

Taint Checker : Tracking the Taint Propagation on Binary Programs

Sangjun Park
in class IS661



Outline

Motivation

Problem

Idea and Challenges

Evaluation and observation

Conclusion

Importance of Visualization

- Observation is the beginning of all sciences

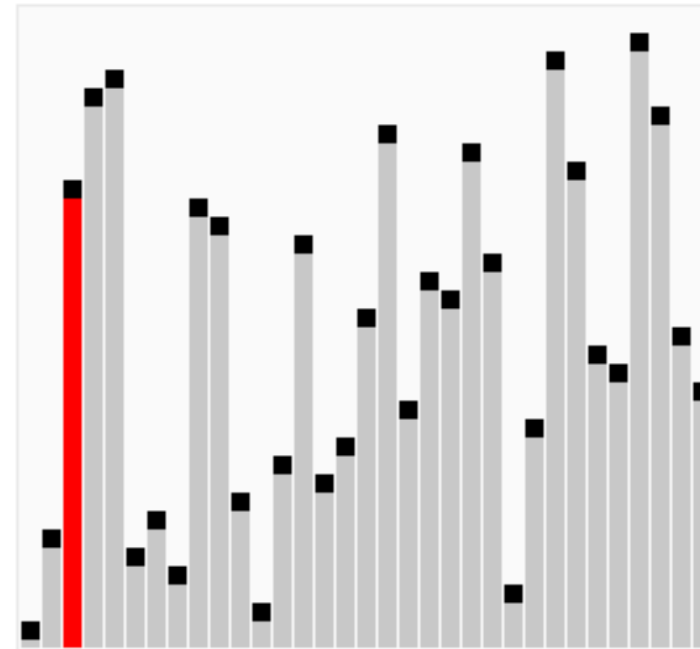


Importance of Visualization

- Observation is the beginning of all sciences
- Only when we observe the behavior of large and complicated software systems, we can understand how they work and discover new knowledge

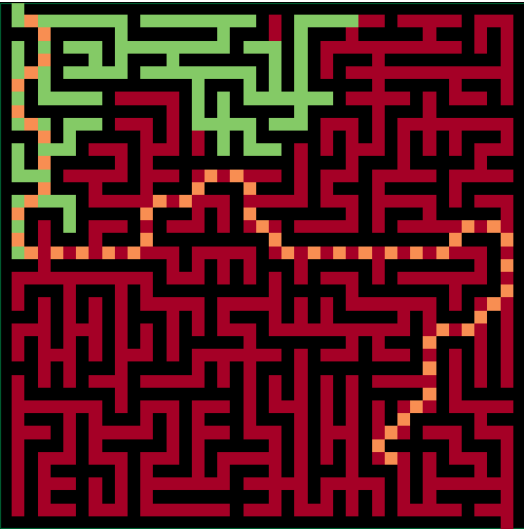


Observation



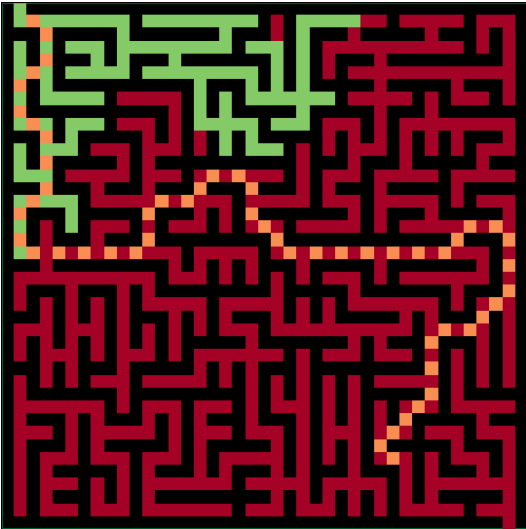
Bubble sort

Visualization Examples



Fuzzle: Haeun Lee et al., 2022

Visualization Examples

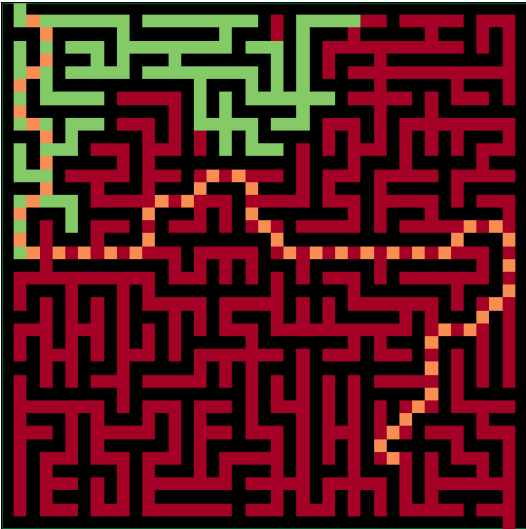


Fuzzler: Haeun Lee et al., 2022

```
637 : if (fstat (STDOUT_FILENO, &stat_buf) < 0)
638 0 : die (EXIT_FAILURE, errno, ("standard output"));
639 :
640 1 : outsize = io_blksize (stat_buf);
641 1 : out_dev = stat_buf.st_dev;
642 1 : out_ino = stat_buf.st_ino;
643 1 : out_isreg = S_ISREG (stat_buf.st_mode) != 0;
644 :
645 1 : if (! (number || show_ends || squeeze_blank))
646 0 : {
647 :     file_open_mode |= O_BINARY;
648 0 : if (O_BINARY && ! isatty (STDOUT_FILENO))
649 0 :     xfreopen (NULL, "wb", stdout);
650 : }
651 0 :
652 : /* Check if any of the input files are the same as the output file. */
653 :
654 : /* Main loop. */
655 0 :
656 1 : infile = "-.";
657 1 : argind = optind;
658 :
659 : do
660 : {
661 1 : if (argind < argc)
662 1 :     infile = argv[argind];
663 :
664 1 : if (!CTDFN (infile, "-."))
```

LCOV: Linux Test Project, 2001

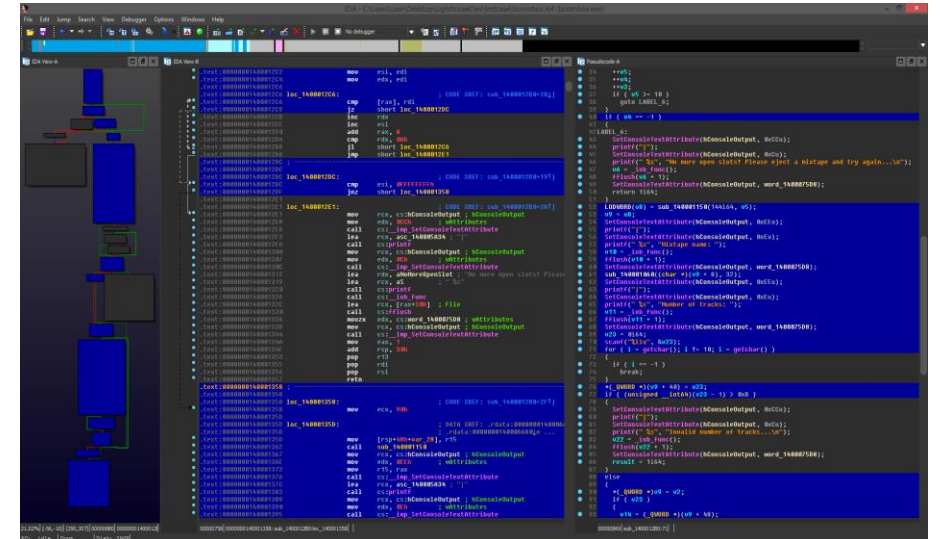
Visualization Examples



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LCOV: Linux Test Project, 2001



