

Computer Graphics and Visualization

Academic year 2025-2026

Software configuration (MS Windows)

Introduction

Steps for installing the development environment that we are going to use in the laboratory sessions: the CLion IDE developed by JetBrains.

CLion installation

This video was recorded a while ago, and the look of the JetBrains website has changed a bit, but the steps are similar to those described below: (Spanish)

<https://youtu.be/bnD8a7uSXYE>

CLion is a cross-platform C/C++ software development IDE (Integrated Development Environment), which can be installed free of charge for educational purposes. You need to create a JetBrains user account through the following link:

<https://www.jetbrains.com/shop/eform/students>

IMPORTANT: use the university account @red.ujaen.to to create the JetBrains account, thus, they can identify you as a student.

Once the user account is created, you can enter your JetBrains profile and link it to your university Google account, if it is more convenient for you, through the following link:

<https://account.jetbrains.com/login>

Once you have created your JetBrains profile, we recommend downloading the JetBrains Toolbox through this link:

<https://www.jetbrains.com/toolbox-app>

When you run the Toolbox, you must access the menu (upper right corner) and link it with your JetBrains account (see figures 1 and 2):

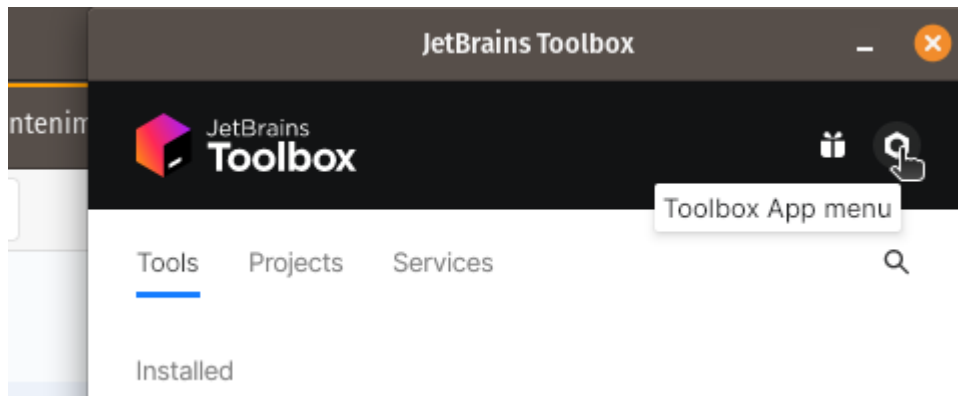


Figure 1

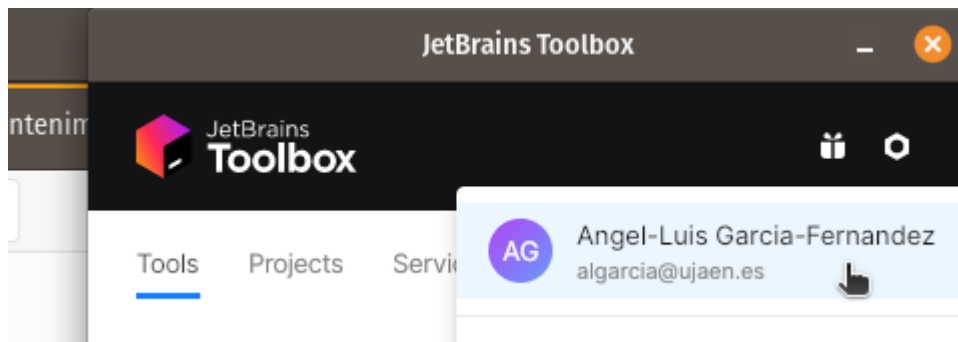


Figure 2

Then, from the Toolbox you can install CLion.

