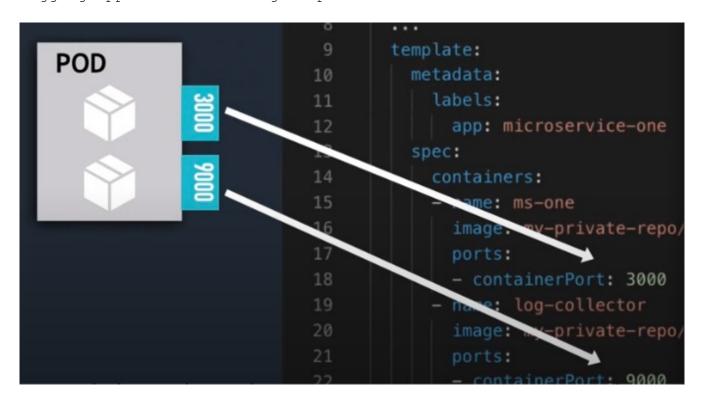
## Service Types

### What are Service Types?

**ClusterIP** services are needed because Pods are ephemeral and since they are destroyed frequently, we need to set a service that has a persistent IP address.

ClusterIP is a default service to enable network connectivity. Imagine you have a pod running an application on port 3000 and a logging application running on port 9000.



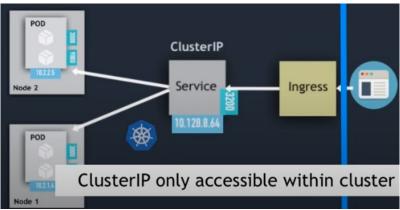
These two ports will now be open and accessible inside the pod. The pod will also get an IP from a CIDR range assigned to the node. Each node will get a range of different IP addresses.



In order to see your pod IP's we can execute the <a href="kubectl get pod -o">kubectl get pod -o</a> wide command. By identifying the subnets, we can also see which node is assigned to the pods. The ClusterIP services would then give these nodes the ability to reach the internet through something called an ingress, which we will discuss later.

For now, just understand that a ClusterIP service type is an internal service that is the default type needed to enable network connectivity and is only accessible within the cluster.

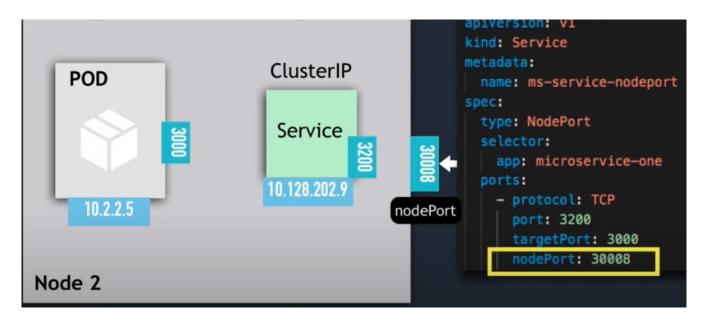




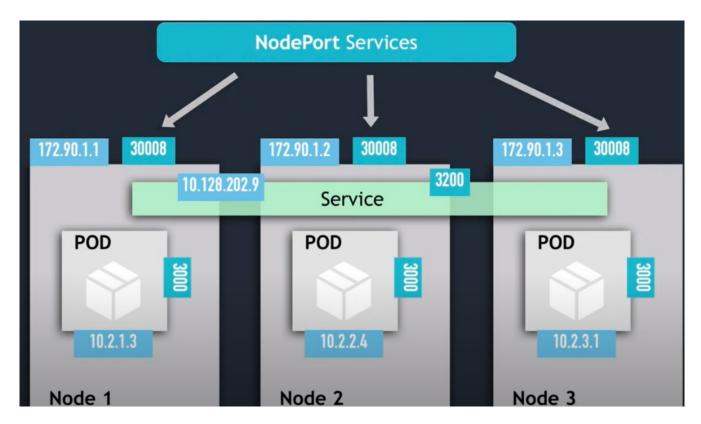
**NodePort** is a service type that creates a static port that's accessible on each worker node in the cluster.

