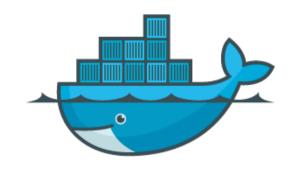


Orchestrating Docker containers at scale

Maciej Lasyk #DockerKRK meetup 1 Kraków, 2015-01-28





Join Fedora Infrastructure!

- learn Ansible
- learn Docker with Fedora Dockerfiles

http://fedoraproject.org/en/join-fedora

Agenda

- Why use Docker?
- Brief history of envs evolution
- Docker what is it?
- To PaaS or not to PaaS
- Orchestration at scale

- How many of you...

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 - Knows what Docker is?

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 - Played with Docker?

- How many of you...
 - Knows what Docker is?
 - Played with Docker?
 - Runs it on production?

With Docker we can solve many problems

- "it works on my machine"

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- reducing build & deploy time

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- Infrastructure configuration spaghetti automation!

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- reducing build & deploy time
- Infrastructure configuration spaghetti automation!
- Libs dependency hell
- Cost control and granularity

- classical approach (for & scp/ssh & conf.d)

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- Continuous Integration

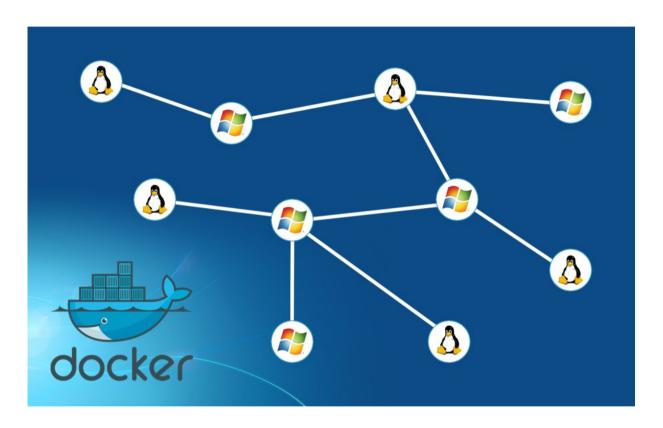
- classical approach (for & scp/ssh & conf.d)
- configuration management
- Bare vs laaS vs PaaS
- Continuous Integration
- So when to use Docker?



"automates the deployment of any application as a lightweight, portable, self-sufficient container that will run virtually anywhere"

Java's promise: Write Once. Run Anywhere.

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Even on Windows now!

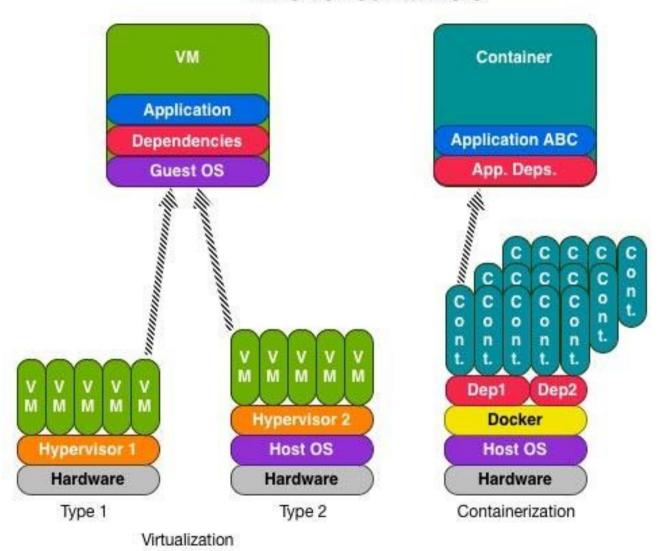
https://blog.docker.com/2014/10/docker-microsoft-partner-distributed-applications/

