

R 소개

The R Project for Statistical Computing

목 차

1. R이란?

—

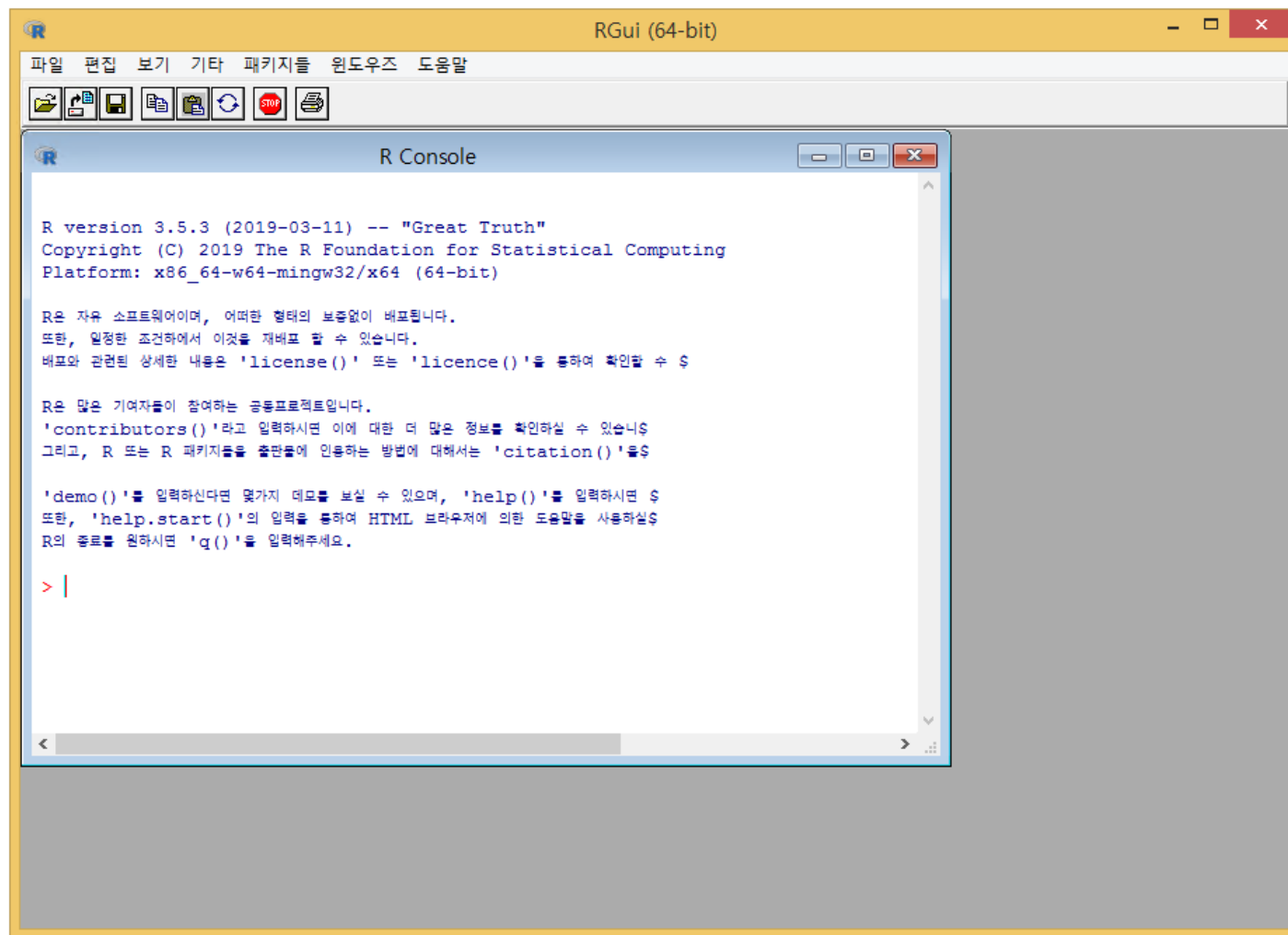
2. 그래프

—

3. 분석

—

R 이란?



