How to Use strsplit Function

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strsplit Command and How to use it.

strsplit command is the main command we use to split the string variable based on a specific separator. However, it can be troublesome to use it effectively since the output from the command will always return list object and list object can be a little bit problematic to deal with, especially for those who never have experience in programming before. Here's take a look a the outputs of strsplit

```
## name birthday
## 1 Mary 01/01/2000
## 2 Michael 10/22/1988
## 3 Jane 09/18/1999
## 4 John 03/02/1995
```

We have a data frame that contain name and birthday. Now, our task will be to extract the birthday column into day, month, and year. We can see that the value of birthday is structured by usinf "/" as a separator. In this case, we can use "/" as a separator for strsplit command to divide the information.

```
birthday_split <- strsplit(data1$birthday, "/")
birthday_split</pre>
```

```
## [[1]]
## [1] "01"
                "01"
                        "2000"
##
## [[2]]
   [1] "10"
                        "1988"
##
                "22"
##
## [[3]]
## [1] "09"
                        "1999"
                "18"
##
## [[4]]
                "02"
                        "1995"
## [1] "03"
```

You can see the outputs from the command. It is in the list object and it can be troublesome to deal with.

birthday split[1]

```
## [[1]]
## [1] "01" "01" "2000"
```

If you want to only copy the first element of the list which contains the value of month and we index by using [1], or [[1]], instead of getting the first columns, we will get the information from the first row.

In this case, we will use sapply command to apply the command (index command) to the whole list. We will talk about the lapply, and sapply command later in this semester but for strsplit you can copy and modify these commands to use in your project.

```
sapply(strsplit_output, `[`, 1)
```

You subtitue strsplit_output with your own outputs or you can use strsplit command inside this

```
structure. Then, you replace the value 1 with the column index in the list that you want to extract. Here's
example.
## save the ouputs to another object before append to the data frame
birthday_split <- strsplit(data1$birthday, "/")</pre>
data1$month <- sapply(birthday_split, `[`, 1)</pre>
data1
##
        name
               birthday month
## 1
        Mary 01/01/2000
## 2 Michael 10/22/1988
                            10
## 3
        Jane 09/18/1999
                            09
## 4
        John 03/02/1995
                            03
## split the string and then append immediately
data1$day <- sapply(strsplit(data1$birthday, "/"), `[`, 2)</pre>
data1$year <- sapply(strsplit(data1$birthday, "/"), `[`, 3)</pre>
data1
##
        name
               birthday month day year
## 1
        Mary 01/01/2000
                            01 01 2000
## 2 Michael 10/22/1988
                            10 22 1988
## 3
        Jane 09/18/1999
                            09 18 1999
```

John 03/02/1995

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03 02 1995