Write-Up

There is a difference between the values printed by the child & parent processes compared to the thread of child and parent.

In Q1_Part1: using fork()

Parent and child Process contain their own variables in their own address spaces. Its mechanism is not to share a memory space. The child process and the parent process work separately and cannot touch the process—variables of or each other of another method. Hence, the child process has its own value of the global variable of x and is decrementing its own copy of the global variable. Same for the parent process. Both the child and the parent process are working on their own value of the global variable x.

In Q1_Part2: using pthread_create()

Thread has a distinctive structure and shares its memory space. Thus, threads partially copy all the data of the parent and work on the same variable x, like that of the parent thread. The child and parent thread production Run together and increase from 10 to 100 for the 1st and then decrease the same value of x to a negative ninety. Threads share the same memory and may impact some threads' variables. As both the parent and child thread are accessing the same value of the global variable x and are both running concurrently, any of the threads change the value of x at any time until its operation is complete. This can be clearly observed here in the output.