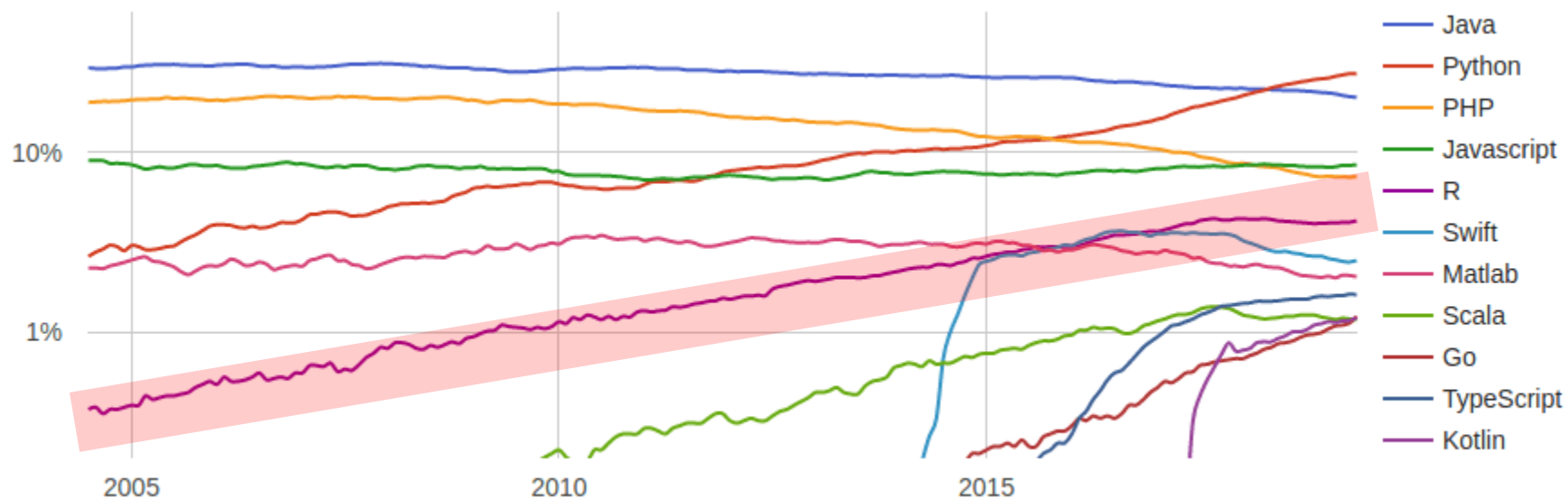
R 을 왜 쓰는가?

