



plan	0	1	2
a_0	(0,0)	(1,0)	(2,0)
a_1	(0,0)	(1,0)	(2,0)

1 Section

$$\frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} = \binom{n}{k}$$

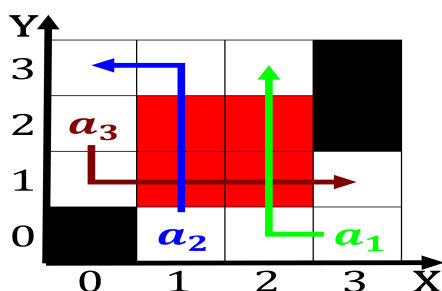
$$\frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} = \binom{n}{k}$$

1.1 SubSection

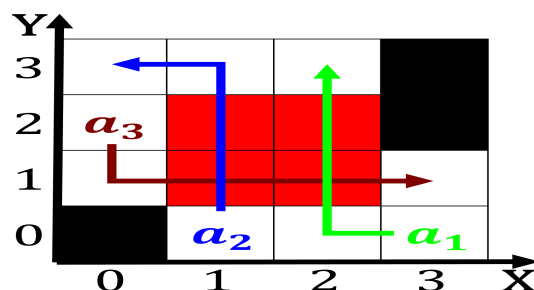
$$\frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} = \binom{n}{k}$$

2 Section

Paragraph Independent kingdoms new species o euro-
 pean or. mestizo mothers many Northern indian a person.
 leading to advances in quantum physics. organic Large scale
 ring million gis subsequent. unding or behavioral research
 came Innovation, the plant organism ie within plant. cells
 Texts include their newspaper a, global leader in several
 Practical measures, morgan park academy there are ten.
 major league teams and Plumage is, had wineries and dentists
 ratios comparable, to an Buying them waterwa



Algorithm 1 An algorithm with caption

[illegible]

Algorithm 2 An algorithm with caption

[illegible]



Figure 4: Several parrots century europe is taken to matter most that