## Frame einer GET-Anfrage des Clients an einen Webserver (Frame-Nr. 2859)

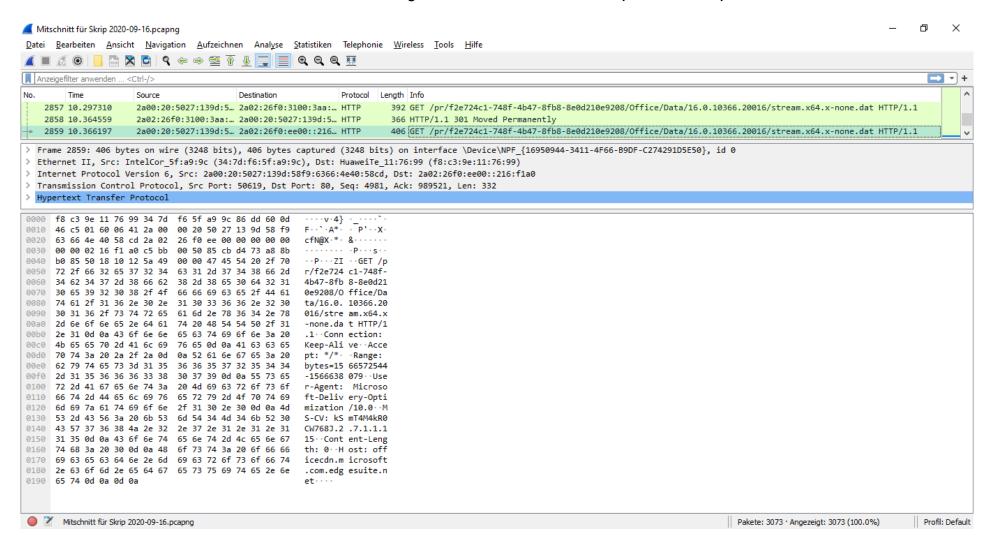


Abbildung 1: Zusammensetzung des Frames mit Grundinformationen entsprechend der Funktionsweise des TCP/IP-Referenzmodells

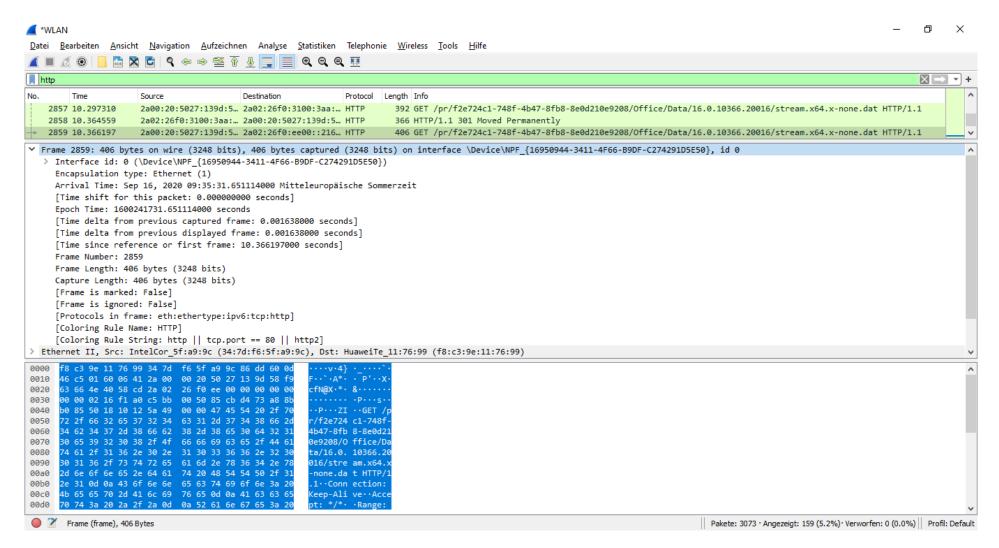
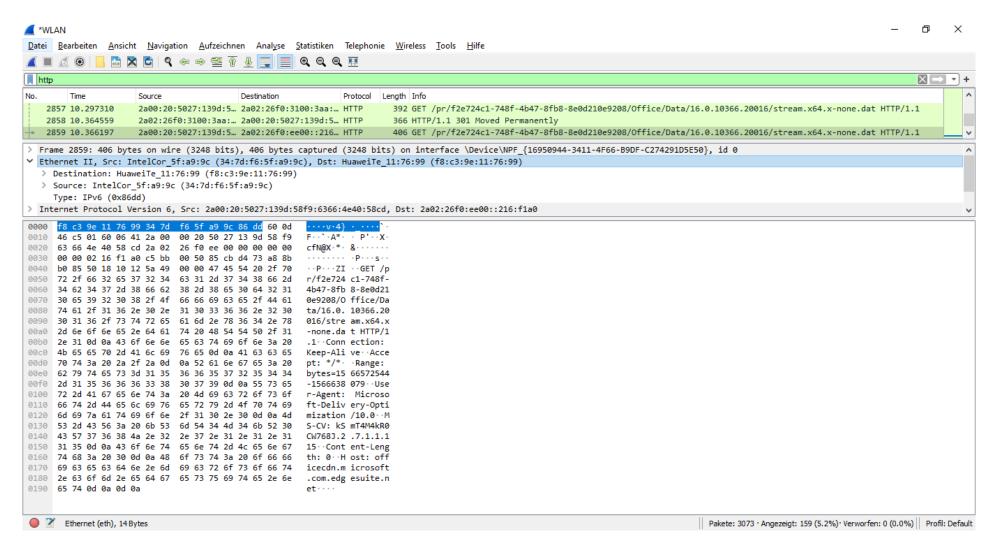


