



國立臺灣大學

National  
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# Nachos

EE 5173 Operating System

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# Outline

- Nachos Overview
- Installation
- Project 1
  - Part1: Multi-Programming
  - Part2: System call tracing

# The history

- Around 1980s, numerous projects have been developed for teaching OS, most of them were motivated by UNIX.
- Thanks to the technology growth, we can execute an OS kernel as an UNIX process using a simulation of real hardware.
- Advancement in OS, hardware and software had left many OS projects out of date.  
-> This is why Nachos came in.

# Nachos overview

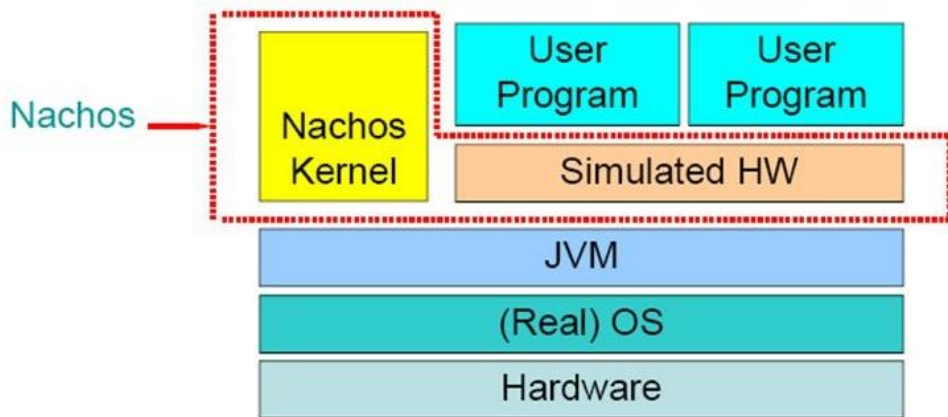
- Not Another Completely Heuristic Operating System

<https://homes.cs.washington.edu/~tom/nachos/>

- 1992 (31 years ago), Thomas Anderson & his students. UC Berkeley
- Written in **C++**, but Danial Hattena has rewritten Nachos in JAVA
- Instructional software for undergraduate & graduate student.
- Simulate MIPS R2/3000 machine

# Nachos overview

- Only difference between Nachos & real OS is that Nachos runs as a single Unix process, real OS run on bare machines.
- ✓ Bare machine: hardware which is used to execute the program in the processor without using the operating system



# Some Statistics

- 8 homework: Context Switching, semaphores, Address Translation...
- 4 project: thread management, Multiprogramming, virtual memory/file systems, networking
- Use around the world: Duke University, University of Washington, UC Berkely, University of Waterloo, New York University...

<https://homes.cs.washington.edu/~tom/cs162sp96/>

# Directory Structure

```
user@user-VirtualBox:~/Nachos/nachos-4.0$ ls  
c++example  code  nachos.ps  README-4.0
```

- c++example: some c++ introduction and examples
- Code : Nachos source code
- Nachos.ps: nachos introduction (postscript)

cd code

# Directory Structure

- **machine/**
  - hardware simulation code
- **lib/**
  - utilities function of nachos, some data structure(bitmap, hash, list...)
- **threads/**
  - nachos is also multi-thread support, there are also entry point routine main in the folder



