

Annotation of Plasmid sequences

Plasmids are used in Molecular Biology and Genetics to introduce selected genetic information into cells and organisms. A typical plasmid contains at least one replication origin (to ensure autonomous replication in *E. coli*) and a selection marker (which enables to select cells which contain the plasmid). In addition the plasmid may contain additional genes, promoters and other features enabling them to be used for specific experiments.

Aim of this project is to analyse a nucleotide sequence of a plasmid (fasta or genbank file) and to annotate the plasmid by detecting all genetic features. To achieve this goal three approaches need to be combined:

Common features: Based on a number of annotated plasmid sequences in genbank format common features of plasmids are extracted and a list of these features with annotations and sequences is build up (“learning”). The to be annotated plasmid sequences will then be analysed whether the feature is present.

Protein coding genes: Protein coding genes not overlapping with the common features identified above will be identified through a BLAST request.

Primer binding sites: Primers are used for sequencing and PCR amplification. A list of common primers and its sequences will be provided. Primer binding sites shall be detected on the plasmid sequences.

Special translated features: For genetic engineering proteins may contain additional peptide sequences with special function, e.g. epitopes, tag etc. These peptides shall be recognized.

All annotations (common features, additional protein coding genes and primer binding sites) are then stored together with the sequence in a genbank file.

Hints:

Common features:

The extraction and categorization of the common features is the most demanding part of the project. You will be provided with a short and a long learning file. The short file `vectors_100.gb` contains 100 vectors and the file `vectors.gb` contains 3576 plasmids *records* with 33293 *features*. The short learning file is for development purposes only.

Filtering: Valid plasmid sequences have more than 1500 bases. *Records* with shorter sequences can be discarded as they only contain partial sequences. Only sequence *features* of the *types* ['promoter', 'CDS', 'polyA_signal', 'rep_origin', 'primer_bind', 'terminator', 'protein_bind', 'misc_binding', 'misc_recomb', 'oriT', 'LTR', 'misc_signal', 'enhancer', 'mobile_element', 'RBS', 'sig_peptide', '-10_signal', '-35_signal', 'mRNA', 'tRNA', 'rRNA'] need to be analysed.

Clustering: In a first step features with identical sequences can be grouped and identified. Manual inspection is required to give the correct “consensus” *standard_name* *feature.qualifier* and note *feature.qualifier*. Output generated by the script will facilitate this curation step.

In a second step features of the same *type* and similar annotation (to be assessed by the keys in *feature.qualifiers* note, product, db_xref, standard_name, gene) shall be sequence compared either using the multialignment server MUSCLE or by using a pairwise sequence alignment with *Bio.pairwise*.

For usage of MUSCLE, see this code:

```
from bioservices import *

sequences='>test_a\nAGAGAGAGAG\n\n>test_b\nAGAAAGAA\n\n>test_c\nAGAGGAGAG\n\n'

m=MUSCLE(verbose=False)
jobid=m.run(frmt="fasta", sequence=sequences, email="georg.lipps@fhnw.ch")
while m.getStatus(jobid)!=u'RUNNING':
    print "Status: ",m.getStatus(jobid)

result=m.getResult(jobid, "sequence")
print "sequence:"
print result
result=m.getResult(jobid, "aln-fasta")
print "aln-fasta:"
print result
result=m.getResult(jobid, "phyлотree")
print "phyлотree:"
print result
result=m.getResult(jobid, "pim")
print "pim:"
print result
result=m.getResult(jobid, "out")
print "out:"
print result
```

The near identical features can then be merged (PSSM !) and further manual inspection is required to give the correct “consensus” standard_name *feature.qualifier* and note *feature.qualifier*.

Hauptaufgabe

And the end of this process there will be a manually curated list of sequences and PSSMs describing common features found on plasmids. For every feature the number of instances in the learning file is also known (i.e. their importance).

