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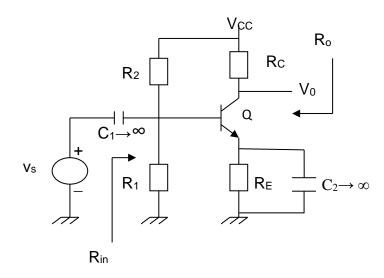
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## Quiz 6.1 Deadline: June 1, 2020

## **Question 1**

 $V_{CC}=12~V,~R_1=3.3~K\Omega,~R_2=22~K\Omega,~R_E=820~\Omega,~R_C=4.7K\Omega$  and  $\beta=100.$  (Neglect  $r_o$ )

- a. Calculate the quiescent point of transistor Q ( $I_{CO}$  and  $V_{CEO}$ ).
- b. Sketch the AC small-signal equivalent circuit.
- c. Find input impedance  $R_{in}$  and output impedance  $R_{o}$ .
- d. Find the voltage gain  $A_v = v_0/v_s$ .
- e. If the input signal  $(v_s)$  has the internal resistance  $R_s = 1 \text{ K}\Omega$ . Repeat question (d).



## **Question 2**

 $V_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$ ,  $R_b = 10 \text{K}\Omega$ ,  $R_S = 1 \text{K}\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 1 \text{K}\Omega$ , early voltage  $V_A = 50 \text{V}$ , and  $\beta = 100$ .

- a. Calculate the quiescent point of transistor Q ( $I_{CQ}$  and  $V_{CEQ}$ ).
- b. Sketch the AC small-signal equivalent circuit.
- c. Calculate input impedance R<sub>in</sub>.
- d. Calculate output impedance R<sub>o</sub>
- **e.** Find the voltage gain  $A_v = v_0/v_s$ .
- f. Explain the role of this kind of circuit.

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