



# Introduction





Author

Author



#### O'REILLY"

## React Cookbook

Recipes for Mastering the React Framework



David Griffiths & Dawn Griffiths

- Author
- https://www.herescreen.com



#### O'REILLY"

## React Cookbook

Recipes for Mastering the React Framework



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#### O'REILLY"

## React Cookbook

Recipes for Mastering the React Framework



David Griffiths & Dawn Griffiths



# Component state







-		



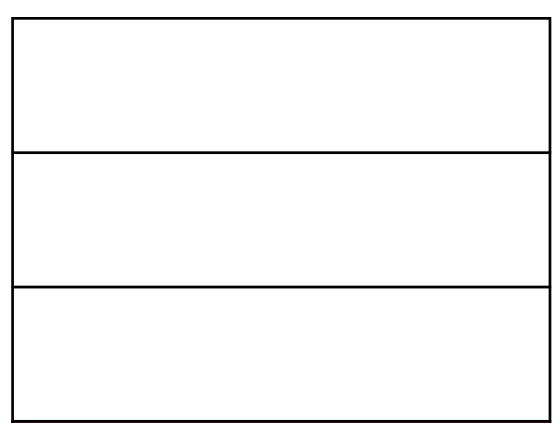
#### **Different levels of state**

1		

Component state



#### **Different levels of state**



Component state

Internal state





• React 'components' are generated using JavaScript functions



- React 'components' are generated using JavaScript functions
- And components need to be able to remember things



- React 'components' are generated using JavaScript functions
- And components need to be able to remember things
- But how do you give a function a 'memory'?



- React 'components' are generated using JavaScript functions
- And components need to be able to remember things
- But how do you give a function a 'memory'?
- With useState





```
const [name, setName] = useState("")
return <>
</></>
```





```
const [name, setName] = useState("")
return <>
   Name: {name}
</></>>
```





```
const [name, setName] = useState("")
return <>
  Name: {name}
  <input value={name}
        onChange={(evt) => setName(evt.target.value)}
        />
  </>
```

O.

Simplify code with custom hooks (recipe 3.4)







• If you need a lot of code to manage a piece of state...



- If you need a lot of code to manage a piece of state...
- ...use a custom hook



- If you need a lot of code to manage a piece of state...
- ...use a custom hook
- A custom hook is just a JavaScript function named use...



#### The useClock custom hook

```
const time = useClock('HH:mm:ss')
```



#### The useClock custom hook

```
const time = useClock('HH:mm:ss')
const date = useClock('MMMM DD, YYYY')
```



#### The useClock custom hook

```
const time = useClock('HH:mm:ss')
const date = useClock('MMMM DD, YYYY')
const tickThreeSeconds = useClock(3000)
```



```
const useClock = (formatOrInterval) => {
}
export default useClock
```



```
const useClock = (formatOrInterval) => {
  const format = typeof formatOrInterval === 'string'
    ? formatOrInterval : 'YYYY-MM-DDTHH:mm:ss.SSS'
}
export default useClock
```



```
const useClock = (formatOrInterval) => {
  const format = typeof formatOrInterval === 'string'
    ? formatOrInterval : 'YYYY-MM-DDTHH:mm:ss.SSS'
  const interval = typeof formatOrInterval === 'number' ? formatOrInterval : 500
}
export default useClock
```





```
import { useEffect, useState } from 'react'
import moment from 'moment'
const useClock = (formatOrInterval) => {
 const format = typeof formatOrInterval === 'string'
      ? formatOrInterval : 'YYYY-MM-DDTHH:mm:ss.SSS'
  const interval = typeof formatOrInterval === 'number' ? formatOrInterval : 500
  const [response, setResponse] = useState(
   moment(new Date()).format(format)
  useEffect(() => {
    const newTimer = setInterval(() => {
      setResponse(moment(new Date()).format(format))
    }, interval)
  }, [format, interval])
export default useClock
```



```
import { useEffect, useState } from 'react'
import moment from 'moment'
const useClock = (formatOrInterval) => {
 const format = typeof formatOrInterval === 'string'
      ? formatOrInterval : 'YYYY-MM-DDTHH:mm:ss.SSS'
  const interval = typeof formatOrInterval === 'number' ? formatOrInterval : 500
  const [response, setResponse] = useState(
    moment(new Date()).format(format)
 useEffect(() => {
    const newTimer = setInterval(() => {
      setResponse(moment(new Date()).format(format))
    }, interval)
    return () => clearInterval(newTimer)
 }, [format, interval])
export default useClock
```



```
import { useEffect, useState } from 'react'
import moment from 'moment'
const useClock = (formatOrInterval) => {
  const format = typeof formatOrInterval === 'string'
      ? formatOrInterval : 'YYYY-MM-DDTHH:mm:ss.SSS'
  const interval = typeof formatOrInterval === 'number' ? formatOrInterval : 500
  const [response, setResponse] = useState(
    moment(new Date()).format(format)
  useEffect(() => {
    const newTimer = setInterval(() => {
      setResponse(moment(new Date()).format(format))
   }, interval)
    return () => clearInterval(newTimer)
  }, [format, interval])
  return response
export default useClock
```