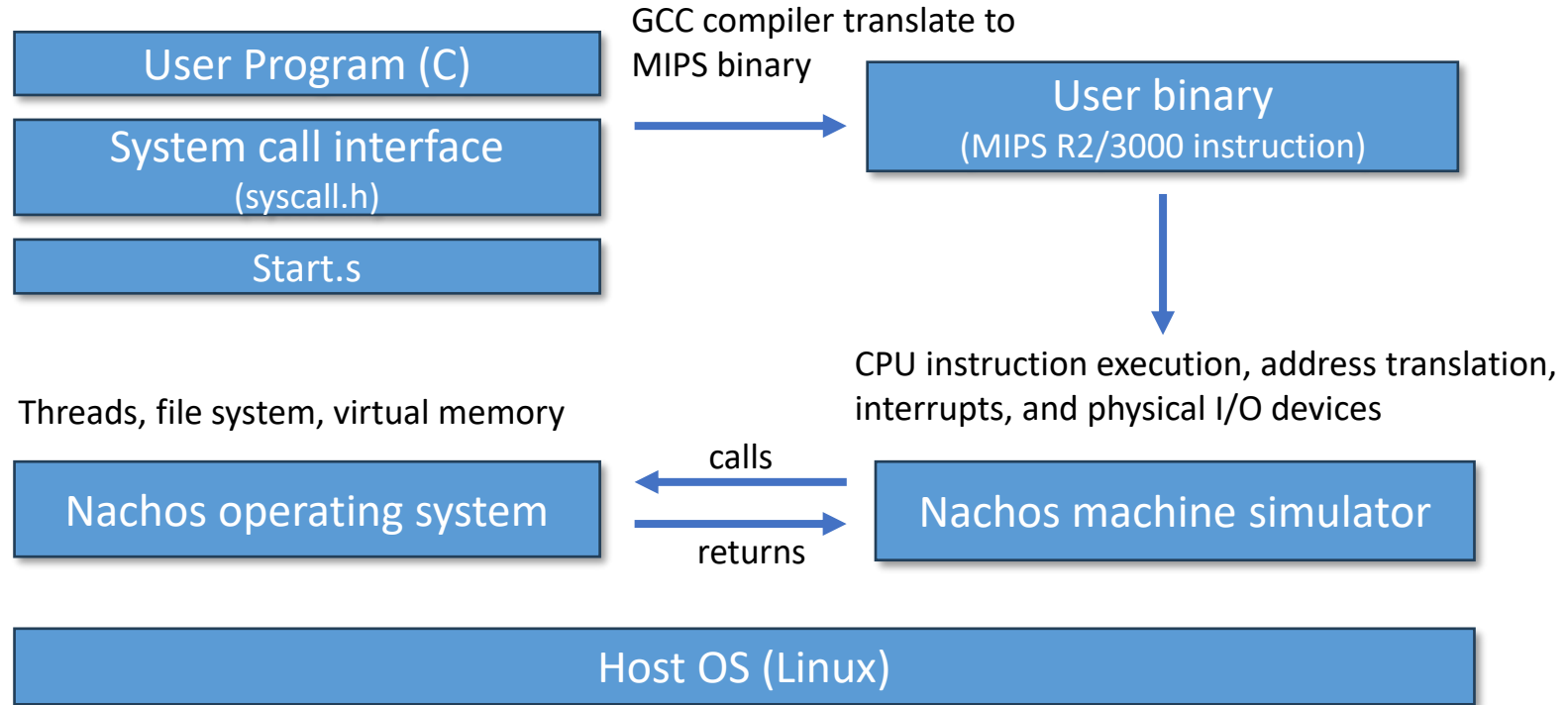
# Directory Structure

- **test/**
  - test user program and written in c
- **userprog/**
  - Nachos operating system code. (e.g., create an address space, load, execute, exception handling)
- **network/**
  - post (deliver incoming network messages to mailbox (buffer))
  - netkernel (routine for the network communication support kernel, kerneltype)

# Directory Structure

- **filesystem/**
  - 2 version nachos filesystem.
    - ✓ First, is called “stub”, users can access file within nachos without own file system.
    - ✓ Second, we have to implement a filesystem on top of nachos simulated disk.
- **bin/**
  - convert a normal MIPS executable into a Nachos executable (coff2noff), and others.