Docker is lightweight

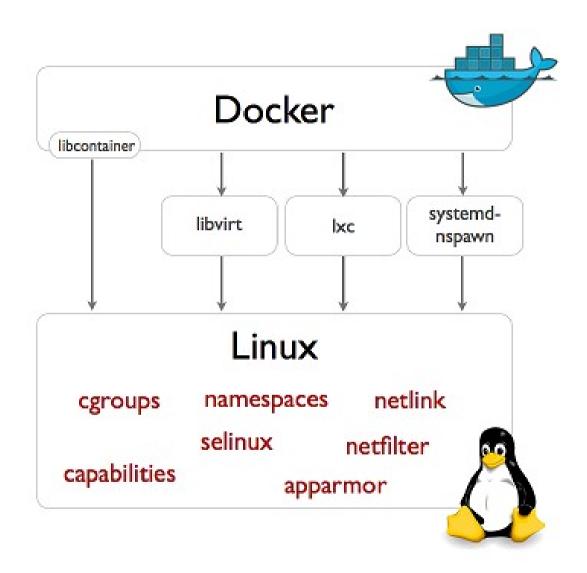
Docker is lightweight

Package	======== Arch 	======================================	Repository	======= Size
Installing: docker-io	×86_64	1.3.0-1.fc20	updates	4.3 M

VMs vs. Containers



http://sattia.blogspot.com/2014/05/docker-lightweight-linux-containers-for.html



http://blog.docker.com/2014/03/docker-0-9-introducing-execution-drivers-and-libcontainer/

- LXC & libcontainer

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- LXC & libcontainer
- control groups
- kernel namespaces
- layered filesystem
 - btrfs
 - devmapper thin provisioning & loopback mounts
 - no more AUFS
 - http://developerblog.redhat.com/2014/09/30/overview-storage-scalability-docker/

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dockerfile + base image = docker container

Dockerfile

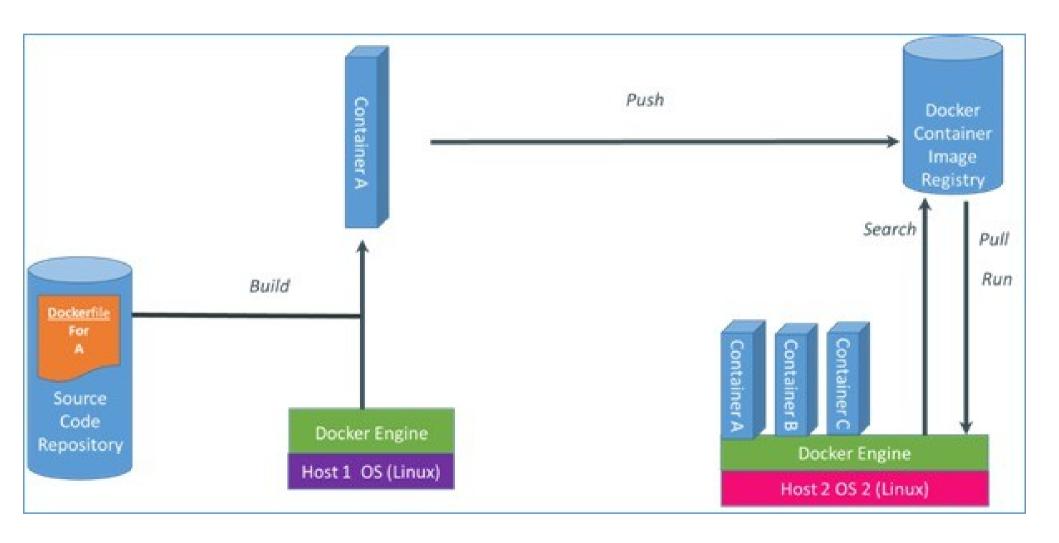
FROM fedora MAINTAINER scollier < scollier@redhat.com>

RUN yum -y update && yum clean all RUN yum -y install nginx && yum clean all RUN echo "daemon off;" >> /etc/nginx/nginx.conf RUN echo "nginx on Fedora" > /srv/www/index.html

EXPOSE 80

CMD ["/usr/sbin/nginx"]

Docker - registry



http://osv.io/blog/blog/2014/06/19/containers-hypervisors-part-2/

Docker - registry

- git like semantics
- pull, push, commit
- private and public registry
- https://github.com/dotcloud/docker-registry
- yum install docker-registry

- \$ docker pull
- \$ docker push
- \$ docker commit

Docker - images hierarchy

base image

- -> child image
 - -> grandchild image

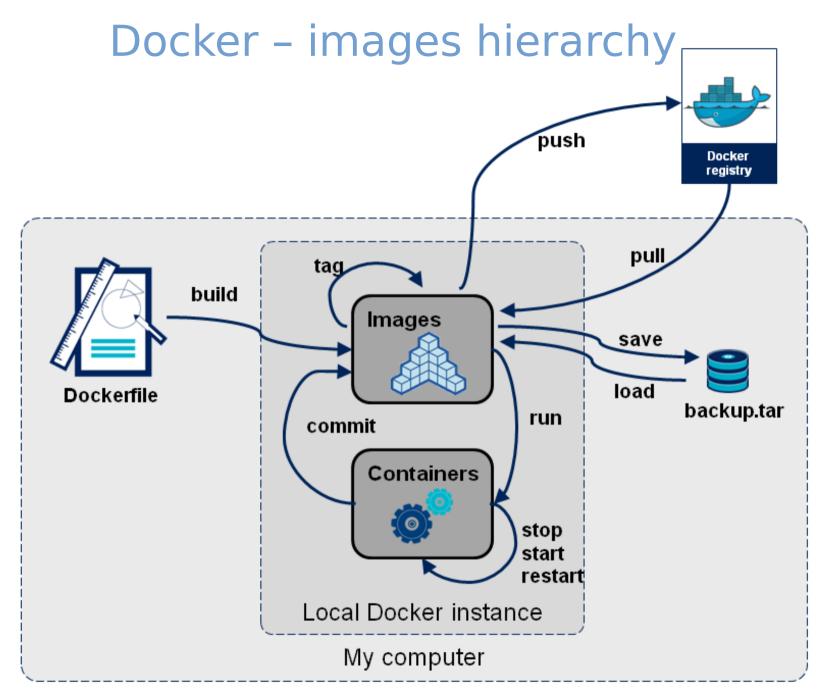
Docker - images hierarchy

base image

-> child image

-> grandchild image

Git's promise: Tiny footprint with lightning fast performance



http://blog.octo.com/en/docker-registry-first-steps/

Docker - images hierarchy

FROM ubuntu:14.04 MAINTAINER james@example.com
ENV REFRESHED_AT 2014-06-01
RUN apt-get update -qq && apt-get install -qqy curl
[...]

Docker - security

- Isolation via kernel namespaces
- Additional layer of security: SELinux / AppArmor / GRSEC
- Each container gets own network stack
- control groups for resources limiting

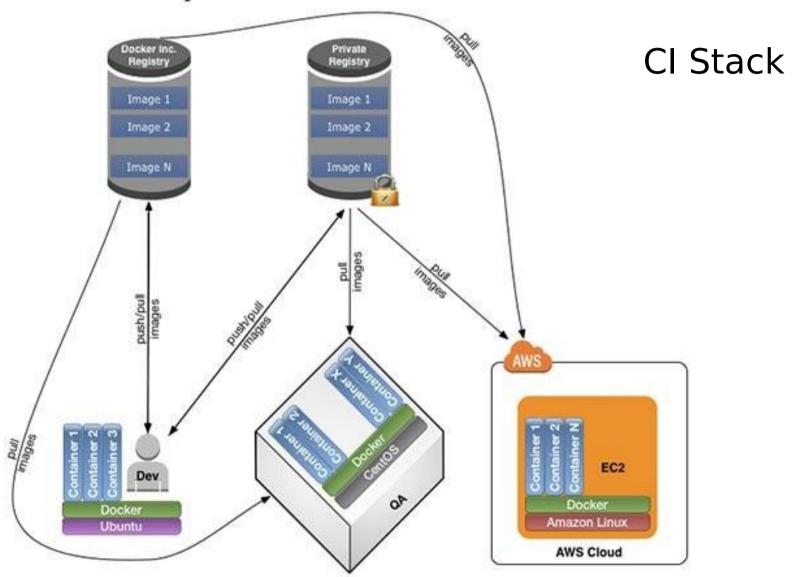
```
f20 policy: https://git.fedorahosted.org/cgit/selinux-policy.git/tree/docker.te?h=f20-contrib
What's there?
seinfo -t -x | grep docker
sesearch -A -s docker_t (and the rest)
or just unpack docker.pp with semodule_unpackage
```

Docker - security



Docker – use cases

Sample Docker Workflow



http://sattia.blogspot.com/2014/05/docker-lightweight-linux-containers-for.html

Docker – use cases

Continuous Integration

- local dev
 - with Docker it's easy to standardize envs
- deployment
 - rolling updates (e.g. w/Ansible)
- testing
 - unit testing of any commit on dedicated env
 - don't worry about cleaning up after testing
 - parrarelized tests across any machines

