



- 94 Removals + 85 Additions

## 1 java

```

1 public class IntListMethods {
2     public static String getAuthorName() {
3         return "Yap, Calvin"; // This is my name
4     }
5
6     public static String getRyersonID() {
7         return "500825267"; // This is my Student id
8     }
9
10    public static int removeIfDivisible(int n, int k) {
11        int temp = 0; // to keep for switching
12        int first = n; // keep reference to first element
13        int counter = 0; // counter to see when first element is removed or not
14        if(n == 0){
15            return 0; // list empty
16        }
17        while (IntList.getNext(n) != 0) {
18            if(IntList.getKey(n) % k != 0){
19                counter++;
20            }
21            if (counter < 1 && IntList.getKey(n) % k == 0) {
22                temp = IntList.setNext(n, 0);
23                IntList.release(n);
24                n = temp;
25                first = n;
26            } else if (counter >= 1 && IntList.getNext(n) != 0) {
27                int temp1 = IntList.getNext(n);
28                if (IntList.getKey(temp1) % k == 0) {
29                    IntList.setNext(n, IntList.setNext(temp1, 0));
30                    IntList.release(temp1);
31                    temp1 = IntList.getNext(n);
32                } else {
33                    n = temp1;
34                    temp1 = IntList.getNext(temp1);
35                }
36            }
37        }
38        return first;
39    }
40    static int[] arrNodes;
41    public static int sort(int n) {
42        if(n == 0 || IntList.getNext(n) == 0){
43            return n;
44        }
45
46        int arrKeys[] = new int [IntList.getAllocatedNodeCount()]; // new array to hold keys
47        arrNodes = new

```

```

1 public class IntListMethods {
2     public static String getName() {
3         return "John Smith";
4     }
5
6     public static String getBrockID() {
7         return "4862154";
8     }
9
10    public static int removeIfDivisible(int n, int k) {
11        int temp = 0;
12        int first = n;
13        int counter = 0;
14        if (n == 0) {
15            return 0;
16        }
17        while (IntList.getNext(n) != 0) {
18            if (IntList.getKey(n) % k != 0) {
19                counter++;
20            }
21            if (counter < 1 && IntList.getKey(n) % k == 0) {
22                temp = IntList.setNext(n, 0);
23                IntList.release(n);
24                n = temp;
25                first = n;
26            } else if (counter >= 1 && IntList.getNext(n) != 0) {
27                int temp1 = IntList.getNext(n);
28                if (IntList.getKey(temp1) % k == 0) {
29                    IntList.setNext(n, IntList.setNext(temp1, 0));
30                    IntList.release(temp1);
31                    temp1 = IntList.getNext(n);
32                } else {
33                    n = temp1;
34                    temp1 = IntList.getNext(temp1);
35                }
36            }
37        }
38        return first;
39    }
40
41    public static int sort(int n) {
42        if (n == 0 || IntList.getNext(n) == 0) {
43            return n;
44        }
45
46        int keys[] = new int[IntList.getAllocatedNodeCount()];
47        int[] nodes = new

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int[IntList.getAllocatedNodeCount()]; // new array to hold n
odes
    for(int x = 0; x < arrNodes.length;x++) { // for loop
47 to fill contents
48     arrKeys[x] = IntList.getKey(n);
49     arrNodes[x] = n;
50     n = IntList.getNext(n);
51     }
52     buildHeap(arrKeys);// implement the sort
53     int count = 0;
54     for(int i = 0; i < arrNodes.length-1; i++){
55         IntList.setNext(arrNodes[i], arrNodes[i+1]);
56         count++;
57     }
58     IntList.setNext(arrNodes[count], 0); // building chain
        return arrNodes[0]; // returning first element of th
e chain
59 }
60 }
61
62 public static void buildHeap(int keys[])
63 {
64     int GetfloorDiv =2;
65     int heapSize = keys.length;
66     // Build heap (rearrange array)
67     for (int i = heapSize / GetfloorDiv - 1; i >= 0;
i--) // set floor down to 1
68         heapify(keys, heapSize, i); // heapify
69
70     int i=heapSize-1;
71     while (i>=0) // extracting elements
72     {
73         int grabber = keys[0]; //
74         keys[0] = keys[i]; // swapping current node
75         keys[i] = grabber; // to end
76
77         int grabberNodes =
arrNodes[0]; // moving array for noedes
        arrNodes[0] = arrNodes[i]; // swapping for curre
78 nt node
79         arrNodes[i] = grabberNodes; // to end
80
81         heapify(keys, i,
0); // removing elements in heap to make it smaller
82         i--;
83     }
84 }
85
86 public static void heapify(int keys[], int length, int i
ndex) { // don't have to subtract 1 because of previously
did in for loop
87     int LgRoot = index; // largest element
88     int left = 2 * index + 1; // left
89     int right =left + 1 ; //right
90
91     if (left < length && keys[left] > keys[LgRoot]) { //left
Child is larger than largest
        LgRoot = left;

```

```

46     for (int x = 0; x < nodes.length; x++) {
47         keys[x] = IntList.getKey(n);
48         nodes[x] = n;
49         n = IntList.getNext(n);
50     }
51     createHeap(keys, nodes);
52     int count = 0;
53     for (int i = 0; i < nodes.length - 1; i++) {
54         IntList.setNext(nodes[i], nodes[i + 1]);
55         count++;
56     }
57     IntList.setNext(nodes[count], 0);
58
59     return nodes[0];
60 }
61
62 public static void createHeap(int keys[], int[] nodes) {
63     for (int i = keys.length / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--)
        heapify(keys, keys.length, i, nodes);
64
65     int i = keys.length - 1;
66     while (i >= 0) {
67         int grabber = keys[0];
68         keys[0] = keys[i];
69         keys[i] = grabber;
70
71         int grabberNodes = nodes[0];
72
73         nodes[0] = nodes[i];
74         nodes[i] = grabberNodes;
75
76         heapify(keys, i, 0, nodes);
77
78         i--;
79     }
80
81     public static void heapify(int keys[], int len, int idx, int
[] nodes) {
82         int root = idx;
83         int l = 2 * idx + 1;
84         int r = l + 1;
85
86         if (l < len && keys[l] > keys[root]) {

```

```
92     }
93     if (right < length && keys[right] >
keys[LgRoot]){ // right Child is larger than largest
94         LgRoot = right;
95     }
96     if (LgRoot != index) // not equal
97     {
98         int swappingLg = keys[index]; // shift elements
99         keys[index] = keys[LgRoot];
100         keys[LgRoot] = swappingLg;
101
102         int swapNode = arrNodes[index]; // shifts nodes
103         arrNodes[index] = arrNodes[LgRoot];
104         arrNodes[LgRoot] = swapNode;
105
106         heapify(keys, length, LgRoot);
107     }
108 }
109 }
```

```
86     root = 1;
87 }
88 if (r < len && keys[r] > keys[root]) {
89     root = r;
90 }
91 if (root != idx) {
92     int swappingLg = keys[idx];
93     keys[idx] = keys[root];
94     keys[root] = swappingLg;
95
96     int swapNode = nodes[idx];
97     nodes[idx] = nodes[root];
98     nodes[root] = swapNode;
99
100     heapify(keys, len, root, nodes);
101 }
102 }
103 }
```