# User Program execution flow

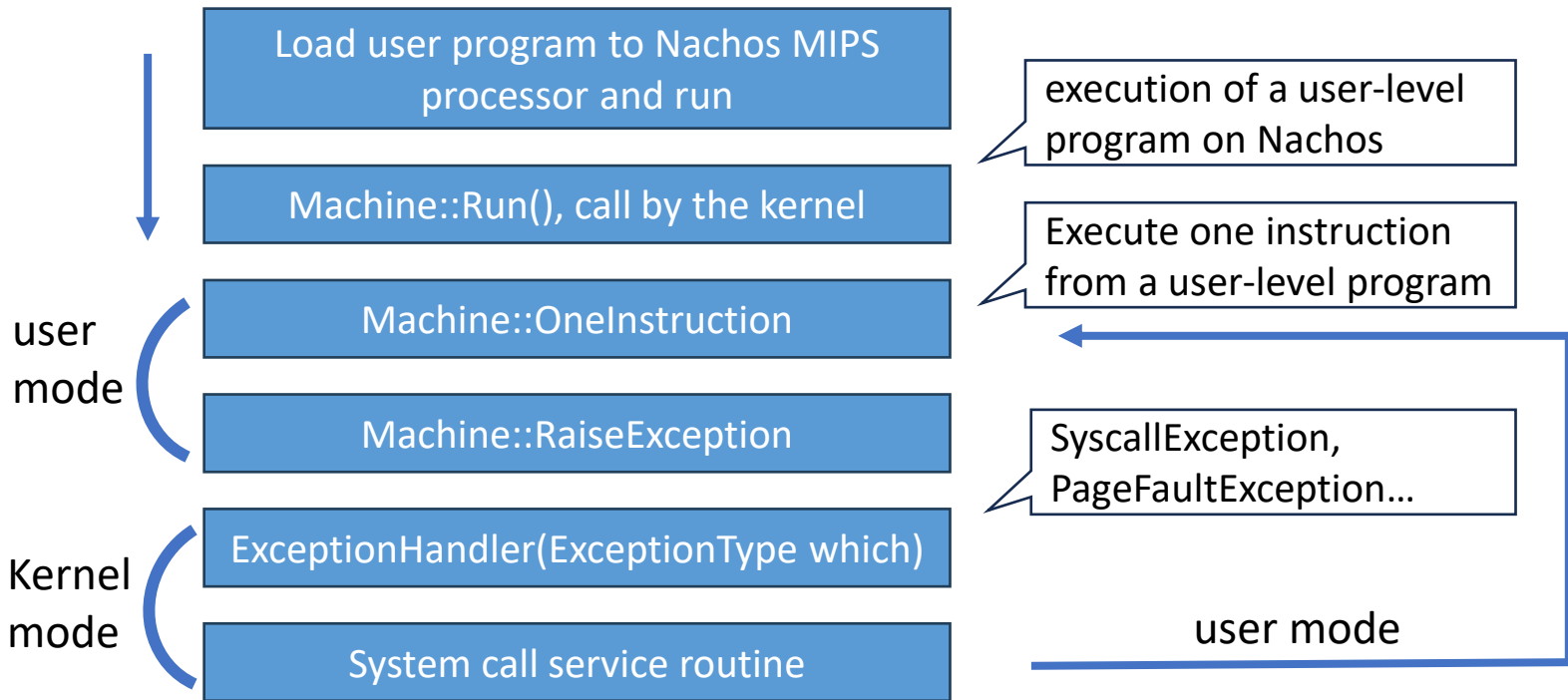


# Nachos user program

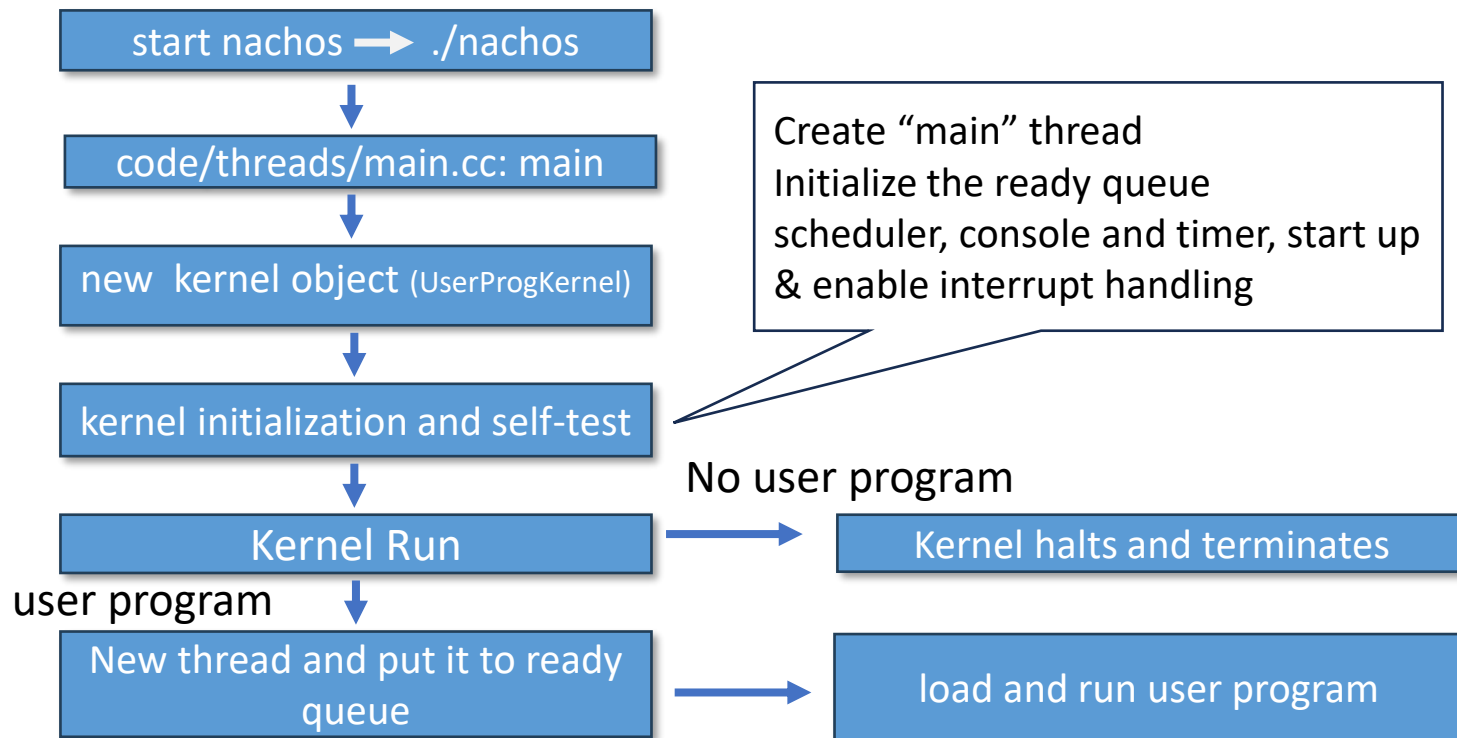
```
13  #include "syscall.h"
14
15  int
16  main()
17  {
18      Halt();
19      /* not reached */
20  }
21
```

- code/userprog/syscall.h
  - Definitions of system call prototypes
- code/test/start.S
  - Assembly language assist for user programs running on top of Nachos
- code/userprog/exception.cc
  - syscall handler and other exceptions handling