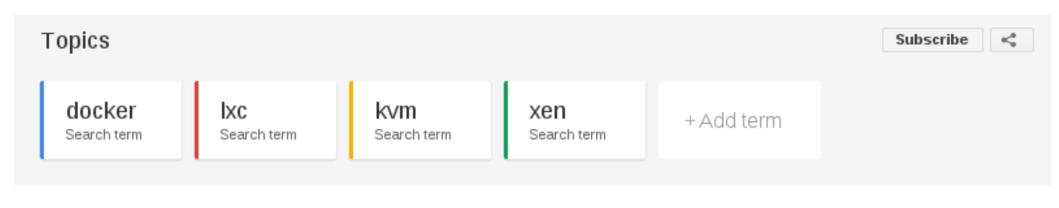
Docker – use cases

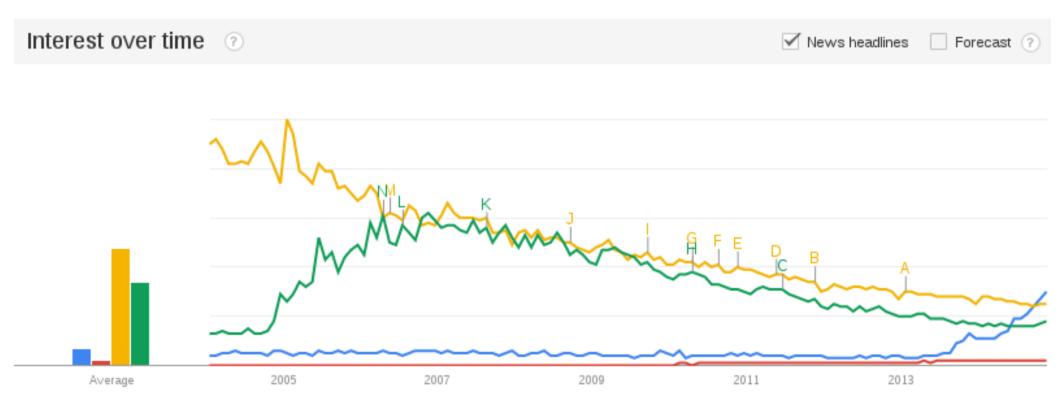
- version control system for apps
- microservices
 - Docker embraces granularity
 - Services can be deployed independently and faster
 - paralleled tests across any machines
- continuous delivery
- PaaS

Docker - history

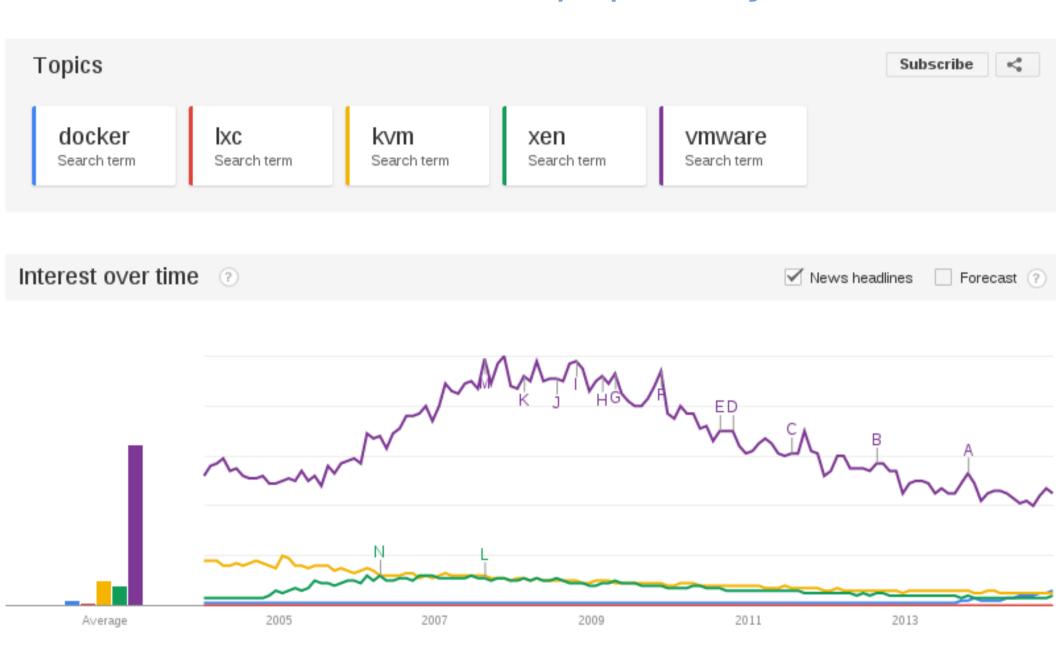
- 2013-01: dotCloud worked on own PaaS (Python based)
- 2013-03: Docker went public (AUFS, LXC)
- middle 2013: Red Hat joined, devmapper, SELinux
- late 2013: removed LXC, rewritten in Go
- 2014-02: stable 1.0

