Oblivious Federated Analytics for Mobile Devices

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As the volume of data generated from mobile devices surges, the need for efficient data analysis while preserving privacy is increasingly urgent. With federated analytics [4], edge devices perform distributed data analysis without participants uploading their records to a trusted third party. It presents a compelling solution to this quandary. For example, Google's "Now Playing" feature enables their servers to refine their song recommendations by securely aggregating over the listening habits of individual users [6]. Here, the user's phone locally recognizes and records the songs they are hearing. It periodically encrypts their listening habits, and sends them to the a centralized server for analysis with those of other users. Although federated analytics offers efficient privacy-preserving data analysis, it inherently relies on centralized servers that learn the output of this analysis. This raises fundamental questions about trust: How can we ensure these servers do not misuse the aggregated data? Is it possible to create a system where users benefit from aggregated insights without the server ever "seeing" this data? The Fundamental Law of Information Recovery [1] indicates that revealing these raw statistics leaves users vulnerable to reconstruction attacks. We posit that this personalization is possible with better security by pushing this computation into mobile devices.

Secure multi-party computation (MPC) enables users to securely aggregate the union of their data without revealing anything to a trusted third party. To advance federated analytics using MPC protocols, we draw inspiration from SMCQL [2], refining our approach to maximize pre-computation on local devices prior to engaging in MPC protocol computations. In our approach, devices start by aggregating their data locally. Participants next secret share these aggregates, getting them into an encrypted form with which they jointly compute over them securely with the data of their peers. This transformation partitions the aggregated data into pieces that are meaningless on their own but combined to reveal the private data we are storing. These shares are distributed among the participating devices, initiating the MPC process. Within this MPC framework, devices execute a series of cryptographic protocols collaboratively, computing the final aggregate without revealing their own aggregated data to others. Once the final aggregation is complete, the result is revealed to participating devices. Our methodology facilitates privacy-preserving analysis across multiple parties without revealing individual data.

Furthermore, we are tailoring MPC protocols to effectively manage a continuous querying environment, where the same queries are periodically executed on an evolving dataset. Recognizing the limited computational capacity of edge devices [3], our approach optimizes partial aggregation through adaptive sampling and incremental aggregation techniques. This allows for selective querying based on data relevance and likelihood of change, substantially reducing local computational overhead. Despite potential hints at data selection patterns, information leakage in this context is acceptable, as the MPC protocol ensures that data remains securely encrypted. This approach efficiently utilizes resources and distinguishes our work from existing models, e.g., SMPAI [5]

By integrating MPC and local data aggregation within federated analytics for edge devices in a continuous querying environment, our approach contributes to introducing a federated analytics model that eliminates the need for server visibility into aggregated data. Our experimental evaluation will focus on measuring computational overhead, latency, and bandwidth usage during the secure aggregation process, anticipating significant enhancements in computational efficiency. This effort opens pathways for secure and efficient federated analytics across edge devices. Furthermore, by leveraging aggregated data to improve personal models without server knowledge, it promotes private device-level personalization.

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