

SECTION 2 PROJECT (S2P)

Machine Learning : **From Iron, Diamond, to Challenger**

Analyzing game pattern in League of Legends

AI 05 도현진 (Hannah Do)

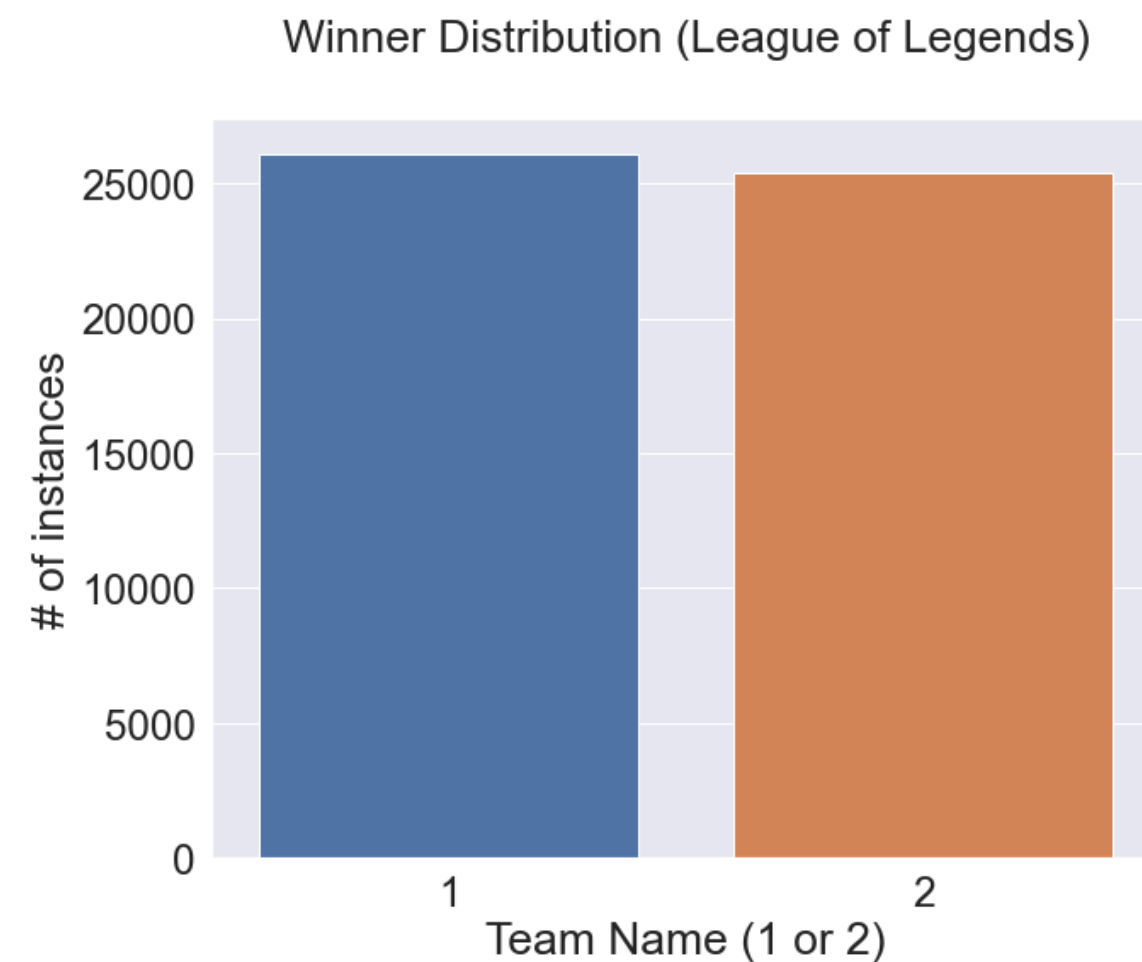
0. EDA

League of Legends Ranked Games

Mitchell J / Kaggle (2017)

Collection of over 50,000 ranked EUW games from the game League of Legends, as well as json files containing a way to convert between champion and summoner spell IDs and their names. For each game, there are fields for:

- Game ID
- Creation Time (in Epoch format)
- Game Duration (in seconds)
- Season ID
- Winner (1 = team1, 2 = team2)
- First Baron, dragon, tower, blood, inhibitor and Rift Herald (1 = team1, 2 = team2, 0 = none)
- Champions and summoner spells for each team (Stored as Riot's champion and summoner spell IDs)
- The number of tower, inhibitor, Baron, dragon and Rift Herald kills each team has
- The 5 bans of each team (Again, champion IDs are used)

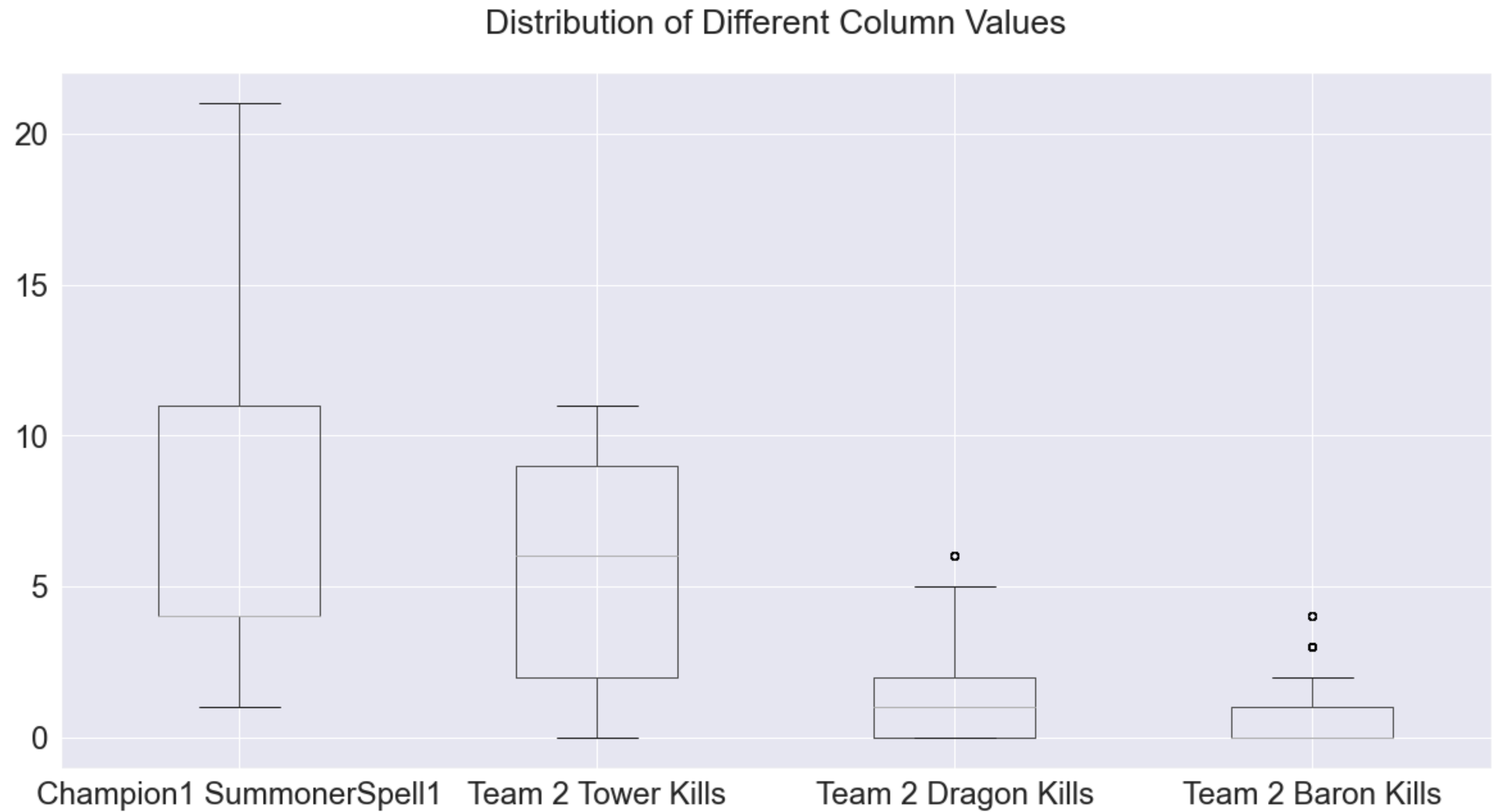


Class Distribution (Winning Team)

<https://www.kaggle.com/datasnaek/league-of-legends?select=games.csv>

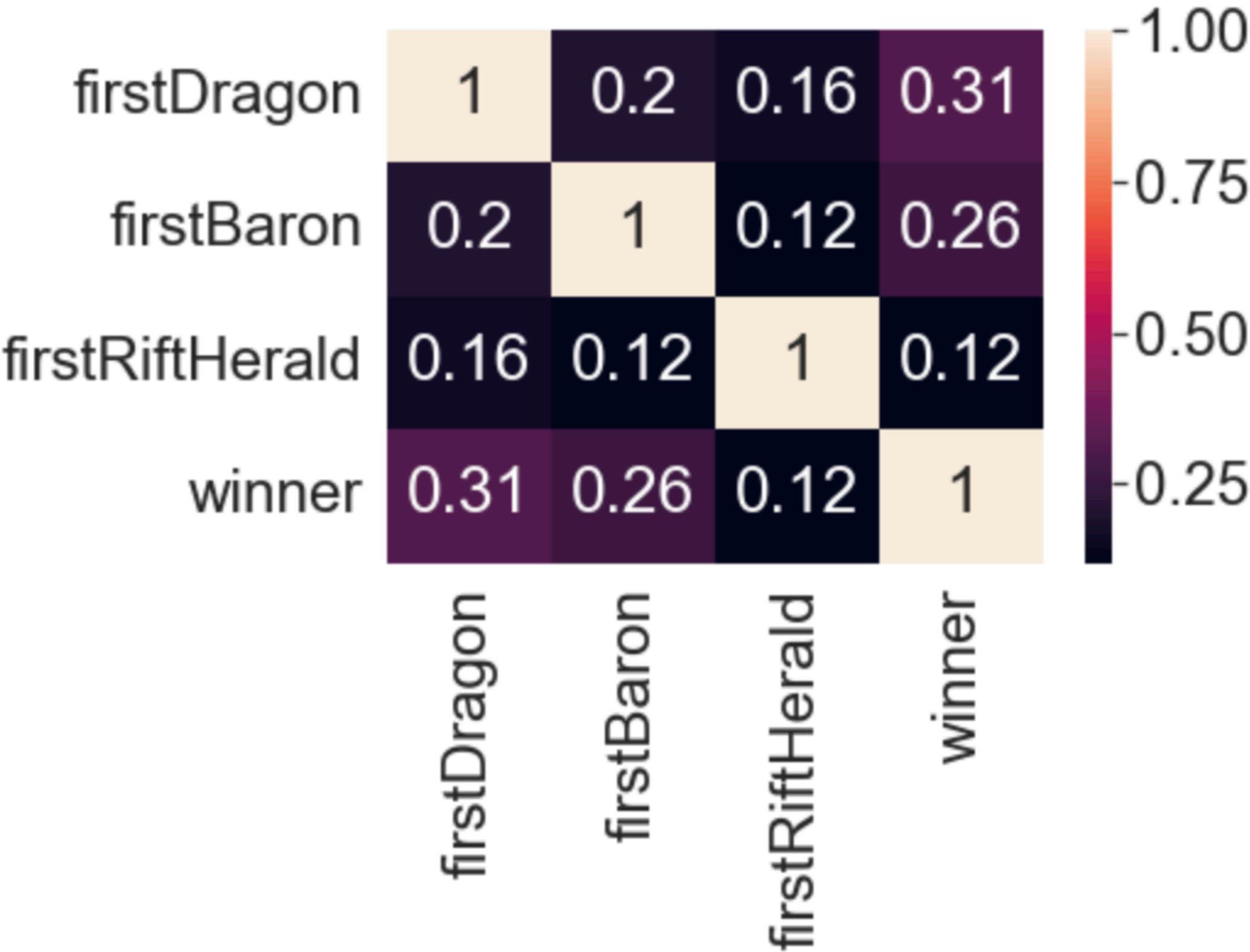
0. EDA

*Summoner spells per each champion,
Number of towers,
inhibitors,
and baron kills per each team
(Distribution shown as a box plot)*



0. EDA

Correlation between Winner and different types of First Missions



According to the heatmap,
First Dragon and Winner showed the
highest correlation score of 0.31

0. EDA

```
champ_info1.head()
```

	type	version	data
Aatrox	champion	7.18.1	{'tags': ['Fighter', 'Tank'], 'title': 'the Da...
Ahri	champion	7.18.1	{'tags': ['Mage', 'Assassin'], 'title': 'the N...
Akali	champion	7.18.1	{'tags': ['Assassin'], 'title': 'the Fist of S...
Alistar	champion	7.18.1	{'tags': ['Tank', 'Support'], 'title': 'the Mi...
Amumu	champion	7.18.1	{'tags': ['Tank', 'Mage'], 'title': 'the Sad M...

```
champ_info1['data'][0]
```

```
{'tags': ['Fighter', 'Tank'],  
'title': 'the Darkin Blade',  
'id': 266,  
'key': 'Aatrox',  
'name': 'Aatrox'}
```

```
champ_info2.head()
```

	type	version	data
1	champion	7.17.2	{'title': 'the Dark Child', 'id': 1, 'key': 'A...
10	champion	7.17.2	{'title': 'The Judicator', 'id': 10, 'key': 'K...
101	champion	7.17.2	{'title': 'the Magus Ascendant', 'id': 101, 'k...
102	champion	7.17.2	{'title': 'the Half-Dragon', 'id': 102, 'key':...
103	champion	7.17.2	{'title': 'the Nine-Tailed Fox', 'id': 103, 'k...

```
champ_info2['data'][266]
```

```
{'title': 'the Darkin Blade', 'id': 266, 'key': 'Aatrox',  
'name': 'Aatrox'}
```

*Additional json files for champion ID
and detailed champion information in ‘data’ column*

1. Feature Engineering

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>				
RangeIndex: 51490 entries, 0 to 51489				
Data columns (total 60 columns):				
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype	
----	-----	-----	-----	
0	gameDuration	51490 non-null	int64	
1	winner	51490 non-null	int64	
2	firstBlood	51490 non-null	int64	
3	firstTower	51490 non-null	int64	
4	firstInhibitor	51490 non-null	int64	
5	firstBaron	51490 non-null	int64	
6	firstDragon	51490 non-null	int64	
7	firstRiftHerald	51490 non-null	int64	
8	t1_champ1id	51490 non-null	int64	
9	t1_champ1_sum1	51490 non-null	int64	
10	t1_champ1_sum2	51490 non-null	int64	
11	t1_champ2id	51490 non-null	int64	
12	t1_champ2_sum1	51490 non-null	int64	
13	t1_champ2_sum2	51490 non-null	int64	
14	t1_champ3id	51490 non-null	int64	
15	t1_champ3_sum1	51490 non-null	int64	
16	t1_champ3_sum2	51490 non-null	int64	
17	t1_champ4id	51490 non-null	int64	
18	t1_champ4_sum1	51490 non-null	int64	
19	t1_champ4_sum2	51490 non-null	int64	
20	t1_champ5id	51490 non-null	int64	
21	t1_champ5_sum1	51490 non-null	int64	
22	t1_champ5_sum2	51490 non-null	int64	
23	t1_towerKills	51490 non-null	int64	
24	t1_inhibitorKills	51490 non-null	int64	
25	t1_baronKills	51490 non-null	int64	
26	t1_dragonKills	51490 non-null	int64	
27	t1_riftHeraldKills	51490 non-null	int64	
28	t2_champ1id	51490 non-null	int64	
29	t2_champ1_sum1	51490 non-null	int64	
30	t2_champ1_sum2	51490 non-null	int64	
31	t2_champ2id	51490 non-null	int64	
32	t2_champ2_sum1	51490 non-null	int64	
33	t2_champ2_sum2	51490 non-null	int64	
34	t2_champ3id	51490 non-null	int64	
35	t2_champ3_sum1	51490 non-null	int64	
36	t2_champ3_sum2	51490 non-null	int64	
37	t2_champ4id	51490 non-null	int64	
38	t2_champ4_sum1	51490 non-null	int64	
39	t2_champ4_sum2	51490 non-null	int64	
40	t2_champ5id	51490 non-null	int64	
41	t2_champ5_sum1	51490 non-null	int64	
42	t2_champ5_sum2	51490 non-null	int64	
43	t2_towerKills	51490 non-null	int64	
44	t2_inhibitorKills	51490 non-null	int64	
45	t2_baronKills	51490 non-null	int64	
46	t2_dragonKills	51490 non-null	int64	
47	t2_riftHeraldKills	51490 non-null	int64	
48	t1_tank	51490 non-null	int64	
49	t1_fighter	51490 non-null	int64	
50	t1_assassin	51490 non-null	int64	
51	t1_mage	51490 non-null	int64	
52	t1_support	51490 non-null	int64	
53	t1_marksman	51490 non-null	int64	
54	t2_tank	51490 non-null	int64	
55	t2_fighter	51490 non-null	int64	
56	t2_assassin	51490 non-null	int64	
57	t2_mage	51490 non-null	int64	
58	t2_support	51490 non-null	int64	
59	t2_marksman	51490 non-null	int64	
dtypes: int64(60)				
memory usage: 23.6 MB				

```
# dropping redundant columns now that the new features have been created

lol_df.drop(['t1_tags', 't2_tags', 't1_champ1tags', 't1_champ2tags', \
            't1_champ3tags', 't1_champ4tags', 't1_champ5tags', \
            't2_champ1tags', 't2_champ2tags', 't2_champ3tags', \
            't2_champ4tags', 't2_champ5tags'], axis=1, inplace=True)

# dropping additional columns (bans) that may not be useful for ML model

lol_df.drop(['t1_ban1', 't1_ban2', 't1_ban3', 't1_ban4', \
            't1_ban5', 't2_ban1', 't2_ban2', \
            't2_ban3', 't2_ban4', 't2_ban5', \
            'gameId', 'creationTime', 'seasonId'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

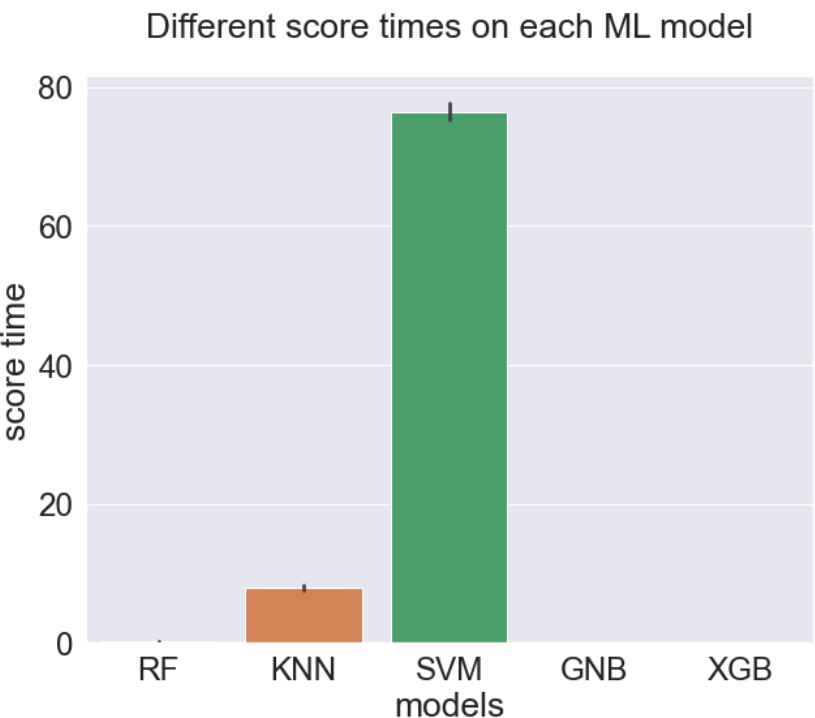
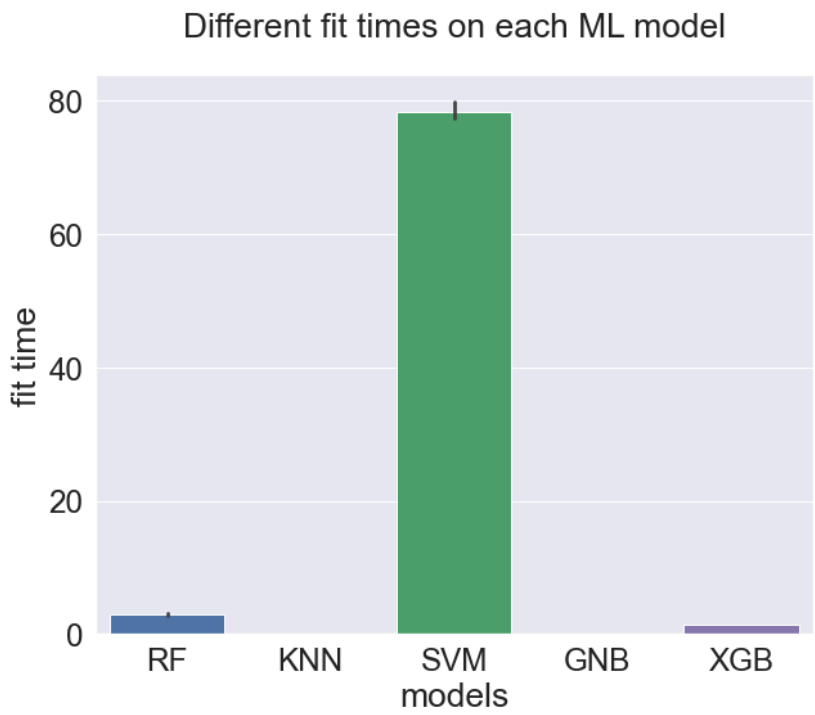
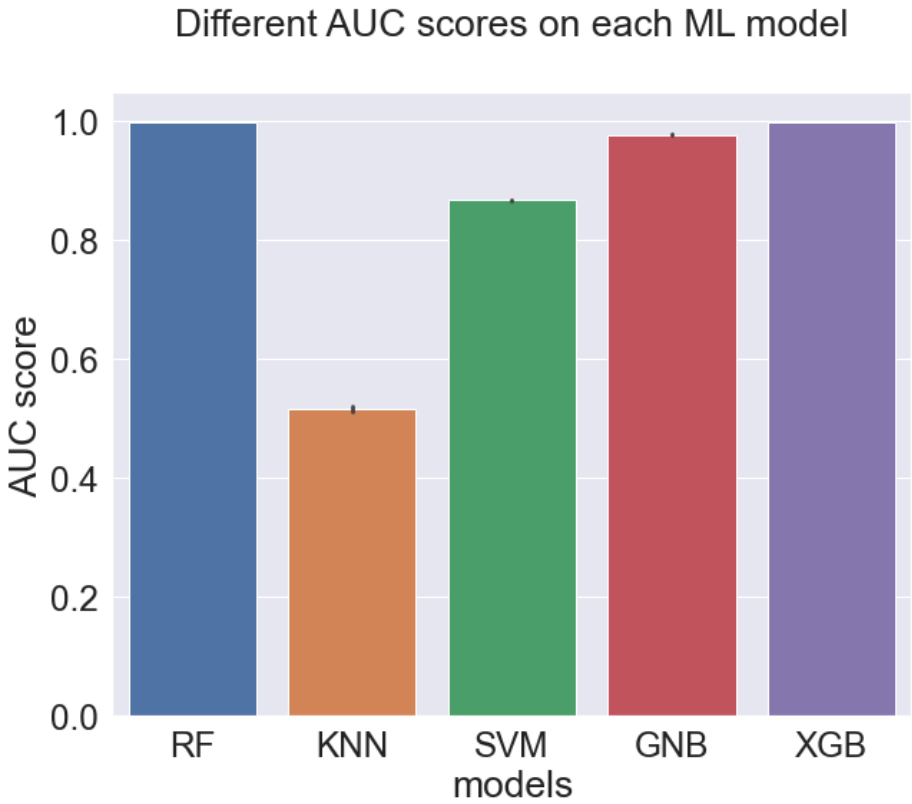
Dropped unnecessary columns

*Created new features by combining the original data with champions information
dataframe (tags) - merge by ID*

2. Prediction with various ML methods

From the different ML models, Xgboost showed the best scores in accuracy, precision, recall, and AUC.

However when it comes to fit and score time (duration), XGB was slower than KNN, SVM, and Gaussian Naive Bayes.



	fit_time	score_time	test_accuracy	test_precision_weighted	test_recall_weighted	test_f1_weighted	test_roc_auc	model
0	3.098676	0.156745	0.969535	0.969538	0.969535	0.969534	0.997483	RF
1	3.188755	0.158979	0.968079	0.968079	0.968079	0.968078	0.996986	RF
2	3.082980	0.155371	0.968318	0.968322	0.968318	0.968318	0.997245	RF
3	2.755910	0.145808	0.969896	0.969963	0.969896	0.969894	0.997281	RF
4	2.853027	0.146643	0.969289	0.969291	0.969289	0.969288	0.997106	RF
5	0.011879	7.443417	0.504673	0.504534	0.504673	0.504584	0.506498	KNN
6	0.009058	7.948629	0.514868	0.515096	0.514868	0.514908	0.517657	KNN
7	0.007834	8.609264	0.510682	0.510771	0.510682	0.510721	0.512282	KNN
8	0.008655	7.869237	0.519422	0.519359	0.519422	0.519251	0.525996	KNN
9	0.007799	8.021669	0.512017	0.511937	0.512017	0.511886	0.513218	KNN
10	81.408136	75.162202	0.774609	0.779443	0.774609	0.773123	0.865562	SVM
11	77.466676	78.443917	0.778614	0.784144	0.778614	0.777106	0.866595	SVM
12	77.507803	75.044874	0.766570	0.773918	0.766570	0.764190	0.865988	SVM
13	77.744422	75.576169	0.761835	0.776145	0.761835	0.758501	0.869118	SVM
14	77.192873	77.740065	0.765598	0.779628	0.765598	0.762365	0.865972	SVM
15	0.032172	0.026092	0.936036	0.936184	0.936036	0.936015	0.977248	GNB
16	0.039324	0.025562	0.936157	0.936207	0.936157	0.936148	0.975835	GNB
17	0.038388	0.025525	0.943190	0.943246	0.943190	0.943177	0.979070	GNB
18	0.045607	0.028353	0.936150	0.936419	0.936150	0.936135	0.974479	GNB
19	0.039907	0.025818	0.938820	0.939169	0.938820	0.938802	0.975311	GNB
20	1.345669	0.022050	0.971963	0.971998	0.971963	0.971965	0.997714	XGB
21	1.343268	0.023041	0.969778	0.969778	0.969778	0.969778	0.997153	XGB
22	1.372753	0.022921	0.970503	0.970505	0.970503	0.970503	0.997364	XGB
23	1.381449	0.022986	0.969531	0.969591	0.969531	0.969530	0.997235	XGB
24	1.497697	0.023089	0.971838	0.971839	0.971838	0.971838	0.997338	XGB

2. Prediction with various ML methods

	mean fit time	Mean score time	subsample	min child weight	max depth	gamma	mean test score	rank
3	31.693327	0.178384	1	5	5	5	0.997601	1
2	44.645198	0.182681	0.8	5	5	1	0.997599	2
1	48.195881	0.172682	0.6	1	5	1.5	0.997578	3
4	41.771196	0.127859	0.8	1	4	1	0.997563	4
0	30.222138	0.094446	1	5	3	5	0.997336	5

Hyperparameter tuning on Xgboost model

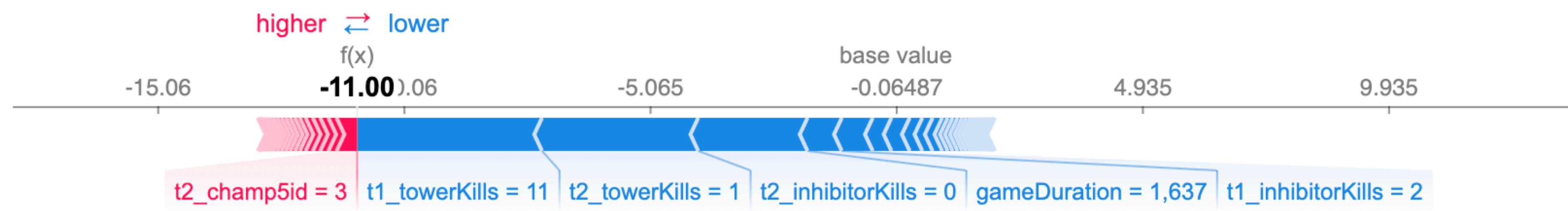
Best parameters:
subsample: 1.0, min_child_weight: 5,
max_depth: 5, gamma: 5, colsample_bytree: 0.6

Scoring metric : AUC

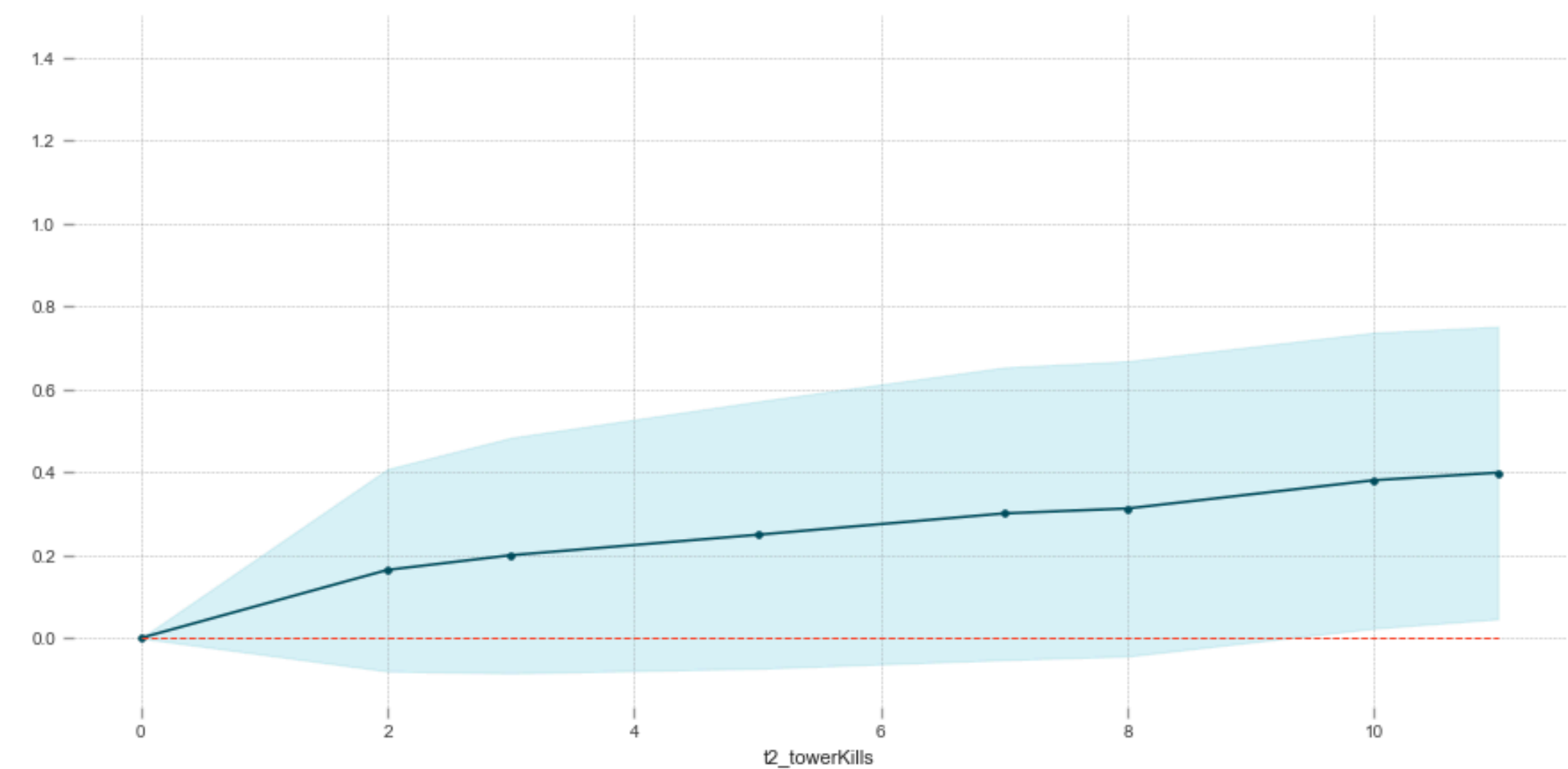
XGB with tuned parameters					
	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
team 1	0.97	0.97	0.97	5147	
team 2	0.97	0.97	0.97	5151	
accuracy			0.97	10298	
macro avg	0.97	0.97	0.97	10298	
weighted avg	0.97	0.97	0.97	10298	

3. Interpreting the model

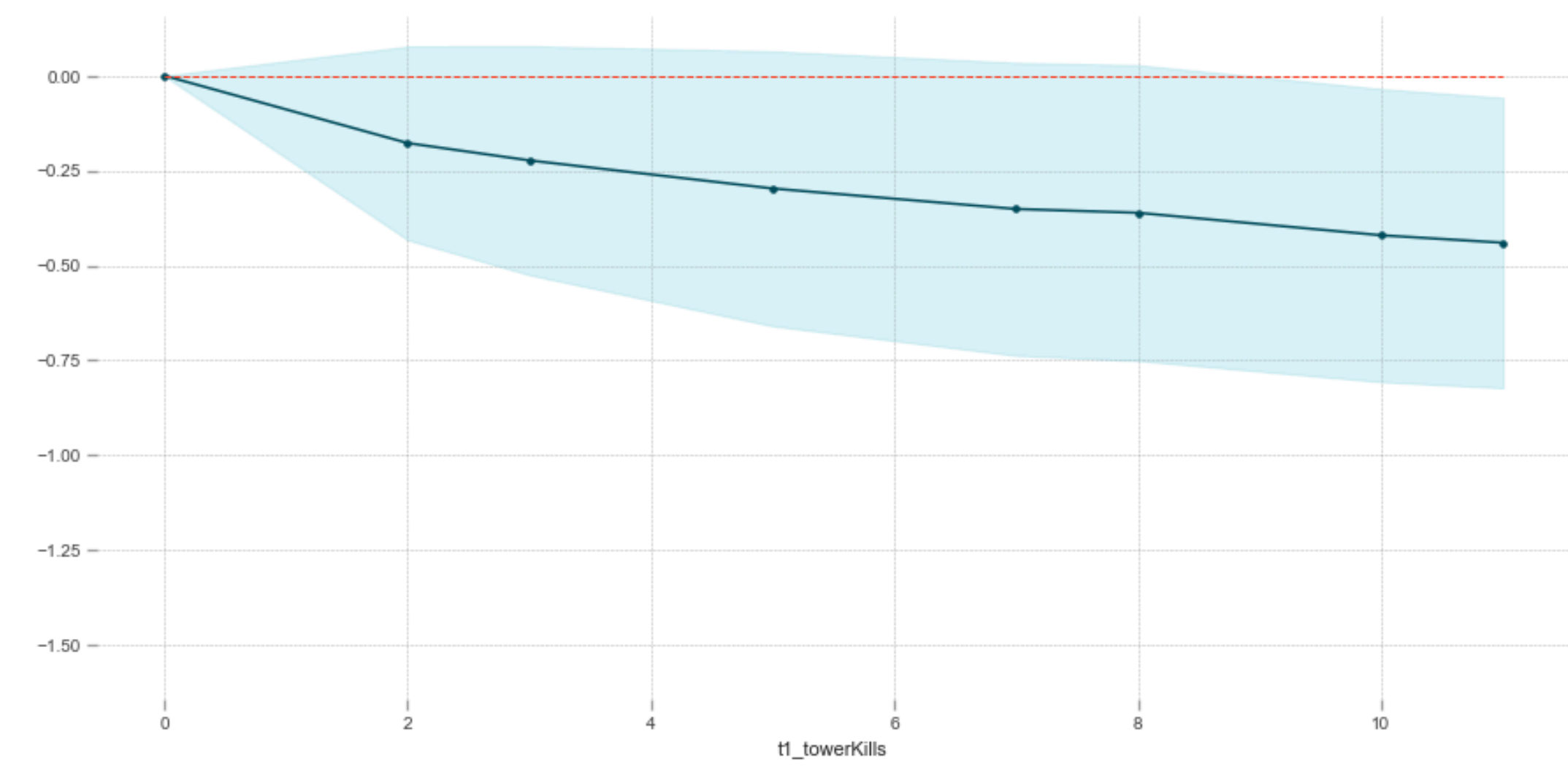
Shap values on XGB model :
Tower kills had the biggest impact on the model - data leakage?



PDP isolate plot for feature ‘Team 2 Tower kills’



PDP isolate plot for feature ‘Team 1 Tower kills’

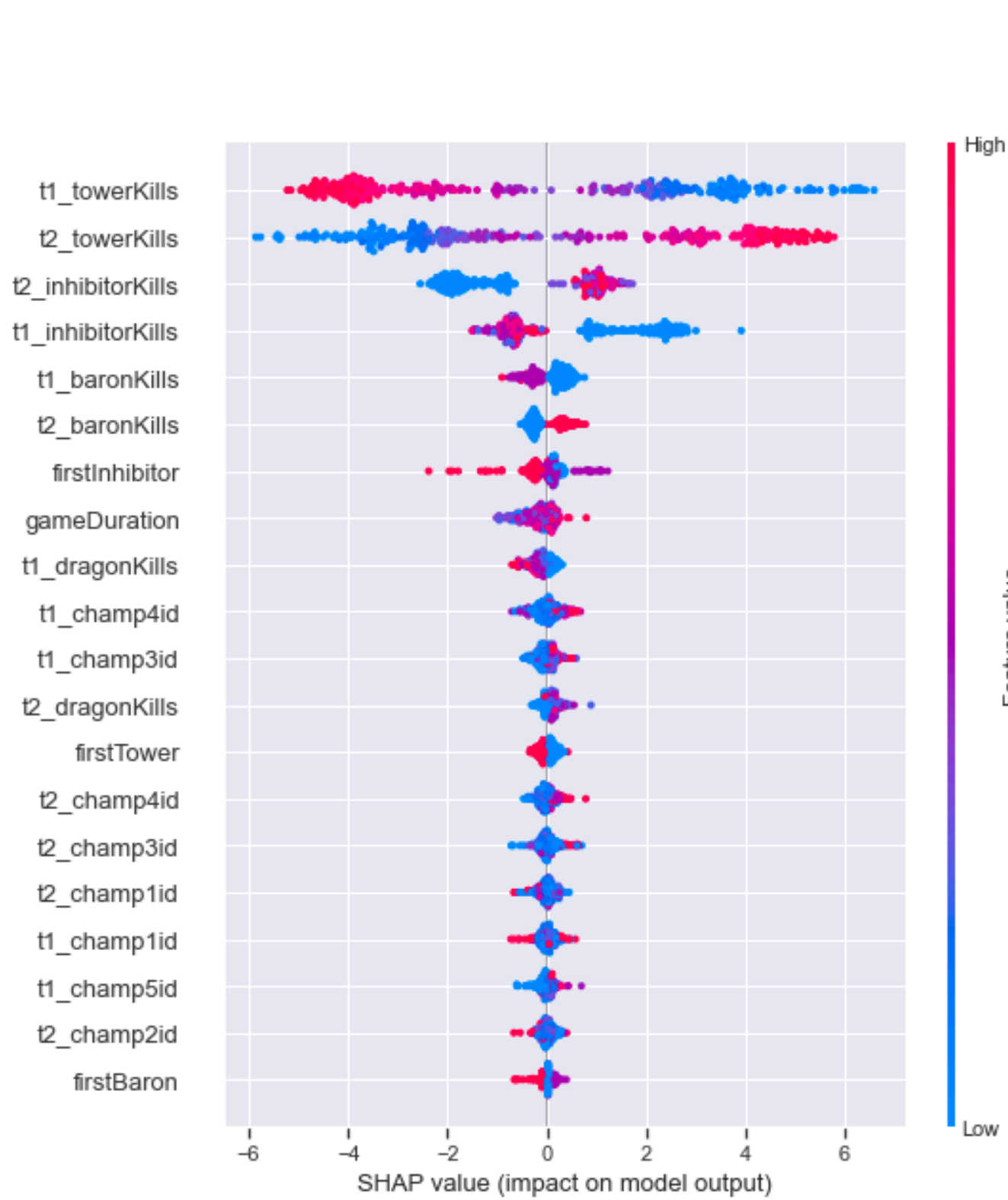


3. Interpreting the model

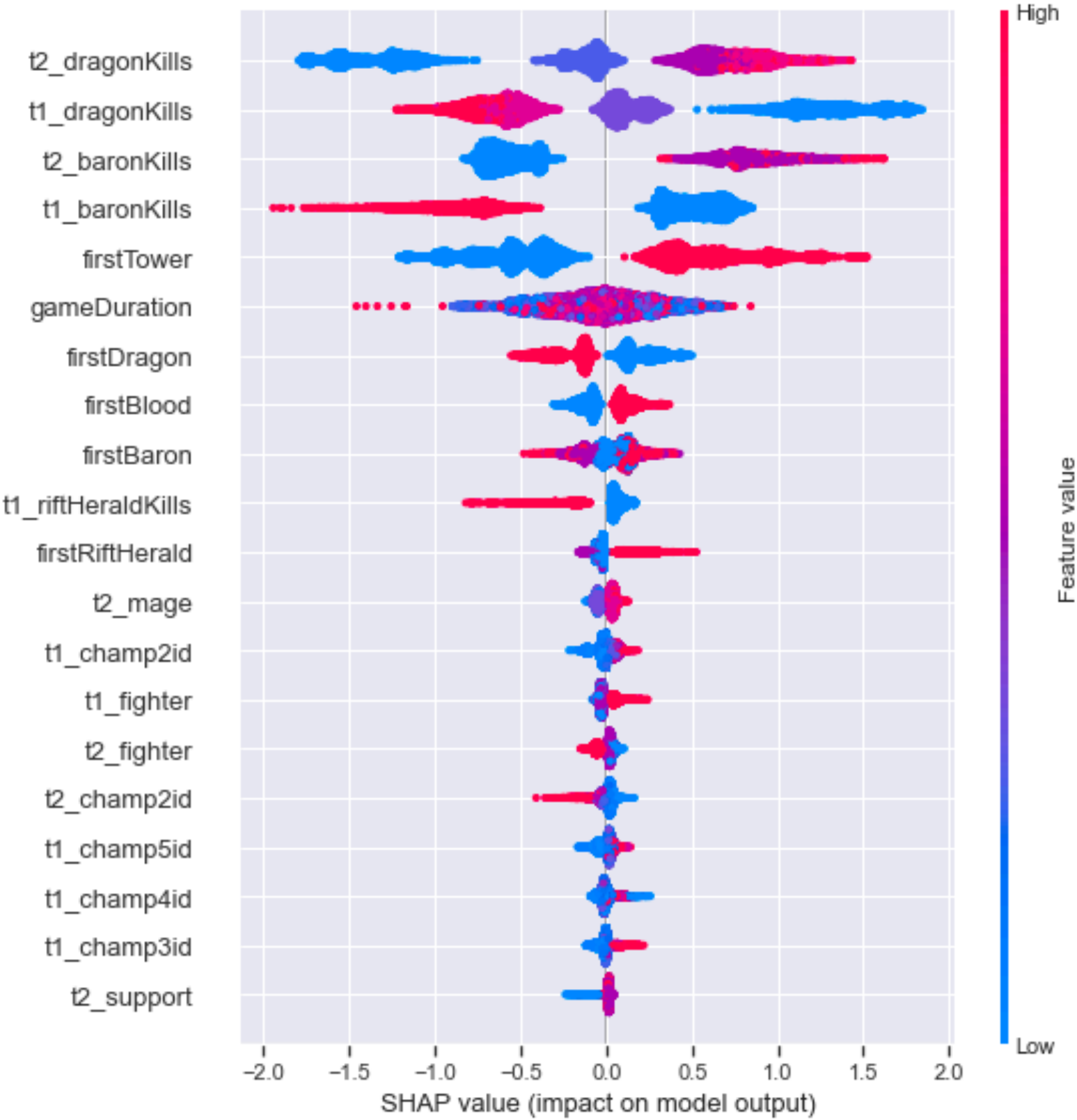
Dropped tower kills, inhibitor kills, and first inhibitor to prevent **data leakage**

XGB with tuned parameters				
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
team 1	0.86	0.86	0.86	5147
team 2	0.86	0.86	0.86	5151
accuracy			0.86	10298
macro avg	0.86	0.86	0.86	10298
weighted avg	0.86	0.86	0.86	10298

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
team 1	0.97	0.97	0.97	5147
team 2	0.97	0.97	0.97	5151
accuracy			0.97	10298
macro avg	0.97	0.97	0.97	10298
weighted avg	0.97	0.97	0.97	10298

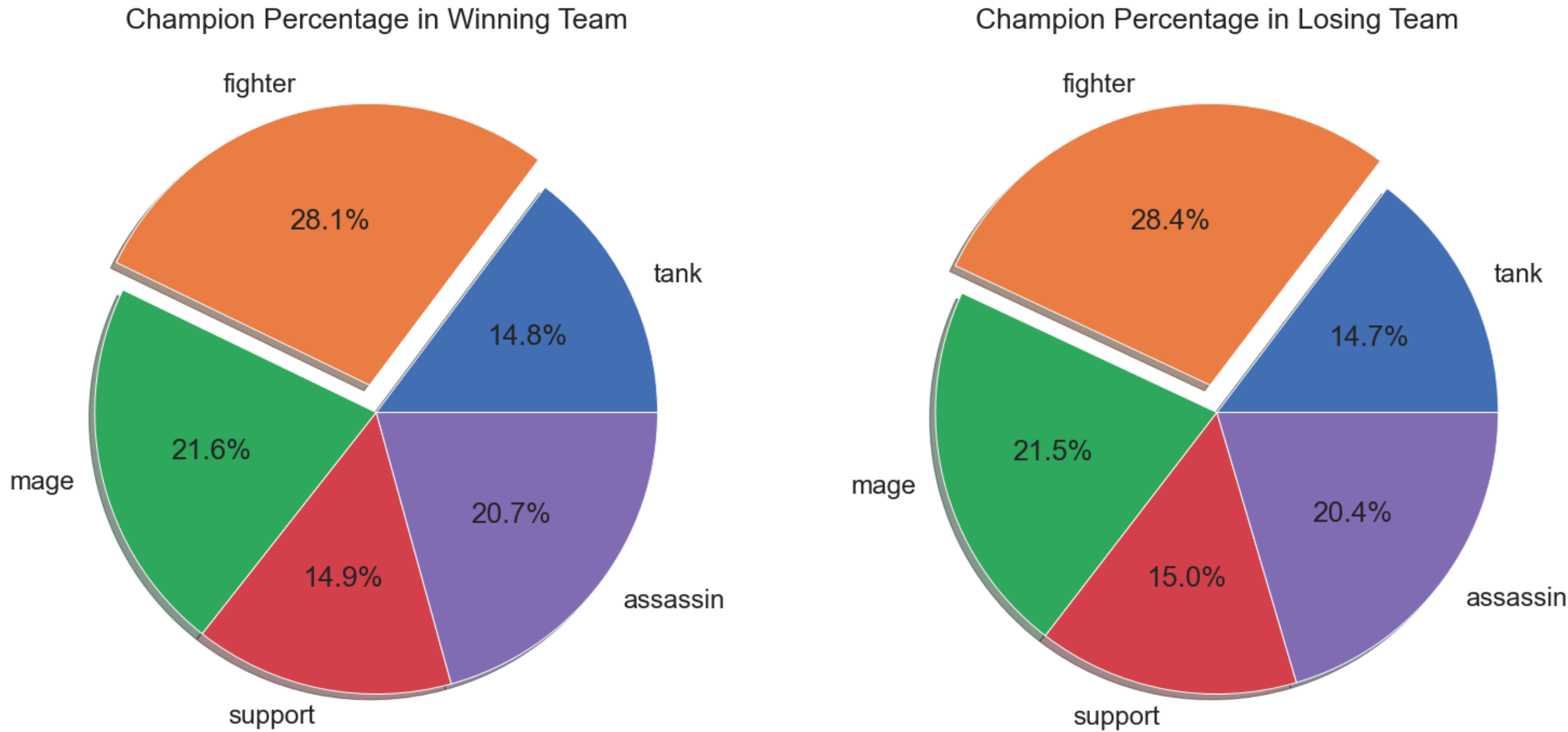


SHAP summary plot with data leakage



SHAP summary plot without data leakage

4. Analyzing champions of the winning team



Champion tags percentage in each team
(shows no significant difference)

```
t1_champs['combined'].value_counts()
```

[blitzcrank, kindred, kog'maw, renekton, tristana]	3
[dr. mundo, kayn, orianna, rakan, xayah]	3
[kha'zix, leona, lux, sivist, swain]	3
[kayn, lissandra, miss fortune, rek'sai, taric]	3
[jarvan iv, jinx, master yi, thresh, yorick]	3
..	
[ahri, jayce, jhin, lee sin, zyra]	1
[darius, jax, jinx, morgana, viktor]	1
[ashe, kha'zix, rakan, thresh, vayne]	1
[lulu, malphite, orianna, tryndamere, vayne]	1
[annie, janna, kindred, talon, tristana]	1

Name: combined, Length: 25803, dtype: int64

Frequent combinations from the Winning Team

```
t2_champs['combined'].value_counts()
```

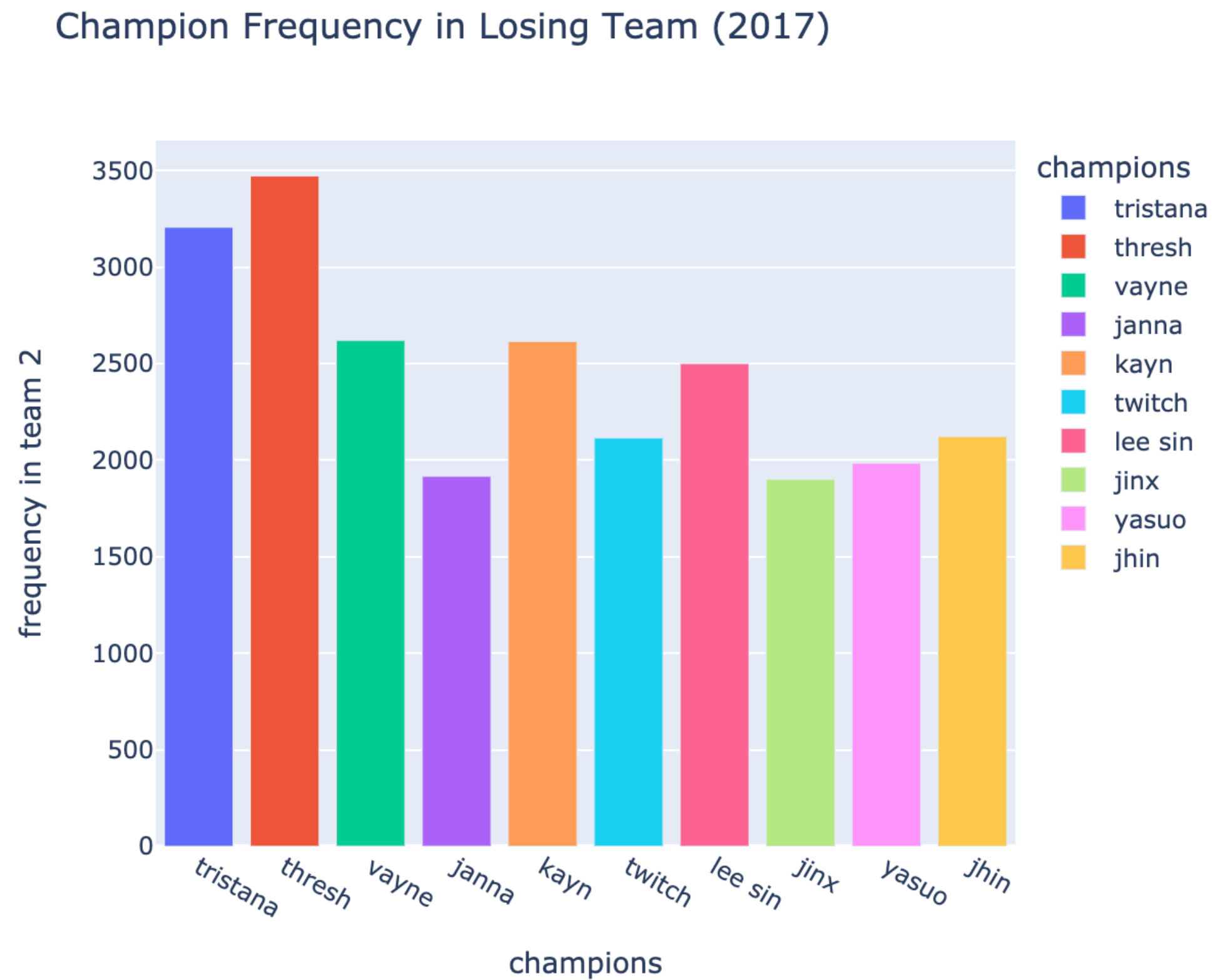
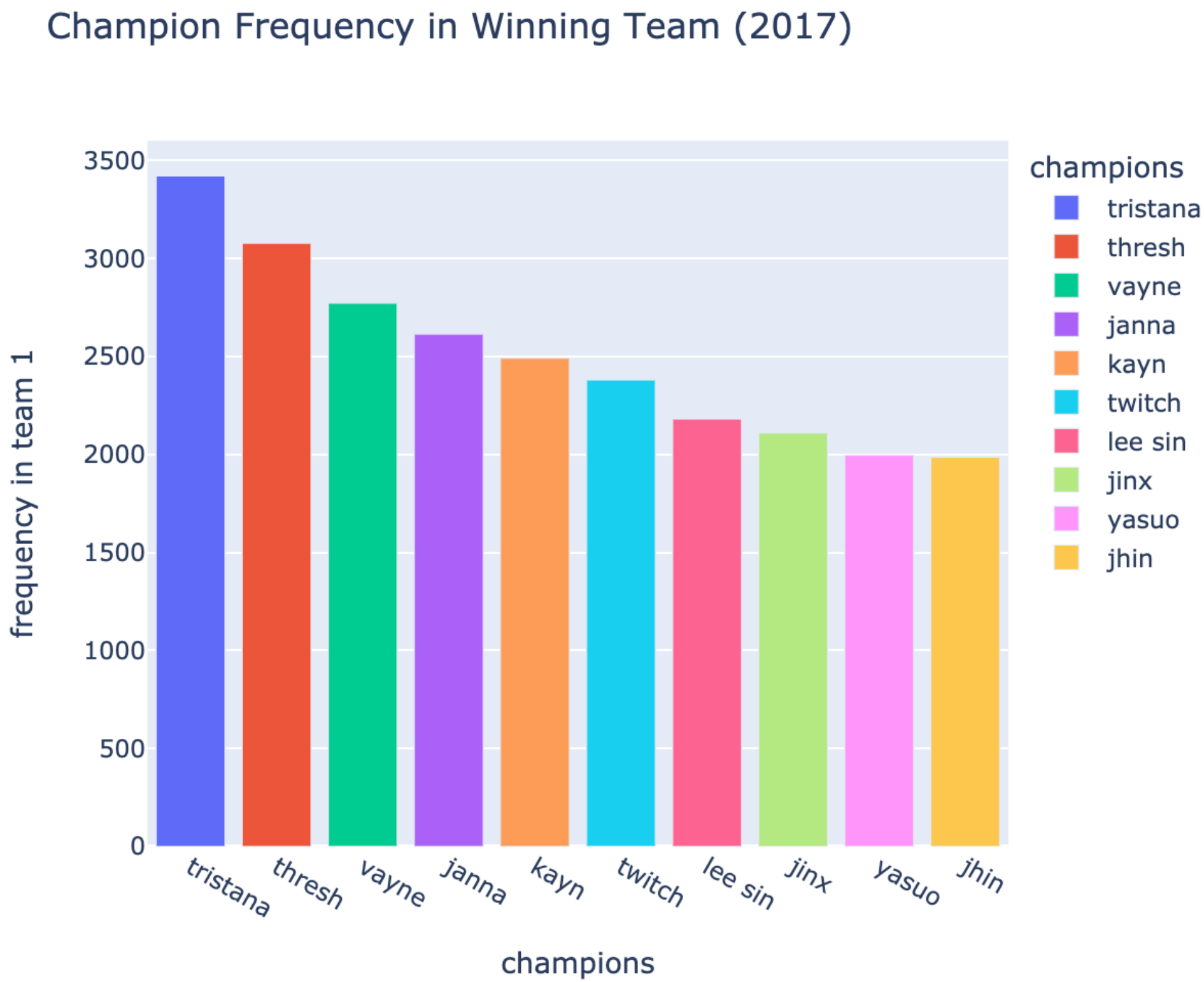
[lee sin, nami, swain, tristana, zed]	3
[jarvan iv, maokai, rakan, twisted fate, xayah]	3
[blitzcrank, jax, jhin, master yi, shaco]	3
[ezreal, lulu, orianna, thresh, twitch]	3
[diana, draven, janna, master yi, trundle]	3
..	
[ekko, rakan, rammus, tristana, yasuo]	1
[draven, evelynn, leblanc, maokai, zyra]	1
[blitzcrank, irelia, jarvan iv, syndra, varus]	1
[caitlyn, renekton, syndra, thresh, warwick]	1
[irelia, janna, jhin, malzahar, wukong]	1

Name: combined, Length: 25820, dtype: int64

Frequent combinations from the Losing Team

Champion Combinations frequency in each team
(no significant difference)

4. Analyzing champions of the winning team



Champion Frequency for the Top 10 Most played champion in each team (winning vs losing)

4. Conclusion

According to the previous data analysis,
We could observe following characteristics in League of Legends data (2017):

Tags

No significant difference observed in different tag types such as Mage, Fighter, Tank Support, etc.

Champions

- **Choosing Tristana (0.52%) over Thresh (0.47%) lead to higher winning possibility**
- **Selecting Janna lead to victory for over 2600 teams** (800 teams more than the losing teams, 58% chance of winning)
- **Selecting Lee Sin lead to defeat for 2500 teams** (Brought down the chance of winning to 0.46%)

Game Strategy

Sequene of importance in Game Strategy

1. Total dragon kills
2. Total baron kills
3. first tower
4. first dragon
5. first blood

4. Discussion

1. **Limitations in feature types** : Lack of data relevant to game strategy

- a. Champion position during the game (jungle, dragon, baron, mid, support)
- b. Champion's items, gold amount, Kill/Death/Support stat missing

2. **Lack of recent data** : 2017 (4 years ago)

- a. LoL is a fast-paced, competitive game that requires different strategies and champion performance.
- b. Viewing chronological data over different challenger tier players by region may be a more promising data analysis.