

Mid-term Examination Replacement

Begin: April 20th, 2020

Submit: April 27th, 2020

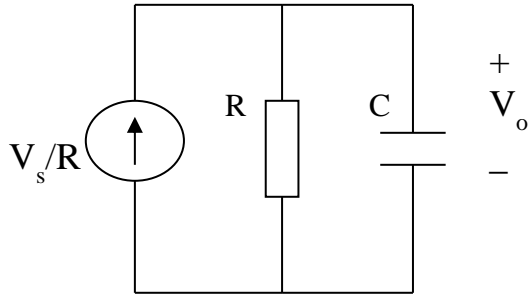
Question Code: 35

| SUBJECT: Electronic Devices | |
|--|------------------------|
| Dean of School of Electrical Engineering Signature: | Lecturer Signature: |
| Full name: Mai Linh | Full name: Tran Van Su |

INTRODUCTIONS:

1. Exam questions are available on Blackboard
2. Answers must be typed and submitted on Blackboard in .PDF file.
3. Do not copy other materials because your answer files will be checked with Turnitin
4. Please write down your name, student ID and question code.

Question 1(15pts)



- Find the transfer function V_o/V_s in terms of R , C , and $j\omega$.
- If $R = 5.8\text{k}\Omega$, find C to obtain $f_{3\text{dB}} = 11.4\text{ kHz}$.
- Find the magnitude in dB of the transfer function V_o/V_s at $f = 15.4\text{kHz}$.

Question 2(10pts)

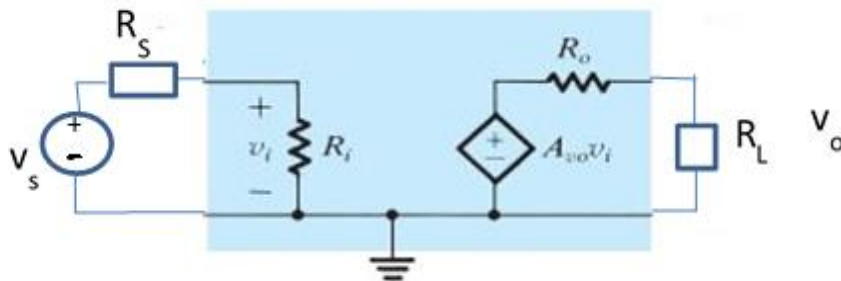
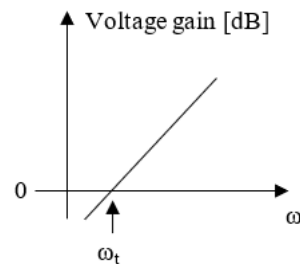
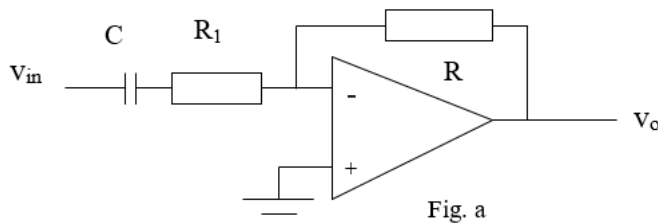


Figure shows an amplifier circuit with $V_s = 0.35\sin(\omega t)\text{ V}$, $R_s = 460\ \Omega$, $R_i = 850\ \Omega$, $A_{vo} = 50$, $R_o = 110\ \Omega$ and $R_L = 550\ \Omega$.

- Determine V_o .
- What is the value of R_L to deliver maximum power to R_L .

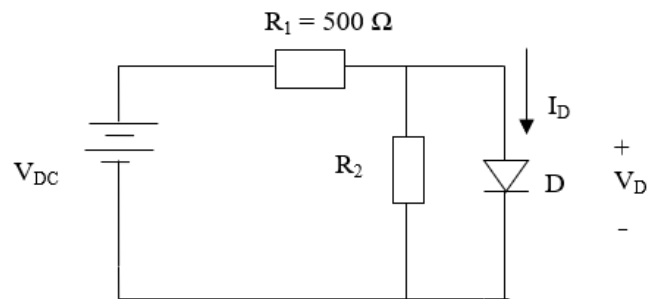
Question 3(15pts)

An ideal op-amp is connected as Fig.a.



