

# Finite differences method (FDM)

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## Finite differences in 1d and resulting linear system

(e.g. linear elasticity, heat conduction, etc.)

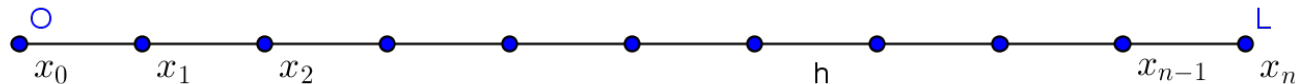
Boundary value problem:

$$\begin{cases} -u''(x) = f(x) & x \in (0, L) \\ u(0) = u(L) = 0 \end{cases} \quad (\text{Dirichlet boundary conditions})$$

Approximation of second derivative (can be derived using Taylor series):

$$u''(x) \approx \frac{u(x-h) - 2 \cdot u(x) + u(x+h)}{h^2}$$

Discretization of  $(0, L)$  into  $n$  sub-intervals of length  $h$  (equidistant):



$$f(x_i) \stackrel{\text{ozn}}{=} f_i, \quad u(x_i) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} u_i$$

→ linear system ( $n-1$  equations, unknowns  $u_1, \dots, u_{n-1}$ ):

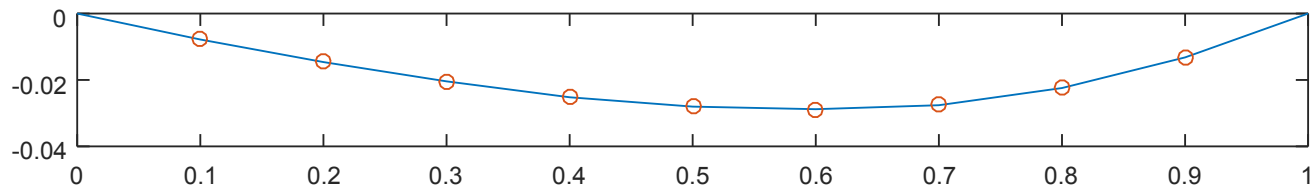
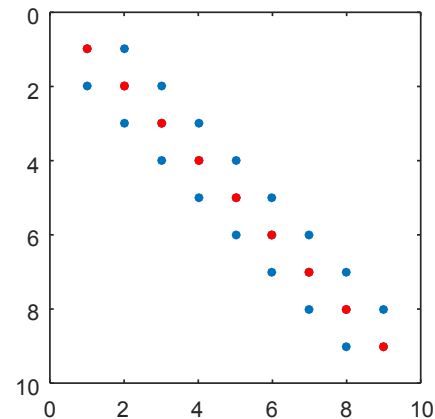
$$-(u_{i-1} - 2 \cdot u_i + u_{i+1})) = h^2 f_i$$

$$-(u_{i-1} - 2 \cdot u_i + u_{i+1}) = h^2 f_i$$

linear system with SPD (symmetric, positive definite) matrix

$$A \cdot u = b$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & \ddots & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & -1 \\ 0 & \cdots & 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ \vdots \\ u_{n-2} \\ u_{n-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} h^2 f_1 + u_0 \\ h^2 f_2 \\ \vdots \\ h^2 f_{n-2} \\ h^2 f_{n-1} + u_n \end{pmatrix}$$



## Finite differences in 2d and resulting linear system

Boundary value problem:

$$\begin{cases} -\Delta u(x) = f(x) & x \in \Omega = (0, L) \times (0, L) \\ u(x, y) = 0 & x \in \partial\Omega \end{cases}$$

Approximation of second partial derivatives

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} u(x, y) \approx \frac{u(x-h, y) - 2 \cdot u(x, y) + u(x+h, y)}{h^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} u(x, y) \approx \frac{u(x, y-h) - 2 \cdot u(x, y) + u(x, y+h)}{h^2}$$

Discretization of  $(0, L) \times (0, L)$  into  $n \times n$  squares (side  $h$ ):

$$f(x_i, y_j) \stackrel{ozn}{=} f_{i,j}, \quad u(x_i, y_j) \stackrel{def}{=} u_{i,j}$$

→ linear system,  $(n-1) \times (n-1)$  equations:

$$-u_{i-1,j} - u_{i,j-1} + 4 \cdot u_{i,j} - u_{i+1,j} - u_{i,j+1} = h^2 f_{i,j}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} B & I & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ I & B & I & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & I & B & \ddots & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & I \\ 0 & \cdots & 0 & I & B \end{pmatrix}, \text{ where } B = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & -1 & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & -1 & 4 & \ddots & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & -1 \\ 0 & \cdots & 0 & -1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

