

Rails Spring 2014

week 4

Homework Review

- ♦ Review the parts of Class Management we did last week that the homework covered

Agenda

- ♦ Active Record
 - ♦ Migrations - review adding email
 - ♦ Relationships
 - ♦ Active Record Query Interface
 - ♦ Scopes
- ♦ Databases

Active Record



- ♦ Rails ORM - Object Relational Mapping
 - ♦ How we get data into Ruby objects
 - ♦ Translates between the rows in the table and Ruby objects



Migrations

- ♦ Ruby DSL for SQL translation
- ♦ Add, Remove, Update DB tables/columns
- ♦ Can put in DB constraints, defaults, and indexes - but make sure your app reflects them!
- ♦ Always forward thinking - once it's been run in multiple environments you can easily mess-up your app if you edit a migration

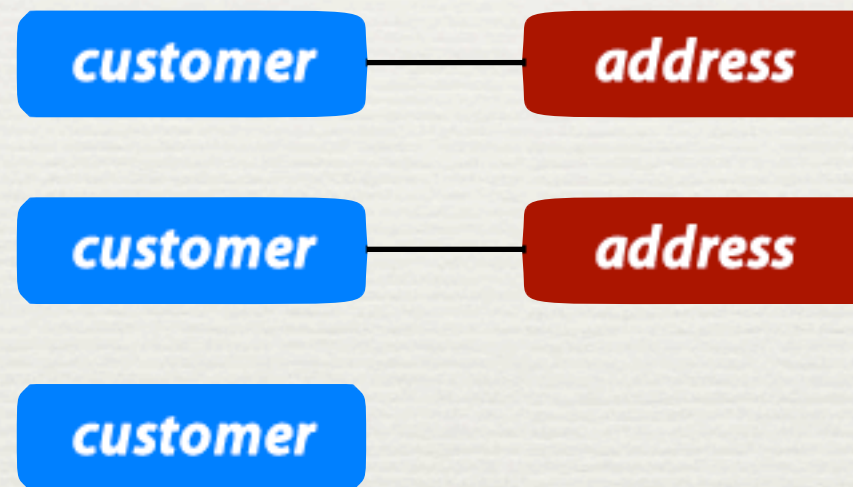
Adding Courses

- ♦ We want students to be able to manage their course
- ♦ Client tells us that each student has a list of courses they are taking, they can enter them and manage (CRUD) them

Relationships

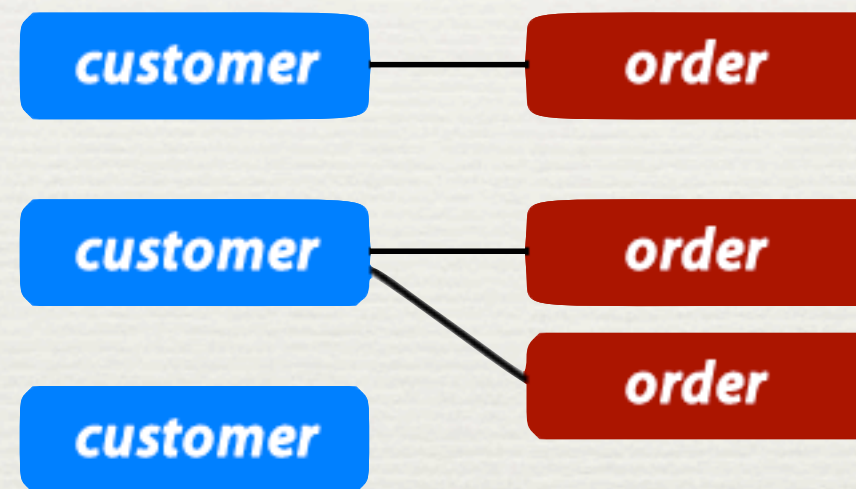
- ♦ 3 Types of Relationships
 - ♦ one-to-one
 - ♦ one-to-many
 - ♦ many-to-many

One-To-One



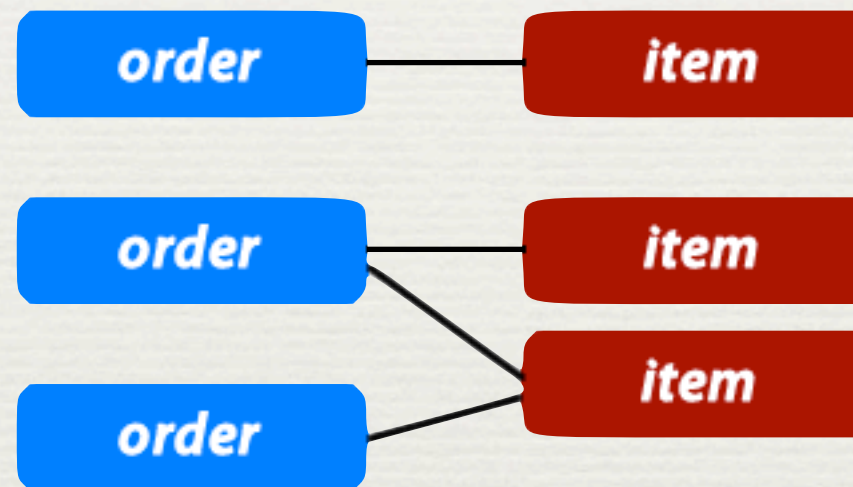
<http://code.tutsplus.com/articles/sql-for-beginners-part-3-database-relationships--net-8561>