LightHouse: Markus Gaasedelen, 2017

Lack of Static Analysis Visualization

- Visualizations of code coverage based on fuzzers or code execution are abundant, but less in static analysis



Lack of Static Analysis Visualization

- Visualizations of code coverage based on fuzzers or code execution are abundant, but less in static analysis
- Visualization of static analysis is also important for understanding static analysis



Static Analysis

- Symbolic Execution
Qsym, Arbirter

Static Analysis

- Symbolic Execution
Qsym, Arbirter
- Taint analysis
SaTC, Karonte, Taint pipe, Code sonar

Static Analysis

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Qsym, Arbirter
- Taint analysis
SaTC, Karonte, Taint pipe, Code sonar
- Concolic Execution
Symsan

Static Analysis


- Symbolic Execution
Qsym, Arbirter

- Taint analysis
SaTC, Karonte, Taint pipe, Code sonar

- Concolic Execution
Symsan

Taint Analysis

- Tracking the data flow from source to sink
 - ✓ source : origin of data
 - ✓ sink : dangerous function



```
void ping(char *source){  
    char command[256];  
    sprintf(command, "ping %s", source);  
    system(command);  
}
```

Taint Analysis

- Tracking the data flow from source to sink
 - ✓ source : origin of data
 - ✓ sink : dangerous function



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    char command[256];  
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Taint Analysis

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Taint Analysis

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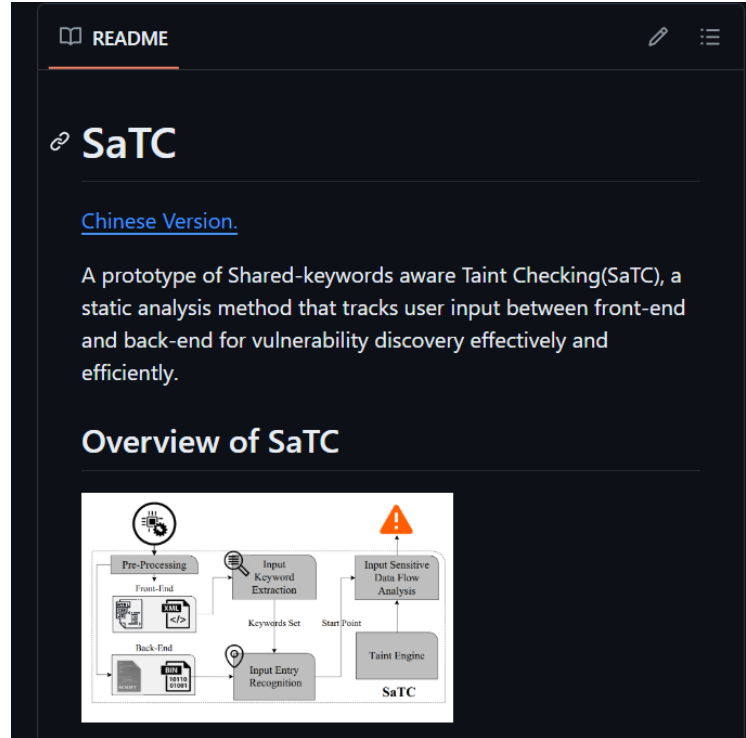
Taint Analysis

- Tracking the data flow from source to sink
 - ✓ source : origin of data
 - ✓ sink : dangerous function



Applying Taint Analysis

- Bug finding in firmware through taint analysis
 - SaTC



The poster features the USENIX logo at the top, which includes the text 'usenix THE ADVANCED COMPUTING SYSTEMS ASSOCIATION'. The title of the paper is 'Sharing More and Checking Less: Leveraging Common Input Keywords to Detect Bugs in Embedded Systems'. The authors listed are Libo Chen, Yanhao Wang, Qianpu Cai, Yunfan Zhan, Hong Hu, Jiaqi Linghu, Qingsheng Hou, Chao Zhang, Haixin Duan, and Zhi Xue, with their respective affiliations. The poster states that the paper is included in the Proceedings of the 30th USENIX Security Symposium, held from August 11-13, 2021, with the paper number 978-1-939133-24-3. It also mentions that the proceedings are open access and sponsored by USENIX. The background of the poster has a red and white wavy design with circuit-like patterns.

usenix
THE ADVANCED
COMPUTING SYSTEMS
ASSOCIATION

Sharing More and Checking Less: Leveraging Common Input Keywords to Detect Bugs in Embedded Systems

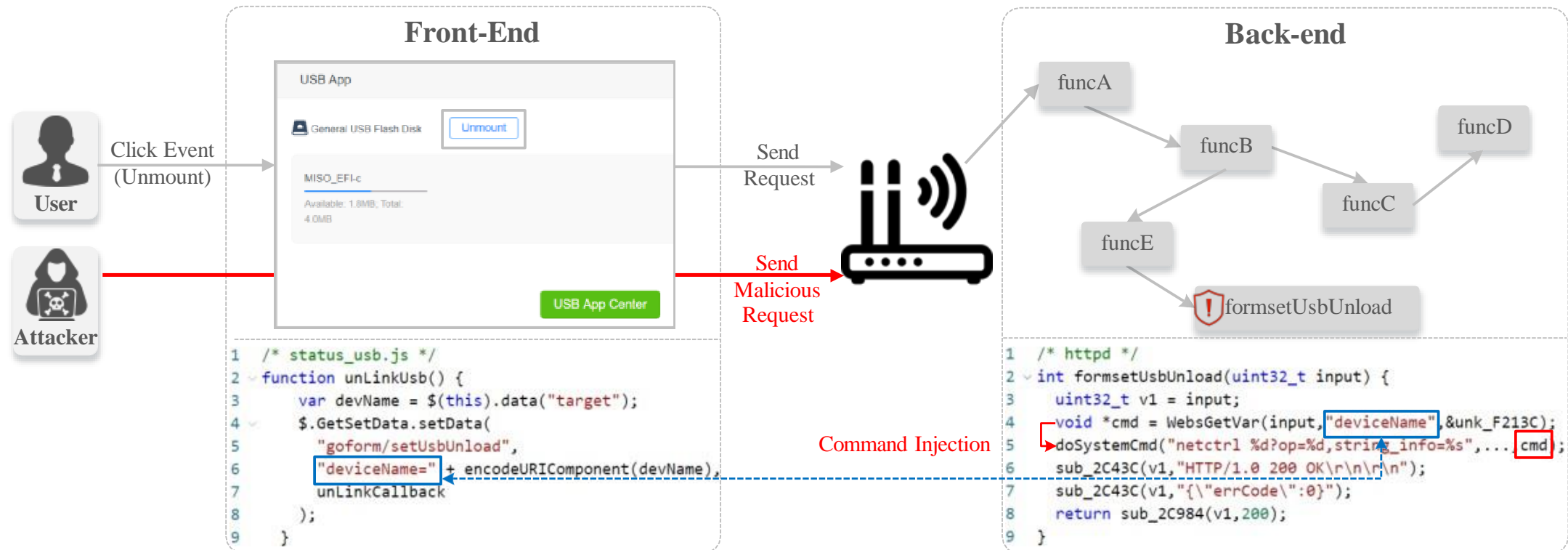
Libo Chen, School of Electronic Information and Electrical Engineering, Shanghai Jiao Tong University; Yanhao Wang, QI-ANXIN Technology Research Institute; Qianpu Cai and Yunfan Zhan, School of Electronic Information and Electrical Engineering, Shanghai Jiao Tong University; Hong Hu, Pennsylvania State University; Jiaqi Linghu, QI-ANXIN Technology Research Institute; Qingsheng Hou, QI-ANXIN Technology Research Institute; Shandong University; Chao Zhang and Haixin Duan, BNRist & Institute for Network Science and Cyberspace, Tsinghua University; Tsinghua University-QI-ANXIN Group JCNS; Zhi Xue, School of Electronic Information and Electrical Engineering, Shanghai Jiao Tong University

<https://www.usenix.org/conference/usenixsecurity21/presentation/chen-libo>

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Applying Taint Analysis



Malicious Request: `http://IP:Port/goform/setUsbUnload?deviceName=evalCMD`

Applying Taint Analysis

- Too much time consumption
- I thought there must have been some implementation overhead that caused this issue

Table 5: Compared with KARONTE on its dataset. For each vendor we report the device series, the number of firmware samples, the average analysis time (hour), the total number of alerts (#Alert) and the total number of true positives (#TP).

Vendor	Device Series	#Samples	KARONTE			SaTC		
			#Alerts	#TP	Time	#Alerts	#TP	Time
Netgear	R/XR/WNR	17	36	23	17:13 h	1,901	537	16:47 h
D-Link	DIR/DWR/DCS	9	24	15	14:09 h	32	22	1:57 h
TP-Link	TD/WA/WR/TX/KC	16	2	2	1:30 h	7	2	4:13 h
Tenda	AC/WH/FH	7	12	6	1:01 h	144	122	12:19 h
Total	-	49	74	46	33:57 h	2,084	683	35:16 h

**Try to visualize taint propagation and coverage
then observe it**

Visualization of Coverage

- Check which part of the code section taint engine has visited
- Display a heatmap showing which parts have been analyzed extensively.

```
v4 = atoi((const char *)size);
cfg->size = v4;
v5 = atoi((const char *)pro_ver);
cfg->pro_version = v5;
v6 = atoi((const char *)timeout);
cfg->timeout = v6;
if ( cmd_get_ping_output(cfg, res_buf, 4096) )
{
    printf("get result error! cmd=%s\n", (const char *)hostname);
    free(cfg);
}
else
{
    free(cfg);
    if ( strstr((const char *)res_buf, "ttl") )
    {
        sscanf((const char *)res_buf, "%[^]=%[^ ] %[^]=%[^ ] %[^]=%[^ ]", ttl, PingTime);
    }
    else
    {
        strcpy((char *)res_buf, "host is unreachable!");
        strcpy((char *)PingTime, "-1");
    }
    root = cJSON_CreateObject();
    String = cJSON_CreateString(hostname);
    cJSON_AddItemToObject(root, "ipAddr", String);
    v8 = cJSON_CreateString(ttl);
    cJSON_AddItemToObject(root, "timeToLive", v8);
    v9 = cJSON_CreateString(PingTime);
    cJSON_AddItemToObject(root, "pingtime", v9);
    out = cJSON_Print(root);
    cJSON_Delete(root);
    outputTakeWb(wp, out);
    if ( out )
        free(out);
}
}
else
{
    printf(
        "Error->%s: %s(%d)--malloc failed!\n",
        "/home/work/workspace/EROS_Maintain/prod/httpd/X3/cgi/system_management.c",
        "formSetNetCheckTools",
        1031);
}
```

Less Visited

Too Much Visited

Out of Analyzed Scope

000A1498 formSetNetCheckTools+36 (A9498) (Synchronized with TDA View-A Hex View-1)

Visualization of Coverage

- Visualizing where taint propagation occurred in the code
- Can assess the advantages and disadvantages of taint propagation rule

```
if ( cfg )  
{  
    memset(cfg, 0, sizeof(CMD_PING_CFG_STRU));  
    hostname = websGetVar(wp, "hostName", "192.168.10.1");  
    count = websGetVar(wp, "packageNum", "3");  
    size = websGetVar(wp, "packageSize", "56");  
    pro_ver = websGetVar(wp, "pro_ver", "4");  
    timeout = websGetVar(wp, "timeout", "1");  
    v3 = strlen((const char *)hostname);  
    strncpy((char *)cfg->hostname, (const char *)hostname, v3);  
    cfg->count = 1;  
    v4 = atoi((const char *)size);  
    cfg->size = v4;  
    v5 = atoi((const char *)pro_ver);  
    cfg->pro_version = v5;  
    v6 = atoi((const char *)timeout);  
    if ( cmd_get_ping_output(cfg, res_buf, 4096) )  
    {  
        printf("get result error! cmd=%s\n", (const char *)hostname);  
        free(cfg);  
    }  
}
```

```
UGW_RETURN_CODE_ENUM __cdecl cmd_get_ping_output(const CMD_PING_CFG_STRU *cfg, unsigned __int8 *output, int o_size)  
{  
    unsigned __int8 new_cmd_buf[256]; // [sp+20h] [bp-10Ch] BYREF  
    int read_len; // [sp+120h] [bp-Ch]  
    FILE *fp; // [sp+124h] [bp-8h]  
  
    fp = 0;  
    memset(new_cmd_buf, 0, sizeof(new_cmd_buf));  
    read_len = 0;  
    if ( !cfg )  
        return 1;  
    snprintf(  
        (char *)new_cmd_buf,  
        0x100u,  
        "ping %s -%d -c %d -s %d -W %d",  
        (const char *)cfg->hostname,  
        cfg->pro_version,  
        cfg->count,  
        cfg->size,  
        cfg->timeout);  
    fp = fopen((const char *)new_cmd_buf, "r");  
    if ( fp )  
    {  
        read_len = fread(output, 1u, o_size - 1, fp);  
        pclose(fp);  
        return 0;  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        printf("invalid cmd [%s]\n", (const char *)new_cmd_buf);  
        return 1;  
    }  
}
```

Demo Time

Challenges in Implementing Visualization

- C1: Matching the address with the corresponding pseudocode line
- C2: Identifying the argument and return value name in Decompiler
- C3: The differences in basic block boundary between angr and IDA
- C4: Analyzing the SaTC implement

C1: Matching the address with the corresponding pseudocode line

- Matching the address with the corresponding pseudocode line
- Using the “C item” that is an internal representation used by the decompiler to express each part of the analyzed code

```
loc_A96F8
SUB     R3, R11, #-(res_buf+0x18)
SUB     R3, R3, #0xC
SUB     R3, R3, #0xC
SUB     R2, R11, #-ttl
SUB     R12, R11, #-PingTime
MOV     R0, R3 ; s
LDR     R3, =(asc_EAED8 - 0xA971C) ; \"%*[^\"]=%*[^\"] %*[^\"]=%^[^ ] %*[^\"]=%^[^ ]\"
ADD     R3, PC, R3 ; \"%*[^\"]=%*[^\"] %*[^\"]=%^[^ ] %*[^\"]=%^[^ ]\"
MOV     R1, R3 ; format
MOV     R3, R12
BL      sscanf

56     free(cfg);
57     }
58     else
59     {
60         free(cfg);
61         if ( strstr((const char *)res_buf, "ttl") )
62             sscanf((const char *)res_buf, \"%*[^\"]=%*[^\"] %*[^\"]=%^[^ ] %*[^\"]=%^[^ ]\", ttl, PingTime);
63         }
64     }
65     else
66     {
67         strcpy((char *)res_buf, "host is unreachable!");
68         strcpy((char *)PingTime, "-1");
69     }
```

C2: Identifying the argument and return value name in Decompiler

- IDA Decompiler API doesn't support identify the function's argument name
- Finding names traversing the Abstract Syntax Tree (AST)



```
hostname = websGetVar(wp, "hostName", "192.168.10.1");  
  
return value name : hostname  
arg1 : wp  
arg2 : "hostName"  
arg3 : "192.168.10.1"
```

C3: The differences in Basic Block boundary between angr and IDA

- Taint Log cannot match the basic block correctly
- Logging the **CALL/JMP** instruction address instead of **MOV** instruction (example)

Paint
incorrectly

```
v3 = strlen(hostname);
LDR    R3, [R11,#cfg]
ADD    R4, R3, #0x10
LDR    R0, [R11,#hostname] ; s
strncpy(cfg->hostname, hostname, v3);
MOV    R3, R0
MOV    R0, R4 ; dest
LDR    R1, [R11,#hostname] ; src
MOV    R2, R3 ; n
BL     strncpy
```

Angr Basic Block Boundary

```
v3 = strlen(hostname);
LDR    R3, [R11,#cfg]
ADD    R4, R3, #0x10
LDR    R0, [R11,#hostname] ; s
BL     strlen
MOV    R3, R0
strncpy(cfg->hostname, hostname, v3);
MOV    R0, R4 ; dest
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IDA Basic Block Boundary

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LDR      R1, [R11,#hostname] ; src
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```

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MOV      R0, R4 ; dest
LDR      R1, [R11,#hostname] ; src
MOV      R2, R3 ; n
BL       strncpy
```

IDA Basic Block Boundary

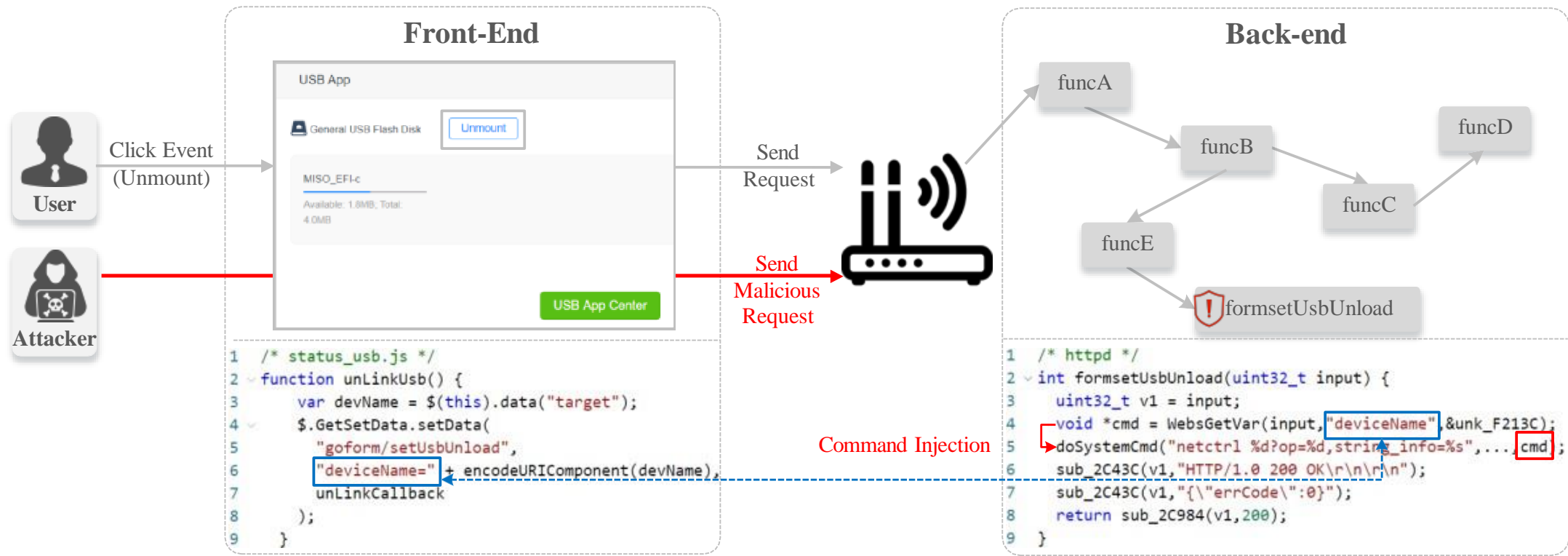
C4: Analyzing the SaTC implement

- SaTC implemented based on the Angr
- I am familiar with angr, and it took some time, but it wasn't bad
- As I told you, the interesting thing is Under Constrained Symbolic Execution that allows analysis starting from a desired point



Under Constrained Symbolic Execution

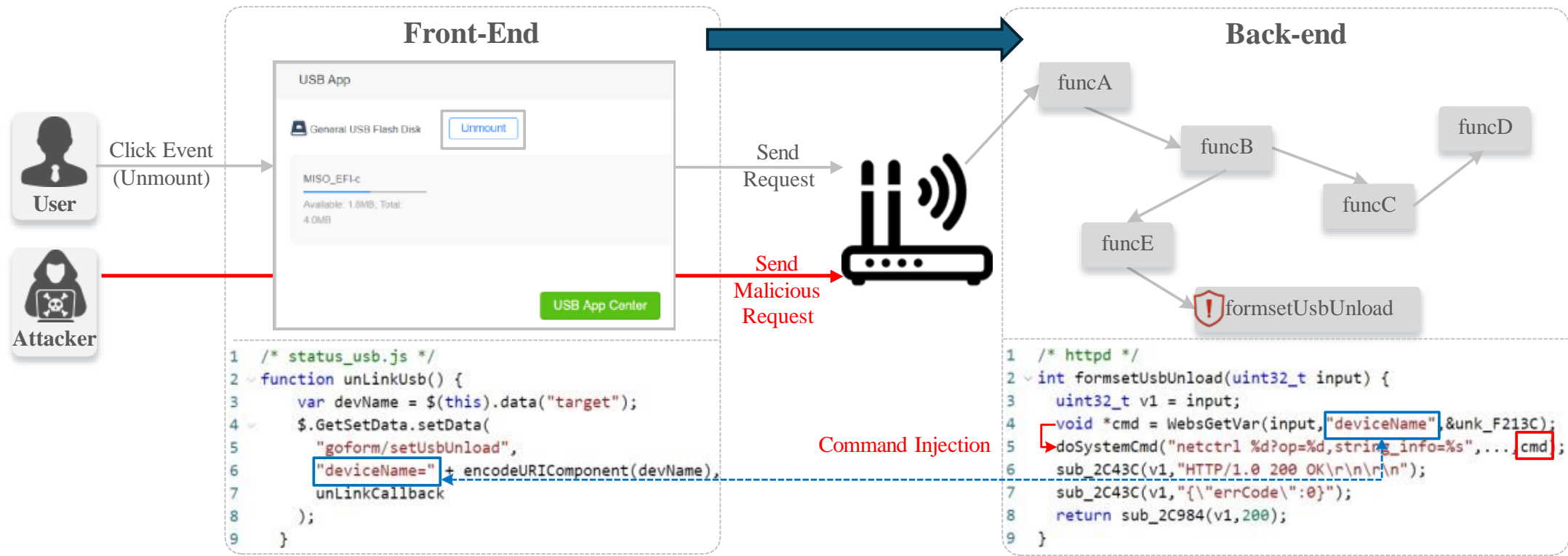
- UCSE(Under Constrained Symbolic Execution) allows analysis starting from a desired point



