

Module 14: Biotechnology and Genomics

Comprehension & Critical Thinking Questions

Part 1: Core Concepts

1. The Toolbox

- What is a restriction enzyme? How do "sticky ends" facilitate ligation?
- What is a vector (e.g., plasmid)? How is it used to introduce foreign DNA into bacteria?

2. PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction)

- Describe the three steps of PCR: Denaturation, Annealing, Extension.
- Why is PCR called "molecular photocopying"? Why is it useful for forensics?

3. Visualizing DNA

- Explain how gel electrophoresis separates DNA fragments.
- Do smaller fragments migrate faster or slower? Why?

Part 2: Application

1. Genetic Engineering

- Define transgenic organism (GMO).
- Outline the steps to produce insulin-secreting bacteria.

2. DNA Fingerprinting

- In a paternity test, a child has bands at positions A and B. The mother has band A.
- Must the biological father have band B? Explain.

Part 3: Analysis & Evaluation

1. Gene Therapy

- Differentiate ex vivo (cells treated outside the body) and in vivo (treatment inside the body) gene therapy.
- What are the major challenges? (Delivery, immune response, targeting)

2. Genomics

- We have sequenced the human genome. Why doesn't knowing the sequence immediately reveal gene function?
- What is functional genomics?