# P2P server application BLE profile concept & build



### Let's start enabling Bluetooth Low Energy applications with STM32WBx

Create BLE Profile

Starting from an .ioc file create a Bluetooth low energy profile and connect to your smartphone.

Basic beacon

<sup>2</sup> Create BLE Profile

3 PAwRAdvancedfeature

BLE Add
On

<sup>5</sup> Test your RF design













## Purpose

- In this part we will show following:
  - How to build a Bluetooth® Low Energy application using STM32CubeIDE.
  - Create a custom Bluetooth Low Energy Service: "P2PServer"
  - Establish connection with smartphone
    - Control Nucleo-WB09 LEDs from Smartphone
    - Received Notification on Smartphone when pushing button on Nucleo-WB09









**Notification - SWITCH** 























## STM32CubeIDE capabilities



1

**Example application** 

complete application running over NUCLEO

2

**Board level** 

all the hardware is already configured



3

**Chipset level** 

require to configure your HW (PCB) & your application





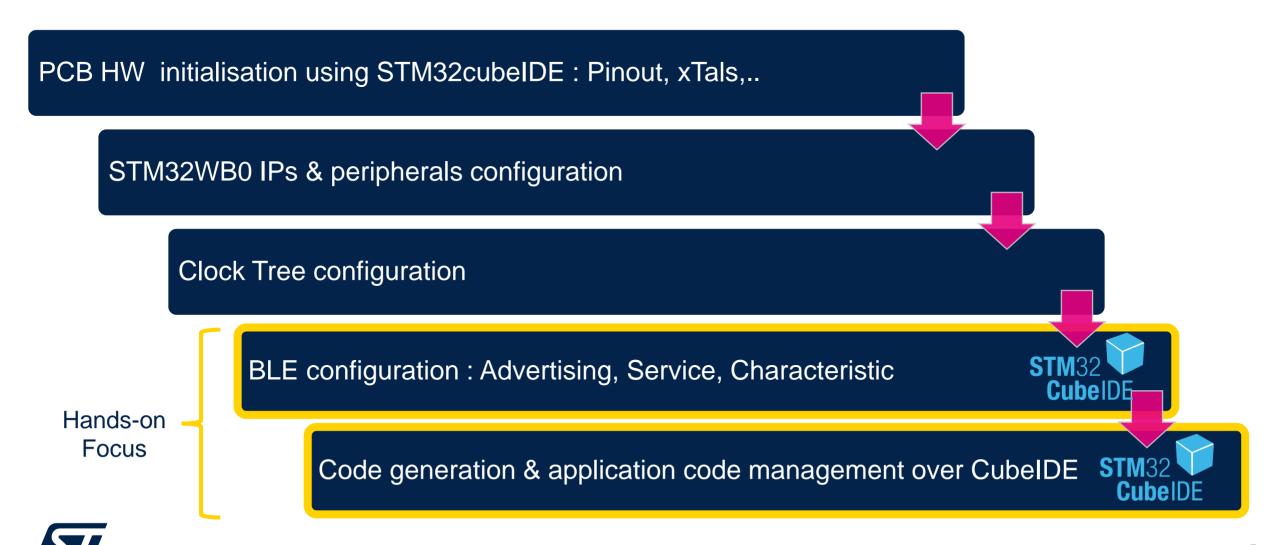








# Create and configure your BLE application STM32CubeIDE "step by step"















# STM32CubeMx design from chipset level Hands-on focus (1/2)

3

**Chipset level** 

require to configure your HW (PCB) & your application

To ease Hands-on session use BLE\_WS\_WB0\_HandsOn.ioc

Needed HW IPs & required peripheral to use RF are already initialized: NVIC, RNG, RCC,...

Thanks to BLE\_WS\_WB0\_HandsOn.ioc let's focus on BLE application design





Copy Hands-on\_WS\_WB0.ioc on your favorite local repository : example : C:\users\...\STM32WB0\_WS\project



BLE\_WS\_WB0\_HandsOn.ioc can be downloaded here from this github link





This .ioc was built based on AN5977: "How to build a Bluetooth® Low Energy application with STM32WB0 MCUs"