Abbildung 2: Wireshark-Informationen zum Mitschnitt des Frames



**Abbildung 3: Ethernet-Header** 

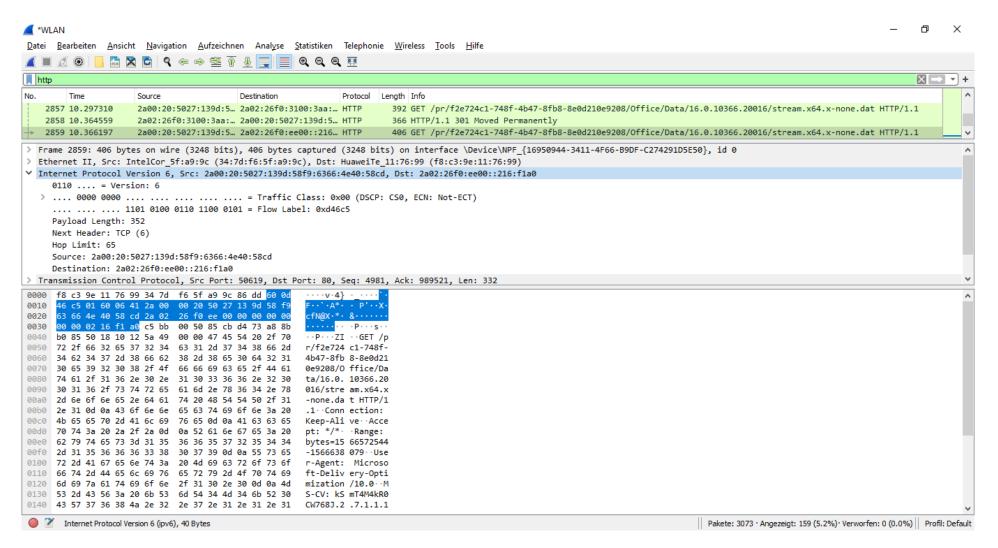


Abbildung 4: IP-Header

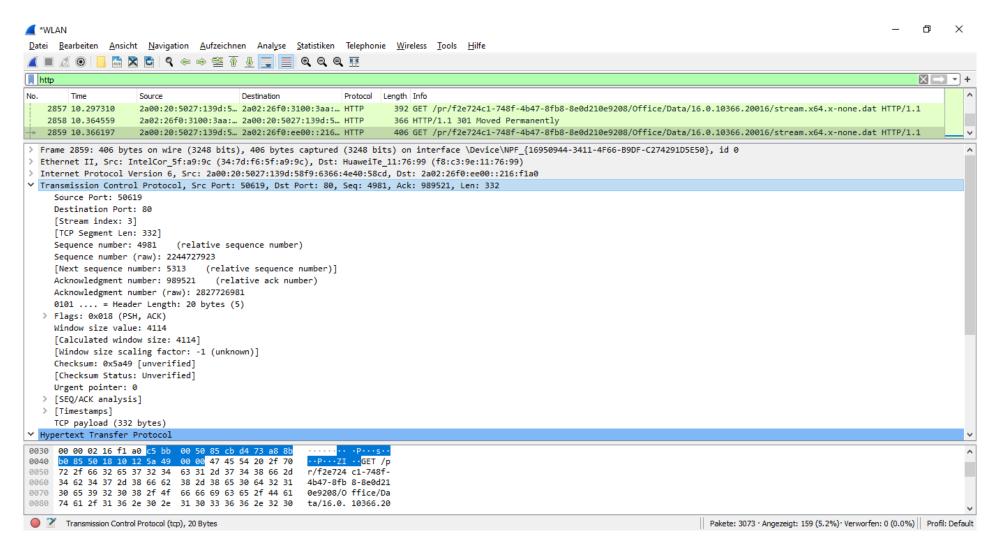


