LATEX Equation Syntax

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1 Background and Strengths

LATEX is a packaging, enhancement and interface to TEX, a mathematically-savvy document preparation system. Both had existed before Microsoft Word, but have been largely confined to academic circles in math-related fields.

LATEX is essentially a **markup language** - like, e.g., HTML. Its primary strengths:

- 1. **Equation editing and typesetting.** This was the main reason I deserted Word (for methods-article work) in 2005: it just couldn't do what I needed from it. It cannot do *everything* but pretty nearly so.
- 2. Leanness, stability and reproducibility. Except for figure files, all you ever need to retain is your source file (and if your figure is produced via R , you need only the R code; see below). LATEX and TEX are both open-source and extremely stable by intent. In fact, TEX inventor Don Knuth instructed the version numbers to converge to π with Version π to be released after his death, "at which point all remaining bugs will become features".
- 3. A great compatible citation-markup system. It is called BibTeX. You won't have to worry about licenses and version upgrades for your bibliographic list again, and you can export its content to EndNote etc. as XML.
- 4. Produce documents that are professional-looking with self-consistent formatting rules, even if you are not particularly talented in these respects. Of course, if you use, e.g. MS Word, and don't change any formatting (who does that?), you might get a reasonably self-consistently formatted document. But LATEX is a different league in that respect.
- 5. Being free, open-source and crowd-sourced, there is great help available online, as well as new developments arising from needs of people like you. This community support not quite as amazing as the R one, but it's good enough.

- 6. Nowadays, you can also make great LATEX based presentations using the beamer package. This is how Eli has been making his beautiful lecture notes.
- 7. Last but not least, R and LATEX are increasingly integrated for report production.
 - The Sweave command is available in base R. It compiles .Rnw files

 these are IATEX documents with additional markup, to allow the
 embedding of R code chunks and expressions. The output is a IATEX
 document with all figures, tables, etc. already produced and embedded. All R package vignettes, and most R instruction books, were
 produced this way.
 - More recently, the knitr R package provides an easier-to-work-with version of Sweave (according to users), and also a method to produce HTML documents via the same methodology which is precisely what I've been tormenting you with my own far-less-beautiful lecture notes. Further more, the HTML version as well allows you to use LATEX equation syntax.

Eli and I would like you to learn these integrated document-production tools; but first you should learn to write LATEX equations.

2 Let's Go Write some Equations Online...

http://latex.informatik.uni-halle.de/latex-online/latex.php