NodePort allows external traffic to come directly to the worker node on the specified port. This differs from ClusterIP as NodePort doesn't require an ingress resource to connect to the internet.





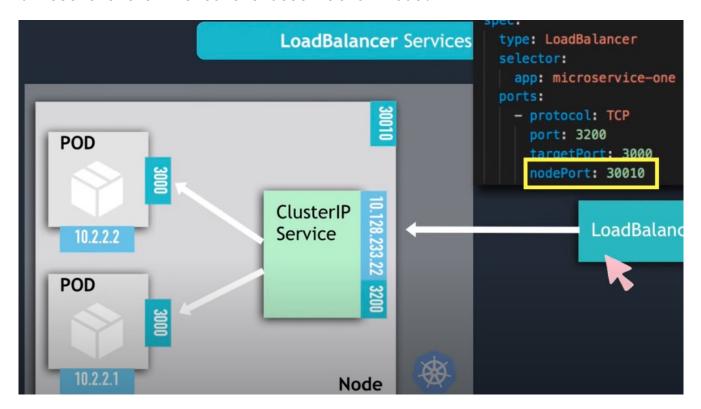
The NodePort value will use a range of ports that make browser requests possible. However, because we are opening ports to directly talk to other clients, this presents a security issue. This essentially means that we have nodes exposed to the world wide web!



To rectify the security issues with NodePort services, we introduce a **LoadBalancer** service type. This is essentially the same as NodePort except we are using the LoadBalancer from our cloud provider to expose our nodes to the internet.



Each cloud provider has their own implementation of loadbalancing. Whenever we use a loadbalancing service, NodePort and ClusterIP are created automatically. Although our port 30010 is exposed, traffic from the internet will first hit the LoadBalancer, which can then direct the traffic to the destination node.



#### <u>Hands On - Using the various service types</u>

I. Create a ClusterIP service, apply it to the cluster, and verify.

```
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ cat cluster-service.yaml
kind: Service
apiVersion: vl
metadata:
  name: nginx-clusterip
spec:
  selector:
   app: nginx-clusterip
  type: ClusterIP
  ports:
  - protocol: TCP
    port: 80
    targetPort: 80
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ kubectl apply -f cluster-service.yaml
service/nginx-clusterip unchanged
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ kubectl get svc
NAME
                  TYPE
                              CLUSTER-IP
                                            EXTERNAL-IP
                                                           PORT(S)
                                                                     AGE
kubernetes
                  ClusterIP 10.96.0.1
                                                           443/TCP
                                                                     103s
                                             <none>
```

II. Create a NodePort service, apply it to the cluster, and verify.

```
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ cat nodeport-service.yaml
kind: Service
apiVersion: v1
metadata:
 name: nginx-nodeport
spec:
 selector:
   app: nginx-nodeport
 type: NodePort
 ports:
  - protocol: TCP
   port: 80
   targetPort: 80
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ kubectl apply -f nodeport-service.yaml
service/nginx-nodeport created
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ kubectl get svc
NAME
                 TYPE
                             CLUSTER-IP
                                            EXTERNAL-IP
                                                          PORT(S)
                                                                          AGE
kubernetes
                 ClusterIP 10.96.0.1
                                                          443/TCP
                                                                          3m7s
nginx-clusterip ClusterIP 10.104.96.63 <none>
                                                           80/TCP
                                                                          2m19s
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$
```