Malicious Request: `http://IP:Port/goform/setUsbUnload?deviceName=evalCMD`

Under Constrained Symbolic Execution

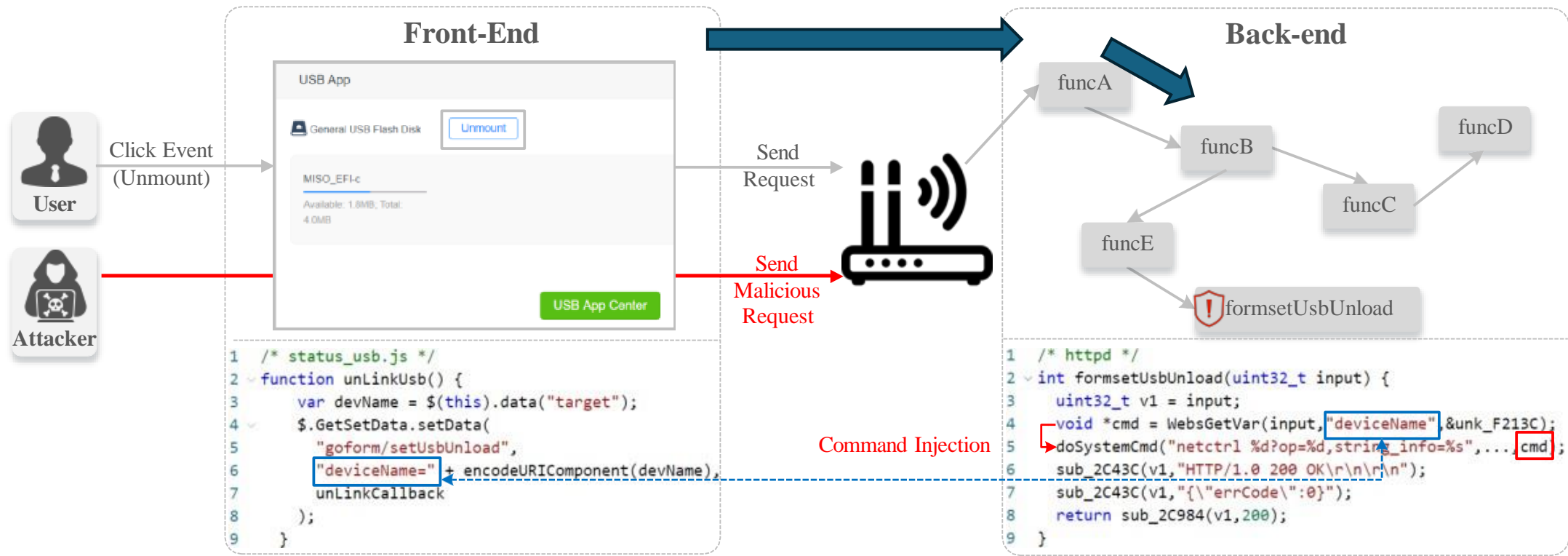
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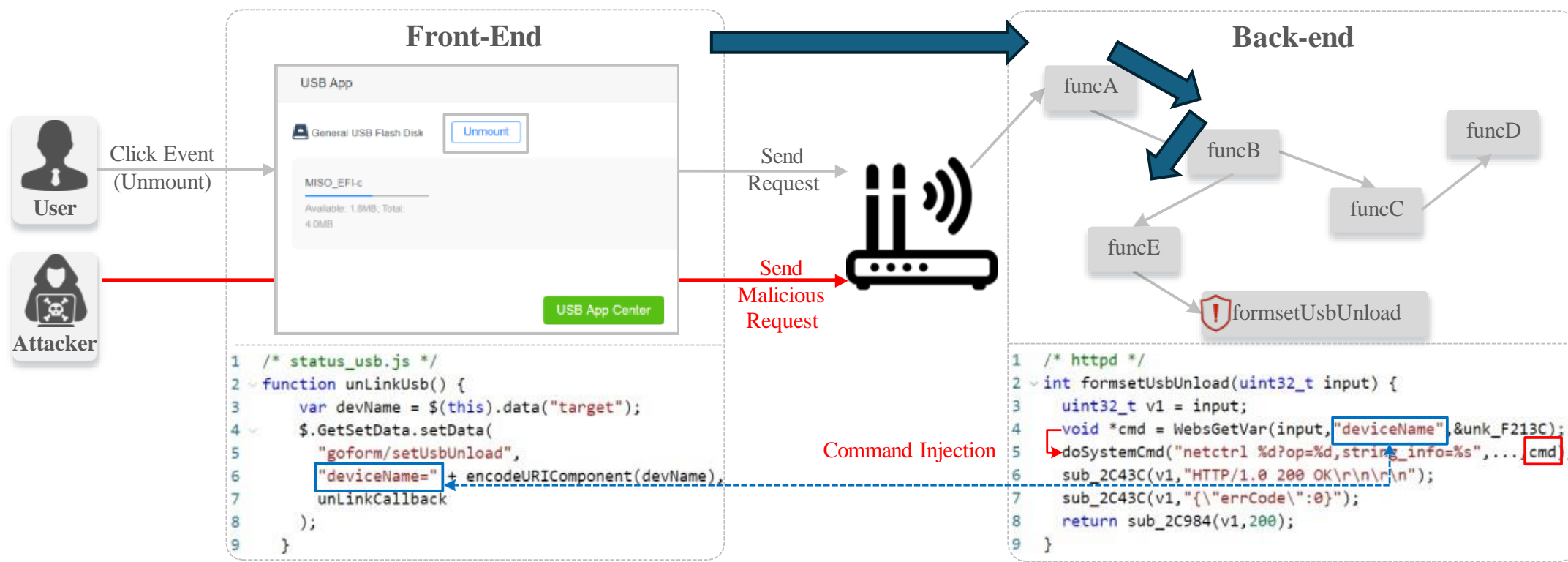
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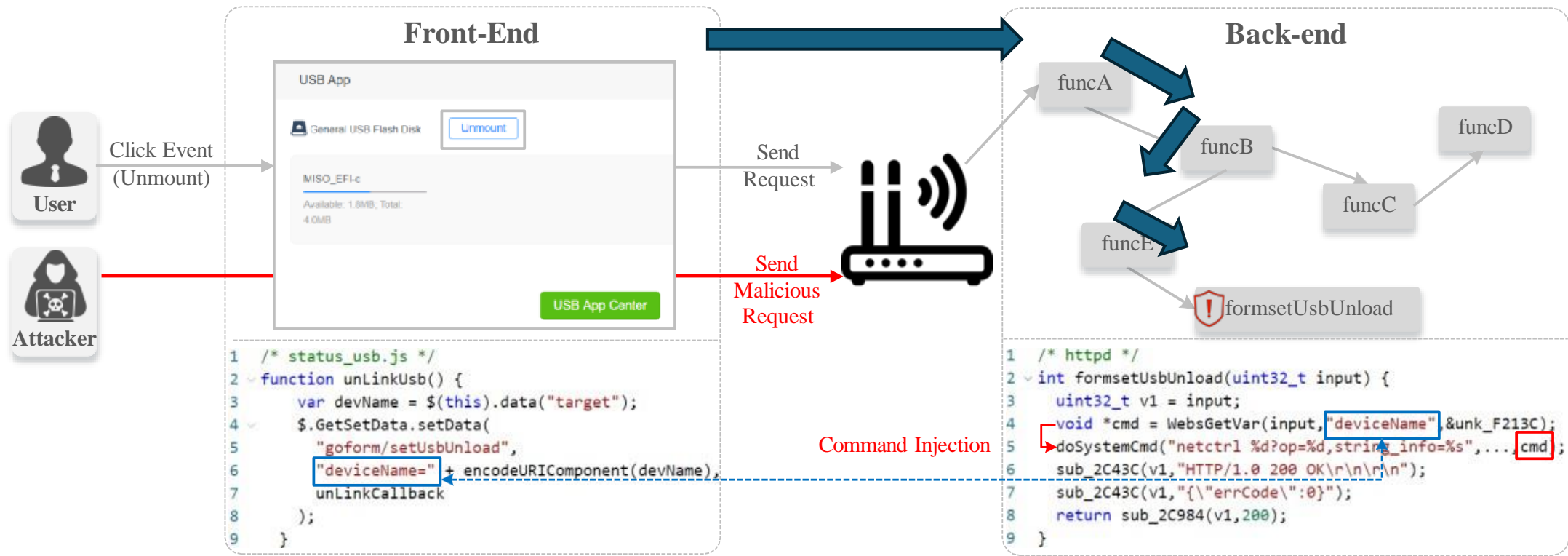
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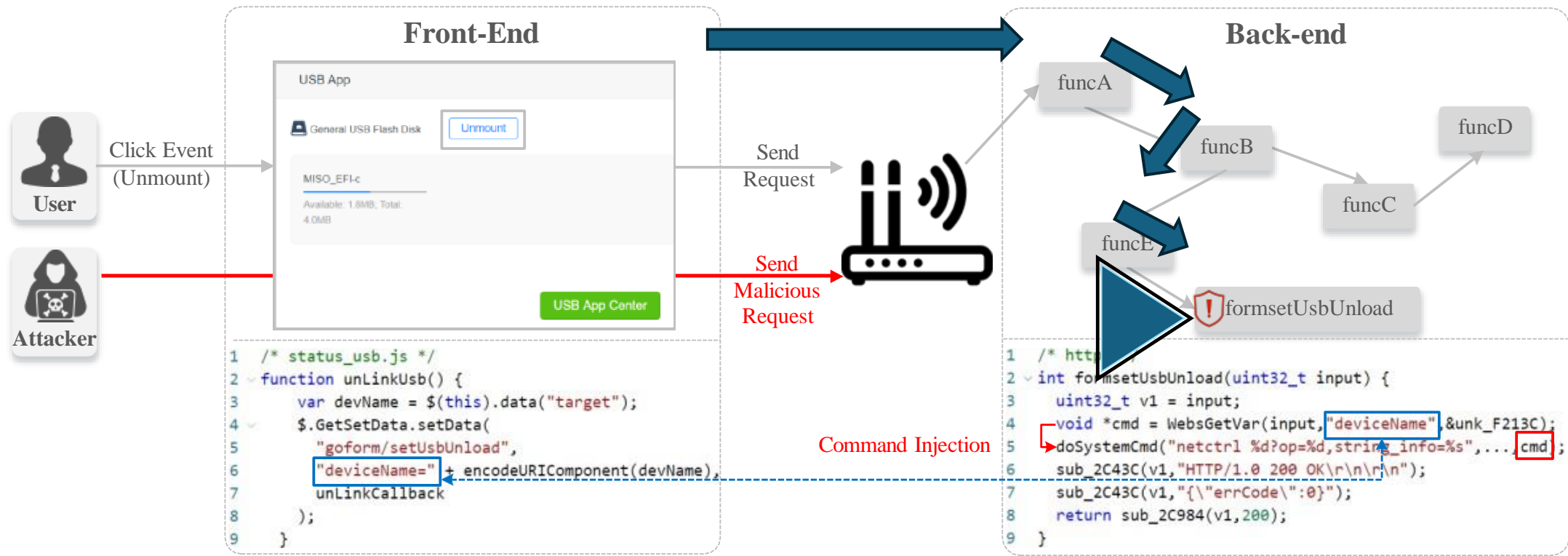
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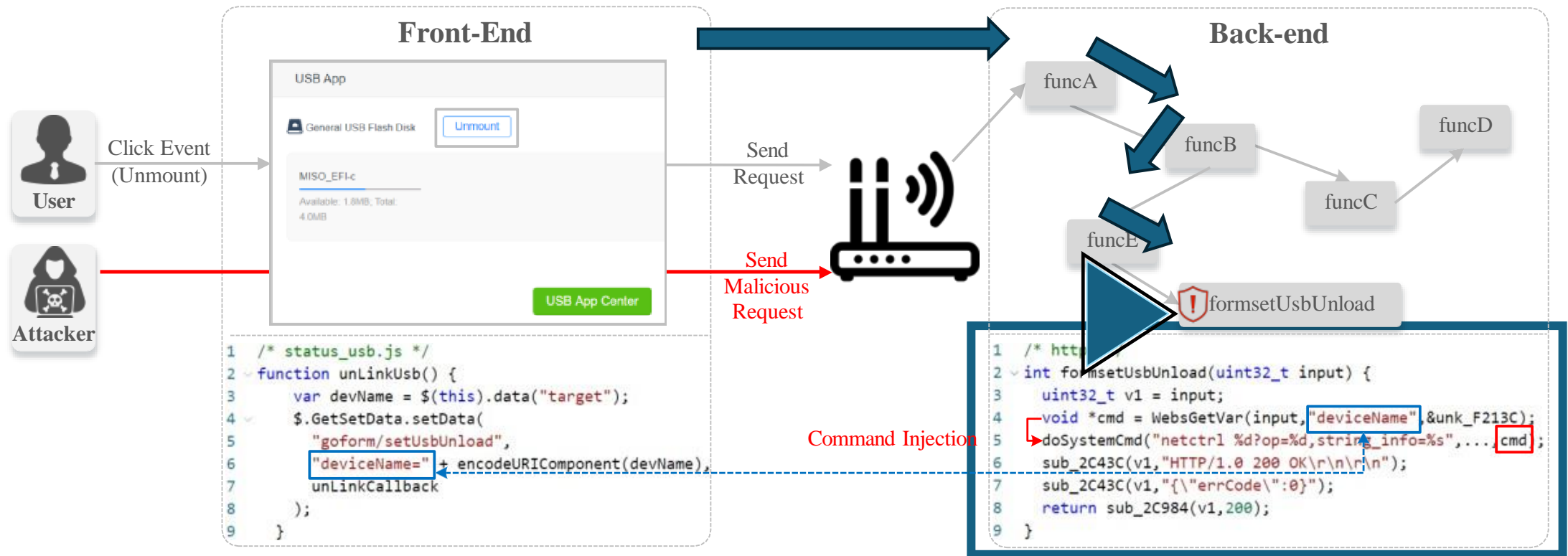
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Under Constrained Symbolic Execution

