

Module 10: Meiosis and Sexual Reproduction

Comprehension & Critical Thinking Questions

Part 1: Understanding Core Concepts

1. Sexual Reproduction Basics

- Define **Gametes** and **Zygotes**.
- Why must gametes be **Haploid** (n) while body cells are **Diploid** ($2n$)? What would happen to the chromosome number in the offspring if gametes were diploid?

2. Meiosis Phases

- Meiosis involves two rounds of division (Meiosis I and II). What is being separated in **Anaphase I**? (Homologous Pairs).
- What is being separated in **Anaphase II**? (Sister Chromatids).

3. Key Events

- Describe **Crossing Over (Synapsis)**. When does it happen? Why is it crucial for evolution?
- Describe **Independent Assortment**. How does the random alignment of chromosomes create unique gametes?

Part 2: Applying Biological Principles

1. Mitosis vs. Meiosis

- Create a comparison table:
 - **End Product:** (2 Identical cells vs 4 Unique cells).
 - **Purpose:** (Growth/Repair vs Reproduction).
 - **Divisions:** (1 vs 2).

2. Human Genetics

- Humans have 46 chromosomes.
 - How many pairs are **Autosomes**?
 - How many pairs are **Sex Chromosomes**?
- What determines biological maleness in humans? (The Y chromosome).

Part 3: Analyzing & Evaluating

1. When Things Go Wrong

- Define **Nondisjunction**.
- **Analyze**: If a Nondisjunction event happens in Meiosis I, how many gametes will be abnormal? What if it happens in Meiosis II?
- Explain the genetic cause of **Down Syndrome** (Trisomy 21).

2. The Cost of Sex

- Asexual reproduction is fast and efficient. Sexual reproduction is slow and costly (finding a mate). **Evaluate**: Why is sexual reproduction so common? What is the biological payoff? (Answer: Genetic Diversity).