
BRU	Blend ROP Unit
SHP	Sharpness
ROP	Raster OPration

## 3. Installation Procedures

### 3.1. Building the Kernel Modules

The following is the procedure for building the kernel modules that are included in this software.

<p>(1) Setting environment variables</p> <p>Set the following environment variables.</p> <pre>\$ source /opt/poky/1.8/environment-setup-aarch64-poky-linux \$ undef LDFLAGS \$ export KERNELSRC = (kernel source directory). \$ export INCSHARED = (include directory of SDK).</pre>
<p>(2) Download source code of kernel modules</p> <pre>\$ cd \$WORK \$ git clone git://github.com/renesas-rcar/vspm_drv.git \$ git clone git://github.com/renesas-rcar/vspmif_drv.git</pre>
<p>(3) Building of the VSP Manager</p> <p>MMNGR need to be built beforehand</p> <p>Execute “make” in the build directory.</p> <pre>\$ cd vspm_drv/vspm-module/files/vspm/drv \$ make</pre>
<p>(4) Copy header file to \$(KERNELSRC)/include and \$(INCSHARED).</p> <p>Execute “make install” in the build directory. If you copy manually, this process is not required.</p> <pre>\$ make install</pre>
<p>(5) Verifying the VSP Manager module</p> <p>Make sure that the following kernel module is built under “vspm_drv/vspm-module/files/vspm/drv”.</p> <p>vspm.ko</p>
<p>(6) Building of the interface for user land.</p> <p>Execute “make” in the build directory.</p> <pre>\$ cd vspmif_drv/vspm_if-module/files/vspm_if/drv \$ make</pre>
<p>(7) Copy header file to \$(KERNELSRC)/include and \$(INCSHARED).</p> <p>Execute “make install” in the build directory. If you copy manually, this process is not required.</p> <pre>\$ make install</pre>
<p>(8) Verifying the interface for user land module.</p> <p>Make sure that the following kernel module is built under “vspmif_drv/vspm_if-module/files/vspm_if/drv”.</p> <p>vspm_if.ko</p>



### 3.2. Building the shared library

The following is the procedure for building the release source files that are included in this software.

(1) Setting environment variables
Same as building the release source files. Please refer to section 3.1.
If you will use the legacy I/F, please set the following environment variables.
\$ export VSPM_LEGACY_IF=0 : Disable
\$ export VSPM_LEGACY_IF=1 : Enable
(2) Download source code of shared library
\$ cd \$WORK
\$ git clone git://github.com/renesas-rcar/vspmif_lib.git
(3) Building
Execute "make" in the build directory
\$ cd vspmif_lib/vspm_if-module/files/vspm_if/if
\$ make
(4) Copy header file to \$(INCSHARED).
Execute "make install" in the build directory. If you copy manually, this process is not required.
\$ make install
(5) Verifying the binary module
Make sure that the following binary modules are built under "vspmif_lib/vspm_if-module/files/vspm_if/if".
libvspm.so.x.x.x
libvspm.so.x (symbolic link)
libvspm.so (symbolic link)
Note) The symbolic link files referred when you build your application.

### 3.3. Binary Inclusion Procedure

The following is the procedure for including the kernel and binary modules that are built according to the procedure described in section 3.1 and 3.2.

(1) Storing the kernel modules
Copy 'vspm.ko' and 'vspm_if.ko' to BSP user land. Define \$NFS is root directory on BSP.
\$ sudo cp vspm.ko \$NFS/home/root/workspace
\$ sudo cp vspm_if.ko \$NFS/home/root/workspace
(2) Storing the binary module
Copy 'libvspm.so.x.x.x' to BSP user land. The 'x' number will be changed by release version.
Example: Please execute on PC.
\$ sudo cp libvspm.so.x.x.x \$NFS/usr/local/lib
\$ sudo cp -d libvspm.so.x \$NFS/usr/local/lib
\$ sudo cp -d libvspm.so \$NFS/usr/local/lib
(3) Setting environment variable on lager board.
Set the LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable if '/usr/local/lib' is not included in the path.
\$ export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/local/lib

**3.4. Sample program executing procedure**

The following is the procedure for building the sample source codes that are included in this software.

This sample source uses memory manager. About memory manager, Please refer to the memory manager user's manual.

**(1) Modification makefile**

Adapt makefile to the circumstances of your environment.

Change of the include path and library path.

**(2) Building**

Execute "make" in the build directory

```
$ cd vspmfif_lib/vspm_if-tp-user/files/vspm_if
```

```
$ make
```

**(3) Verifying the executing object**

Make sure that the following executing objects are built under "vspmfif\_lib/vspm\_if-tp-user/files/vspm\_if".

```
vspm_tp
```

```
fdpm_tp
```

**(4) Executing on lager board.**

Copy 'vspm\_tp' and 'fdpm\_tp' to BSP user land. Executing and enjoying.

```
$ ./vspm_tp
```

```
$ ./fdpm_tp
```

### 3.5. Device tree configuration

The following is the procedure for recognize the VSP and FDP.

(1) common

name	contents	offset
reg	Physical base address and size of the 2 registers area.	0: VSP or FDP register 1: FCP register
compatible	Should contain one of: Note: Use this when renesas VSP is used. * "renesas,vspm" Note: Use this when renesas FDP is used. * "renesas,fdpm"	
interrupts	Interrupt specifier. Refer to interrupt bindings.	
clocks	Input 2 clocks specifier. Refer to common clock bindings.	0: VSP or FDP module clock 1: FCP module clock
clock-names	Input 2 clocks name. Refer to below. Note: Use this when renesas VSP is used. * "vsp", "fcp" Note: Use this when renesas FDP is used. * "fdp", "fcp"	
power-domains	Power domains specifier. Refer to power domains bindings.	

(2) VSP

name	contents	value
renesas,#ch = <num>	Assignment channel of VSP manager.	0 to 4
renesas,#rpf = <bit>	Specify a valid RPF bits.	Set decimal. example: valid ch0 to ch4. Set bit = 31.
renesas,#rpf_clut = <bit>	Specify a valid clut of RPF bits.	Set decimal.
renesas,#wpf_rot = <bit>	Specify a valid rotation of WPF bits.	Set decimal.
renesas,has-sru	SRU on board	
renesas,has-uds	UDS on board	
renesas,has-lut	LUT on board	
renesas,has-clu	CLU on board	
renesas,has-hst	HST on board	
renesas,has-hsi	HSI on board	
renesas,has-hgo	HGO on board	
renesas,has-hgt	HGT on board	
renesas,has-bru	BRU on board	
renesas,has-shp	SHP on board	
renesas,#read_outstanding = <num>	Specify read outstanding value.	0: VSPB series 2: VSPi series
renesas,#start_reservation = <num>	Specify start reservation mode.	0: Not used. 1: Use start reservation with double buffer of histogram. 2: Use start reservation with H/W transfer of histogram.
renesas,#burst_access = <num>	Specify burst access size of RPF.	0: 256 pixels. 1: 512 pixels.

(3) FDP

name	contents	value
renesas,#ch = <num>	Assignment channel	0 to 2
renesas,#lut_table_index = <num>	Select LUT table index. "lut_table_index = 0" which keeps the balance ratio of 2D and 3D interpolated images on the output image, is recommended as default setting. When it's needed to strengthen the 3D interpolated image, use 1 or 2 setting.	0 to 2

Example: Registries VSPI0 to 0 channel of VSP manager.

```

vspi0: vsp@fe9a0000 {
    compatible = "renesas,vspm";
    reg = <0 0xfe9a0000 0 0x8000>, <0 0xfe9af000 0 0x200>;
    interrupts = <GIC_SPI 444 IRQ_TYPE_LEVEL_HIGH>;
    clocks = <&cpg CPG_MOD 631>, <&cpg CPG_MOD 611>;
    clock-names = "vsp", "fcp";
    power-domains = <&pd_a3vp>;
    renesas,#ch = <0>;
    renesas,#rpf = <1>;
    renesas,#rpf_clut = <1>;
    renesas,#wpf_rot = <1>;
    renesas,has-sru;
    renesas,has-uds;
    renesas,has-lut;
    renesas,has-clu;
    renesas,has-hst;
    renesas,has-hsi;
    renesas,has-hgo;
    renesas,has-hgt;
    renesas,has-shp;
    renesas,#read_outstanding = <2>;
    renesas,#start_reservation = <0>;
};

```

Default channel assignment

channel	R-Car H3		R-Car M3 / M3N / E3			
	VSP	FDP	VSP	FDP		
0	VSPI0	FDP0	VSPI0	FDP0		
1	VSPI1	FDP1	-	-		
2	-	-	-	-		
3	VSPBD	-	VSPB	-		
4	VSPBC	-	-	-		

## 4. Processing Specifications

### 4.1. Module Configuration

Figure 4-1 shows the module configuration of this software.

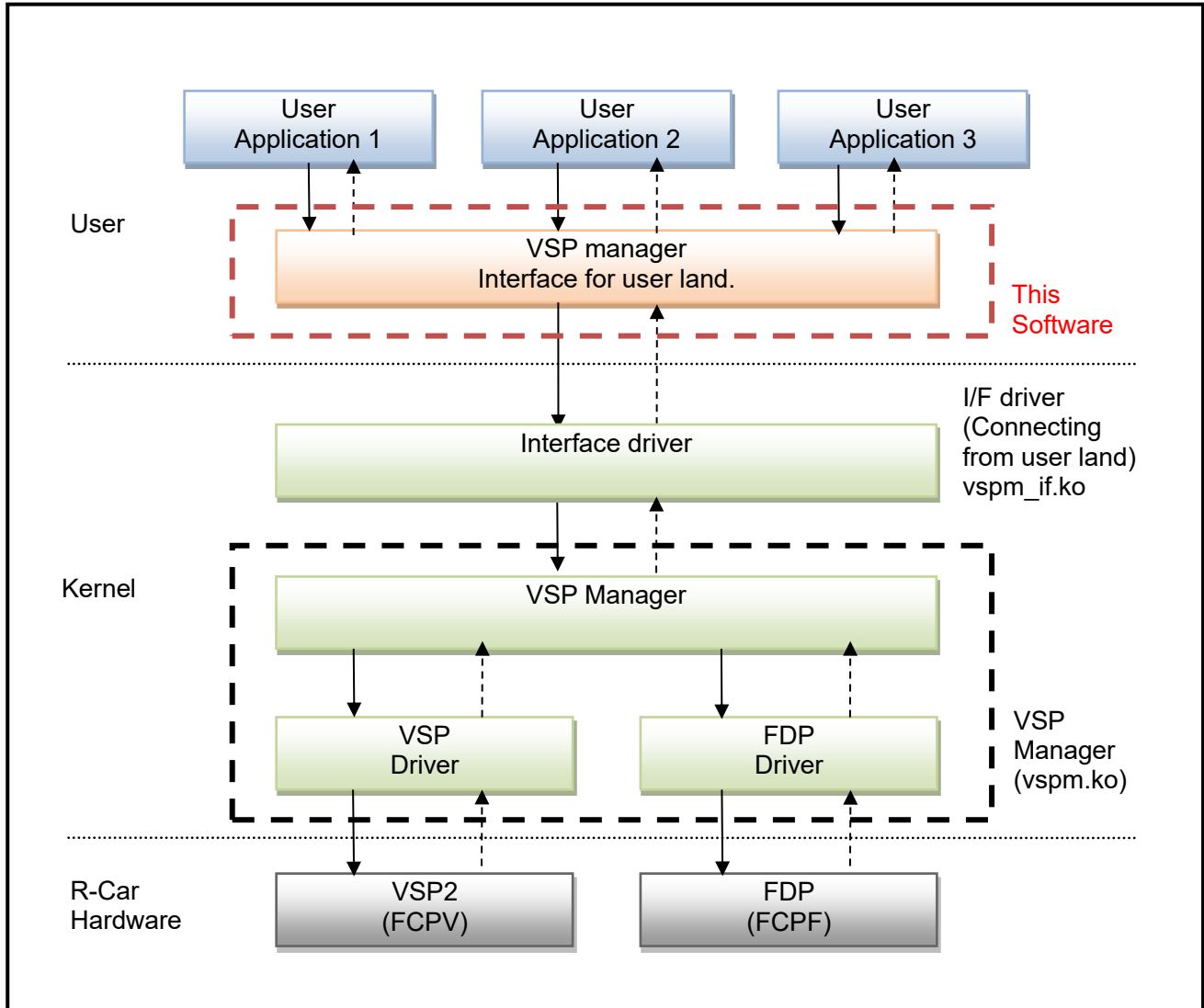


Figure 4-1 Configuration of Module

## 4.2. Processing Procedure

Figure 4-2 shows the basic processing procedure of VSP manager I/F.

This figure is described that VSP manager I/F is called by two applications. In this figure, the processing procedures between VSP manager I/F and VSP manager driver are drawn briefly. Initialize \*1 executes only once. In this figure, after user application 1 executes initial processing, user application 2 does the same initial processing. The initial \*1 is carried out at the time application 1 executes the initial processing.

In the same way, finalize \*2 executes only once. In this figure, after user application 1 executes finalize processing, user application 2 does the same finalize processing. The finalize \*2 is carried out at the time application 2 executes the finalize processing even when initial and finalize processing are not necessary.

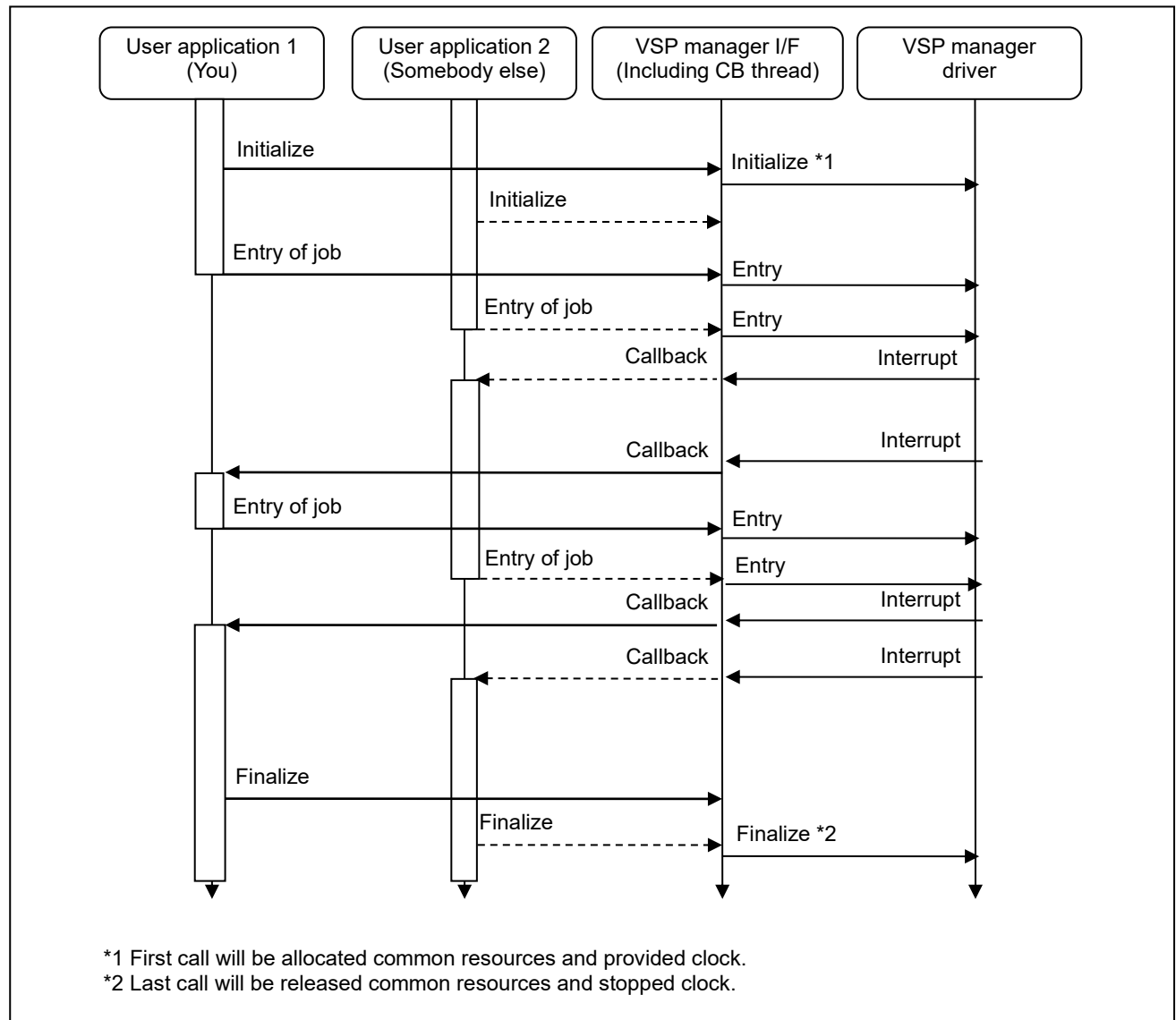
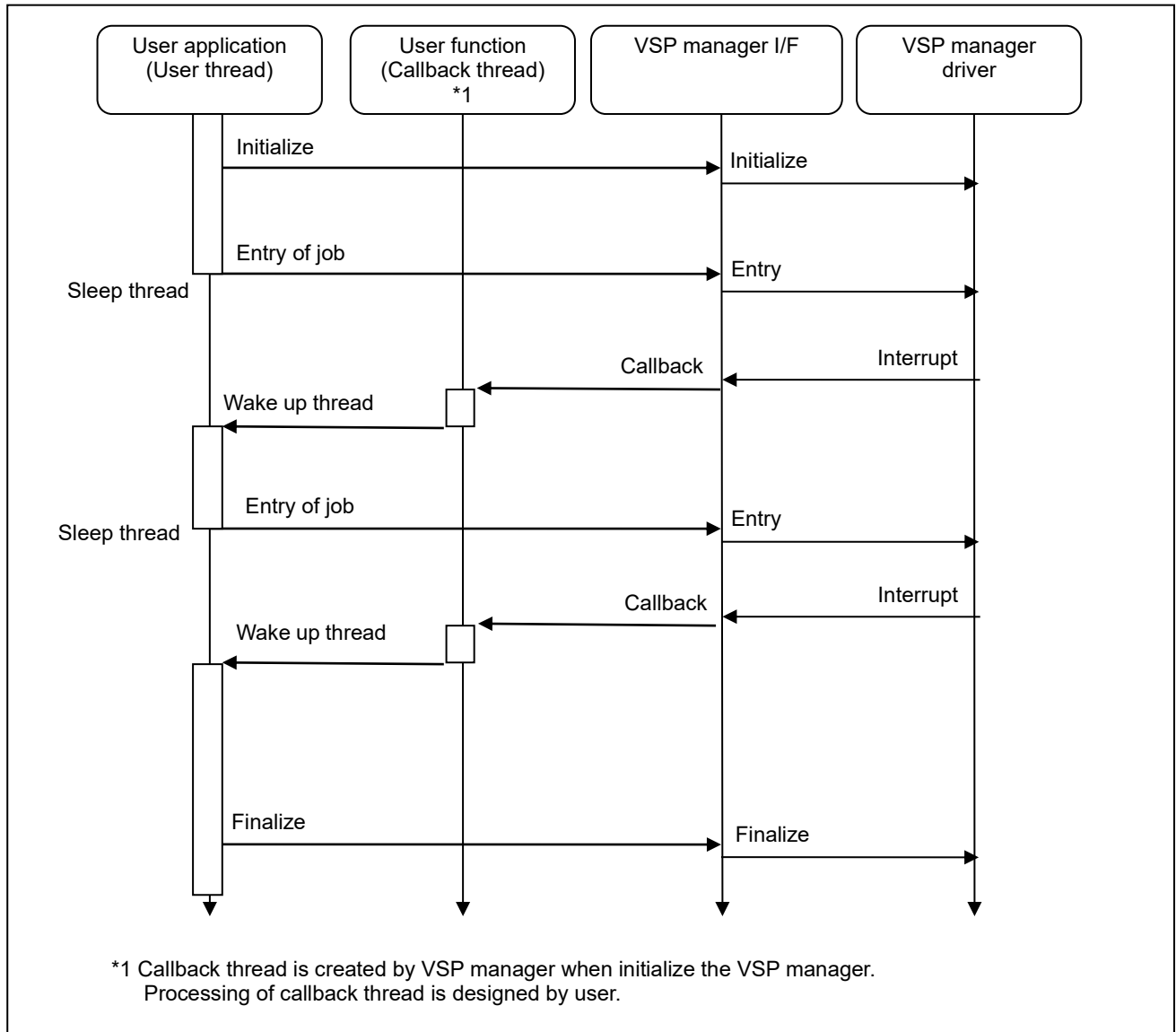


Figure 4-2 Basic Processing Procedure

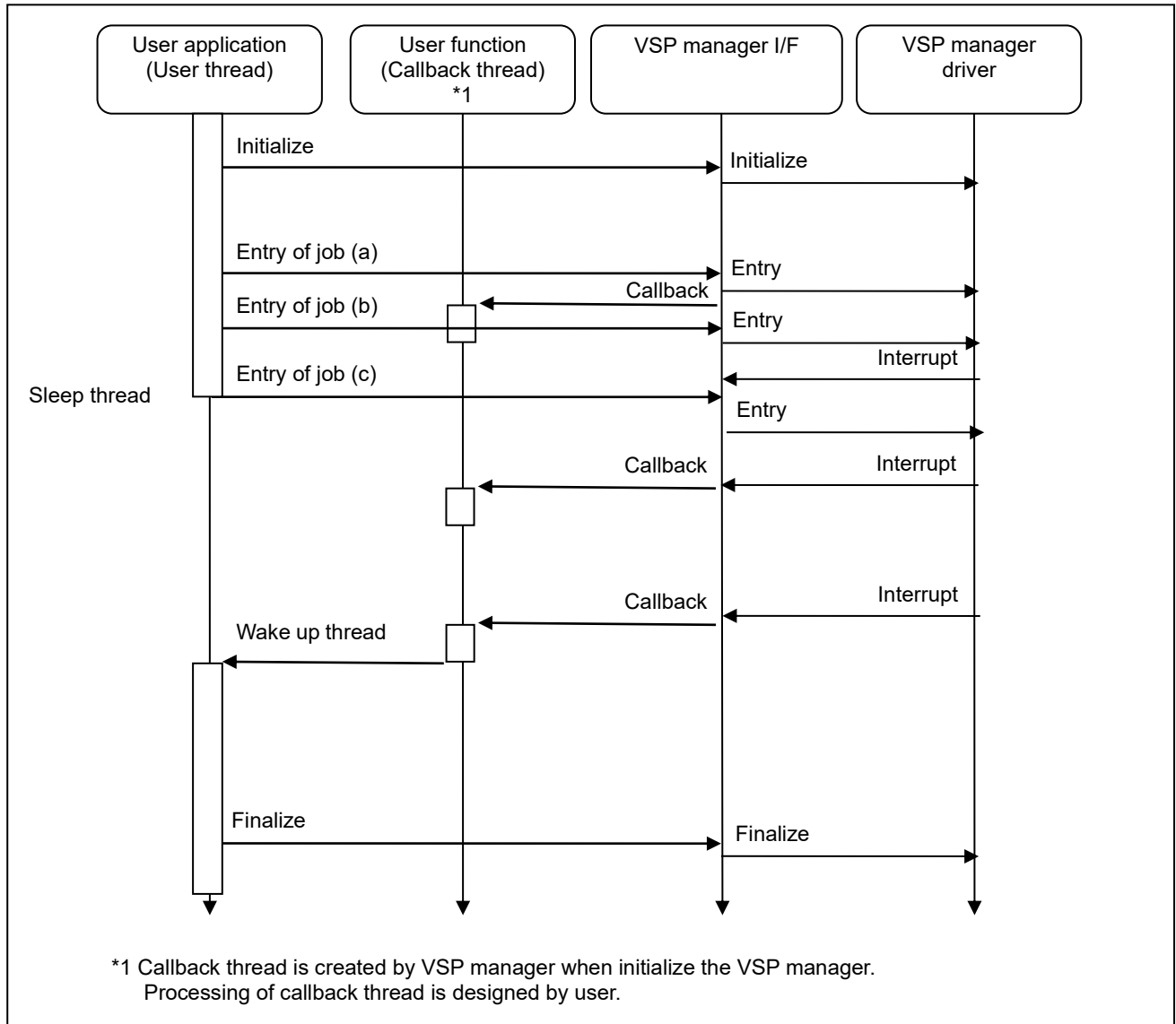
Figure 4-3 shows VSP manager I/F more detailedly than Figure 4-2.

In this figure, callback thread of user function is described. If you need to avoid from using a polling loop, you have to call sleep-thread at end of Entry-of-job and call wakeup-thread at end of callback thread.



**Figure 4-3 Callback Processing Procedure**

If Entry-job (a) from application to VSP manager I/F are not related with the result of Entry-job (a) can be executed before Entry-job (b) ends.



**Figure 4-4 Continuous Processing Procedure**



### 4.3. Timing chart

Figure 4-5 shows timing chart until callback from job entry. This figure shows execution from 2 applications. It will understand execution at the same time.

The colored parts of the bars show execution state. The white color shows sleep state. Same color spans two blocks, because assigned function is different. The callback function is executed by callback thread, it is prepared by user, and two colors are mixed.

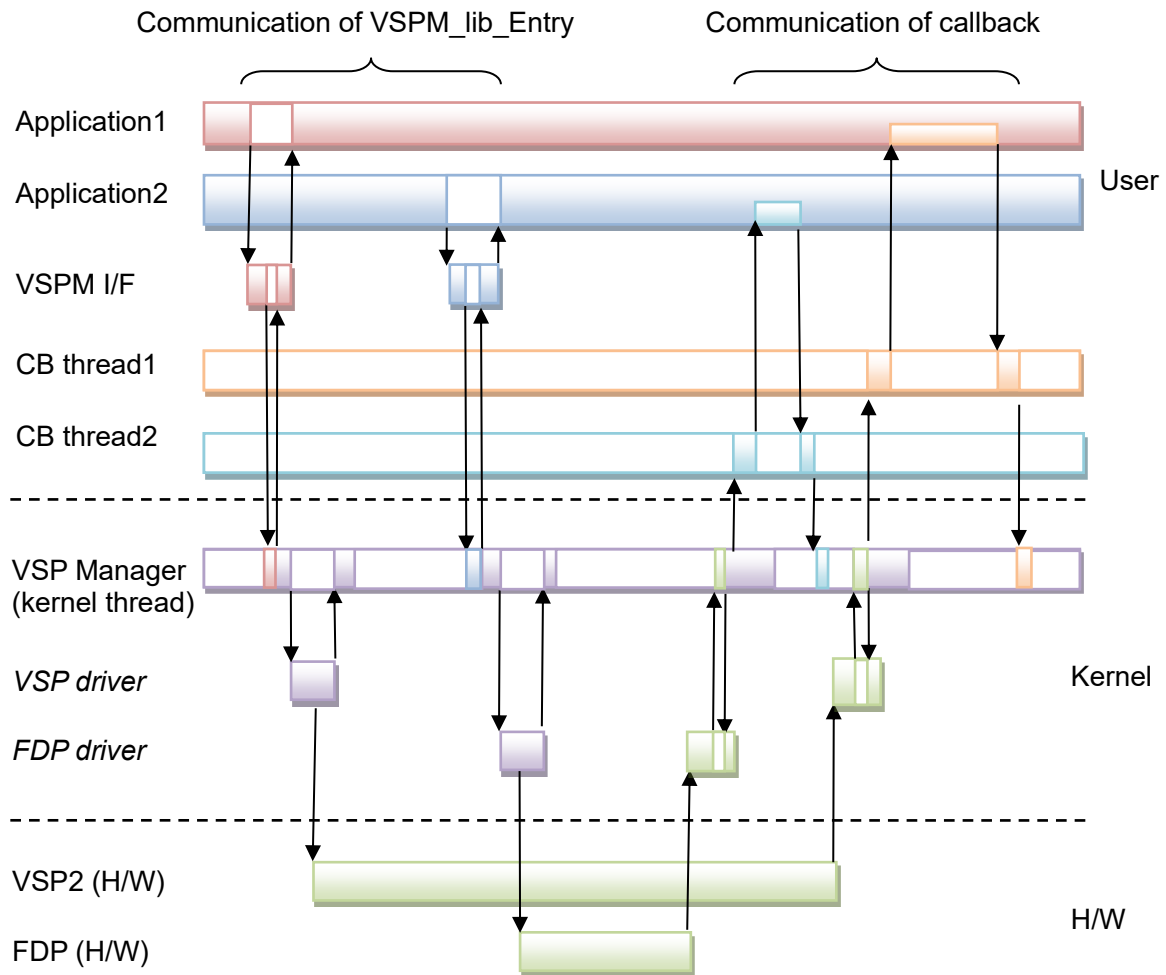


Figure 4-5 Timing chart (Until callback from job entry)

**4.4. Control jobs**

Registration to the queue of job is carried out by executing the `vspm_job_entry()`. When a queued job becomes runnable, the VSP manager will start the hardware. Also it delete job from queue. Queue use linked list.

- Sorting jobs

When a job is entered, the VSP manager performs a sort according as priority of jobs in the queue. Follow the steps below, the VSP manager sort jobs.

- (1) The VSP manager compares the priority from high priority job (top of list).
- (2) If the priority of the entered job is high, to insert the job.
- (3) If the same priority, executing priority to jobs who are registered in the destination.

- Priorities of executing

Follow the steps below, the VSP manager execute jobs.

- (1) The VSP manager processes job from high priority job (the top of list) in which it is enqueued.
- (2) Remove from the queue after processing complete.

## 5. List of API

Table 5-1 shows the list of API.

**Table 5-1 List of API**

No.	Name	Function
1	vspm_init_driver()	Initializing VSP manager
2	vspm_quit_driver()	Finalizing VSP manager
3	vspm_entry_job()	Entry of job.
4	vspm_cancel_job()	Cancel of job
5	vspm_get_status()	Get status
6	PFN_VSPM_COMPLETE_CALLBACK()	Callback functions of finished processing.

## 5.1. Initializing VSP manager

### Name

`vspm_init_driver` -- Initializing VSP manager.

### Synopsis

```
#include "vspm_public.h"
long vspm_init_driver (
    void **handle                                (output)
    struct vspm_init_t *param                    (input)
)
```

### Arguments

`void **handle`: Pointer to a handle  
`struct vspm_init_t *param`: Pointer to an initialize parameter.

### Struct

```
struct vspm_init_t {
    unsigned int use_ch;
    unsigned short mode;
    unsigned short type;
    union {
        struct vspm_init_vsp_t *vsp;
        struct vspm_init_fdp_t *fdp;
    } par;
};
```

unsigned int *use\_ch*: Using channel.

VSPM\_EMPTY\_CH: use empty channel. The VSP manager searches empty channel.  
 VSPM\_USE\_CH0: use channel 0.  
 VSPM\_USE\_CH1: use channel 1.  
 VSPM\_USE\_CH2: use channel 2.  
 VSPM\_USE\_CH3: use channel 3.  
 VSPM\_USE\_CH4: use channel 4.

unsigned short *mode*: Processing mode.

VSPM\_MODE\_MUTUAL: Mutual mode. Share the IP.  
 VSPM\_MODE\_OCCUPY: Occupy mode. Occupy the IP.

unsigned short *type*: Processing IP type.

VSPM\_TYPE\_VSP\_AUTO:  
 Select VSP. Specify null pointer to *vsp*.  
 VSPM\_TYPE\_FDP\_AUTO:  
 Select FDP. When use 3D-IPC mode, do not specify null pointer to *fdp*.

```
struct vspm_init_fdp_t {
    unsigned int hard_addr[2];
};
```

unsigned int *hard\_addr*[2]:

Work buffer for still mask. When use 3D-IPC mode, Specify work buffer 2 area ([0] is top field, [1] is bottom field). Calculate method of work buffer size per field. Horizontal and vertical size are maximum of processing.