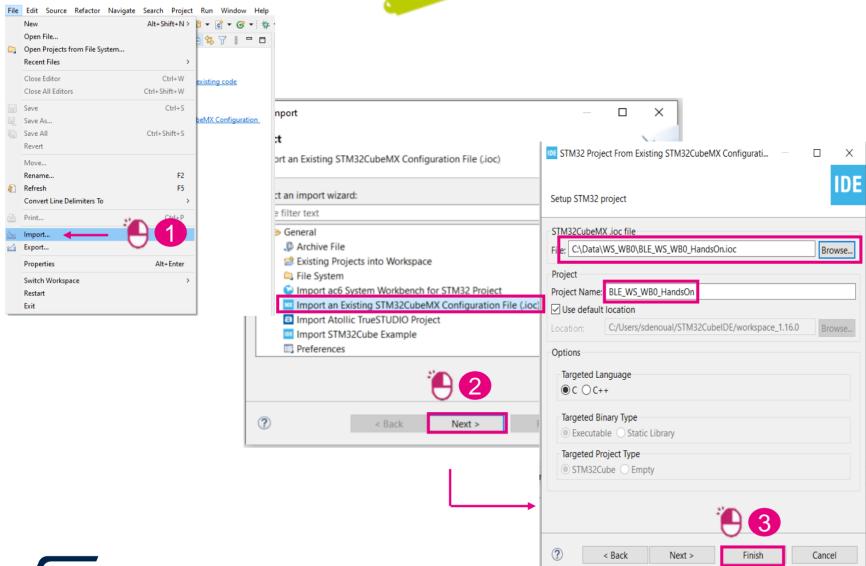








### Open and Start STM32CubeIDE















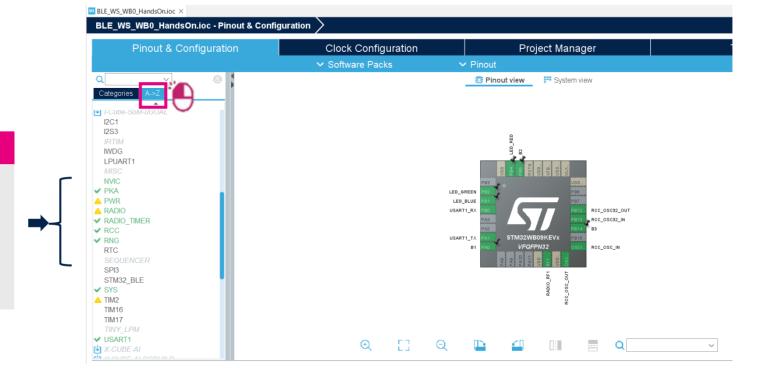


### Peripherals in place to start BLE configuration!

#### BLE WS WB0 HandsOn.ioc

All peripherals in place to start BLE configuration

More details in AN5977: "How to build a Bluetooth® Low Energy application with STM32WB0 MCUs"



#### BLE\_WS\_WB0\_HandsOn.ioc

- HW configuration (LED/Button) and needed peripherals for BLE activities
  - enable STM32\_BLE (**BLE middleware activation**)
  - We can focus on Bluetooth Low Energy application!





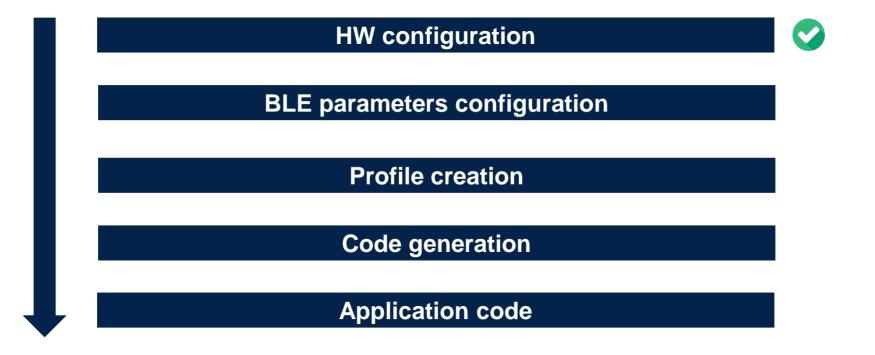








# Configuration completed What's next? BLE config and Profile creation















# Implementing proprietary profile P2P\_Server



Service Long Name	P2P_Server			
Service Short Name	P2P_Server			
UUID Type	128 bits			
UUID	8F E5 B3 D5 2E 7F 4A 98 2A 48 7A CC 40 FE 00 00			
Characteristic Long Name	My_LED_Char	My_Switch_Char		
Characteristic Short Name	LED_C	SWITCH_C		
UUID Type	128 bits	128 bits		
UUID	19 ED 82 AE ED 21 4C 9D 41 45 22 8E 41 FE 00 00	19 ED 82 AE ED 21 4C 9D 41 45 22 8E 42 FE 00 (		
Char Properties	Read + Write w/o response	Notify		
Char Permissions	None	None		
Char GATT Events	GATT_NOTIFY_ATTRIBUTE_WRITE	GATT_NOTIFY_ATTRIBUTE_WRIT		



NUCLEO-WB09KE



All services/characteristics are identified by a UUID (Universally Unique Identifier)