무료

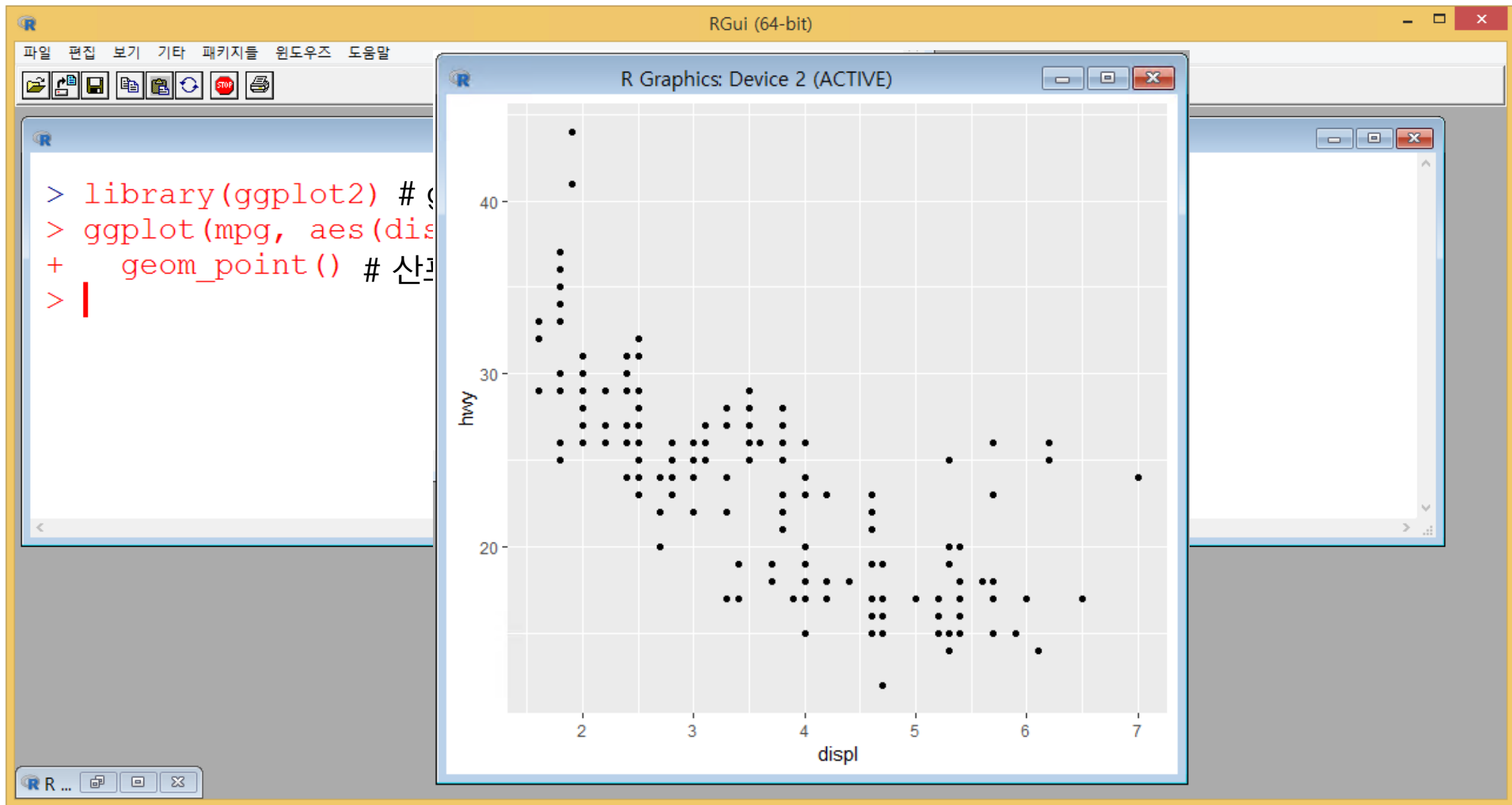
| Free software |

TIOBE Programming Community Index

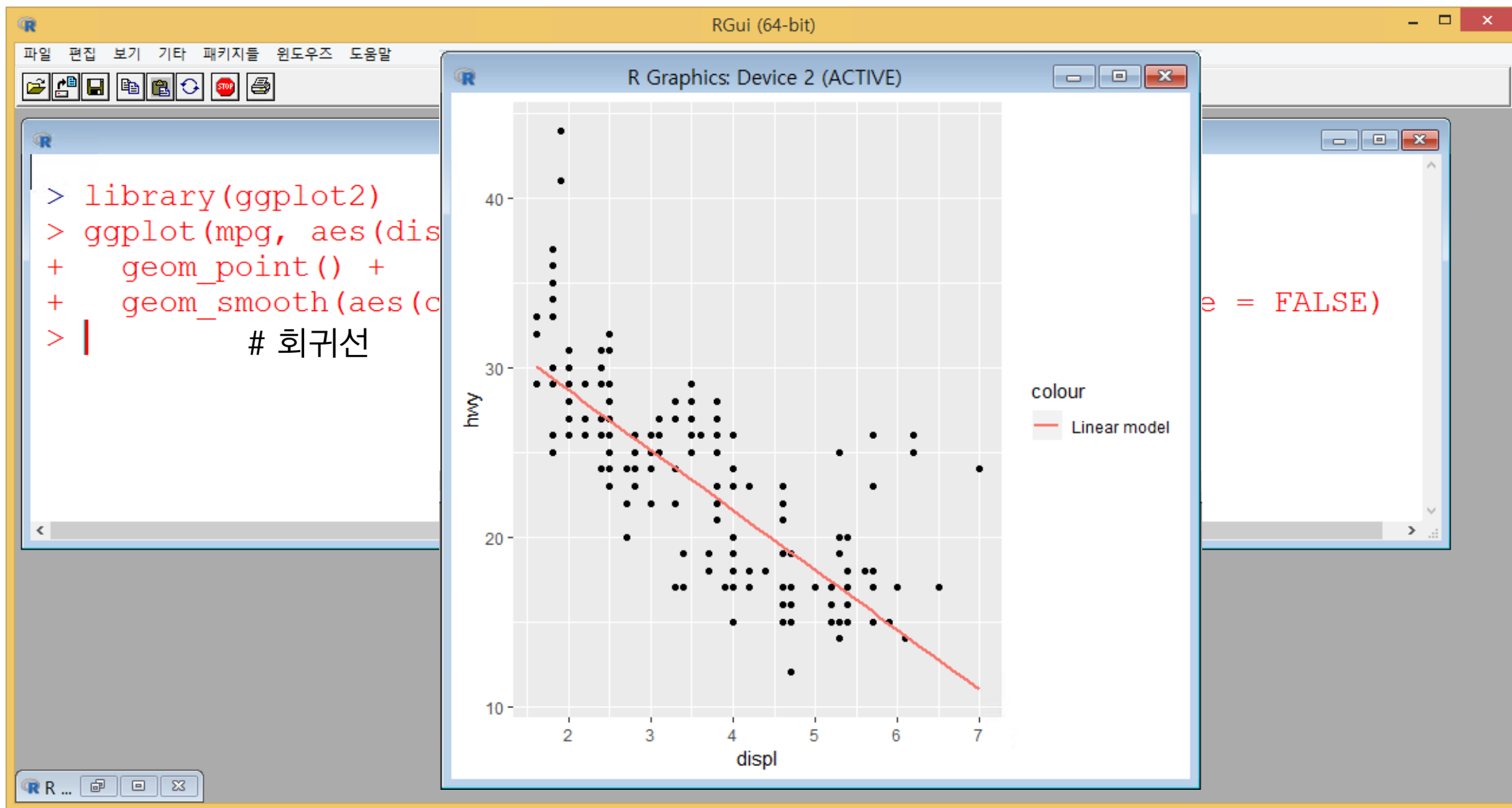
