Grammar in Levels

Adapted from: https://www.robinsoncrusoeinlevels.com/ and

To be

Lesson 1

Affirmatives

I am You are

We are He/she/it is

You are They are

Negatives

I am not You are not

We are not He is not

You are not They are not

Question

Am I? Are you?

Are we? Is he?

Are you? **Are** they?

These are forms of the verb **to be** in the present. We use the verb **to be** in the present in about 25% of sentences in spoken English.

Examples

My name is Robinson. I am from England. I am eighteen years old. My father is German. My mother is English. We are a good family.

ROBINSON CRUSOE – CHAPTER 1 – FAMILY

My name is Robinson. I am from England. I am eighteen years old. My father is German. My mother is English. I have two brothers. I have one sister. We are a good family.

My father is a good businessman. We have money. I have a good school. I have a good life. But I have a **dream**. I **want** to **travel**. I want to **see** the **world**.

My father is a good man. He wants the **best** for me. But my dream is not his dream. He is not happy. The **situation** is not **easy**.

It is **morning**. My father is in his **room**. He wants to **speak** with me. I go to his room. My father has some questions. My father wants to **know why** I want to travel.

My father says, "Travelling is dangerous. Travelling is not comfortable. You can die."

I think about it. Travelling is dangerous. It is not comfortable. I can die. But it is also very interesting. I can see new countries. I can meet new people.

I think about travelling every day. Maybe my mother can help me.

I speak with my mother. I **tell** my mother, "I want to travel. I want to see the world. Please, speak with my father. Maybe with your help, I can travel."

My mother **loves** me. But she thinks **that** travelling is dangerous. She thinks that my **place** is at home. She thinks that life in England is the **best** for me.

One year **later**, I **visit** one big **town**. The **name** of this town is Hull.

I meet my friend. His father has a **ship**. They travel to London. My friend tells me, "Go with me."

I think about it. I am not **prepared**. But I can **try if** travelling is for me.

I go to London. I am very happy. It is my **first** long **journey**. It is very interesting. The first **hour** is good. But **then** we have **problems**. We see a **storm**. The storm is big. The **wind** is **strong**. The ship goes **up** and **down**. I have **fear**. I think about my home. I think about my comfortable bed.

The storm is **finished** in the morning. The **weather** is **nice**. And the **evening** is **beautiful**. **Everything** is **quiet**.

One man **comes** to me. We speak. We speak about the storm. I speak about my fear. The man **gives** me a **drink**. I drink very **much**. I **sleep** very **well** at **night**.

The **next** day, I **forget** about my home. I forget about my comfortable bed. I dream **more** about travelling.

Present simple

Lesson 2

Affirmative

I work
We work
You work
You work
They work

Negatives

I don't workYou don't workWe don't workHe doesn't workYou don't workThey don't work

Ouestion

Do I work?
Do we work?
Do you work?
Do you work?
Do they work?

The name of this grammar is the **present simple**. We use the **present simple** when we speak about things which happen in our lives.

We use the **present simple** in about 30% of sentences in spoken English. Examples

I **travel** to Africa. I **do** business in Africa. I **have** a lot of money. I **want** to do more business. I **go** to Africa again.

ROBINSON CRUSOE – CHAPTER 2 – STORM

The next day, **our** ship is **slow because** the wind is not strong.

Then the wind is strong again. We go fast. A new storm comes. This storm is bigger.

I am **scared**. The men are scared **too**. The **waves** are very big. The waves are **like mountains**. I see **other** ships. The ships are like **toys**. The waves **play** with the ships. I want to go home again.

The storm is very big. The men ask God for help.

Then, one man sees a **hole** in the ship. Water is **inside**. It is a **bad** situation.

Many men go down. They **pump** the water **out**. I am very scared. I **can't move**. One man comes to me. He says, "Go down and help." **So** I go down. We pump the water out.

I hear a **gun**. It is a **signal** from our **captain**. It is a signal that we have a big problem. Our ship is very **broken**. Our ship is **full** of water.

We **work** very **hard**. We pump the water out. But the hole is very big. More and more water is inside the ship.