O.

Managing complex component state (recipe 3.1)





## Managing complex component state (recipe 3.1)



## Managing complex component state (recipe 3.1)

• Some components might have many useState() calls



# Managing complex component state (recipe 3.1)

- Some components might have many useState() calls
- There might be complex code that then uses those values



# Managing complex component state (recipe 3.1)

- Some components might have many useState() calls
- There might be complex code that then uses those values
- You can extract from the complex state code into a reducer



# Create a reducer: reducer.js

```
function reducer(state, action) {
}
export default reducer
```



## Create a reducer: reducer.js

```
function reducer(state, action) {
   switch (action.type) {
   }
}
export default reducer
```



### Create a reducer: reducer.js

```
function reducer(state, action) {
  switch (action.type) {
    case 'shuffle': {
     let newState = { ...state }
      do {
        for (let i = 0; i < 300; i++) {
          newState = reducer(
            { ...newState },
              type: 'move',
              payload: Math.floor(Math.random() * 9),
      } while (newState.complete)
      return newState
    default: {
      throw new Error('Unknown action: ' + action.type)
export default reducer
```



```
import reducer from './reducer'
```



```
import reducer from './reducer'
const [state, dispatch] = useReducer(reducer, {
   items: ['4', '1', '2', '7', '6', '3', null, '5', '8'],
})
```



```
import reducer from './reducer'
const [state, dispatch] = useReducer(reducer, {
   items: ['4', '1', '2', '7', '6', '3', null, '5', '8'],
})

return <>
   There are {state.items.length} items
</></>
```



```
import reducer from './reducer'
const [state, dispatch] = useReducer(reducer, {
   items: ['4', '1', '2', '7', '6', '3', null, '5', '8'],
 })
return <>
 There are {state.items.length} items
 <button onClick={() => dispatch({ type: 'shuffle' })}>
    Shuffle
 </button>
```

O.

Make reducers "undo-able" (recipe 3.2)







Would be nice to allow a user to undo things



- Would be nice to allow a user to undo things
- Reducers make that simpler



- Would be nice to allow a user to undo things
- Reducers make that simpler
- You create a useUndoReducer hook



#### Make reducer's "undo-able"

```
import reducer from './reducer'
import { useReducer } from 'react'

import './Puzzle.css'

const Puzzle = () => {
   const [state, dispatch] = useReducer(reducer, {
     items: ['4', '1', '2', '7', '6', '3', null, '5', '8'],
   })
```



#### Make reducer's "undo-able"

```
import reducer from './reducer'
import useUndoReducer from './useUndoReducer'

const Puzzle = () => {
   const [state, dispatch] = useUndoReducer(reducer, {
     items: ['4', '1', '2', '7', '6', '3', null, '5', '8'],
   })
....
```



#### Make reducer's "undo-able"

```
import reducer from './reducer'
import useUndoReducer from './useUndoReducer'
const Puzzle = () => {
  const [state, dispatch] = useUndoReducer(reducer, {
    items: ['4', '1', '2', '7', '6', '3', null, '5', '8'],
  })
. . . .
      <but
        onClick={() => dispatch({ type: 'undo' })}
        Undo
      </button>
```





Component state

Internal state





Component tree state

Component state

Internal state



Component tree state

Component state

Security, error-handling, routing...