Source : www.tiobe.com



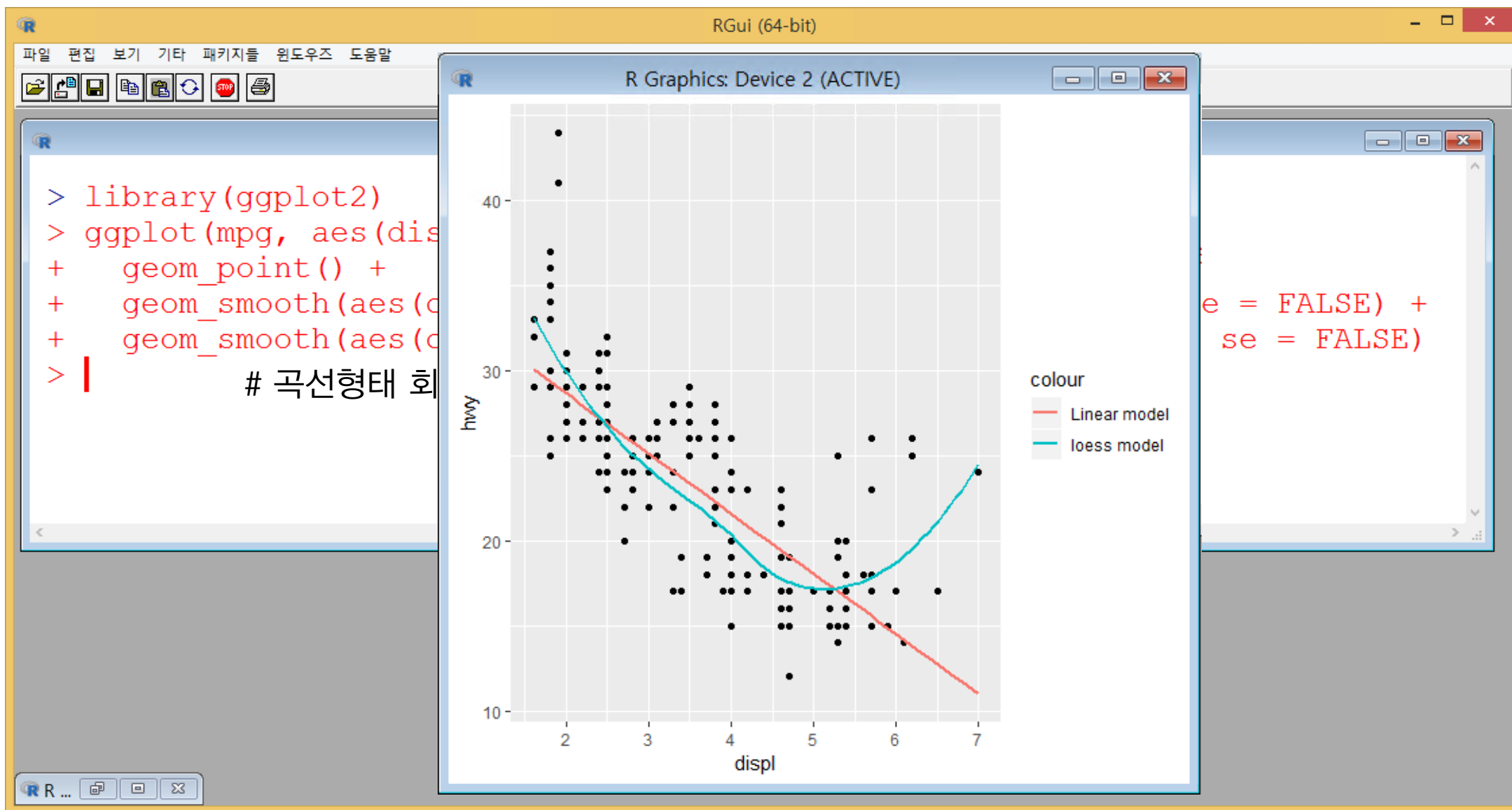
그래프



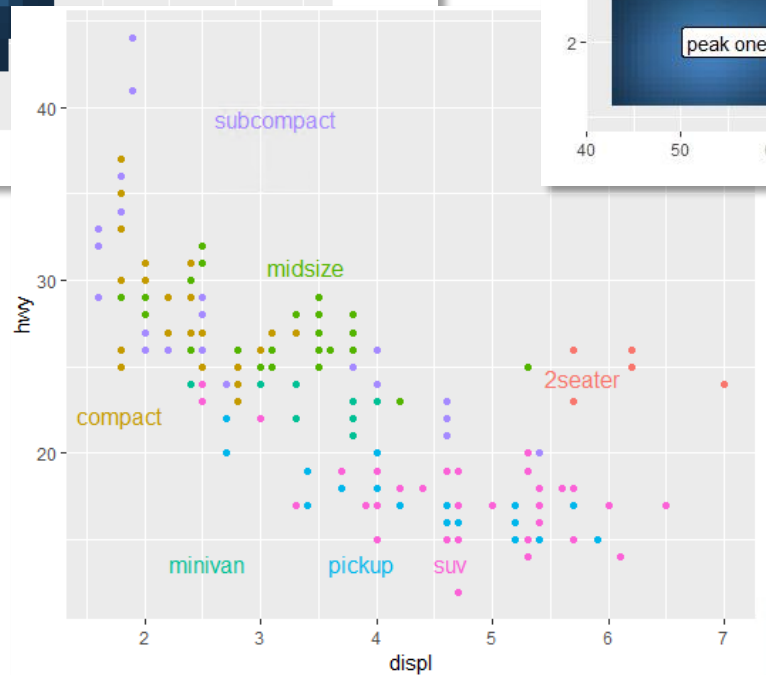