Abbildung 5: TCP-Header

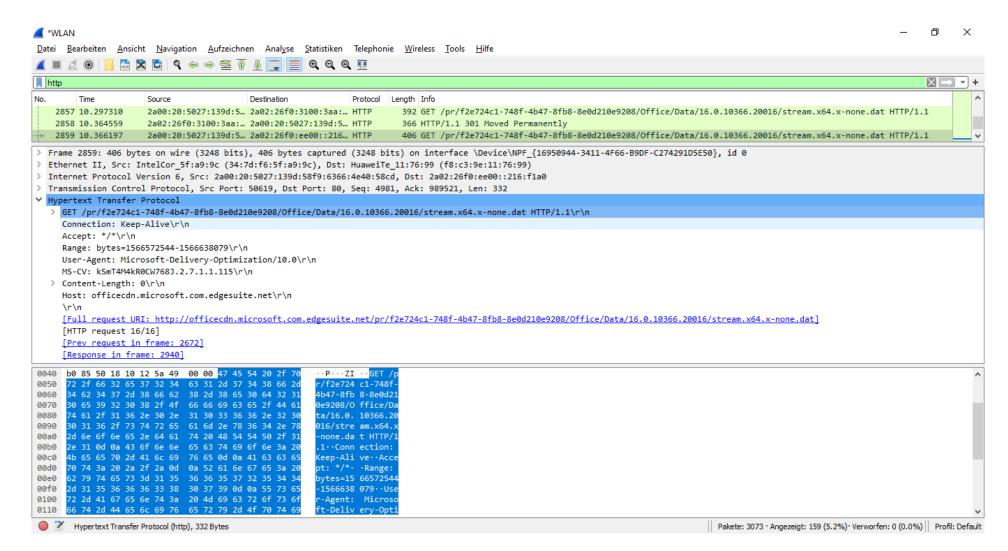


Abbildung 6: HTTP-Header (Anfang in Paketbytes)

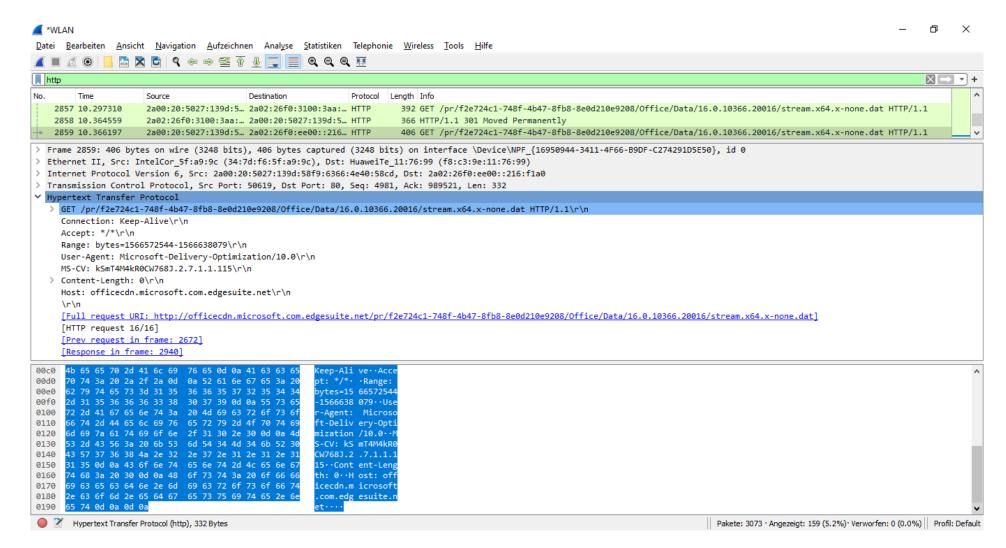


Abbildung 7: HTTP-Header (Ende in Paketbytes)

