

## Lab: Threading

This lab is about Threading in Python.

For this lab you should create a function called `printer()` that takes a message and a maximum value to use for a period to sleep.

Within the function create a loop that iterates 10 times.

Within the loop

- generate a random number from 0 to the max period specified and then sleep for that period of time. You can use the `random.randint()` function for this.
- Once the sleep period has finished print out the message passed into the function.
- Then loop again until this has been repeated 10 times.

Now create five threads to run five invocations of the function you produced above and start all five threads.

Each thread should have a different `max_sleep` time.

An example program to run the `printer` function five times via a set of Threads is given below:

```
t1 = Thread(target=printer, args=('A', 10))
t2 = Thread(target=printer, args=('B', 5))
t3 = Thread(target=printer, args=('C', 15))
t4 = Thread(target=printer, args=('D', 7))
t5 = Thread(target=printer, args=('E', 2))

t1.start()
t2.start()
t3.start()
t4.start()
t5.start()
```

An example of the sort of output this could generate is given below:

BAEAEABEDAEAEBEDCECBEEEEADCDBBDABCADBBDABADCDCDCCCC

### Extension Point

Point 1: Create a timer to print out the message “--->” roughly after 5 seconds. You should be able to start the timer using the `start()` method and see how this interacts with the 5 threads you have created. This output might thus be:

```
DECBEA-->
DEBECDEBEEBAEDEEABDBCCDBADBBCDCBDADACAAACCCA
```

Point 2: Modify your code to print a message repeatedly after 5 seconds. For example:

EBE-->  
EBCDEAE-->  
DEDBEBBE-->  
DEACBBECD-->  
BBDDBA-->