# System Call Procedure



# Nachos kernel start-up flow



# Run nachos

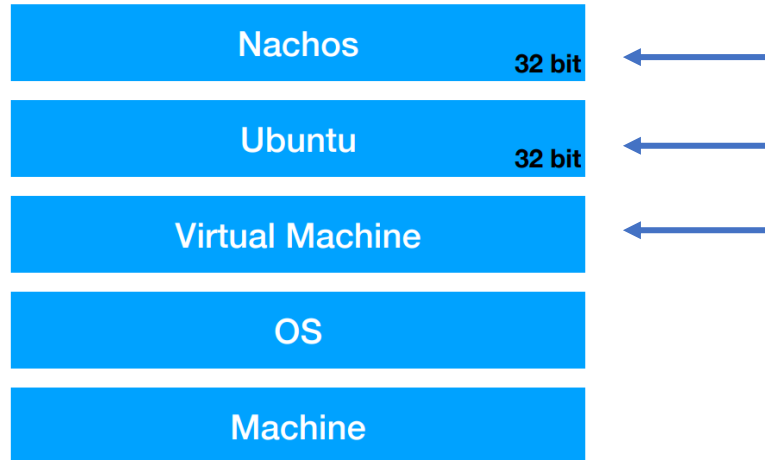
```
user@user-VirtualBox:~/Nachos/nachos-4.0/code/userprog$ ./nachos -h
argument 's' is for debugging. Machine status will be printed
argument 'e' is for executing file.
argument 'u' will print all argument usage.
For example:
    ./nachos -s : Print machine status during the machine is on.
    ./nachos -e file1 -e file2 : executing file1 and file2.
```