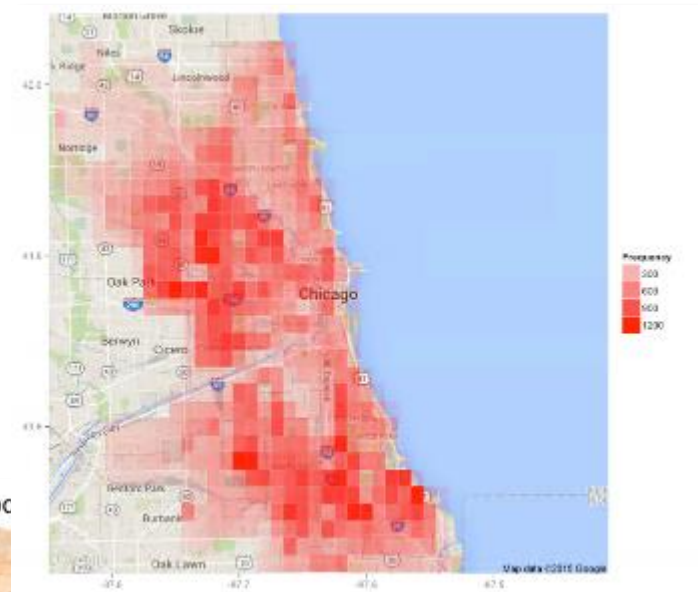
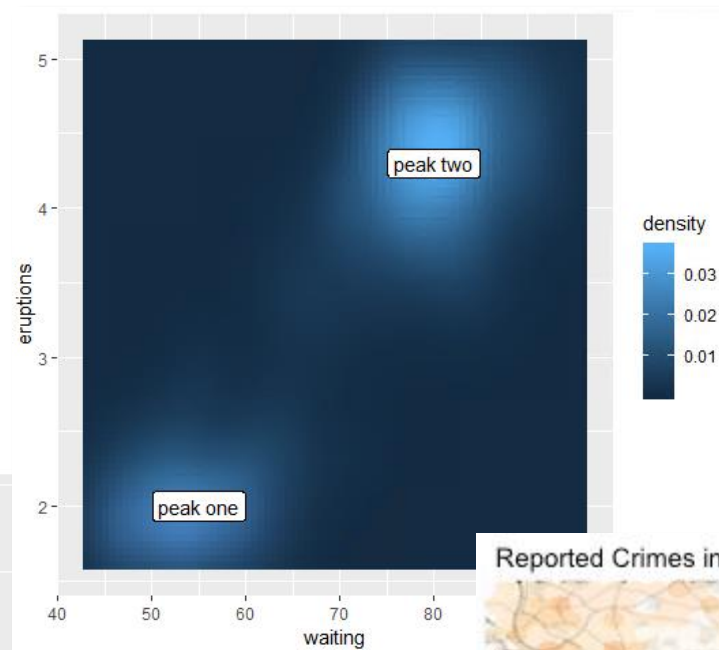
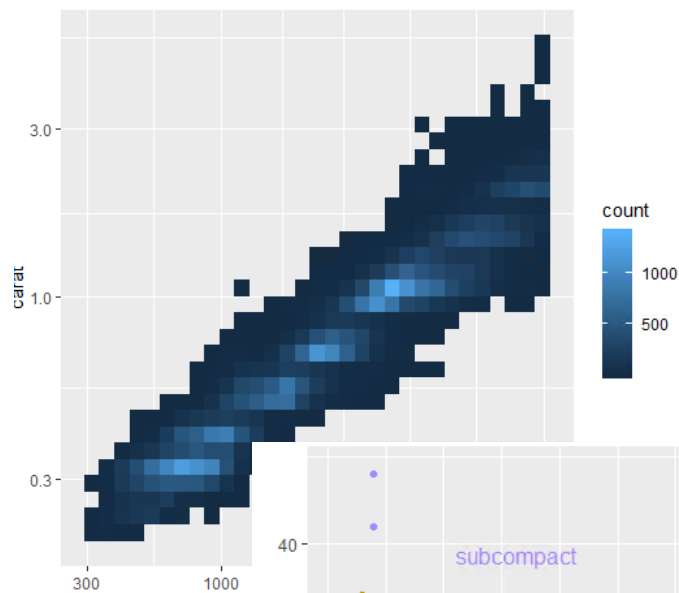
그래프