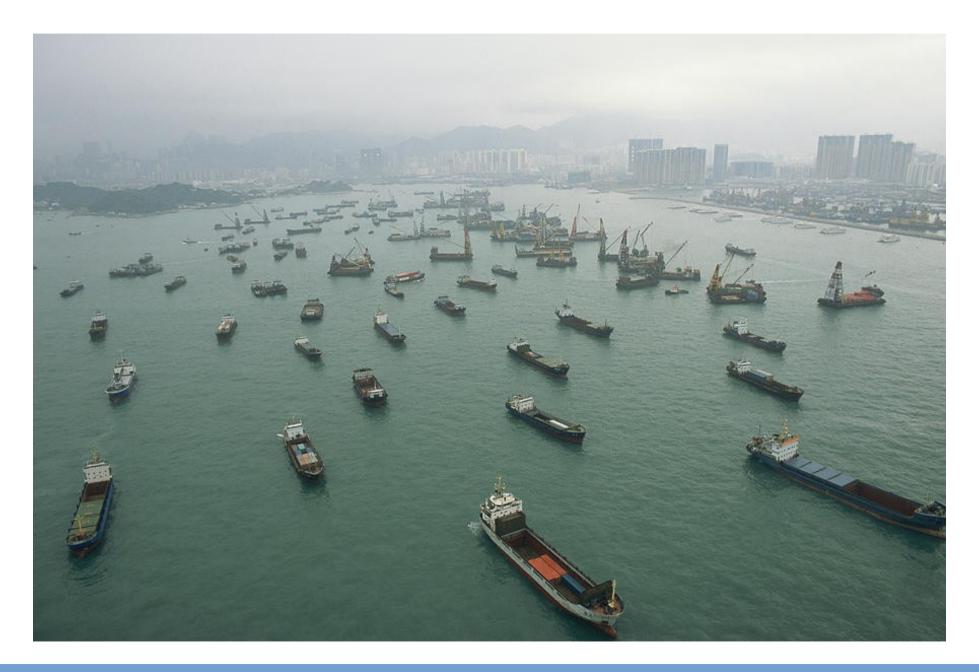
Docker - popularity





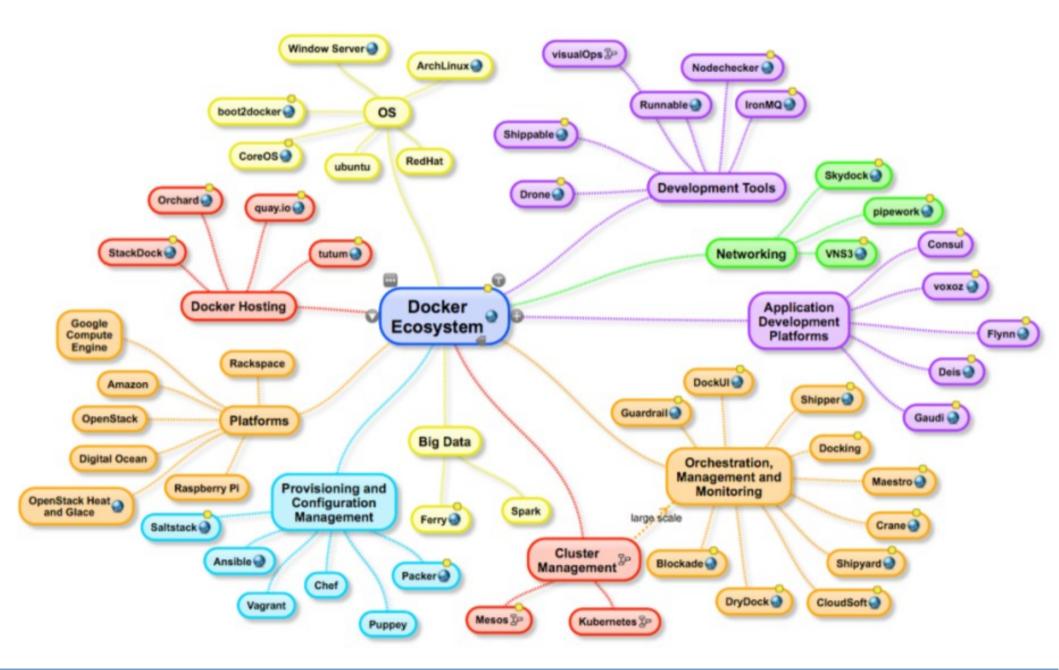
Docker - popularity





This might be a little problem





	Big Data	Cloud Platform	laaS	Data Center OS	Docker OS	Docker Mgmt.	PaaS	Orch. Config Mgmt.
Ansible & Docker								х
Amazon EC2 & Docker		x						
Apache Brooklyn & Docker								х
Apache Hadoop & Docker	x							
Apache Storm & Docker	x							
AppScale & Docker							X	
Atomic Hosts & Docker					х			
Chef & Docker								x
Clocker & Docker								x
Cloud Foundry & Docker	x						X	
CloudStack & Docker			х					
CoreOS & Docker					x			
Deis & Docker							X	
Decker & Docker							X	
Docker & Docker			x		X	x	X	X
Dokku & Docker							X	
Eucalyptus & Docker			x					
Flynn & Docker							X	
Google Compute Platform & Docker		X						
IBM Bluemix & Docker	x						X	
Kubernetes & Docker			x			x	X	x
Mesos, Mesosphere & Docker	x			x		x	X	x
Microsoft Azure & Docker		X						
OpenCamp & Docker		X	x			x	X	
OpenShift & Docker							X	
OpenStack & Docker			x					
Panamax & Docker						x		
Puppet & Docker								x
SaltStack & Docker							X	x
Shipyard & Docker						x		
Stackato & Docker							X	
Tsuru & Docker							X	
VMware & Docker			X					

http://www.cloudssky.com/en/blog/Docker-Is-Not-Enough



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- it will rather clone them:)

