WORKBOOK EXAMPLES CHAPTER 3 MATH 1100

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OUTLINE

1 §3.5: Solving Equations & Inequalities w/ Abs. Value

For a > 0 and an algebraic expression x:

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$$|x| = a$$

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$$|x| = a$$

is equivalent to

For a > 0 and an algebraic expression x:

$$|x| = a$$

is equivalent to

$$x = a$$
 or $x = -a$.

Solve

$$|x| = 5.$$

Solve

$$|x| = 5.$$

Solve

$$|x| = 5.$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 5, x = -5.$$

Solve

$$|5x| = 4$$
.

Solve

$$|5x| = 4.$$

Solve

$$|5x| = 4$$
.

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $x = 4, 5x = -4$

Solve

$$|5x| = 4$$
.

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $x = 4, 5x = -4$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{4}{5}, x = -\frac{4}{5}.$$

Solve

$$|x - 3| = 5.$$

Solve

$$|x - 3| = 5.$$

Solve

$$|x - 3| = 5.$$

$$\Rightarrow x - 3 = 5, x - 3 = -5$$

Solve

$$|x - 3| = 5.$$

$$\Rightarrow x - 3 = 5, x - 3 = -5$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $x = 8, x = -2.$

Solve

$$|x+2|-5=9.$$

Solve

$$|x+2|-5=9.$$

Solve

$$|x+2|-5=9.$$

$$\Rightarrow |x+2|=14$$

Solve

$$|x+2|-5=9.$$

$$\Rightarrow |x+2|=14$$

$$\Rightarrow x + 2 = 14, x + 2 = -14$$

Solve

$$|x+2|-5=9.$$

$$\Rightarrow |x+2|=14$$

$$\Rightarrow x + 2 = 14, x + 2 = -14$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $x = 12, x = -16.$

Solve

$$|x-4|+3=9.$$

Solve

$$|x-4|+3=9.$$

Solve

$$|x-4|+3=9.$$

$$\Rightarrow |x-4|=6$$

Solve

$$|x-4|+3=9.$$

$$\Rightarrow |x-4|=6$$

$$\Rightarrow x - 4 = 6, x - 4 = -6$$

Solve

$$|x-4|+3=9.$$

$$\Rightarrow |x-4|=6$$

$$\Rightarrow x - 4 = 6, x - 4 = -6$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $x = 10, x = -2.$

Solve

$$9 - |x - 2| = 7.$$

Solve

$$9 - |x - 2| = 7.$$

Solve

$$9 - |x - 2| = 7.$$

$$\Rightarrow -|x-2| = -2$$

Solve

$$9 - |x - 2| = 7.$$

$$\Rightarrow -|x-2|=-2$$

$$\Rightarrow |x-2|=2$$

Solve

$$9 - |x - 2| = 7.$$

$$\Rightarrow -|x-2|=-2$$

$$\Rightarrow |x-2|=2$$

$$\Rightarrow x - 2 = 2, x - 2 = -2$$

Solve

$$9 - |x - 2| = 7.$$

$$\Rightarrow -|x-2|=-2$$

$$\Rightarrow |x-2|=2$$

$$\Rightarrow x - 2 = 2, x - 2 = -2$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $x = 4, x = 0.$

Solve

$$5 - |4x + 3| = 2.$$

Solve

$$5 - |4x + 3| = 2.$$

Solve

$$5 - |4x + 3| = 2.$$

$$\Rightarrow -|4x+3|=-3$$

Solve

$$5 - |4x + 3| = 2.$$

$$\Rightarrow -|4x+3|=-3$$

$$\Rightarrow |4x + 3| = 3$$

Solve

$$5 - |4x + 3| = 2.$$

$$\Rightarrow -|4x+3|=-3$$

$$\Rightarrow |4x + 3| = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x + 3 = 3, 4x + 3 = -3$$

Solve

$$5 - |4x + 3| = 2$$
.

$$\Rightarrow -|4x+3|=-3$$

$$\Rightarrow |4x + 3| = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x + 3 = 3, 4x + 3 = -3$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 0, x = -\frac{3}{2}.$$

When a = 0, |x| = a is equivalent to x = 0.

When a = 0, |x| = a is equivalent to x = 0. Note that for a < 0, |x| = a has no solution,

When a=0, |x|=a is equivalent to x=0. Note that for a<0, |x|=a has *no* solution, because the absolute value of an expression is never negative.

When a=0, |x|=a is equivalent to x=0. Note that for a<0, |x|=a has *no* solution, because the absolute value of an expression is never negative. The solution set is the *empty set*, denoted \emptyset .

Solve

$$|x-4|+3=0.$$

Solve

$$|x-4|+3=0.$$

Solve

$$|x-4|+3=0.$$

$$\Rightarrow |x-4|=-3,$$

Solve

$$|x-4|+3=0.$$

SOLUTION:

$$\Rightarrow |x-4|=-3,$$

but this equation has no solution,

Solve

$$|x-4|+3=0.$$

SOLUTION:

$$\Rightarrow |x-4|=-3$$
,

but this equation has no solution, i.e. the solution set is \emptyset .

Inequalities sometimes contain absolute-value notation.

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The following properties are used to solve them.

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For a > 0 and an algebraic expression x:

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The following properties are used to solve them.

For a > 0 and an algebraic expression x:

$$|x| < a$$
 is equivalent to $-a < x < a$,
 $|x| > a$ is equivalent to $x < -a$ or $x > a$.