- UCSE(Under Constrained Symbolic Execution) allows analysis starting from a desired point



Malicious Request: `http://IP:Port/goform/setUsbUnload?deviceName=evalCMD`

Evaluation and Observation

- TaintChecker tested on SaTC dataset
- It was tested on 38 firmware filesystems from 5 different vendors.
- Among them, I introduce some interesting case

Evaluation and Observation

- SaTC cannot detect some CMDI

```
15 GetValue((int)"wl.guest.dhcpd_ifname", (int)sMibValue);
16 snprintf((char *)sWifiGuestIfName, 0x10u, "%s", (const char *)sMibValue);
17 sMibValue[0] = 0;
18 GetValue((int)"wans.flag", (int)sMibValue);
19 iWanNum = atoi((const char *)sMibValue);
20 for ( iIndex = 0; iIndex /*signed*/< iWanNum; ++iIndex )
21 {
22     getWanIfName(iIndex + 1, sWanIfName);
23     if ( !ifaddrs_get_ifip(sWanIfName, sMibValue) )
24     {
25         deleteWifiGuestNatRule(iIndex + 1);
26         if ( enable == 1 )
27             addWifiGuestNatRule(iIndex + 1, sWanIfName, sWifiGuestIfName); // There is are cmdi using "sWifiGuestIfName".
28                                     // Concrete Value is from "sMibValue"
29     }
30 }
31 }
```

Evaluation and Observation

- SaTC cannot detect some CMDI

Source of Command Injection Bugs

```
15 GetValue((int)"wl.guest.dhcpd_ifname", (int)sMibValue);
16 snprintf((char*)sWifiGuestIfName, 0x100, "%s", (const char *)sMibValue);
17 sMibValue[0] = 0;
18 GetValue((int)"wans.flag", (int)sMibValue);
19 iWanNum = atoi((const char *)sMibValue);
20 for ( iIndex = 0; iIndex /*signed*/< iWanNum; ++iIndex )
21 {
22     getWanIfName(iIndex + 1, sWanIfName);
23     if ( !ifaddrs_get_ifip(sWanIfName, sMibValue) )
24     {
25         deleteWifiGuestNatRule(iIndex + 1);
26         if ( enable == 1 )
27             addWifiGuestNatRule(iIndex + 1, sWanIfName, sWifiGuestIfName); // There is are cmdi using "sWifiGuestIfName".
28                                     // Concrete Value is from "sMibValue"
29     }
30 }
31 }
```

Evaluation and Observation

- SaTC cannot detect some CMDI

Source of Command Injection Bugs

```
15 GetValue((int)"wl.guest.dhcpd_iface", (int)sMibValue);
16 snprintf((char*)sWifiGuestIfName, 0x100, "%s", (const char *)sMibValue);
17 sMibValue[0] = 0;
18 GetValue((int)"wans.flag", (int)sMibValue);
19 iWanNum = atoi((const char *)sMibValue);
20 for ( iIndex = 0; iIndex /*signed*/< iWanNum; ++iIndex )
21 {
22     getWanIfName(iIndex + 1, sWanIfName);
23     if ( !ifaddrs_get_ifip(sWanIfName, sMibValue) )
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25         deleteWifiGuestNatRule(iIndex + 1);
26         if ( enable == 1 )
27         addWifiGuestNatRule(iIndex + 1, sWanIfName, sWifiGuestIfName); // There is are cmdi using "sWifiGuestIfName".
28                                     // Concrete Value is from "sMibValue"
29     }
30 }
31 }
```