III. Create a LoadBalancer service, apply it to the cluster, and verify.

```
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ cat loadbalancer-service.yaml
___
kind: Service
apiVersion: v1
metadata:
 name: nginx-loadbalancer
spec:
 selector:
   app: nginx-loadbalancer
 type: LoadBalancer
 ports:
   - port: 80
     tarqetPort: 80
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ kubectl apply -f loadbalancer-service.yaml
service/nginx-loadbalancer created
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ kubectl get svc
NAME
                    TYPE
                                 CLUSTER-IP
                                                 EXTERNAL-IP PORT(S)
                                                                               AGE
kubernetes
                    ClusterIP
                                  10.96.0.1
                                                                443/TCP
                   ClusterIP
                                  10.104.96.63 <none>
                                                               80/TCP
                                                                               4m51s
                                  10.101.143.3 <pending>
nginx-loadbalancer
nginx-nodeport
                    NodePort
                                   10.103.186.5
                                                                80:31812/TCP
                                                                               2m37s
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$
```

#### IV. Create 3 nginx pods for each service and verify all 9 deploy.

```
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ cat clusterip-pods.yaml
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
 labels:
   app: nginx
 replicas: 3
 selector:
   matchLabels:
     app: nginx-clusterip
 template:
   metadata:
     labels:
       app: nginx-clusterip
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ kubectl get pods
                                  READY STATUS
                                                    RESTARTS
                                                               AGE
                                  1/1
                                                               27s
nginx-clusterip-5699d6c8c9-v9xx8
                                  1/1
                                                               27s
nginx-clusterip-5699d6c8c9-wnp2j
                                  1/1
                                                               27s
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$
```

```
metadata:
  name: nginx-nodeport
  labels:
    app: nginx
  replicas: 3
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: nginx-nodeport
  template:
    metadata:
        app: nginx-nodeport
    spec:
        image: nginx
         - containerPort: 80
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ kubectl apply -f nodeport-pods.yaml
deployment.apps/nginx-nodeport created
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ kubectl get pods
                                     READY STATUS RE
1/1 Running 0
NAME
                                                         RESTARTS AGE
                                                                     2m15s
nginx-clusterip-5699d6c8c9-v9xx8
                                     1/1
                                                                     2m15s
nginx-clusterip-5699d6c8c9-wnp2j 1/1
                                                                     2m15s
nginx-nodeport-84d8bb796f-6fv2x
nginx-nodeport-84d8bb796f-mmqcq
                                     1/1
nginx-nodeport-84d8bb796f-t46sj
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ cat loadbalancer-pods.yaml
apiVersion: apps/v1
metadata:
    matchLabels:
      app: nginx-loadbalancer
      labels:
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~$ kubectl apply -f loadbalancer-pods.yaml
deployment.apps/nginx-loadbalancer created
NAME
nginx-clusterip-5699d6c8c9-519b8
                                     1/1
nginx-clusterip-5699d6c8c9-v9xx8 1/1
nginx-clusterip-5699d6c8c9-wnp2j 1/1
                                                                   3m56s
                                     1/1 Running 0
1/1 Running 0
1/1 Running 0
nginx-loadbalancer-5c7c865f9d-hcfb8
nginx-loadbalancer-5c7c865f9d-p7196
                                       1/1
nginx-nodeport-84d8bb796f-6fv2x
nginx-nodeport-84d8bb796f-mmqcq
                                       1/1
                                                                    107s
```

dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~\$

dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~\$ cat nodeport-pods.yaml

apiVersion: apps/vl kind: Deployment

# V. Verify all services and discuss why LoadBalancer is stuck in pending:

dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~\$ kubectl get svc					
NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.96.0.1	<none></none>	443/TCP	15m
nginx-clusterip	ClusterIP	10.104.96.63	<none></none>	80/TCP	14m
nginx-loadbalancer	LoadBalancer	10.101.143.3	<pending></pending>	80:31886/TCP	10m
nginx-nodeport	NodePort	10.103.186.5	<none></none>	80:31812/TCP	12m
dominickhrndz314@cloudshell:~\$					

The LoadBalancer service type remains in pending status unless your cluster has integration with a cloud provider that provisions one for you through GCP or AWS.

If you can see all 9 of your pods and your 3 services list, you have completed this training. Please remember to delete all of you deployments using kubectl delete pods --all and kubectl delete svc -all.