Group Report

"College Event Website"

COP4710-0001 SPRING 2025

Group #89

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Project Description

The College Event Website is designed to address the challenges and inefficiencies in how university events are currently managed and accessed. Most universities maintain an events calendar that lists only officially recognized events, often omitting student-organized activities and RSO events. There is also no unified method for students to track or interact with events relevant to their interests or affiliations in real time.

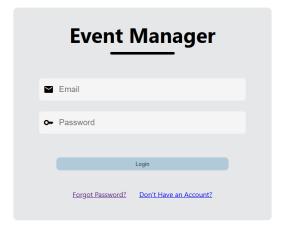
Our web-based application offers a centralized, interactive platform where students, RSOs, and university administrators can create, manage, and engage with campus events. The system supports three user levels:

- Super Admins can create and manage university profiles.
- Admins are affiliated with RSOs and can host events.
- Students can view and interact with events relevant to their university or RSOs.

The project was developed using Javascript and SQL.

GUI

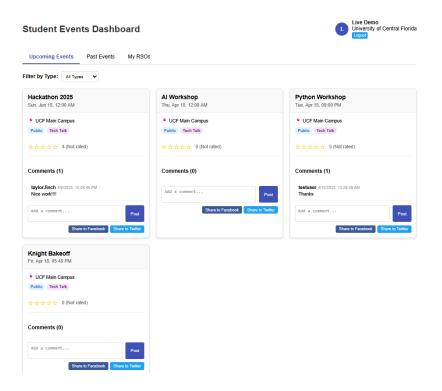
Log In



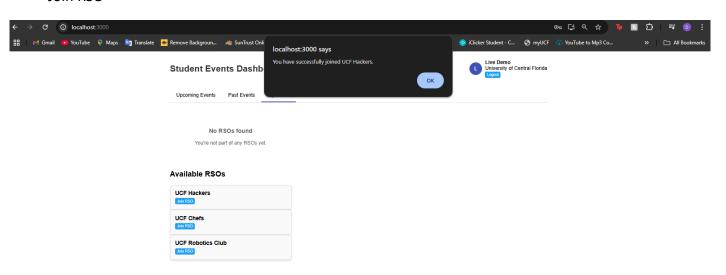
Sign Up



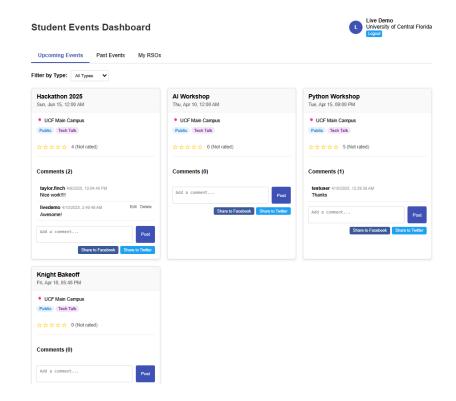
View Events Page



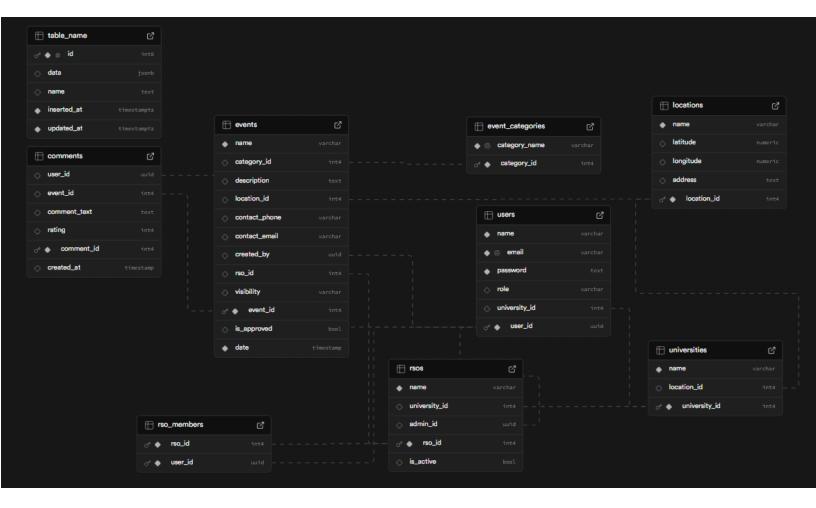
Join RSO



View/Create Comment(s)