-S

# Installation Guide

1. Install [Virtualbox](#) and [Ubuntu 16.04 32bit](#)
2. Please git clone the repo & follow the instruction

<https://github.com/Xueyi-Chen-David/Nachos/tree/main>





# Installation Guide

```
user@user-VirtualBox:~/Nachos/nachos-4.0/code/userprog$ ./nachos -e ../test/test1
Total threads number is 1
Thread ../test/test1 is executing.
Print integer:9
Print integer:8
Print integer:7
Print integer:6
return value:0
No threads ready or runnable, and no pending interrupts.
Assuming the program completed.
Machine halting!

Ticks: total 200, idle 66, system 40, user 94
Disk I/O: reads 0, writes 0
Console I/O: reads 0, writes 0
Paging: faults 0
Network I/O: packets received 0, sent 0
```

# Project 1 – part1

## Multi-Programming

# Multi-Programming

What is multi-programing?

- The ability of an operating system executes more than one program using a single processor

Goal:

1. Implement page table mechanism

# Multi-Programming

- `cd ./userprog`
- `./nachos -e ../test/test1`
  - Print integer:9
  - Print integer:8
  - Print integer:7
  - Print integer:6
- `./nachos -e ../test/test2`
  - Print integer:20
  - Print integer:21
  - Print integer:22
  - Print integer:23
  - Print integer:24
  - Print integer:25
- The programs execute correctly

# Multi-Programming

- `./nachos -e ../test/test1 -e ../test/test2`
  - Print integer:9
  - Print integer:8
  - Print integer:7
  - Print integer:20
  - Print integer:21
  - Print integer:22
  - Print integer:23
  - Print integer:24
  - Print integer:6
  - Print integer:7
  - ...
- The result is wrong. And we are going to fix it.

# Trace Code and Fix the Issue

- Trace the following files and find out why the result is wrong
  - nachos-4.0/code/userprog/addrspace.h
  - **nachos-4.0/code/userprog/addrspace.cc**
  - nachos-4.0/code/userprog/userkernel.cc
  - nachos-4.0/code/machine/translate.h
  - nachos-4.0/code/machine/translate.cc
- After you fix the bug, recompile Nachos and see if the result is correct

# Project 1 – part2

system call tracing

# System call tracing

- Goal: Trace the SC\_Halt to understand what a system call is implemented. (test/halt.c). Trace code from source file.

machine/mipssim.cc

**Machine::Run()**

**Machine::OneInstruction()**

machine/machine.cc

**Machine::RaiseException()**

userprog/exception.cc

**ExceptionHandler()**

machine/interrupt.cc

**Interrupt::Halt()**



# Dynamic debug

- `./nachos -d <debugflag>`      Debugflags: [lib/debug.h](#)
- Gdb debug
- Use gdb-peda :
  - `sudo apt install git`
  - `git clone https://github.com/scwuaptx/peda.git ~/peda`
  - `echo "source ~/peda/peda.py" >> ~/.gdbinit`
  - `cp ~/peda/.inputrc ~/`

# Dynamic debug

- For example: you want to see the state when execute *Interrupt::Halt*
- Set the breakpoint:

```
user@user-VirtualBox:~/Nachos/nachos-4.0/code/userprog$ gdb ./nachos -q
Reading symbols from ./nachos...done.
gdb-peda$ b Interrupt::Halt
Breakpoint 1 at 0x804d3a5: file ../machine/interrupt.cc, line 236.
```