CMake installation

CMake is a tool for automating software construction processes. It's free, and you can download the installer for Windows from its website:

<https://cmake.org/download>

After downloading, run the program (it may be necessary to disable the antivirus during the installation) and follow the steps. It is **very important** that during the installation you indicate that CMake is included in the path of the operating system to all users (Figure 3):

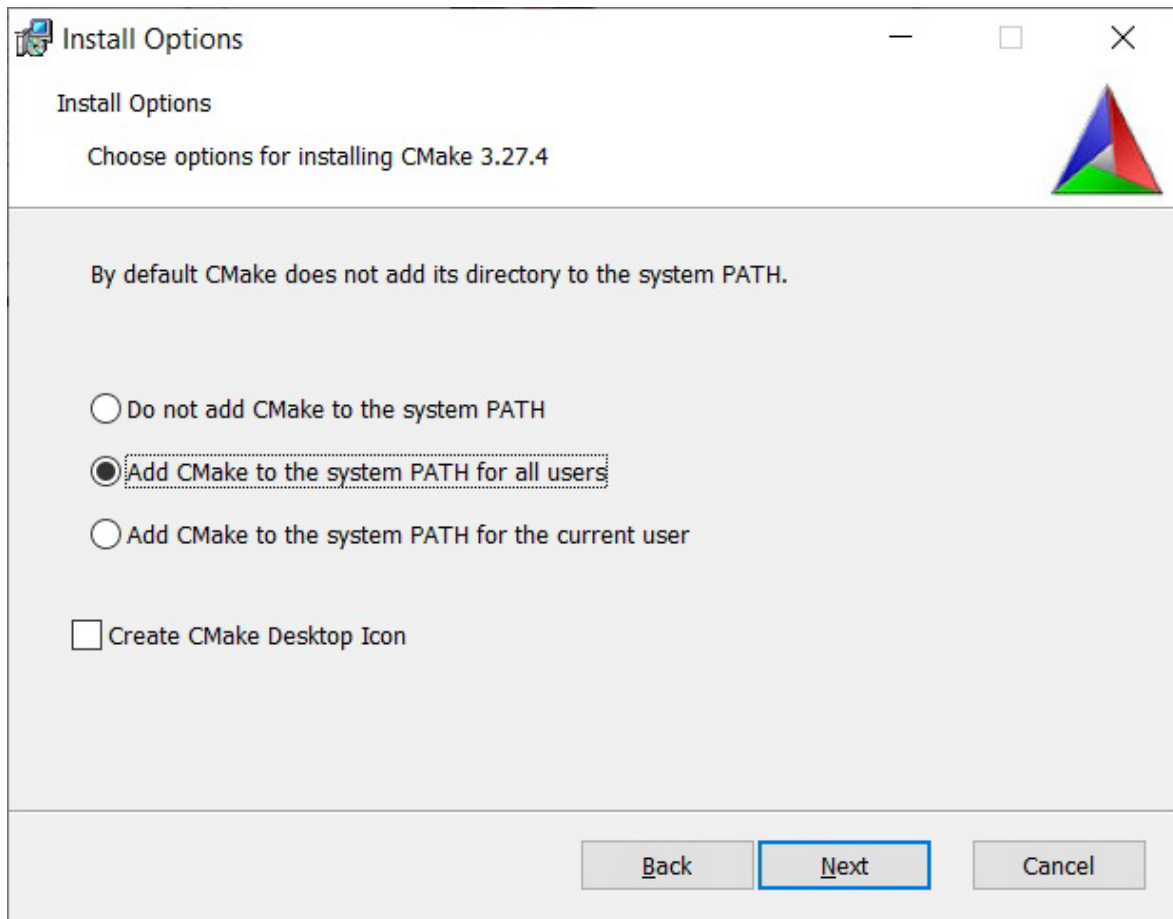


Figure 3

Restart the computer to apply the changes in the path.

Conan installation

Conan is a package manager for C/C++ that makes it easier for us to install the libraries necessary for compiling our source code. We can download the installer for Windows for free from their website:

<https://conan.io/downloads>

Once downloaded, we will run it (it may be necessary to disable the antivirus during installation), and as in the case of CMake, it will be necessary to indicate that conan is added to the system path (Figure 4).

