Second Order Differential Equation

Given the ODE (constant coefficient):

$$ay'' + by' + cy = g(x)$$

The general solution of this equation is given by:

$$y = y_c + y_p$$

(General solution = Complement solution + Particular solution)

The Characteristics Equation: $ar^2 + br + c = 0 \rightarrow r_1, r_2$

• Case 1: g(x) = 0 (Homogeneous) In this case: $y_p = 0 \rightarrow y = y_c$

+ r_1 , r_2 are distinct real roots:

$$y_c = C_1 e^{r_1 x} + C_2 e^{r_2 x}$$

+ r_1 , r_2 are complex roots: $(r_1 = \alpha + i\beta; r_2 = \alpha - i\beta)$

$$y_c = C_1 e^{\alpha x} \cos \beta x + C_2 e^{\alpha x} \sin \beta x$$

+ r_1 , r_2 are double roots ($r_1 = r_2 = r$)

$$y_c = C_1 e^{rx} + C_2 x e^{rx}$$

• Case 2: $g(x) = P_n(x) = a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0 + c \neq 0$:

$$y_p = Q_n(x)$$

 $+ c = 0, b \neq 0$:

$$y_n = xQ_n(x)$$

+ c = b = 0:

$$y_p = x^2 Q_n(x)$$

• Case 3: $g(x) = P_n(x)e^{\alpha x} = (a_nx^n + a_{n-1}x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1x + a_0)e^{\alpha x} + \alpha \neq r_1, r_2$:

$$y_p = Q_n(x)e^{\alpha x}$$

+ $\alpha \equiv r_1$ (or r_2) (Single root):

$$y_p = xQ_n(x)e^{\alpha x}$$

+ $\alpha \equiv r$ (double roots):

$$y_p = x^2 Q_n(x) e^{\alpha x}$$

• Case 4: $g(x) = P_n(x)e^{\alpha x} \times \begin{cases} \cos \beta x \\ \sin \beta x \end{cases}$

+
$$\alpha + i\beta \neq r_1, r_2$$
:

$$y_p = e^{\alpha x} [Q_n(x) \cos \beta x + R_n(x) \sin \beta x]$$

$$+\alpha+i\beta\equiv r_{1},r_{2};$$

$$y_p = xe^{\alpha x}[Q_n(x)\cos\beta x + R_n(x)\sin\beta x]$$

October 25, 2019 Page 1