Inequalities sometimes contain absolute-value notation.

The following properties are used to solve them.

For a > 0 and an algebraic expression x:

$$|x| < a$$
 is equivalent to $-a < x < a$,
 $|x| > a$ is equivalent to $x < -a$ or $x > a$.

Similar statements hold for $|x| \le a$ and $|x| \ge a$.

For example,

For example,

|x| < 3 is equivalent to -3 < x < 3.

For example,

$$|x| < 3$$
 is equivalent to $-3 < x < 3$.

$$|y| \ge 1$$
 is equivalent to $y \le -1$ or $y \ge 1$.

For example,

$$|x| < 3$$
 is equivalent to $-3 < x < 3$.

$$|y| \ge 1$$
 is equivalent to $y \le -1$ or $y \ge 1$.

$$|2x + 3| \le 4$$
 is equivalent o $-4 \le 2x + 3 \le 4$.

Solve

$$|x| < 5$$
.

Solve

$$|x| < 5$$
.

Solve

$$|x| < 5$$
.

$$\Rightarrow -5 < x < 5$$
,

Solve

$$|x| < 5$$
.

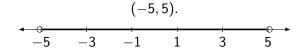
$$\Rightarrow -5 < x < 5$$
,

$$(-5,5)$$
.

Solve

$$|x| < 5$$
.

$$\Rightarrow -5 < x < 5$$
,



Solve

$$|x| \ge 6$$
.

Solve

$$|x| \ge 6$$
.

Solve

$$|x| \ge 6$$
.

$$\Rightarrow x \le -6 \text{ or } x \ge 6$$
,

Solve

$$|x| \ge 6$$
.

$$\Rightarrow x \le -6 \text{ or } x \ge 6$$
,

$$(-\infty, -6] \bigcup [6, \infty).$$

Solve

$$|x| \ge 6$$
.

$$\Rightarrow x \le -6 \text{ or } x \ge 6$$
,

$$(-\infty, -6] \bigcup [6, \infty).$$
 $-10 \quad -6 \quad -2 \quad 2 \quad 6 \quad 10$

Solve

$$|x + 6| \le 10.$$

Solve

$$|x + 6| \le 10.$$

Solve

$$|x + 6| \le 10.$$

$$\Rightarrow -10 \le x + 6 \le 10$$

Solve

$$|x + 6| \le 10.$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-10 \le x + 6 \le 10$

$$\Rightarrow -16 \le x \le 4, [-16, 4].$$

Solve

$$|x + 6| \le 10.$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-10 \le x + 6 \le 10$

Solve

$$|x + 7| > 10.$$

Solve

$$|x + 7| > 10.$$

Solve

$$|x + 7| > 10.$$

$$\Rightarrow x + 7 < -10 \text{ or } x + 7 > 10$$

Solve

$$|x + 7| > 10.$$

$$\Rightarrow x + 7 < -10 \text{ or } x + 7 > 10$$

$$\Rightarrow x < -17 \text{ or } x > 3, (-\infty, -17) \bigcup (3, \infty).$$

Solve

$$|x + 7| > 10.$$

$$\Rightarrow x + 7 < -10 \text{ or } x + 7 > 10$$

⇒
$$x < -17$$
 or $x > 3, (-\infty, -17) \bigcup (3, \infty)$.

 -17 -13 -9 -5 -1 3

Solve

$$|3x + 2| < 5$$
.

Solve

$$|3x + 2| < 5$$
.

Solve

$$|3x + 2| < 5$$
.

$$-5 < 3x + 2 < 5$$

Solve

$$|3x + 2| < 5$$
.

$$-5 < 3x + 2 < 5$$

$$\Rightarrow -7 < 3x < 3$$

Solve

$$|3x + 2| < 5$$
.

$$-5 < 3x + 2 < 5$$

$$\Rightarrow -7 < 3x < 3$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{7}{3} < x < 1, \left(-\frac{7}{3}, 1\right).$$

Solve

$$|3x + 2| < 5$$
.

$$-5 < 3x + 2 < 5$$

$$\Rightarrow -7 < 3x < 3$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{7}{3} < x < 1, \left(-\frac{7}{3}, 1\right).$$

Solve

$$|5-2x|\geq 1.$$

Solve

$$|5 - 2x| \ge 1$$
.

Solve

$$|5-2x|\geq 1.$$

$$\Rightarrow 5-2x \leq -1 \text{ or } 5-2x \geq 1$$

Solve

$$|5-2x| \ge 1$$
.

$$\Rightarrow 5-2x \leq -1 \text{ or } 5-2x \geq 1$$

$$\Rightarrow -2x \le -6 \text{ or } -2x \ge -4$$

Solve

$$|5-2x| \ge 1$$
.

$$\Rightarrow 5-2x \leq -1 \text{ or } 5-2x \geq 1$$

$$\Rightarrow -2x \le -6 \text{ or } -2x \ge -4$$

$$\Rightarrow x \geq 3 \text{ or } x \leq 2, (-\infty, 2] \bigcup [3, \infty).$$

Solve

$$|5-2x|\geq 1.$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 - 2 $x \le -1$ or 5 - 2 $x \ge 1$

$$\Rightarrow -2x \le -6 \text{ or } -2x \ge -4$$

$$\Rightarrow x \ge 3 \text{ or } x \le 2, (-\infty, 2] \bigcup [3, \infty).$$