Internal state

O.

Use context to secure a component tree (recipe 7.5)





# Create a context: SecurityContext.js

```
import React from 'react'
export default React.createContext({})
```



# Create a provider: SecurityProvider.js

```
import { useRef, useState } from 'react'
import SecurityContext from './SecurityContext'
import LoginForm from './LoginForm'
export default (props) => {
  return (
    <SecurityContext.Provider</pre>
      value={{
      {props.children}
    </SecurityContext.Provider>
```



# Create a provider: SecurityProvider.js

```
import { useRef, useState } from 'react'
import SecurityContext from './SecurityContext'
import LoginForm './LoginForm'
export default (props) => {
  const [showLogin, setShowLogin] = useState(false)
  . . . .
  return (
    <SecurityContext.Provider</pre>
      value={{
        login: () => setShowLogin(true)
      {props.children}
    </SecurityContext.Provider>
```



## Create a provider: SecurityProvider.js

```
import { useRef, useState } from 'react'
import SecurityContext from './SecurityContext'
import LoginForm from './LoginForm'
export default (props) => {
  const [showLogin, setShowLogin] = useState(false)
  . . . .
  return (
    <SecurityContext.Provider</pre>
      value={{
        login: () => setShowLogin(true)
      }}
      {showLogin ? (
        <LoginForm
          onLogin={async (username, password) => {
            // Clever code to do login goes here....
          }}
        />
      ) : null}
      {props.children}
    </SecurityContext.Provider>
```



## Use the provider

```
import './App.css'
import SecurityProvider from './SecurityProvider'
function App() {
  return
    <div className="App">
        <MyComponent/>
        <MyOtherComponent/>
    </div>
export default App
```



## Use the provider

```
import './App.css'
import SecurityProvider from './SecurityProvider'
function App() {
  return
    <div className="App">
      <SecurityProvider>
        <MyComponent/>
        <MyOtherComponent/>
      </SecurityProvider>
    </div>
export default App
```

# Access security from the context MyComponent.js

const security = useContext(SecurityContext)

# Access security from the context MyComponent.js

```
const security = useContext(SecurityContext)
<button
  onClick={() => security.login())}
>
  Open login form
</button>
```



Component tree state

Component state

Security, error-handling, routing...

