# Cleveland Clinic - Medical Resource Optimization Mathematical Formulation

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#### **Dimensions**

 $r \in Resources$  : set of resources

 $f \in Facilities$ : set of facilities

 $sl \in Servicelines$ : set of service lines

 $ss \in Sub - services$ : set of sub-services

 $d \in Days$ : set of days

### **Data Parameters: Model Coefficients**

 $capacity_{f,sl,ss,r}$  is the capacity of resource r at facility f, service line sl, sub-service ss  $revenue_{f,sl,ss}$  is the revenue per patient at facility f, service line sl, sub-service ss  $margin_{f,sl,ss}$  is the margin per patient at facility f, service line sl, sub-service ss  $demand_{f,sl,ss,d}$  is the maximum demand of facility f, service line sl, sub-service ss, and day d  $losMean_{f,sl,ss}$  is the mean hospitalization time of facility f, service line sl, sub-service ss minday is the minimum day among the set  $d \in Days$ ,  $\min_{d \in Days} d$ 

#### **Decision Variables**

 $NewPatients_{f,sl,ss,d} \ge 0$  is the number of patients accepted in facility f, service line sl, sub-service ss, on day ds  $OpenFlg_{f,sl,ss} \in \{0,1\}$  is the binary variable indicating if facility f, service line sl, sub-service ss is open

### Variables

 $TotalPatients_{f,sl,ss,d}$  is the total number of patients accepted in facility f, service line sl, subservice ss, cumulative for day d where,

$$Total Patients_{f,sl,ss,d} = \sum_{\substack{d1 \in d \text{ and} \\ \max\{[d-losMean_{f,sl,ss}+1], \\ minday\} \leq d1 \leq d}} New Patients_{f,sl,ss,d1} \quad \forall f, sl, ss, d$$

## Objective Functions

 $max \quad Total Revenue = \sum_{f,sl,ss,d} New Patients_{f,sl,ss,d} \ revenue_{f,sl,ss}$ 

 $max \quad TotalMargin = \sum_{f,sl,ss,d} New Patients_{f,sl,ss,d} \ margin_{f,sl,ss}$ 

## Constraints

Maximum demand constraint: Number of patients accepted for f, sl, ss should be less than the maximum demand for day d.

$$NewPatients_{f,sl,ss,d} \le demand_{f,sl,ss,d} \ OpenFlg_{f,sl,ss} \ \ \forall f,sl,ss,d$$
 (1)

Capacity constraint: Total number of patients for f, sl, ss on day d should be less than equal to available capacity of resource r for f, sl, ss. Capacity of resource r is normalized per patient.

$$TotalPatients_{f,sl,ss,d} \le capacity_{f,sl,ss,r} \quad \forall f, sl, ss, d, r$$
 (2)