One-To-Many



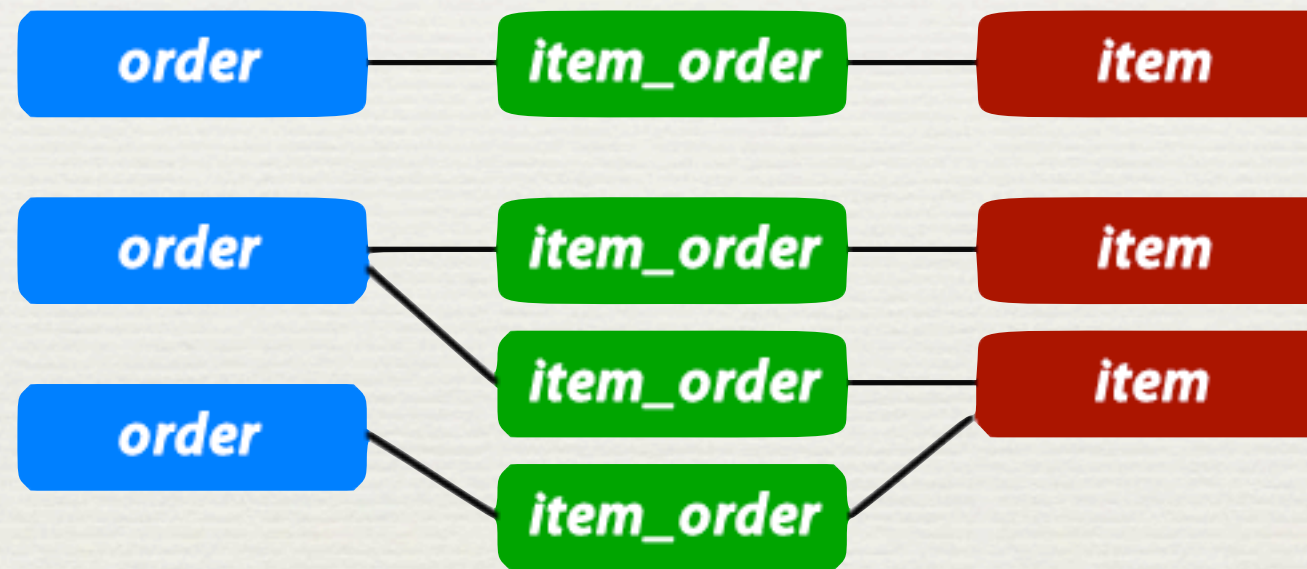
<http://code.tutsplus.com/articles/sql-for-beginners-part-3-database-relationships--net-8561>

Many-To-Many



<http://code.tutsplus.com/articles/sql-for-beginners-part-3-database-relationships--net-8561>

Many-To-Many



<http://code.tutsplus.com/articles/sql-for-beginners-part-3-database-relationships--net-8561>

One-To-Many

- ♦ Students have many Courses

Add Courses

- ✦ rails g model Course title description:text student_id:integer

Add Relationship

- ♦ Student
 - ♦ has_many :courses
- ♦ Course
 - ♦ belongs_to :course

Rails Console Demo

- ♦ `s = Student.first`
- ♦ `s.courses`
- ♦ `s.courses.create title: 'Rails is cool!'`

Requirements Change!

- ♦ We have a bunch of duplicate courses!
- ♦ Turns out Courses have many Students as well!
- ♦ What to do!?

Change the Relationship

- ♦ Easy!
- ♦ 2 Ways of Many-to-Many in Rails, Only ONE is Correct!! :)

habtm - Evil, Bad, Ugly

- ♦ don't use has and belongs to many
- ♦ Why?

I Forgot!

- ♦ Every Student has a unique registration id for each course they are in
- ♦ Where ya gonna put that with your silly habtm??!!! ;)

Rails *Many-to-Many*

- ♦ Create Registration or StudentCourses model
 - ♦ rails g model Registration
student_id:integer course_id:integer
number
- ♦ Student
 - ♦ has_many :registrations
 - ♦ has_many :courses, through: :registrations

Rails Console Demo

- ♦ `s = Student.first`
- ♦ `s.courses`
- ♦ `s.courses.create title: 'Rails is Super Magic!'`

AR QI

- ♦ Active Record Query Interface!
 - ♦ http://guides.rubyonrails.org/active_record_querying.html
- ♦ How to do SQL in Rails

Named Scopes

- ♦ Save AR query for a model
- ♦ `Student.renee`
- ♦ `Student.teachers.names`
- ♦ `s = Student.first`
- ♦ `s.courses.rails`

Named Scopes

- ◆ Student

- ◆ `scope :renee, -> { where full_name: 'Renee' }`
- ◆ `scope :teachers, -> { where profession: 'Teacher' }`
- ◆ `scope :names, -> { pluck :full_name }`

- ◆ Courses

- ◆ `scope :rails, -> { where('title LIKE ?', '%Rails%') }`

Databases

- ♦ Gemfile DB adaptor (can specify different dbs for different groups/environments)
- ♦ config/databases.yml - specify adaptor and credentials
- ♦ rake tasks help you setup, migrate, create, and drop
- ♦ Switching DBs is trivial!
- ♦ JRuby on Rails supports JDBC

Seed file

- ♦ Setup data
 - ♦ ex: first user, drop down lists, known courses
- ♦ rake db:seed

Homework

- ♦ Reading:
 - ♦ Chapter 6: Sections 4-6
 - ♦ Chapter 7: All
 - ♦ Chapter 9: Section 1
 - ♦ Chapter 11: Sections 9-11
- ♦ Code:
 - ♦ Add 2 relationships to your app:
 - ♦ 1. Has Many (one-to-many)
 - ♦ 1. Has Many Through (many-to-many)
 - ♦ Add 2 named scopes