Chapter 4: Fourier Series

1. Full Range Series

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2}a_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{+\infty} a_k \cos(k\omega_0 t) + \sum_{k=1}^{+\infty} b_k \sin(k\omega_0 t)$$
 (Eq 4.1)

Where:

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{T_0} \int_{t_0}^{t_0 + T_0} x(t) dt \; ; \; a_k = \frac{2}{T_0} \int_{t_0}^{t_0 + T_0} x(t) \cos(k\omega_0 t) \, dt \; ; \; b_k = \frac{2}{T_0} \int_{t_0}^{t_0 + T_0} x(t) \sin(k\omega_0 t) \, dt$$

Odd function: $a_0 = a_k = 0$, and

$$b_k = \frac{4}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0/2} x(t) \sin(k\omega_0 t) dt$$

Even function: $b_k = 0$, and

$$a_0 = \frac{4}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0/2} x(t) dt$$
; $a_k = \frac{4}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0/2} x(t) \cos(k\omega_0 t) dt$

Parseval's identity:

$$\frac{1}{T_0} \int_{t_0}^{t_0 + T_0} |x(t)|^2 dt = \frac{1}{4} a_0^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{+\infty} (a_k^2 + b_k^2)$$
 (Eq 4.2)

2. Half Range Series

2. 1. Half Range Sine Series:

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=1}^{+\infty} b_k \sin\left(\frac{k\pi t}{L}\right); \ b_k = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L x(t) \sin\left(\frac{k\pi t}{L}\right) dt$$

2. 2. Half Range Cosine Series:

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2}a_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{+\infty} a_k \cos\left(\frac{k\pi t}{L}\right); \ a_0 = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L x(t)dt; \ a_k = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L x(t) \cos\left(\frac{k\pi t}{L}\right)dt$$

3. Frequently Used Formulas

$$\begin{split} I_1 &= \int (at+b)\sin ct \, dt = -\frac{at+b}{c}\cos ct + \frac{a}{c^2}\sin ct \\ I_2 &= \int (at+b)\cos ct \, dt = \frac{at+b}{c}\sin ct + \frac{a}{c^2}\cos ct \\ I_3 &= \int \sin(at+b)\sin(ct+d) \, dt = \frac{1}{2}\bigg(\frac{\sin(t(a-c)+b-d)}{a-c} - \frac{\sin(t(a+c)+b-d)}{a+c}\bigg) \\ I_4 &= \int \cos(at+b)\cos(ct+d) \, dt = \frac{1}{2}\bigg(\frac{\sin(t(a-c)+b-d)}{a-c} + \frac{\sin(t(a+c)+b-d)}{a+c}\bigg) \\ I_5 &= \int \sin(at+b)\cos(ct+d) \, dt = -\frac{1}{2}\bigg(\frac{\cos(t(a-c)+b-d)}{a-c} + \frac{\cos(t(a+c)+b-d)}{a+c}\bigg) \\ \cos k\pi &= (-1)^k \\ \sin k\pi &= 0 \end{split}$$