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- it will rather clone them :)
- running PaaS might be easy
- operating PaaS will be tough
- so is operating your apps tough enough to move?
- private PaaS or not?
- Rainbow and Unicorn Piss:

http://blog.lusis.org/blog/2014/06/14/paas-for-realists/

- flynn.io
 - Open source PaaS (Go)
 - Uses Docker to manage containers
 - Ops should be a product team, not consultants
 - under development
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Don't forget maestro-ng!

https://github.com/signalfuse/maestro-ng

Remember, that PaaS might fail; plan & test for disaster!



Docker & CLI

- \$ docker run -t -i fedora /bin/bash
- > yum -y update
- > yum -y install nginx
- \$ docker commit 73fa45674fd docent/fedora

Docker & CLI

Or via Dockerfile:

- \$ docker build -t fedora -rm.
- \$ docker run --name=nginx fedora

FIG

- http://www.fig.sh
- for single host env



FIG

- http://www.fig.sh
- for single host env

FROM python:2.7
ENV PYTHONUNBUFFERED 1
RUN mkdir /code
WORKDIR /code
ADD requirements.txt /code/
RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
ADD . /code/

FIG

```
db:
 image: postgres
web:
 build: .
 command: python manage.py runserver 0.0.0.0:8000
 volumes:
  - /srv/app/code:/code
 ports:
  - "8000:8000"
 links:
  - db
```

FIG

- \$ fig run web django-admin.py startproject figexample.
- \$ fig up

Management during runtime?