$(2 * ((\text{horizontal size} + 7) / 8) * \text{vertical size})$

**Return value**

R_VSPM_OK:	Successful.
R_VSPM_NG:	Failure.
R_VSPM_PARAERR:	Invalid parameter.
R_VSPM_ALREADY_USED:	Specify channel already used.

**Description**

- This API allocates common resource, creates thread and provides clock for IP.
- If successful, this API will return handle value.
- This API is supported multi-calls from user's applications. First call will be allocated common resources and provide clock.

**Notes**

- User's application can not execute from signal handler.
- If user's application uses the VSP manager's function, it executes this function at first. When user's application executes `vspm_quit_driver()`, it can not execute the VSP manager's functions.
- The handle of parameter used until executing `vspm_quit_driver()` by user calling this function.
- If this API returned other than `R_VSPM_OK`, please check hardware configuration, memory resource and etc.
- The default channel assignment refers to section 2.5. When it is changed by the environment, check the configuration of the device tree (DT).

**See Also**

`vspm_quit_driver()`

## 5.2. Finalizing VSP manager

### Name

vspm\_quit\_driver -- Finalizing VSP manager.

### Synopsis

```
#include "vspm_public.h"
long vspm_quit_driver (
    void *handle                                (input)
)
```

### Arguments

void \**handle*: handle value.

### Return value

R\_VSPM\_OK: Successful.  
R\_VSPM\_NG: Failure.

### Description

- This API releases common resource, deletes thread and stops clock for IP. It cancels all jobs (including executing).
- This API is supported multi-calls from user's applications. Last call will be released common resources and stopped clock.

### Notes

- User's application can not execute from signal handler.
- The vspm\_init\_driver () and vspm\_quit\_driver () are supported multi-call. In case of you executing repeat this APIs, this API doesn't return error (Except in case of failed allocation resource).
- If this API returned other than R\_VSPM\_OK, please checks handle value. When handle value is true, please check hardware configuration, memory resource and etc.

### See Also

vspm\_init\_driver ()

### 5.3. Entry of job

#### Name

vspm\_entry\_job -- Entry of job.

#### Synopsis

```
#include "vspm_public.h"
long vspm_entry_job (
    void *handle,                (input)
    unsigned long *job_id,       (output)
    char job_priority,           (input)
    struct vspm_job_t *ip_param, (input)
    void *user_data,             (input)
    PFN_VSPM_COMPLETE_CALLBACK cb_func (input)
)
```

#### Arguments

void *handle:	handle value.
unsigned long *job_id:	Pointer to a job ID.
char job_priority:	Priority of job. 1 (VSPM_PRI_MIN) to 126 (VSPM_PRI_MAX)
struct vspm_job_t *ip_param:	Pointer to a processing parameter.
void *user_data:	Data set by user.
PFN_VSPM_COMPLETE_CALLBACK cb_func:	Function pointer of callback function.

#### Struct

```
struct vspm_job_t {
    unsigned short type;
    union {
        struct vsp_start_t *vsp;
        struct fdp_start_t *fdp;
    } par;
};
```

unsigned short type:	Processing type. Specify same value of initialize parameter.
struct vsp_start_t *vsp:	This member is VSP driver's parameter. Refer to section 7.1.
struct fdp_start_t *fdp:	This member is FDP driver's parameter. Refer to section 8.1.

#### Return value

R_VSPM_OK:	Successful.
R_VSPM_NG:	Failure.
R_VSPM_PARAERR:	Invalid parameter.
R_VSPM_QUE_FULL:	Overflow queue.
Driver's error:	When occupy mode, return driver's error code.

#### Description

- This API requests image processing.
- Request unit is 1 channel. Also entry can not process VSP and FDP at a time.
- Be set to *par* the structure of the type specified in *type*.
- Process does not end at the time of the completion of the entry. Since the completion callback function that is set to *cb\_func* of argument is called, please judge at that time.
- Completion callback is possible to specify the same function. It has a user's data and job ID. Job ID can get this API. It's possible to judge whether the callback of any request using these parameters. Job ID is invalid when occupy mode. It returns 0 every time.
- If there is no correlation in the buffer, you can run the entry without waiting for the completion callback.
- Priority is effective when stacked in the queue. Processing request will be set queue in order of decreasing priority. For the same priority is the FIFO. Priority is invalid when occupy mode.

**Notes**

- User's application can not execute from signal handler.
- The buffer of specified to the *ip\_param* of argument should not release until processing finished.
- The *cb\_func* of argument should not set null pointer.
- About detail of the *vsp\_start\_t* and *fdp\_start\_t*, refer to section 7 and section 8.
- If return value is other than *R\_VSPM\_OK*, the VSP manager is rejecting entry. Therefore you no need to cancel.

**See Also**

`vspm_cancel_job ()`



## 5.4. Cancel of job

### Name

`vspm_cancel_job` -- Cancel of job.

### Synopsis

```
#include "vspm_public.h"
long vspm_cancel_job (
    void *handle,                (input)
    unsigned long job_id         (input)
)
```

### Arguments

<code>void *handle:</code>	handle value.
<code>unsigned long job_id:</code>	Job ID.

### Return value

<code>R_VSPM_OK:</code>	Successful.
<code>R_VSPM_NG:</code>	Failure.
<code>R_VSPM_PARAERR:</code>	Invalid parameter.
<code>VSPM_STATUS_ACTIVE:</code>	Failure (Job is executing)
<code>VSPM_STATUS_NO_ENTRY:</code>	Failure (Job is not entry)

### Description

- This API cancels job. When job is standby, cancels entry and calls finished call-back function.
- When job is executing, continue executing and this API will return `VSPM_STATUS_ACTIVE`.
- When already finished job or not found job, this API will return `VSPM_STATUS_NO_ENTRY`.

### Notes

- In case of hardware failure, rather than this API, please re-initialization. Because, this API can not cancel executing job.

### See Also

`vspm_entry_job ()`

## 5.5. Get status

### Name

vspm\_get\_status -- Get status information.

### Synopsis

```
#include "vspm_public.h"
long vspm_get_status (
    void *handle,                (input)
    struct vspm_status_t *status (output)
)
```

### Arguments

void * <i>handle</i> :	handle value.
struct vspm_status_t * <i>status</i> :	Pointer to a status information.

### Struct

```
struct vspm_status_t {
    struct fdp_status_t *fdp;    Pointer to a status parameter of FDP. Refer to section 8.3
};
```

### Return value

R_VSPM_OK:	Successful.
R_VSPM_NG:	Failure.
R_VSPM_PARAERR:	Invalid parameter.

### Description

- This API gets a status.

### Notes

- This API can execute from receiving callback to entry next job. If you execute other condition, you can not get correct information.

## 5.6. Callback functions of finished processing

### Name

(PFN\_VSPM\_COMPLETE\_CALLBACK) – Callback functions of finished processing.

### Synopsis

```
#include "vspm_public.h"
void (*PFN_VSPM_COMPLETE_CALLBACK) (
    unsigned long job_id,           (output)
    long result,                     (output)
    void *user_data                 (output)
)
```

### Arguments

unsigned long *job\_id*: Job ID.  
 long *result*: Processing has been done.  
     R\_VSPM\_OK: Processing successful.  
     R\_VSPM\_NG: Failure.  
     R\_VSPM\_CANCEL: Cancel has been done.  
     R\_VSPM\_DRIVER\_ERR: Fatal error of VSP and FDP driver.  
     Other: Minor error of VSP and FDP driver.  
 void \**user\_data*: Data set by the entry of job.

### Return value

None.

### Description

- When finish image processing or detect abnormal, the VSP manager execute this API.
- The *job\_id* and *user\_data* of argument are set by `vspm_entry_job ()`.
- When the *result* is other than R\_VSPM\_OK, R\_VSPM\_NG, R\_VSPM\_CANCEL and R\_VSPM\_DRIVER\_ERR, the *result* is set detail error code of VSP or FDP. In case of using VSP, refer to section 7.4. In case of using FDP, refer to section 8.6.

### Notes

- User's application must judge by this API. If *result* of argument is other than R\_VSPM\_OK, image processing is failure.
- Don't call the VSP manager's function within the callback context.
- When the `vspm_job_entry ()` processing is delayed, in some case, before entry processing, completion callback is called.
- If the *result* of argument is other than R\_VSPM\_OK, you can retry entry. Because, the VSP manager initialize register every time. When the VSP manager can not be recovery, must re-initialize system.

### See Also

`vspm_entry_job ()`

## 6. VSP manager parameters

**Table 6-1 Configuration parameter lists**

Define Name	Value	Note
VSPM_TYPE_VSP_AUTO	0	Automation assignment channel of VSP
VSPM_TYPE_FDP_AUTO	1	Automation assignment channel of FDP
VSPM_MODE_MUTUAL	0	Mutual mode
VSPM_MODE_OCCUPY	1	Occupy mode
VSPM_PRI_MAX	126	Maximum priority
VSPM_PRI_MIN	1	Minimum priority
VSPM_PRI_LOW	32	Low priority
VSPM_PRI_STD	64	Standard priority
VSPM_PRI_HIGH	96	High priority
VSPM_STATUS_ACTIVE	2	
VSPM_STATUS_NO_ENTRY	3	
VSPM_EMPTY_CH	0xFFFFFFFF	Select all channels
VSPM_USE_CH0	0x00000001	Select channel 0
VSPM_USE_CH1	0x00000002	Select channel 1
VSPM_USE_CH2	0x00000004	Select channel 2
VSPM_USE_CH3	0x00000008	Select channel 3
VSPM_USE_CH4	0x00000010	Select channel 4

**Table 6-2 Error code of VSP manager**

Define Name	Value	Note
R_VSPM_OK	0	Result OK
R_VSPM_NG	-1	Result NG
R_VSPM_PARAERR	-2	Parameter error
R_VSPM_SEQERR	-3	Sequence error
R_VSPM_QUE_FULL	-4	Overflow of queue
R_VSPM_CANCEL	-5	Cancel of job
R_VSPM_ALREADY_USED	-6	Already used all channel
R_VSPM_OCCUPY_CH	-7	Occupy channel
R_VSPM_DRIVER_ERR	-10	Driver's error

## 7. VSP driver parameters

### 7.1. vsp\_start\_t

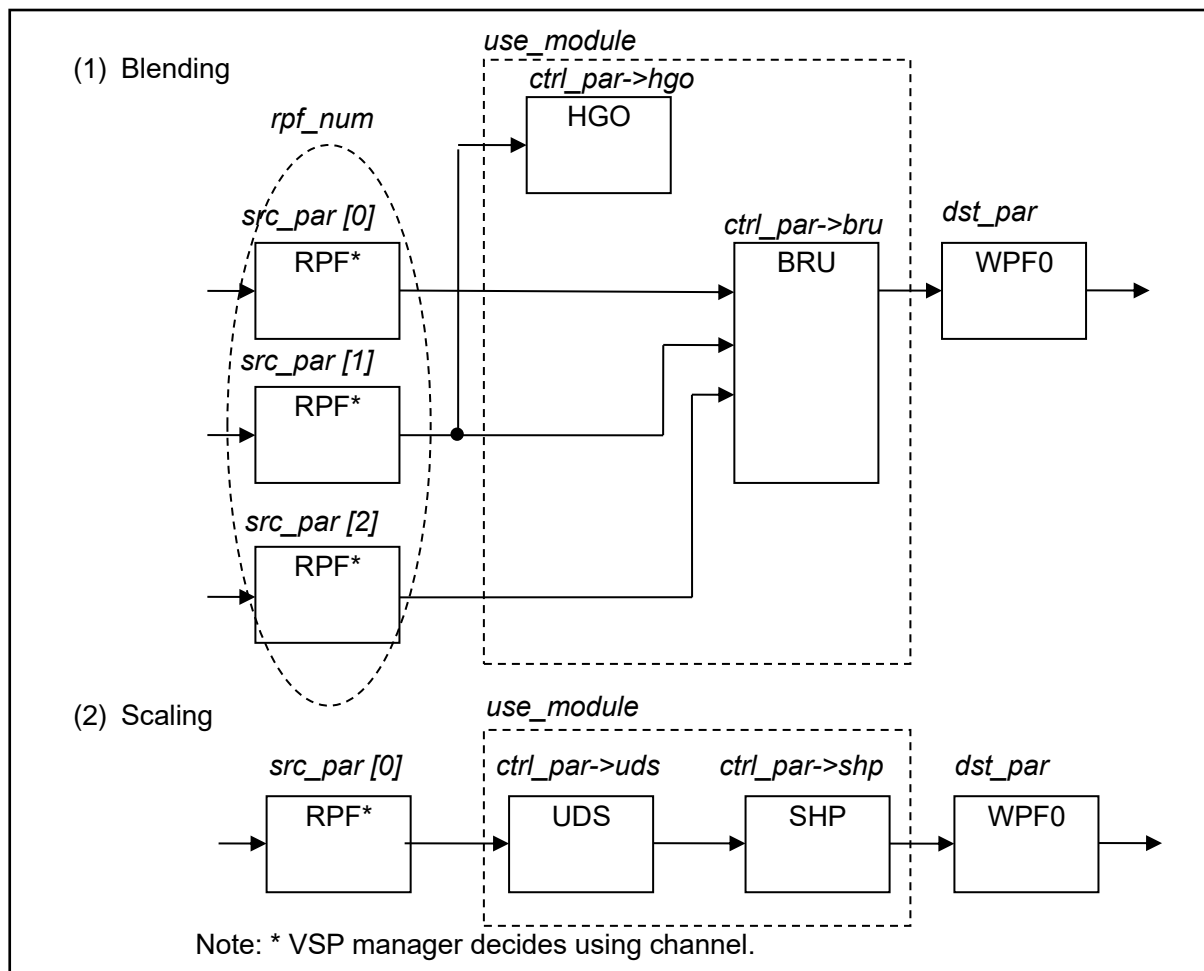
The following is described about the member of vsp\_start\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_start_t {
    unsigned char    rpf_num;
    unsigned long    rpf_order;
    unsigned long    use_module;
    struct vsp_src_t  *src_par[5];
    struct vsp_dst_t  *dst_par;
    struct vsp_ctrl_t *ctrl_par;
    struct vsp_dl_t   dl_par;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>rpf_num</i>	Input	Input source number (0 to 5) If you set 0 to <i>rpf_num</i> , you must set virtual input on BRU. If you set 1 or more to <i>rpf_num</i> , you must set source configuration image structure.
unsigned long <i>rpf_order</i>	Input	Not used. The specified value will be ignored.
unsigned long <i>use_module</i>	Input	Processing module setting If you use more than one module, you specify the logical disjunction.  VSP_SRU_USE (0x0001) : Super-resolution VSP_UDS_USE (0x0002) : Up down scaler VSP_LUT_USE (0x0010) : Look up table VSP_CLU_USE (0x0020) : Cubic-Look up table VSP_HST_USE (0x0040) : Hue saturation value transform VSP_HSI_USE (0x0080) : Hue saturation value transform inverse VSP_BRU_USE (0x0100) : Blend ROP VSP_HGO_USE (0x0200) : Histogram generator-one VSP_HGT_USE (0x0400) : Histogram generator-two VSP_SHP_USE (0x0800) : Sharpness
struct vsp_src_t <i>*src_par[5]</i>	Input	Pointer to a source configuration image structure. If you set 1 or more to <i>rpf_num</i> , can't set null pointer to <i>src_par [0]</i> . If you set 2 or more to <i>rpf_num</i> , can't set null pointer to <i>src_par [1]</i> . If you set 3 or more to <i>rpf_num</i> , can't set null pointer to <i>src_par [2]</i> . If you set 4 or more to <i>rpf_num</i> , can't set null pointer to <i>src_par [3]</i> . If you set 5 to <i>rpf_num</i> , can't set null pointer to <i>src_par [4]</i> .
struct vsp_dst_t <i>*dst_par</i>	Input	Pointer to a destination configuration image structure. Can not set null pointer to <i>dst_par</i> .
struct vsp_ctrl_t <i>*ctrl_par</i>	Input	Pointer to a module configuration structure. Can not set null pointer to <i>ctrl_par</i> .

struct vsp_dl_t <i>dl_par</i>	Input	<p>Work buffer parameter for display list. Specify 192 to <i>tbl_num</i> of vsp_dl_t member. If you use the following function, set according to the calculation method.</p> <p>Functions: Up-down scaler (UDS) Super-resolution (SRU) Rotation (except VSP_ROT_OFF and VSP_ROT_V_FLIP)</p> <p>Calculation method: Division number: <math>\text{div\_num} = \text{ROUNDUP}(\text{destination horizontal size} / 256)</math> <math>\text{tbl\_num} = 192 + 64 * (\text{div\_num} - 1)</math></p>
----------------------------------	-------	---

Figure 7-1 shows input parameter and connection modules. The *rpf\_num* is number of input image source. The *use\_module* is for specify to use modules. You must set configuration parameter for using module. About coupling between modules, specify to the *connect* of each module parameter.



**Figure 7-1 Basic module connection association chart**

### 7.1.1. vsp\_src\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_src\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_src_t {
    unsigned int    addr;
    unsigned int    addr_c0;
    unsigned int    addr_c1;
    unsigned short  stride;
    unsigned short  stride_c;
    unsigned short  width;
    unsigned short  height;
    unsigned short  width_ex;
    unsigned short  height_ex;
    unsigned short  x_offset;
    unsigned short  y_offset;
    unsigned short  format;
    unsigned char   swap;
    unsigned short  x_position;
    unsigned short  y_position;
    unsigned char   pwd;
    unsigned char   cipm;
    unsigned char   cext;
    unsigned char   csc;
    unsigned char   iturbt;
    unsigned char   clrcng;
    unsigned char   vir;
    unsigned long   vircolor;
    struct vsp_dl_t  *clut;
    struct vsp_alpha_unit_t *alpha;
    unsigned long   connect;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned int <i>addr</i>	Input	Starting buffer address of Y or RGB. Specify continuous physical address.
unsigned int <i>addr_c0</i>	Input	Starting buffer address of C When select Semi-Planar of YUV, specify top buffer address of Cb/Cr mixing plane. When select the Planar of YUV, specify top address of Cb plane. Specify continuous physical address.
unsigned int <i>addr_c1</i>	Input	Starting buffer address of C When select the Planar of YUV, specify top buffer address of Cr plane. Specify continuous physical address.
unsigned short <i>stride</i>	Input	Stride of Y/RGB plane buffer. [byte] Specify stride size of Y/RGB plane buffer. When select the Semi Planar or Interleaved of YUV, specify size including Cb/Cr.
unsigned short <i>stride_c</i>	Input	Stride of C plane buffer. [byte] Specify stride size of C plane buffer. When select the Interleaved, C plane isn't used. Therefore this parameter is invalid.
unsigned short <i>width</i>	Input	Image horizontal size. [pixel] Specify horizontal size of input image. Input and output limited size is shown Table 7-9 and Table 7-10. When input format is YUV422 or YUV420. Specify a multiple of 2.

unsigned short <i>height</i>	Input	Image vertical size. [line] Specify vertical size of input image. Input and output limited size is shown Table 7-9 and Table 7-10. When input format is YUV420. Specify a multiple of 2.
unsigned short <i>width_ex</i>	Input	Extended horizontal read size. [pixel] (0 to 8190) Specify the horizontal size of extended read area. Specify <i>width</i> of parameter or more. When specify 0, extended read is not used. When input format is YUV422 or YUV420, specify a multiple of 2.  Note: If you use the following functions, set to 0. Up-down scaler (UDS) Super-resolution (SRU) Rotation (except VSP_ROT_OFF and VSP_ROT_V_FLIP)
unsigned short <i>height_ex</i>	Input	Extended vertical read size. [line] (0 to 8190) Specify the vertical size of extended read area. Specify <i>height</i> of parameter or more. When specify 0, extended read is not used. When input format is YUV420, specify a multiple of 2.  Note: If you use the following functions, set to 0. Up-down scaler (UDS) Super-resolution (SRU) Rotation (except VSP_ROT_OFF and VSP_ROT_V_FLIP)
unsigned short <i>x_offset</i>	Input	Horizontal offset. [pixel] Specify horizontal offset. When input format is YUV422 or YUV420, specify a multiple of 2. When use 1bit per pixel alpha plane, specify a multiple of 8.
unsigned short <i>y_offset</i>	Input	Vertical offset. [line] Specify vertical offset. When input format is YUV420, specify a multiple of 2.
unsigned short <i>format</i>	Input	Input format setting. Specify define of "7.3.1 Input format".  If you use a virtual input ( <i>vir</i> = VSP_VIR), the following formats are available.  VSP_IN_ARGB8888 (RGB) VSP_IN_YUV444_SEMI_PLANAR (YUV)
unsigned char <i>swap</i>	Input	Swap setting.  VSP_SWAP_NO (0x00): no swap VSP_SWAP_B (0x01): Byte unit VSP_SWAP_W (0x02): Word unit VSP_SWAP_L (0x04): Long word unit VSP_SWAP_LL (0x08): Long long word unit  Example: If data array is big-endian, specify, (VSP_SWAP_B VSP_SWAP_W VSP_SWAP_L VSP_SWAP_LL) to this member.
unsigned short <i>x_position</i>	Input	Horizontal coordinate of sublayer display location on master layer. A value from 0 to 8189 can be specified. When specify VSP_LAYER_PARENT to <i>pwd</i> or don't use BRU, specify 0.



unsigned short <i>y_position</i>	Input	Vertical coordinate of sublayer display location on master layer. A value from 0 to 8189 can be specified. When specify VSP_LAYER_PARENT to <i>pwd</i> or don't use BRU, specify 0.															
unsigned char <i>pwd</i>	Input	Layer setting. When specify sub layer, put to <i>x_position</i> and <i>y_position</i> are specified position. Also, don't protrude from the master layer. Specify master layer one out of input image all.  VSP_LAYER_PARENT (0x02): master layer VSP_LAYER_CHILD (0x01): sub layer															
unsigned char <i>cipm</i>	Input	Horizontal chrominance interpolation method setting. Image data is processed in the YUV444 format inside VSP in case of YUV color space. When the chrominance format of the input image is YUV422 or YUV420, data is upsampled for internal processing. This parameter specifies the method of upsampling for this purpose.  VSP_CIPM_0_HOLD (0x00): The nearest-neighbor method VSP_CIPM_BI_LINEAR (0x01): The bilinear method.															
unsigned char <i>cext</i>	Input	Lower-bit color data extension method setting.  VSP_CEXT_EXPAN (0x00): extended with 0 VSP_CEXT_COPY (0x01): copied to the lower-order bits VSP_CEXT_EXPAN_MAX (0x02): extended with 0. The maximum value is limited to 0xFF.															
unsigned char <i>csc</i>	Input	Color space conversions enable setting. Enables or disables color space conversion between YUV and RGB to be executed in RPF. The characteristics of color space conversion are determined by <i>iturbt</i> and <i>clrcng</i> . Note1: When using the BRU, unify input color space on BRU. Note2: When using the virtual input ( <i>vir</i> = VSP_VIR), specify VSP_CSC_OFF.  VSP_CSC_OFF (0x00): Disable VSP_CSC_ON (0x01): Enable															
unsigned char <i>iturbt</i>	Input	CSC conversion expression setting (1).  VSP_ITURBT_601 (0x00): ITU-R BT601 compliant VSP_ITURBT_709 (0x01): ITU-R BT709 compliant															
unsigned char <i>clrcng</i>	Input	CSC conversion expression setting (2).  VSP_ITU_COLOR (0x00): ITU-R rule conversion VSP_FULL_COLOR (0x01): Full conversion (input format depth = output format depth) <table border="1" data-bbox="568 1722 1422 2038"> <thead> <tr> <th><i>iturbt</i></th><th><i>clrcng</i></th><th></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>VSP_ITURBT_601</td><td>VSP_ITU_COLOR</td><td>YUV[16,235/240] &lt;-&gt; RGB[0,255]</td></tr> <tr> <td>VSP_ITURBT_601</td><td>VSP_FULL_COLOR</td><td>YUV[0,255] &lt;-&gt; RGB[0,255]</td></tr> <tr> <td>VSP_ITURBT_709</td><td>VSP_ITU_COLOR</td><td>YUV[16,235/240] &lt;-&gt; RGB[0,255]</td></tr> <tr> <td>VSP_ITURBT_709</td><td>VSP_FULL_COLOR</td><td>YUV[16,235/240] &lt;-&gt; RGB[16,235]</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	<i>iturbt</i>	<i>clrcng</i>		VSP_ITURBT_601	VSP_ITU_COLOR	YUV[16,235/240] <-> RGB[0,255]	VSP_ITURBT_601	VSP_FULL_COLOR	YUV[0,255] <-> RGB[0,255]	VSP_ITURBT_709	VSP_ITU_COLOR	YUV[16,235/240] <-> RGB[0,255]	VSP_ITURBT_709	VSP_FULL_COLOR	YUV[16,235/240] <-> RGB[16,235]
<i>iturbt</i>	<i>clrcng</i>																
VSP_ITURBT_601	VSP_ITU_COLOR	YUV[16,235/240] <-> RGB[0,255]															
VSP_ITURBT_601	VSP_FULL_COLOR	YUV[0,255] <-> RGB[0,255]															
VSP_ITURBT_709	VSP_ITU_COLOR	YUV[16,235/240] <-> RGB[0,255]															
VSP_ITURBT_709	VSP_FULL_COLOR	YUV[16,235/240] <-> RGB[16,235]															

unsigned char <i>vir</i>	Input	<p>Virtual input enable setting.</p> <p>Enables or Disables the virtual input function. The image to be processed by the RPF is usually read from the external memory. Instead of this input, the virtual input function generates a single-color image within the RPF and sends it to the modules in VSP.</p> <p>When the virtual input function is enabled, the fixed value specified in the <i>vircolor</i> is used as the input to the RPF.</p> <p>Note: When the virtual input function is enabled, transparent color and color conversion are invalid. Also, the <i>x_offset</i> and <i>y_offset</i> are invalid.</p> <p>VSP_NO_VIR      (0x00): Disable. (Don't use) VSP_VIR          (0x01): Enable. (Use)</p>																																																						
unsigned long <i>vircolor</i>	Input	<p>Image color setting of virtual input.</p> <p>Specify RGB or YUV color data of virtual input when specify VSP_VIR to <i>vir</i> of parameter.</p> <table><tr><td></td><td colspan="4">MSB</td><td colspan="4">LSB</td></tr><tr><td>RGB format</td><td colspan="4">-</td><td>A (8bit)</td><td>R (8bit)</td><td>G (8bit)</td><td>B (8bit)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan="4">63</td><td>32</td><td>31</td><td></td><td>0</td></tr></table> <table><tr><td></td><td colspan="4">MSB</td><td colspan="4">LSB</td></tr><tr><td>YUV format</td><td colspan="4">-</td><td>A (8bit)</td><td>Cr (8bit)</td><td>Y (8bit)</td><td>Cb (8bit)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan="4">63</td><td>32</td><td>31</td><td></td><td>0</td></tr></table>		MSB				LSB				RGB format	-				A (8bit)	R (8bit)	G (8bit)	B (8bit)		63				32	31		0		MSB				LSB				YUV format	-				A (8bit)	Cr (8bit)	Y (8bit)	Cb (8bit)		63				32	31		0
	MSB				LSB																																																			
RGB format	-				A (8bit)	R (8bit)	G (8bit)	B (8bit)																																																
	63				32	31		0																																																
	MSB				LSB																																																			
YUV format	-				A (8bit)	Cr (8bit)	Y (8bit)	Cb (8bit)																																																
	63				32	31		0																																																
struct vsp_dl_t *clut	Input	<p>Pointer to a structure of CLUT setting.</p> <p>When input format is VSP_IN_RGB_CLUT_DATA or VSP_IN_YUV_CLUT_DATA, this parameter will be valid. Specify color lookup table pointer. Refer to Table 7-1.</p> <p>The setting range of <i>tbl_num</i> is 1 to 256. When the <i>size</i> specified fewer than 256, areas not setting does not guarantee.</p>																																																						
struct vsp_alpha_unit_t *alpha	Input	<p>Pointer to a structure of alpha blend setting</p> <p>Can not specify null pointer.</p>																																																						
unsigned long <i>connect</i>	Input	<p>Processing connection setting.</p> <p>Specify the module to be executed next to the RPF. If connect to WPF from RPF, you set 0.</p> <p>VSP_SRU_USE    (0x0001) : Super-resolution VSP_UDS_USE    (0x0002) : Up down scaler VSP_LUT_USE     (0x0010) : Look up table VSP_CLU_USE     (0x0020) : Cubic-Look up table VSP_HST_USE     (0x0040) : Hue saturation value transform VSP_BRU_USE     (0x0100) : Blend ROP VSP_SHP_USE     (0x0800) : Sharpness</p>																																																						

**Table 7-1 storage method of CLUT.**

table number	MSB (31) <span style="float: right;">LSB (0)</span>			
0	0			
	A (8bit)	R/Cr (8bit)	G/Y (8bit)	B/Cr (8bit)
1	0			
	A (8bit)	R/Cr (8bit)	G/Y (8bit)	B/Cr (8bit)
2	0			
	A (8bit)	R/Cr (8bit)	G/Y (8bit)	B/Cr (8bit)
...	...			
254	0			
	A (8bit)	R/Cr (8bit)	G/Y (8bit)	B/Cr (8bit)
255	0			
	A (8bit)	R/Cr (8bit)	G/Y (8bit)	B/Cr (8bit)

Note: When format is VSP\_IN\_RGB\_CLUT\_DATA, set to R, G and B.

When format is VSP\_IN\_YUV\_CLUT\_DATA, set to Cb, Y and Cr.

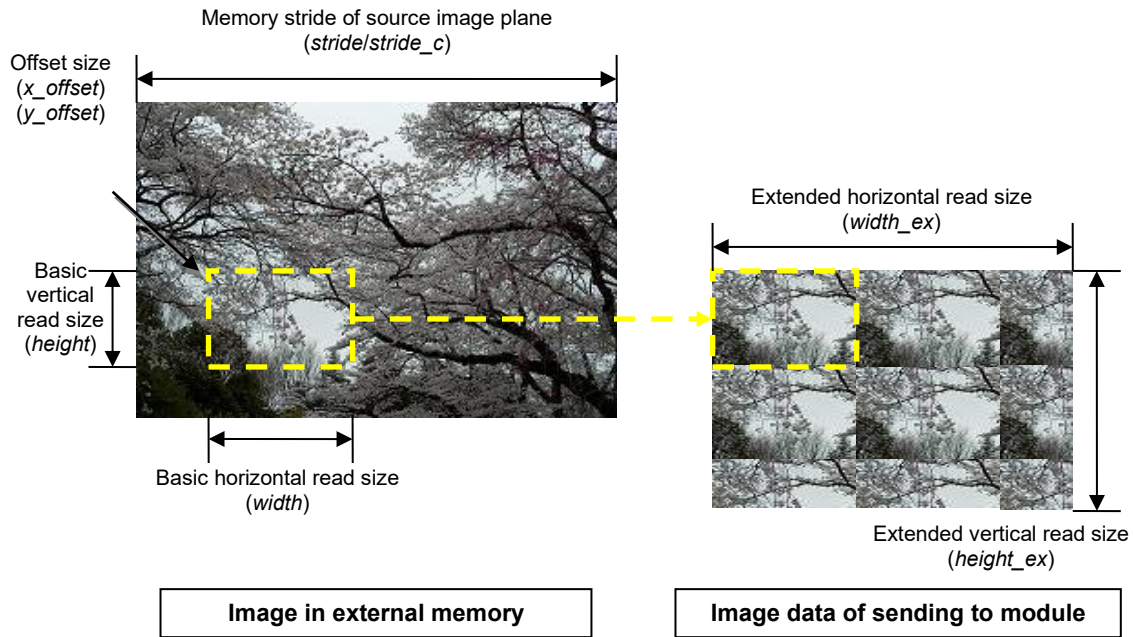


Figure 7-2 Extend reading size association chart

Figure 7-2 is shown input image and extended reading size association chart.

When extended read function is valid, reads repeated until the size specified by the *width\_ex* and *height\_ex* from an area of the specified size in *width* and *height*, and sends it to the modules in VSP.

If you use the following functions, extended reading is invalid.

Up-down scaler (UDS), super-resolution (SRU), rotation (except VSP\_ROP\_OFF and VSP\_ROP\_V\_FLIP).

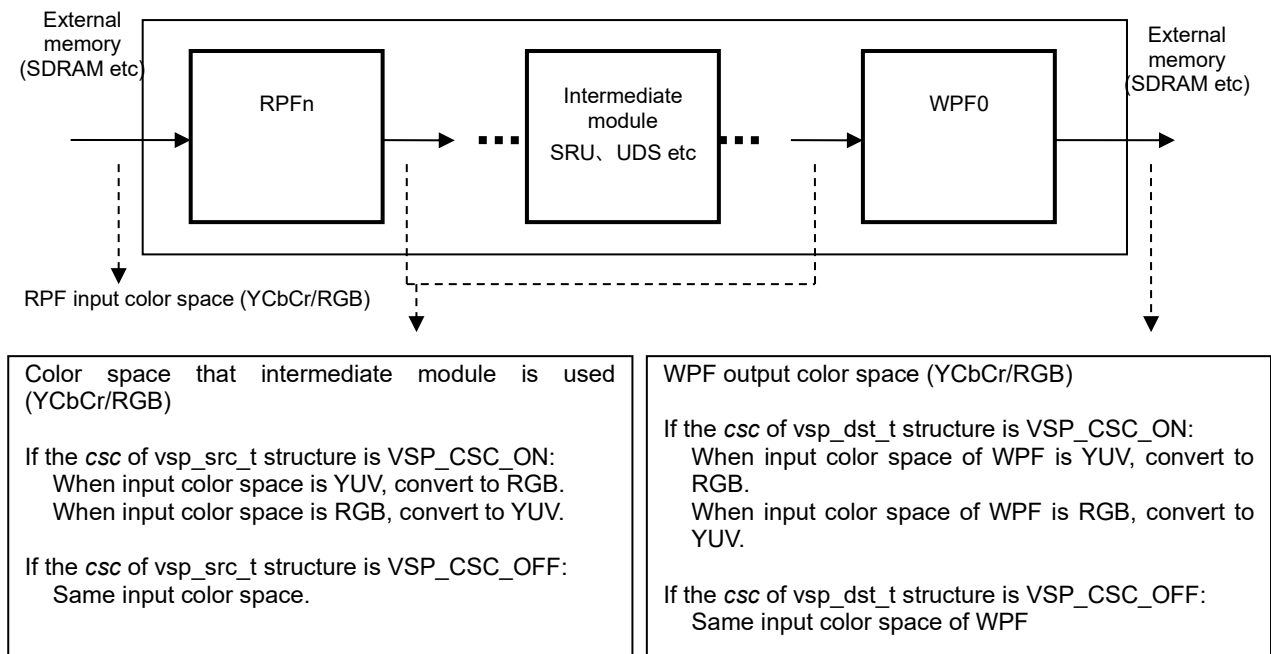


Figure 7-3 Input/Output format and color space

Figure 7-3 is shown input/output format and color space association chart.

Color space that intermediate module uses is decided by specified color space of input format and the *csc* of *vsp\_src\_t* structure. When using BRU, unify input color space on BRU.

### 7.1.1.1. vsp\_alpha\_unit\_t

The following is described about the member of struct vsp\_alpha\_unit\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_alpha_unit_t {
    unsigned int      addr_a;
    unsigned short    stride_a;
    unsigned char     swap;
    unsigned char     asel;
    unsigned char     aext;
    unsigned char     anum0;
    unsigned char     anum1;
    unsigned char     afix;
    struct vsp_irop_unit_t *irop;
    struct vsp_ckeey_unit_t *ckeey;
    struct vsp_mult_unit_t *mult;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned int <i>addr_a</i>	Input	Starting buffer address of alpha plane. When using alpha plane, specify. Specify continuous physical address.
unsigned short <i>stride_a</i>	Input	Stride of alpha plane. [byte]
unsigned char <i>swap</i>	Input	Swap setting of alpha plane.  VSP_SWAP_NO (0x00): no swap VSP_SWAP_B (0x01): byte unit VSP_SWAP_W (0x02): word unit VSP_SWAP_L (0x04): long word unit VSP_SWAP_LL (0x08): long long word unit  Example: If data array is big-endian, specify (VSP_SWAP_B VSP_SWAP_W VSP_SWAP_L VSP_SWAP_LL) to this member.
unsigned char <i>asel</i>	Input	Alpha format and processing method. This member selects how to handle the alpha value to be used. When a 1bit alpha value is used. VSP assumes that the 1bpp alpha value for each pixel is stored in the order from MSB to LSB in each byte (big endian). When specify VSP_ALPHA_NUM1 or VSP_ALPHA_NUM3 to <i>asel</i> , must specify the pack format that alpha is present in the input image format always. Also when virtual input is valid, specify VSP_ALPHA_NUM. About detail refer to Table 7-3.  VSP_ALPHA_NUM1 (0x00): 1/4/8bit packed alpha + plane alpha. The alpha bit field in 1, 4 or 8bit packed alpha is handled as transparency information. Be sure to specify the packed format that includes alpha. When the <i>ref_sel</i> of IROP unit is VSP_MSKEN_ALPHA and the <i>op_mode</i> of IROP unit is not 0, 5, 10 or 15, the alpha plane should be read as mask information. VSP_ALPHA_NUM2 (0x01): 8bit alpha plane The 8bit alpha plane is read from external RAM as transparency information. When the packed RGB format has a bit field for alpha, the information in the alpha bit field is discarded. VSP_ALPHA_NUM3 (0x02): 1bit packed alpha + plane alpha The 1bit packed alpha input is converted by the 8bit transparent alpha generator shown in Figure 7-4 according to the <i>anum0/1</i> setting into the

		<p>8bit alpha value as transparency information. Select the packed input format that includes a 1bit alpha field.</p> <p>VSP_ALPHA_NUM4 (0x03): 1bit alpha plane +8bit-transparent generator. The 1bit alpha plane is read from external RAM and converted by the 8bit transparent alpha generator shown in Figure 7-4 according to the <i>anum0/1</i> setting into the 8bit alpha value as transparency information.</p> <p>VSP_ALPHA_NUM5 (0x04) : Fixed alpha value</p> <p>Note: If you use the following functions, can not set VSP_ALPHA_NUM4.  Up-down scaler (UDS)  Super-resolution (SRU)  Rotation (except VSP_ROP_OFF and VSP_ROP_V_FLIP).</p>
unsigned char <i>aext</i>	Input	<p>Lower-bit alpha data extension method setting.  When specified VSP_ALPHA_NUM1 to the <i>asel</i>, this parameter is valid.</p> <p>VSP_AEXT_EXPAN (0x00): extended with 0  VSP_AEXT_COPY (0x01): copied to the lower-order bits  VSP_AEXT_EXPAN_MAX (0x02): extended with 0.  The maximum value is limited to 0xFF.</p>
unsigned char <i>anum0</i>	Input	<p>8bit value output when 1bit alpha value is 0.  This member specifies the 8bit alpha value to be output when 1bit alpha data is input and the alpha value input the 8bit transparent alpha generator shown in Figure 7-4 is 0.  This setting is valid when the <i>asel</i> is set to VSP_ALPHA_NUM3 or VSP_ALPHA_NUM4.</p>
unsigned char <i>anum1</i>	Input	<p>8bit value output when 1bit alpha value is 1.  This member specifies the 8bit alpha value to be output when 1bit alpha data is input and the alpha value input the 8bit transparent alpha generator shown in Figure 7-4 is 1.  This setting is valid when the <i>asel</i> is set to VSP_ALPHA_NUM3 or VSP_ALPHA_NUM4.</p>
unsigned char <i>afix</i>	Input	<p>Fixed alpha value.  This member specifies the fixed alpha value.  This setting is valid when the <i>asel</i> is set to VSP_ALPHA_NUM5.</p>
struct vsp_irop_unit_t *irop	Input	<p>Pointer to a 1 bit mask generator and IROP unit setting structure.  When specify null pointer, alpha and image data go through IROP unit.</p>
struct vsp_ckekey_unit_t *ckekey	Input	<p>Pointer to a color keying setting structure.  When specify null pointer, alpha and image data go through color keying unit. When a virtual input is valid (<i>vir</i> = VSP_VIR), does not refer this member.</p>
struct vsp_mult_unit_t	Input	<p>Pointer to a multiple setting structure.  When specify null pointer, alpha and image data go through multiple unit.</p>

### 7.1.1.2. vsp\_irop\_unit\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_irop\_unit\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_irop_unit_t {
    unsigned char    op_mode;
    unsigned char    ref_sel;
    unsigned char    bit_sel;
    unsigned long    comp_color;
    unsigned long    irop_color0;
    unsigned long    irop_color1;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>op_mode</i>	Input	<p>IROP operation setting.</p> <p>The source (SRC) for the IROP operation is the pixel data and alpha data specified in the <i>irop_color0</i> or <i>irop_color1</i> IROP input value, which is selected according to the value (0 or 1) generated by the 1bit-mask generator.</p> <p>The destination (DST) is the image data (RGB/YUV) and 8bit alpha data output from the unpack/CLUT processor. IROP operation is applied both for the image data and alpha data between the source and destination data.</p> <p>Specify define of Table 7-2. About available, refer to Table 7-4.</p>
unsigned char <i>ref_sel</i>	Input	<p>Reference source setting.</p> <p>Specifies the method of alpha value generation in the 1bit mask alpha generator shown Figure 7-4.</p> <p>VSP_MSKEN_ALPHA (0x00): A 1bit mask value is generated according to the input alpha plane value. When the input alpha is in the 1bit format (<i>bit_sel</i> = VSP_ALPHA_1BIT), the 1bit mask value is output without change. When the input alpha is in the 8bit format (<i>bit_sel</i> = VSP_ALPHA_8BIT), the 1bit mask value is 0 if the alpha value is 0x00; otherwise, the 1bit mask value is 1.</p> <p>VSP_MSKEN_COLOR (0x01): The R/Cr, G/Y, and B/Cb components of the image input to the destination side of the IROP operation unit are compared with the value specified in the <i>comp_color</i> member, respectively. When value match, 1 is output as the 1bit mask value, and in other cases, 0 is output. When the generated 1bit mask data is not used, set <i>op_mode</i> to VSP_IROP_NOP.</p>
unsigned char <i>bit_sel</i>	Input	<p>Alpha bit count conversion selection for 1bit-mask generator.</p> <p>Specifies the number of bits in the alpha plane to be read as mask information from the external RAM. The alpha value in mask information is used for the source (SRC) in IROP unit. When alpha plane data is 8bit, it is converted to 1bit through the 1bit-mask generator shown in Figure 7-4.</p> <p>VSP_ALPHA_8BIT(0x00): 8bit alpha is converted to 1bit alpha through the 1bit-mask generator. When the 8bit alpha value input to the RPF is not 0, it is converted to 1; when the value is 0, it is converted to 0.</p> <p>VSP_ALPHA_1BIT(0x01): Alpha value goes through the 1bit-mask generator. The 1bit alpha value input to the RPF is output through the 1bit-mask generator without change.</p> <p>Note: This member setting is valid when the <i>asel</i> is set to VSP_ALPHA_NUM1 or VSP_ALPHA_NUM3 and the <i>ref_sel</i> is set to</p>

		VSP_MSKEN_ALPHA. In other cases, this member setting has no effect.																																										
unsigned long <i>comp_color</i>	Input	<p>Comparison value for 1bit alpha generation</p> <p>This member specifies the value to be compared for 1bit alpha generation by using the pixel data on the destination side. This setting is ignored when the <i>ref_sel</i> member is set VSP_MSKEN_ALPHA.</p> <table><tr><td></td><td>MSB</td><td colspan="4"></td><td>LSB</td></tr><tr><td>RGB format</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>R (8bit)</td><td>G (8bit)</td><td>B (8bit)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>63</td><td>32</td><td>31</td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MSB</td><td colspan="4"></td><td>LSB</td></tr><tr><td>YUV format</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>Cr (8bit)</td><td>Y (8bit)</td><td>Cb (8bit)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>63</td><td>32</td><td>31</td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td></tr></table>		MSB					LSB	RGB format		-	-	R (8bit)	G (8bit)	B (8bit)		63	32	31			0		MSB					LSB	YUV format		-	-	Cr (8bit)	Y (8bit)	Cb (8bit)		63	32	31			0
	MSB					LSB																																						
RGB format		-	-	R (8bit)	G (8bit)	B (8bit)																																						
	63	32	31			0																																						
	MSB					LSB																																						
YUV format		-	-	Cr (8bit)	Y (8bit)	Cb (8bit)																																						
	63	32	31			0																																						
unsigned long <i>irop_color0</i>	Input	<p>IROP source input value when 1bit alpha is 0.</p> <p>This member specifies the value to be input as the source to the IROP operation unit when the internal 1bit alpha value generated through the 1bit-mask generator is 0. (Figure 7-4)</p> <table><tr><td></td><td>MSB</td><td colspan="4"></td><td>LSB</td></tr><tr><td>RGB format</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>A (8bit)</td><td>R (8bit)</td><td>G (8bit)</td><td>B (8bit)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>63</td><td>32</td><td>31</td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MSB</td><td colspan="4"></td><td>LSB</td></tr><tr><td>YUV format</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>A (8bit)</td><td>Cr (8bit)</td><td>Y (8bit)</td><td>Cb (8bit)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>63</td><td>32</td><td>31</td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td></tr></table>		MSB					LSB	RGB format		-	A (8bit)	R (8bit)	G (8bit)	B (8bit)		63	32	31			0		MSB					LSB	YUV format		-	A (8bit)	Cr (8bit)	Y (8bit)	Cb (8bit)		63	32	31			0
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RGB format		-	A (8bit)	R (8bit)	G (8bit)	B (8bit)																																						
	63	32	31			0																																						
	MSB					LSB																																						
YUV format		-	A (8bit)	Cr (8bit)	Y (8bit)	Cb (8bit)																																						
	63	32	31			0																																						
unsigned long <i>irop_color1</i>	Input	<p>IROP source input value when 1bit alpha is 1.</p> <p>This member specifies the value to be input as the source to the IROP operation unit when the internal 1bit alpha value generated through the 1bit-mask generator is 1. (Figure 7-4)</p> <table><tr><td></td><td>MSB</td><td colspan="4"></td><td>LSB</td></tr><tr><td>RGB format</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>A (8bit)</td><td>R (8bit)</td><td>G (8bit)</td><td>B (8bit)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>63</td><td>32</td><td>31</td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>MSB</td><td colspan="4"></td><td>LSB</td></tr><tr><td>YUV format</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>A (8bit)</td><td>Cb (8bit)</td><td>Y (8bit)</td><td>Cr (8bit)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>63</td><td>32</td><td>31</td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td></tr></table>		MSB					LSB	RGB format		-	A (8bit)	R (8bit)	G (8bit)	B (8bit)		63	32	31			0		MSB					LSB	YUV format		-	A (8bit)	Cb (8bit)	Y (8bit)	Cr (8bit)		63	32	31			0
	MSB					LSB																																						
RGB format		-	A (8bit)	R (8bit)	G (8bit)	B (8bit)																																						
	63	32	31			0																																						
	MSB					LSB																																						
YUV format		-	A (8bit)	Cb (8bit)	Y (8bit)	Cr (8bit)																																						
	63	32	31			0																																						



Figure 7-4 shows configuration diagram of alpha plane.

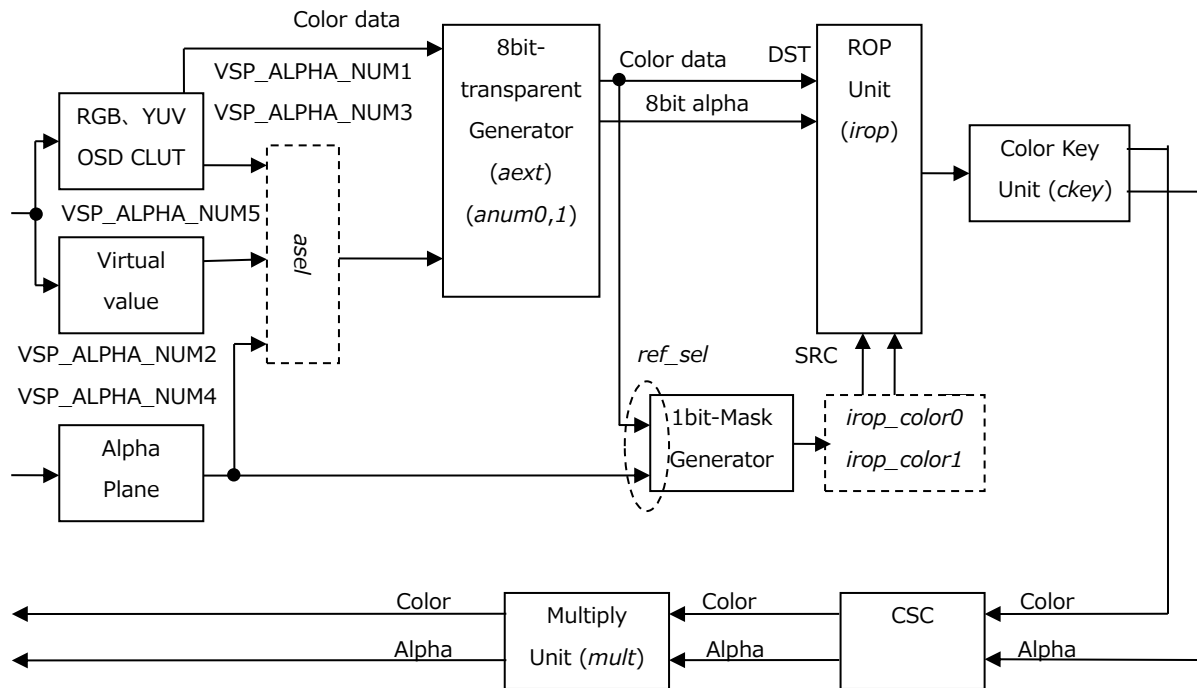


Figure 7-4 Configuration diagram of alpha plane

Decide alpha format and processing method by specify the *asel* of *vsp\_alpha\_unit\_t* member.

In 8bit-transparent Generator, less than 8bit bit field is converted 8bit. If already 8bit, pass through.

1bit-mask generator can select input data by the *ref\_sel*. When specify *VSP\_MSKEN\_ALPHA* to the *ref\_sel*, use alpha plane that select 1bit or 8bit. When specify *VSP\_ALPHA\_NUM2* or *VSP\_ALPHA\_NUM4* to the *asel*, alpha plane data will be used in 8bit-transparent Generator. If you want to use 1bit-mask generator, specify *VSP\_MSKEN\_COLOR* to the *ref\_sel*. In this case, 1bit-mask generator can use color data of 8bit-transparent Generator.

In ROP operation unit, when the internal 1bit alpha value generated through the 1bit-mask generator is 0, use *irop\_color0*. When 1bit alpha value is 1, use *irop\_color1*. When don't use mask information, specify *VSP\_IROP\_NOP* to *op\_mode*. Likewise, When 1bit-Mask generator is invalid or the *asel* is set to *VSP\_ALPHA\_NUM5*, set to *VSP\_IROP\_NOP*.

**Table 7-2 Define of Raster operation**

Define	Value	Contents
VSP_IROP_NOP	0x00	NOP(D)
VSP_IROP_AND	0x01	AND(S & D)
VSP_IROP_AND_REVERSE	0x02	AND_REVERSE(S & ~D)
VSP_IROP_COPY	0x03	COPY(S)
VSP_IROP_AND_INVERTED	0x04	AND_INVERTED(~S & D)
VSP_IROP_CLEAR	0x05	CLEAR(0)
VSP_IROP_XOR	0x06	XOR(S ^ D)
VSP_IROP_OR	0x07	OR(S   D)
VSP_IROP_NOR	0x08	NOR(~(S   D))
VSP_IROP_EQUIV	0x09	EQUIV(~(S ^ D))
VSP_IROP_INVERT	0x0A	INVERT(~D)
VSP_IROP_OR_REVERSE	0x0B	OR_REVERSE(S   ~D)
VSP_IROP_COPY_INVERTED	0x0C	COPY_INVERTED(~S)
VSP_IROP_OR_INVERTED	0x0D	OR_INVERTED(~S   D)
VSP_IROP_NAND	0x0E	NAND(~(S & D))
VSP_IROP_SET	0x0F	SET(all 1)

Note: S is source of Blend/ROP unit. D is destination.

**Table 7-3 Select alpha value by asel and input format**

asel	Input format		
	RGB	YcbCr	RPF(CLUT)
VSP_ALPHA_NUM1	1/4/8bit-alpha	0xFF*	alpha value in CLUT
VSP_ALPHA_NUM2	8bit-alpha plane	8bit-alpha plane	8bit-alpha plane
VSP_ALPHA_NUM3	anum0 or anum1 setting	0xFF*	0xFF
VSP_ALPHA_NUM4	anum0 or anum1 setting	anum0 or anum1 setting	anum0 or anum1 setting
VSP_ALPHA_NUM5	42afix setting	42afix setting	42afix setting

Note: Fixed value 0xFF is output because packed alpha is not included in YcbCr.

**Table 7-4 Select raster operation enable/disable by asel and msken**

asel	msken	
	VSP_MSKEEN_ALPHA	VSP_MSKEEN_COLOR
VSP_ALPHA_NUM1	Valid (alpha plane input)	Valid
VSP_ALPHA_NUM2	Invalid (IROP operation is not available)	Valid
VSP_ALPHA_NUM3	Valid (alpha plane input)	Valid
VSP_ALPHA_NUM4	Invalid (IROP operation is not available)	Valid
VSP_ALPHA_NUM5	Invalid (IROP operation is not available, fixed alpha is output to the subsequent modules behind RPF)	

Note: When invalid (IROP operation is not available), specify VSP\_IROP\_NOP to *op\_mode* of IROP unit.

### 7.1.1.3. vsp\_ckekey\_unit\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_ckekey\_unit\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_ckekey_unit_t {
    unsigned char    mode;
    unsigned long    color1;
    unsigned long    color2;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>mode</i>	Input	<p>Color keying setting.</p> <p>VSP_CKEY_THROUGH (0x00): Alpha and image data go through.</p> <p>VSP_CKEY_TRANS_COLOR1 (0x01): Transparent color mode (1 color).</p> <p>VSP_CKEY_TRANS_COLOR2 (0x02): Transparent color mode (2 colors).</p> <p>VSP_CKEY_MATCHED_COLOR (0x03): Matched color mode.</p> <p>VSP_CKEY_LUMA_THRESHOLD (0x04): Color-luma threshold mode.</p>
unsigned long <i>color1</i>	Input	<p>(1) Transparent color mode.</p> <p>Specify the color data (RGB or Y) to compare and the alpha value (A) to replace if they match. According to the setting of cext, specify the value of the extension after.</p> <div><div>MSB</div><div>LSB</div><div>RGB format</div><div><div></div><div>-</div><div>A (8bit)</div><div>R (8bit)</div><div>G (8bit)</div><div>B (8bit)</div></div><div>6332310</div></div> <div><div>MSB</div><div>LSB</div><div>YUV format</div><div><div></div><div>-</div><div>A (8bit)</div><div>-</div><div>Y (8bit)</div><div>-</div></div><div>6332310</div></div> <p>(2) Matched color mode.</p> <p>Specify the color data (RGB or Y) to compare.</p> <div><div>MSB</div><div>LSB</div><div>RGB format</div><div><div></div><div>-</div><div>-</div><div>R (8bit)</div><div>G (8bit)</div><div>B (8bit)</div></div><div>6332310</div></div> <div><div>MSB</div><div>LSB</div><div>YUV format</div><div><div></div><div>-</div><div>-</div><div>-</div><div>Y (8bit)</div><div>-</div></div><div>6332310</div></div> <p>According to the setting of cext, specify the value of the extension after.</p> <p>(3) Color-luma threshold mode.</p> <p>When the input data is in YUV format, and if Y value is equal to or smaller than Y value field of this member, the input alpha value is replaced with the value specified in alpha field of this member.</p>

unsigned long <i>color2</i>	Input	<p>(1) Transparent color mode. When the mode is set to VSP_CKEY_TRANS_COLOR2, this member is valid. Refer to the <i>color1</i>.</p> <p>(2) Matched color mode. When compared with <i>color1</i> and matched, specify alpha and color data to replace.</p> <div><div>MSB</div><div>LSB</div><table><tr><td>RGB format</td><td>-</td><td>A (8bit)</td><td>R (8bit)</td><td>G (8bit)</td><td>B (8bit)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>6332</td><td>31</td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td></tr></table><div>MSB</div><div>LSB</div><table><tr><td>YUV format</td><td>-</td><td>A (8bit)</td><td>Cr (8bit)</td><td>Y (8bit)</td><td>Cb (8bit)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>6332</td><td>31</td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td></tr></table></div> <p>According to the setting of cext, specify the value of the extension after.</p> <p>(3) Color-luma threshold mode. Color-luma threshold mode does not refer this member.</p>	RGB format	-	A (8bit)	R (8bit)	G (8bit)	B (8bit)		6332	31			0	YUV format	-	A (8bit)	Cr (8bit)	Y (8bit)	Cb (8bit)		6332	31			0
RGB format	-	A (8bit)	R (8bit)	G (8bit)	B (8bit)																					
	6332	31			0																					
YUV format	-	A (8bit)	Cr (8bit)	Y (8bit)	Cb (8bit)																					
	6332	31			0																					

Note: When use color key to transparent color, please set the rbc of struct `vsp_bld_ctrl_t` to VSP\_RBC\_BLEND.  
When an image is output from the RPF, the alpha value is changed according to the setting of the struct `vsp_ckekey_unit_t`.  
Thereafter, to blending using the set  $\alpha$  value, setting the rbc of struct `vsp_bld_ctrl_t` to VSP\_RBC\_BLEND.  
Composite color is calculated by the value of other parameters of struct `vsp_bld_ctrl_t`.

For example, if you want to make the color set with struct `vsp_ckekey_unit_t` transparent, you can set the following values to parameter of struct `vsp_bld_ctrl_t`.

```

rbc = VSP_RBC_BLEND
blend_formula = VSP_FORM_BLEND0
blend_coefx = VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDX4
blend_coefy = VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDY3
aformula = VSP_FORM_ALPHA0
acoefx = VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAX5
acoefy = VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAY5
acoefx_fix = 1
acoefy_fix = 0

```

#### 7.1.1.4. vsp\_mult\_unit\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_mult\_unit\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_mult_unit_t {
    unsigned char    a_mmd;
    unsigned char    p_mmd;
    unsigned char    ratio;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>a_mmd</i>	Input	Alpha data mode setting  VSP_MULT_THROUGH (0x00): Alpha data go through. VSP_MULT_RATIO (0x01): Multiple unit multiplies alpha data by ratio.  Note: When output format from csc unit is YUV, set VSP_MULT_THROUGH to <i>a_mmd</i> .
unsigned char <i>p_mmd</i>	Input	Image data mode setting  VSP_MULT_THROUGH (0x00): Image data go through. VSP_MULT_RATIO (0x01): Multiple unit multiplies image data by <i>ratio</i> . VSP_MULT_ALPHA (0x02): Multiple unit multiplies image data by alpha data. VSP_MULT_RATIO_ALPHA (0x03): Multiple unit multiplies image data by <i>ratio</i> and alpha data.  Note: When output format from csc unit is YUV, set VSP_MULT_THROUGH to <i>p_mmd</i> .
unsigned char <i>ratio</i>	Input	Multiple alpha value.  Note: When specify VSP_MULT_RATIO or VSP_MULT_RATIO_ALPHA, this member is valid.

**Table 7-5 Expression of output alpha data from multiple unit**

<i>a_mmd</i>	<i>ratio</i>	
VSP_MULT_THROUGH	Don't care	$A_{out} = A_{in}$
VSP_MULT_RATIO	not 255	$A_{out} = A_{in} * ratio / 256$
	255	$A_{out} = A_{in}$

**Table 7-6 Expression of output alpha data from multiple unit**

<i>p_mmd</i>	<i>ratio</i>	<i>Ain</i>	
VSP_MULT_THROUGH	Don't care	Don't care	$D_{out} = D_{in}$
VSP_MULT_RATIO	Not 255	Don't care	$D_{out} = D_{in} * ratio / 256$
	255	Don't care	$D_{out} = D_{in}$
VSP_MULT_ALPHA	Don't care	Not 255	$D_{out} = D_{in} * A_{in} / 256$
	Don't care	255	$D_{out} = D_{in}$
VSP_MULT_RATIO_ALPHA	Not 255	Not 255	$D_{out} = D_{in} * A_{in} * ratio / 256 / 256$
	255	Not 255	$D_{out} = D_{in} * A_{in} / 256$
	Not 255	255	$D_{out} = D_{in} * ratio / 256$
	255	255	$D_{out} = D_{in}$

### 7.1.2. vsp\_dst\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_dst\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_dst_t {
    unsigned int    addr;
    unsigned int    addr_c0;
    unsigned int    addr_c1;
    unsigned short  stride;
    unsigned short  stride_c;
    unsigned short  width;
    unsigned short  height;
    unsigned short  x_offset;
    unsigned short  y_offset;
    unsigned short  format;
    unsigned char   swap;
    unsigned char   pxa;
    unsigned char   pad;
    unsigned short  x_coffset;
    unsigned short  y_coffset;
    unsigned char   csc;
    unsigned char   iturbt;
    unsigned char   clrcng;
    unsigned char   cbrm;
    unsigned char   abrm;
    unsigned char   athres;
    unsigned char   clmd;
    unsigned char   dith;
    unsigned char   rotation;
    struct fcp_info_t *fcp;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned int <i>addr</i>	Input	Starting buffer address of Y or RGB. Specify continuous physical address.  Note: If you use a FCNL compression ( <i>fcnl</i> = FCP_FCNL_ENABLE), specify a multiple of 256.
unsigned int <i>addr_c0</i>	Input	Starting buffer address of C When select Semi-Planar of YUV, specify top buffer address of Cb/Cr mixing plane. When select the Planar of YUV, specify top address of Cb plane. Specify continuous physical address.  Note: If you use a FCNL compression ( <i>fcnl</i> = FCP_FCNL_ENABLE), specify a multiple of 256.
unsigned int <i>addr_c1</i>	Input	Starting buffer address of C When select the Planar of YUV, specify top buffer address of Cr plane. Specify continuous physical address.  Note: If you use a FCNL compression ( <i>fcnl</i> = FCP_FCNL_ENABLE), specify a multiple of 256.

unsigned short <i>stride</i>	Input	Stride of Y/RGB plane buffer. [byte] Specify stride size of Y/RGB plane buffer. When select the Semi Planar or Interleaved of YUV, specify size including Cb/Cr.  Note: If you use a FCNL compression ( <i>fcn</i> = FCP_FCNL_ENABLE), specify a multiple of 256.
unsigned short <i>stride_c</i>	Input	Stride of C plane buffer. [byte] Specify stride size of C plane buffer. When select the Interleaved, C plane isn't used. Therefore this parameter is invalid.  Note: If you use a FCNL compression ( <i>fcn</i> = FCP_FCNL_ENABLE), specify a multiple of 256.
unsigned short <i>width</i>	Input	Image horizontal size. [pixel] Specify horizontal image size. Input and output limited size is shown Table 7-9 and Table 7-10. When input format is YUV422 or YUV420. Specify a multiple of 2. When uses 90 or 270 degree rotation, specifies after rotation.
unsigned short <i>height</i>	Input	Image vertical size. [line] Specify vertical image size. Input and output limited size is shown Table 7-9 and Table 7-10. When input format is YUV420. Specify a multiple of 2. When uses 90 or 270 degree rotation, specifies after rotation.
unsigned short <i>x_offset</i>	Input	Horizontal offset. [pixel] Specify horizontal offset. When input format is YUV422 or YUV420, specify a multiple of 2.  Note: If you use a FCNL compression ( <i>fcn</i> = FCP_FCNL_ENABLE), address after calculation must be a multiple of 256.
unsigned short <i>y_offset</i>	Input	Vertical offset. [line] Specify vertical offset. When input forma is YUV420, specify a multiple of 2.  Note: If you use a FCNL compression ( <i>fcn</i> = FCP_FCNL_ENABLE), address after calculation must be a multiple of 256.
unsigned short <i>format</i>	Input	Output format setting. Specify define of "7.3.2 Output format".  Note: If you use a FCNL compression ( <i>fcn</i> = FCP_FCNL_ENABLE), the following formats are available.  VSP_OUT_PRGB8888 (RGB) VSP_OUT_YUV422_INT0_YUY2 (YUV) VSP_OUT_YUV444_PLANAR (YUV) VSP_OUT_YUV422_PLANAR (YUV) VSP_OUT_YUV420_PLANAR (YUV)  Further if you use a 90 or 270 degree rotation, only VSP_OUT_PRGB8888 is available.

unsigned char <i>swap</i>	Input	<p>Swap setting.</p> <p>VSP_SWAP_NO (0x00): no swap  VSP_SWAP_B (0x01): byte unit  VSP_SWAP_W (0x02): word unit  VSP_SWAP_L (0x04): long word unit  VSP_SWAP_LL (0x08): long long word unit</p> <p>Note: If you use a FCNL compression (<i>fcn</i> = FCP_FCNL_ENABLE), set VSP_SWAP_LL only.</p>
unsigned char <i>pxa</i>	Input	<p>PAD data select.</p> <p>Select the value to be stored in the bit field indicated as PAD or P in the packed RGB output formats shown in section 7.3.2.1. Both the value specified in the <i>pad</i> and the alpha data input from the DPR to WPF are 8bits, but some of the PAD and P bit fields shown section 7.3.2.1 are 4bits or 1bit. When the target bit field is not 8bits, the number of bits in the <i>pad</i> value and the alpha data input from the DPR to WPF is reduced according to the <i>abrm</i>.</p> <p>VSP_PAD_P (0x00): The value specified in the <i>pad</i>.  VSP_PAD_IN (0x01): The alpha value output from DPR.</p>
unsigned char <i>pad</i>	Input	<p>PAD value in output packed data.</p> <p>This member specifies the value to be stored in the bit field indicated as PAD or P in the output formats shown in section 7.3.2.1. Specify VSP_PAD_P in the <i>pxa</i> member.</p>
unsigned short <i>x_offset</i>	Input	<p>Horizontal size clipping offset value setting. [pixel]</p> <p>This member specifies the offset size (pixel) from the left end of the image in horizontal size clipping. The left side of the image input to the WPF is cut off for the size specified in this member. A value from 0 to 255 can be specified. (<i>x_offset</i> + <i>width</i>) should not exceed the horizontal size of the WPF input.</p> <p>Note: If you use the following functions, set to 0.  Up-down scaler (UDS)  Super-resolution (SRU)  Rotation (except VSP_ROT_OFF and VSP_ROT_V_FLIP)</p>
unsigned short <i>y_offset</i>	Input	<p>Vertical size clipping offset value setting. [line]</p> <p>This member specifies the offset size (line) from the top end of the image in vertical size clipping. The top side of the image input to the WPF is cut off for the size specified in this member. A value from 0 to 255 can be specified. (<i>y_offset</i> + <i>height</i>) should not exceed the vertical size of the WPF input.</p> <p>Note: If you use the following functions, set to 0.  Up-down scaler (UDS)  Super-resolution (SRU)  Rotation (except VSP_ROT_OFF and VSP_ROT_V_FLIP)</p>
unsigned char <i>csc</i>	Input	<p>Color space conversions enable setting.</p> <p>Enables or disables color space conversion between YUV and RGB to be executed in WPF. The characteristics of color space conversion are determined by <i>iturbt</i> and <i>clrcng</i>.</p> <p>VSP_CSC_OFF (0x00): Disable  VSP_CSC_ON (0x01): Enable</p>



unsigned char <i>iturbt</i>	Input	CSC conversion expression setting (1).  VSP_ITURBT_601 (0x00): ITU-R BT601 compliant VSP_ITURBT_709 (0x01): ITU-R BT709 compliant															
unsigned char <i>clrcng</i>	Input	CSC conversion expression setting (2).  VSP_ITU_COLOR (0x00): ITU-R rule conversion VSP_FULL_COLOR (0x01): Full conversion (input format depth = output format depth) <table border="1" data-bbox="550 562 1414 882"> <thead> <tr> <th><i>iturbt</i></th><th><i>clrcng</i></th><th></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>VSP_ITURBT_601</td><td>VSP_ITU_COLOR</td><td>YUV[16,235/240] -&gt; RGB[0,255]</td></tr> <tr> <td>VSP_ITURBT_601</td><td>VSP_FULL_COLOR</td><td>YUV[0,255] -&gt; RGB[0,255]</td></tr> <tr> <td>VSP_ITURBT_709</td><td>VSP_ITU_COLOR</td><td>YUV[16,235/240] -&gt; RGB[0,255]</td></tr> <tr> <td>VSP_ITURBT_709</td><td>VSP_FULL_COLOR</td><td>YUV[16,235/240] -&gt; RGB[16,235]</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	<i>iturbt</i>	<i>clrcng</i>		VSP_ITURBT_601	VSP_ITU_COLOR	YUV[16,235/240] -> RGB[0,255]	VSP_ITURBT_601	VSP_FULL_COLOR	YUV[0,255] -> RGB[0,255]	VSP_ITURBT_709	VSP_ITU_COLOR	YUV[16,235/240] -> RGB[0,255]	VSP_ITURBT_709	VSP_FULL_COLOR	YUV[16,235/240] -> RGB[16,235]
<i>iturbt</i>	<i>clrcng</i>																
VSP_ITURBT_601	VSP_ITU_COLOR	YUV[16,235/240] -> RGB[0,255]															
VSP_ITURBT_601	VSP_FULL_COLOR	YUV[0,255] -> RGB[0,255]															
VSP_ITURBT_709	VSP_ITU_COLOR	YUV[16,235/240] -> RGB[0,255]															
VSP_ITURBT_709	VSP_FULL_COLOR	YUV[16,235/240] -> RGB[16,235]															
unsigned char <i>cbrm</i>	Input	Bit count reduction method selection for data storage in packed RGB. This member specifies the method for reducing when data is stored in the bit fields indicated as R, G and B in section 7.3.2.1 and the target bit fields are not 8 bits.  VSP_CSC_ROUND_DOWN (0x00): The lower-order bits are truncated. VSP_CSC_ROUND_OFF (0x01): Rounding (rounding off).															
unsigned char <i>abrm</i>	Input	Bit count reduction method selection for data storage in PAD. This member specifies the method for reducing when the data selected through the <i>pxa</i> is stored in the bit fields indicated as PAD or P in section 7.3.2.1 and the target bit field is 4 bits or 1 bit. VSP_CONVERSION_THRESHOLD can be specified only when the packed RGB format includes a 1bit P field. In this case, when the data selected through the <i>pxa</i> is greater than the <i>athres</i> , 1 is stored in the P field. When the selected data is not greater than the <i>athres</i> , 0 is stored.  VSP_CONVERSION_ROUNDDOWN (0x00): The lower-order bits are truncated VSP_CONVERSION_ROUNDING (0x01): Rounding (rounding off) VSP_CONVERSION_THRESHOLD (0x02): Comparison with the threshold value. (this setting is allowed only when the storage field is 1bit)															
unsigned char <i>athres</i>	Input	Threshold for conversion to 1bit alpha data. This member specifies the threshold value used for conversion from 8bit alpha data to 1bit when the <i>abrm</i> is set to VSP_CONVERSION_THRESHOLD. When the 8bit alpha value before bit count reduction is equal to or smaller than the <i>athres</i> , 0 is stored as the reduced 1bit alpha data. In other cases, 1 is stored as the 1bit alpha data.															

unsigned char <i>clmd</i>	Input	<p>Color data clipping setting. This member specifies the method for clipping the YUV color data output from the WPF. When RGB color data is output from the WPF, specify VSP_CLMD_NO in this member.</p> <p>VSP_CLMD_NO (0x00): Not clipped. (0-255) VSP_CLMD_MODE1 (0x01): YUV mode 1. (16-235(Y),16-240(Cb/Cr)) VSP_CLMD_MODE2 (0x02): YUV mode 2. (1-254)</p>
unsigned char <i>dith</i>	Input	<p>Dithering setting. When the output format specified RGB with 18 bpp (262144 colors) or less, the color reduction processing is applied to match the number of colors.</p> <p>VSP_DITH_OFF (0x00): disable VSP_DITH_COLOR_REDUCTION (0x01): color reduction dither mode VSP_DITH_ORDERED_DITHER (0x02): ordered dither mode</p> <p>Note1: Color reduction dither is available for RGB format. Note2: Ordered dither is available only for 18bpp of RGB format. So when specify VSP_DITH_ORDERED_DITHER, set format at 18bpp of RGB. Note3: When you specify VSP_CSC_ON to csc of parameter, dither function is invalid. Specify VSP_DITH_OFF.</p>
unsigned char <i>rotation</i>	Input	<p>Rotation setting.</p> <p>VSP_ROT_OFF (0): no rotation and flipping VSP_ROT_V_FLIP (1): vertical flipping VSP_ROT_H_FLIP (2): horizontal flipping VSP_ROT_180 (3): 180 degree rotation VSP_ROT_90 (4): 90 degree rotation VSP_ROT_90_V_FLIP (5): 90 degree rotation and vertical flipping VSP_ROT_90_H_FLIP (6): 90 degree rotation and horizontal flipping VSP_ROT_270 (7): 270 degree rotation</p>
struct <i>fcp_info_t *fcp</i>	Input	<p>Frame compression setting. Pointer to a frame compression setting structure.</p>

### 7.1.2.1. fcp\_info\_t

The following is described about the member of fcp\_info\_t structure.

```
struct fcp_info_t {
    unsigned char    fcnl ;
    unsigned char    tlen ;
    unsigned short   pos_y ;
    unsigned short   pos_c ;
    unsigned short   stride_div16 ;
    unsigned int     ba_anc_prev_y ;
    unsigned int     ba_anc_cur_y ;
    unsigned int     ba_anc_next_y ;
    unsigned int     ba_anc_cur_c ;
    unsigned int     ba_ref_prev_y ;
    unsigned int     ba_ref_cur_y ;
    unsigned int     ba_ref_next_y ;
    unsigned int     ba_ref_cur_c ;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>fcn</i>	Input	<p>Renesas near-lossless compression setting.</p> <p>FCP_FCNL_DISABLE      (0): Disable FCP_FCNL_ENABLE      (1): Enable</p> <p>Note: Renesas near-lossless decompression is executed by DBSC4, DDR3/4 memory controller. When FCNL is enable, specify decompression area to destination buffer.</p>
unsigned char <i>tlen</i>	Input	Not used.
unsigned short <i>pos_y</i>	Input	Not used.
unsigned short <i>pos_c</i>	Input	Not used.
unsigned short <i>stride_div16</i>	Input	Not used.
unsigned int <i>ba_anc_prev_y</i>	Input	Not used.
unsigned int <i>ba_anc_cur_y</i>	Input	Not used.
unsigned int <i>ba_anc_next_y</i>	Input	Not used.
unsigned int <i>ba_anc_cur_c</i>	Input	Not used.
unsigned int <i>ba_ref_prev_y</i>	Input	Not used.
unsigned int <i>ba_ref_cur_y</i>	Input	Not used.
unsigned int <i>ba_ref_next_y</i>	Input	Not used.
unsigned int <i>ba_ref_cur_c</i>	Input	Not used.

### 7.1.3. vsp\_ctrl\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_ctrl\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_ctrl_t {
    struct vsp_sru_t      *sru ;
    struct vsp_uds_t      *uds ;
    struct vsp_lut_t      *lut ;
    struct vsp_clu_t      *clu ;
    struct vsp_hst_t      *hst ;
    struct vsp_hsi_t      *hsi ;
    struct vsp_bru_t      *bru ;
    struct vsp_brs_t      *brs ;
    struct vsp_hgo_t      *hgo ;
    struct vsp_hgt_t      *hgt ;
    struct vsp_shp_t      *shp ;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
struct vsp_sru_t <i>*sru</i>	Input	Pointer to a super-resolution setting structure. If you set VSP_USE_SRU to <i>connect</i> , <i>sru</i> is referred.
struct vsp_uds_t <i>*uds</i>	Input	Pointer to an up-down scaler setting structure. If you set VSP_USE_UDS to <i>connect</i> , <i>uds</i> is referred.
struct vsp_lut_t <i>*lut</i>	Input	Pointer to a look-up table setting structure. If you set VSP_USE_LUT to <i>connect</i> , <i>lut</i> is referred.
struct vsp_clu_t <i>*clu</i>	Input	Pointer to a cubic look-up table setting structure. If you set VSP_USE_CLU to <i>connect</i> , <i>clu</i> is referred.
struct vsp_hst_t <i>*hst</i>	Input	Pointer to a hue saturation value transforming setting structure. If you set VSP_USE_HST to <i>connect</i> , <i>hst</i> is referred.
struct vsp_hsi_t <i>*hsi</i>	Input	Pointer to a hue saturation value transforming inverse setting structure. If you set VSP_USE_HSI to <i>connect</i> , <i>hsi</i> is referred.
struct vsp_bru_t <i>*bru</i>	Input	Pointer to a blend/ROP setting structure. If you set VSP_USE_BRU to <i>connect</i> , <i>bru</i> is referred.
struct vsp_brs_t <i>*brs</i>	-	unused.
struct vsp_hgo_t <i>*hgo</i>	Input	Pointer to a histogram generator-one setting structure. If you set VSP_USE_HGO to <i>use_module</i> , <i>hgo</i> is referred.
struct vsp_hgt_t <i>*hgt</i>	Input	Pointer to a histogram generator-two setting structure. If you set VSP_USE_HGT to <i>use_module</i> , <i>hgt</i> is referred.
struct vsp_shp_t <i>*shp</i>	Input	Pointer to a sharpness setting structure. If you set VSP_USE_SHP to <i>use_module</i> , <i>shp</i> is referred.

Note: The *connect* is member of each module's structure.

The *use\_module* is member of vsp\_start\_t's structure.

Set NULL to the member of unused modules in struct vsp\_ctrl\_t.

### 7.1.3.1. vsp\_sru\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_sru\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_sru_t {
    unsigned char    mode;
    unsigned char    param;
    unsigned short   enscl;
    unsigned char    fxa;
    unsigned long    connect;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>mode</i>	Input	Super resolution mode setting  VSP_SRU_MODE1 (0x00) : Super resolution without scaling VSP_SRU_MODE2 (0x40) : Super resolution with double scale-up
unsigned char <i>param</i>	Input	Apply super-resolution to image  This parameter setting depends on the color space of the image input to the SRU. You can set to each color component. Be set logical disjunction.  Recommendation setting is  RGB format: VSP_SRU_RCR   VSP_SRU_GY   VSP_SRU_BCB YUV format: VSP_SRU_GY  VSP_SRU_RCR (0x08) : apply to R/Cr component VSP_SRU_GY (0x04) : apply to G/Y component VSP_SRU_BCB (0x02) : apply to B/Cb component
unsigned short <i>enscl</i>	Input	Super resolution intensity setting.  VSP_SCL_LEVEL1 (0) : Level 1 (weak) VSP_SCL_LEVEL2 (1) : Level 2 VSP_SCL_LEVEL3 (2) : Level 3 VSP_SCL_LEVEL4 (3) : Level 4 VSP_SCL_LEVEL5 (4) : Level 5 VSP_SCL_LEVEL6 (5) : Level 6 (strong)
unsigned char <i>fxa</i>	Input	Fixed alpha output value setting.  The SRU does not support input/output of the alpha value. The alpha value input to the SRU is discarded, and the fixed alpha value specified in this param is always output from the SRU.
unsigned long <i>connect</i>	Input	Processing connection setting.  Specify the module to be executed next to the SRU. If connect to WPF from SRU, you set 0.  VSP_UDS_USE (0x0002) : Up down scaler VSP_LUT_USE (0x0010) : Look up table VSP_CLU_USE (0x0020) : Cubic-Look up table VSP_HST_USE (0x0040) : Hue saturation value transform VSP_SHP_USE (0x0800) : Sharpness

### 7.1.3.2. vsp\_uds\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_uds\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_uds_t {
    unsigned char    amd;
    unsigned char    clip;
    unsigned char    alpha;
    unsigned char    complement;
    unsigned char    athres0;
    unsigned char    athres1;
    unsigned char    anum0;
    unsigned char    anum1;
    unsigned char    anum2;
    unsigned short   x_ratio;
    unsigned short   y_ratio;
    unsigned long     connect;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>amd</i>	Input	<p>Pixel count at scale-up. Specifies the number of pixels generated through scale-up in the UDS. This bit setting is ignored for scale-down.</p> <p>VSP_AMD_NO (0x00) : Pixel count after scale-up is 1 + ((n-1) * scale-up factor) VSP_AMD (0x01) : Pixel count after scale-up is (n * scale-up factor)</p>
unsigned char <i>clip</i>	Input	<p>Alpha output data threshold comparison enable/disable. Enables or disables comparison with the alpha output data threshold. When this member is VSP_CLIP_ON, the output alpha value is replaced according the <i>athres0-1</i> and <i>anum0-2</i> value. When you specify VSP_ALPHA_OFF, this member will be invalid.</p> <p>VSP_CLIP_OFF (0x00): Disable VSP_CLIP_ON (0x01): Enable</p>
unsigned char <i>alpha</i>	Input	<p>Scale-up/down of alpha plane. This member specifies whether to enable or disable scale-up/down of the alpha plane when scaling up/down in the RGB format. When the <i>alpha</i> is set VSP_ALPHA_OFF, the UDS outputs the value of the <i>anum0</i>.</p> <p>VSP_ALPHA_OFF (0x00) : alpha scale-up/-down is not performed VSP_ALPHA_ON (0x01) : alpha scale-up/-down is performed</p>
unsigned char <i>complement</i>	Input	<p>Interpolation method. Specifies the interpolation method. Recommending method is multi-tap.</p> <p>VSP_COMPLEMENT_BIL (0x00) : Bilinear method VSP_COMPLEMENT_NN (0x01) : Nearest neighbor method *1 VSP_COMPLEMENT_BC (0x02) : multi-tap method *2</p> <p>*1 This method can be used only when the scale-up/-down factor is 1/1 to 1/4. *2 When you specify VSP_COMPLEMENT_BC to <i>complement</i> can not specify VSP_ALPHA_ON to <i>alpha</i>.</p>

unsigned char <i>athres0</i>	Input	Alpha data threshold setting 0. When the alpha value is equal to or smaller than the value of the <i>athres0</i> , the alpha value is replaced with that of <i>anum0</i> . When you specify VSP_ALPHA_OFF to <i>alpha</i> , the member will be invalid.
unsigned char <i>athres1</i>	Input	Alpha data threshold setting 1. When the alpha value is equal to or greater than value of the <i>athres1</i> , the alpha value is replaced with that of <i>anum2</i> . When you specify VSP_ALPHA_OFF to <i>alpha</i> , the member will be invalid.
unsigned char <i>anum0</i>	Input	Replacing alpha value setting after clipping 0. This member set a value that replaces the alpha value when it is equal to or smaller than the value of the <i>athres0</i> . When you specify VSP_ALPHA_OFF to <i>alpha</i> , this member will be output as alpha value.
unsigned char <i>anum1</i>	Input	Replacing alpha value setting after clipping 1. This member set a value that replaces the alpha value when it is greater than the value of the <i>athres0</i> and also smaller than that of the <i>athres1</i> . When you specify VSP_ALPHA_OFF to <i>alpha</i> , this member will be invalid.
unsigned char <i>anum2</i>	Input	Replacing alpha value setting after clipping 2. This member set a value that replaces the alpha value when it is equal to or greater than the value of the <i>athres1</i> . When you specify VSP_ALPHA_OFF to <i>alpha</i> , this member will be invalid.
unsigned short <i>x_ratio</i>	Input	Horizontal scaling factor. The horizontal scaling factor has integral part (MANT, 4bit) and fractional part (FRAC, 12bit). Scale factor is the following formula: scale factor = 4096 / ((4096 * MANT) + FRAC) When specify same size, MANT=1 and FRAC=0. X_ratio = 0x1000.
unsigned short <i>y_ratio</i>	Input	Vertical scaling factor. Same as specified in the horizontal.
unsigned long <i>connect</i>	Input	Processing connection setting.  Specify the module to be executed next to the UDS. If connect to WPF from UDS, you set 0.  VSP_SRU_USE (0x0001) : Super-resolution VSP_LUT_USE (0x0010) : Look up table VSP_CLU_USE (0x0020) : Cubic-Look up table VSP_HST_USE (0x0040) : Hue saturation value transform VSP_SHP_USE (0x0800) : Sharpness

### 7.1.3.3. vsp\_lut\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_lut\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_lut_t {
    struct vsp_dl_t    lut;
    unsigned char      fxa;
    unsigned long      connect;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
struct vsp_dl_t lut	Input	Look up table. Specify color lookup table. The setting range of <i>tbl_num</i> is 1 to 256. When the <i>size</i> specified fewer than 256, areas not setting does not guarantee.
unsigned char fxa	Input	Fixed alpha output value setting.  The LUT does not support input/output of the alpha value. The alpha value input to the LUT is discarded, and the fixed alpha value specified in this param is always output from the LUT.
unsigned long connect	Input	Processing connection setting.  Specify the module to be executed next to the LUT. If connect to WPF from LUT, you set 0.  VSP_SRU_USE (0x0001) : Super-resolution VSP_UDS_USE (0x0002) : Up down scaler VSP_CLU_USE (0x0020) : Cubic-Look up table VSP_HST_USE (0x0040) : Hue saturation value transform VSP_HSI_USE (0x0080) : Hue saturation value transform inverse VSP_BRU_USE (0x0100) : Blend ROP VSP_SHP_USE (0x0800) : Sharpness

**Table 7-7 storage method of lut buffer.**

offset	MSB (31)	LSB (0)
0	0x00007000	
	Don't care	R/Cr/H (8bit) G/Y/S (8bit) B/Cb/V (8bit)
1	0x00007004	
	Don't care	R/Cr/H (8bit) G/Y/S (8bit) B/Cb/V (8bit)
2	0x00007008	
	Don't care	R/Cr/H (8bit) G/Y/S (8bit) B/Cb/V (8bit)
...	...	
n	0x00007000 + n * 4	
	Don't care	R/Cr/H (8bit) G/Y/S (8bit) B/Cb/V (8bit)
...	...	
254	0x000073F8	
	Don't care	R/Cr/H (8bit) G/Y/S (8bit) B/Cb/V (8bit)
255	0x000073FC	
	Don't care	R/Cr/H (8bit) G/Y/S (8bit) B/Cb/V (8bit)

Note: When color format is RGB, set to R, G, and B.  
When color format is YUV, set to Cr, Y and Cb.  
When color format is HSV, set to H, S and V.



### 7.1.3.4. vsp\_clu\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_clu\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_clu_t {
    unsigned char    mode;
    struct vsp_dl_t  clu;
    unsigned char    fxa;
    unsigned long    connect;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents																								
unsigned char <i>mode</i>	Input	<p>LUT dimension number</p> <p>Specifies the number of LUT dimensions. 2D mode can be used only when the CLU input color space is YCbCr.</p> <p>VSP_CLU_MODE_3D (0x00) : Operates in 3D mode</p> <p>VSP_CLU_MODE_2D (0x01) : Operates in 2D mode</p> <p>VSP_CLU_MODE_3D_AUTO (0x80) : Operates in 3D mode with automatic table address increment.</p> <p>VSP_CLU_MODE_2D_AUTO (0x81) : Operates in 2D mode with automatic table address increment.</p>																								
struct vsp_dl_t <i>clu</i>	Input	<p>Cubic look-up table</p> <p>Specify color lookup table.</p> <p>When you automatic table address increment, the setting range of <i>tbl_num</i> is 1 to 4913 in 3D mode and 1 to 289 in 2D mode.</p> <p>When you use normal operation mode, the setting range of <i>tbl_num</i> is 2 to 9826 in 3D mode and 2 to 578 in 2D mode. Specify multiple of 2.</p> <p>When operates in 3D mode.</p> <table><tr><th></th><th>1<sup>st</sup> axis</th><th>2<sup>nd</sup> axis</th><th>3<sup>rd</sup> axis</th></tr><tr><td>coordinate</td><td>valid</td><td>valid</td><td>valid</td></tr><tr><td>component</td><td>R/Cr/H (8bit)</td><td>G/Y/S (8bit)</td><td>B/Cb/V (8bit)</td></tr></table> <p>When operates in 2D mode.</p> <table><tr><th></th><th>1<sup>st</sup> axis</th><th>2<sup>nd</sup> axis</th><th>3<sup>rd</sup> axis</th></tr><tr><td>coordinate</td><td>valid</td><td>valid</td><td>invalid</td></tr><tr><td>component</td><td>0</td><td>Y (8bit)</td><td>0</td></tr></table>		1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis	coordinate	valid	valid	valid	component	R/Cr/H (8bit)	G/Y/S (8bit)	B/Cb/V (8bit)		1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis	coordinate	valid	valid	invalid	component	0	Y (8bit)	0
	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis																							
coordinate	valid	valid	valid																							
component	R/Cr/H (8bit)	G/Y/S (8bit)	B/Cb/V (8bit)																							
	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis																							
coordinate	valid	valid	invalid																							
component	0	Y (8bit)	0																							
unsigned char <i>fxa</i>	Input	<p>Fixed alpha output value setting.</p> <p>The CLU does not support input/output of the alpha value. The alpha value input to the CLU is discarded, and the fixed alpha value specified in this param is always output from the CLU.</p>																								

unsigned long <i>connect</i>	Input	<p>Processing connection setting.</p> <p>Specify the module to be executed next to the CLU. If connect to WPF from CLU, you set 0.</p> <p>VSP_SRU_USE    (0x0001) : Super-resolution  VSP_UDS_USE    (0x0002) : Up down scaler  VSP_LUT_USE    (0x0010) : Look up table  VSP_HST_USE    (0x0040) : Hue saturation value transform  VSP_HSI_USE    (0x0080) : Hue saturation value transform inverse  VSP_BRU_USE    (0x0100) : Blend ROP  VSP_SHP_USE    (0x0800) : Sharpness</p>
---------------------------------	-------	---

Table 7-8 shows the relationship between a coordinate and a component. A coordinate and a component are same buffer array.

**Table 7-8 storage method of coordinate and component value**

(1) VSP\_CLU\_MODE\_3D/VSP\_CLU\_MODE\_2D

offset	element	MSB (31)LSB (0)			
0	Coordinate [31:0]	0x00007400			
		-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
1	Component [31:0]	0x00007404			
		-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
2	Coordinate [31:0]	0x00007400			
		-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
3	Component [31:0]	0x00007404			
		-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
...	...	...			
9824	Coordinate [31:0]	0x00007400			
		-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
9825	Component [31:0]	0x00007404			
		-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis

Note: 2D mode range is 0 to 577. 3D mode range is 0 to 9825.

(2) VSP\_CLU\_MODE\_3D\_AUTO/VSP\_CLU\_MODE\_2D\_AUTO

offset	Coordinate (automatic increment)				Component [31 :0]			
0	-	0	0	0	0x00007404			
					-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
1	-	1	0	0	0x00007404			
					-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	-	15	0	0	0x00007404			
					-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
16	-	16	0	0	0x00007404			
					-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
17	-	0	1	0	0x00007404			
					-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
18	-	1	1	0	0x00007404			
					-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
287	-	15	16	0	0x00007404			
					-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
288	-	16	16	0	0x00007404			
					-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
289	-	0	0	1	0x00007404			
					-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
290	-	1	0	1	0x00007404			
					-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4911	-	15	16	16	0x00007404			
					-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis
4912	-	16	16	16	0x00007404			
					-	1 <sup>st</sup> axis	2 <sup>nd</sup> axis	3 <sup>rd</sup> axis

Note: 2D mode range is 0 to 288. 3D mode range is 0 to 4912.

### 7.1.3.5. vsp\_hst\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_hst\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_hst_t {
    unsigned char    fxa;
    unsigned long    connect;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>fxa</i>	Input	Fixed alpha output value setting.  The HST does not support input/output of the alpha value. The alpha value input to the HST is discarded, and the fixed alpha value specified in this param is always output from the HST.
unsigned long <i>connect</i>	Input	Processing connection setting.  Specify the module to be executed next to the HST. If connect to WPF from HST, you set 0.  VSP_LUT_USE    (0x0010) : Look up table VSP_CLU_USE    (0x0020) : Cubic-Look up table VSP_HSI_USE    (0x0080) : Hue saturation value transform inverse

### 7.1.3.6. vsp\_hsi\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_hsi\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_hsi_t {
    unsigned char    fxa;
    unsigned long    connect;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>fxa</i>	Input	Fixed alpha output value setting.  The HSI does not support input/output of the alpha value. The alpha value input to the HSI is discarded, and the fixed alpha value specified in this param is always output from the HSI.
unsigned long <i>connect</i>	Input	Processing connection setting.  Specify the module to be executed next to the HSI. If connect to WPF from HSI, you set 0.  VSP_SRU_USE   (0x0001) : Super-resolution VSP_UDS_USE   (0x0002) : Up down scaler VSP_LUT_USE    (0x0010) : Look up table VSP_CLU_USE    (0x0020) : Cubic-Look up table VSP_HST_USE    (0x0040) : Hue saturation value transform VSP_SHP_USE    (0x0800) : Sharpness

### 7.1.3.7. vsp\_bru\_t

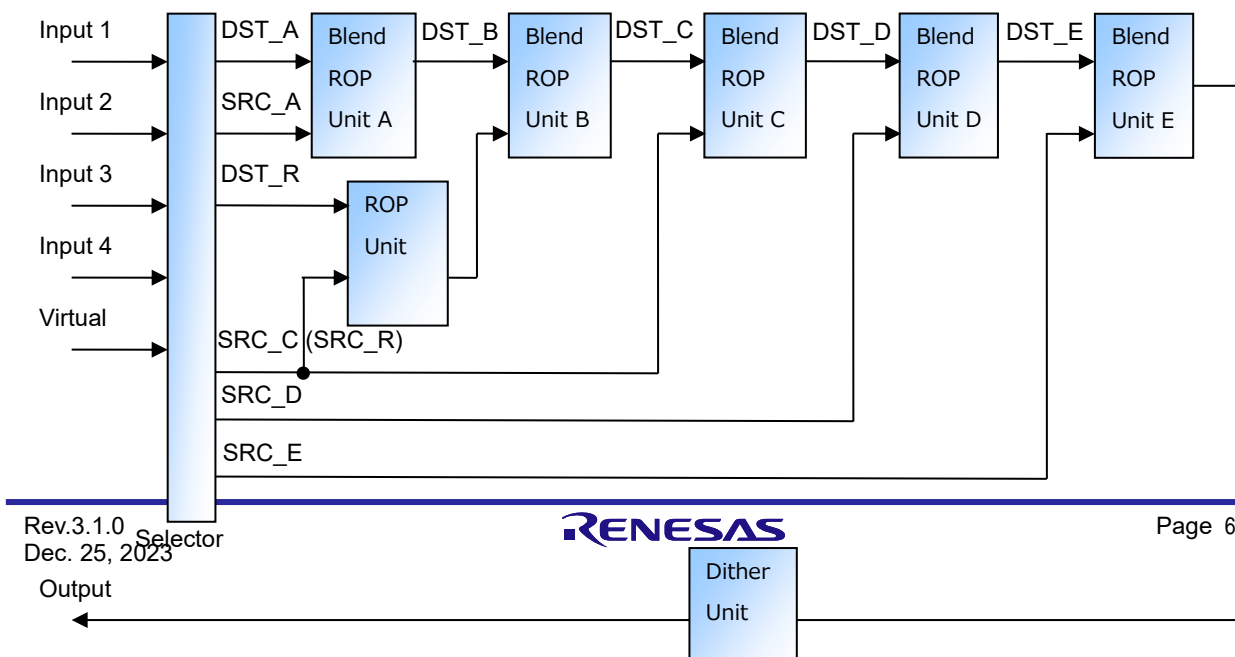
The following is described about the member of vsp\_bru\_t structure.