Characteristic can take 3 types of properties: READ, WRITE, NOTIFY

Profile can be defined by **Bluetooth® SIG** — UUID: 16 bits

Profile can be a **custom** (proprietary) profile —— UUID : 128 bits







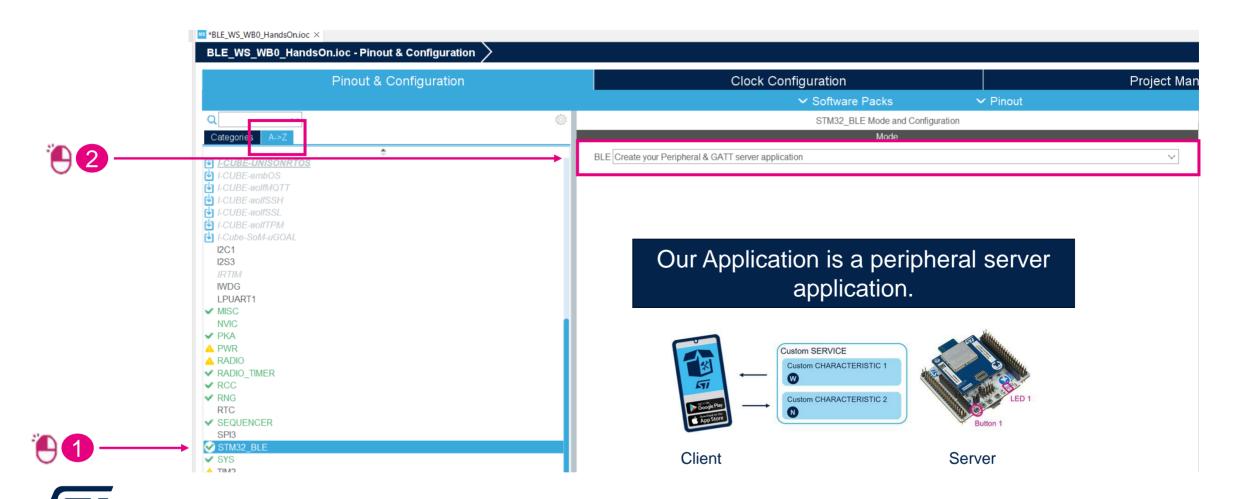
life.augmented







## Enabling Bluetooth® Low Energy





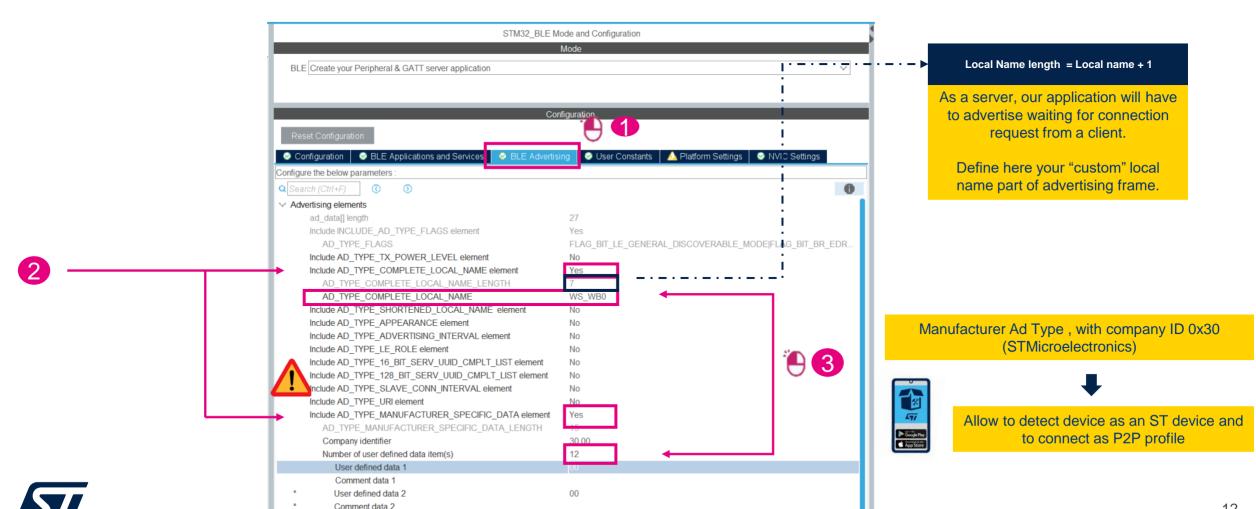








## Advertising Elements configuration



00

User defined data 3 Commont data 3