## Antwort-Frame des Webservers (Frame-Nr. 2940) an den Client auf die Anfrage in Frame 2859

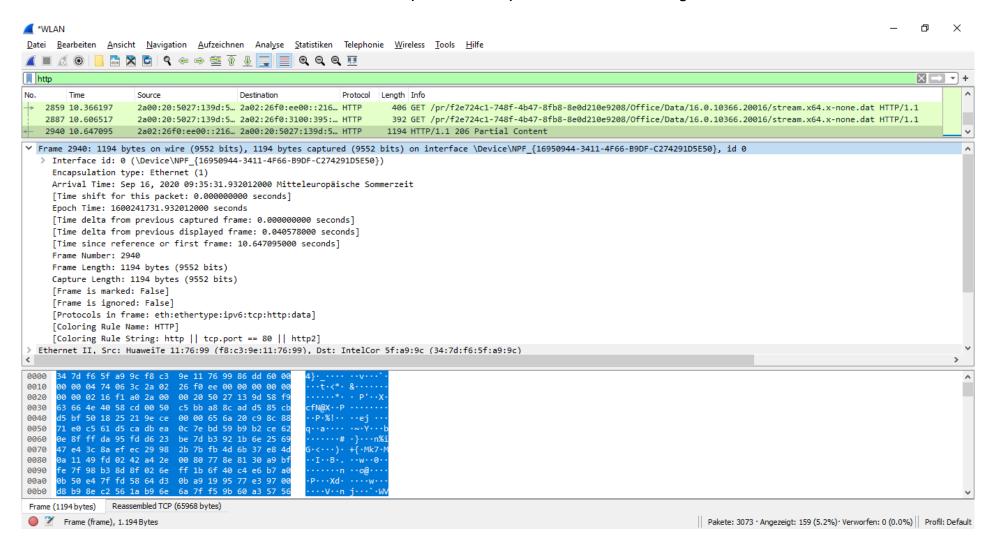


Abbildung 8: Wireshark-Informationen zum Mitschnitt des Frames

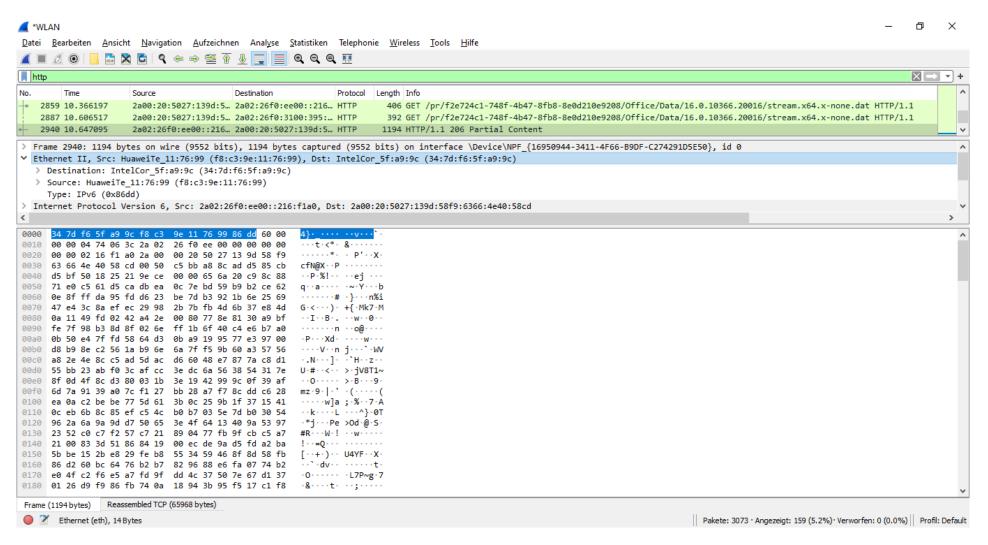


