

SeadragonSearch Analytics Documentation

None

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1. Overview of the Project

2. Extensions Installed Overview

This is a VERY VERY small overview to what you can do with this. I will just highlight some of them, because those are the only documentation syntax that I commonly use and usually remember.

2.1 Admonitions

These are kind of those fancy boxes that you usually in cool Science Books that adds extra information.



As you can see this box, is very attractive.

The syntax for this is:

```
1 !!! note
2 As you can see this box, is very attractive.
```

What If You want a different Title

The syntax for this is:

```
_{\rm 1} \, !!! note "What If You want a different Title" _{\rm 2} \, As you can see this box, is very attractive.
```

2.1.1 Icons

More info here

You can also change these icons by changing the first word after !!! or ???.

note, seealso



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abstract, summary, tldr

Abstract

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info, todo



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tip, hint, important



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success, check, done



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question, help, faq



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warning, caution, attention



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failure, fail, missing



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danger, error



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bug



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example

Example

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quote, cite

Quote

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2.1.2 Collapsible Block

More info here

If things are getting a little bit crowded, why not make some of them collapsible?

mple of a More Complex Documentation

Here is the basic idea of bubble sort!

e Syntax for the Example Above

2.2 Code Highlight

This is powered by codehilite. Whenever, you need code, this is the one that makes it pretty.

For example:

```
def bubble_sort(items):
    for i in range(len(items)):
        for j in range(len(items) - 1 - i):
        if items[j] > items[j + 1]:
        items[j], items[j + 1], items[j]
```

2.2.1 Highlight Specific Code Lines

What if I want to show some cool lines? I could highlight which specific line number should be highlighted.

```
def bubble_sort(items):
    for i in range(len(items)):
        for j in range(len(items) - 1 - i):
        if items[j] > items[j + 1]:
        items[j], items[j + 1] = items[j + 1], items[j]
```

2.3 Latex / Math Symbol Renderer

This is for math nerds that needs some Maths in their documentation. More info on Latex here.

For example, the Pythagoras Theorem $$a^2 + b^2 = c^2 $$

```
1 $$ a^2 + b^2 = c^2 $$
```

2.3.1 Inline Latex

According to the results with the p-value (p < 0.05), it means that we will reject the null Hypothesis (H_0) , and that there is a significant difference in the means.

2.4 Footnotes

Woah woah! Getting a little bit nerdy referencer here!

"You can tell that I don't know much about referencing". If you click this shiny number, it takes you to the bottom of the page where the reference is.

2.5 Content Tabs

Very useful for when you need one or the other.

For example, when dealing with multiple programming languages.

```
c

image: first transport of the content of th
```

2.6 Icons and Emoji

Just worth mentioning, not too sure if you're going to use it.

- **A** .icons/material/account-circle.svg
- :fontawesome-regular-laugh-wink: .icons/fontawesome/regular/laugh-wink.svg
- :octicons-octoface-16: .icons/octicons/octoface-16.svg

2.7 Images

Can be done with Markdown or HTML.

2.7.1 Image Captioning



The Logo that Daphne from Coders for Causes gave me

2.7.2 Image Alignment



2.8 Graph In Markdown / Mermaid Markdown

More Information here.

What if you really just want to create some fancy graphs, but you really can't be bothered to:

- 1. Load some other software
- 2. Draw this graph that you wanted to show
- 3. Save this graph that you want to show
- 4. Upload this graph somewhere
- 5. Link this image back to this documentation

Like there are just soooo many steps.

Introducing mermaid markdown.

graph TD A --> B & C B --> C

```
1 '``mermaid
2 graph TD
3 A --> B & C
4 B --> C
5
```

How about more complex ones? Is this complex enough for your

graph TD A[Hard] -->|Text| B(Round) B --> C{Decision} C -->|One| D[Result 1] C -->|Two| E[Result 2]

```
1 '``mermaid
2 graph TD
3 A[Hard] -->|Text| B(Round)
4 B --> C{Decision}
5 C -->|One| D[Result 1]
6 C -->|Two| E[Result 2]
7
```

2.8.1 Some Examples of Other Charts

Sequence Diagram

Result

sequenceDiagram participant Alice participant Bob Alice->>John: Hello John, how are you? loop Healthcheck John->>John: Fight against hypochondria end Note right of John: Rational thoughts prevail! John-->>Alice: Great! John->>Bob: How about you? Bob-->>John: Jolly good!

