6 tetel

Neusingularis szimmetrikus tridiagonalis matrix inverse egypani (es forditua)

$$K = \begin{cases} \alpha_1 & \beta_1 & 0 & 0 \\ \beta_1 & \alpha_2 & \beta_2 & 0 \\ 0 & \beta_2 & 0 & \beta_{m-1} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{cases}$$

Schaelyerreik lager somal (fent) es easy osrloppal (zobboldalf):

A szegelyezett matrix egg also haromszágmátrix, tag az inverze is iligen alakie. Marrisst a sregeligezett metrix egy persimetribusan particionalt blossmatrix:

C = SUSSIT Q-PST alapjan:

$$R = K' = L + \mu \nu^{T}$$
, abol $l_{ij} = 0$, ha $i \le j$

Teliat $r_{ij} = \mu_{i} \cdot \nu_{j}$, ha $i \le j$ es misel K szimmetikus, exert $R = K'$ is az.

Ezert $r_{ij} = r_{ji} = \mu_{j} \cdot \nu_{i}$, ha $i \ge j$

Teliat K' egyparre.

Masik irang: egypara matrix inverce simm. tridiagonalis. R Egypara metrik: rij = {uivi, ha i > j ujvi, ha i > j Tis = MUIV; + { uiv; hails lij also haromssognative elemei R = L+ UST Steaglegerrick _-t bulrol 14-val, alubrol 15-vel, es legigen a bal also sarozban -1 4,00000000 121 lz1 0 0 0 - - 0 uzilzi lz 0 0 -- 0 1 lu lu lu lu lu 0 -- 0 un las lus lus luque lungo -1 1 02 03 -- - Ving lij= Villig - Milos lin, i = vin Mi - Min vi \ = 0 - annak feltetele, hogy a szegelyezett matrix nemszinguláris. A seegelyssett matrix also haromszógmátrix, igy az inverse is az. tz inverz komplementer modou persimetrikusan particionalt, es a bal also blockja felso blessenberg-fele metrix: u | _ T | wier | his \$9, ha i > j-1 hig=0, ha j-1 1 Mivel & szimmetrikus, exert H eggrerre R=(= + uvT) = H Solsa es also blessenberg - fele, amibal (A'B)=[ST]> S=B-ACD C=Q-PSTkovetkerik, hogy szimmetrikus 2- tridiagonalis. 1-6/2-1

I inversent sanutasa reservioual: A szegelezezett matrix (also haromszógnatux) inverzenet fatlobele elemei alapján: u = 1 liti,i = bi $(u_0v_n)^{**}=1$ $\rightarrow v_n=u_0^{-1}$ $\begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{L}_{1} & 0 \\ & & \\$ $\frac{Q_1}{X}$ $\frac{Q_1}{Z}$ $\frac{Q_$ lant: $\alpha_1 u_1 + k_1 u_2 = 0$ & my + az my + bz m3 = 0 $M_3 = -\frac{1}{b_z} \left(b_1 u_1 + a_2 u_2 \right)$ bz nz + az nz + bz n4 = 0 Duitz = - 1 (bili + a lin) billi + ain Min + bin linz = 0 Nin = - 1 (& Min + a Min) & -2 Un- + and Un- + & -1 Un = 0 5-1 Mu-1+ an Mn - Mo = 0 U0 = 8-1 Un-1 + an Un V Forditat somendu szorzásbal: $\begin{bmatrix} -u_0 & u_0 & v^T \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} e_1 & 0 \\ V & e_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ bn-1 16 Vn-1 + an 40 Vn = 0 bn-2 40 Vn-2 + an-1 40 Vn-1 + bn-1 10 Vn-2 = 0 In i do Vari + anies Mo Vority + Donits to Varitz = C Wo Vmitz -
Umi = - 1 (amiss on its +

built on its)

1-6/3-1