HCMC Vietnam National Unive	ersity
International University	

Student	Name:
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Final Exam

Date: 21/02/2022 Duration: 120 minutes

Open Book and Online

SUBJECT: PHYSICS 2 (FLUID MECHANICS AND THERMAL PHYSICS)			
(ID: PH014IU)			
Approval by Deputy Chair of Department of Physics	Lecturer: Nguyễn Đức Diệu		
Signature	Signature:		
Jun	1012		
Full name: Phan Hiền Vũ	Full name: Nguyễn Đức Diệu		
Proctor 1	Proctor 2		
Signature	Signature		
Full name:	Full name:		
STUDENT INFO			
Student name:			
Student ID:			

INSTRUCTIONS: the total of point is 100 (equivalent to 30% of the course)

1. Purpose:

- Test your understanding of basic knowledge of The Kinetic Energy of Ideal Gas and the Second Law of Thermal Dynamics (CLO3).
- Examine your skill in analysis and design a problem in science and engineering (CLO2).
- Test your ability in applying knowledge of physics (CLO1).
- Evaluate your English skills in writing communication manner (CLO4).

2. Requirement:

- Read carefully each question and answer it following the requirements.
- Write the answers and draw models CLEAN and TIDY directly in the exam paper.

• Submit your exam including this cover page and the solutions of the following problems.

Q1 (20 marks):

a. A stream of water of density ρ , cross-sectional area A, and speed v strikes a wall that is perpendicular to the direction of the stream, as shown in the aside Figure. The water then flows sideways across the wall. What is the force exerted by the stream on the wall?



b. The temperature of the Universe (i.e., the microwave radiation background or CMB) is about 3 K at the present time. When the temperature was 12 K, what was the volume of the Universe compare to its current volume? Explain your answer!

(add figure 1)

Q2 (20 marks): A mole of ideal gas initially at temperature T_0 and volume V_0 undergoes a reversible isothermal expansion to volume V_1 .

- a. Prove that the work done by the gas is $W = RT_0 \ln(\frac{V_1}{V_0})$. What is the change of the internal energy of the gas during this expansion isotherm?
- b. When a gas expands adiabatically, its volume is doubled ($V_I = 2V_0$) while its absolute temperature is decreased by a factor 1.32. Compute the number of degrees of freedom for the gas molecules?

Q3 (20 marks): The adiabatic expansion at an ideal gas is described by the equation $PV^{\gamma} = C$, where γ and C are constants.

- a. Prove that the work done by the gas is expanding adiabatically from the state (V_i, P_i) to the state (V_f, P_f) is $W = \frac{P_f V_f P_i V_i}{1 \gamma}$.
- b. Show that the above work formula can be rewritten as $W = \frac{c_V}{c_P c_V} (P_f V_f P_i V_i)$.

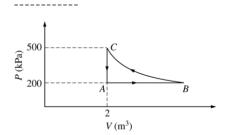
Q4 (20 marks): A body of mass m = 1 kg with specific heat C = 1,500 J/K at temperature 500 K is brought to contact with an identical body at temperature 100 K, and the two are isolated from their surroundings. Find the change in entropy of the system formed by these two objects?

Q 5 (20 marks):

- a. A sealed and thermally insulated container of total volume *V* is divided into two equal volumes by an impermeable wall. The left half of the container is initially occupied by *n* moles of an ideal gas at temperature *T*. Calculating the change in entropy of the system when the wall is suddenly removed and the gas expands to fill the entire volume?
- b. An ideal gas undergoes the cyclic process *ABCA* in the *P-V* diagram shown in the aside Figure. The path *BC* is isothermal. Make an approximation of the work done by the gas during one complete cycle, beginning and ending at *A* with the **most nearly and rounded number.**

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(add figure 2)

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