Internal state



Application state

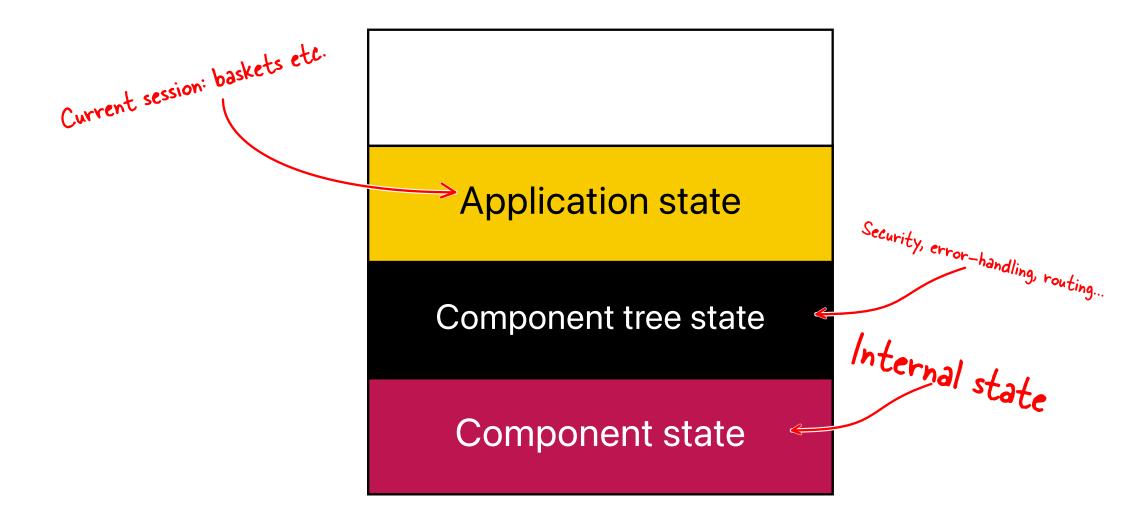
Component tree state

Component state

Security, error-handling, routing...

Internal state





O.

Replace network calls with hooks (recipe 5.1)



### Code that talks to a server



### Code that talks to a server



It's usually complex

### Code that talks to a server



- It's usually complex
- It's normally asynchronous...

#### Code that talks to a server



- It's usually complex
- It's normally asynchronous...
- ...so it doesn't respond immediately

#### Code that talks to a server



- It's usually complex
- It's normally asynchronous...
- ...so it doesn't respond immediately
- It can throw lots of errors

```
import { useEffect, useState } from 'react'
const useMessages = (forum) => {

export default useMessages
```

```
import { useEffect, useState } from 'react'
const useMessages = (forum) => {
  const [data, setData] = useState([])
export default useMessages
```

```
import { useEffect, useState } from 'react'
const useMessages = (forum) => {
  const [data, setData] = useState([])
  const [loading, setLoading] = useState(false)
export default useMessages
```

```
import { useEffect, useState } from 'react'
const useMessages = (forum) => {
  const [data, setData] = useState([])
  const [loading, setLoading] = useState(false)
  const [error, setError] = useState()
export default useMessages
```

```
import { useEffect, useState } from 'react'
const useMessages = (forum) => {
  const [data, setData] = useState([])
  const [loading, setLoading] = useState(false)
  const [error, setError] = useState()
  return { data, loading, error }
export default useMessages
```

```
import { useEffect, useState } from 'react'
const useMessages = (forum) => {
  const [data, setData] = useState([])
  const [loading, setLoading] = useState(false)
  const [error, setError] = useState()
  useEffect(() => {
     // Clever code to contact the server, and set
     // 'loading', 'data' or 'error' goes here
  }, [forum])
  return { data, loading, error }
export default useMessages
```



```
const {
    data: messages,
    loading: messagesLoading,
    error: messagesError,
} = useMessages(forum)
```



```
const {
    data: messages,
    loading: messagesLoading,
    error: messagesError,
  } = useMessages(forum)
if (error) {
  return Error! {error}
```



```
const {
   data: messages,
   loading: messagesLoading,
   error: messagesError,
 } = useMessages(forum)
if (error) {
  return Error! {error}
if (loading) {
  return Loading...
```



```
const {
   data: messages,
    loading: messagesLoading,
   error: messagesError,
 } = useMessages(forum)
if (error) {
  return Error! {error}
if (loading) {
  return Loading...
return // the HTML for displaying messages goes here
```

O.

Synchronize data with the server (recipe 5.2)







• You might have code that **reads** data from the server



- You might have code that reads data from the server
- And code that **updates** data from the server



- You might have code that reads data from the server
- And code that updates data from the server
- But how do you get your code to re-read data after you change it?



### Synchronize hooks with state counters

```
const {
    data: messages,
    loading: messagesLoading,
    error: messagesError,
  } = useMessages(forum)
const postMessage = (msg) => {
 // Very complicated code to post a message
```



### Synchronize hooks with state counters

```
const [stateVersion, setStateVersion] = useState(0)
const {
    data: messages,
    loading: messagesLoading,
    error: messagesError,
    = useMessages(forum, stateVersion)
const create = (msg) => {
  // Very complicated code to post a message
  setStateVersion((v) => v + 1)
```

O.







