

**VMware** 

**NSX Automation Workshop** 

June 14 – 15 2022

# Lab 3 Manual

# LAB 3: Power CLI

In this lab we will use Power CLI to perform operations on our NSX environment. The following tasks will use basic authentication to NSX Manager with additional parameters

#### Task 1:

### Open a PowerShell Window and check if PowerCLI is installed

Command: Get-Module -Name VMware.PowerCLI -ListAvailable

#### Result

Directory: C:\Users\Administrator\Documents\PowerShell\Modules

ModuleType VersionPreRelease NamePSEdition ExportedCommands------------

Manifest 12.3.0.17... VMware.PowerCLI Desk

#### Task 2:

# Check if NSX-T Modules are there

Get-Module "VMware.VimAutomation.Nsx\*" -ListAvailable

#### Result

Directory: C:\Users\Administrator\Documents\PowerShell\Modules

ModuleType VersionPreRelease NamePSEdition ExportedCommands------------

Script 12.3.0.17... VMware.VimAutomation.Nsxt Desk {Connect-NsxtServer...

#### Task 3:

Let's connect to NSX-T

```
Connect—NsxtServer —Server IP—Address/DNS—Name —User Username —Password password Replace IP Address/DNS-Name Username and password.
```

```
Result
--> It takes a looooong time. Be patient
.... Connected
What happens here ?
Task4:
Check if T1 exists
$t1routerdata = Get-NsxtPolicyService -Name com.vmware.nsx_policy.infra.tier1s
$t1routerdata.list().results
What these commands are doing ?
Task5:
Create a T1 using a script
     Variables are set in the script below
#Variables for NSX Manager Connection
#General Variables
$description = "Created with VMware PowerCLI"
$tag = "powercli"
#Variables for T1 Router
$t1routerid = "T1-Test-001"
$t1routeradvertisement = @("TIER1 IPSEC LOCAL ENDPOINT","TIER1 CONNECTED")
#Connect to NSX Manager
#Connect-NsxtServer -Server $nsxmanagerip -User $nsxuser -Password $nsxpasswd
#Retrieve Router Information
```

```
$t1routerdata = Get-NsxtPolicyService -Name com.vmware.nsx policy.infra.tier1s
#Set Variables
$t1routerspecification = $t1routerdata.Help.patch.tier1.Create()
$t1routerspecification.description = $description
$t1routerspecification.id = $t1routerid
$t1routerspecification.display name = $t1routerid
# $t1routerspecification.tier0 path = $t1routerpath to t0 rtr
$t1routerspecification.route advertisement types = $t1routeradvertisement
#Add Tag to the Router
$t1routertag = $t1routerdata.Help.patch.tier1.tags.Element.Create()
$t1routertag.tag = $tag
$t1routerspecification.tags.Add($t1routertag) | Out-Null
#Create T1 Router
$t1routerdata.patch($t1routerspecification.id, $t1routerspecification)
Create a ps1 file and launch it.
Result
Task6:
Check the T1 is Created
     Through UI
     Using PowerCLI Commands
      $t1routerdata = Get-NsxtPolicyService -Name com.vmware.nsx policy.infra.tier1s
      $t1routerdata.list().results
Result
```

```
Task7:
We used some commands to create this T1. How does it work?
Details of the script
Task8:
List the Services you can use with NSX-T
      $Serv = Get-NsxtPolicyService -Name com.vmware.*
      $Serv.list
Task9:
Let's see how to use Help based on this example:
      $segmentdata = Get-NsxtPolicyService -Name com.vmware.nsx policy.infra.segments
      $segmentspecification = $segmentdata.Help.patch.segment.Create()
Task 10:
Let's create a Segment, now
What do we need?
     T1 Router -> We're going to use the name of the T1 Router we've created in Task 5
     Transport Zone
             Retrieve transport zones Informations:
                 Through the UI
                 Via PowerCLI script
                     $tZoneSvc = Get-NsxtService -Name com.vmware.nsx.transport_zones
                     $tZoneSvc | Get-Member
                     $tZones = $tZoneSvc.list()
                     $tZones results
```

# Choose an IP Address and Mask for the Segment Gateway.

```
Script
#General Variables
$description = "Created with VMware PowerCLI"
$tag = "powercli"
#Variables for Segment
$segmentid = "Seg-Test-PowerCLI"
$transportzone = "/infra/sites/default/enforcement-points/default/transport-zones/
TRANSPORTZONEID"
$path to t1 rtr = "/infra/tier-1s/T1ROUTERNAME"
$defaultgateway = "IP-ADDRESS/MASK"
#Connect to NSX Manager
#Connect-NsxtServer -Server $nsxmanagerip -User $nsxuser -Password $nsxpasswd
#Retrieve Segment Information
$segmentdata = Get-NsxtPolicyService -Name com.vmware.nsx policy.infra.segments
#Set Variables
$segmentdata = Get-NsxtPolicyService -Name com.vmware.nsx policy.infra.segments
$segmentspecification = $segmentdata.Help.patch.segment.Create()
$segmentspecification.description = $description
$segmentspecification.id = $segmentid
$segmentspecification.transport zone path = $transportzone
$segmentspecification.connectivity path = $path to t1 rtr
#Set Default Gateway Variables
$subnetSpec = $segmentdata.help.patch.segment.subnets.Element.Create()
$subnetSpec.gateway address = $defaultgateway
$segmentspecification.subnets.Add($subnetSpec) | Out-Null
```

```
#Add Tag to the Segment
$segmenttag = $segmentdata.help.patch.segment.tags.Element.Create()
$segmenttag.tag = $tag
$segmentspecification.tags.Add($segmenttag) | Out-Null
#Create Segment
$segmentdata.patch($segmentid, $segmentspecification)

Create a ps1 file and launch it.

Task 11:
How to remove the Segment and T1 ?
    Go to UI and check the Segment and T1.
        Delete the Segment and T1
    You can do that via PowerCLI too but not much time to do it now;)

Task 12:
Disconnect from NSXT Manager
```

To go further: Check an example like this one

Disconnect-NsxtServer

https://luchodelorenzi.com/2020/08/12/quickly-create-nsx-t-segments-using-powercli-and-nsx-t-rest-api/