Protein coding genes:

Via blastx it is possible to detect coding regions for known proteins of the plasmid. A single blastx request will probably only yield hits to the longest coding region (giving the highest scores). Therefore it has to be assured that the complete circular sequence is investigated and including the sequences around the beginning and end of the sequence file. Potential coding regions shall be checked whether they are actually part of an open reading frame and thus would give rise to a protein.

Primer binding sites:

For sequencing and PCR it is required that 15 bases of the 3' end of the primer match perfectly with one of the strands of the plasmid. A list of common primers is found in file common_primer.mfasta. The annotation should indicate when there is only a partial match to a primer.

Special translated features:

A list of peptide sequences tags_epitopes.mfasta is provided. It has to be checked whether the six frame translation of the plasmid sequence contains any instances of these peptides sequences.

Suggested partition of work:

member 1:

Extraction of sequence identical features. Assemble the annotation for every sequence by analysing the *feature.qualifiers* dictionary. Setup a statistic how often a term is used.

Check whether there is overlap among the set of extracted identical sequences (pairwise sequence alignment).

Blast the set of sequences against nucleotide database and collect top hits.

➔ The assembled output will help to curate the list of entries.

member 2:

Identification of features with similar annotation (look in to *feature.qualifiers* dictionary). Multiple alignment of these sequences. Merging of the nearly identical sequences into a multiple alignment and a PSSM.

Annotation statistics for every cluster via *feature.qualifiers* dictionary.

Blast of typical sequence against nucleotide database.

➔ The assembled output will help to curate the list of entries.

member 3:

Finding matches of primer binding sites in provided plasmid sequence.

BLAST plasmid sequence against protein database and collect possible protein coding regions. Verify they are open reading frames.

Finding instances of special translated features in plasmid sequences.

Write a genbank file with all annotations in feature fields.

Agreeing with member 1 and 2 how the sequence features are provided (for storing objects in files see cPickle). Performing annotation based on identical sequences or nearly identical sequences based on work of member 1 and 2.

Write a genbank file with all annotations in feature fields.

optional:

Output of a graphic of the plasmid with the annotated features.

Example of a plasmid record in genbank:

LOCUS AB669567 5056 bp DNA circular SYN 16-JUN-2012
DEFINITION Cloning vector pUC-TTrepT DNA, complete sequence.
ACCESSION AB669567
VERSION AB669567.1 GI:379698694
KEYWORDS .
SOURCE Cloning vector pUC-TTrepT
ORGANISM Cloning vector pUC-TTrepT
other sequences; artificial sequences; vectors.
REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS Vieira, J. and Messing, J.
TITLE The pUC plasmids, an M13mp7-derived system for insertion
mutagenesis and sequencing with synthetic universal primers
JOURNAL Gene 19 (3), 259-268 (1982)
PUBMED 6295879
REFERENCE 2
AUTHORS Fujita, A., Misumi, Y. and Koyama, Y.
TITLE Two versatile shuttle vectors for *Thermus thermophilus*-*Escherichia coli* containing multiple cloning sites, lacZalpha gene and
kanamycin or hygromycin resistance marker
JOURNAL Plasmid 67 (3), 272-275 (2012)
PUBMED 22252135
REFERENCE 3 (bases 1 to 5056)
AUTHORS Fujita, A.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (08-SEP-2011) Contact: Atsushi Fujita National Institute
of Advanced Science and Technology, Biomedical Research Institute;
1-1-1 Higashi, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305-8566, Japan URL
: <http://www.aist.go.jp/>
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
1..5056
/organism="Cloning vector pUC-TTrepT"
/mol_type="other DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:1085938"
/note="derivative of pUC13 containing a new MCS and T.
thermophilus repA gene; constructed for the E. coli-T.
thermophilus shuttle vector"
misc_feature 216..533
/note="E. coli beta-galactosidase gene (LacZ) alpha
peptide"
misc_feature 233..283
/note="polylinker
HindIII-NotI-SalI-NruI-AflIII-EcoRV-Acc65I-EcoRI"
misc_feature 690..3062
/note="derived from pYK225 (derivative of pTT8)"
gene complement(1197..2360)
/gene="repA"
CDS complement(1197..2360)
/gene="repA"
/codon_start=1
/transl_table=11
/product="putative RepA protein"
/protein_id="BAL70402.1"
/db_xref="GI:379698695"
/translation="MVLRAYAALRGLSPEALRAHLLAPPLRPERAREAFQRPYLAHFA
QTLPRYPYATDDPKEGVRIYKRENALKRVHVQVGHYPHAVLRLVVDVLPWPQVEERI
HALPPSIVLVNPRSGHFHAWYELDPIPLTPPPGREGSLKGALALLAEVEALLEAYYGA
DPGYNGLLSRNPFLLHPPPEWTWGGGKRWSLRDLHRELRLGLPSGTRRRVDPGLASYGRN
NALFDRLRAEAYAHVALFRGVPGEAEAFRAWVEQRAHALNQSLFRDHPKGPLDPREHV
HTAKSVAKWTYRNYRGARVYPVSSTGRPDRSRLSPQARALIPPLQGQELQEAVREGGR
RRGSRRRQEAEEKLTEALKRLQARGERVTARALAREAGVKPHTASKWLKRMRE"
gene 3255..4115
/gene="Amp-R"
CDS 3255..4115
/gene="Amp-R"
/codon_start=1
/transl_table=11
/product="beta-lactamase"
/protein_id="BAL70403.1"
/db_xref="GI:379698696"
/translation="MSIQHFRVALIPFFAAFCPLPVFAHPETLVKVKDAEDQLGARVGY
IELDLNSGKILESFRRPEERFPMNSTFKVLLCGAVLSRIDAGQEQLGRRIHYSDNLVE
YSPVTEKHLTDGMTVRELCSAAITMSDNTAANLLLTIGGPKELTAFLHNMGDHVTRL
DRWEPELNEAIPNDRDTPMPVAMATLRKLLTGELLTLASRQQILIDWMEADKVGAPL
LRSLPAGWFIADKSGAGERGSRGIIAALGPDGKPSRIVVIYTTGSQATMDERNRQIA
EIGASLIKHW"

```

misc_feature      4276..4861
                  /note="origin of replication (ori) in E. coli"
ORIGIN
1  gcgcccataa cgcaaacgcg ctctccccgc gcggttgccg attcattaat gcagctggca