Application state can get very complex



- Application state can get very complex
- We fixed complex state in components with reducers



- Application state can get very complex
- We fixed complex state in components with reducers
- We can do the same at the application level...



- Application state can get very complex
- We fixed complex state in components with reducers
- We can do the same at the application level...
- ...with Redux



### Reducer to manage a shopping basket

```
const reducer = (state = {}, action = {}) => {
  switch (action.type) {
    case 'buy': {
    case 'clearBasket': {
    default:
      return { ...state }
export default reducer
```



### Reducer to manage a shopping basket

```
const reducer = (state = {}, action = {}) => {
  switch (action.type) {
    case 'buy': {
      const basket = state.basket ? [...state.basket] : []
      // Code to add to basket goes here...
      return {
        ...state,
        basket,
    case 'clearBasket': {
    default:
     return { ...state }
export default reducer
```



### Reducer to manage a shopping basket

```
const reducer = (state = {}, action = {}) => {
  switch (action.type) {
    case 'buy': {
     const basket = state.basket ? [...state.basket] : []
     // Code to add to basket goes here...
      return {
        ...state,
        basket,
    case 'clearBasket': {
      return {
        ...state,
        basket: [],
    default:
      return { ...state }
export default reducer
```



### Create a store using the basket reducer App.js

```
import { Provider } from 'react-redux'
import { createStore } from 'redux'
import reducer from './reducer'
const store = createStore(reducer)
function App() {
  return (
   <div className="App">
      <Provider store={store}>
          <MyFirstComponent/>
          <MySecondComponent/>
          <MyThirdComponent/>
      </Provider>
   </div>
export default App
```



### Use the store from MyFirstComponent.js

```
const MyFirstComponent = () => {
 const dispatch = useDispatch()
  return (
   <div className="Boots">
      <h1>Boots</h1>
       <but
         onClick={() =>
           dispatch({ type: 'buy', payload: {name: 'Boots'} })
        Add to basket
       </button>
    </div>
```







• Can use middleware to sync Redux store with a server (recipe 3.6)



- Can use middleware to sync Redux store with a server (recipe 3.6)
- Can use redux-persist to save the store in LocalStorage



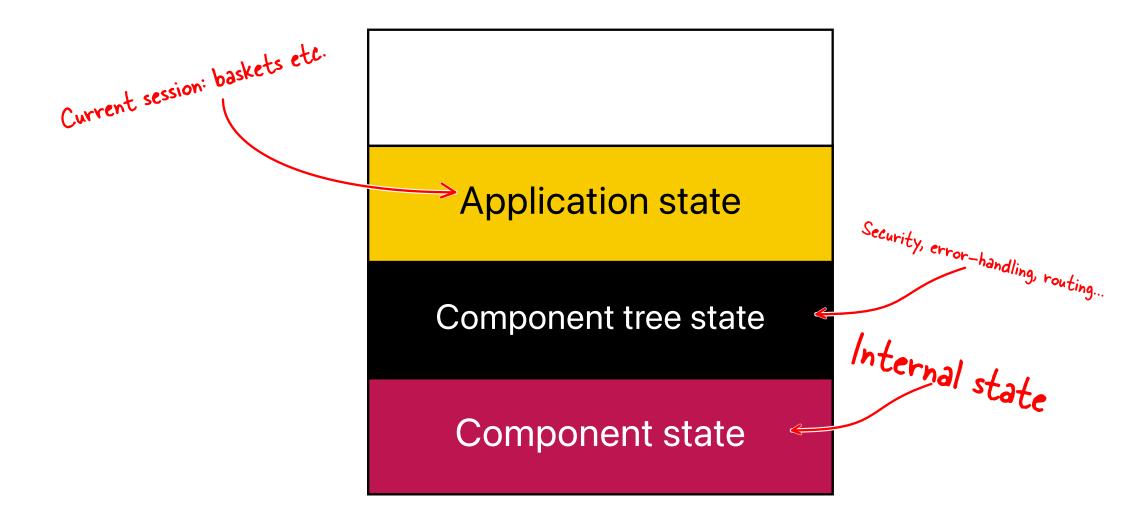
- Can use middleware to sync Redux store with a server (recipe 3.6)
- Can use redux-persist to save the store in LocalStorage
- ...means you can refresh the page and the data is safe (recipe 3.7)