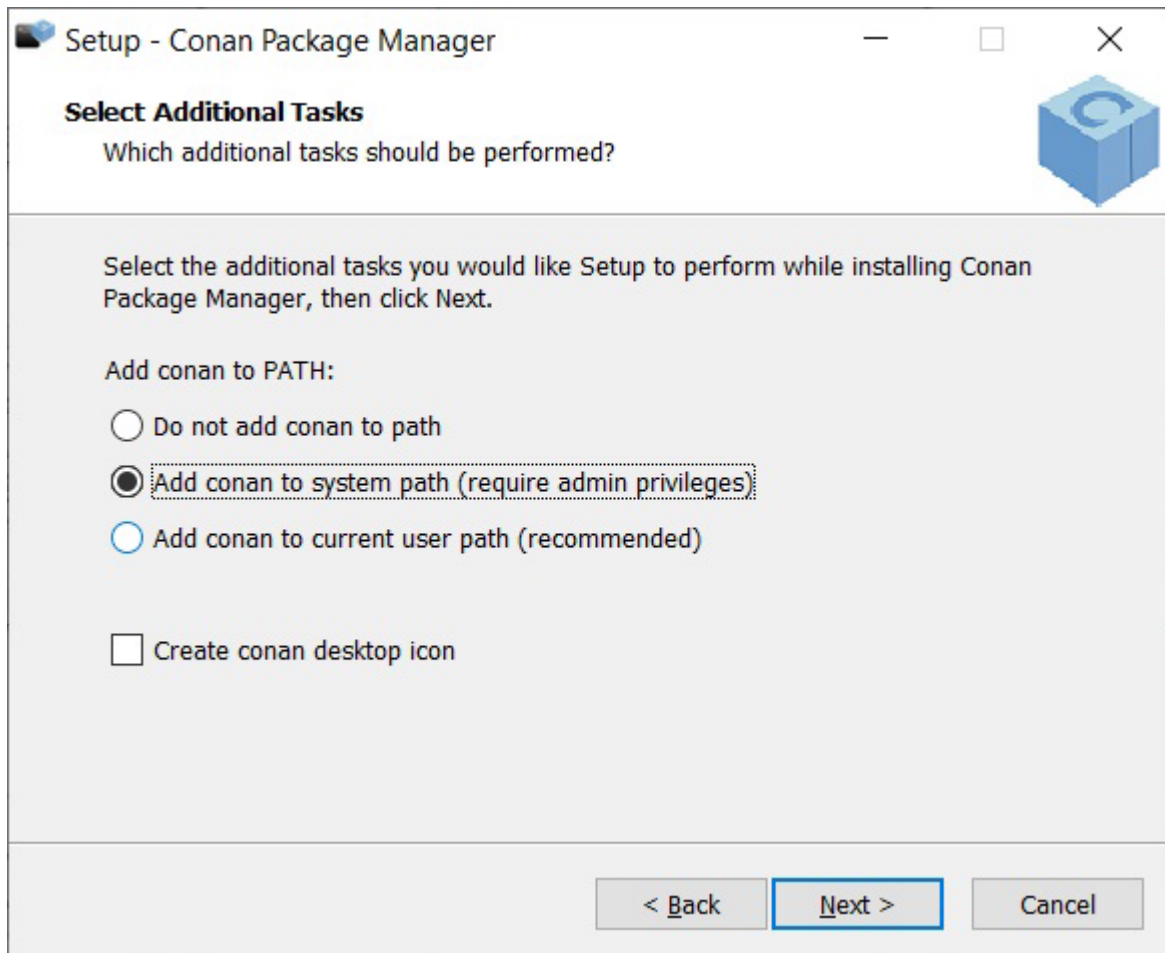


Figure 4

Restart the computer to apply the configuration changes.

NOTE: In the command shell, run the next command:

```
conan profile path default
```

and you will get the path of the *default* profile. It should look like as follows:

```
[settings]
arch=x86_64
build_type=Release
compiler=gcc
compiler.cppstd=gnu17
compiler.libcxx=libstdc++11
compiler.version=11
os=Windows
```

If it uses *msvc* instead of *gcc*, edit and change the *default profile*.

Conan plugin for CLion

In the CLion configuration it will be necessary to install a plugin so that it communicates with the conan installation that we have just made. We can access the CLion settings through the application menus (Figure 5), and search for the corresponding plugin in the marketplace (Figure 6)

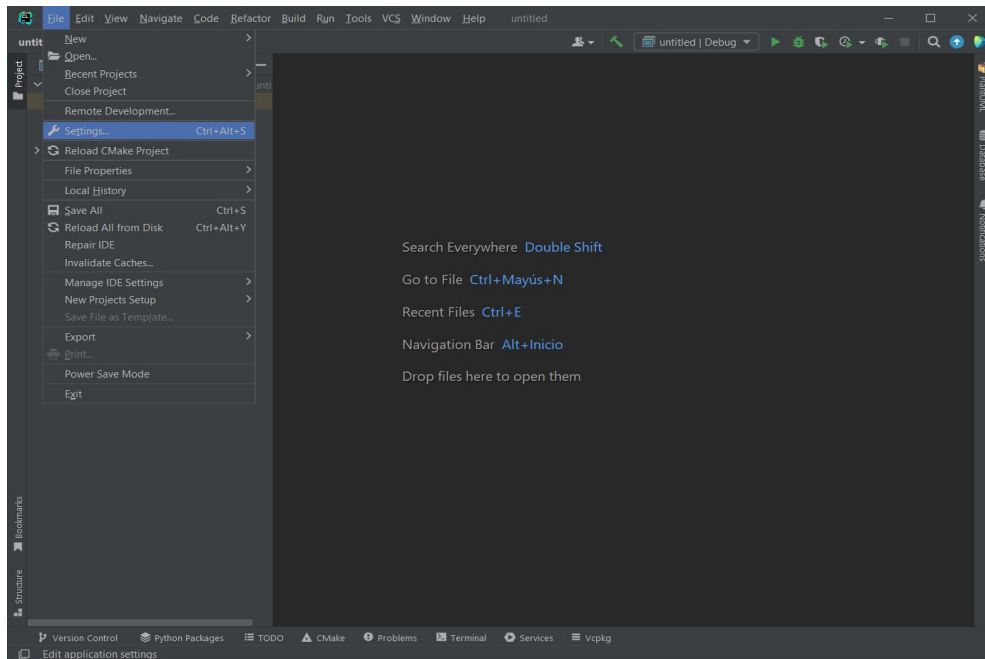


Figure 5

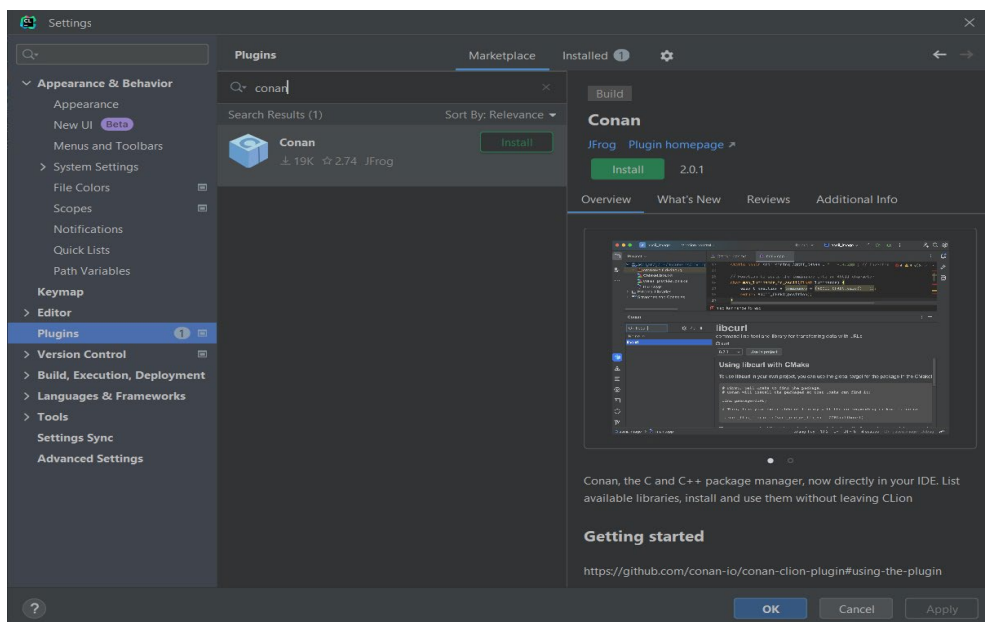


Figure 6

Test projects in the new environment

The projects of the practices are already configured with the corresponding libraries. When you open them with CLion, you will see that some CMake errors appear (Figure 7) which are due to the lack of configuring the conan plugin for the project. To do this, you just have to access the conan tab in the bottom panel of CLion, click on the settings button (the wrench - Figure 8) and check the “Use system conan installation” option (Figure 9). Once this is done, the project will be automatically reconfigured, and you will be able to run and work with your projects.

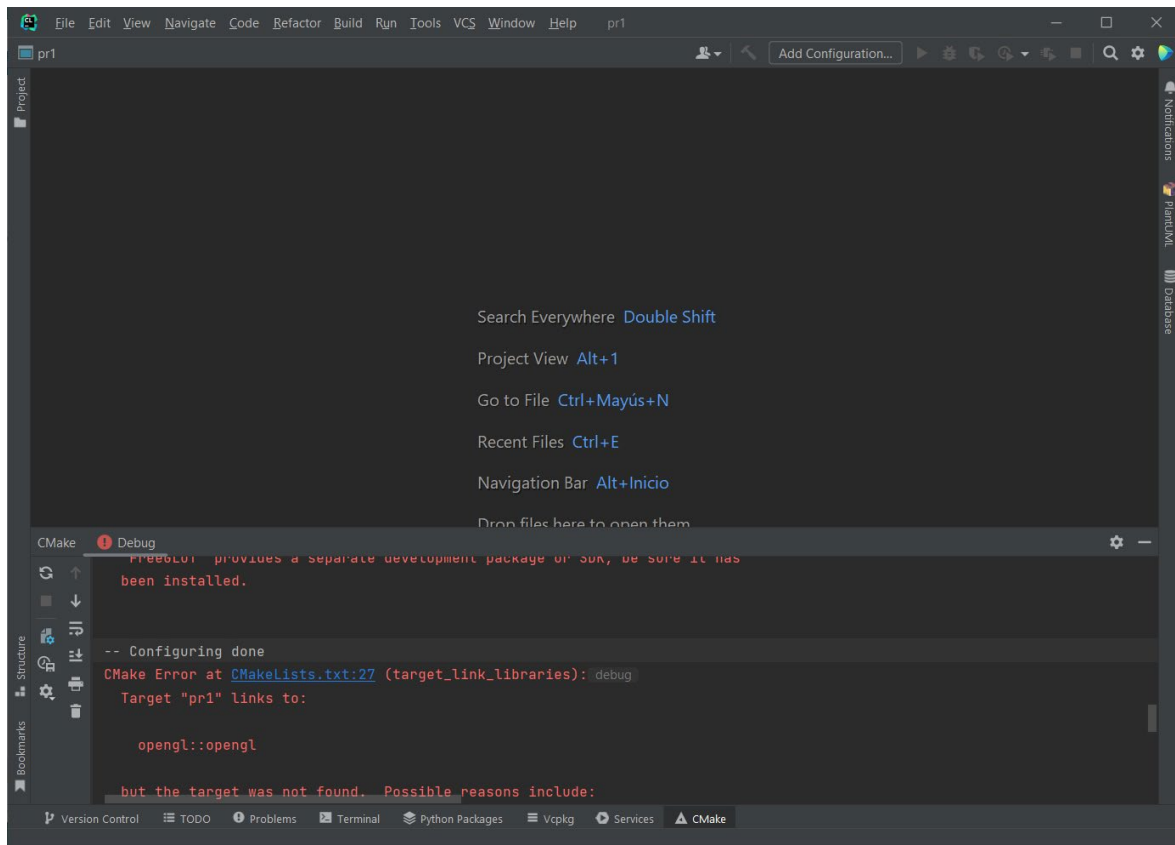


Figure 7

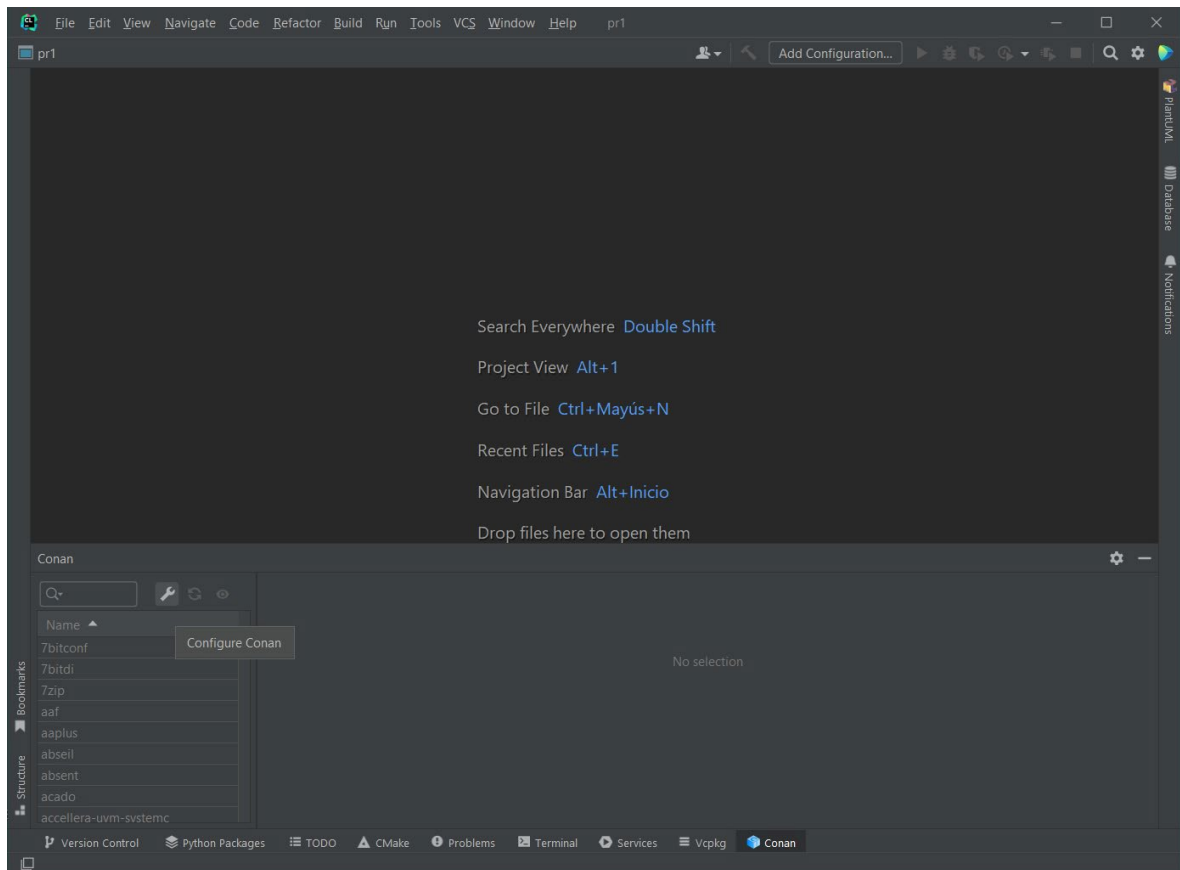


Figure 8

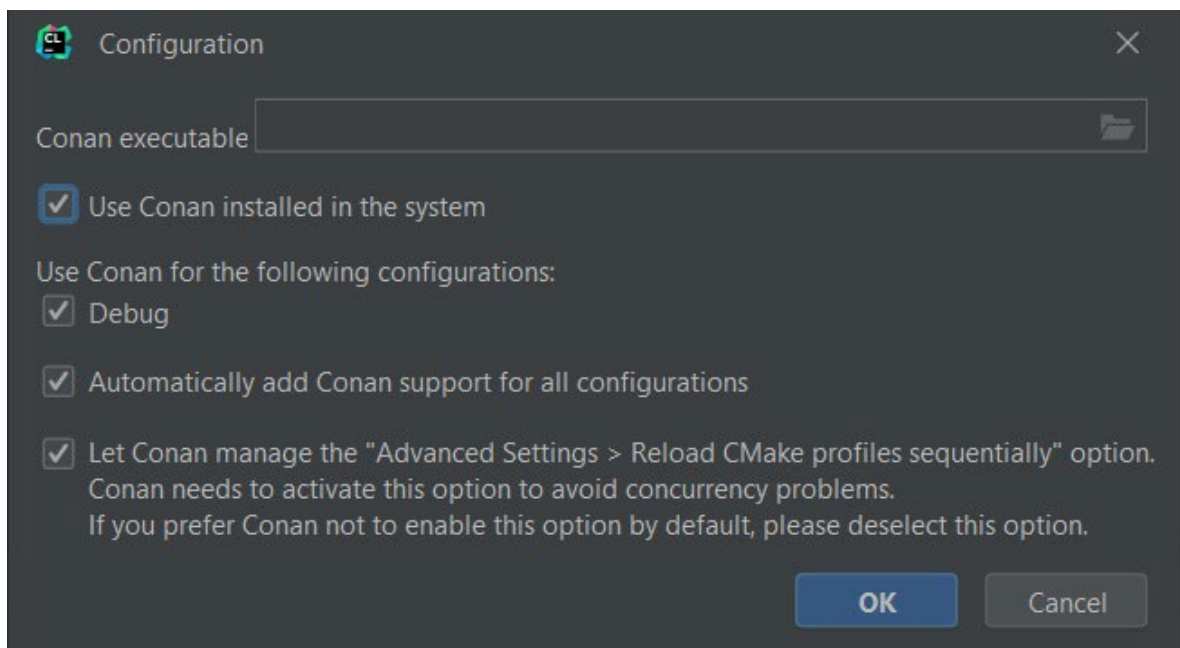


Figure 9

Creating new projects

The use of the conan plugin is described on this website. Here's how to add libraries to a project automatically:

<https://blog.conan.io/introducing-new-conan-clion-plugin>

En nuestros proyectos necesitaremos instalar las bibliotecas

- OpenGL
- OpenGL registry
- FreeGLUT

Tal y como se explica en la web, solo tienes que:

- Cambiar la configuración del plugin para indicarle que utilice la instalación de conan del sistema (Figuras 8 y 9).
- Buscar en la ventana del plugin de conan las bibliotecas.
- Añadir las al proyecto haciendo clic en el botón de “Usar en el proyecto”
- Será necesario hacer cambios en el archivo CMakeLists.txt del proyecto. En los proyectos de partida que te damos puedes ver ejemplos de configuración que puedes adaptar.

In our projects we will need to install the libraries

- OpenGL
- OpenGL registry
- FreeGLUT

As explained on the website, you just have to:

- Change the plugin settings to use the system conan installation (Figures 8 and 9).
- Search the conan plugin window for libraries.
- Add them to the project by clicking the “Use in project” button
- Changes will need to be made to the project's CMakeLists.txt file. In the starting projects, you can see configuration examples that you can adapt.

Software installation/configuration for GNU/Linux systems based on Debian/Ubuntu

Introduction

On these systems, there is no need to use conan to install the necessary libraries.

Libraries installation

To install the libraries, it will be enough to use the package manager. The quickest way is through a terminal.

If we do not yet have the application development tools installed (compiler, debugger...), we can install them by running: *sudo apt-get install build-essential*

If we already have the tools installed, by installing the FreeGLUT package and accepting the dependencies it needs, everything necessary is already installed:

```
sudo apt-get install freeglut3-dev
```

CLion installation

To run the ToolBox, the library *libfuse* should be installed:

```
sudo apt-get install libfuse2
```

The steps for installing CLion are similar to those indicated for Windows. When the ToolBox, is downloaded, it will be in the form of a compressed file in .tar.gz format. Then, unzip and run it.

Test projects in the new environment

Once the project is opened with CLion, CMake will automatically configure the compilation of the project. If the libraries are installed correctly, they will be added automatically.

Creating new projects

When the project is created, edit the CMakeLists.txt file to add the libraries that need to be linked. In the original projects of the practices, there are examples that you can transfer to your project.