



# Detection Algorithms

This supplementary section presents detection algorithm implementations for the cognitive attack detection methods defined in Part 1. These algorithms operationalize the formal definitions from Part 1, Section 5 into executable procedures.

## ROC Analysis Algorithms

### Algorithm 1: ROC Curve Construction

ROC Curve Construction [1] Detector  $D$ , attack samples  $X_{\text{attack}}$ , benign samples  $X_{\text{benign}}$ , threshold count  $n$  ROC curve, AUC, optimal threshold  $\tau^*$  Compute scores:

$S_{\text{attack}} \leftarrow [D(x) : x \in X_{\text{attack}}]$  Compute scores:

$S_{\text{benign}} \leftarrow [D(x) : x \in X_{\text{benign}}]$  Generate thresholds:

$T \leftarrow \text{linspace}(\min(S), \max(S), n)$  each  $\tau \in T$

$\text{TPR}[\tau] \leftarrow |S_{\text{attack}} > \tau| / |X_{\text{attack}}|$   $\text{FPR}[\tau] \leftarrow |S_{\text{benign}} > \tau| / |X_{\text{benign}}|$

$\text{AUC} \leftarrow \int \text{TPR} d(\text{FPR})$  Trapezoidal integration

$\tau^* \leftarrow \tau (\text{TPR}[\tau] - \text{FPR}[\tau])$  Youden's J (ROC, AUC,  $\tau^*$ )

## Detector Performance Results