Union-find algorithms Sample code

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March 2, 2006

```
/* Returns a node that is in the same set as x. The same node
 st will be returned for any x in the same set.
 */
\mathbf{int} \hspace{0.2cm} \operatorname{find} \hspace{0.2cm} (\hspace{0.2cm} \mathbf{int} \hspace{0.2cm} x \hspace{0.2cm})
    // identify the root
    int root = x;
    while (parent[root] >= 0) root = parent[root];
    // path compression
    while (x != root)
         int old = x;
         x = parent[x];
         parent[old] = root;
    return root;
}
/* Combines the sets that x and y occupy. Returns true on
 st success, or false if x and y are already in the same set.
 */
bool merge(int x, int y)
    // identify roots
    x = find(x);
    y = find(y);
    // check for no-op
    if (x == y) return false;
    // make sure that x is the larger set. parent[x] is the
    // negated size of the set containing x.
    if (parent[x] > parent[y]) swap(x, y);
    // update the size of x
    parent[x] += parent[y];
    // place y under x
    parent[y] = x;
    return true;
}
```