\$ fig run web python manage.py syncdb

Ansible + Docker

&

Docker + Ansible

Ansible docker core module: http://docs.ansible.com/docker_module.html

```
- hosts: web
 sudo: yes
 tasks:
 - name: run tomcat servers
  docker: >
      image=centos
      command="service tomcat6 start"
      ports=8080
      count=5
      memory limit=128MB
      link=mysql
      expose=8080
      registry=...
      volume=...
```

Building image with Ansible:

FROM ansible/centos7-ansible:stable
ADD ansible /srv/example/
WORKDIR /srv/example
RUN ansible-playbook web.yml -c local
EXPOSE 80
ENTRYPOINT ["/usr/sbin/nginx", "-DFOREGROUND"]

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ADD ansible /srv/example/
WORKDIR /srv/example
RUN ansible-playbook web.yml -c local
EXPOSE 80
ENTRYPOINT ["/usr/sbin/nginx", "-DFOREGROUND"]
ansible/web.yml:
- hosts: localhost
tasks:
- yum: pkg=nginx state=latest
- copy:
   src: web.conf
   dest: /etc/nginx/conf.d/web.conf
   group: "nginx"
   mode: "0644"
```

- Designed for massive server deployments
- Support Docker container out of the box
- It's a Chrome OS fork
- Consists of couple of components:
 - SystemD not just a init system;)
 - Fleet cluster level manager & scheduler
 - etcd light & distributed key / value store
 - Docker the only packaging method in CoreOS



Fleet – cluster level manager & scheduler

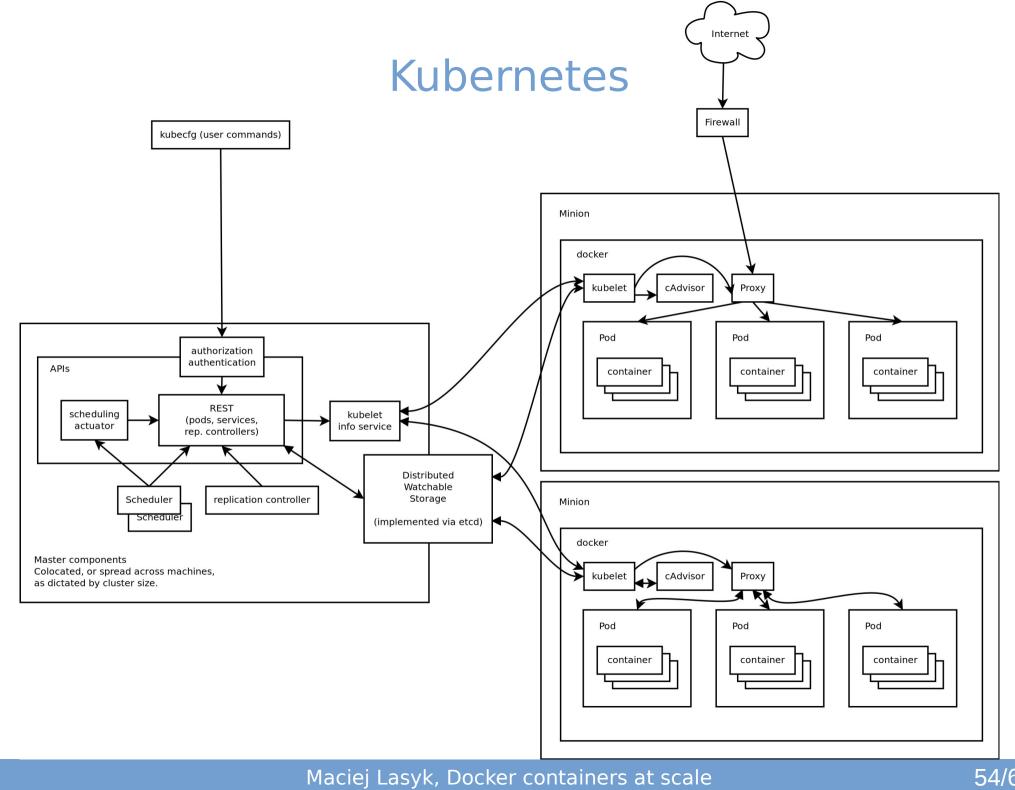






Kubernetes