Comman Injection Bugs in this function

Evaluation and Observation

- SaTC cannot detect some CMDI

Source of Command Injection Bugs

SaTC cannot locate this source correctly

Evaluation and Observation

- It performs analysis even on parts that are not tainted.
- Do not require dataflow tracking, wasting time on unnecessary sections

```
Pseudocode-A
30 networkTool = websGetVar(wp, "networkTool", "1");
31 NetType = atoi((const char *)networkTool);
32 if ( NetType == 1 )
33 {
34     cfg = 0;
35     cfg = (CMD_PING_CFG_STRU *)malloc(0x50u);
36     if ( cfg )
37     {
38         memset(cfg, 0, sizeof(CMD_PING_CFG_STRU));
39         hostname = websGetVar(wp, "hostName", "192.168.10.1");
40         count = websGetVar(wp, "packageNum", "3");
41         size = websGetVar(wp, "packageSize", "56");
42         pro_ver = websGetVar(wp, "pro_ver", "4");
43         timeout = websGetVar(wp, "timeout", "1");
44         v3 = strlen((const char *)hostname);
45         strncpy((char *)cfg->hostname, (const char *)hostname, v3);
46         cfg->count = 1;
47         v4 = atoi((const char *)size);
48         cfg->size = v4;
49         v5 = atoi((const char *)pro_ver);
50         cfg->pro_version = v5;
51         v6 = atoi((const char *)timeout);
52         cfg->timeout = v6;
53         if ( cmd_get_ping_output(cfg, res_buf, 4096) )
54         {
55             printf("get result error! cmd=%s\n", (const char *)hostname);
56             free(cfg);
57         }
58         else
59         {
60             free(cfg);
61             if ( strstr((const char *)res_buf, "ttl") )
62             {
63                 sscanf((const char *)res_buf, "%[^]=%[^ ] %[^]=%[^ ] %[^]=%[^ ]", ttl, PingTime);
64             }
65             else
66             {
67                 strcpy((char *)res_buf, "host is unreachable!");
68                 strcpy((char *)PingTime, "-1");
69             }
70             root = cJSON_CreateObject();
71             String = cJSON_CreateString(hostname);
72             cJSON_AddItemToObject(root, "hostname", String);
73             v8 = cJSON_CreateString(ttl);
74             cJSON_AddItemToObject(root, "timeToLive", v8);
75             v9 = cJSON_CreateString(PingTime);
76             cJSON_AddItemToObject(root, "pingTime", v9);
77             out = cJSON_Print(root);
78             cJSON_Delete(root);
79             outputJSON(wp, out);
80             if ( out )
81                 free(out);
82         }
83     }
84     else
85     {
86         printf(
87             "Error->%s: %s(%d)--malloc failed!\n",
88             "/home/work/workspace/EROS_Maintain/prod/httpd/X3/cgi/system_management.c",
89             "formSetNetCheckTools",
90             1031);
91     }
}
```

Evaluation and Observation

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This is interesting field

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Evaluation and Observation

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This is not interesting field, but spending much time

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90             1031);
91     }
}
```


Evaluation and Observation

- It performs analysis even on parts that are not tainted.
- Do not require dataflow tracking, wasting time on unnecessary sections

```
v1 = "0";
nptr = v1;
v12 = (char *)sub_2BA8C(a1, "list", &unk_F3538);
v11 = (char *)sub_2BA8C(a1, "vlanId", &unk_F3538);
v10 = (char *)sub_2BA8C(a1, "iptvType", &unk_F3538);
GetValue("adv.iptv.stballvlans", s);
GetValue("adv.iptv.stbpvid", s2);
GetValue("iptv.city.vlan", v7);
GetValue("iptv.stb.enable", v6);
if ( strcmp(s1, v6) || strcmp(v12, s) || strcmp(v11, s2) || strcmp(v10, v7) )
    v15 = 1;
if ( atoi(nptr) == 1 || atoi(s1) == 1 )
{
    SetValue("iptv.enable", "1");
    doSystemCmd("nvram set iptv.enable=1");
}
else
{
    SetValue("iptv.enable", "0");
    doSystemCmd("nvram set iptv.enable=0");
}
SetValue("iptv.city.vlan", v10);
if ( atoi(nptr) == 1 )
{
    sub_AFEDC();
    sprintf(v5, "op=%d", 1);
}
else
{
    sub_AFF18();
    sprintf(v5, "op=%d", 2);
}
if ( atoi(s1) == 1 )
    sub_AFF54(v12, v11, v10);
else
    sub_B0140(v12, v11, v10);
doSystemCmd("nvram commit");
v2 = printf("[he debug]:%s,%d--nvram commit ok!\n", "formSetIptv", 193);
if ( CommitCmd(v2) )
    send_msg_to_netctrl(26, v5);
else
    v16 = 1;
sub_2C40C(
    a1,
    "HTTP/1.1 200 OK\nContent-type: text/plain; charset=utf-8\nPragma: no-cache\nCache-Control: no-cache\n\n");
sub_2C40C(a1, "{ \"errorCode\":%d}", v16);
result = sub_2C954(a1, 200);
if ( v15 )
    return tpj_systool_handle(0);
return result;
}
```

Evaluation and Observation

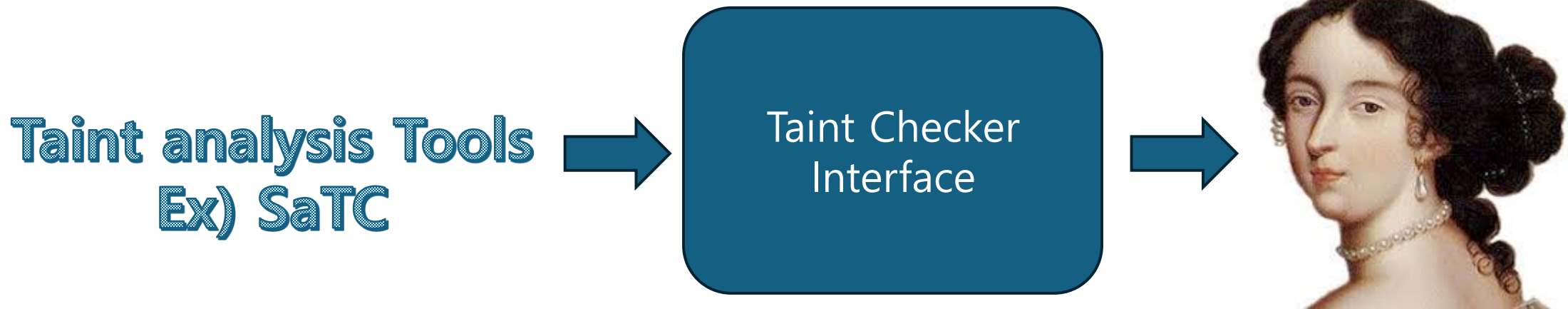
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Cannot Visit this Block

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if ( strcmp(s1, v6) || strcmp(v12, s) || strcmp(v11, s2) || strcmp(v10, v7) )
    v15 = 1;
if ( atoi(nptr) == 1 || atoi(s1) == 1 )
{
    SetValue("iptv.enable", "1");
    doSystemCmd("nvram set iptv.enable=1");
}
else
{
    SetValue("iptv.enable", "0");
    doSystemCmd("nvram set iptv.enable=0");
}
SetValue("iptv.city.vlan", v10);
if ( atoi(nptr) == 1 )
{
    sub_AFEDC();
    sprintf(v5, "op=%d", 1);
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sub_2C40C(a1, "{ \"errorCode\":%d}", v16);
result = sub_2C954(a1, 200);
if ( v15 )
    return tpj_systool_handle(0);
return result;
}
```

Evaluation and Observation

- Taint Checker offer visualization interface
- You can easily apply it for other taint analysis tools



Conclusion

- I propose TaintChecker, a novel approach to visualize taint analysis on Decompiler
- Using novel approach, I found the inefficiency and limitation of SaTC
- TaintChecker can offer visualization interface to you. Then you can understand the taint analysis more deeply

Prototype code

<https://github.com/5angjun/TaintChecker>

Thank you

Questions?

Email: sangjuns@kaist.ac.kr