

THE INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY (IU) – VIETNAM NATIONAL UNIVERSITY - HCMC
FINAL EXAMINATION – CLASS

Student Name: _____ Student ID: _____
 Date: JANUARY 2021
 Duration: 90 minutes

SUBJECT: PHYSICS 2	
Head of Department of Physics: Signature: _____	Lecturer: Signature: _____
Full name: Phan Bao Ngoc	Full name: Do Xuan Hoi, Phan Hien Vu

INSTRUCTIONS: This is a closed book examination. Use of cell phones, laptops, dictionaries is not allowed.

Boltzmann constant: $k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23}$ J/K, gas constant: $R = 8.31$ J/(mol.K), $1 \text{ atm} = 1.01 \times 10^5$ Pa.

Question 1 (20 pts) A cylinder contains 0.1 mol of an ideal monatomic gas. Initially the gas is at a pressure of 1.00×10^5 Pa and occupies a volume of $2.50 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$.

- (a) Find the initial temperature of the gas in kelvins. 300.84 K
 (b) If the gas is allowed to expand to twice the initial volume, find the final temperature (in kelvins) of the gas if the expansion is adiabatic. 189.08 K

Question 2 (20 pts) The pressure of an ideal gas inside a spherical balloon with volume of 0.065 m^3 is 1.25 atm. The average translational kinetic energy of a molecule is 6.11×10^{-21} J.

- (a) Find the temperature of the gas inside the balloon. 295.17 K
 (b) What is the total translational kinetic energy of all the molecules in the balloon? 12325.64 J

Question 3 (20 pts) A volume of air (assumed to be an ideal gas) is first cooled without changing its volume and then expanded without changing its pressure, as shown by the path *abc* in Fig. 1.

- (a) How does the final temperature (state *c*) of the gas compare with its initial temperature (state *a*)? $T_a = T_c$

- (b) How much heat does the air exchange with its surroundings during the process *abc*? Does the air absorb heat or release heat during this process? 4000 J

- (c) If the air instead expands directly from state *a* to state *c*, how much heat does it exchange with its surroundings? 1093.93 J

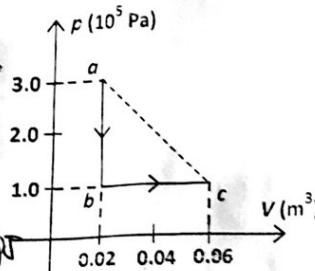


Fig. 1

Question 4 (20 pts) The mean free path of nitrogen molecule at 27°C and 1.0 atm is 4.1×10^{-7} m.

- (a) Calculate the diameter of each nitrogen molecule. $1.5 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}$
 (b) If the average speed of nitrogen molecule is 675 m/s, what is the time taken by the molecule between two successive collisions? $1.21 \times 10^{-9} \text{ s}$

Question 5 (20 pts) An ice cube at -10°C is put into a Thermos flask containing 100 cm^3 of water at 30°C . The final equilibrium temperature of the system is 20°C .

- (a) Determine the mass of the ice cube. 0.01 kg
 (b) How much has the entropy of the cube-water system changed? 1.45 J/K
 $c_w = 4190 \text{ J/kg}\cdot\text{K}$, $c_i = 2220 \text{ J/kg}\cdot\text{K}$, $L_f = 3.33 \times 10^5 \text{ J/kg}$, $\rho_w = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

END OF QUESTION PAPER

$$-4000 \frac{J}{2} + 4000 \frac{J}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + 1 \right) + 6.02 \times 10$$