```

struct vsp_bru_t {
    unsigned long          lay_order;
    unsigned char          adiv;
    struct vsp_bld_dither_t *dither_unit[5];
    struct vsp_bld_vir_t    *blend_virtual;
    struct vsp_bld_ctrl_t   *blend_unit_a;
    struct vsp_bld_ctrl_t   *blend_unit_b;
    struct vsp_bld_ctrl_t   *blend_unit_c;
    struct vsp_bld_ctrl_t   *blend_unit_d;
    struct vsp_bld_ctrl_t   *blend_unit_e;
    struct vsp_bld_rop_t     *rop_unit;
    unsigned long          connect;
};
    
```

Member	Direction	Contents																												
unsigned long <i>lay_order</i>	Input	<p>Layer order setting of input image. Specify layer number you want put. You can specify 5 layers including virtual input. You must specify valid layer to lowest back (DST_A).</p> <p>VSP_LAY_NO       (0x00): no input VSP_LAY_1       (0x01): input image 1 (correspond to the <i>src_par[0]</i>) VSP_LAY_2       (0x02): input image 2 (correspond to the <i>src_par[1]</i>) VSP_LAY_3       (0x03): input image 3 (correspond to the <i>src_par[2]</i>) VSP_LAY_4       (0x04): input image 4 (correspond to the <i>src_par[3]</i>) VSP_LAY_VIRTUAL (0x05): virtual input VSP_LAY_5       (0x06): input image 5 (correspond to the <i>src_par[4]</i>)</p> <table><tr><td colspan="3">MSB</td><td colspan="4">LSB</td></tr><tr><td>-</td><td>5<sup>th</sup> from lowest back</td><td>4<sup>th</sup> from lowest back</td><td>3<sup>rd</sup> from lowest back</td><td>2<sup>nd</sup> from lowest back</td><td>1<sup>st</sup> from lowest back</td><td>Lowest back</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>SRC_E</td><td>SRC_D</td><td>SRC_R/ SRC_C</td><td>DST_R</td><td>SRC_A</td><td>DST_A</td></tr><tr><td>63-24</td><td>23-20</td><td>19-16</td><td>15-12</td><td>11-8</td><td>7-4</td><td>3-0</td></tr></table>	MSB			LSB				-	5 <sup>th</sup> from lowest back	4 <sup>th</sup> from lowest back	3 <sup>rd</sup> from lowest back	2 <sup>nd</sup> from lowest back	1 <sup>st</sup> from lowest back	Lowest back		SRC_E	SRC_D	SRC_R/ SRC_C	DST_R	SRC_A	DST_A	63-24	23-20	19-16	15-12	11-8	7-4	3-0
MSB			LSB																											
-	5 <sup>th</sup> from lowest back	4 <sup>th</sup> from lowest back	3 <sup>rd</sup> from lowest back	2 <sup>nd</sup> from lowest back	1 <sup>st</sup> from lowest back	Lowest back																								
	SRC_E	SRC_D	SRC_R/ SRC_C	DST_R	SRC_A	DST_A																								
63-24	23-20	19-16	15-12	11-8	7-4	3-0																								
unsigned char <i>adiv</i>	Input	<p>Color data normalization Enables or disables division by the alpha value of the color data in BRU blending operation. This is used when converting the RGB color data format to which the alpha value is multiplied (premultiplied color) into the RGB color data format to which the alpha value is not multiplied (non premultiplied color). DO not use this for the YUV format.</p> <p>VSP_DIVISION_OFF       (0x00): Divider does not divide the color value by alpha. VSP_DIVISION_ON       (0x01): Divider divides the color value by alpha.</p>																												

struct vsp_bld_dither_t *dither_unit[5]	Input	Dither unit setting When specify null pointer, dithering will be disable. The <i>dither_unit[0]</i> corresponds to the input image 1. The <i>dither_unit[1]</i> corresponds to the input image 2. The other is also similar.
struct vsp_bld_vir_t *blend_virtual	Input	Pointer to a structure virtual input setting. When you specify the VSP_LAY_VIRTUAL to <i>lay_order</i> , this member will be referred.
struct vsp_bld_ctrl_t *blend_unit_a	Input	Pointer to a structure of Blend/ROP Unit A. When you specify null pointer, the blend/ROP unit through to the DST_A. Note: can not specify VSP_LAYER_NO to DST_A.
struct vsp_bld_ctrl_t *blend_unit_b	Input	Pointer to a structure of Blend/ROP Unit B. When you specify VSP_LAY_NO to DST_R or null pointer to this member, the Blend/ROP unit through to the DST_B.
struct vsp_bld_ctrl_t *blend_unit_c	Input	Pointer to a structure of Blend/ROP Unit C. When you specify VSP_LAY_NO to SRC_C (SRC_R) or null pointer to this member, the Blend/ROP unit through to the DST_C.
struct vsp_bld_ctrl_t *blend_unit_d	Input	Pointer to a structure of Blend/ROP Unit D. When you specify VSP_LAY_NO to SRC_D or null pointer to this member, the Blend/ROP unit through to the DST_D.
struct vsp_bld_ctrl_t *blend_unit_e	Input	Pointer to a structure of Blend/ROP Unit E. When you specify VSP_LAY_NO to SRC_E or null pointer to the member, the Blend/ROP unit through to the DST_E.
struct vsp_bld_rop_t *rop_unit	Input	Pointer to a structure of ROP Unit. When you specify VSP_LAY_NO to SRC_C (SRC_R) or null pointer to this member, the Blend/ROP unit through to the DST_D. Also when you specify VSP_LAY_NO to DST_R, ROP unit will be invalid. In that case, The Blend/ROP Unit B through to the DST_B. Note: When setting <i>rop_unit</i> , be sure to set <i>blend_unit_c</i> . It is prohibited to set null pointer to <i>blend_unit_c</i> when <i>rop_unit</i> is set.
unsigned long <i>connect</i>	Input	Processing connection setting. Specify the module to be executed next to the BRU. If connect to WPF from BRU, you set 0.  VSP_LUT_USE    (0x0010) : Look up table VSP_CLU_USE    (0x0020) : Cubic-Look up table



**Figure 7-5 Configuration BLEND/ROP unit**

Figure 7-5 shows configuration Blend/ROP unit. The Blend/ROP unit is composed of 5 multifunction units and a ROP unit. Source (SRC) and destination (DST) of The Blend/ROP unit is specified the *lay\_order* of *vsp\_bru\_t*. You can specify 6 parameters of DST\_A, SRC\_A, DST\_R, SRC\_C (SRC\_R) SRC\_D and SRC\_E. The DST of DST\_A, SRC\_A, DST\_R and SRC\_C (SRC\_R) are output of each Blend/ROP unit A, B and C. Also the SRC of Blend/ROP unit B is output of ROP unit.

If any of the following conditions is satisfied, the Blend/ROP unit through the DST.

- When specify null pointer to *blend\_unit\_a*, *blend\_unit\_b*, *blend\_unit\_c*, *blend\_unit\_d*, *blend\_unit\_e* and *rop\_unit*.
- When specify invalid input to SRC. (VSP\_LAY\_NO etc)
- About the Blend/ROP Unit B, When the ROP Unit has no output.

Layer that you specify for the *lay\_order*, you must match the input image information that you specify for the *src\_par* of *vsp\_start\_t*.

Example1:

when *rpf\_num* = 1 (*src\_par[0]* is valid), can specify VSP\_LAY\_1/VSP\_LAY\_VIRTUAL.

Example2:

when *rpf\_num* = 2 (*src\_par[0]* and *src\_par[1]* are valid), when specify VSP\_LAY\_2 only, this is parameter error. Must be set VSP\_LAY\_1.



(a) `vsp_bld_dither_t`

The following is described about the member of `vsp_bld_dither_t` structure.

```
struct vsp_bld_dither_t {
    unsigned char    mode;
    unsigned char    bpp;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>mode</i>	Input	<p>Dither unit setting. Select dithering function.</p> <p>VSP_DITH_COLOR_REDUCTION (0x01): color reduction dither mode</p> <p>VSP_DITH_ORDERED_DITHER (0x02): ordered dither mode</p>
unsigned char <i>bpp</i>	Input	<p>Number of color for pixels after dithering setting. Specify the number of colors for pixels after dithering. When specify VSP_DITH_ORDERED_DITHER to <i>mode</i>, specify VSP_DITH_18BPP to <i>bpp</i>.</p> <p>VSP_DITH_OFF (0x00): Disable</p> <p>VSP_DITH_18BPP (0x01): 18bpp (RGB666:260000 colors)</p> <p>VSP_DITH_16BPP (0x02): 16bpp (RGB565:65535 colors)</p> <p>VSP_DITH_15BPP (0x03): 15bpp (RGB555:32768 colors)</p> <p>VSP_DITH_12BPP (0x04): 12bpp (RGB666:4096 colors)</p> <p>VSP_DITH_8BPP (0x05): 8bpp (RGB666:256 colors)</p>

(b) `vsp_bld_vir_t`

The following is described about the member of `vsp_bld_vir_t` structure.

```
struct vsp_bld_vir_t {
    unsigned short    width;
    unsigned short    height;
    unsigned short    x_position;
    unsigned short    y_position;
    unsigned char      pwd;
    unsigned long      color;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned short <i>width</i>	Input	Horizontal size of virtual input. [pixel] (1 to 8190)
unsigned short <i>height</i>	Input	Vertical size of virtual input. [line] (1 to 8190)
unsigned short <i>x_position</i>	Input	Horizontal coordinate of sublayer display location on master layer. A value from 0 to 8189 can be specified. When specify VSP_LAYER_PARENT to <i>pwd</i> , specify 0.
unsigned short <i>y_position</i>	Input	Vertical coordinate of sublayer display location on master layer. A value from 0 to 8189 can be specified. When specify VSP_LAYER_PARENT to <i>pwd</i> , specify 0.
unsigned char <i>pwd</i>	Input	Layer setting. When specify sub layer, put to <i>x_position</i> and <i>y_position</i> are specified position. Also, don't protrude from the master layer. Specify master layer one out of input image all.  VSP_LAYER_PARENT (0x02): master layer VSP_LAYER_CHILD (0x01): sub layer
unsigned long <i>color</i>	Input	Image color setting of virtual input. Specify RGB or YUV color data of virtual input.  <div><div>MSB</div><div>LSB</div><div>RGB format</div><div><div></div><div>A (8bit)</div><div>R (8bit)</div><div>G (8bit)</div><div>B (8bit)</div><div>6332310</div></div><div><div>MSB</div><div>LSB</div><div>YUV format</div><div><div></div><div>A (8bit)</div><div>Cr (8bit)</div><div>Y (8bit)</div><div>Cb (8bit)</div><div>6332310</div></div></div></div>

(c) vsp\_bld\_ctrl\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_bld\_ctrl\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_bld_ctrl_t {
    unsigned char    rbc ;
    unsigned char    crop ;
    unsigned char    arop ;
    unsigned char    blend_formula ;
    unsigned char    blend_coefx;
    unsigned char    blend_coefy;
    unsigned char    aformula;
    unsigned char    acoefx;
    unsigned char    acoefy;
    unsigned char    acoefx_fix;
    unsigned char    acoefy_fix ;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>rbc</i>	Input	Operation type of blending / ROP unit.  VSP_RBC_ROP (0x00) : Raster operation VSP_RBC_BLEND (0x01) : Blending operation
unsigned char <i>crop</i>	Input	Raster operation setting of color data. Can specify the defined "Table 7-2 Define of Raster operation".
unsigned char <i>arop</i>	Input	Raster operation setting of alpha value. Can specify the defined "Table 7-2 Define of Raster operation".
unsigned char <i>blend_formula</i>	Input	Blending expression selection Selects the blending expression of the color data in the BRU. Blending coefficients are specified by the <i>blend_coefx</i> and <i>blend_coefy</i> . If set to VSP_RBC_BLEND the <i>rbc</i> , can be used.  VSP_FORM_BLEND0 (0x00) : coefficient x * (DST color data) + coefficient y * (SRC color data) VSP_FORM_BLEND1 (0x01) : coefficient x * (DST color data) – coefficient y * (SRC color data)
unsigned char <i>blend_coefx</i>	Input	Blending coefficient X selection  VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDX1 (0x00) : (DST alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDX2 (0x01) : 255-(DST alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDX3 (0x02) : (SRC alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDX4 (0x03) : 255-(SRC alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDX5 (0x04) : ( <i>acoefx_fix</i> )
unsigned char <i>blend_coefy</i>	Input	Blending coefficient Y selection  VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDY1 (0x00) : (DST alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDY2 (0x01) : 255-(DST alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDY3 (0x02) : (SRC alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDY4 (0x03) : 255-(SRC alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDY5 (0x04) : ( <i>acoefy_fix</i> )

unsigned char <i>aformula</i>	Input	<p>Blending alpha creation expression</p> <p>Specifies the expression for creating alpha data after blending by blend / ROP unit. Alpha creation coefficients are specified by the <i>acoefx</i> and <i>acoefy</i>.</p> <p>VSP_FORM_ALPHA0 (0x00) : coefficient x * (DST alpha data) + coefficient y * (SRC alpha data)</p> <p>VSP_FORM_ALPHA1 (0x01) : coefficient x * (DST alpha data) – coefficient y * (SRC alpha data)</p>
unsigned char <i>acoefx</i>	Input	<p>Alpha creation coefficient X.</p> <p>VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAX1 (0x00) : (DST alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAX2 (0x01) : 255-(DST alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAX3 (0x02) : (SRC alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAX4 (0x03) : 255-(SRC alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAX5 (0x04) : (<i>acoefx_fix</i>)</p>
unsigned char <i>acoefy</i>	Input	<p>Alpha creation coefficient Y.</p> <p>VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAY1 (0x00) : (DST alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAY2 (0x01) : 255-(DST alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAY3 (0x02) : (SRC alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAY4 (0x03) : 255-(SRC alpha data) VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAY5 (0x04) : (<i>acoefy_fix</i>)</p>
unsigned char <i>acoefx_fix</i>	Input	<p>Fixed alpha value 1. (0 to 255)</p> <p>This parameter specify fixed alpha value 1 used when the <i>acoefx</i> is set to VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAX5 or <i>blend_coefx</i> is set to VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDX5.</p>
unsigned char <i>acoefy_fix</i>	Input	<p>Fixed alpha value 2. (0 to 255)</p> <p>This parameter specify fixed alpha value 1 used when the <i>acoefy</i> is set to VSP_COEFFICIENT_ALPHAY5 or <i>blend_coefy</i> is set to VSP_COEFFICIENT_BLENDY5.</p>

(d) vsp\_bld\_rop\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_bld\_rop\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_bld_rop_t {
    unsigned char    crop;
    unsigned char    arop;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>crop</i>	Input	<p>Raster operation setting of color data. Can specify the defined “Table 7-2 Define of Raster operation”.</p>
unsigned char <i>arop</i>	Input	<p>Raster operation setting of alpha value. Can specify the defined “Table 7-2 Define of Raster operation”.</p>

### 7.1.3.8. vsp\_hgo\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_hgo\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_hgo_t {
    unsigned int    hard_addr;
    void           *virt_addr;
    void           *mem_par;
    unsigned short  width;
    unsigned short  height;
    unsigned short  x_offset;
    unsigned short  y_offset;
    unsigned char   binary_mode ;
    unsigned char   maxrgb_mode ;
    unsigned char   step_mode ;
    unsigned short  x_skip ;
    unsigned short  y_skip ;
    unsigned long   sampling ;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned int <i>hard_addr</i>	Input	Histogram buffer address. 256 byte alignment is required. Also, specify the physical address. Buffer size request 1088 bytes or more.
void <i>*virt_addr</i>	Input	Pointer to a histogram buffer address. 256 byte alignment is required. Also, specify the virtual address. Buffer size request 1088 bytes or more.
void <i>*mem_par</i>	-	Not used.
unsigned short <i>width</i>	Input	Horizontal size of histogram detection window. (1 to 8190) [pixel unit]
unsigned short <i>height</i>	Input	Vertical size of histogram detection window. (1 to 8190) [line]
unsigned short <i>x_offset</i>	Input	Horizontal offset of histogram detection window. (0 to 8189) [pixel unit] If ' <i>width</i> + <i>x_offset</i> ' is greater than 8190, VSP will return error.
unsigned short <i>y_offset</i>	Input	Vertical size of histogram detection window. (0 to 8189) [line] If ' <i>height</i> + <i>y_offset</i> ' is greater than 8190, VSP will return error.
unsigned char <i>binary_mode</i>	Input	Offset binary mode setting. In offset binary mode, values are converted to absolute values before they are used to detect the maximum value, minimum value, sum, and black band. Note that values without conversion are always used for histogram creation regardless of this mode setting.  VSP_STRAIGHT_BINARY (0x00) : straight binary mode VSP_OFFSET_BINARY (0x50) : offset binary mode  Note: VSP_OFFSET_BINARY is available only YUV. When color space of target is RGB, recommend to set VSP_STRAIGHT_BINARY.

unsigned char <i>maxrgb_mode</i>	Input	<p>Histogram source component setting.</p> <p>VSP_MAXRGB_OFF           (0x00): 3 color components independently. VSP_MAXRGB_ON           (0x80): the maximum value of RGB data.</p> <p>Note: VSP_MAXRGB_ON is available only RGB. When color space of target is other than RGB, must set VSP_MAXRGB_OFF.</p>
unsigned char <i>step_mode</i>	Input	<p>Histogram step of Y or maximum RGB setting.</p> <p>VSP_STEP_64    (0x00): 64 step mode. VSP_STEP_256   (0x01): 256 step mode.</p> <p>Note: VSP_STEP_256 is available Y component or maximum value of RGB (VSP_MAXRGB_ON).</p>
unsigned short <i>x_skip</i>	Input	<p>Horizontal pixel skipping mode setting</p> <p>VSP_SKIP_OFF           (0x00) : No skipping. VSP_SKIP_1_2           (0x01) : Horizontal 1/2 skipping. One pixel is discarded from every two pixels before a histogram is created. VSP_SKIP_1_4           (0x02) : Horizontal 1/4 skipping. Three pixels are discarded from every four pixels before a histogram is created.</p>
unsigned short <i>y_skip</i>	Input	<p>Vertical pixel skipping mode setting. Refer to <i>x_skip</i> parameter.</p>
unsigned long <i>sampling</i>	Input	<p>Detection module setting. You can specify from the following modules to be detected. If you specify a module you don't use, returns the parameter error.</p> <p>VSP_SMPPT_SRC1       (0) : 1<sup>st</sup> input source VSP_SMPPT_SRC2       (1) : 2<sup>nd</sup> input source VSP_SMPPT_SRC3       (2) : 3<sup>rd</sup> input source VSP_SMPPT_SRC4       (3) : 4<sup>th</sup> input source VSP_SMPPT_SRC5       (4) : 5<sup>th</sup> input source VSP_SMPPT_SRU       (16) : Super-resolution VSP_SMPPT_UDS       (17) : Up down scaler VSP_SMPPT_LUT       (22) : Look up table VSP_SMPPT_BRU       (27) : Blend ROP VSP_SMPPT_CLU       (29) : Cubic-Look up table VSP_SMPPT_HST       (30) : Hue saturation value transform VSP_SMPPT_HSI       (31) : Hue saturation value transform inverse VSP_SMPPT_SHP       (46) : Sharpness</p>

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The HGO uses 1088 bytes. Be allocating memory over 1088 bytes.

(1) 64 step mode & maxRGB disable

Offset	Component	Bit [31:0]
+0	R/Cr/H	R_HISTOGRAM_0[23:0]
+1		R_HISTOGRAM_1[23:0]
...		...
+62	G/Y/S	R_HISTOGRAM_62[23:0]
+63		R_HISTOGRAM_63[23:0]
+64		G_HISTOGRAM_0[23:0]
+65	G/Y/S	G_HISTOGRAM_1[23:0]
...		...
+126		G_HISTOGRAM_62[23:0]
+127		G_HISTOGRAM_63[23:0]
+128	B/Cb/V	B_HISTOGRAM_0[23:0]
+129		B_HISTOGRAM_1[23:0]
...		...
+190	B/Cb/V	B_HISTOGRAM_62[23:0]
+191		B_HISTOGRAM_63[23:0]
+192	N.A	Reserved
...	...	...
+271	N.A	Reserved

(2) 64 step mode & maxRGB enable

Offset	Component	Bit [31:0]
+0	N.A	Reserved
...		...
+63		Reserved
+64	max(R, G, B)	HISTOGRAM_0 [23:0]
+65		HISTOGRAM_1 [23:0]
...		...
+126	max(R, G, B)	HISTOGRAM_62 [23:0]
+127		HISTOGRAM_63 [23:0]
+128		Reserved
...	N.A	...
+271		Reserved

(3) 256 step mode

Offset	Component	Bit [31:0]
+0	max(R, G, B)	HISTOGRAM_0 [23:0]
+1		HISTOGRAM_1 [23:0]
...		...
+254	max(R, G, B)	HISTOGRAM_254 [23:0]
+255		HISTOGRAM_255 [23:0]
+256		Reserved
...	N.A	...
+271		Reserved

### 7.1.3.9. vsp\_hgt\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_hgt\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_hgt_t {
    unsigned int    hard_addr;
    void            *virt_addr;
    void            *mem_par;
    unsigned short  width;
    unsigned short  height;
    unsigned short  x_offset;
    unsigned short  y_offset;
    unsigned short  x_skip;
    unsigned short  y_skip;
    struct vsp_hue_area_t area[6];
    unsigned long   sampling;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned int <i>hard_addr</i>	Input	Histogram buffer address. 256 byte alignment is required. Also, specify the physical address. Buffer size request 800 bytes or more.
void <i>*virt_addr</i>	Input	Pointer to a histogram buffer address. 256 byte alignment is required. Also, specify the virtual address. Buffer size request 800 bytes or more.
void <i>*mem_par</i>	-	Not used.
unsigned short <i>width</i>	Input	Horizontal size of histogram detection window. (1 to 8190) [pixel unit]
unsigned short <i>height</i>	Input	Vertical size of histogram detection window. (1 to 8190) [line]
unsigned short <i>x_offset</i>	Input	Horizontal offset of histogram detection window. (0 to 8189) [pixel unit] If ' <i>width</i> + <i>x_offset</i> ' is greater than 8190, VSP will return error.
unsigned short <i>y_offset</i>	Input	Vertical size of histogram detection window. (0 to 8189) [line] If ' <i>height</i> + <i>y_offset</i> ' is greater than 8190, VSP will return error.
unsigned short <i>x_skip</i>	Input	Horizontal pixel skipping mode setting  VSP_SKIP_OFF (0x00) : No skipping. VSP_SKIP_1_2 (0x01) : Horizontal 1/2 skipping. One pixel is discarded from every two pixels before a histogram is created. VSP_SKIP_1_4 (0x02) : Horizontal 1/4 skipping. Three pixels are discarded from every four pixels before a histogram is created.
unsigned short <i>y_skip</i>	Input	Vertical pixel skipping mode setting. Refer to <i>x_skip</i> parameter.
struct vsp_hue_area_t <i>area[6]</i>	Input	HUE area structure. Please refer to the vsp_hue_area_t structure.
unsigned long <i>sampling</i>	Input	Detection module setting. You can specify from the following modules to be detected. If you specify a module you don't use, returns the parameter error.  VSP_SMPPT_SRC1 (0) : 1 <sup>st</sup> input source



		VSP_SMPPT_SRC2	(1) : 2 <sup>nd</sup> input source
		VSP_SMPPT_SRC3	(2) : 3 <sup>rd</sup> input source
		VSP_SMPPT_SRC4	(3) : 4 <sup>th</sup> input source
		VSP_SMPPT_SRC5	(4) : 5 <sup>th</sup> input source
		VSP_SMPPT_SRU	(16) : Super-resolution
		VSP_SMPPT_UDS	(17) : Up down scaler
		VSP_SMPPT_LUT	(22) : Look up table
		VSP_SMPPT_BRU	(27) : Blend ROP
		VSP_SMPPT_CLU	(29) : Cubic-Look up table
		VSP_SMPPT_HST	(30) : Hue saturation value transform
		VSP_SMPPT_HSI	(31) : Hue saturation value transform inverse
		VSP_SMPPT_SHP	(46) : Sharpness

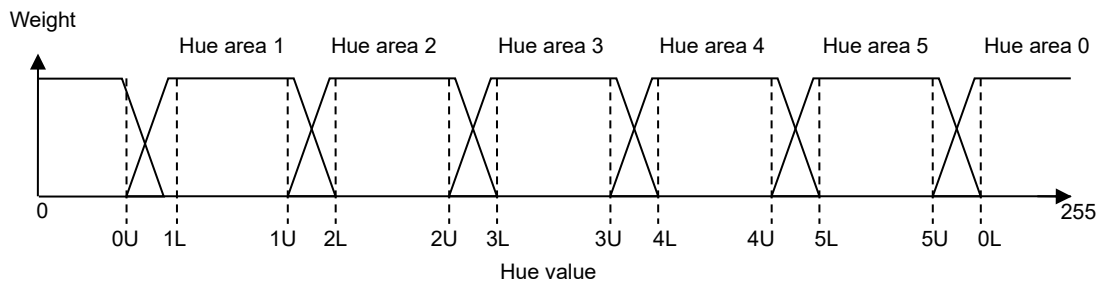
(a) `vsp_hue_area_t`

The following is described about the member of `vsp_hue_area_t` structure.

```
struct vsp_hue_area_t {
    unsigned char    lower;
    unsigned char    upper;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>lower</i>	Input	Lower boundary value for hue area. (0 to 255)
unsigned char <i>upper</i>	Input	Upper boundary value for hue area. (0 to 255)

Set the HUE Area as shown in Figure 7-6.



**Figure 7-6 Weighting Histogram Using Hue**

$0L = area[0].lower$	$0U = area[0].upper$
$1L = area[1].lower$	$1U = area[1].upper$
...	
$5L = area[5].lower$	$5U = area[5].upper$

$0L \leq 0U \leq 1L \leq 1U \leq 2L \leq 2U \leq 3L \leq 3U \leq 4L \leq 4U \leq 5L \leq 5U$   
 $0U \leq 1L \leq 1U \leq 2L \leq 2U \leq 3L \leq 3U \leq 4L \leq 4U \leq 5L \leq 5U \leq 0L$

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The HGT uses 800 bytes. Be allocating memory over 800 bytes.

Offset	Hue area	Bit [31:0]
+0	Hue Area 0	HISTOGRAM_0 [21:0]
+1		HISTOGRAM_1 [21:0]
...		...
+30		HISTOGRAM_30 [21:0]
+31		HISTOGRAM_31 [21:0]
+32	Hue Area 1	HISTOGRAM_0 [21:0]
+33		HISTOGRAM_1 [21:0]
...		...
+62		HISTOGRAM_30 [21:0]
+63		HISTOGRAM_31 [21:0]
		...
+160	Hue Area 5	HISTOGRAM_0 [21:0]
+161		HISTOGRAM_1 [21:0]
...		...
+190		HISTOGRAM_30 [21:0]
+191		HISTOGRAM_31 [21:0]
+192	N.A	Reserved.
		...
+199	N.A	Reserved.

