A Minimal Book Example

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About

This is a *sample* book written in **Markdown**. You can use anything that Pandoc's Markdown supports; for example, a math equation $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$.

1.1 Usage

Each **bookdown** chapter is an .Rmd file, and each .Rmd file can contain one (and only one) chapter. A chapter *must* start with a first-level heading: # A good chapter, and can contain one (and only one) first-level heading.

Use second-level and higher headings within chapters like: ## A short section or ### An even shorter section.

The index.Rmd file is required, and is also your first book chapter. It will be the homepage when you render the book.

1.2 Render book

You can render the HTML version of this example book without changing anything:

- 1. Find the **Build** pane in the RStudio IDE, and
- 2. Click on **Build Book**, then select your output format, or select "All formats" if you'd like to use multiple formats from the same book source files.

Or build the book from the R console:

bookdown::render_book()

To render this example to PDF as a bookdown::pdf_book, you'll need to install XeLaTeX. You are recommended to install TinyTeX (which includes XeLaTeX): https://yihui.org/tinytex/.

1.3 Preview book

As you work, you may start a local server to live preview this HTML book. This preview will update as you edit the book when you save individual .Rmd files. You can start the server in a work session by using the RStudio add-in "Preview book", or from the R console:

bookdown::serve_book()

Hello bookdown

All chapters start with a first-level heading followed by your chapter title, like the line above. There should be only one first-level heading (#) per .Rmd file.

2.1 A section

All chapter sections start with a second-level (##) or higher heading followed by your section title, like the sections above and below here. You can have as many as you want within a chapter.

An unnumbered section

Chapters and sections are numbered by default. To un-number a heading, add a {.unnumbered} or the shorter {-} at the end of the heading, like in this section.

12 Groups of Fun Data

dataset	х	У
dino	55.38460	97.1795000
dino	51.53850	96.0256000
dino	46.15380	94.4872000
dino	42.82050	91.4103000
dino	40.76920	88.3333000
dino	38.71790	84.8718000
dino	35.64100	79.8718000
dino	33.07690	77.5641000
dino	28.97440	74.4872000
dino	26.15380	71.4103000
dino	23.07690	66.4103000
dino	22.30770	61.7949000
dino	22.30770	57.1795000
dino	23.33330	52.9487000
dino	25.89740	51.0256000
dino	29.48720	51.0256000
dino	32.82050	51.0256000
dino	35.38460	51.4103000
dino	40.25640	51.4103000
dino	44.10260	52.9487000
dino	46.66670	54.1026000
dino	50.00000	55.2564000
dino	53.07690	55.6410000
dino	56.66670	56.0256000
dino	59.23080	57.9487000
dino	61.28210	62.1795000
dino	61.53850	66.4103000
dino	61.79490	69.1026000
dino	57.43590	55.2564000
dino	54.87180	49.8718000
dino	52.56410	46.0256000
dino	48.20510	38.3333000
dino	49.48720	42.1795000
dino	51.02560	44.1026000
dino	45.38460	36.4103000
dino	42.82050	32.5641000
dino	38.71790	31.4103000
1.	05 10000	00.0504000

Parts

You can add parts to organize one or more book chapters together. Parts can be inserted at the top of an .Rmd file, before the first-level chapter heading in that same file.

Add a numbered part: # (PART) Act one {-} (followed by # A chapter)

Add an unnumbered part: # (PART*) Act one {-} (followed by # A chapter)

Add an appendix as a special kind of un-numbered part: # (APPENDIX) Other stuff {-} (followed by # A chapter). Chapters in an appendix are prepended with letters instead of numbers.

Footnotes and citations

5.1 Footnotes

Footnotes are put inside the square brackets after a caret ^[]. Like this one ¹.

5.2 Citations

Reference items in your bibliography file(s) using @key.

For example, we are using the **bookdown** package (Xie, 2022) (check out the last code chunk in index.Rmd to see how this citation key was added) in this sample book, which was built on top of R Markdown and **knitr** (Xie, 2015) (this citation was added manually in an external file book.bib). Note that the .bib files need to be listed in the index.Rmd with the YAML bibliography key.

The bs4_book theme makes footnotes appear inline when you click on them. In this example book, we added csl: chicago-fullnote-bibliography.csl to the index.Rmd YAML, and include the .csl file. To download a new style, we recommend: https://www.zotero.org/styles/

The RStudio Visual Markdown Editor can also make it easier to insert citations: https://rstudio.github.io/visual-markdown-editing/#/citations

¹This is a footnote.

Blocks

6.1 Equations

Here is an equation.

$$f\left(k\right) = \binom{n}{k} p^{k} \left(1 - p\right)^{n - k} \tag{6.1}$$

You may refer to using \@ref(eq:binom), like see Equation (6.1).

6.2 Theorems and proofs

Labeled theorems can be referenced in text using \@ref(thm:tri), for example, check out this smart theorem 6.1.

Theorem 6.1. For a right triangle, if c denotes the length of the hypotenuse and a and b denote the lengths of the **other** two sides, we have

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

 $Read\ more\ here\ https://bookdown.org/yihui/bookdown/markdown-extensions-by-bookdown.html.$

6.3 Callout blocks

The bs4_book theme also includes special callout blocks, like this .rmdnote.

You can use markdown inside a block.

```
head(beaver1, n = 5)

#> day time temp activ

#> 1 346 840 36.33 0

#> 2 346 850 36.34 0

#> 3 346 900 36.35 0

#> 4 346 910 36.42 0

#> 5 346 920 36.55 0
```

It is up to the user to define the appearance of these blocks for LaTeX output.

You may also use: .rmdcaution, .rmdimportant, .rmdtip, or .rmdwarning as the block name.

The R Markdown Cookbook provides more help on how to use custom blocks to design your own callouts: https://bookdown.org/yihui/rmarkdown-cookbook/custom-blocks.html

Sharing your book

7.1 Publishing

HTML books can be published online, see: https://bookdown.org/yihui/bookdown/publishing.html

7.2 404 pages

By default, users will be directed to a 404 page if they try to access a webpage that cannot be found. If you'd like to customize your 404 page instead of using the default, you may add either a _404.Rmd or _404.md file to your project root and use code and/or Markdown syntax.

7.3 Metadata for sharing

Bookdown HTML books will provide HTML metadata for social sharing on platforms like Twitter, Facebook, and LinkedIn, using information you provide in the index.Rmd YAML. To setup, set the url for your book and the path to your cover-image file. Your book's title and description are also used.

This bs4_book provides enhanced metadata for social sharing, so that each chapter shared will have a unique description, auto-generated based on the content.

Specify your book's source repository on GitHub as the repo in the _output.yml file, which allows users to view each chapter's source file or suggest an edit. Read more about the features of this output format here:

 $https://pkgs.rstudio.com/bookdown/reference/bs4_book.html$

Or use:

?bookdown::bs4_book

Bibliography

Xie, Y. (2015). Dynamic Documents with R and knitr. Chapman and Hall/CRC, Boca Raton, Florida, 2nd edition. ISBN 978-1498716963.

Xie, Y. (2022). bookdown: Authoring Books and Technical Documents with R Markdown. R package version 0.25.