61  cgacaggttt cccgactgga aagcgggcag tgagcgcaac gcaattaatg tgagttagct
121 cactcattag gcaccccagg ctttacactt tatgcttcgg gctcgtatgt tgtgtggaat
181 tgtgagcgga taacaatttc acacaggaaa cagctatgac catgattacg ccaagcttgg
241 cggccgcgtc gactcgcgac ttaagatata cggtaaccga ttcactggcc gtcgttttac
301 aacgtcgtga ctgggaaaac cctggcggtt cccaacttaa tcgccttgca gcacatcccc
361 ctttcgccag ctggcgtaat agcgaagagg ccgcaccga tcgcccttcc caacagttgc
421 gcaactcgaa ttgtgaatgg cgcctgatgc ggtattttct ccttacgcac ctgtgcggta
481 tttcacaccg catatggtgc actctcagta caatctgctc tgatgccgca tagttaagcc
541 agccccgaca cccgccaaca cccgctgacg cgcctgacg ggcttgtctg ctcccgcat
601 ccgcttacag acaagctgtg accgtctccg ggagctgcat gtgtcagagg ttttcaccgt
661 catcaccgaa acgcgcgaga cgaaaggcgg gctatggagg ggttctccct gtctacgctt
721 gagcgcccg gggccggtcc agcccccggg ccagagcggg ctccggaccc tgccccaga
781 aggaccctct caccctcctt aaggccctta gaaggcggg gggcgggggg aggggtggga
841 ttgggtgccc ccgccccccc ccgccttaa aagcgtttt agggcggttc ctccaggggg
901 aaaatcgagt tttttgcgt cctggacgat gaaaattgcg tcggcgggg gtaaatatgt
961 gagttatctc actttctctc ggatctcaag gtgtctaccc caagaaaaac aaaatttttg
1021 cggcttcag gaaaaagaag ggggacttta gccgtcaact acgctaagga gactctctag
1081 gttctccaat acagcccttt cggggctggc gggggttgca cccccgcacc cccgctgta
1141 tatcactgaa gcaccagctt tggggcaaat ttttgggtt tgtgcggtcc tggacgtac
1201 tcccgcatcc tcttcaacca cttggaggcg gtatggggt tgacccccgc ctccggggcc
1261 agggccctgg ccgtgaccgg ctccccccgg gcctggaggc gcttcagggc ctccgtgagc
1321 ttctcctcgg cctcctgcct gcgcggggat ccgcgcggcc ttccgccctc ccgcaccgcc
1381 tccctggagc cctggccctg gagggcgggg atcaggggcc gggcctgggg agagaggcgg
1441 ctccggtccg cgtcccccgt ggaggagacc gggtagaccc tcgccccccg gtatgtccgg
1501 taggtccact tgccacgctt cttcgccgtg ttgtggacct cccgggggtc aaggggcccc
1561 ttgggggtgt ccgggaagag ggactgtgtc agggcggtgg ccctctgctc caccagggcc
1621 ccgaaggcct cctccccccc ggggacgccc cggaagaggg ccacgtgggc gtaggcctcc
1681 gccgcgagcc ggtcaaacag ggcgttgttc cgccgtagg aggcagggcc ggggtccacc
1741 cgctccggg tcccgaggg aaggagcccc cggagctccc ggtggagggt ccgcaggctc
1801 caccgcttcc ccccgcccca ggtccactcc ggggggtgga ggaagggtt tcgggagagg
1861 agaccgttgt agcccggttc cgcccgttag taggcctcca gcaggcctc cacctccgcg
1921 agaaggcgca gggcccccct caggctcccc tcccggcggg gcggggcggt gagggggatg
1981 ggttcagact cgtaccaggc gtggaagtgg ccgatctcg ggttgaccag gaccagggag
2041 ggggggaggg cgtggatccg ctccctccacc tggggccagg ggaggtccac gtccaccacc
2101 agccgcaaga cggcgtgggg gtatgtggcc acctggacgt ggaccgctt cagggcgttc
2161 tcccgcttgt agatgcgac cccctccttg ggttcgtccg tggcgtaggg gtacgggggg
2221 agagtctggg cgaagtgggc gaggtagggc cgctggaagg cctcccgggc ccgctccggg
2281 cggaggggag gggccaggag gtgggcgagg agggcctccg gggagaggcc gcgcaggggc
2341 cgctaggcgg gaagaaccac ctcccccagg tcggggttta tctggaagag tcttgcgatt
2401 ttacgagggg tgtccgggat ttgcgcttcc ggcggggtgt ggtgctccat ctcttgcctc
2461 ctccccccg gccgggttag gatggaggcc tcttggggag gagaggctc ggcggttaac
2521 ccggccgagg tctgtttcat tcatgcccc cattctagcg acaagccccg ggaccaagcg
