# **PRINCIPLES OF EE1**

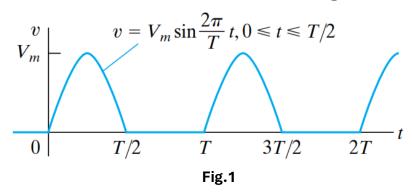
# HW

**Deadline: 8:00, 1 JUNE 2024** 

### INSTRUCTIONS: Students scan and upload answer into Blackboard

#### **Question 1:**

Find the rms value of the half-wave rectified sinusoidal voltage shown in Fig1



### Question 2:

Use the concept of the phasor to combine the following sinusoidal functions into a single trigonometric expression:

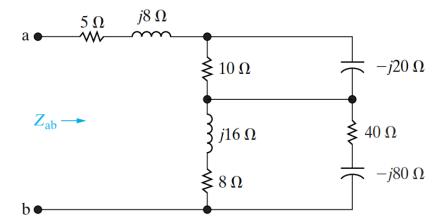
- a)  $y = 30\cos(200t 160^\circ) + 15\cos(200t + 70^\circ)$ ,
- b)  $y = 90 \sin(50t 20^\circ) + 60 \cos(200t 70^\circ)$ ,

#### **Question 3:**

A 400 Hz sinusoidal voltage with a maximum amplitude of 100 V at is applied across the terminals of an inductor. The maximum amplitude of the steady-state current in the inductor is 20 A.

- a) What is the frequency of the inductor current?
- b) If the phase angle of the voltage is zero, what is the phase angle of the current?
- c) What is the inductive reactance of the inductor?
- d) What is the inductance of the inductor in millihenrys?
- e) What is the impedance of the inductor?

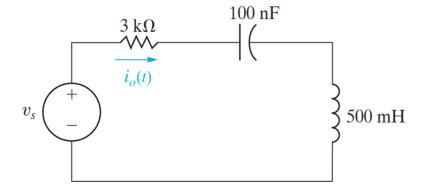
## Question 4:



Find the impedance Zab in the circuit in both polar and rectangular form

## Question 5:

Find the steady-state expression  $i_0(t)$  for in the circuit ,  $vs = 80 \cos(2000t) \text{ V}$ 



## Question 6:

Find the steady-state expression  $v_0(t)$  for in the circuit , vg = 60  $sin(8000t)\;V$ 

