

Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Student ID: \_\_\_\_\_

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## GROUP 3

## SUBJECT: PHYSICS 1

Head of Department of Physics:

Signature:

Full name: Phan Bao Ngoc

Lecturer:

Signature:

Full name: Do Xuan Hoi

**Question 1 (20 pts)** One end of a horizontal spring with the spring constant  $1900 \text{ N/m}$  is attached to the wall, the other end is attached to a block of mass  $1.15 \text{ kg}$ . Initially, the spring is compressed  $4.5 \text{ cm}$ . When released, the spring pushes the block away and is no longer in contact with the block. The block slides along a horizontal frictionless plane.

$F = kx = 1900 \times 0.045 = 85.5 \text{ N} = ma \Rightarrow a = 74.3 \text{ m/s}^2$

a/ Compute the maximum speed of the block.  $v^2 - v_0^2 = 2as \Rightarrow v = 2.59 \text{ m/s}$

b/ The block goes off the edge of the plane and falls down from the plane to reach the floor with speed of  $7 \text{ m/s}$ . How high is the plane with respect to the floor?  $v^2 - v_0^2 = 2as \Rightarrow s = 2.16 \text{ m}$

**Question 2 (20 pts)** Two objects A and B with masses  $10.4 \text{ kg}$  and  $4.6 \text{ kg}$  respectively attached to two ends of a light cord that passes a very light, fixed pulley. The system is released from rest so that A and B move vertically.

a/ Use the energy consideration to find the velocity of A and B after they have moved  $1.2 \text{ m}$ .

b/ Compute the tension on each end of the cord.

**Question 3 (20 pts)** The system in Fig.1 is composed of two masses A ( $1 \text{ kg}$ ) and B ( $3 \text{ kg}$ ) and a light spring which is not fastened to either A or B. At first, the spring is compressed and released from rest. A and B moves without friction and A has  $3.6 \text{ m/s}$  as speed.

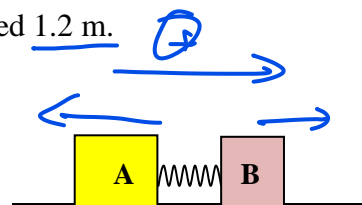


Fig.1

a/ Use the conservation of linear momentum to find the speed of B.  $p = p' \Rightarrow m_A v_A = m_B v_B \Rightarrow v_B$

b/ Knowing that the spring constant is  $40 \text{ N/m}$ . Compute the compression of the spring when it was released.  $K_{\text{total}} = \frac{1}{2} m_A v_A^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_B v_B^2 = \frac{1}{2} kx^2$

**Question 4 (20 pts)** A cylinder of moment of inertia  $0.09 \text{ kg.m}^2$  can rotate about a horizontal, fixed axis. It is wrapped with a light string which is pulled by a constant force for a distance of  $2 \text{ m}$ . The final angular speed of the cylinder is  $20 \text{ rad/s}$ . Suppose the friction is negligible.

a/ Find the magnitude of the force acting on the string.  $K_f = \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 = 18 = W = Fd \Rightarrow F = 9 \text{ (N)}$

b/ Knowing that the radius of the cylinder is  $6 \text{ cm}$ , find the linear speed of a point on the edge of the cylinder?  $v = \omega R = 1.2 \text{ m/s}$

**Question 5 (20 pts)** A disk with mass  $150 \text{ g}$  and radius  $15 \text{ cm}$  was rotating at  $11 \text{ rad/s}$  when a beetle moves slowly from the center to the outside edge of the disk. The final angular of the disk (with the beetle) is

$8.5 \text{ rad/s}$ .  $L = I\omega \Rightarrow I = \frac{L}{\omega}$

a/ Find the mass of the beetle, knowing that the moment of inertia of the disk is  $I = \frac{1}{2} MR^2 = 0.0016875 \text{ kg.m}^2$

b/ Compute the kinetic energies of the system disk – beetle when the beetle was at the center and when it is at the edge of the disk. Explain the results..

END OF QUESTION PAPER