ER-Model



Relational Data Model Script

```
-- Locations Table
CREATE TABLE locations (
  location_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  latitude DECIMAL(9,6),
  longitude DECIMAL(9,6),
  address TEXT
);
-- Universities Table
CREATE TABLE universities (
  university_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  location id INT REFERENCES locations (location id) ON DELETE SET NULL
);
-- Users Table
CREATE TABLE users (
  user_id UUID DEFAULT gen_random_uuid() PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  email VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
  password TEXT NOT NULL,
  role VARCHAR(50) CHECK (role IN ('student', 'admin', 'super_admin')),
```

```
university id INT REFERENCES universities (university id) ON DELETE SET NULL
);
-- RSOs Table
CREATE TABLE rsos (
  rso_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  university id INT REFERENCES universities (university id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  admin_id UUID REFERENCES users(user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  is active BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE
);
-- RSO Members Table (Many-to-Many Users <-> RSOs)
CREATE TABLE rso_members (
  rso_id INT REFERENCES rsos(rso_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  user_id UUID REFERENCES users(user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  PRIMARY KEY (rso id, user id)
);
-- Event Categories Table
CREATE TABLE event_categories (
  category_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  category_name VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL
);
-- Events Table
```

```
CREATE TABLE events (
  event id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  category id INT REFERENCES event categories (category id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  description TEXT,
  date DATE NOT NULL,
  time TIME NOT NULL,
  location id INT REFERENCES locations(location id) ON DELETE SET NULL,
  contact_phone VARCHAR(20),
  contact email VARCHAR(255),
  created by UUID REFERENCES users (user id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  rso_id INT REFERENCES rsos(rso_id) ON DELETE SET NULL,
  visibility VARCHAR(50) CHECK (visibility IN ('public', 'private', 'rso')),
  is approved BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE
);
-- Comments & Ratings Table
CREATE TABLE comments (
  comment id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  user id UUID REFERENCES users(user id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  event id INT REFERENCES events(event id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  comment_text TEXT,
  rating INT CHECK (rating BETWEEN 1 AND 5),
  created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT now()
);
```

SQL Examples/Results

Examples:

```
INSERT INTO locations (name, latitude, longitude, address) VALUES
 ('UCF Main Campus', 28.6024, -81.2001, '4000 Central Florida Blvd, Orlando, FL 32816'), ('MIT Campus', 42.3601, -71.0942, '77 Massachusetts Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139'), ('Stanford University', 37.4275, -122.1697, '450 Serra Mall, Stanford, CA 94305');
 INSERT INTO universities (name, location_id) VALUES
 ('University of Central Florida', 1),
('Massachusetts Institute of Technology', 2),
 ('Stanford University', 3);
 INSERT INTO users (name, email, password, role, university_id) VALUES
INSERT INTO users (name, email, password, role, university_id) VALUS

('Alice Johnson', 'alice@knights.ucf.edu', 'hashed_password_1', 'student', 1),

('Bob Smith', 'bob@mit.edu', 'hashed_password_2', 'student', 2),

('Charlie Brown', 'charlie@stanford.edu', 'hashed_password_3', 'student', 3),

('David Admin', 'admin@knights.ucf.edu', 'hashed_password_4', 'admin', 1),

('Eve Admin', 'admin@mit.edu', 'hashed_password_5', 'admin', 2),

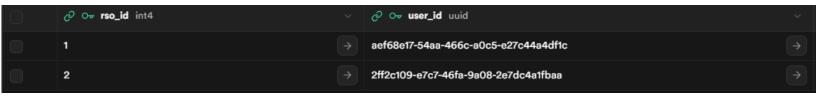
('Super Admin', 'superadmin@supabase.com', 'hashed_password_6', 'super_admin', NULL);
 INSERT INTO rsos (name, university_id, admin_id, is_active) VALUES
 ('UCF Hackers', 1, (SELECT user_id FROM users WHERE email='admin@knights.ucf.edu'), TRUE),
('MIT AI Club', 2, (SELECT user_id FROM users WHERE email='admin@mit.edu'), TRUE);
INSERT INTO rso_members (rso_id, user_id) VALUES
 ((SELECT rso_id FROM rsos WHERE name='MIT AI Club'), (SELECT user_id FROM users WHERE email='alice@knights.ucf.edu')),
((SELECT rso_id FROM rsos WHERE name='MIT AI Club'), (SELECT user_id FROM users WHERE email='bbb@mit.edu'));
 INSERT INTO event_categories (category_name) VALUES
 ('Social'),
('Sports');
 INSERT INTO events (name, category_id, date, time, location_id, contact_email, created_by, rso_id, visibility, is_approved) VALUES
 ('AI Workshop', 1, '2025-04-10', '18:00:00', 1, 'contact@ucf.edu', (SELECT user_id FROM users WHERE email='admin@knights.ucf.edu'), NULL, 'public', TRUE),
('Hackathon 2025', 1, '2025-06-15', '09:00:00', 1, 'hack@ucf.edu', (SELECT user_id FROM users WHERE email='admin@knights.ucf.edu'), (SELECT rso_id FROM rsos WHERE name='UCF Hackers'), 'rso', TRUE),
('MIT Fundraising Gala', 2, '2025-07-22', '19:30:00', 2, 'fundraising@mit.edu', (SELECT user_id FROM users WHERE email='admin@mit.edu'), NULL, 'private', TRUE);
 INSERT INTO comments (user_id, event_id, comment_text, rating, created_at) VALUES
 ((SELECT user_id FROM users WHERE email='alice@knights.ucf.edu'), (SELECT event_id FROM events WHERE name='AI Workshop'), 'Excited for this event!', 5, NOM()), ((SELECT user_id FROM users WHERE email='bob@mit.edu'), (SELECT event_id FROM events WHERE name='MIT Fundraising Gala'), 'Looks like a great initiative!', 4, NOW()), ((SELECT user_id FROM users WHERE email='charlie@stanford.edu'), (SELECT event_id FROM events WHERE name='Hackathon 2025'), 'Card't wait to participate!', 5, NOW());
```