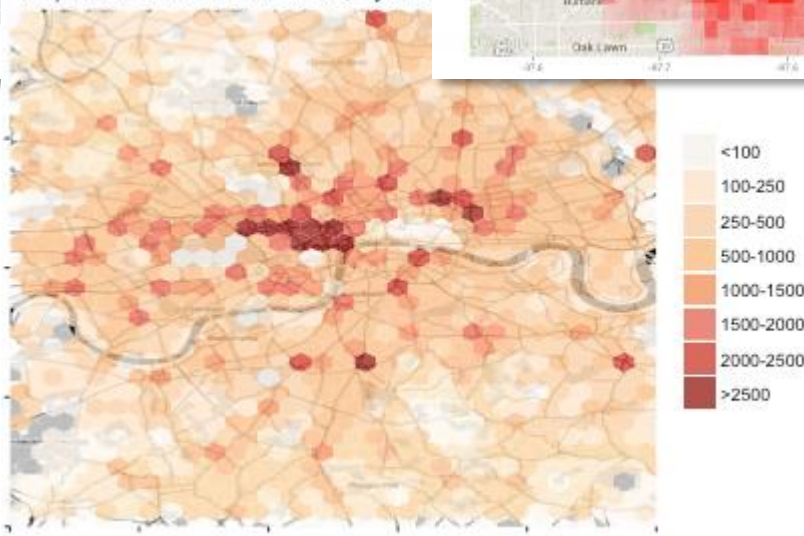
그래프



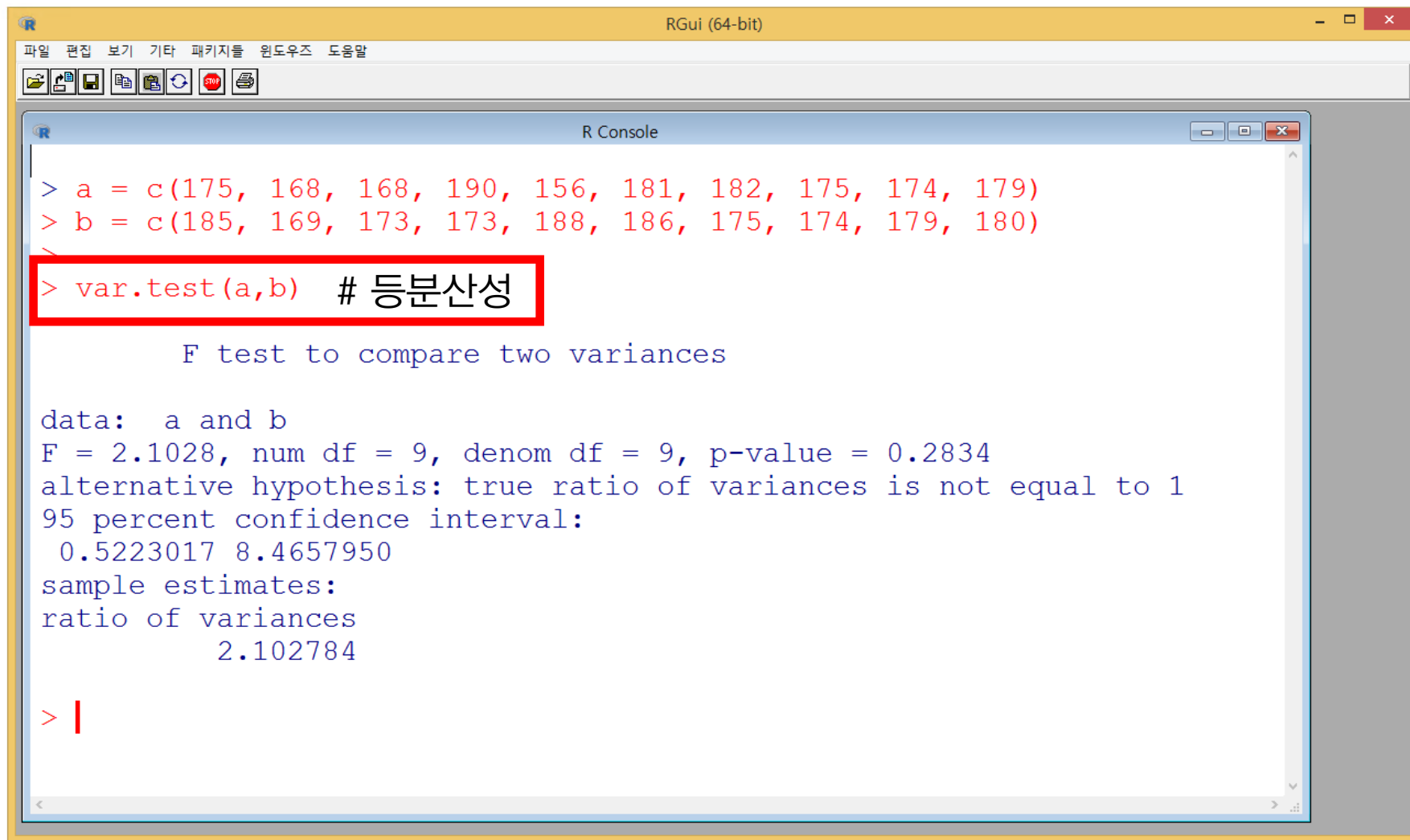
그래프



Reported Crimes in London, by Loc



분석 - 등분산검정



```
RGui (64-bit)
파일 편집 보기 기타 패키지들 윈도우즈 도움말
[Icons]

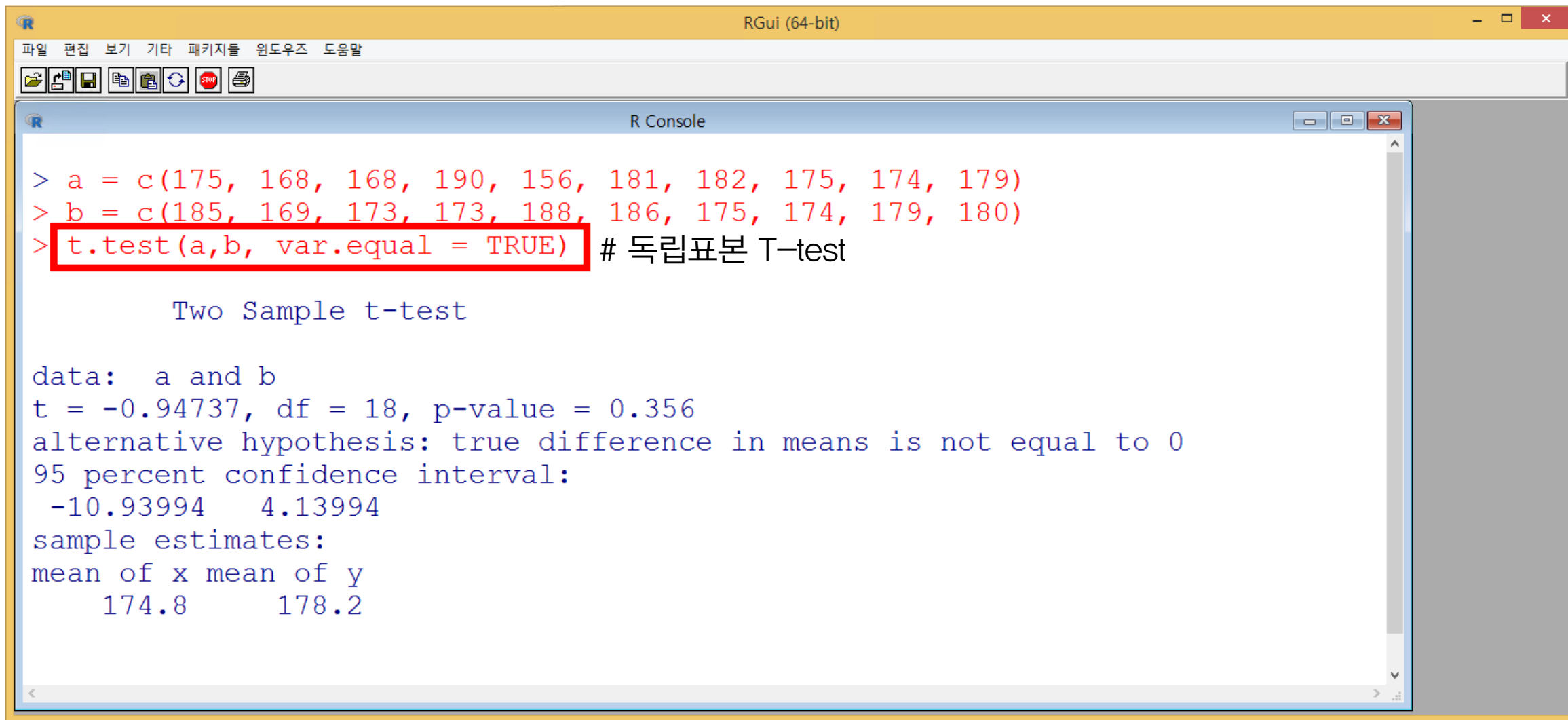
R Console
> a = c(175, 168, 168, 190, 156, 181, 182, 175, 174, 179)
> b = c(185, 169, 173, 173, 188, 186, 175, 174, 179, 180)
>
> var.test(a,b) # 등분산성

      F test to compare two variances

data:  a and b
F = 2.1028, num df = 9, denom df = 9, p-value = 0.2834
alternative hypothesis: true ratio of variances is not equal to 1
95 percent confidence interval:
 0.5223017 8.4657950
sample estimates:
ratio of variances
      2.102784

> |
```