### 7.1.3.10. vsp\_shp\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_shp\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_shp_t {
    unsigned char    mode;
    unsigned char    gain0;
    unsigned char    limit0;
    unsigned char    gain10;
    unsigned char    limit10;
    unsigned char    gain11;
    unsigned char    limit11;
    unsigned char    gain20;
    unsigned char    limit20;
    unsigned char    gain21;
    unsigned char    limit21;
    unsigned char    fxa;
    unsigned long    connect;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>mode</i>	Input	Sharpness or Blurring processing setting.  VSP_SHP_SHARP           (0x00): sharpness select VSP_SHP_UNSHARP       (0x02): blurring select  Refer to the H/W manual for setting following parameter. Sharpness setting as shown in Table 32.41 and blurring setting as shown in Table 32.42. There are 24 types of setting value to apply sharpness and 24 types of setting value to apply blurring. Specify an appropriate value from among its combination.
unsigned char <i>gain0</i>	Input	Sharpness parameter Gain0
unsigned char <i>limit0</i>	Input	Sharpness parameter Limit0
unsigned char <i>gain10</i>	Input	Sharpness parameter Gain10
unsigned char <i>limit10</i>	Input	Sharpness parameter Limit10
unsigned char <i>gain11</i>	Input	Sharpness parameter Gain11
unsigned char <i>limit11</i>	Input	Sharpness parameter Limit11
unsigned char <i>gain20</i>	Input	Sharpness parameter Gain20
unsigned char <i>limit20</i>	Input	Sharpness parameter Limit20
unsigned char <i>gain21</i>	Input	Sharpness parameter Gain21
unsigned char <i>limit21</i>	Input	Sharpness parameter Limit21

unsigned char <i>fxa</i>	Input	<p>Fixed alpha output value setting.</p> <p>The SHP does not support input/output of the alpha value. The alpha value input to the SHP is discarded, and the fixed alpha value specified in this param is always output from the SHP.</p>
unsigned long <i>connect</i>	Input	<p>Processing connection setting.</p> <p>Specify the module to be executed next to the SHP. If connect to WPF from SHP, you set 0.</p> <p>VSP_SRU_USE    (0x0001) : Super-resolution  VSP_UDS_USE    (0x0002) : Up down scaler  VSP_LUT_USE    (0x0010) : Look up table  VSP_CLU_USE    (0x0020) : Cubic-Look up table  VSP_HST_USE    (0x0040) : Hue saturation value transform</p>

#### 7.1.4. vsp\_dl\_t

The following is described about the member of vsp\_dl\_t structure.

```
struct vsp_dl_t {
    unsigned int    hard_addr;
    void           *virt_addr;
    unsigned short tbl_num;
    void           *mem_par;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned int <i>hard_addr</i>	Input	Display list buffer address that H/W IP can access. Allocate memory size is <i>tbl_num</i> * 8 bytes. Specify the same area as CPU can access.
void <i>*virt_addr</i>	Input	Display list buffer address that CPU can access. Allocate memory size is <i>tbl_num</i> * 8 bytes. Specify the same area as H/W IP can access.
unsigned short <i>tbl_num</i>	Input	Set table number. (1 to 16383) Value to set to <i>tbl_num</i> is refer to each member.
void <i>*mem_par</i>	-	Not used.

## 7.2. Input/Output image limited size

Table 7-9 and Table 7-10 show usable input and output size in each module. If you use module of limited input and output, it's necessary to consider the size of the output module connected to earlier.

**Table 7-9 Minimum size of input/output image**

Processing module		Input [pixel]		Output [pixel]	
		width	height	width	height
RPF		1	1	1	1
SRU	Normal size	4	4	4	4
	Double size	4	4	4	4
UDS	Scale-down	4	4	4	4
	Scale-up	4	4	4	4
LUT		1	1	1	1
CLU		1	1	1	1
HST		1	1	1	1
HSI		1	1	1	1
BRU		1	1	1	1
HGO		1	1	1	1
HGT		1	1	1	1
SHP		4	4	4	4
WPF		1	1	1	1

**Table 7-10 Maximum size of input/output image**

Processing module		Input [pixel]		Output [pixel]	
		width	height	width	height
RPF		8190	8190	8190	8190
SRU	Normal size	8190	8190	8190	8190
	Double size	8190	4095	8190	8190
UDS	Scale-down	8190	8190	8190	8190
	Scale-up	8190	8190	8190	8190
LUT		8190	8190	8190	8190
CLU		8190	8190	8190	8190
HST		8190	8190	8190	8190
HSI		8190	8190	8190	8190
BRU		8190	8190	8190	8190
HGO		8190	8190	8190	8190
HGT		8190	8190	8190	8190
SHP		8190	8190	8190	8190
WPF		8190	8190	8190	8190

### 7.3. Format

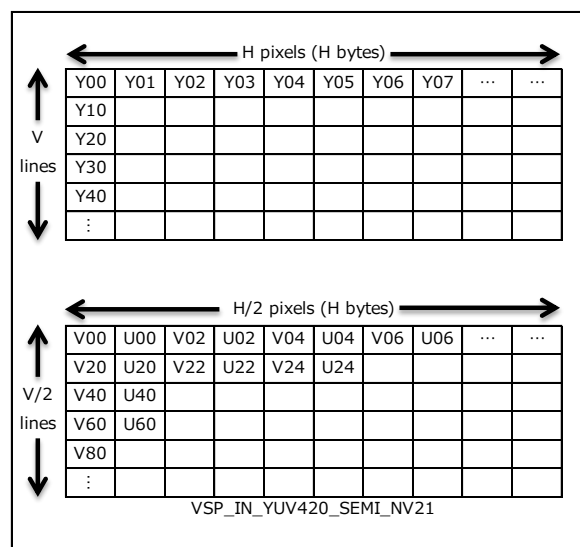
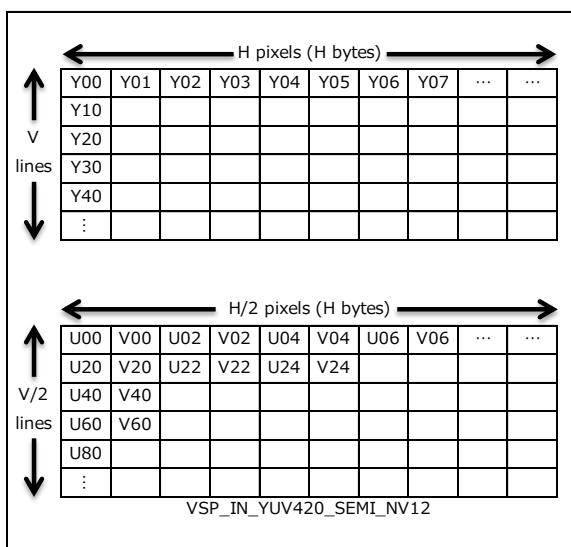
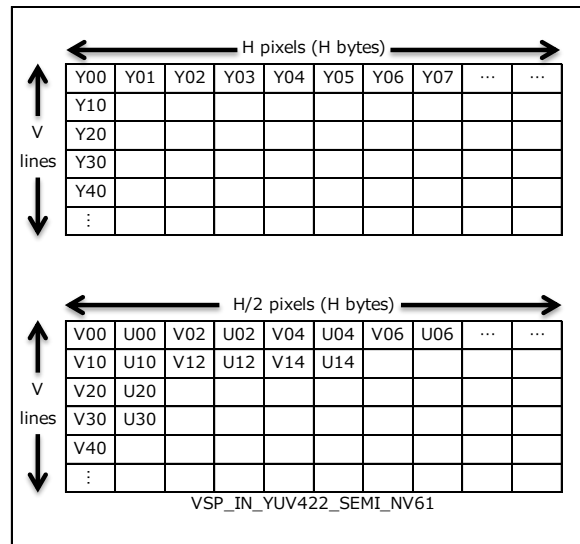
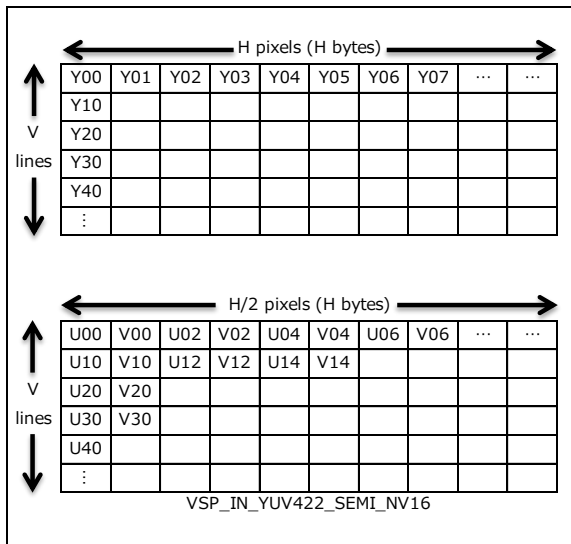
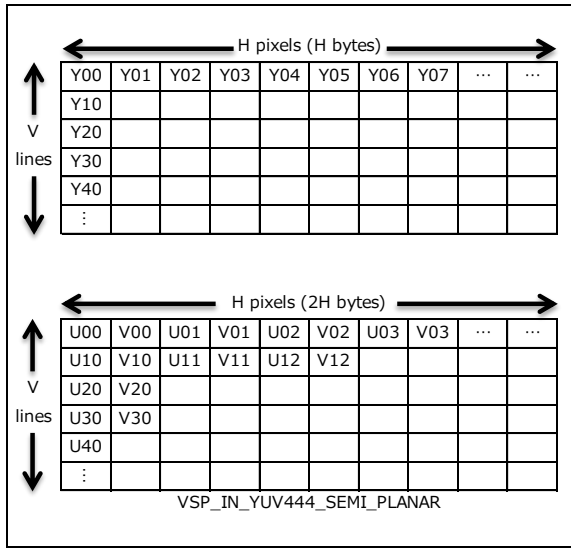
#### 7.3.1. Input format

##### 7.3.1.1. RGB format

format	byte	phase	address Note)																																	
			n								n+1								n+2								n+3									
VSP_IN_RGB332	1		R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	R2	R2	R2	G2	G2	G2	B2	B2	R3	R3	R3	G3	G3	G3	B3	B3		
VSP_IN_XRGB4444	2					R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0								R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1
VSP_IN_RGBX4444	2		R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0					R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1						
VSP_IN_XRGB1555	2			R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0		R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1			
VSP_IN_RGBX5551	2		R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0		R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1				
VSP_IN_RGB565	2		R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0		R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1			
VSP_IN_AXRGB86666	4		A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0								R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0		
VSP_IN_RGBXA66668	4		R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0											A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	
VSP_IN_XRGBA66668	4						R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0		B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0		
VSP_IN_ARGBX86666	4		A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0							
VSP_IN_XXXRGB82666	4		A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0			R0	R0	R0	R0	R0			G0	G0	G0	G0	G0					B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0		
VSP_IN_XXRGBA26668	4			R0	R0	R0	R0	R0			G0	G0	G0	G0	G0				B0	B0	B0	B0	B0				A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0		
VSP_IN_ARGBXXX86662	4		A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0				G0	G0	G0	G0	G0					B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0				
VSP_IN_RGBXXXA66628	4		R0	R0	R0	R0	R0			G0	G0	G0	G0	G0				B0	B0	B0	B0	B0					A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0		
VSP_IN_XRGB6666	3	0						R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0										R1	R1		
		1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1									R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	G2	G2	G2	G2		
		2	G2	G2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2								R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3		
VSP_IN_RGBX6666	3	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0									R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1			
		1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1						R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	B2	B2	B2	B2			
		2	B2	B2									R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3							
VSP_IN_XXRGB2666	3	0			R0	R0	R0	R0	R0			G0	G0	G0	G0	G0			B0	B0	B0	B0	B0				R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1				
		1			G1	G1	G1	G1	G1			B1	B1	B1	B1	B1				R2	R2	R2	R2	R2				G2	G2	G2	G2	G2				
		2			B2	B2	B2	B2	B2			R3	R3	R3	R3	R3				G3	G3	G3	G3	G3				B3	B3	B3	B3	B3				
VSP_IN_RGBXXX6662	3	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0			G0	G0	G0	G0	G0				B0	B0	B0	B0	B0				R1	R1	R1	R1	R1						
		1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1			B1	B1	B1	B1	B1				R2	R2	R2	R2	R2				G2	G2	G2	G2	G2						
		2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2			R3	R3	R3	R3	R3				G3	G3	G3	G3	G3				B3	B3	B3	B3	B3						
VSP_IN_ARGB8888	4		A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0			
VSP_IN_RGBA8888	4		R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0			
VSP_IN_RGB888	3	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1				
		1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2					
		2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3					
VSP_IN_XXRGB7666	4									R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0										G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0			
VSP_IN_XRGB14666	4																R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0			
VSP_IN_BGR888	3	0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1				
		1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2					
		2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3				
VSP_IN_ARGB4444	2		A0	A0	A0	A0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	A1	A1	A1	A1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1		
VSP_IN_RGBA4444	2		R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	A0	A0	A0	A0	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	A1	A1	A1	A1		
VSP_IN_ARGB1555	2		A0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	A0		R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1				
VSP_IN_RGBA5551	2		R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	A0		R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1					
VSP_IN_ABGR4444	2		A0	A0	A0	A0	B0	B0	B0	B0	G0	G0	G0	G0	R0	R0	R0	R0	A1	A1	A1	A1	B1	B1	B1	B1	G1	G1	G1	G1	R1	R1	R1	R1		
VSP_IN_BGRA4444	2		B0	B0	B0	B0	G0	G0	G0	G0	R0	R0	R0	R0	A0	A0	A0	A0	B1	B1	B1	B1	G1	G1	G1	G1	R1	R1	R1	R1	A1	A1	A1	A1		
VSP_IN_ABGR1555	2		A0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	R0	R0	R0	R0	A0		B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	G1	G1	G1	G1	R1	R1	R1	R1				
VSP_IN_BGRA5551	2		B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	R0	R0	R0	R0	A0		B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	G1	G1	G1	G1	R1	R1	R1	R1	A0				
VSP_IN_XXXBGR2666	3	0				B0	B0	B0	B0	B0			G0	G0	G0	G0	G0		R0	R0	R0	R0	R0				B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1				
		1				G1	G1	G1	G1	G1			R1	R1	R1	R1	R1			B2	B2	B2	B2	B2				G2	G2	G2	G2	G2				
		2				R2	R2	R2	R2	R2			B3	B3	B3	B3	B3				G3	G3	G3	G3	G3				R3	R3	R3	R3	R3			
VSP_IN_ABGR8888	4		A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	A0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0			
VSP_IN_XRGB16565	4																	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0			
VSP_IN_RGB_CLUT_DATA			RGB_CLUT_DATA0								RGB_CLUT_DATA1								RGB_CLUT_DATA2								RGB_CLUT_DATA3									

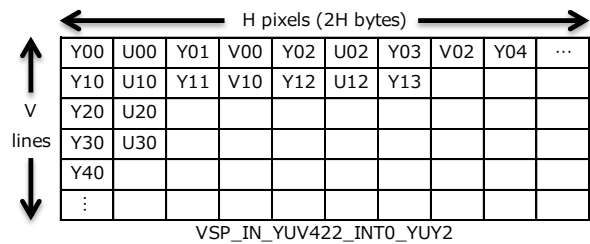
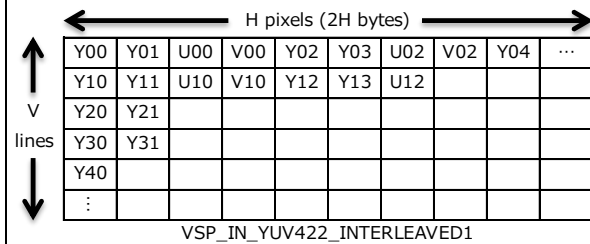
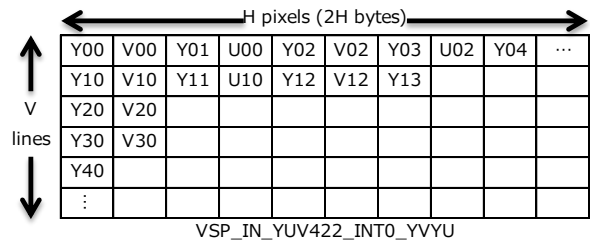
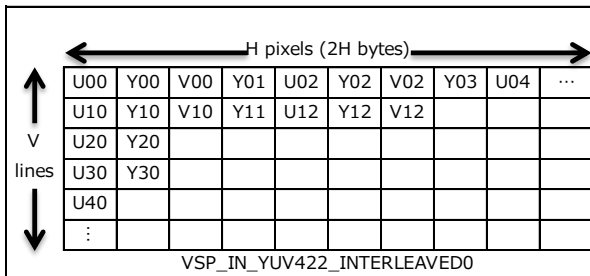
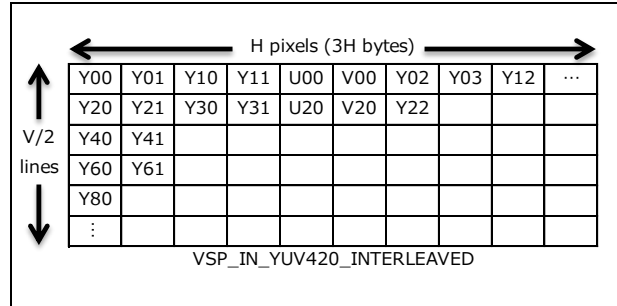
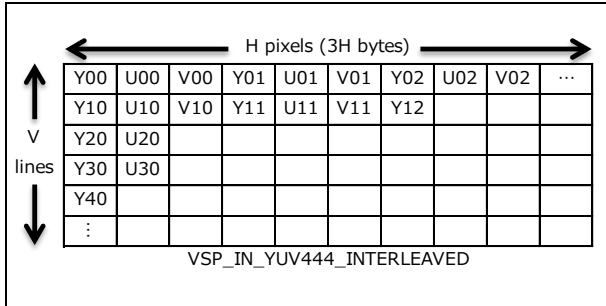
Note) In this case, swap setting is VSP\_SWAP\_B|VSP\_SWAP\_W|VSP\_SWAP\_L|VSP\_SWAP\_LL.

### 7.3.1.2. YCbCr (Semi planar) format

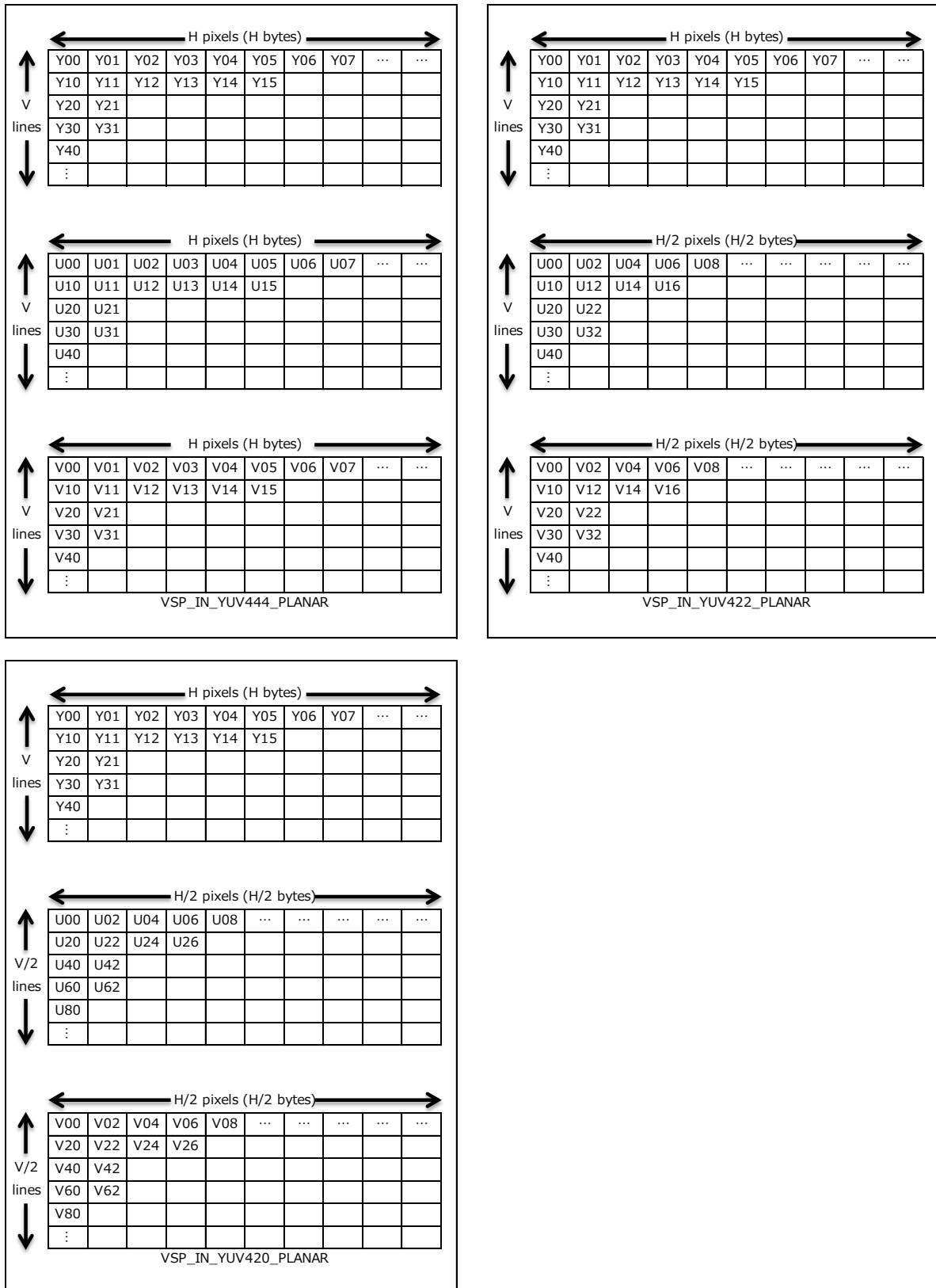




### 7.3.1.3. YCbCr (Interleaved) format



### 7.3.1.4. YCbCr (Planar) format



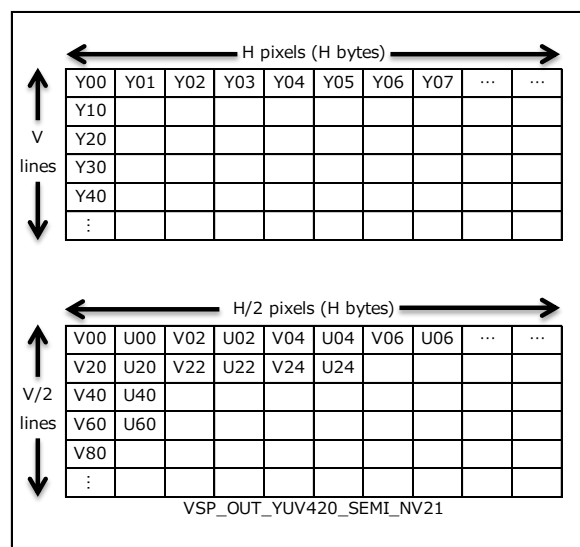
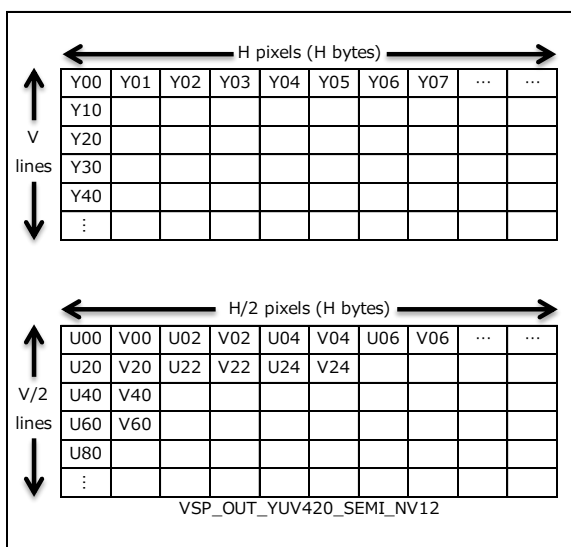
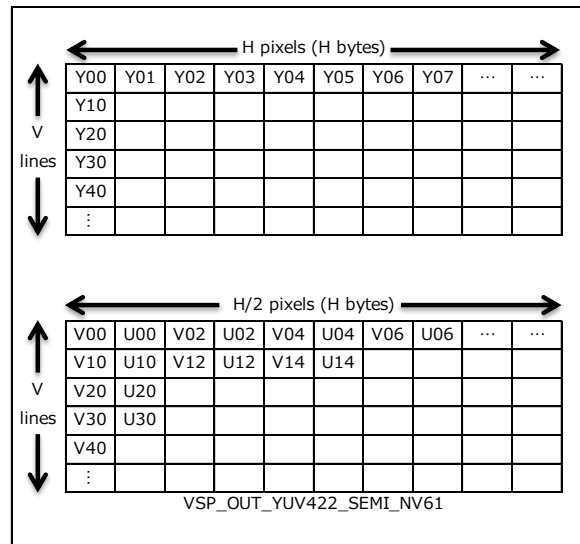
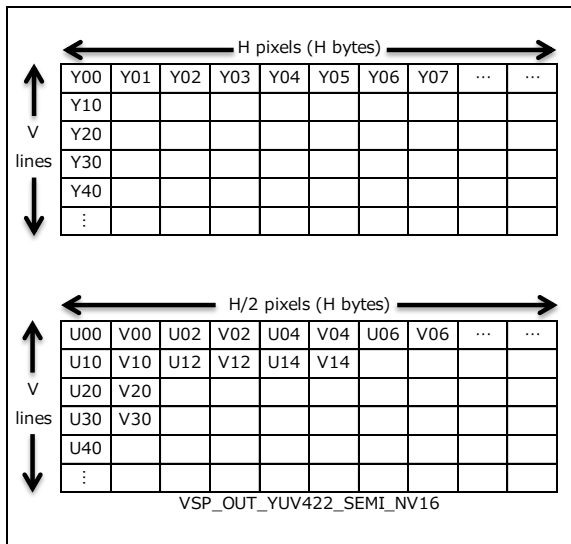
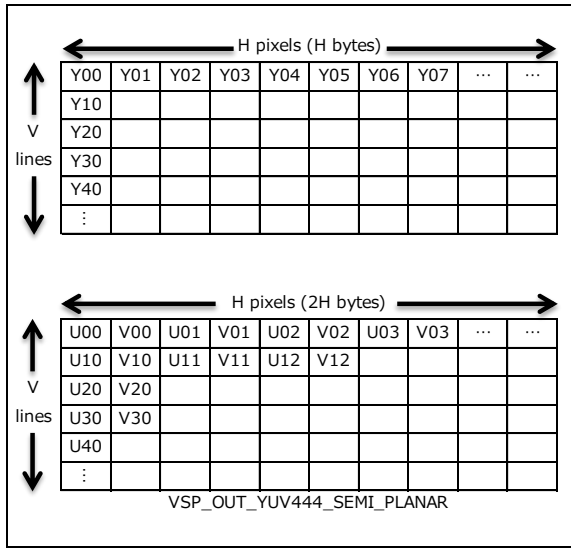
### 7.3.2. Output format

#### 7.3.2.1. RGB format

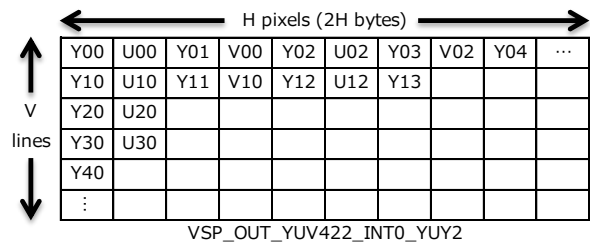
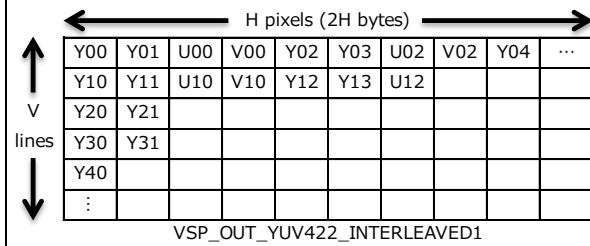
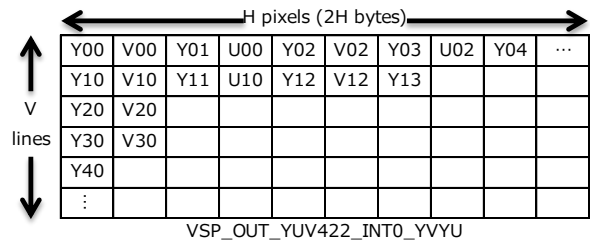
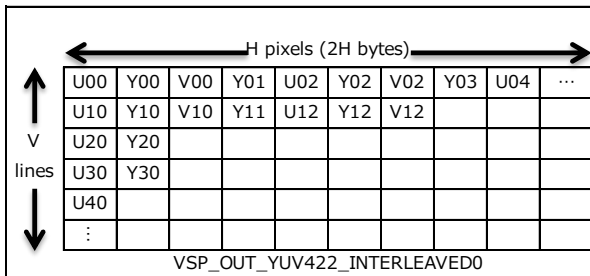
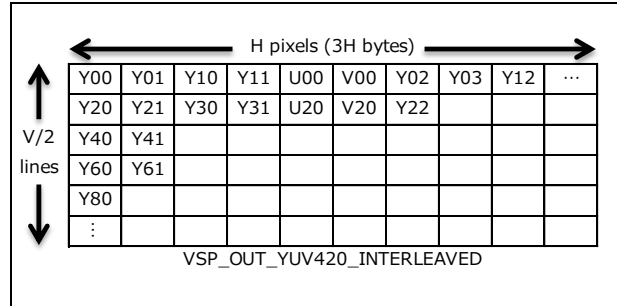
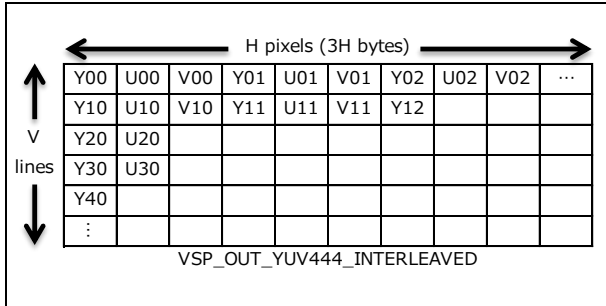
format	byte	phase	address Note)																															
			n								n+1								n+2								n+3							
VSP_OUT_RGB332	1		R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	R2	R2	R2	G2	G2	G2	B2	B2	R3	R3	R3	G3	G3	G3	B3	B3
VSP_OUT_XRGB4444	2		0	0	0	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	0	0	0	0	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1
VSP_OUT_RGBX4444	2		R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	0	0	0	0	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	0	0	0	0
VSP_OUT_XRGB1555	2		0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	0	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1
VSP_OUT_RGBX5551	2		R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	0	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	0
VSP_OUT_RGB565	2		R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1
VSP_OUT_PXRGB86666	4		P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0
VSP_OUT_RGBXP66668	4		R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	0	0	0	0	0	0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0
VSP_OUT_XRGBP66668	4		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0
VSP_OUT_PRGBX86666	4		P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VSP_OUT_PXXRGB82666	4		P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	0	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	0	0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	0	0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0
VSP_OUT_XXRGBP26668	4		0	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	0	0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	0	0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	0	0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0
VSP_OUT_XRGB6666	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1	R1
		1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	G2	G2	G2
		2	G2	G2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3
VSP_OUT_RGBX6666	3	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	
		1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	0	0	0	0	0	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	B2	B2	B2		
		2	B2	B2	0	0	0	0	0	0	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	0	0	0	0		
VSP_OUT_XXRGB2666	3	0	0	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	0	0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	0	0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	0	0	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	
		1	0	0	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	0	0	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	0	0	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	0	0	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	
		2	0	0	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	0	0	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	0	0	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	0	0	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	
VSP_OUT_RGBXXX6662	3	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	0	0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	0	0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	0	0	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	0	0	
		1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	0	0	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	0	0	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	0	0	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	0	0	
		2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	0	0	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	0	0	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	0	0	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	0	0	
VSP_OUT_PRGB8888	4		P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	
VSP_OUT_RGBP8888	4		R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	
VSP_OUT_RGB888	3	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	
		1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	
		2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	
VSP_OUT_XXRGB7666	4		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	
VSP_OUT_XRGB14666	4		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	
VSP_OUT_BGR888	3	0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	
		1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	
		2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	
VSP_OUT_PRGB4444	2		P0	P0	P0	P0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	P1	P1	P1	P1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1
VSP_OUT_RGBP4444	2		R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	P0	P0	P0	P0	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	P1	P1	P1	P1
VSP_OUT_PRGB1555	2		P0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	P1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	
VSP_OUT_RGBP5551	2		R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	P0	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	G1	G1	G1	G1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	P1	
VSP_OUT_PBGR4444	2		P0	P0	P0	P0	B0	B0	B0	B0	G0	G0	G0	G0	R0	R0	R0	R0	P1	P1	P1	P1	B1	B1	B1	B1	G1	G1	G1	G1	R1	R1	R1	R1
VSP_OUT_BGRP4444	2		B0	B0	B0	B0	G0	G0	G0	G0	R0	R0	R0	R0	P0	P0	P0	P0	B1	B1	B1	B1	G1	G1	G1	G1	R1	R1	R1	R1	P1	P1	P1	P1
VSP_OUT_PBGR1555	2		P0	B0	B0	B0	B0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	P1	B1	B1	B1	B1	G1	G1	G1	G1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	
VSP_OUT_BGRP5551	2		B0	B0	B0	B0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	R0	R0	R0	R0	P0	P0	B1	B1	B1	B1	G1	G1	G1	G1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	P1	
VSP_OUT_XXBGR2666	3	0	0	0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	0	0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	0	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	0	0	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	B1	
		1	0	0	G1	G1	G1	G1	G1	0	0	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	0	0	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	B2	0	0	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	
		2	0	0	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	0	0	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	B3	0	0	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	G3	0	0	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	
VSP_OUT_PBGR8888	4		P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0		
VSP_OUT_XRGB16565	4		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	G0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	

Note) In this case, swap setting is VSP\_SWAP\_B|VSP\_SWAP\_W|VSP\_SWAP\_L|VSP\_SWAP\_LL.

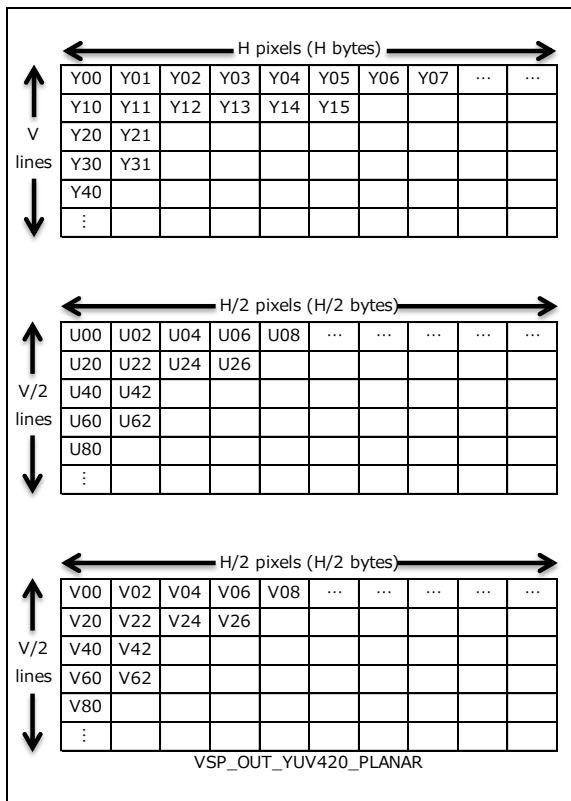
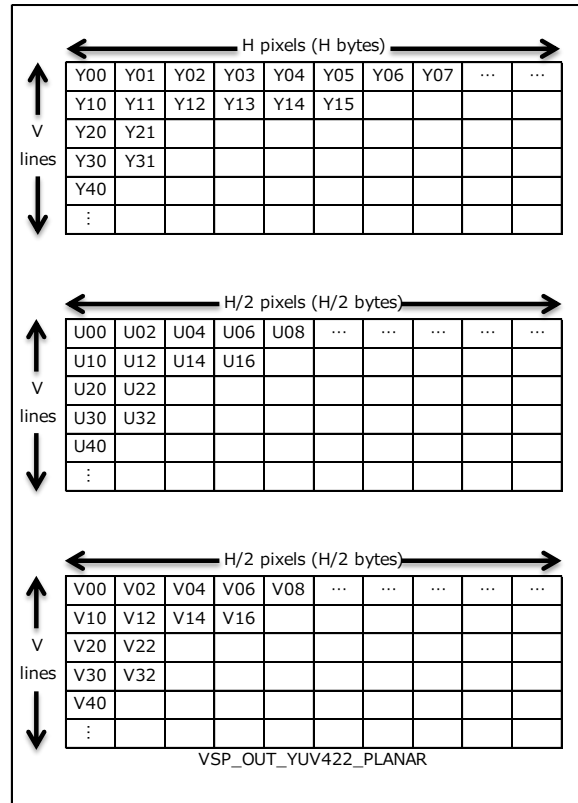
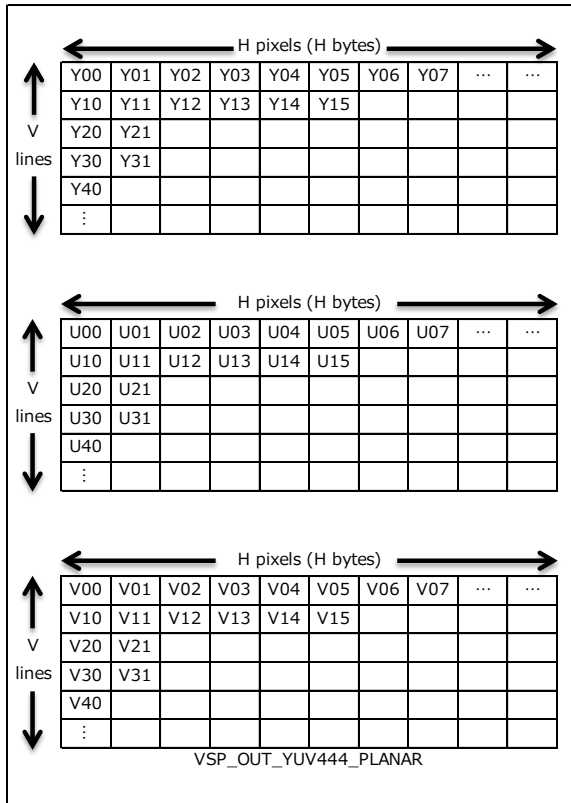
### 7.3.2.2. YCbCr (Semi planar) format



### 7.3.2.3. YCbCr (Interleaved) format



### 7.3.2.4. YCbCr (Planar) format



## 7.4. Error code

Table 7-11 shows the detail error code of VSP. According to error code, please check argument.

**Table 7-11 Detail of error code**

Define name	Error code	Contains
E_VSP_INVALID_STATE	-105	When you specify occupy mode, VSP is working.
E_VSP_PARA_USEMODULE	-212	Module specified in each connects and <i>use_module</i> don't match.
E_VSP_PARA_OUTPAR	-213	The <i>dst_par</i> of <i>vsp_start_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_CTRLPAR	-214	The <i>ctrl_par</i> of <i>vsp_start_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_NOIN	-215	The <i>src_par</i> of <i>vsp_start_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_CONNECT	-216	Connecting modules were abnormal.
E_VSP_PARA_NOPARENT	-217	All source images (include virtual input) have no VSP_LAYER_PARENT.
E_VSP_PARA_NOINPUT	-218	Not found source image.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_ADR	-220	The <i>addr</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was null pointer. Note: When 'vir' was VSP_NO_VIR.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_ADRC0	-221	Then <i>addr_c0</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was null pointer when source format was YUV (semi planar or planar). Note: When <i>vir</i> was VSP_NO_VIR.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_ADRC1	-222	The <i>addr_c1</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was null pointer when source format was YUV (planar). Note: When <i>vir</i> was VSP_NO_VIR.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_WIDTH	-223	The <i>width</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was out of range 1-8190. Then <i>width</i> wasn't a multiple of 2 when source format YUV. Note: When <i>vir</i> was VSP_NO_VIR.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_HEIGHT	-224	The <i>height</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was out of range 1-8190. Then <i>height</i> wasn't a multiple of 2 when source format YUV420. Note: When <i>vir</i> was VSP_NO_VIR.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_WIDTHEX	-225	When the <i>width_ex</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was other than 0, it was less than <i>width</i> . The <i>width_ex</i> wasn't a multiple of 2 when source format was YUV. Note: When <i>vir</i> was VSP_NO_VIR. The <i>width_ex</i> wasn't 0 when use SRU, UDS or rotation (except VSP_ROT_OFF and VSP_ROT_V_FLIP).
E_VSP_PARA_IN_HEIGHTEX	-226	The <i>height_ex</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was other than 0, it was less than <i>height</i> . The <i>height_ex</i> wasn't a multiple of 2 when source format was YUV420. Note: When <i>vir</i> was VSP_NO_VIR. The <i>height_ex</i> wasn't 0 when use SRU, UDS or rotation (except VSP_ROT_OFF and VSP_ROT_V_FLIP).
E_VSP_PARA_IN_XOFFSET	-227	The <i>x_offset</i> wasn't a multiple of 2 when source format was YUV. Note: When <i>vir</i> was VSP_NO_VIR.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_YOFFSET	-228	The <i>y_offset</i> wasn't a multiple of 2 when source format was YUV420. Note: When <i>vir</i> was VSP_NO_VIR.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_FORMAT	-229	When <i>vir</i> was VSP_NO_VIR, the <i>format</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was out of specification. When <i>vir</i> was VSP_VIR, the <i>format</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was other than VSP_IN_ARGB8888 and VSP_IN_YUV444_SEMI_PLANAR.

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E_VSP_PARA_IN_XPOSI	-231	When <i>pwd</i> was VSP_LAYER_CHILD, calculating value of the <i>x_position</i> + <i>width</i> was greater than input image size.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_YPOSI	-232	When <i>pwd</i> was VSP_LAYER_CHILD, calculating value of the <i>y_position</i> + <i>height</i> was greater than input image size.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_CIPM	-233	The <i>cipm</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_CEXT	-234	The <i>cext</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_CSC	-235	When <i>vir</i> was VSP_NO_VIR, the <i>csc</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was out of specification.
		When <i>vir</i> was VSP_VIR, the <i>csc</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was other than VSP_CSC_OFF.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_ITURBT	-236	The <i>iturbt</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_CLRCNG	-237	The <i>clrcng</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_VIR	-238	The <i>vir</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_ALPHA	-239	The <i>alpha</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_CONNECT	-240	The <i>connect</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_IN_PWD	-241	The <i>pwd</i> of <i>vsp_src_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_OSD_CLUT	-250	The <i>hard_addr</i> or <i>virt_addr</i> of <i>vsp_dl_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_OSD_SIZE	-251	The <i>tbl_num</i> of <i>vsp_dl_t</i> was out of range 1-256.
E_VSP_PARA_ALPHA_ADR	-260	The <i>addr_a</i> of <i>vsp_alpha_unit_t</i> was null pointer. Note: When use alpha plane.
E_VSP_PARA_ALPHA_CKEY	-261	The <i>mode</i> of <i>vsp_ckeys_unit_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_ALPHA_ASEL	-263	When enable virtual input, the <i>asel</i> of <i>vsp_alpha_unit_t</i> was other than VSP_ALPHA_NUM5.
		When disable virtual input, the <i>asel</i> of <i>vsp_alpha_unit_t</i> was out of specification.
		When use SRU, UDS or rotation (except VSP_ROT_OFF and VSP_ROT_V_FLIP), the <i>asel</i> of <i>vsp_alpha_unit_t</i> was VSP_ALPHA_NUM4.
E_VSP_PARA_ALPHA_AEXT	-264	The <i>aext</i> of <i>vsp_alpha_unit_t</i> was out of specification. Note: When the <i>asel</i> was VSP_ALPHA_NUM1
E_VSP_PARA_ALPHA_IROP	-265	The <i>op_mode</i> of <i>vsp_irop_unit_t</i> was out of specification. Note: When the <i>asel</i> was other than VSP_ALPHA_NUM5
		The <i>op_mode</i> of <i>vsp_irop_unit_t</i> was other than VSP_IROP_NOP Note: When the <i>asel</i> was VSP_ALPHA_NUM5
E_VSP_PARA_ALPHA_MSKEN	-266	The <i>ref_sel</i> of <i>vsp_irop_unit_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_ALPHA_BSEL	-267	The <i>bit_sel</i> of <i>vsp_irop_unit_t</i> was out of specification. Note: When the <i>asel</i> was VSP_ALPHA_NUM1 or VSP_ALPHA_NUM3, and the <i>ref_sel</i> was VSP_MSKEN_ALPHA.
E_VSP_PARA_ALPHA_MULT	-268	The <i>a_mmd</i> or <i>p_mmd</i> were out of specification.
		Color space of multiple unit was other than YUV.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_ADR	-270	The <i>addr</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was null pointer.
		The <i>addr</i> wasn't a multiple of 256 when <i>fcnl</i> enable.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_ADRC0	-271	The <i>addr_c0</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was null pointer when destination format was YUV (semi planar or planar).
		The <i>addr_c0</i> wasn't a multiple of 256 when <i>fcnl</i> enable.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_ADRC1	-272	The <i>addr_c1</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was null pointer when destination format was YUV (planar).
		The <i>addr_c1</i> wasn't a multiple of 256 when <i>fcnl</i> enable.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_WIDTH	-273	The <i>width</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was 0.
		The <i>width</i> wasn't a multiple of 2 when destination format was YUV.



E_VSP_PARA_OUT_HEIGHT	-274	The <i>height</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was 0. The <i>height</i> wasn't a multiple of 2 when destination format was YUV420.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_XOFFSET	-275	The <i>x_offset</i> wasn't a multiple of 2 when destination format was YUV.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_YOFFSET	-276	The <i>y_offset</i> wasn't a multiple of 2 when destination format was YUV420.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_XCLIP	-277	Calculating value of the <i>x_coffse</i> + <i>width</i> was greater than input horizontal size.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_YCLIP	-278	Calculating value of the <i>y_coffset</i> + <i>height</i> was greater than input vertical size.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_FORMAT	-279	The <i>format</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_SWAP	-280	The <i>swap</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_PXA	-281	The <i>pxa</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_XCOFFSET	-282	The <i>x_coffset</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was greater than 255. When use SRU, UDS or rotation (except VSP_ROT_OFF and VSP_ROT_V_FLIP), the <i>x_coffset</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was other than 0.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_YCOFFSET	-283	The <i>y_coffset</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was greater than 255 When use SRU, UDS or rotation (except VSP_ROT_OFF and VSP_ROT_V_FLIP), the <i>y_coffset</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was other than 0.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_CSC	-284	The <i>csc</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_ITURBT	-285	The <i>iturbt</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_CLRCNG	-286	The <i>clrcng</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_CBRM	-287	The <i>cbrm</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_ABRM	-288	The <i>abrm</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_CLMD	-289	The <i>clmd</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_ROTATION	-290	The <i>rotation</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_DITH	-291	The <i>dith</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_INHSV	-292	Color space for input to the WPF was the HSV.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_NOTCOLOR	-295	Color space for input and the <i>format</i> were mismatched. Note: When The RPF is one or more inputs.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_STRIDE_Y	-296	The <i>stride</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> wasn't a multiple of 256 when <i>fcnl</i> enable.
E_VSP_PARA_OUT_STRIDE_C	-297	The <i>stride_c</i> of <i>vsp_dst_t</i> wasn't a multiple of 256 when <i>fcnl</i> enable.
E_VSP_PARA_BRU_LAYORDER	-300	The <i>lay_order</i> was specified value over source image number. The top back (DSP_A) of <i>lay_order</i> was specified VSP_LAY_NO.
E_VSP_PARA_BRU_ADIV	-301	The <i>adiv</i> of <i>vsp_bru_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_BRU_DITH_MODE	-302	The <i>mode</i> of <i>vsp_bld_dither_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_BRU_DITH_BPP	-303	The <i>bpp</i> of <i>vsp_bld_dither_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_BRU_CONNECT	-304	The <i>connect</i> of <i>vsp_bru_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_BRU_INHSV	-305	Color space for input to the BRU was the HSV.
E_VSP_PARA_BRU_INCOLOR	-306	Image format for input to the BRU were not unified.
E_VSP_PARA_VIR_ADR	-310	The <i>blend_virtual</i> of <i>vsp_bru_t</i> was null pointer. Note: The <i>lay_order</i> was specified VSP_LAY_VIRTUAL.
E_VSP_PARA_VIR_WIDTH	-311	The <i>width</i> of <i>vsp_bld_vir_t</i> was out of range 1-8190. Note: The <i>lay_order</i> was specified VSP_LAY_VIRTUAL.
E_VSP_PARA_VIR_HEIGHT	-312	The <i>height</i> of <i>vsp_bld_vir_t</i> was out of range 1-8190. Note: The <i>lay_order</i> was specified VSP_LAY_VIRTUAL.
E_VSP_PARA_VIR_XPOSI	-313	When <i>pwd</i> was VSP_LAYER_CHILD, calculating value of the <i>x_position</i> + <i>width</i> was greater than input image size. Note: The <i>lay_order</i> was specified VSP_LAY_VIRTUAL.

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E_VSP_PARA_VIR_YPOSI	-314	When <i>pwd</i> was VSP_LAYER_CHILD, calculating value of the <i>y_position</i> + <i>height</i> was greater than input image size. Note: The <i>lay_order</i> was specified VSP_LAY_VIRTUAL.
E_VSP_PARA_VIR_PWD	-315	The <i>pwd</i> of <i>vsp_bld_vir_t</i> was out of specification. Note: The <i>lay_order</i> was specified VSP_LAY_VIRTUAL.
E_VSP_PARA_BLEND_RBC	-320	The <i>rbc</i> of <i>vsp_vld_ctrl_t</i> was out of specification. Note: The <i>blend_unit</i> was not null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_BLEND_CROP	-321	The <i>crop</i> of <i>vsp_bld_ctrl_t</i> was out of specification. Note: The <i>blend_unit</i> was not null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_BLEND_AROP	-322	The <i>arop</i> of <i>vsp_bld_ctrl_t</i> was out of specification. Note: The <i>blend_unit</i> was not null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_BLEND_FORM	-323	The <i>blend_formula</i> of <i>vsp_bld_ctrl_t</i> was out of specification. Note: The <i>blend_unit</i> was not null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_BLEND_COEFX	-324	The <i>blend_coefx</i> of <i>vsp_bld_ctrl_t</i> was out of specification. Note: The <i>blend_unit</i> was not null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_BLEND_COEFY	-325	The <i>blend_coefy</i> of <i>vsp_bld_ctrl_t</i> was out of specification. Note: The <i>blend_unit</i> was not null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_BLEND_AFORM	-326	The <i>aformula</i> of <i>vsp_bld_ctrl_t</i> was out of specification. Note: The <i>blend_unit</i> was not null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_BLEND_ACOEFX	-327	The <i>acoeffx</i> of <i>vsp_bld_ctrl_t</i> was out of specification. Note: The <i>blend_unit</i> was not null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_BLEND_ACOEFY	-328	The <i>acoeffy</i> of <i>vsp_bld_ctrl_t</i> was out of specification. Note: The <i>blend_unit</i> was not null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_ROP_CROP	-330	The <i>crop</i> of <i>vsp_bld_rop_t</i> was out of specification. Note: When <i>rop_unit</i> was not null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_ROP_AROP	-331	The <i>arop</i> of <i>vsp_bld_rop_t</i> was out of specification. Note: When <i>rop_unit</i> was not null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_SRU_MODE	-340	The <i>mode</i> of <i>vsp_sru_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_SRU_PARAM	-341	The <i>param</i> of <i>vsp_sru_t</i> was specified invalid parameter.
E_VSP_PARA_SRU_ENSCL	-342	The <i>enscl</i> of <i>vsp_sru_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_SRU_CONNECT	-343	The <i>connect</i> of <i>vsp_sru_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_SRU_WIDTH	-344	Image horizontal size for input to the SRU was out of range.
E_VSP_PARA_SRU_HEIGHT	-345	Image vertical size for input to the SRU was out of range.
E_VSP_PARA_SRU_INHSV	-346	Color space for input to the SRU was the HSV.
E_VSP_PARA_UDS_AMD	-350	The <i>amd</i> of <i>vsp_uds_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_UDS_CLIP	-352	The <i>clip</i> of <i>vsp_uds_t</i> was out of specification. Note: When <i>alpha</i> is VSP_ALPHA_ON.
E_VSP_PARA_UDS_ALPHA	-353	The <i>alpha</i> of <i>vsp_uds_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_UDS_COMP	-354	The <i>complement</i> of <i>vsp_uds_t</i> was out of specification. When <i>complement</i> was VSP_COMPLEMENT_NN, the <i>x_ratio</i> was over 0x4000 or the <i>y_ratio</i> was over 0x4000. When <i>complement</i> was VSP_COMPLEMENT_BC, The <i>alpha</i> was VSP_ALPHA_ON.
E_VSP_PARA_UDS_CONNECT	-355	The <i>connect</i> of <i>vsp_uds_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_UDS_XRATIO	-356	The <i>x_ratio</i> of <i>vsp_uds_t</i> was less than 0x100.
E_VSP_PARA_UDS_YRATIO	-357	The <i>y_ratio</i> of <i>vsp_uds_t</i> was less than 0x100.
E_VSP_PARA_UDS_INWIDTH	-360	Image horizontal size for input to the UDS was out of range.
E_VSP_PARA_UDS_INHEIGHT	-361	Image vertical size for input to the UDS was out of range.
E_VSP_PARA_LUT_ADR	-600	The <i>hard_addr</i> of <i>vsp_lut_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_LUT_SIZE	-601	The <i>tbl_num</i> of <i>vsp_lut_t</i> was out of range 1-256.
E_VSP_PARA_LUT_CONNECT	-602	The <i>connect</i> of <i>vsp_lut_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_CLU_MODE	-610	The <i>mode</i> of <i>vsp_clu_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_CLU_ADR	-611	The <i>hard_addr</i> of <i>vsp_clu_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_CLU_SIZE	-613	The <i>tbl_num</i> of <i>vsp_clu_t</i> was out of range.

## CONFIDENTIAL

E_VSP_PARAM_CLU_CONNECT	-614	The <i>connect</i> of <i>vsp_clu_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARAM_HST_NOTRGB	-630	Color space for input to the HST was not the RGB.

# CONFIDENTIAL

E_VSP_PARA_HST_CONNECT	-631	The <i>connect</i> of <i>vsp_hst_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_HSI_NOTHSV	-640	Color space for input to the HSI was not the HSV.
E_VSP_PARA_HSI_CONNECT	-641	The <i>connect</i> of <i>vsp_hsi_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_HGO_ADR	-660	The <i>hard_addr</i> or <i>virt_addr</i> of <i>vsp_hgo_t</i> was null pointer. The <i>hard_addr</i> or <i>virt_addr</i> weren't a multiple of 256.
E_VSP_PARA_HGO_WIDTH	-661	The <i>width</i> of <i>vsp_hgo_t</i> was out of 1-8190.
E_VSP_PARA_HGO_HEIGHT	-662	The <i>height</i> of <i>vsp_hgo_t</i> was out of 1-8190.
E_VSP_PARA_HGO_XOFFSET	-663	Calculating value of the <i>width</i> + <i>x_offset</i> was greater than 8190.
E_VSP_PARA_HGO_YOFFSET	-664	Calculating value of the <i>height</i> + <i>y_offset</i> was greater than 8190.
E_VSP_PARA_HGO_BINMODE	-665	The <i>binary_mode</i> of <i>vsp_hgo_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_HGO_MAXRGB	-669	The <i>maxrgb_mode</i> of <i>vsp_hgo_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_HGO_XSKIP	-666	The <i>x_skip</i> of <i>vsp_hgo_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_HGO_YSKIP	-667	The <i>y_skip</i> of <i>vsp_hgo_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_HGO_SMMPT	-668	The <i>sampling</i> of <i>vsp_hgo_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_HGO_STEP	-730	The <i>step</i> of <i>vsp_hgo_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_HGT_ADR	-670	The <i>hard_addr</i> or <i>virt_addr</i> of <i>vsp_hgt_t</i> was null pointer. The <i>hard_addr</i> or <i>virt_addr</i> weren't a multiple of 256.
E_VSP_PARA_HGT_WIDTH	-671	The <i>width</i> of <i>vsp_hgt_t</i> was out of range 1-8190.
E_VSP_PARA_HGT_HEIGHT	-672	The <i>height</i> of <i>vsp_hgt_t</i> was out of range 1-8190.
E_VSP_PARA_HGT_XOFFSET	-673	Calculating value of the <i>width</i> + <i>x_offset</i> was greater than 8190.
E_VSP_PARA_HGT_YOFFSET	-674	Calculating value of the <i>height</i> + <i>y_offset</i> was greater than 8190.
E_VSP_PARA_HGT_AREA	-675	The <i>area</i> of <i>vsp_hgt_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_HGT_XSKIP	-676	The <i>x_skip</i> of <i>vsp_hgt_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_HGT_YSKIP	-677	The <i>y_skip</i> of <i>vsp_hgt_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_HGT_SMMPT	-678	The <i>sampling</i> of <i>vsp_hgt_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_SHP_INYUV	-690	Color space for input to the SHP was not the YUV.
E_VSP_PARA_SHP_WIDTH	-691	Image horizontal size for input to the SHP was out of range.
E_VSP_PARA_SHP_HEIGHT	-692	Image vertical size for input to the SHP was out of range.
E_VSP_PARA_SHP_MODE	-693	The <i>mode</i> of <i>vsp_shp_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_SHP_CONNECT	-694	The <i>connect</i> of <i>vsp_shp_t</i> was out of specification.
E_VSP_PARA_NOSRU	-650	The <i>sru</i> of <i>vsp_ctrl_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_NOUDS	-651	The <i>uds</i> of <i>vsp_ctrl_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_NOLUT	-652	The <i>lut</i> of <i>vsp_ctrl_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_NOCLU	-653	The <i>clu</i> of <i>vsp_ctrl_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_NOHST	-654	The <i>hst</i> of <i>vsp_ctrl_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_NOHSI	-655	The <i>hsi</i> of <i>vsp_ctrl_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_NOBRU	-656	The <i>bru</i> of <i>vsp_ctrl_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_NOHGO	-657	The <i>hgo</i> of <i>vsp_ctrl_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_NOHGT	-658	The <i>hgt</i> of <i>vsp_ctrl_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_NOSHPP	-659	The <i>shp</i> of <i>vsp_ctrl_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_DL_ADR	-680	The <i>hard_addr</i> or <i>virt_addr</i> of <i>vsp_dl_t</i> was null pointer.
E_VSP_PARA_DL_SIZE	-681	The <i>tbl_num</i> was out of range.

## 8. FDP driver parameters

### 8.1. fdp\_start\_t

The following is described about the member of fdp\_star\_t structure.