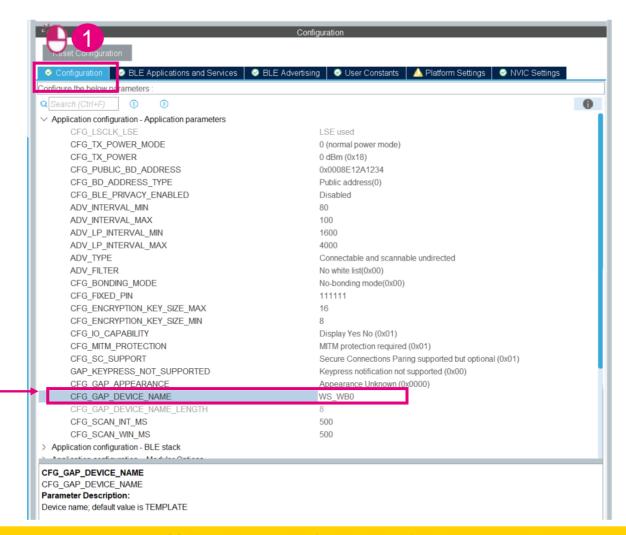








### **Customize Device Name**



set same Device name = Local Name







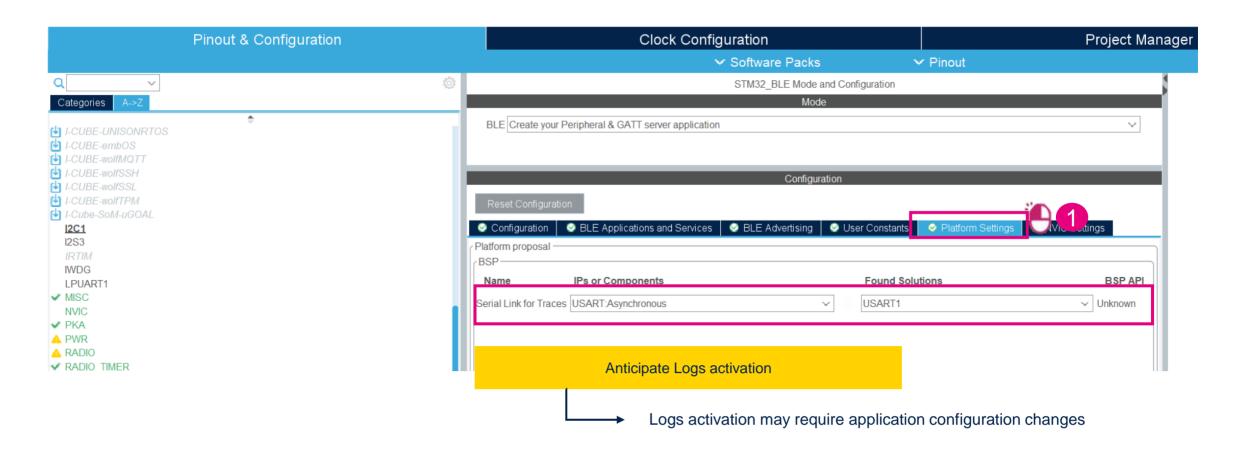








# Platform Settings Trace & Logs: BSP settings







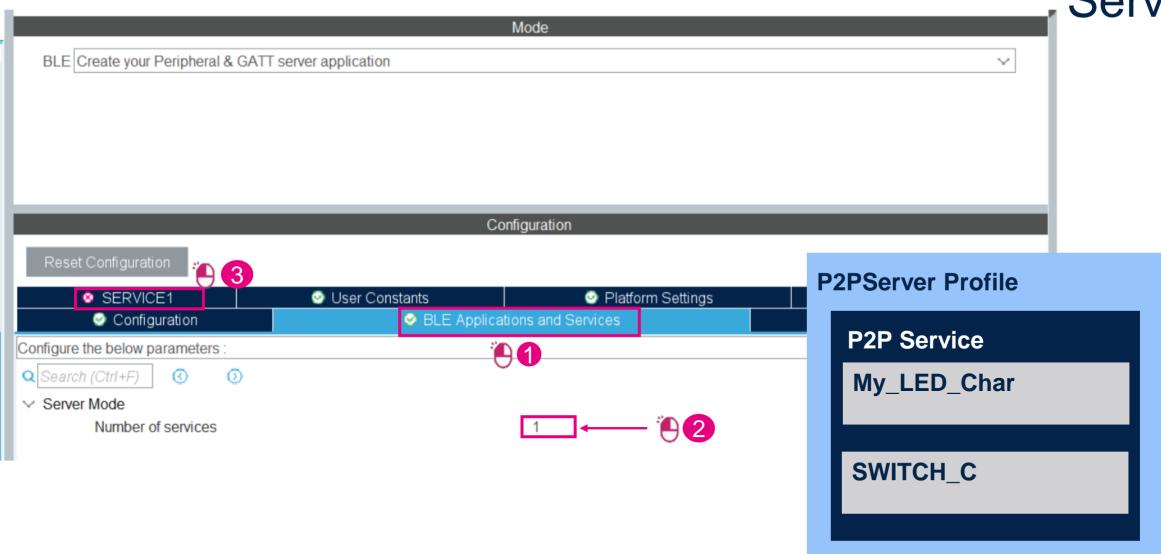








Profile Creation
Service







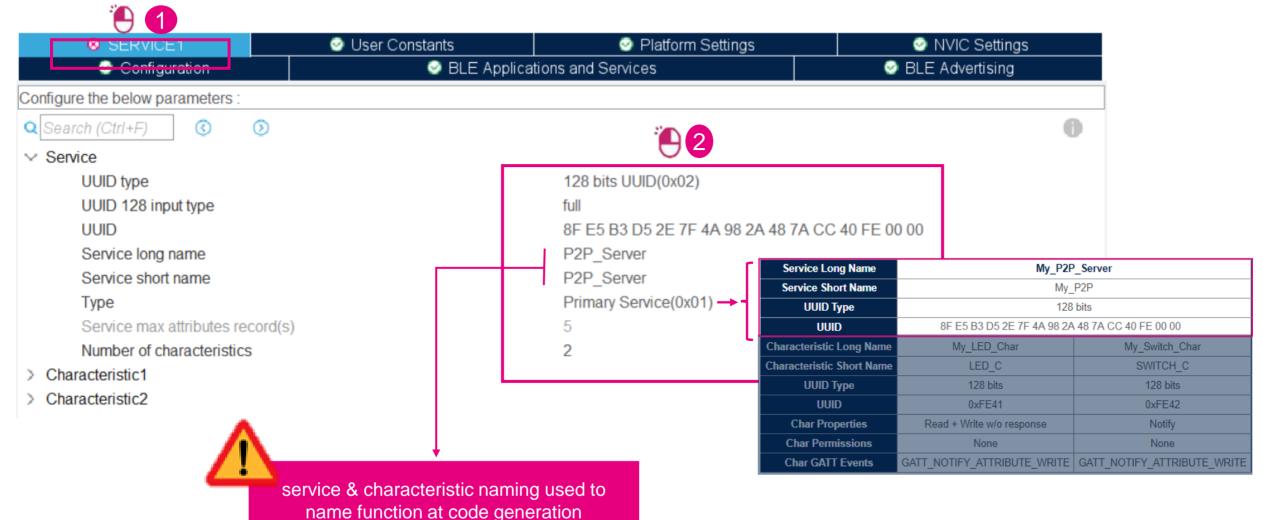








# Profile Creation Configure my P2P Service



Use: "P2P Server"