- If $R_1 = 0$, design R to obtain the differentiator shown in Fig. b with $C = 0.01\mu\text{F}$ and $\omega_t = 135\text{ rad/s}$
- What is the amplitude and phase of the voltage gain at $\omega = 10\text{ rad/s}$ and at 1000 rad/s for question a ($R_1=0$)?
- Determine R_1 to limit the absolute of the high frequency gain $|A_v| \approx 85$ with the value of R obtained from question a.

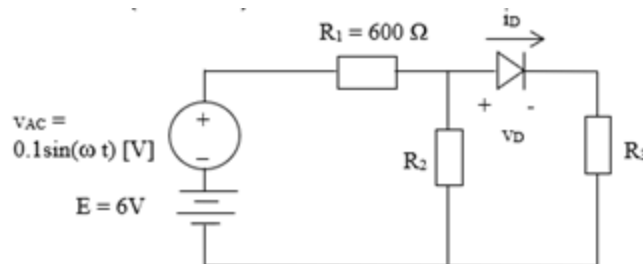
Question 4(15pts)



A silicon diode with ideality factor $n = 1$ has $I_D = 3.1\text{mA}$ and $I_S = 10^{-14}\text{A}$ shown in the figure.

- If $R_2 = \infty$, find V_D and V_{DC} .
- If $R_2 = 350\ \Omega$, find V_{DC}

Question 5(15pts)

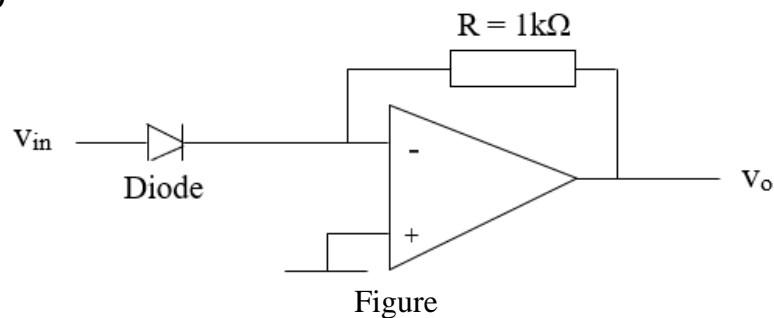


The constant-voltage-drop model is used for the diode in Figure with $V_{D0} = 0.7\text{V}$. The ideality factor $n = 2$.

$R_2 = 820\ \Omega$, $R_3 = 950\ \Omega$

- Find the total current i_D .
- Find the total voltage v_D .

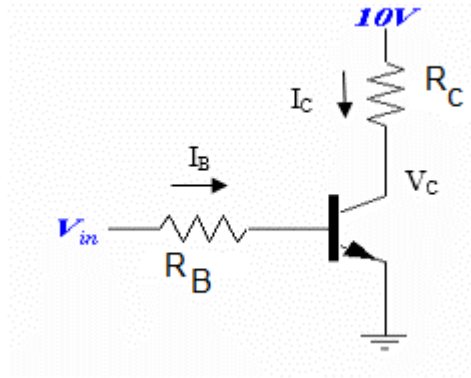
Question 6(15pts)



An ideal op-amp is shown in Figure.

- Find relationship between V_o and V_{in} .
- Determine v_o if $v_{in} = 0.42\text{V}$, $I_S = 0.5 \times 10^{-9}\text{A}$, $n = 1$, and $V_T = 25\text{mV}$

Question 7(15pts)



A transistor circuit is given in the Figure with $V_{CC} = 10V$, $R_C = 1.8\text{ k}\Omega$, $R_B = 15.5\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{BE} = 0.7V$ and $\beta = 100$.

- If $V_{in} = 1V$, compute I_B and I_C and V_C in active mode.
- Find V_{in} to obtain transistor in saturation mode ($V_{CE} = 0.2V$)