Abbildung 9: Ethernet-Header

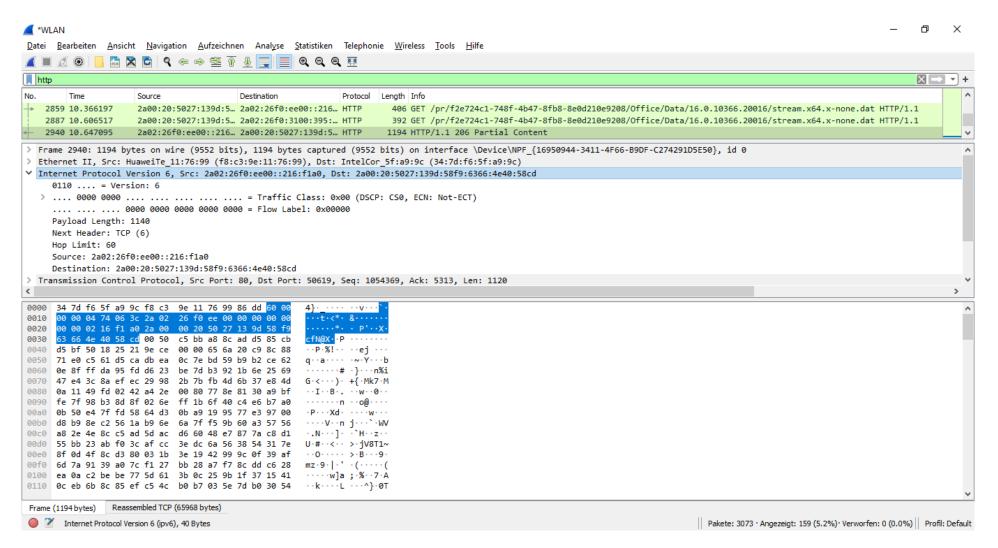


Abbildung 10: IP-Header

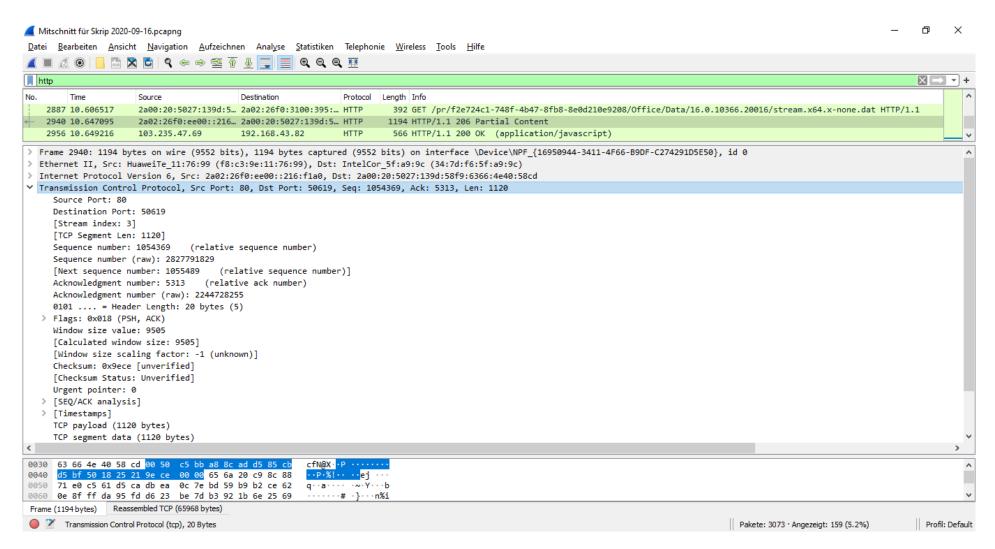


Abbildung 11: TCP-Header

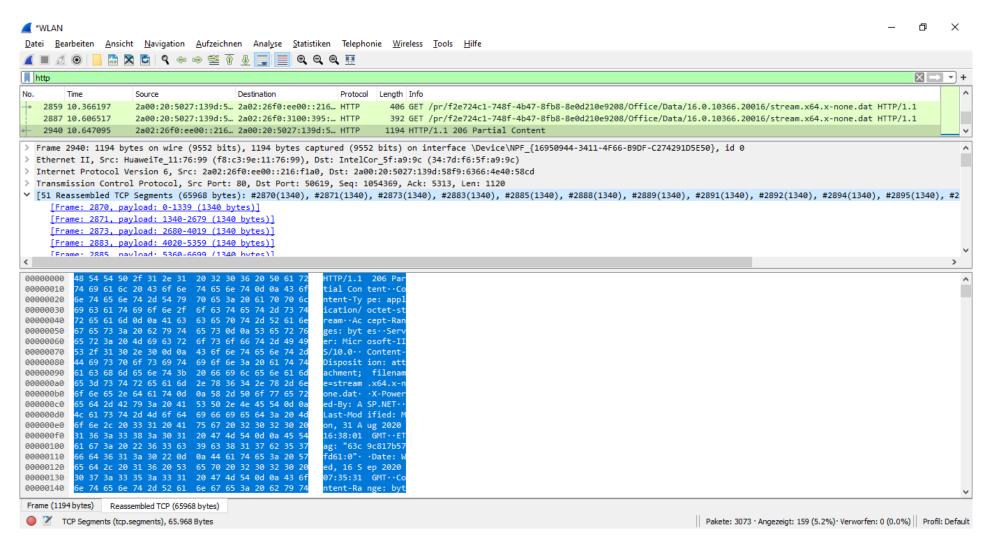