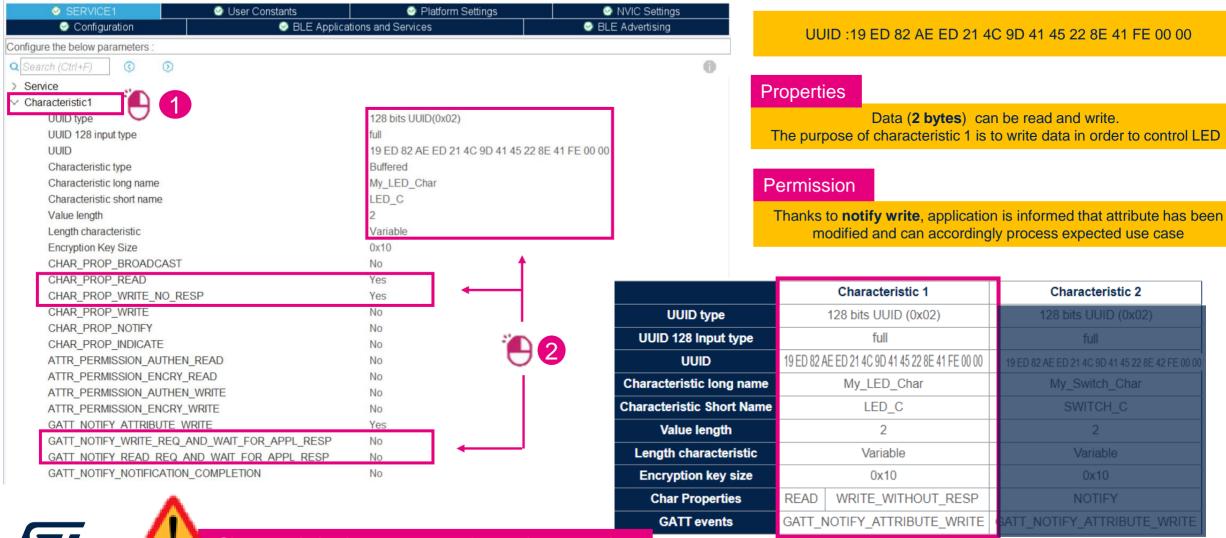








# Profile Creation Configure 1st Characteristic







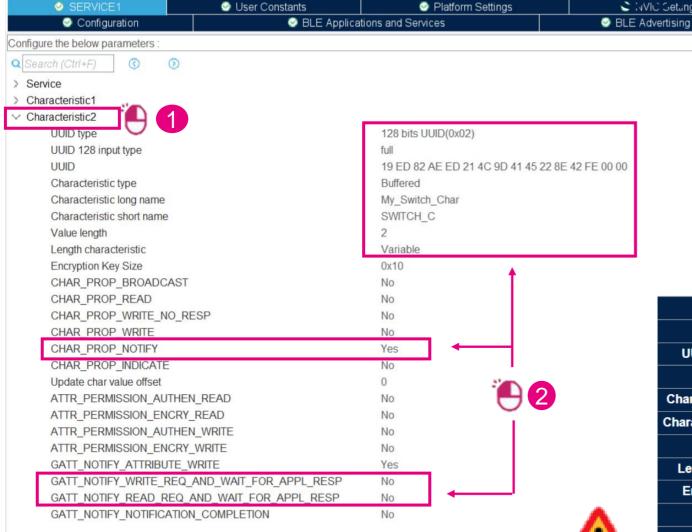












UUID : 19 FD 82 AF FD 21 4C 9D 41 45 22 8F 42 FF 00 00

#### **Properties**

Data (2 bytes) as a notify characteristic Each time user press button over NUCLEO, information sent to client

#### Permission

Here permission has not impact. The server is here sending data to client

	Characteristic 1	Characteristic 2
UUID type	128 bits UUID (0x02)	128 bits UUID (0x02)
UUID 128 Input type	full	full
UUID	19 ED 82 AE ED 21 4C 9D 41 45 22 8E 41 FE 00 00	19 ED 82 AE ED 21 4C 9D 41 45 22 8E 42 FE 00 00
Characteristic long name	My_LED_Char	My_Switch_Char
Characteristic Short Name	LED_C	SWITCH_C
Value length	2	2
Length characteristic	Variable	Variable
Encryption key size	0x10	0x10
Char Properties	READ WRITE_WITHOUT_RESP	NOTIFY
GATT events	GATT_NOTIFY_ATTRIBUTE_WRITE	GATT_NOTIFY_ATTRIBUTE_WRITE





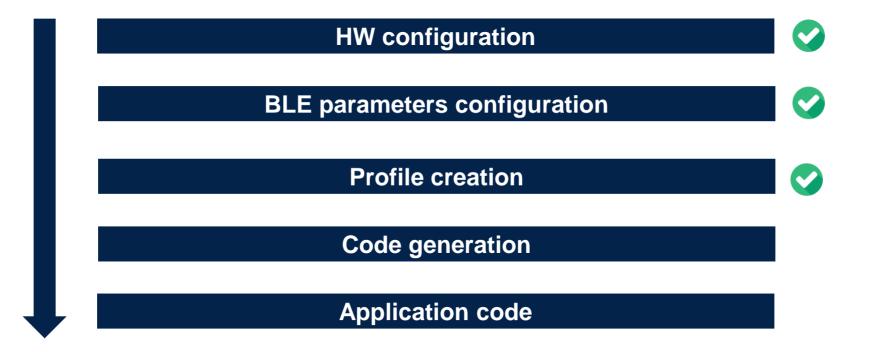




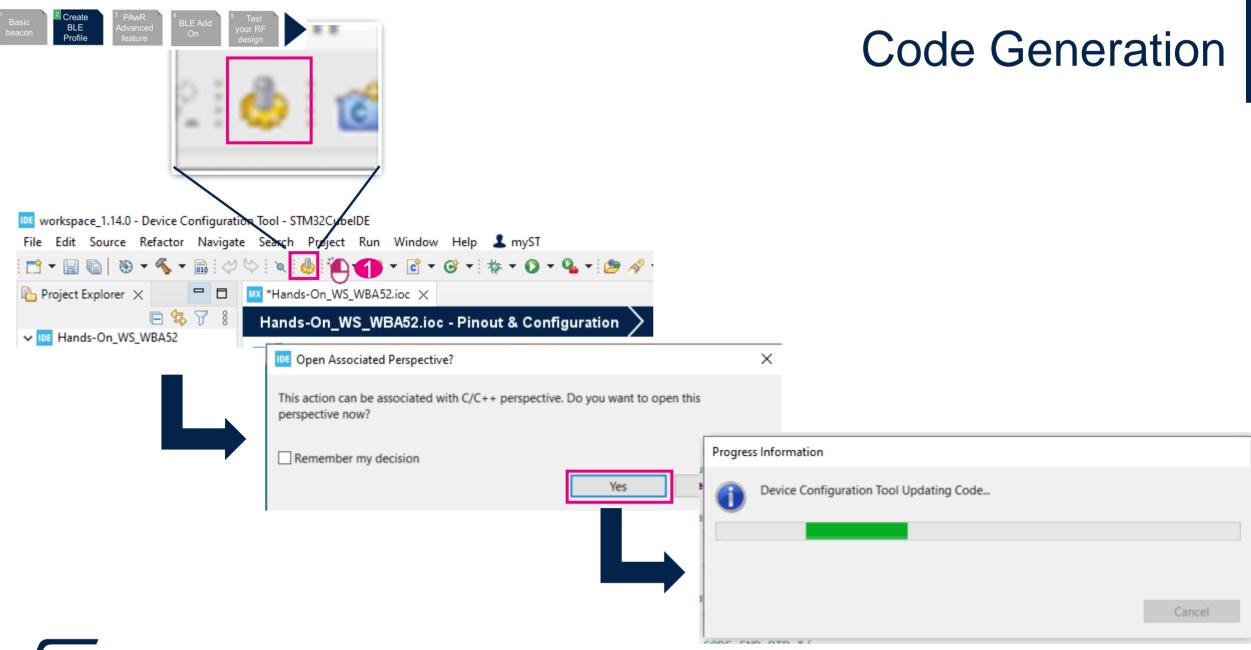




# Configuration completed What's next? Code generation









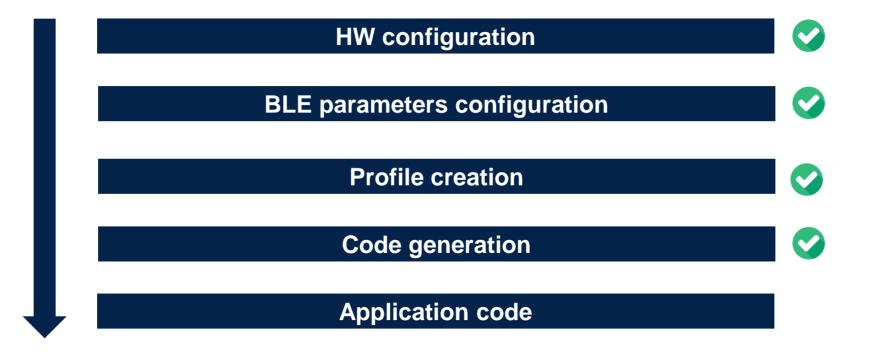








# Configuration completed What's next – Application Code















### SYSCFG clock activation in Main.c

#### ▼ BLE\_WS\_WB0\_HandsOn

- > 🐉 Binaries
- > 🗊 Includes
- v 🕮 Core
  - > 🗁 Inc
  - 🗸 🗁 Src
    - > @ app\_entry.c
    - > 🖻 main.c
    - > stm32wb0x hal msp.c
    - > le stm32wb0x it.c
    - > c syscalls.c
    - > 🖻 svsmem.c
    - > 🖻 system\_stm32wb0x.c
  - > 🗁 Startup
- > 🕮 Drivers
- > 🕮 Middlewares
- > 🐸 STM32\_BLE
- > 🐸 System
- > 🕮 Utilities
- > 🗁 Debug
- BLE WS WB0 HandsOn.ioc
- BLE\_WS\_WB0\_HandsOn Debug.launch
- ☐ STM32WB09KEVX\_FLASH.Id

#### Missing SysCfg clock:

In main.c > function MX\_GPIO\_Init ()

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN MX_GPIO_Init_1 */
__HAL_RCC_SYSCFG_CLK_ENABLE();
/* USER CODE END MX_GPIO_Init_1 */
```

This is workaround linked to an issue found in CubeIDE1.16 code generation where SYSCFG clock is not enabled. It will be fixed in next release and SYSCFG clk will be automatically enabled when soem GPIO\_IRQs are enabled.







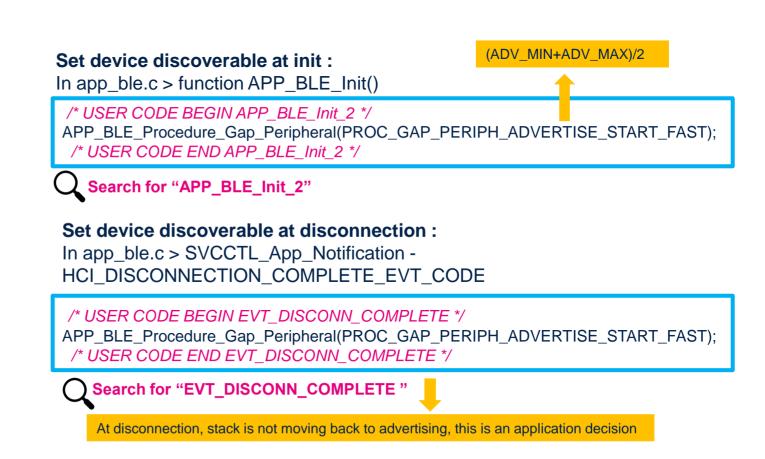






# Move to discoverable Start advertising







Add application code to move to discoverable

Build& Flash











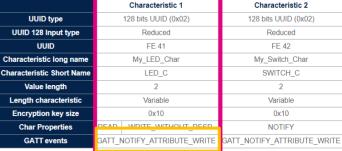


# Add application code Toggle LED from client



write to My\_LED\_Char



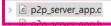




write client procedure triggers an ACI\_GATT\_ATTRIBUTE\_MODIFIED\_VSEVT\_CODE at server application level

#### ∨ IDE BLE WS WB0 HandsOn

- > 🚜 Binaries
- > 🔊 Includes
- v 🕮 Core
- > 🗁 Inc
- > 🗁 Src
- ⇒ Startup
- > Drivers
- > Middlewares
- v 🗁 App
- > 🖻 app\_ble.c
- > laapp\_ble.h
- > h ble conf b





- > h p2p\_server.h
- > 🗁 Target
- > 🐸 System
- Utilities
- > 🗁 Debug
- MX BLE\_WS\_WB0\_HandsOn.ioc
- **STM32WB09KEVX\_FLASH.Id**



/\* USER CODE BEGIN Service1Char1\_WRITE\_NO\_RESP\_EVT\*/
HAL\_GPIO\_TogglePin(GPIOB, LED\_GREEN\_Pin|LED\_BLUE\_Pin|LED\_RED\_Pin); /\*
USER CODE END Service1Char1 WRITE NO RESP EVT \*/<















### How to add a task in sequencer?

#1 Define a **TaskID** for your « new task » :

In app\_conf.h

define a new ID in enum CFG\_Task\_Id\_t

(USER code Section)

```
* These are the lists of task id registered to the sequencer

* Each task id shall be in the range [0:31]

*/

*typedef enum

{

    CFG_TASK_BLE_STACK,
    CFG_TASK_VTIMER,
    CFG_TASK_NVM,

    /* USER CODE BEGIN CFG_Task_Id_t */

    TASK_BUTTON_1,
    /* USER CODE_END_CFG_Task_Id_t */

    CFG_TASK_NBR, /**< Shall be LAST in the list */
} CFG_Task_Id_t;
```

#2 UTIL\_SEQ\_RegTask() to register your task in the sequencer

UTIL\_SEQ\_RegTask(1U << TASK\_BUTTON\_1, UTIL\_SEQ\_RFU, P2P\_SERVER\_Switch\_c\_SendNotification);</pre>

It associates a callback to your Task.
To be done only Once

#3 UTIL\_SEQ\_SetTask() to notify the sequencer shall execute the registered task

UTIL\_SEQ\_SetTask(1U << TASK\_BUTTON\_1, CFG\_SEQ\_PRIO\_0);</pre>



It notify the sequencer that the task must be triggered.

It will generate a call to registered function

(here: APPE\_Button1Action())















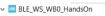
### Raise an alarm from device to Smartphone (1/3)



notify peer device trough SWITCH C (FE 42)



		Characteristic 1	Characteristic 2	
UUID type		128 bits UUID (0x02)	128 bits UUID (0x02)	
UUID 128 Input type		Reduced	Reduced	
UUID		FE 41	FE 42	
Characteristic long name		My_LED_Char	My_Switch_Char	
Characteristic Short Name		LED_C	SWITCH_C	
Value length		2	2	
Length characteristic	Variable		Variable	
Encryption key size	0x10		0::19	
Char Properties	READ	WRITE_WITHOUT_RESP	NOTIFY	
GATT events	GATT_N	NOTIFY_ATTRIBUTE_WRITE	GATT_NOTIFY_ATTRIBUTE_WRITE	



press button

- > 🗱 Binaries
- > 🔊 Includes
- Dille
- > 🖻 app\_common.h
- > h app\_conf.h
- > h app\_entry.h
- > 🖪 main.h
- > la stm32\_assert.h
- > h stm32wb0x\_hal\_conf.h
- > li stm32wb0x\_it.h
- > h utilities conf.h



#### ∨ III BLE WS WB0 HandsOn

- 🗱 Binaries
- > 🔊 Includes
- > Core
- > 🐸 Middlewares
- v 🗁 App
- > @ app\_ble.c
- > 🖪 app\_ble.h
- > 🖻 ble\_conf.h
- p2p\_server\_app.o
- > la p2p\_server\_app.h
- p2p\_server.c
  p2p server.h
- > 🗁 Target
- > 🐸 System
- > @ Debug
- life gugmented

need to define specific task for button press

In app\_conf.h

/\* USER CODE BEGIN CFG\_Task\_Id\_t \*/
TASK\_BUTTON\_1,
/\* USER CODE END CFG Task Id t\*/

Search for "CFG\_Task\_Id\_t"

#2 register a « button task »

in p2p server app.c/function P2P SERVER APP Init

/\* USER CODE BEGIN Service1\_APP\_Init \*/
UTIL\_SEQ\_RegTask( 1U << TASK\_BUTTON\_1, UTIL\_SEQ\_RFU, P2P\_SERVER\_Switch\_c\_SendNotification);
/\* USER CODE END Service1\_APP\_Init \*/

Search for "Service1\_APP\_Init"

Function generated by CubeMx as per as Characteristic Short Name

On press

button use

notify

procedure

use to push

data to client











# Add application code

### Raise an alarm from device to Smartphone(2/3)



