

# Module 15: Darwin and Evolution

## Comprehension & Critical Thinking Questions

### Part 1: Understanding Core Concepts

#### 1. Darwin's Big Idea

- Define **Natural Selection**.
- What is "Descent with Modification"?
- Does an *individual* evolve, or does a *population* evolve?

#### 2. The Requirements

- Natural selection isn't magic; it requires specific conditions. Explain why **Heritable Variation, Competition/Overproduction, and Differential Survival** are necessary for evolution to occur.

#### 3. Fitness

- In evolutionary biology, "Survival of the Fittest" doesn't mean the strongest. What does **Fitness** actually mean? (Hint: Offspring).

### Part 2: Applying Biological Principles

#### 1. Evidence: Anatomy

- Differentiate between **Homologous Structures** (e.g., human arm vs bat wing) and **Analogous Structures** (e.g., bird wing vs insect wing). Which one suggests a common ancestor?
- What is a **Vestigial Structure**? Give a human example (Appendix? Tailbone?).

#### 2. Evidence: Biochemical

- All life on Earth uses DNA and the same 20 amino acids. How is this strong evidence for a universal common ancestor?

- If Human hemoglobin is more similar to Chimpanzee hemoglobin than to Dog hemoglobin, what does that imply about our evolutionary history?

## Part 3: Analyzing & Evaluating

### 1. Mechanisms of Change

- **Scenario:** A farmer sprays a pesticide on his corn. 99% of the bugs die. Next year, he sprays again, but only 50% die.
- **Analysis:** Did the bugs "learn" to survive? Did the pesticide cause mutations? Explain how **Natural Selection** created this resistant population.

### 2. Artificial Selection

- Humans bred wolves into Chihuahuas and Great Danes. How is **Artificial Selection** similar to Natural Selection? How is it different?