- https://github.com/GoogleCloudPlatform/kubernetes
- Advanced cluster manager (more than 1k hosts is a fit)
- Architecture:
 - master
 - minion
 - pod
 - replication controller
 - label



Kubernetes



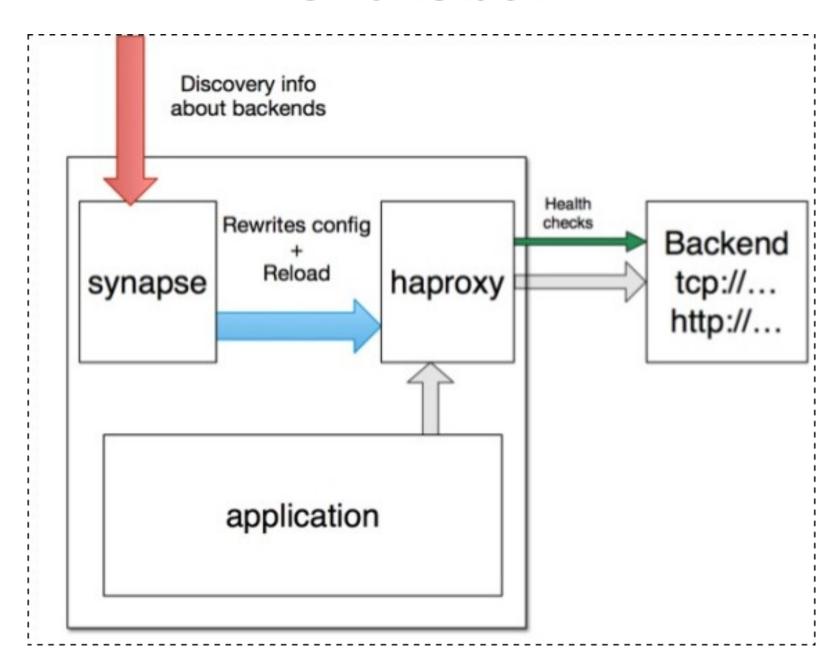
- automated service discovery and registration framework
- ideal for SOA architectures
- ideal for continuous integration & delivery
- solves "works on my machine" problem

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haproxy + nerve + synapse + zookeper = smartstack

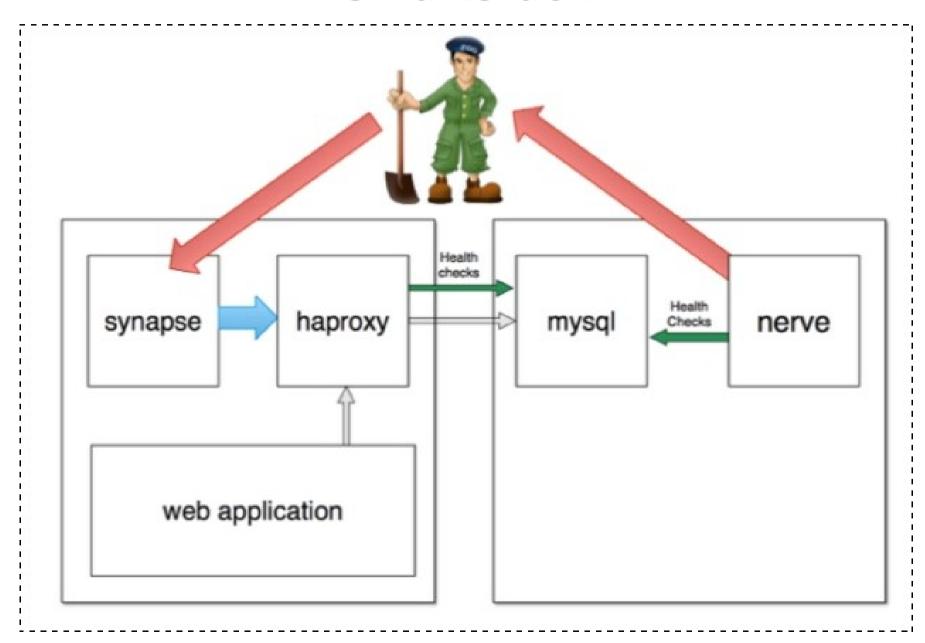
Synapse

- discovery service (via zookeeper or etcd)
- installed on every node
- writes haproxy configuration
- application doesn't have to be aware of this
- works same on bare / VM / docker
- https://github.com/airbnb/nerve



Nerve

- health checks (pluggable)
- register service info to zookeper (or etcd)
- https://github.com/airbnb/synapse





Smartstack + Docker = <3

Summary

Wanna learn Docker?

http://dockerbook.com/

Summary

w/ Docker Sky is the limit!



Freenode #docker Krk DevOPS meetups (http://www.meetup.com/Docker-Krakow-Poland/) https://github.com/docker/docker

sources?

- docker.io documentation
- dockerbook.com
- slideshare!
- zounds of blogposts (urls provided)
- and some experience;)

Thank you:)

Orchestrating Docker containers at scale

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#DockerKRK meetup 1

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