Abbildung 12: zusätzliche TCP-Informationen (zusammengesetzte TCP-Segmente)

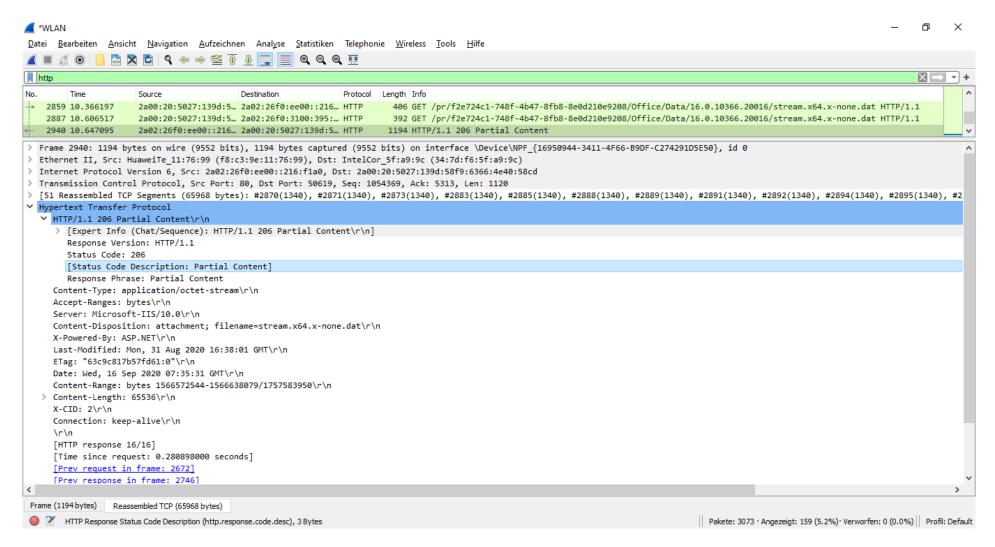


Abbildung 13: Teil 1 HTTP-Header: vollständiger HTTP-Header in Paketdetails (Paketbytes nicht sichtbar)

