

# Introduction

Active Inference represents a paradigm shift in our understanding of cognition, perception, and action. Originating from the Free Energy Principle [Friston2010free], Active Inference provides a unified mathematical framework for understanding biological agents as systems that minimize variational free energy through perception and action. While the framework has been successfully applied to diverse domains including neuroscience [Friston2012prediction], psychiatry [Friston2014active], and artificial intelligence [Tani2016exploring], its fundamental nature as a meta-theoretical methodology has remained underexplored.

## The Traditional View: Active Inference as Free Energy Minimization

Conventionally, Active Inference is understood as a process where agents act to fulfill prior preferences while gathering information about their environment. The Expected Free Energy (EFE) formulation combines epistemic and pragmatic terms: