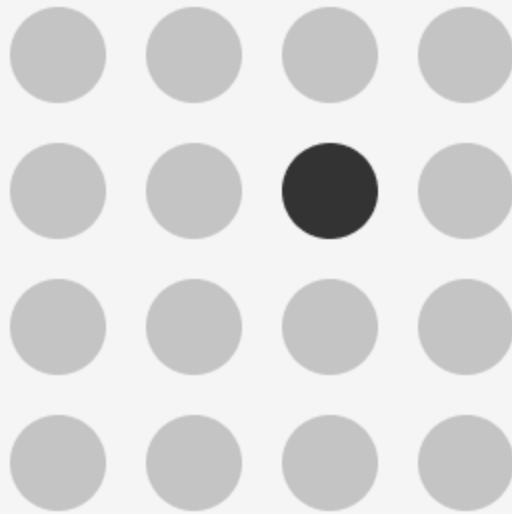
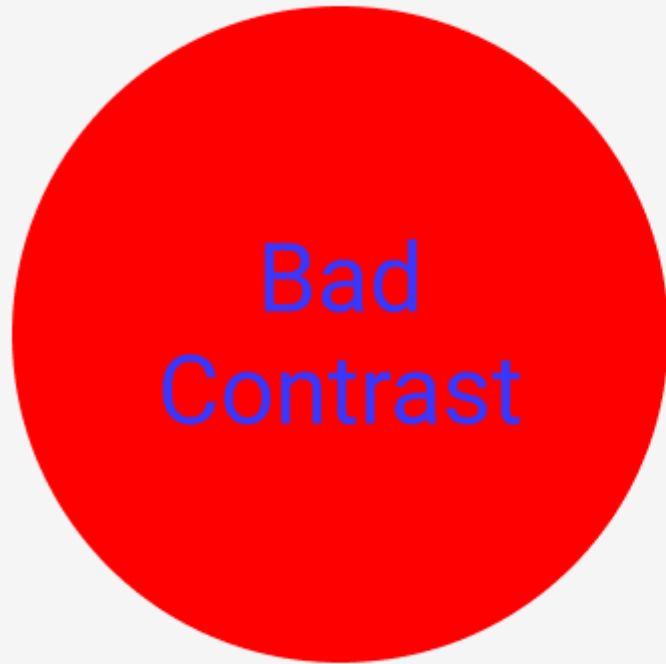


# WEB DESIGN – CONTRAST (대비)

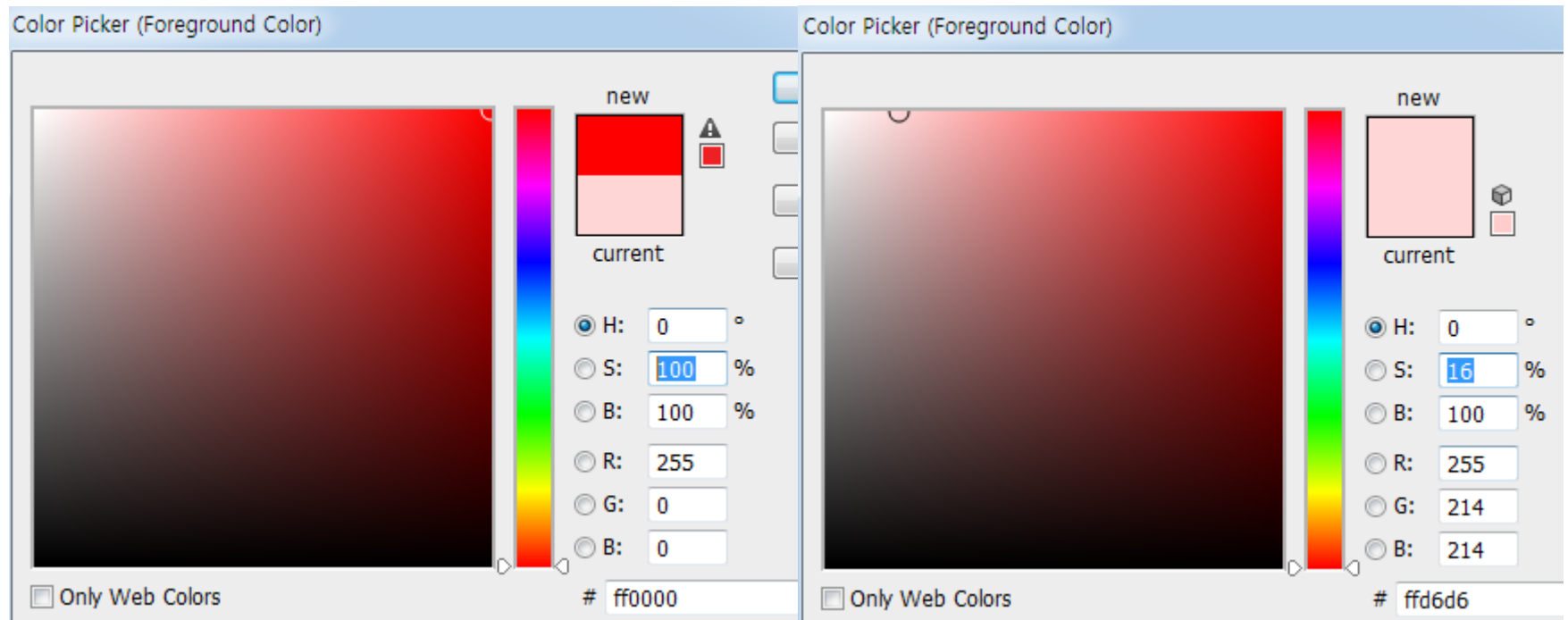


색상 차이(color difference) 대신 색상 값 차이(color value difference)를 사용한다.

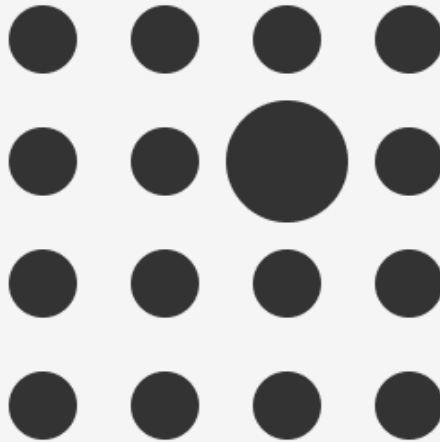


# 1: Color Factor (Color contrast - 색 대비)

색상 차이(color difference) 대신 색상 값 차이(saturation value)를 사용한다.



스케일 사용은 역동적이고 흥미로운 레이아웃을 만들고  
디자인에 드라마를 추가하는 가장 쉬운 방법



크기의 변화를 인식할 수 있게 한다. 가장 좋은 방법은 크기를 두 배로 늘리는 것

4x ●

2x ●

1x ●

# This is title

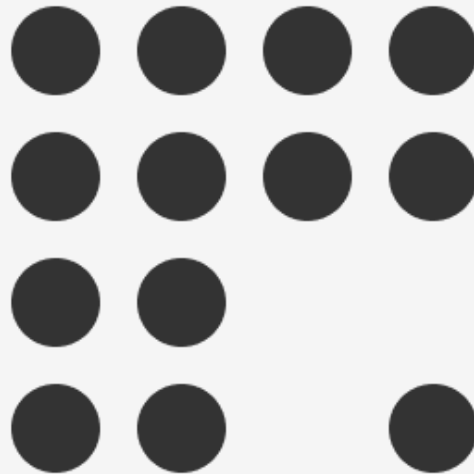
## This is subtitle

Contrast also helps create relationships between elements. If all the elements in the design are with the same size how will the user discover which element is most important or need to be looked at first. using scale is the easiest ways to create a dynamic, interesting layout and add drama to a design.

### 3: Space Factor (space contrast 공간 대비)

ALIKEROCK

중요한 요소를 빈 공간으로 둘러싼다면 그 요소에 더 많은 주의를 기울여 두드러지게 만든다.



요소 간의 공간 크기는 요소 간의 관계를 정의한다.

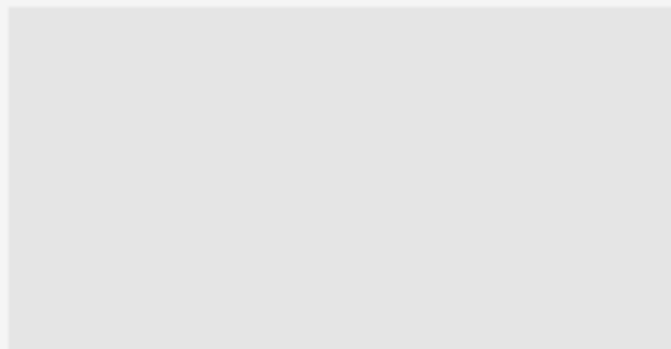


image description

# This is title

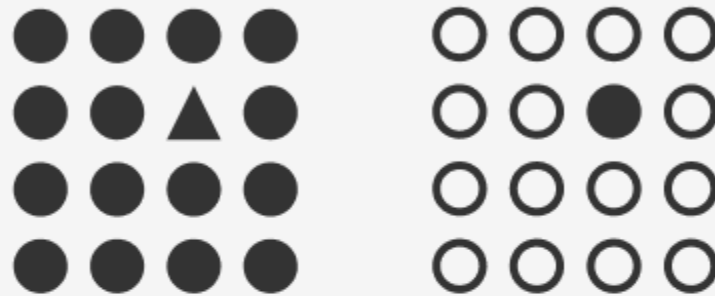
## This is subtitle

Contrast also helps create relationships between elements. If all the elements in the design are with the same size how will the user discover which element is most important or need to be looked at





### Shape & Form



### Style

This article is made to help you improve your **contrast skills** and understand how to use it by following some tips.