

Homework

Chapter 1 - Week 2

Question 1:

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - 4x_3 = 8 \\ 2x_1 - 3x_2 + 2x_3 = 1 \\ 4x_1 - 8x_2 + 12x_3 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -4 & 8 \\ 2 & -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & -8 & 12 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4 & -8 & 12 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -4 & 8 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4 & -8 & 12 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 10 & -15 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4 & -8 & 12 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & 8 & -1 \\ 0 & -3 & 10 & -15 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\begin{array}{c|ccc|c} & x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & RHS \\ \hline 4 & 1 & 0 & -4 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 8 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -\frac{27}{2} \end{array}$$

1. Determine if the following system is consistent:

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - 4x_3 = 8 \\ 2x_1 - 3x_2 + 2x_3 = 1 \\ 4x_1 - 8x_2 + 12x_3 = 1 \end{cases}$$

(1) $\begin{cases} x = 35 \\ y = 35/2 \\ z = 27/4 \end{cases}$

(2) $\begin{cases} x = 35 \\ y = 35/2 \\ z = 27/4 \end{cases}$
 $R_3' \leftarrow R_3 \times (-2) + R_2$

$R_2' \leftarrow R_2 \times (-2) + R_1$

$-3 + (-2) \times 8 = 0$

$\begin{cases} 4x_1 - 8x_2 + 12x_3 = 1 \\ -2x_2 + 8x_3 = -1 \\ -2x_3 = -\frac{27}{2} \end{cases}$

$R_3' \leftarrow R_3 + R_2 \times \left(\frac{-3}{2}\right)$

\Rightarrow The system has a unique solution \Rightarrow Consistent

Question 2:

- 1) Echelon form : d
- 2) Reduced echelon form : a, b, c

2. Determine which matrices are in reduced echelon form and which others are only in echelon form.

a. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ b. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

c. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ d. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

Question 3:

a) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 0 & -5 & -10 & -15 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_3 \leftarrow R_1 \times (-6) + R_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & -6 & -9 \\ 0 & -5 & -10 & -15 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2 \leftarrow R_1 \times (-4) + R_2$$

$$-5 \times 20 + -5 = 0$$

Pivot

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & -3 & -6 & -9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_3 \leftarrow R_2 \times \left(-\frac{5}{3}\right) + R_3$$

b) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 & 7 \\ 3 & 5 & 7 & 9 \\ 5 & 7 & 9 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(1)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 & 7 \\ 3 & 5 & 7 & 9 \\ 0 & -8 & -16 & -34 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2)

$$R_3 \leftarrow R_1 \times (-5) + R_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 & 7 \\ 0 & -4 & -8 & -12 \\ 0 & -8 & -16 & -34 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_3 \leftarrow R_1 \times (-3) + R_2$$

3. Reduced the matrices to echelon form. Circle the pivot positions in the final matrix and in the original matrix, and list the pivot columns.

Applied Linear Algebra

homework

a) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$

b) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 & 7 \\ 3 & 5 & 7 & 9 \\ 5 & 7 & 9 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} \text{RHS} \\ \hline 1 & 3 & 5 & 7 \\ 0 & -4 & -8 & -12 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -10 \end{array} \quad R_3 \leftarrow -2R_2 + R_3$$

$$\text{Li-column} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}; \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

Question 4:

$$a) \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & 4 & 7 \\ 3 & 9 & 7 & 6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & 4 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & -5 & -15 \end{array} \quad R_2 \leftarrow -3R_1 + R_2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 = 7 \\ -5x_3 = -15 \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 + 3x_2 = -5 \\ x_3 = 3 \end{cases}$$

Introduce parameter s for free variable x_2

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = -5 - 3s \\ x_2 = s \\ x_3 = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

4. Find the general solutions of the systems whose augmented matrices

$$a) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 & 7 \\ 3 & 9 & 7 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -4 & 2 & 0 \\ -9 & 12 & -6 & 0 \\ -6 & 8 & -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

b)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -4 & 2 & 0 \\ -9 & 12 & -6 & 0 \\ -6 & 8 & -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -4 & 2 & 0 \\ -9 & 12 & -6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_3 \leftarrow R_1 \times 2 + R_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -4 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2 \leftarrow R_1 \times 3 + R_2$$

$$\begin{cases} 3x_1 - 4x_2 + 2x_3 = 0 \\ x_2 = x_2 \\ x_3 = x_3 \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = \frac{4}{3}x_2 - \frac{2}{3}x_3 \\ x_2 = x_2 \\ x_3 = x_3 \end{cases} \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{free variable} \end{array} \right)$$

Introduce parameter s and t for free variable x_2 and x_3 respectively

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = \frac{4}{3}s - \frac{2}{3}t \\ x_2 = s \\ x_3 = t \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{4}{3} \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} s + \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{2}{3} \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} t$$