


## Online Midterm Examination – EE092IU

**DSP-Paper No.1;** Date: April 25<sup>th</sup>, 2020

Duration: 90 minutes (9am-10:30am)

SUBJECT: DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING – EE092IU	
Dean of School of Electrical Electronics Engineering	Lecturer: Prof. Dr. Thuong Le-Tien (Cell : 0903 787 989)
Signature:	Signature:
Full name:	 Full name: THUONG LE-TIEN

### INSTRUCTION:

- Any of notes is allowed in the exam
- Student should correctly pick up the instructed exam paper
- Student's scanned exam-papers should be submitted no later than 10:40am (the system will be locked after this deadline!)
- Answer 4 of 5 questions

### Question 1: (25marks)

A continuous time filter has a impulse response function  $h_a(t)=e^{-t}u(t)$ . If  $h_a(t)$  is sampled to form a discrete time system with a unit sample response  $h(n)=h_a(nT_s)$ . Find the value for  $T_s$  so that  $H(e^{j\omega})$  at  $\omega=\pi/2$  is down 6dB from its maximum value at  $\omega=0$ , that is,

$$20\log\left(\frac{|H(\pi/2)|}{|H(0)|}\right) = -6$$

Given the Discrete Time Fourier Transform (DTFT) of  $h(n)$  as follows

$$H(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} h(nT_s)e^{-j\omega n}$$

### Question 2: (25marks)

Consider the LTI system initially at rest and described by the difference equation:  $y(n) + 2y(n-1) = x(n) + 2x(n-2)$

- Find the impulse response of the system
- Find the response  $y(n)$  of this system to the input  $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 2, 2, 1\}$  with  $n = [-2, 3]$
- Realize this LTI system by using the basic block elements.

**Question 3: (25marks)**

Assuming a DSP system with a sampling time interval of 125msec,

- Convert the following analog signals  $x(t)$  to the digital signal  $x(n)$   
 $x(t) = 10 \sin(2000\pi t) u(t)$
- Determine and plot the sample values from the obtained digital function

**Question 4: (25marks)**

A causal discrete time LTI system is described by

$$y(n) - \frac{3}{4}y(n-1) + \frac{1}{8}y(n-2) = x(n)$$

Where  $x(n)$  and  $y(n)$  are the input and output of the system, respectively

- Determine the frequency response  $H(\omega)$  of the system,
- Find the impulse response  $h(n)$  of the system
- Realize the block diagram of the system.

**Hint:** Use the delay property of the Fourier Transform and  $H(\omega) = Y(\omega)/X(\omega)$

**Question 5: (25 Marks)**

Consider a 4-bit successive approximation AD converter with full scale range of 5volts. Using the rounding technique, determine the 4-bit codes of the voltage values  $x = 2.3; -1.4; 0.76; -0.4; 2.19; -0.91$  volts, for the following types of converters:

- Write the code table for converting the samples of full scale range of 5 volts with the natural binary, the offset and the two's complement codes.
- Write a table for converting the values of  $x$  into the Natural binary codes, the offset and the two's complement codes.

**Good lucks!**