```
∨ III BLE WS WB0_HandsOn
   Binaries
  > 🔊 Includes
  v 🕮 Core
    Inc
    Src.
        app entry.c
       main.c
       > stm32wb0x hal msp.c
       > @ stm32wb0x it.c
       > c syscalls.c
       > 🖻 sysmem.c
       system_stm32wb0x.c
    > 🗁 Startup
```



Drivers

Middlewares

STM32 BLE

> 2 System

Utilities

> 🗁 Debug

BLE\_WS\_WB0\_HandsOn.ioc

BLE\_WS\_WB0\_HandsOn Debug,launch

STM32WB09KEVX\_FLASH.Id

```
Manage Button1 interrupt: implement IRQ callback
```

```
In app_entry.c / function HAL_GPIO_EXTI_Callback()
```

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN FD WRAP FUNCTIONS */
void HAL GPIO EXTI Callback(GPIO TypeDef* GPIOx, uint16 t GPIO Pin)
            if (GPIO Pin == B1 Pin)
            UTIL SEQ SetTask(1U << TASK BUTTON 1,
CFG SEQ PRIO 0);
            return;
/* USER CODE END FD WRAP FUNCTIONS */
```

Copy function (weak) at end of file – under FD WRAP FUNCTIONS tags













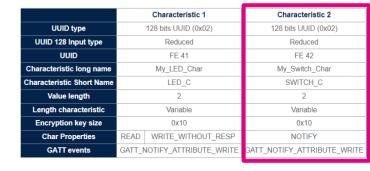


### Raise an alarm from device to Smartphone(3/3)



notify peer device trough SWITCH C

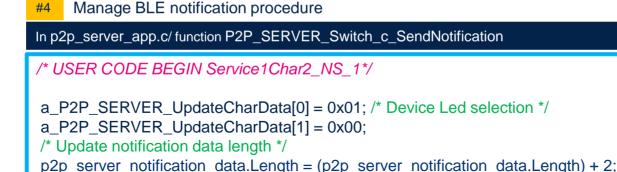






- Drivers
- Middlewares

- v 🗁 App
- > 🖟 app ble.c
- > 庙 app ble.h > h ble conf.h
- p2p server app.c
- p2p\_server\_app.h
- p2p\_server.c
- > la p2p server.h
- > 🗁 Target
- System
- Utilities
- > 🗁 Debug



Byte Index 0 1 **Button Selection** Status Name Value 0x01: button 1 0x00 or 0x01

Peer to Peer Service - SWITCH Characteristic

STM32WBA Bluetooth® LE - Peer 2 Peer Applications - stm32mcu



/\* USER CODE END Service1Char2 NS 1\*/

notification on off = Switch c NOTIFICATION ON:

P2P SERVER UpdateValue













### Time to build, flash and execute!

### 1 Build















## Open your App and Connect









ST BLE Toolbox









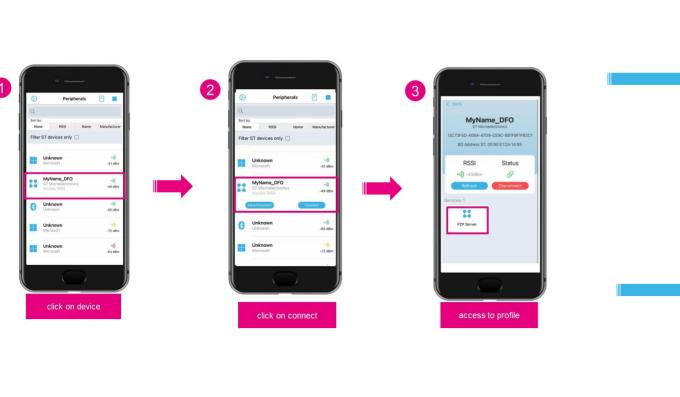








## Open your App and Connect (1/2)



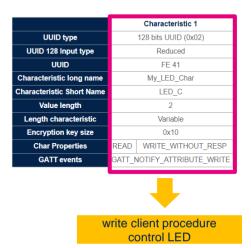


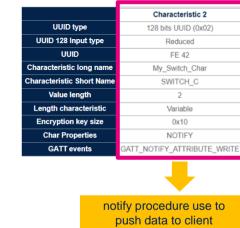
P2P Server

Button pressed
Time 17:49:59, Switch level 1

push button 1 and notify device















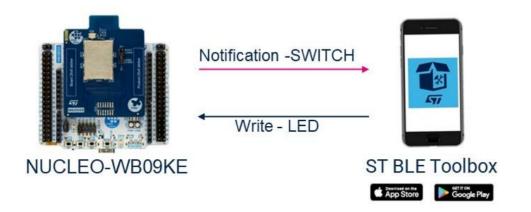




## **Takeaways**

# Easily create your own BLE application on STM32WB0

Thanks to user friendly STM32ecosystem, create in few clicks your own application like BLE\_P2PServer application just demonstrated.







# Thank you





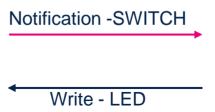








# Implementing proprietary profile P2P\_Server



**NUCLEO-WB09KE** 















### STM32WB05N Network Processor architecture