- run ../test/halt:

```
gdb-peda$ r -e ../test/halt
```

- And then... see the next page

# Dynamic debug

- If gdb-peda

```
Registers
EAX: 0x8067ad0 --> 0x1
EBX: 0x0
ECX: 0xd ('\r')
EDX: 0x1
ESI: 0x80590a3 (<ForkExecute(Thread*)>: push ebp)
EDI: 0x8051c43 (<ThreadFinish()>: push ebp)
EBP: 0x806d418 --> 0x806d448 --> 0x806d468 --> 0x806d528 --> 0x806d558 --> 0x806d578 (0x0806d598)
ESP: 0x806d410 --> 0xb7fe4a70 (< dl lookup symbol x+16>: add edi,0x1a590)
EIP: 0x804d3a5 (<Interrupt::Halt()+7>: sub esp,0x8)
EFLAGS: 0x202 (carry parity adjust zero sign trap INTERRUPT direction overflow)

Code
0x804d39f <Interrupt::Halt()+1>: mov ebp,esp
0x804d3a1 <Interrupt::Halt()+3>: push ebx
0x804d3a2 <Interrupt::Halt()+4>: sub esp,0x4
=> 0x804d3a5 <Interrupt::Halt()+7>: sub esp,0x8
0x804d3a8 <Interrupt::Halt()+10>: push 0x805a58d
0x804d3ad <Interrupt::Halt()+15>: push 0x8062a00
0x804d3b2 <Interrupt::Halt()+20>: call 0x8048bc0 < ZStlsISt1lchar traitsIcEERSt13basic ostreamIcT ES5 PKc@plt>
0x804d3b7 <Interrupt::Halt()+25>: add esp,0x10

Stack
0000| 0x806d410 --> 0xb7fe4a70 (< dl lookup symbol x+16>: add edi,0x1a590)
0004| 0x806d414 --> 0x0
0008| 0x806d418 --> 0x806d448 --> 0x806d468 --> 0x806d528 --> 0x806d558 --> 0x806d578 (0x0806d598)
0012| 0x806d41c --> 0x8054e88 (<ExceptionHandler(ExceptionType)+150>: add esp,0x10)
0016| 0x806d420 --> 0x8067ad0 --> 0x1
0020| 0x806d424 --> 0x61 ('a')
0024| 0x806d428 --> 0x806d468 --> 0x806d528 --> 0x806d558 --> 0x806d578 --> 0x806d598 (0x0806d5a4)
0028| 0x806d42c --> 0x80584d0 (<Machine::ReadMem(int, int, int*)+452>: add esp,0x10)

Legend: code, data, rodata, heap, value

Breakpoint 1, Interrupt::Halt (this=0x8067ad0) at ../machine/interrupt.cc:236
236      cout << "Machine halting!\n\n";
```

# Dynamic debug

- Show the breakpoint info (breakpoint at 186 line)

```
gdb-peda$ info b
Num      Type      Disp Enb Address      What
1        breakpoint keep y 0x0804d3a5 in Interrupt::Halt() at ../machine/interrupt.cc:236
breakpoint already hit 1 time
```

- List the source code

```
gdb-peda$ list 234, 240
234     Interrupt::Halt()
235     {
236         cout << "Machine halting!\n\n";
237         kernel->stats->Print();
238         delete kernel;      // Never returns.
239     }
240
```

# Dynamic debug

- ni: next instruction, si: step into function, c: continue execution
- Show the current state of call stack.

```
gdb-peda$ bt
#0  Interrupt::Halt (this=0x8067ad0) at ../machine/interrupt.cc:236
#1  0x08054e88 in ExceptionHandler (which=SyscallException) at ../userprog/exception.cc:62
#2  0x08055cb7 in Machine::RaiseException (this=0x8067d58, which=SyscallException, badVAddr=0x0) at ../machine/machine.cc:109
#3  0x08057e1a in Machine::OneInstruction (this=0x8067d58, instr=0x806d5c0) at ../machine/mipssim.cc:558
#4  0x0805632c in Machine::Run (this=0x8067d58) at ../machine/mipssim.cc:62
#5  0x08054b56 in AddrSpace::Execute (this=0x8069420, fileName=0xbffff1fe "../test/halt") at ../userprog/addrspace.cc:165
#6  0x080590cc in ForkExecute (t=0x8069238) at ../userprog/userkernel.cc:88
#7  0x0805a12e in ThreadRoot ()
#8  0x0805a126 in ?? ()
```

# Report

- Report – part 1 (70%)
  - Why the result is not congruent with the expected
  - How you really modified Nachos, including some important code and descriptions
  - Experiment results and some analysis
- Report – part 2 (30%)
  - Please explain the details of each function call as much as you can

# Policy

- Please save as [Student ID]\_project1.pdf
  - E.g. f10921a18\_project1.pdf
- Upload to NTU cool. DDL: 2023/10/19
- Penalty: decrease 5% per day

# TAs

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- 陳學義 [f10921a18@ntu.edu.tw](mailto:f10921a18@ntu.edu.tw)



# Reference

- [A Road Map Through Nachos](#)
- [在Windows 10中使用WSL2安裝NachOS](#)
- [Vscode](#)
- [Nachos 中文教程](#)
- [Nachos Tutorial](#)



Thanks for your attention !

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