Variables, Arithmetic, String Interpolation

Donald Pinckney and Ash Dreyer

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Constants vs. Variables

Constants Review

- Constants Have:
 - Name
 - · Type CAN NOT CHANGE
 - · Value CAN NOT CHANGE

Can Not Change a Constant

```
1> let x = 6
x: Int = 6
2> x = 7
error: repl.swift:2:3: error: cannot assign to
value: 'x' is a 'let' constant
```

- You can do A LOT with only constants
- You are encouraged to use constants as much as possible, as it leads to better code
- Sometimes, you do want to change the value later though

let
$$b = 5 + 9$$

$$b = 5 + 9$$

$$var b = 5 + 9$$

Variable Example

```
1> var x = 6
x: Int = 6
2> print(x)
6
3> x = 7
4> print(x)
7
```



- Mostly what you expect
 - let x = 5 * 12
 - let y = (x + 5) * (x 3) // 0rder of operations!
- Use % to compute remainder.
 - let x = 12 % 5 // This is 2
 - Called the "modulo" operator

Swift only lets you do arithmetic with things of the same type

```
1> let x = 5 * 12.5
x: Double = 62.5
2> let y = 3 + 4
y: Int = 7
3> let z = x * y
error: repl.swift:3:11: error: binary operator '*'
cannot be applied to operands of type 'Double' and 'Int'
```

- If you need, force an Int into a Double, or a Double into an Int:
- let z = x * Double(y)
- let a = b * Int(c)

- Other arithmetic gotchas
 - Do NOT use ^ for exponents. It does not do this!
 - import Foundation
 - Put this as the first line in your code
 - let x: Double = pow(5, 2) // This is 25
 - Need to put Double, as otherwise Swift doesn't know what pow to use



String Interpolation

print() Command for Output

```
1> print("Donald")
Donald
 2> print(5*98.4)
492.0
  3> print("Donald is \((21 * 12) months old")
Donald is 252 months old
  4 > let team = 1678
team: Int = 1678
  5> print("Donald is \setminus (21 * 12) months old, and mentors
team \(team)")
Donald is 252 months old, and mentors team 1678
```

String Interpolation

- You can do this outside of print()
 - let firstName = "Donald"
 - let lastName = "Pinckney"
 - let name = "\(firstName) \(lastName)"
- You can put most valid Swift code inside the \
 - let text = "Remainder of 12/5 is \((12 % 5))"



Getting User Input

First, Get Input as a String

- let inputtedText = readLine()!
- · The ! is necessary, you will learn about it later

Then, Convert it to an Int or Double

- let inputtedText = readLine()!
- let inputtedInt = Int(inputtedText)!
- · Again, the ! is necessary.

Or, All in One Step

• let inputtedInt = Int(readLine()!)!