The weather is **better**. The waves are **smaller**. But the ship is full of water. We **need** help. We see **another** ship before our ship. The men from the ship **send** a small **boat**. The men on the boat go to our ship. The men help **us**. We go on **their** boat.

Fifteen **minutes** later, our big ship goes under water. We are **safe** on the small boat. We see a **land**. We go to the land.

We see people on the **beach**. They **wait** for us. They help us. They give us **some** money. We can go to London or Hull. I go to London.

When I am in London, I meet a captain. The captain goes to Africa. I think that I can **make** some money **there**.

The captain tells me about the business in Africa. He tells me **what** to **buy** in England. He tells me what people in Africa need.

The journey to Africa is very good. I have **a lot of** money **after** this journey. I am happy. I want to travel more. I want to **do** more business. I want to **learn** how to **control** the ship. The captain **teaches** me how to control the ship.

I go to Africa again. The journey starts **well**. But **soon** we have big problems. We see a ship. It is not an English ship. It is a **pirate** ship. The pirates want to **take** our ship. Their ship is fast. Soon, they are **near** our ship.

The pirates **attack** us. Many pirates go on our ship. They **kill** our men. We can't **win**. We stop the **fight**. Now, we are **prisoners**.

Can

Lesson 3

Affirmative

I can You can
We can He/she/it can
You can They can

Negatives

I can't
We can't
You can't
You can't
They can't

Question

Can I?Can you?Can we?Can he?Can you?Can they?

The verb **can** is a modal verb. We use **can** with other verbs. For example, **I can go. You can go. He can play.**

We use **can** in about 8% of sentences in spoken English. Examples

I can see new countries. I can meet new people. I can do more business.

ROBINSON CRUSOE – CHAPTER 3 – WOMAN

I am **young** and **strong**. I **must** work **as** a **slave**. I work for the **captain** of the pirates. I **feel** very **sad**. I have a **bad** life. I must work hard.

I work every day. I work in the house. I work in the garden. The captain tells me what to do.

I don't like my work. I want to **change** my situation. I want to be **free** again.

It is morning. I meet a young woman. She works in the house. She is so beautiful. She is also a slave. She **cleans** the house.

I speak with her. She doesn't speak my language. But I feel that she understands me.

When she sees me, she is happy. And I am happy too.

Sometimes she **touches** me. But it is **only** a **short** moment. Slaves can't be **together**.

I think about the young woman very **often**. I want to meet her every day. But she is not in the house every day. When I think about her, I have a nice **feeling** in my body. I think that I love this woman. I think that she is my **girlfriend** and I am her **boyfriend**. But our love is **complicated**. We can't **live** together. It is very sad.

Sometimes I **fish** with the captain or his friends. A young boy helps us. We **use** a small boat **when** we fish.

One morning, when we fish, we are **lost**. **Fog** is **around** our boat. We see **nothing**. We can't go home.

The next day, the fog is **away**. We can go home.

When we are **back** home, the captain says, "Use a bigger boat."

The bigger boat is better for long journeys.

One day, the captain tells me, "Put more food and drinks on the boat. Bring some guns too."

The captain wants to fish with his friends.

I **prepare** the boat. I put food and guns on the ship. But the captain's friends don't want to fish.

Then, the captain tells me, "Prepare the boat for usual fishing for the next day."

This is my **chance**. I can **run** away. A lot of food and guns are on the boat. I prepare the boat for fishing. But I **leave** the food and guns on the boat. Tomorrow, I can run away. This is my **plan**.

I think about the young woman. I want to take her with me. But I don't know how to do it. It is not **possible** to take her on the boat. I am sad. I don't know what to do. I want to be free. But my **heart** wants to be with her.

It is the morning. I meet the young woman in the house. She is so beautiful.

I **look** at her. She knows that **something** is **different**. Maybe she understands that this is our **last** moment together. She looks in my **eyes**. She touches my hand. I think that she understands.

Her **face** is sad. My face is sad too. She smiles at me. Then, she goes away. This is our last moment together.