```
struct fdp_start_t {
    unsigned char      fdpgo;
    struct fdp_fproc_t *fproc_par;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>fdpgo</i>	Input	<p>Frame processing request</p> <p>When using half-rate, switch FDP_NOGO and FDPGO. Example: n*2 sequence specify FDP_GO, n*2+1 sequence specify FDP_NOGO. When using full-rate, FDP_NOGO is not used.</p> <p>FDP_NOGO       (0): do not request. (update internal sequence) FDP_GO         (1): request frame processing.</p>
struct fdp_fproc_t <i>*fproc_par</i>	Input	<p>Pointer to a frame processing parameter.</p> <p>This parameter valid in case of <i>fdpgo</i> = "FDP_GO". In case of <i>fdpgo</i> = "FDP_GO", do not specify null pointer.</p>

## 8.2. fdp\_fproc\_t

The following is described about the member of fdp\_fproc\_t structure.

```
struct fdp_fproc_t {
    struct fdp_seq_t      *seq_par;
    struct fdp_pic_t     *in_pic;
    unsigned char        last_seq_indicator;
    unsigned char        current_field;
    unsigned char        interpolated_line;
    unsigned char        out_format;
    struct fdp_imgbuf_t   *out_buf;
    struct fdp_refbuf_t   *ref_buf;
    struct fcp_info_t     *fcp_par;
    struct fdp_ipc_t      *ipc_par;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
struct fdp_seq_t <i>*seq_par</i>	Input	Pointer to a struct of sequence parameter. If specify null pointer, the FDP uses previous setting. If specify not null pointer, the FDP recognizes new sequence start.
struct fdp_pic_t <i>*in_pic</i>	Input	Pointer to a struct of input picture. Do not specify null pointer.
unsigned char <i>last_seq_indicator</i>	Input	Last sequence indication. Not used.  Note: This is legacy member. It was setting of changing to forced 2D-IPC processing. In the new design argument, when you want changing to forced 2D-IPC processing, specify FDP_SEQ_INTER_2D to <i>seq_mode</i> .
unsigned char <i>current_field</i>	Input	Current field parity indication Set current field parity in case of interlace mode. In case of progressive mode, ignore this member.  FDP_CF_TOP (0): Top field. FDP_CF_BOTTOM (1): Bottom field
unsigned char <i>interpolated_line</i>	Input	Select of interpolated lines. When detecting film mode of <i>telecine_mode</i> is selected, specify interpolated lines. When specify other than detecting film mode, ignore this member.  FDP_DIM_PREV (3): Select previous field for interpolated lines. FDP_DIM_NEXT (4): Select next field for interpolated lines.

unsigned char <i>out_format</i>	Input	Output format.  FDP_YUV420 (0): YUV420 semi-planar(NV12) FDP_YUV420_YU12 / FDP_YUV420_YV12 (1): YUV420 planar(YU12, YV12) *1 FDP_YUV420_NV21 (2): YUV420 semi-planar(NV21) FDP_YUV422_NV16 (3): YUV422 semi-planar(NV16) FDP_YUV422_YUY2 (4): YUV422 packed(YUY2) FDP_YUV422_UYVY (5): YUV422 packed(UYVY) FDP_YUV422_PLANAR (6): YUV422 planar(YV16) *1 FDP_YUV444_PLANAR (7): YUV444 planar *1  Note: Output format of FCNL compression support is planar format.
struct fdp_imgbuf_t <i>*out_buf</i>	Input	Pointer to a struct of output buffer Do not specify null pointer.  Note: If you use a FCNL compression ( <i>fcnl</i> = FCP_FCNL_ENABLE), a stride and buffer address set multiple of 256.
struct fdp_refbuf_t <i>*ref_buf</i>	Input	Pointer to a struct of reference buffer. Do not specify null pointer.
struct fcp_info_t <i>*fcp_par</i>	Input	Frame compression setting Pointer to a frame compression setting structure.
struct fdp_ipc_t <i>*ipc_par</i>	Input	De-interlace setting. Pointer to a de-interlace setting structure. Progressive or 2D-IPC is invalid. If specify null pointer, the FDP uses default setting. About Detail default setting, refer to struct fdp_ipc_t member.

### 8.2.1. fdp\_seq\_t

The following is described about the member of fdp\_seq\_t structure.

```
struct fdp_seq_t {
    unsigned char      seq_mode ;
    unsigned char      telecine_mode ;
    unsigned short     in_width ;
    unsigned short     in_height ;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>seq_mode</i>	Input	Sequence mode.  FDP_SEQ_PROG (0): progressive mode. FDP_SEQ_INTER (1): Adaptive 2D/3D interlace mode. FDP_SEQ_INTER_2D (3): Fixed 2D interlace mode.
unsigned char <i>telecine_mode</i>	Input	Telecine mode.  FDP_TC_OFF (0): Disable telecine detect mode. Normal 2D/3D-IPC mode. FDP_TC_FORCED_PULL_DOWN (2): Forced 2-3 pull down mode. FDP_TC_INTERPOLATED_LINE (3): Interpolated line mode.
unsigned short <i>in_width</i>	Input	Input picture horizontal size. 32-8190 pixel even number only permit.
unsigned short <i>in_height</i>	Input	Input picture vertical size. In interlace sequence, 16-4095 line permit. In progressive sequence, 32-8190 line permit.



### 8.2.2. fdp\_pic\_t

The following is described about the member of fdp\_pic\_t structure.

```
struct fdp_pic_t {
    unsigned long          picid;
    unsigned char          chroma_format;
    unsigned short         width;
    unsigned short         height;
    unsigned char          progressive_sequence;
    unsigned char          progressive_frame;
    unsigned char          picture_structure;
    unsigned char          repeat_first_field;
    unsigned char          top_field_first;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned long <i>picid</i>	Input	Picture ID. Set optional value. This value use identification each frame for user. This value reflects to <i>picid</i> which are members of struct fdp_status_t.
unsigned char <i>chroma_format</i>	Input	Input format.  FDP_YUV420 (0): YUV420 semi-planar(NV12) *1 FDP_YUV420_YU12 / FDP_YUV420_YV12 (1): YUV420 planar(YU12, YV12) FDP_YUV420_NV21 (2): YUV420 semi-planar(NV21) *1 FDP_YUV422_NV16 (3): YUV422 semi-planar(NV16) FDP_YUV422_UYU2 (4): YUV422 packed(UYU2) FDP_YUV422_UYVY (5): YUV422 packed(UYVY) FDP_YUV422_PLANAR (6): YUV422 planar(YV16) FDP_YUV444_PLANAR (7): YUV444 planar  Note: Input format of TL conversion supports FDP_YUV420 or FDP_YUV420_NV21.
unsigned short <i>width</i>	Input	Horizontal size When specify FDP_TC_FORCED_PULL_DOWN to <i>telecine_mode</i> (Forced 2-3 pull-down mode), this member is valid.  Note: Need consistency with <i>in_width</i> of fdp_seq_t.
unsigned short <i>height</i>	Input	Vertical size When specify FDP_TC_FORCED_PULL_DOWN to <i>telecine_mode</i> (Forced 2-3 pull-down mode), this member is valid.  Note: Need consistency with <i>in_height</i> of fdp_seq_t.
unsigned char <i>progressive_sequence</i>	Input	Decode information progressive_sequence. When specify FDP_TC_FORCED_PULL_DOWN to <i>telecine_mode</i> (Forced 2-3 pull-down mode), this member is valid.  Note: Need consistency with <i>seq_mode</i> of fdp_seq_t. (When <i>seq_mode</i> = "FDP_SEQ_PROG", <i>progressive_sequence</i> = 1, other case <i>progressive_sequence</i> = 0).

unsigned char <i>progressive_frame</i>	Input	Decode information progressive_frame. When specify FDP_TC_FORCED_PULL_DOWN to <i>telecine_mode</i> (Forced 2-3 pull-down mode), this member is valid.
unsigned char <i>picture_structure</i>	Input	Decode information picture_structure. When specify FDP_TC_FORCED_PULL_DOWN to <i>telecine_mode</i> (Forced 2-3 pull-down mode), this member is valid.
unsigned char <i>repeat_first_field</i>	Input	Decode information repeat_first_field. When specify FDP_TC_FORCED_PULL_DOWN to <i>telecine_mode</i> (Forced 2-3 pull-down mode), this member is valid.
unsigned char <i>top_field_first</i>	Input	Decode information top_field_first. When specify FDP_TC_FORCED_PULL_DOWN to <i>telecine_mode</i> (Forced 2-3 pull-down mode), this member is valid.

### 8.2.3. fdp\_imgbuf\_t

The following is described about the member of fdp\_imgbuf\_t structure.

```
struct fdp_imgbuf_t {
    unsigned int    addr;
    unsigned int    addr_c0;
    unsigned int    addr_c1;
    unsigned short  stride;
    unsigned short  stride_c;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned int <i>addr</i>	Input	Y buffer address Set physical address. Do not specify null pointer  YCbCr/Planar, Semi-Planar format: Y plane address. YCbCr/Packed format: Y/Cb/Cr plane address.
unsigned int <i>addr_c0</i>	Input	C0 buffer address Set physical address. When planar or semi-planar format, do not specify null pointer  YCbCr/Planar format: Cb plane address. YCbCr/Semi-planar format: Cb/Cr plane address.
unsigned int <i>addr_c1</i>	Input	C1 buffer address Set physical address. When planar, do not specify null pointer  YCbCr/Planar format: Cr plane address.
unsigned short <i>stride</i>	Input	Buffer width (Y buffer) Specify Y buffer horizontal size by 1pixel unit. Set greater than input picture horizontal size.
unsigned short <i>stride_c</i>	Input	Buffer width (C buffer) Specify C buffer horizontal size.