2581 ttagtcccca ggtcaatgcc ccagaaaccg ccaccagggc cgctcccgcg ggggctccag
2641 ggccttcagg gctcccgga ggcggcggtt ctccctccgc agggccctta gctccccctc
2701 caccgctcc agccgctcgg ccaggggccc gaggaggggc agggcctccc cctcgagggg
2761 gaggggcagg gccgggaagt ctccctggac ccgggcccagg gcctcctcca gggggaggcc
2821 ttcccgcagg tgggcctccc gggccgcccg gaggcgggcc agggcctcct tgggccagag
2881 ccgtccccc ccgggatccc ggggcagggg acctaccaac cgctcccaca gggcgcgcta
2941 gcgcgggagg gtggccgggg agacccccag ggcccgggcg gccaaaggcc ggggcaggag
3001 ggtcgggtct tccccttcgg ggtgctccac gacccagctc taccaggcgc ctacgggtga
3061 gcggcctcgt gatacgccca tttttatagg ttaatgtcat gataataatg gtttcttaga
3121 cgtcaggttg cacttttcgg ggaatgtgc gcggaacccc tatttgttta ttttctaaa
3181 tacattcaaa tatgtatccg ctcatgagac aataaccctg ataaatgctt caataatatt
3241 gaaaaaggaa gagtatgagt attcaacatt tccgtgtcgc ccttattccc ttttttgagg
3301 cattttgcct tcctgttttt gctcaccagg aaacgctggt gaaagtaaaa gatgctgaag
3361 atcagttggg tgcacgagtg ggttacatcg aactggatct caacagcggt aagatccttg
3421 agagttttcg ccccgaaaga cgttttccaa tgatgagcac ttttaaagtt ctgctatgtg
3481 gcgcggattt atcccgattt gacgccgggc aagagcaact cggtcgcccc atacactatt
3541 ctccagaatga cttggttagt tactcaccag tcacagaaaa gcattcttac gatggcatga
3601 cagtaagaga attatgcagt gctgccataa ccattagtgta taacactgcg gccaaacttac
3661 ttctgacaac gatcggagga ccgaaggagc taaccgcttt tttgcacaac atgggggatc
3721 atgtaaactc ccttgatcgt tgggaacccg agctgaatga agccatacca aacgacgagc
3781 gtgacaccac gatgcctgta gcaatggcaa caacgttgcg caaactatta actggcgaa
3841 tactactct agctttccgg accttccgg ctaactggat ggaggcggat aaagtgtcag
3901 gaccattctt gcgctcggcc cttccggctg gctggtttat tgctgataaa tctggagccg
3961 gtgagcgtgg gtctcgggtt atcattgcag cactggggcc agatggtaag ccctcccgtt
4021 tcgtagtatt ctacacgacg gggagtcagg caactatgga tgaacgaaat agacagatcg
4081 ctgagatagg tgcctcactg attaagcatt ggttaactgtc agaccaagtt tactcatata
4141 tacttttagt tgatttaaaa cttcattttt aatttaaaag gatctagggt aagatccttt
4201 ttgataatct catgaccaaa atcccttaac gtgagttttt gttccactga gcgtcagacc
4261 ccgtagaaaa gatcaaaagg tcttcttgag atcctttttt tctgcgcgta atctgtgct
4321 tgcaaacaaa aaaaccacgg ctaccagcgg tgggtttgtt ccgggatcaa gagctaccaa
4381 ctctttttcc gaaggttaact ggcttcagca gagcgcagat accaaatact gtccttctag
4441 ttagccgcta gttaggccac cacttcaaga actctgtagc accgcctaca tacctcgctc

```

```

4501 tgctaatacct gttaccagtg gctgctgcca gtggcgataa gtcgtgtcctt accggggttg
4561 actcaagacg atagttaccg gataaggcgc agcggtcggg ctgaacgggg ggttcgtgca
4621 cacagcccag cttggagcga acgacctaca ccgaactgag atacctacag cgtgagctat
4681 gagaaagcgc cacgcttccc gaaggagaaa aggcggacag gtatccggta agcggcaggg
4741 tcggaacagg agagcgcacg agggagcttc cagggggaaa cgcctgggtat ctttatagtc
4801 ctgtcggggtt tcgccacctc tgacttgagc gtcgattttt gtgatgctcg tcaggggggc
4861 ggagcctatg gaaaaacgcc agcaacgcgg cctttttacg gttcctggcc ttttgctggc
4921 cttttgctca catgttcttt cctgcgttat cccctgattc tgtggataac cgtattaccg
4981 cctttgagtg agctgatacc gctcgccgca gccgaacgac cgagcgcagc gagtacgtga
5041 gcgaggaagc ggaaga

```

Simulated output of a *de novo* annotation of the plasmid sequence:

