

Swift, an Introduction

Setup, Demo, Variables, Types, print()
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What is Swift, and Why?

"Swift 3 - The powerful programming language that is also easy to learn"

-Apple

- Transitions well to App Programming (uses Swift + Java)
- Transitions well to Robot Programming (uses C++)



Environment Setup

Follow ALL the Directions Here:

https://github.com/frc1678/vagrant-box

Demo "vagrant up"



Constants

What is a Constant?

- Name Attached to a Value
- The Value Can Not Be Changed After Creation

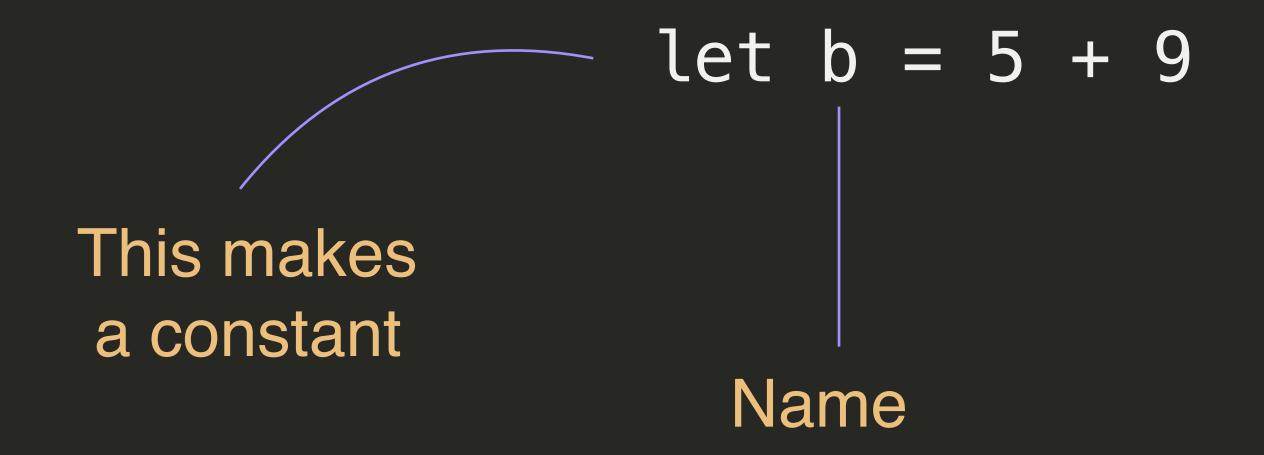
Examples

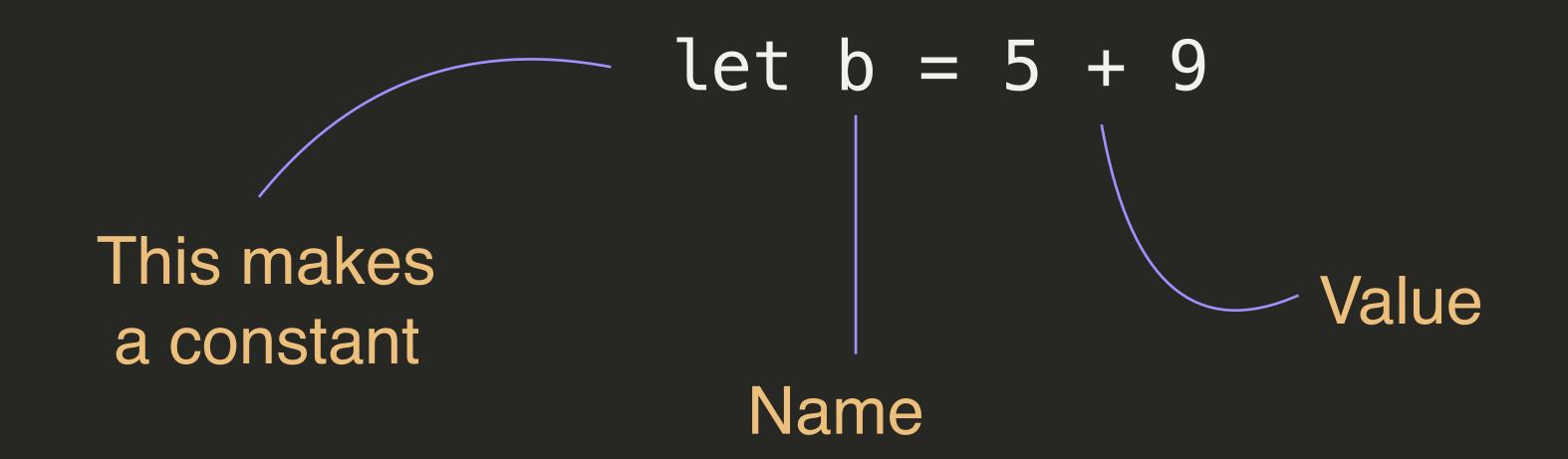
```
let a = 5
let b = 5 + 9
let c = 8.72
let name = "Donald"
```

let
$$b = 5 + 9$$

let b = 5 + 9

This makes a constant







Types

What Are Types?

- Categories for different kinds of data
 - Int: 5, 9, 2, -8, etc.
 - Whole numbers only!
 - · Double: 1.3, 8, -98.3, etc.
 - Any decimal number!
 - String: "Ash", "W", "Donald"
 - Text only!

EVERY Constant Has a Type

- Swift guesses the type of your constant
 - This makes your code clearer and more concise
- You do need to understand types, since this doesn't always work
- Example:

Demo Constants and Types

Sometimes Swift Guesses Wrong

```
1 > let angle = 45
angle: Int = 45
  2> let delta = 10.5
delta: Double = 10.5
  3> let angle2 = angle + delta
error: repl.swift:3:20: error: binary
operator '+' cannot be applied to operands of
type 'Int' and 'Double'
```

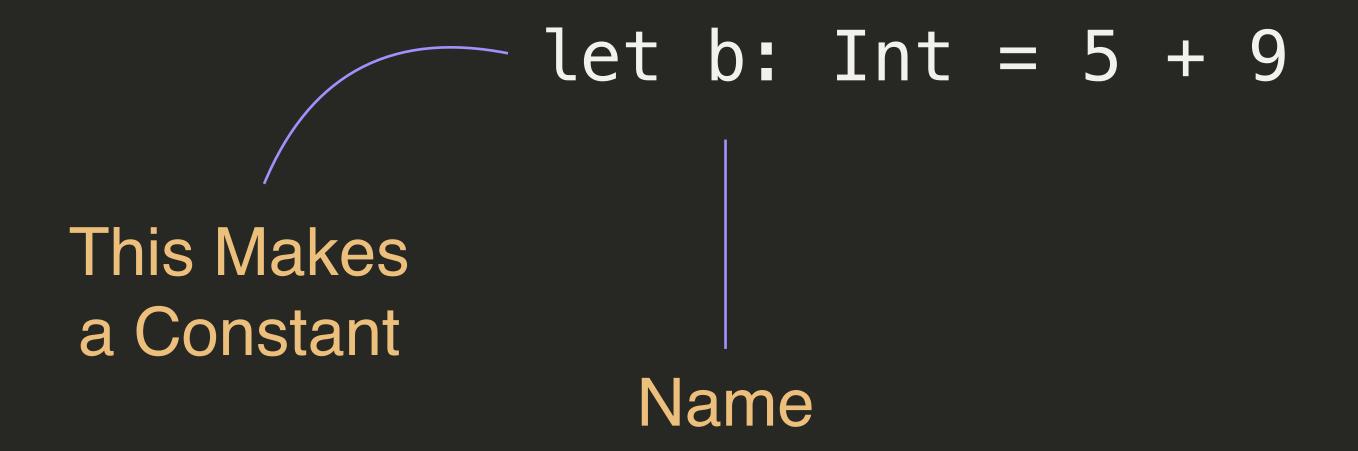
Tell Swift the Type Directly

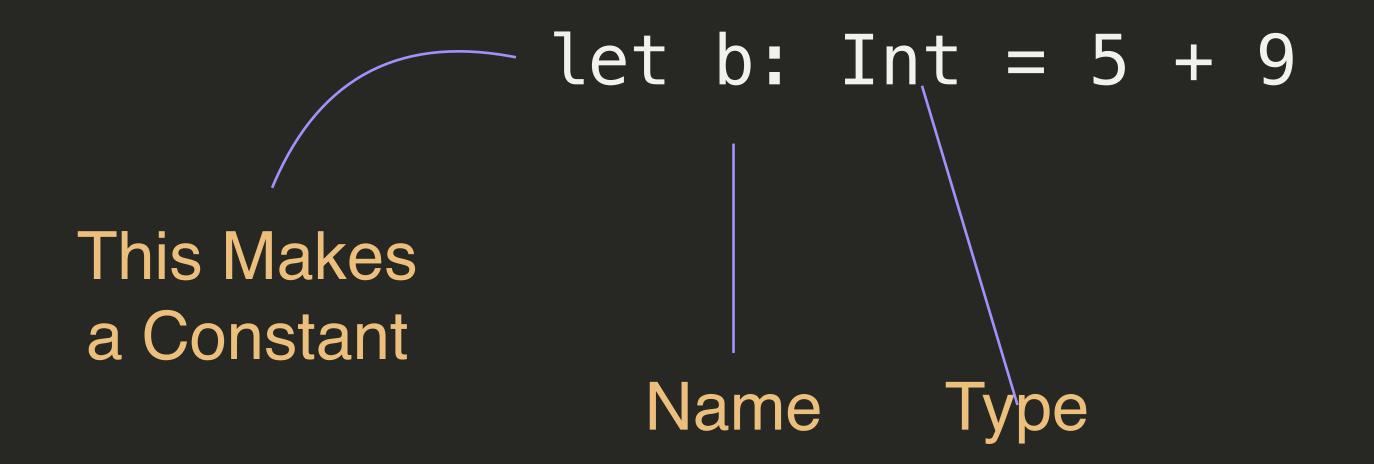
```
1> let angle: Double = 45
angle: Double = 45
2> let delta = 10.5
delta: Double = 10.5
3> let angle2 = angle + delta
angle2: Double = 55.5
```

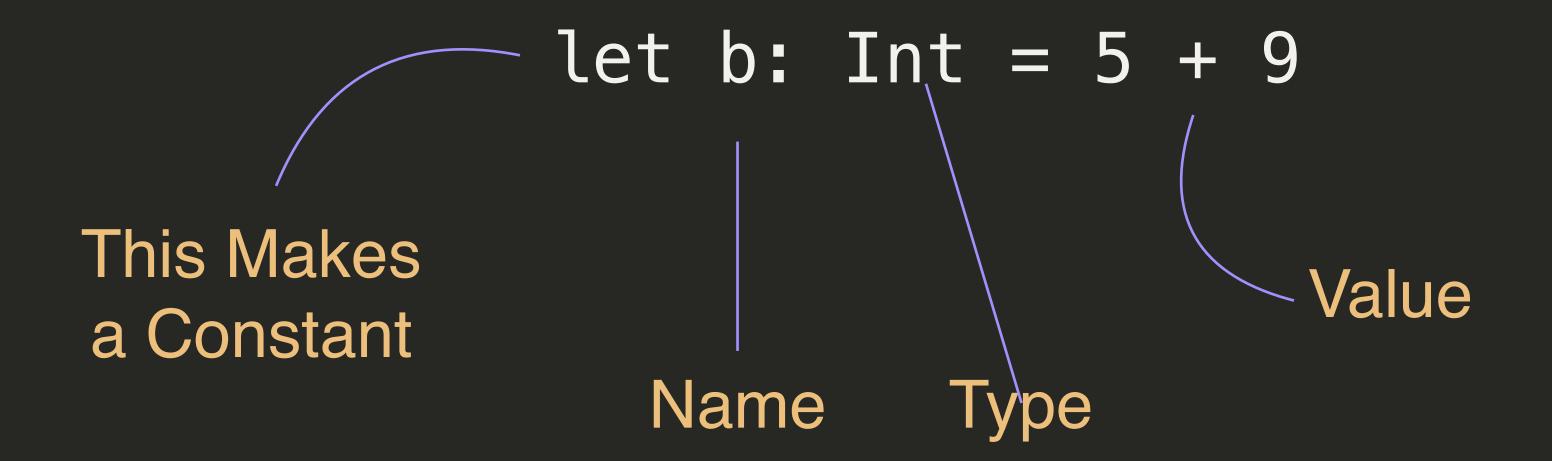
```
let b: Int = 5 + 9
```

```
let b: Int = 5 + 9

This Makes
a Constant
```







What Types Are There?

- MANY MANY MANY TYPES!!!
- For Now, Only Know:
 - let a: Int = 6
 - let b: Double = 4.2
 - let c: String = "Donald"



Program Output

print() Command for Output

```
1> print("Donald")
Donald
 2> print(5*98.4)
492.0
  3> print("Donald is \((21 * 12) months old")
Donald is 252 months old
  4 > let team = 1678
team: Int = 1678
  5> print("Donald is \setminus (21 * 12) months old, and mentors
team \(team)")
Donald is 252 months old, and mentors team 1678
```



How to Actually Run Code

2 Ways to Run Code

- For experimenting, use the REPL
 - · Run the command "swift", and then type code line by line to experiment
 - Type ":q" and hit enter to quit
- For final programs use a file
 - Write your code in a file, for example, "hw1.swift"
 - Then run the command "swift hw1.swift", or whatever your file is named.
 - If you use ~/Documents in vagrant, it will be synced to your computer.
 - See demo screenshot walkthrough, which will be emailed out.