- Can use middleware to sync Redux store with a server (recipe 3.6)
- Can use redux-persist to save the store in LocalStorage
- ...means you can refresh the page and the data is safe (recipe 3.7)
- Can use with libraries like reselect to derive states (recipe 3.8)

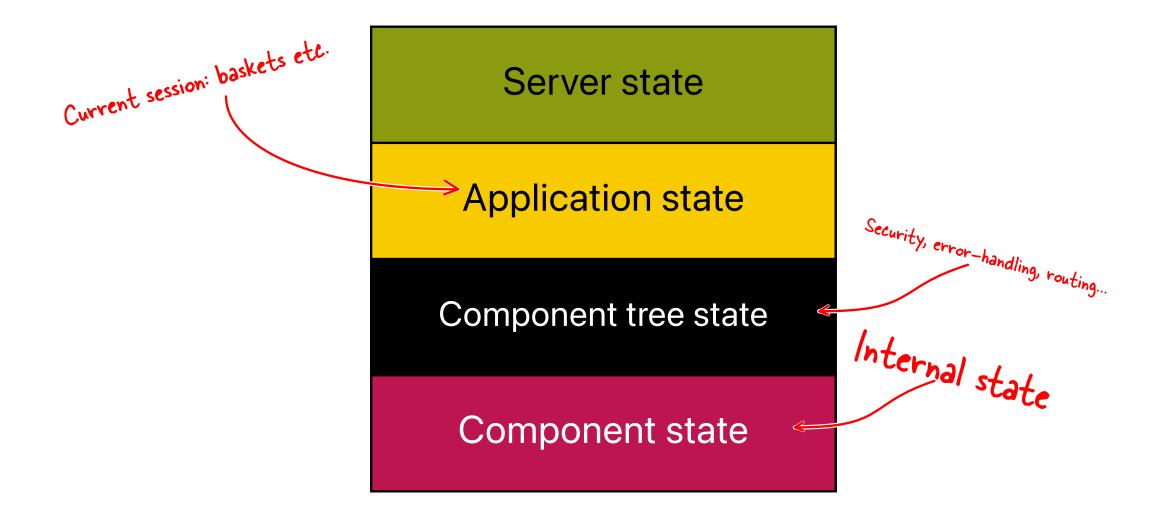


#### Different levels of state



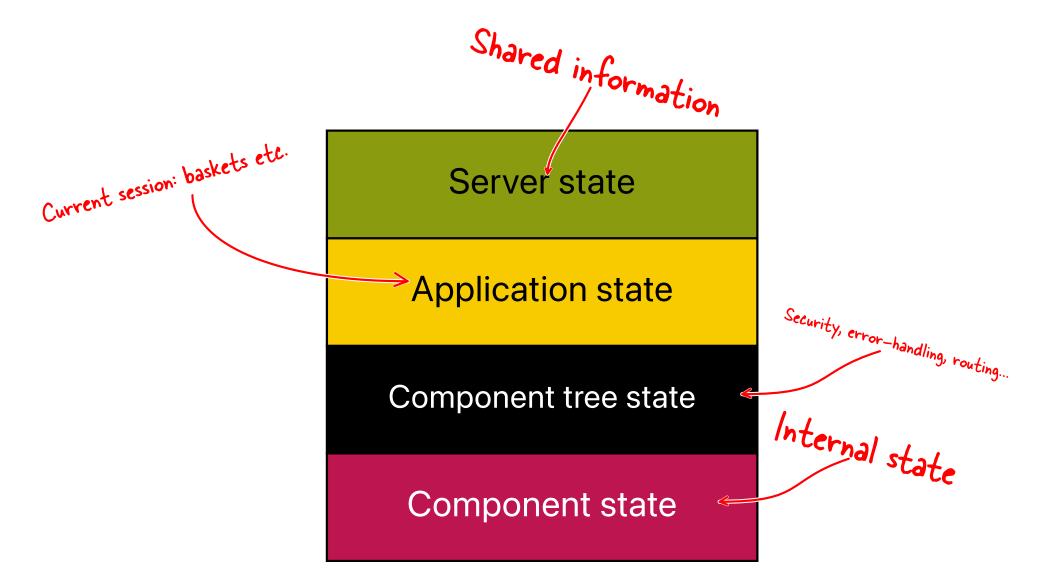


#### Different levels of state





#### Different levels of state



O.

Reading data when offline? (recipe 11.3)









# Reading data when offline? (recipe 11.3)

Many users are on mobile devices



# Reading data when offline? (recipe 11.3)

- Many users are on mobile devices
- Mobile devices have poor network connections



# Reading data when offline? (recipe 11.3)

- Many users are on mobile devices
- Mobile devices have poor network connections
- Can you cache data locally so it can work offline?





• JavaScript that runs in the background (not the page)



- JavaScript that runs in the background (not the page)
- Can intercept all networks connections



- JavaScript that runs in the background (not the page)
- Can intercept all networks connections
- Can use cache storage for images, fonts, network responses





Not normally used when in development mode



- Not normally used when in development mode
- Only available with HTTPS or with localhost



- Not normally used when in development mode
- Only available with HTTPS or with localhost
- Might need to unregister when developing



#### Register a service worker index.js



#### Register a service worker index.js

```
import React from 'react';
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom';
import './index.css';
import App from './App';
import * as serviceWorkerRegistration from './serviceWorkerRegistration';
ReactDOM.render(
  <React.StrictMode>
    <App />
  </React.StrictMode>,
 document.getElementById('root')
serviceWorkerRegistration.register();
```



#### The service worker: service-worker.js

```
import { registerRoute } from 'workbox-routing';
import { StaleWhileRevalidate } from 'workbox-strategies';