#### 8.2.4. fdp\_refbuf\_t

The following is described about the member of fdp\_refbuf\_t structure.

```
struct fdp_refbuf_t {
    struct fdp_imgbuf_t    *next_buf;
    struct fdp_imgbuf_t    *cur_buf;
    struct fdp_imgbuf_t    *prev_buf;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
struct fdp_imgbuf_t <i>*next_buf</i>	Input	Pointer to next read buffer. Specify next field information. When you set FDP_SEQ_INTER to <i>seq_mode</i> of struct fdp_seq_t, this member will be valid. In other case, ignore this member. The timing of loading is different by the <i>telecine_mode</i> . <i>About detail</i> , refer to section 8.5.1
struct fdp_imgbuf_t <i>*cur_buf</i>	Input	Pointer to current read buffer. Specify current field or frame information. Do not specify null pointer.
struct fdp_imgbuf_t <i>*prev_buf</i>	Input	Pointer to previous read buffer. Specify previous field information. When you set FDP_SEQ_INTER to <i>seq_mode</i> of struct fdp_seq_t, this member will be valid. In other case, ignore this member. The timing of loading is different by the <i>telecine_mode</i> . <i>About detail</i> , refer to section 8.5.1

### 8.2.5. fcp\_info\_t

The following is described about the member of fcp\_info\_t structure.

```
struct fcp_info_t {
    unsigned char    fcnl ;
    unsigned char    tlen ;
    unsigned short   pos_y ;
    unsigned short   pos_c ;
    unsigned short   stride_div16 ;
    unsigned int     ba_anc_prev_y ;
    unsigned int     ba_anc_cur_y ;
    unsigned int     ba_anc_next_y ;
    unsigned int     ba_anc_cur_c ;
    unsigned int     ba_ref_prev_y ;
    unsigned int     ba_ref_cur_y ;
    unsigned int     ba_ref_next_y ;
    unsigned int     ba_ref_cur_c ;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>fcnl</i>	Input	<p>Renesas near-lossless compression setting.</p> <p>FCP_FCNL_DISABLE      (0): Disable FCP_FCNL_ENABLE      (1): Enable</p> <p>Note: Renesas near-lossless decompression is executed by DBSC4, DDR3/4 memory controller. When FCNL is enable, specify decompression area to destination buffer.</p>
unsigned char <i>tlen</i>	Input	<p>Tile/Linear conversion setting.</p> <p>FCP_TL_DISABLE      (0): Disable FCP_TL_ENABLE      (1): Enable</p>
unsigned short <i>pos_y</i>	Input	Vertical position of tile address luma plane which FDP start read. (0 to 8189)
unsigned short <i>pos_c</i>	Input	Vertical position of tile address chroma plane which FDP start read. (0 to 4094)
unsigned short <i>stride_div16</i>	Input	<p>Memory stride of the tile addressing image.</p> <p>The <i>stride_div16</i> specifies the picture of the tile address image. It must be specified so that <i>stride_div16</i> * 16 is exponent of 2 and larger than or equal to 128.</p>
unsigned int <i>ba_anc_prev_y</i>	Input	<p>The base address of the ancillary information of the plane.</p> <p>This member is corresponding to the luma plane of previous frame (field).</p> <p>It must be specified in 128 byte unit.</p>
unsigned int <i>ba_anc_cur_y</i>	Input	<p>The base address of the ancillary information of the plane.</p> <p>This member is corresponding to the luma plane of current frame (field).</p> <p>It must be specified in 128 byte unit.</p>

unsigned int <i>ba_anc_next_y</i>	Input	The base address of the ancillary information of the plane. This member is corresponding to the luma plane of next frame (field).  It must be specified in 128 byte unit.
unsigned int <i>ba_anc_cur_c</i>	Input	The base address of the ancillary information of the plane. This member is corresponding to the chroma plane of current frame (field).  It must be specified in 128 byte unit.
unsigned int <i>ba_ref_prev_y</i>	Input	The base address of the tile addressing image of the plane. This member is corresponding to the luma plane of previous frame (field).  It must be specified in 16384 byte unit.
unsigned int <i>ba_ref_cur_y</i>	Input	The base address of the tile addressing image of the plane. This member is corresponding to the luma plane of current frame (field).  It must be specified in 16384 byte unit.
unsigned int <i>ba_ref_next_y</i>	Input	The base address of the tile addressing image of the plane. This member is corresponding to the luma plane of next frame (field).  It must be specified in 16384 byte unit.
unsigned int <i>ba_ref_cur_c</i>	Input	The base address of the tile addressing image of the plane. This member is corresponding to the chroma plane of current frame (field).  It must be specified in 16384 byte unit.

### 8.2.6. fdp\_ipc\_t

The following is described about the member of fdp\_ipc\_t structure.

```
struct fdp_ipc_t {
    unsigned char    cmb_ofst ;
    unsigned char    cmb_max ;
    unsigned char    cmb_gard ;
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned char <i>cmb_ofst</i>	Input	Comb detection parameter setting 1. Default setting is 0x20. Refer to the H/W manual for setting other than the above.
unsigned char <i>cmb_max</i>	Input	Comb detection parameter setting 2. Default setting is 0x00. Refer to the H/W manual for setting other than the above.
unsigned char <i>cmb_gard</i>	Input	Comb detection parameter setting 3. Default setting is 0x40. Refer to the H/W manual for setting other than the above.

### 8.3. fdp\_status\_t

The following is described about the member of fdp\_status\_t structure.

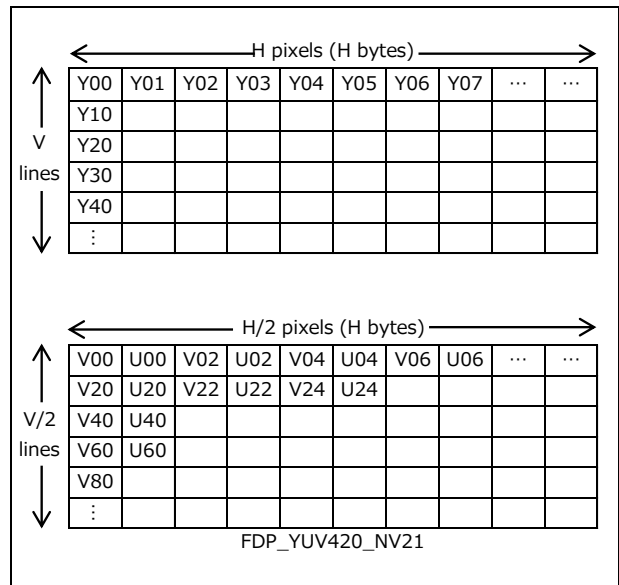
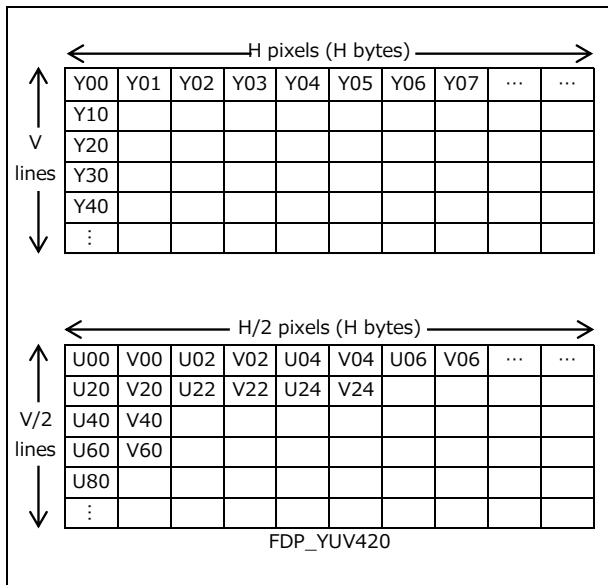
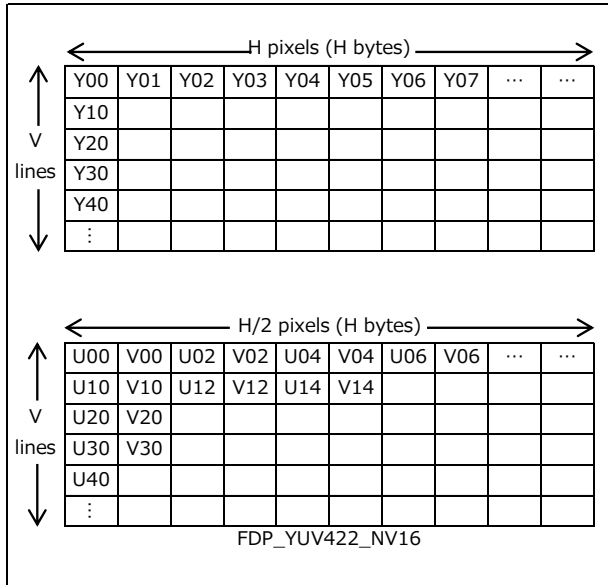
```
struct fdp_status_t {
    unsigned long      picid;
    unsigned int       vcycle;
    unsigned int       sensor[18];
};
```

Member	Direction	Contents
unsigned long <i>picid</i>	Output	Picture ID of output picture. Return of value that specify <i>picid</i> of fdp_pic_t
unsigned int <i>vcycle</i>	Output	Number of cycle of the previous frame processing. This member returns value from getting FD1_CTL_VCYCLE_STAT register. Refer to H/W manual.
unsigned int <i>sensor[18]</i>	Output	Sensor information This member returns value from getting FD1_SENSOR_m register. ( <i>sensor[m]</i> equal FD1_SENSOR_m. m = 0, 1, 2 ... 17.) Refer to H/W manual.

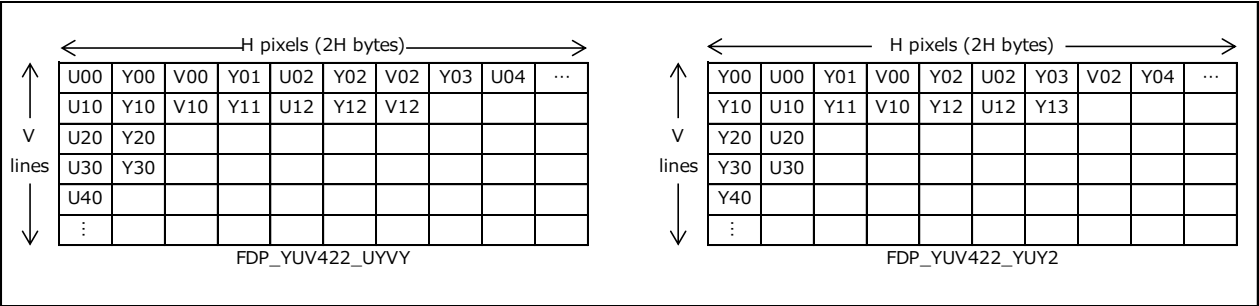


## 8.4. Format

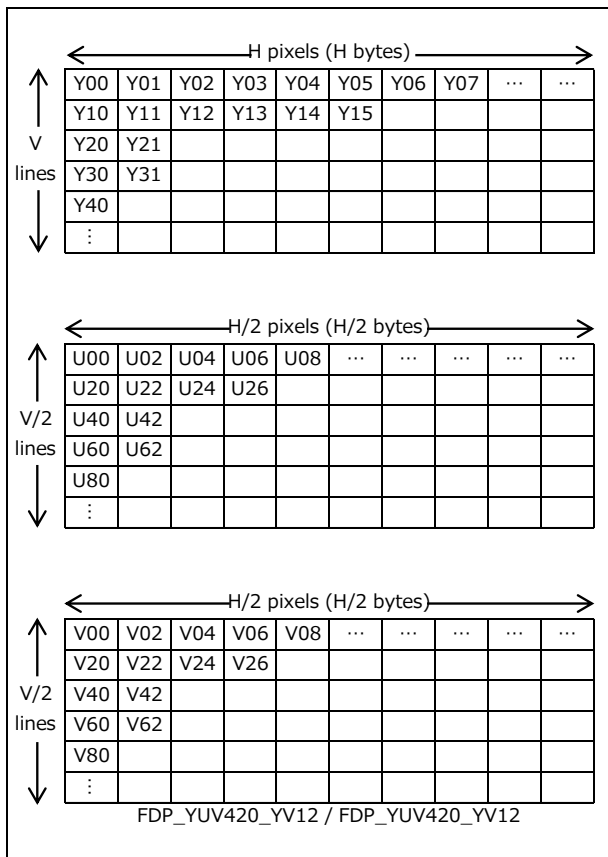
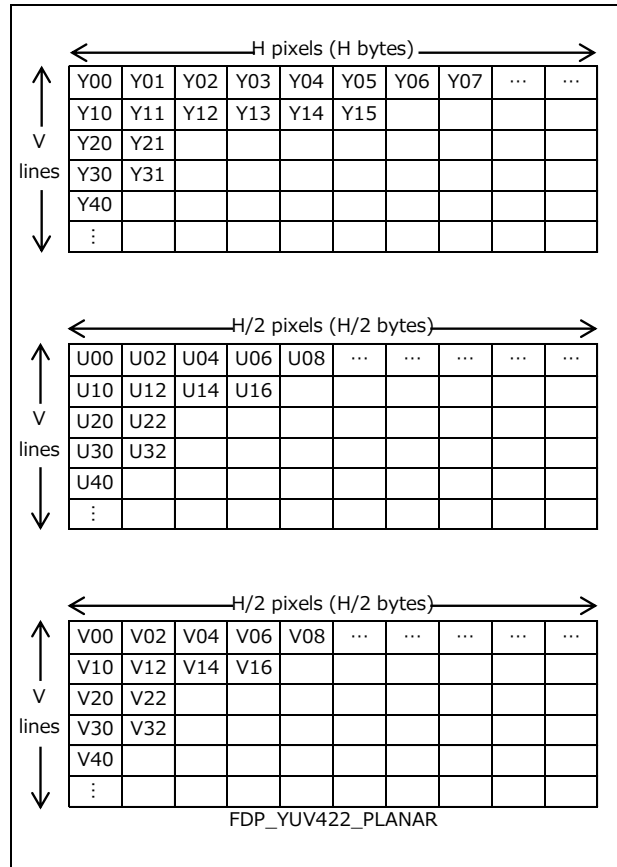
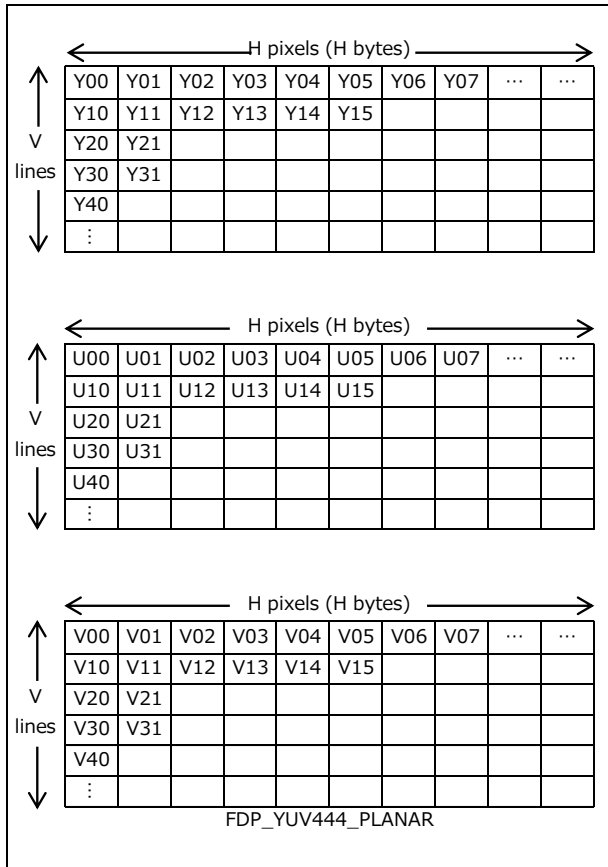
### 8.4.1. YCbCr (Semi planar) format



8.4.2. YCbCr (Packed) format



### 8.4.3. YCbCr (Planar) format





## 8.5. Sequence

### 8.5.1. Interlace (3D-IPC)

#### 8.5.1.1. Normal

		← 16.67ms (60fps) →									
		frame no.									
(a) input		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
fdp_go		FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO
*fproc_par	*seq_par	FDP_SEQ_INTER	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	seq_mode	FDP_TC_OFF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	telechime_mode	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	*in_pic progressive_sequence	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	progressive_frame	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	picture_structure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	repeat_first_field	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	top_field_first	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
last_seq_indicator		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
current_field		FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM
*ref_buf	*prev_buf (Note)	bottom-1	top0	bottom0	top1	bottom1	top2	bottom2	top3	bottom3	top4
	*cur_buf	top0	bottom0	top1	bottom1	top2	bottom2	top3	bottom3	top4	bottom4
	*next_buf (Note)	bottom0	top1	bottom1	top2	bottom2	top3	bottom3	top4	bottom4	top5
(b) output	*out_buf	frame0	frame1	frame2	frame3	frame4	frame5	frame6	frame7	frame8	frame9

Note) you can specify null pointer.

If you specify null pointer to prev\_buf or next\_buf, FDP Manager will change 2D-IPC.

#### 8.5.1.2. Half-rate (60fps vsync)

		← 16.67ms (60fps) →								
		frame no.								
(a) input		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
fdp_go		FDP_GO	FDP_NOGO	FDP_GO	FDP_NOGO	FDP_GO	FDP_NOGO	FDP_GO	FDP_NOGO	FDP_GO
*fproc_par	*seq_par	FDP_SEQ_INTER	-	NULL	-	NULL	-	NULL	-	NULL
	seq_mode	FDP_TC_OFF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	telechime_mode	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	*in_pic progressive_sequence	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	progressive_frame	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	picture_structure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	repeat_first_field	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	top_field_first	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
last_seq_indicator		0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	1
current_field		FDP_CF_TOP	-	FDP_CF_TOP	-	FDP_CF_TOP	-	FDP_CF_TOP	-	FDP_CF_TOP
*ref_buf	*prev_buf (Note)	bottom-1	-	bottom0	-	bottom1	-	bottom2	-	bottom3
	*cur_buf	top0	-	top1	-	top2	-	top3	-	top4
	*next_buf (Note)	bottom0	-	bottom1	-	bottom2	-	bottom3	-	bottom4
(b) output	*out_buf	frame0	-	frame2	-	frame4	-	frame6	-	frame8

Note) you can specify null pointer.

If you specify null pointer to prev\_buf or next\_buf, FDP Manager will change 2D-IPC.

#### 8.5.1.3. Half-rate (30fps vsync)

		← 33.33ms (30fps) →				
		frame no.				
(a) input		1	2	3	4	5
fdp_go		FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO
*fproc_par	*seq_par	FDP_SEQ_INTER	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	seq_mode	FDP_TC_OFF	-	-	-	-
	telechime_mode	-	-	-	-	-
	*in_pic progressive_sequence	-	-	-	-	-
	progressive_frame	-	-	-	-	-
	picture_structure	-	-	-	-	-
	repeat_first_field	-	-	-	-	-
	top_field_first	-	-	-	-	-
last_seq_indicator		0	0	0	0	1
current_field		FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_TOP
*ref_buf	*prev_buf (Note)	bottom-1	bottom0	bottom1	bottom2	bottom3
	*cur_buf	top0	top1	top2	top3	top4
	*next_buf (Note)	bottom0	bottom1	bottom2	bottom3	bottom4
(b) output	*out_buf	frame0	frame2	frame4	frame6	frame8

Note) you can specify null pointer.

If you specify null pointer to prev\_buf or next\_buf, FDP Manager will change 2D-IPC.

#### 8.5.1.4. 2:3 pull-down

		16.67ms (60fps)										
		frame no.										
(a) input	fdp_go *fproc_par *seq_par		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
			FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO
			FDP_SEQ_INTER	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
			telechime_mode	P_TC_FORCED_PULL_DOWN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			*in_pic progressive_sequence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
			progressive_frame	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
			picture_structure	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
			repeat_first_field	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
			top_field_first	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
			last_seq_indicator	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
			current_field	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM	FDP_CF_BOTTOM
			*ref_buf	bottom0 Note)	top0	bottom0	top1 Note)	bottom1	top2 Note)	bottom2	bottom3 Note)	top3
			*prev_buf	top0	bottom0	top0	bottom1	top1	bottom2	top2	bottom3	bottom3
			*next_buf	bottom0	top0 Note)	bottom0 Note)	top1	bottom1 Note)	top2	bottom2 Note)	top2 Note)	bottom3
(b) output		*out_buf	frame0	frame0	frame0	frame1	frame1	frame2	frame2	frame2	frame3	frame3

Note) you can specify top (or bottom) field to this member.

In this case, you can specify null pointer to other member that specify same field.

#### 8.5.1.5. 2:3 pull-down half-rate (60fps vsync)

		16.67ms (60fps) frame no.								
(a) input	fdp_go	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	*fproc_par	FDP_GO	FDP_NOGO	FDP_GO	FDP_NOGO	FDP_GO	FDP_NOGO	FDP_GO	FDP_NOGO	FDP_GO
	*seq_par	FDP_SEQ_INTER	-	NULL	-	NULL	-	NULL	-	NULL
	seq_mode	P_TC_FORCED_PULL_DOWN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	telechime_mode	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0
	*in_pic	progressive_sequence	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-
	progressive_frame	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	3
	picture_structure	1	-	1	-	0	-	1	-	0
	repeat_first_field	1	-	1	-	0	-	0	-	1
	top_field_first	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	1
	last_seq_indicator	FDP_CF_TOP	-	FDP_CF_TOP	-	FDP_CF_TOP	-	FDP_CF_TOP	-	FDP_CF_TOP
	current_field	bottom0 Note)	-	bottom0	-	bottom1	-	bottom2	-	bottom3 Note)
	*ref_buf	top0	-	top0	-	top1	-	top2	-	top3
	*prev_buf	bottom0	-	bottom0 Note)	-	bottom1 Note)	-	bottom2 Note)	-	bottom3
*next_buf										
(b) output		*out_buf								
		frame0	-	frame0	-	frame1	-	frame2	-	frame3

Note) you can specify top (or bottom) field to this member.

In this case, you can specify null pointer to other member that specify same field.

#### 8.5.1.6. 2:3 pull-down half-rate (30fps vsync)

		33.33ms (30fps)				
		frame no.				
(a) input	fdp_go *fproc_par *seq_par seq_mode telechime_mode *in_pic progressive_sequence progressive_frame picture_structure repeat_first_field top_field_first last_seq_indicator current_field *ref_buf *prev_buf *cur_buf *next_buf	1	2	3	4	5
		FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO
		FDP_SEQ_INTER	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
		FDP_TC_FORCED_PULL_DOWN	-	-	-	-
		0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1
		3	3	3	3	3
		1	1	0	1	0
		1	1	0	0	1
		0	0	0	0	1
		FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_TOP
		bottom0 Note)	bottom0	bottom1	bottom2	bottom3
		top0	top0	top1	top2	top3
		bottom0	bottom0 Note)	bottom1 Note)	bottom2 Note)	bottom3 Note)
(b) output	*out_buf	frame0	frame0	frame1	frame2	frame2

Note) you can specify top (or bottom) field to this member.

In this case, you can specify null pointer to other member that specify same field.

## 8.5.2. Interlace (2D-IPC)

### 8.5.2.1. Normal

		16.67ms (60fps)									
		frame no.									
(a) input	fdp_go	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	*fproc_par	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO
	*seq_par	FDP_SEQ_INTER_2D	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	seq_mode	FDP_TC_OFF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	telechime_mode	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	*in_pic progressive_sequence	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	progressive_frame	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	picture_structure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	repeat_first_field	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	top_field_first	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	last_seq_indicator	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	current_field	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM	FDP_CF_TOP	FDP_CF_BOTTOM
	*ref_buf	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) output	*out_buf	frame0	frame1	frame2	frame3	frame4	frame5	frame6	frame7	frame8	frame9
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 8.5.3. Progressive

### 8.5.3.1. Normal

		16.67ms (60fps)									
		frame no.									
(a) input	fdp_go	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	*fproc_par	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO
	*seq_par	FDP_SEQ_PROG	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	seq_mode	FDP_TC_OFF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	telechime_mode	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	*in_pic progressive_sequence	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	progressive_frame	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	picture_structure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	repeat_first_field	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	top_field_first	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	last_seq_indicator	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	current_field	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	*ref_buf	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) output	*out_buf	frame0	frame1	frame2	frame3	frame4	frame5	frame6	frame7	frame8	frame9
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

### 8.5.3.2. 2:3 pull-down

		16.6ms (60fps)									
		frame no.									
(a) input	fdp_go	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	*fproc_par	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO	FDP_GO
	*seq_par	FDP_SEQ_PROG	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	seq_mode	FDP_TC_FORCED_PULL_DOWN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	telechime_mode	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	*in_pic progressive_sequence	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	progressive_frame	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	picture_structure	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	repeat_first_field	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	top_field_first	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
	last_seq_indicator	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	current_field	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	*ref_buf	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) output	*out_buf	frame0	frame0	frame1	frame1	frame1	frame0	frame0	frame1	frame1	frame1
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 8.6. Error code

Table 8-1 shows the detail error code of FDP. According to error code, please check argument.

**Table 8-1 Detail of error code**

Define name	Error code	Contains
E_FDP_INVALID_STATE	-105	When you specify occupy mode, FDP is working.
E_FDP_PARA_REFBUF	-253	The <i>ref_buf</i> of <i>fdp_fproc_t</i> was null pointer.
E_FDP_PARA_FDPGO	-301	The <i>fdpgo</i> of <i>fdp_start_t</i> was out of specification.
E_FDP_PARA_FPROCPAR	-302	The <i>fproc_par</i> of <i>fdp_start_t</i> was null pointer, when <i>fdpgo</i> was FDP_GO.
E_FDP_PARA_SEQPAR	-303	The <i>seq_par</i> of <i>fdp_fproc_t</i> was null pointer, immediately after the initialize.
E_FDP_PARA_INPIC	-305	The <i>in_pic</i> of <i>fdp_fproc_t</i> was null pointer.
E_FDP_PARA_OUTBUF	-306	The <i>out_buf</i> of <i>fdp_fproc_t</i> was null pointer.
E_FDP_PARA_SEQMODE	-307	The <i>seq_mode</i> of <i>fdp_seq_t</i> was out of specification.
E_FDP_PARA_TELECINEMODE	-308	The <i>telecine_mode</i> of <i>fdp_seq_t</i> was out of specification.
E_FDP_PARA_INWIDTH	-309	The <i>in_width</i> of <i>fdp_seq_t</i> was out of range.
		The <i>in_width</i> wasn't a multiple of 2.
E_FDP_PARA_INHEIGHT	-310	The <i>in_height</i> of <i>fdp_seq_t</i> was out of range.
E_FDP_PARA_PICWIDTH	-314	The <i>width</i> of <i>fdp_pic_t</i> was not equal <i>in_width</i> of <i>fdp_seq_t</i> .
E_FDP_PARA_PICHEIGHT	-315	The <i>height</i> of <i>fdp_pic_t</i> was not equal <i>in_height</i> of <i>fdp_seq_t</i> .
E_FDP_PARA_CHROMA	-316	The <i>chroma_format</i> of <i>fdp_pic_t</i> was out of specification.
E_FDP_PARA_PROGSEQ	-317	The <i>progressive_sequence</i> of <i>fdp_pic_t</i> was not equal mode specified <i>seq_mode</i> of <i>fdp_seq_t</i> .
E_FDP_PARA_PICSTRUCT	-318	The <i>picture_structure</i> of <i>fdp_pic_t</i> was out of standard.
E_FDP_PARA_REPEATTOP	-319	The <i>repeat_first_field</i> and <i>top_field_first</i> of <i>fdp_pic_t</i> were out of standard.
E_FDP_PARA_BUFREFRD0	-321	The <i>pref_buf</i> of <i>fdp_refbuf_t</i> was null pointer.
E_FDP_PARA_BUFREFRD1	-322	The <i>cur_buf</i> of <i>fdp_refbuf_t</i> was null pointer.
E_FDP_PARA_BUFREFRD2	-323	The <i>next_buf</i> of <i>fdp_refbuf_t</i> was null pointer.
E_FDP_PARA_LASTSTART	-329	The <i>last_start_indicator</i> of <i>fdp_fproc_t</i> was out of specification.
E_FDP_PARA_CF	-330	The <i>current_field</i> of <i>fdp_fproc_t</i> was out of specification.
E_FDP_PARA_INTERPOLATED	-331	The <i>interpolated_line</i> of <i>fdp_fproc_t</i> was out of specification when <i>telecine_mode</i> was FDP_TC_INTERPOLATED_LINE.
E_FDP_PARA_OUTFORMAT	-332	The <i>out_format</i> of <i>fdp_fproc_t</i> was out of specification.
E_FDP_PARA_SRC_ADDR	-350	The <i>addr</i> of reference buffer was null pointer.
E_FDP_PARA_SRC_ADDR_C0	-351	The <i>addr_c0</i> of reference buffer was null pointer.
E_FDP_PARA_SRC_ADDR_C1	-352	The <i>addr_c1</i> of reference buffer was null pointer.
E_FDP_PARA_SRC_STRIDE	-353	The <i>stride</i> of reference buffer was less than <i>in_width</i> .
E_FDP_PARA_SRC_STRIDE_C	-354	The <i>stride_c</i> of reference buffer was less than <i>in_width</i> .



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E_FDP_PARA_DST_ADDR	-355	The <i>addr</i> of destination buffer was null pointer.
		The <i>addr</i> wasn't a multiple of 256 when fcnl enable.
E_FDP_PARA_DST_ADDR_C0	-356	The <i>addr_c0</i> of destination buffer was null pointer.
		The <i>addr_c0</i> wasn't a multiple of 256 when fcnl enable.
E_FDP_PARA_DST_ADDR_C1	-357	The <i>addr_c1</i> of destination buffer was null pointer.
		The <i>addr_c1</i> wasn't a multiple of 256 when fcnl enable.
E_FDP_PARA_DST_STRIDE	-358	The <i>stride</i> of destination buffer was less than <i>in_width</i> .
		The <i>stride</i> wasn't a multiple of 256 when fcnl enable.
E_FDP_PARA_DST_STRIDE_C	-359	The <i>stride_c</i> of destination buffer was less than <i>in_width</i> .
		The <i>stride_c</i> wasn't a multiple of 256 when fcnl enable.
E_FDP_PARA_STLMSK_ADDR	-360	Work buffer memory of specified initialize was null pointer.
E_FDP_PARA_FCNL	-400	The <i>fcnl</i> of fcp_info_t was out of specification.
E_FDP_PARA_TLEN	-401	The <i>tlen</i> of fcp_info_t was out of specification.
E_FDP_PARA_FCP_POS	-402	The <i>pos_c</i> or <i>pos_y</i> were out of range.
E_FDP_PARA_FCP_STRIDE	-403	The <i>fcp_stride</i> of fcp_info_t was out of specification.
E_FDP_PARA_BA_ANC	-404	The <i>ba_anc</i> ** of fcp_info_t was out of specification.
E_FDP_PARA_BA_REF	-405	The <i>ba_ref</i> ** of fcp_info_t was out of specification.

## 9. Restrictions and Notes

This section describes the restrictions on the use of this software.

### 9.1. VSP's Restrictions

- The VSP Manager takes over restrictions of hardware. Refer to H/W manual.
- The VSP Manager does not accept downscaling after super-resolution. Upscaling (include same size) after super-resolution or super-resolution after downscaling are possible.
- Legacy interface does not is guaranteed all of the functions.

### 9.2. FDP's Restrictions

- The VSP Manager takes over restrictions of hardware. Refer to H/W manual.
- Legacy interface does not is guaranteed all of the functions.
- The VSP Manager does not check ancillary data. So when inputs invalid ancillary data, it will freeze FDP.