분석 - T test



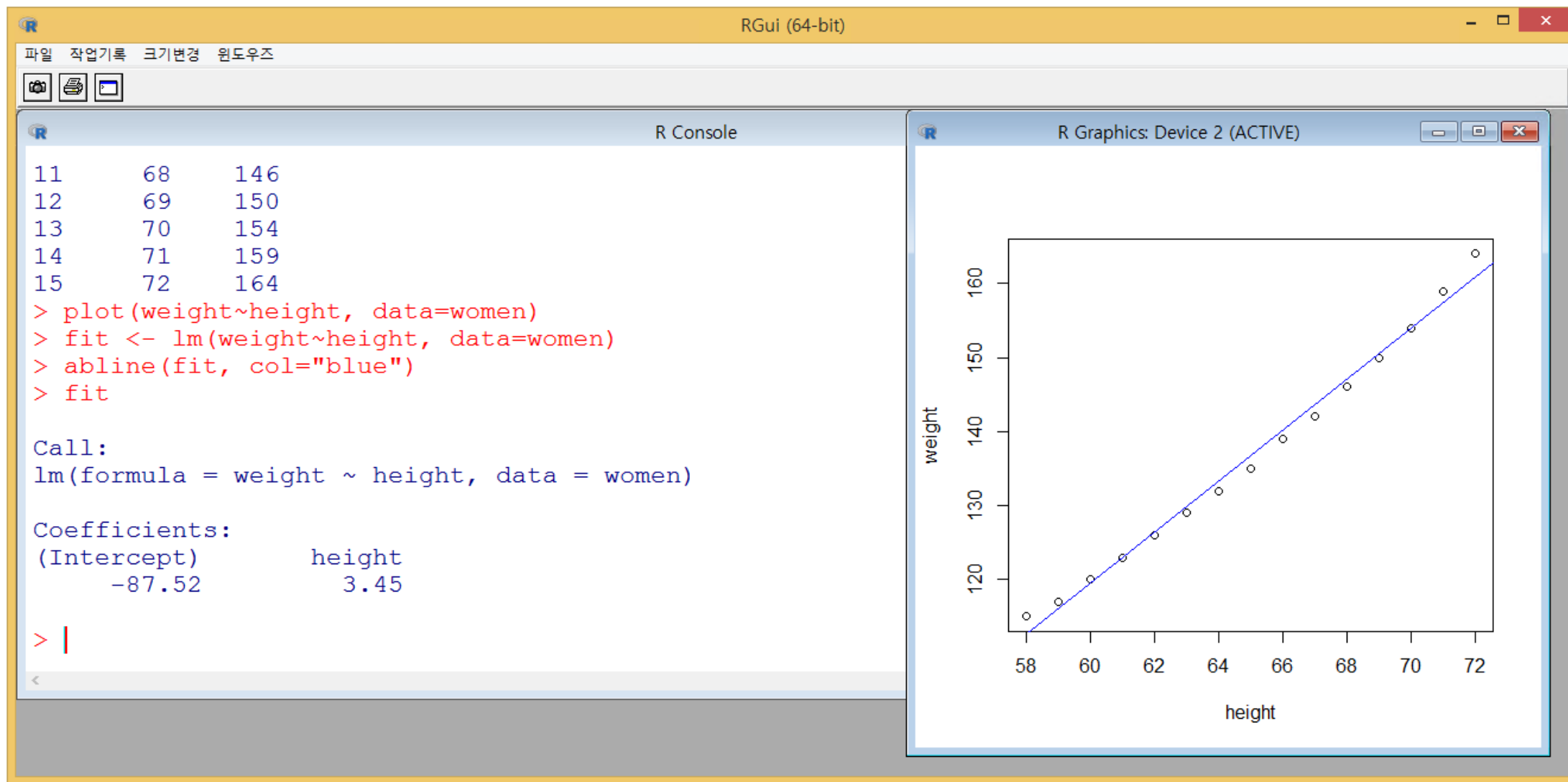
```
RGui (64-bit)
파일 편집 보기 기타 패키지들 윈도우즈 도움말

> a = c(175, 168, 168, 190, 156, 181, 182, 175, 174, 179)
> b = c(185, 169, 173, 173, 188, 186, 175, 174, 179, 180)
> t.test(a,b, var.equal = TRUE) # 독립표본 T-test

Two Sample t-test

data: a and b
t = -0.94737, df = 18, p-value = 0.356
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
 -10.93994  4.13994
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
  174.8    178.2
```

분석 - 회귀분석




분석 - T test

RDocumentation

Integrate rdocumentation.org inside RStudio

www.rdocumentation.org

 RDocumentation

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lm

From [stats v3.6.0](#)
by [R-core](#) [R-core@R-project.org](#)99.99th
Percentile

Fitting Linear Models

`lm` is used to fit linear models. It can be used to carry out regression, single stratum analysis of variance and analysis of covariance (although [aov](#) may provide a more convenient interface for these).

Keywords [regression](#)**Usage**

```
lm(formula, data, subset, weights, na.action,  
   method = "qr", model = TRUE, x = FALSE, y = FALSE, qr = TRUE,  
   singular.ok = TRUE, contrasts = NULL, offset, ...)
```

Arguments

formula an object of class `"formula"` (or one that can be coerced to that class): a symbolic description of the model to be fitted. The details of model specification are given under 'Details'.

data an optional data frame, list or environment (or object coercible by [as.data.frame](#) to a data frame) containing the variables in the model. If not found in `data`, the variables are taken from `environment(formula)`, typically the environment from which `lm` is called.

subset an optional vector specifying a subset of observations to be used in the fitting process.

weights an optional vector of weights to be used in the fitting process. Should be `NULL` or a numeric vector. If non-NULL, weighted least squares is used with weights `weights` (that is, minimizing $\sum(w \cdot e^2)$); otherwise ordinary least squares is used. See also 'Details'.

na.action a function which indicates what should happen when the data contain `NA`s. The default is set by the `na.action` setting of [options](#), and is `na.fail` if that is unset. The 'factory-fresh' default is `na.omit`. Another possible value is `NULL`, no action. Value `na.exclude` can be

THANK YOU