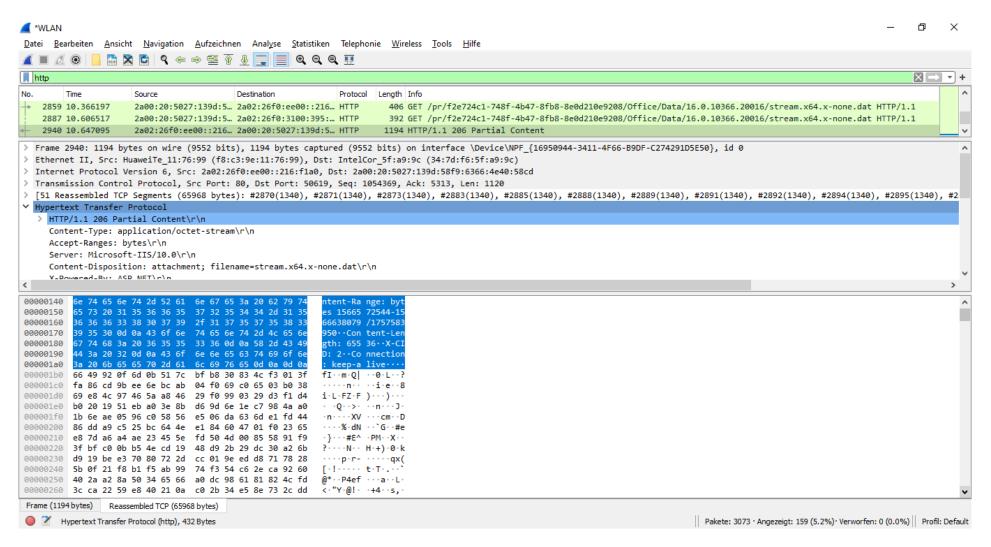
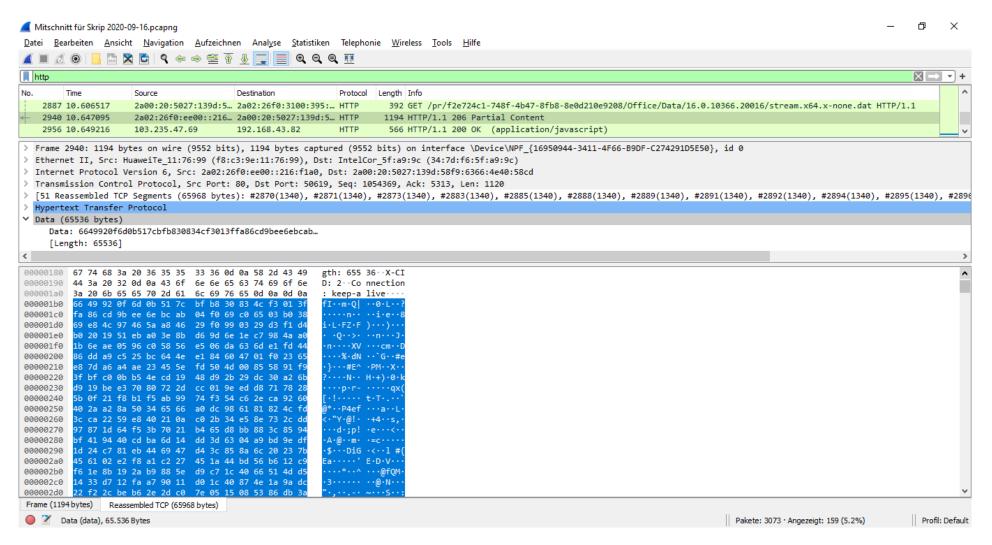
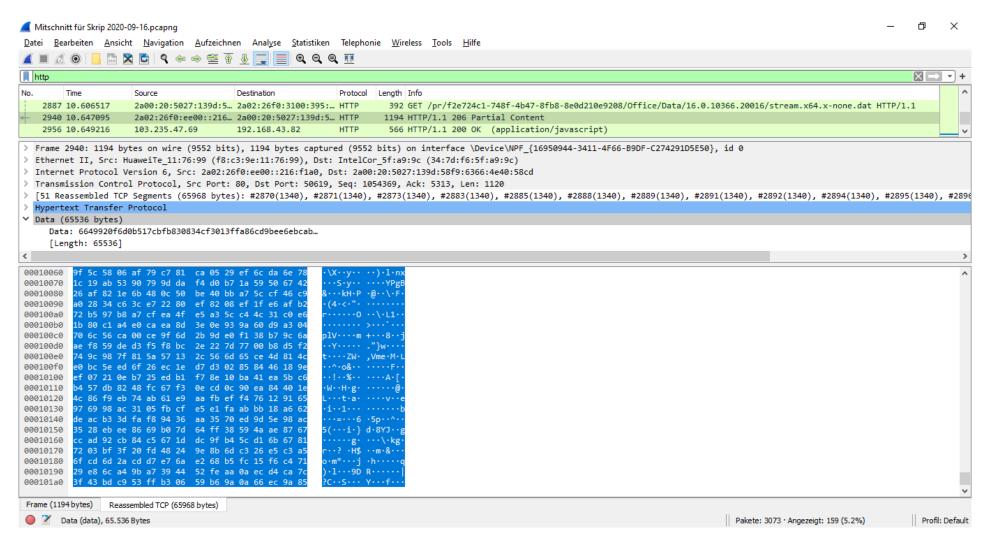


Abbildung 14: Teil 2 HTTP-Header: letzter Teil des HTTP-Headers in Paketbytes mit Payload darunter



**Abbildung 15: Payload Anfang** 



**Abbildung 16: Payload Ende**