// All the other service-worker code...
```



#### The service worker: service-worker.js

```
import { registerRoute } from 'workbox-routing';
import { StaleWhileRevalidate } from 'workbox-strategies';

// All the other service-worker code...

registerRoute(
    ({url}) => url.origin === 'https://fonts.googleapis.com',
    new StaleWhileRevalidate({
        cacheName: 'stylesheets',
    })
);
```

O.

Sending data when offline? (recipe 11.6)











• When people are offline they might want to do more than read

# Sending data when offline? (recipe 11.6)



- When people are offline they might want to do more than read
- They might want to send changes to the server

# Sending data when offline? (recipe 11.6)

- When people are offline they might want to do more than read
- They might want to send changes to the server
- But how can that work when they have no connection?



#### Typical code to send data



#### Use background-sync in the server-worker

```
import { registerRoute } from 'workbox-routing';
import {NetworkOnly, StaleWhileRevalidate} from 'workbox-strategies';
import {BackgroundSyncPlugin} from "workbox-background-sync";

// All the other service-worker code...
```



#### Use background-sync in the server-worker

```
import { registerRoute } from 'workbox-routing';
import {NetworkOnly, StaleWhileRevalidate} from 'workbox-strategies';
import {BackgroundSyncPlugin} from "workbox-background-sync";
// All the other service-worker code...
registerRoute(
   /\/endpoint/,
    new NetworkOnly({
        plugins: [new BackgroundSyncPlugin(
            'endPointQueue1', {
            maxRetentionTime: 24 \times 60
        })]
    }),
    'POST'
```





• All of the code from today:



- All of the code from today:
- <a href="https://tinyurl.com/rcookbook1">https://tinyurl.com/rcookbook1</a>



- All of the code from today:
- https://tinyurl.com/rcookbook1
- All of the code from the book:



- All of the code from today:
- https://tinyurl.com/rcookbook1
- All of the code from the book:
- https://tinyurl.com/rcookbook2

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