Results:

Insert a new RSO:



Join RSO:



Create Event:

ow event_id int4 ∨	name varchar v	category_id int4	~	description text ~	date timestamp ~	@ location i	~	contact_pho varc v	contact_email varchar v	created_by uuid	~	∂ rso_id int4 ∨	visibility varchar ~	is_approved bool ~
	Al Workshop				2025-04-10 00:00:00				contact@ucf.edu	c8b18951-cdc4-46c9-840c-9e28a697616a			public	TRUE
	Hackathon 2025				2025-06-15 00:00:00				hack@ucf.edu	c8b18951-cdc4-46c9-840c-9e28a697616a			rso	TRUE
	MIT Fundraising Gala				2025-04-09 01:09:48			NULL	fundraising@mit.edu	f73daa7b-6d2c-4fbc-ad27-e374abf1b286			private	TRUE

Create Comment:



Display Event for user:

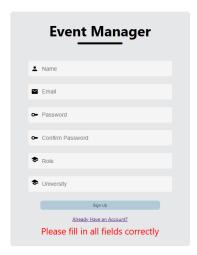


Constraint Enforcement

Empty fields at login

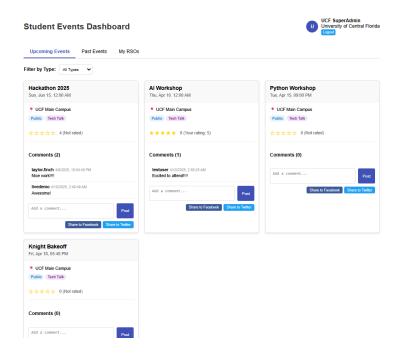


Empty fields at sign up



Advanced Features

Add rating to event (stars)



Conclusion

Creating the College Event Website using Supabase SQL provided a streamlined backend development experience by combining database hosting, authentication, and real-time features in a single platform. Supabase's PostgreSQL-based structure allowed us to define relational tables, enforce constraints, and execute complex queries while also simplifying user management through its built-in authentication system. T

Some desired features that could enhance the platform in future iterations include integration with university feeds like those from <u>events.ucf.edu</u>, enabling automatic import of official events, as well as broader social media integration for easier sharing and visibility of events via platforms like Facebook or Twitter.

One notable challenge was handling complex constraint enforcement within Supabase, such as preventing overlapping events at the same time and location, or dynamically changing the status of RSOs based on member count.