Syntax

```
···mermaid
2
          sequenceDiagram
          participant Alice
          participant Bob
 4
5
6
7
          Alice->>John: Hello John, how are you?
          loop Healthcheck
              John->>John: Fight against hypochondria
         Note right of John: Rational thoughts <br/>prevail! John-->>Alice: Great!
10
          John->>Bob: How about you?
11
12
          Bob-->>John: Jolly good!
13
```

Gantt Chart

Result

gantt dateFormat YYYY-MM-DD title Adding GANTT diagram to mermaid excludes weekdays 2014-01-10 section A section Completed task :done, des1, 2014-01-06,2014-01-08 Active task :active, des2, 2014-01-09, 3d Future task : des3, after des2, 5d Future task2 : des4, after des3, 5d

Syntax

```
gantt
dateFormat YYYY-MM-DD
title Adding GANTT diagram to mermaid
excludes weekdays 2014-01-10

section A section
Completed task :done, des1, 2014-01-06, 2014-01-08
Active task :active, des2, 2014-01-09, 3d
Future task : des3, after des2, 5d

Future task : des4, after des3, 5d
```

Class Diagram

Result

 $classDiagram\ Class01 < | --\ AveryLongClass: Cool\ Class03 *--\ Class04\ Class05\ o--\ Class06\ Class07\ ..\ Class08\ Class09 -->\ C2: Where\ am\ i?\ Class09 --*\ C3\ Class09 --| >\ Class07\ Class07:\ equals()\ Class07:\ Object[]\ elementData\ Class01:\ size()\ Class01:\ int\ chimp\ Class01:\ int\ gorilla\ Class08 <-->\ C2:\ Cool\ label$

Syntax

^{1.} Book of Wisdom - John Doe \leftarrow

3. Automatic Site Deployment with Github Action

This is a configuration which allows your documentation from github to auto-deploy to the github pages.

y do I need this?

Let me give you an example, for this documentation it is hosted at https://frinzekt.github.io/mkdocs-frinze-template/ . If this thing is configured, then whenever you modify the github repository, it automatically redeploys in github pages.

3.1 How do I do this?

If you look closely in the repository, there is a file <code>.github/workflows/main.yml</code> . Copy this file over to you repository. The content of it is roughly like below. Note that you have to change 2 lines highlighted to the path of your documentation.

ample of Path that you will have to change

If in the scenario that your repository is just documentation, which means that your mkdocs.yml file is in the root, then you don't have to change anything.

However, there are cases where you have a monorepo - a type of repository that contains multiple files such as for example in a software project, there are the documentation files, and source code files. It is quite common to have a file structure that looks like this:

```
frontend/
...
backend/
...
mkdocs./
mkdocs.yml # The configuration file.
docs/
sindex.md # The documentation homepage.
... # Other markdown pages, images and other files.
```

This means that you will have to change the one highlighted. From the example above here, the correct lines changes are:

```
key: ${{ runner.os }}-pip-${{ hashFiles('**/requirements.txt') }} to key: ${{ runner.os }}-pip-${{ hashFiles('**/mkdocs/
requirements.txt') }}
and
python3 -m pip install -r ./requirements.txt to python3 -m pip install -r ./mkdocs/requirements.txt
```

```
# Workflow for deploying to github
     name: Publish docs via GitHub Pages
3
     on:
      push:
         branches:
           - master
            - mkdocs-experimental
      workflow_dispatch:
10
    jobs:
11
       deploy:
12
         name: Deploy docs
         runs-on: ubuntu-latest
14
         steps:
15
          - name: Checkout main
            uses: actions/checkout@v2
18
19
          - name: Setup Python
             uses: actions/setup-python@v2
20
             with:
               python-version: '3.8'
22
23
           - name: Upgrade pip
             run: |
25
26
              # install pip=>20.1 to use "pip cache dir"
27
               python3 -m pip install --upgrade pip
           - name: Get pip cache dir
28
29
             id: pip-cache
run: echo "::set-output name=dir::$(pip cache dir)"
30
31
           - name: Cache dependencies
             uses: actions/cache@v2
33
             path: ${{ steps.pip-cache.outputs.dir }}
key: ${{ runner.os }}-pip-${{ hashFiles('**/requirements.txt') }}
35
36
               restore-keys: |
                 ${{ runner.os }}-pip-
       - name: Install dependencies
39
              run: python3 -m pip install -r ./requirements.txt
41
           - run: mkdocs build
42
             env:
               ENABLE_PDF_EXPORT: 1
44
           - name: Deploy
46
             uses: peaceiris/actions-gh-pages@v3
47
             with:
               github_token: ${{ secrets.GITHUB_TOKEN }}
49
               publish_dir: ./site
50
```

3.2 Custom Domain Name

In the scenario that you like a custom domain name such as https://www.tutorial-mkdocs.systemhealthlab.com , follow this documentation.

tldr (too long didn't read) instructions: 1. Go to the domain registar, in my case Cloudflare 2. Register a "CNAME" of the domain/subdomain going towards <organisation/githubname>.github.io (eg. uwasystemhealth.github.io) 3. Add a CNAME file with the name of the domain/subdomain in the /docs folder 4. Give the CNAME file a content of the subdomain name (eg. tutorial-mkdocs.systemhealthlab.com)