Assignment #4 JDBC

KAIST Myoung Ho Kim

Contents

- Introduction to JDBC
 - Example
 - Main classes & methods
 - JDBC driver installation
- HW Assignment
- Directions for HW
- References

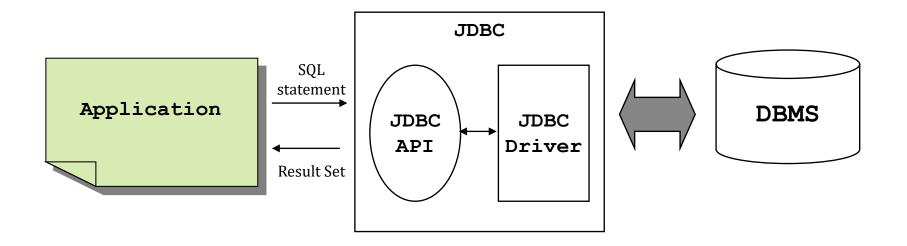


JDBC

- 1. Introduction to JDBC
- 2. Example
- 3. Main classes & method
- 4. JDBC driver installation

Introduction to JDBC

- What is JDBC?
 - "Java Database Connectivity"
 - Connector to access DB, when developing applications in JavaTM Platform



Example of JDBC code

```
import java.sql.*;
class Test {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Connection con = null;
     Statement stmt = null;
     try {
       Class.forName("oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver");
       con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:oracle:thin:@dbclick.kaist.ac.kr:1521:orcl", "user", "passwd");
       stmt = con.createStatement();
       ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("select * from product");
       while (rs.next()) {
          String product = rs.getString(1);
          System.out.println(product);
     } catch (Exception e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
     } finally {
       try {
          if (stmt != null) stmt.close();
          if (con != null) con.close();
       } catch (Exception e) { }
```

You can download *Test.java* from the course homepage

Main classes & method

- Loading JDBC driver
 - Using Class.forName()

```
Class.forName("oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver");
```

- Connecting to DB
 - Using DriverManager.getConnection()

```
Connection con =
   DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:oracle:thin:
     @dbclick.kaist.ac.kr:1521:orcl", "username", "passwd");
```

- Executing queries
 - Using Statement class

```
Statement stmt = con.createStatement();
ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM product");
```

Using PreparedStatement class

```
PreparedStatement pstmt =
   con.prepareStatement("INSERT INTO product values(?, ?)");
pstmt.setString(1, "mp3");
pstmt.setInt(2, 150);
pstmt.executeUpdate();
```

W Use executeUpdate() for insert, update, and delete

- Cursor operations
 - Use methods of ResultSet class
 - » Ex) next(), getString(), etc.

```
ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM product");
while (rs.next()) {
   String maker = rs.getString(1);
   int model = rs.getInt(2);
   System.out.println(maker+" "+model);
}
```

- Using 'finally'
 - Before finishing code, connection should be closed

```
try {
    con = DriverManager.getConnection( ... );
    stmt = con.createStatement();
    ...
} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
} finally {
    try {
        if (stmt != null) stmt.close();
        if (con != null) con.close();
    } catch (Exception e) {}
}
```

Executing Query within a Transaction

```
try {
    con = DriverManager.getConnection( ... );
    con.setAutoCommit(false);

stmt = con.createStatement();
    stmt.executeQuery( ... );
    stmt.executeQuery( ... );
    ...
    conn.commit();
} catch (SQLException e) {
    conn.rollback();
    ...
}
```

JDBC driver installation

- JAVA SE 7.0 or 8.0 must be installed
 - See references
- Download (ojdbc6.jar)
 - http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/database/enterpriseedition/jdbc-112010-090769.html
 - or from the course homepage (KLMS)

Compile java using DOS command

- Environment variable setting
 - » If you use the "Eclipse", you don't have to do this setting
 - Copy the ojdbc6.jar file to the driver installation path
 - Add(or create) the CLASSPATH environment variable to the driver installation path
 - » Ex) The driver installation path is ORACLE_HOME\jdbc\lib\ojdbc6.jar

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Users\UJeong\set classpath=.;C:\Uapp\UJeong\product\U1.2.0\client_1\Ujdbc\Uib\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5ent_1\U5
```

Compile java using DOS command

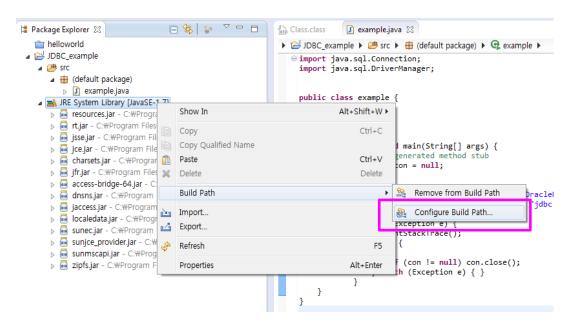
(cont'd)

- Example of file execution in the DOS command(cmd) window
 - Compiling & running

```
import java.sql.*;
class Test {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Connection con = null;
    try {
       Class.forName("oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver");
      con = DriverManager.getConnection( "jdbc:oracle:thin: @dbclick.kaist.ac.kr:1521:orcl", "user", "passwd");
       System.out.println("Connection created");
    } catch (Exception e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
    } finally {
       try {
         if (con != null) con.close();
       } catch (Exception e) { }
                                       D:\TA\2016_CS360_TA\H\4}javac Test.java
                                       D:\TA\2016_CS360_TA\H\4}java Test
```

Compile java using Eclipse IDE

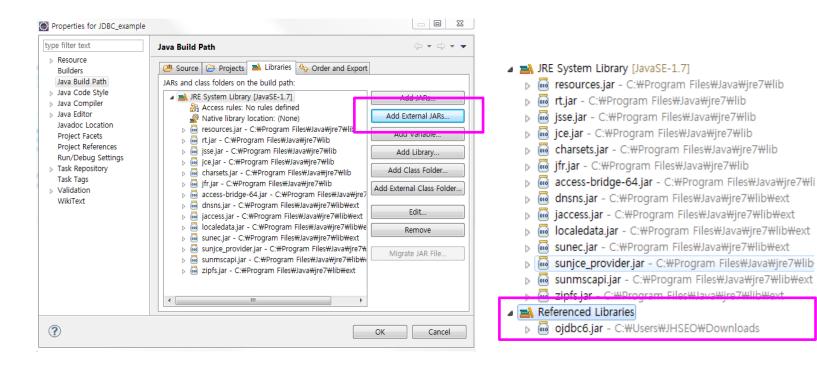
- Eclipse setting
 - Add ojdbc6.jar to project build path
 - » Right click on JRE System Library → Build Path → Configure Build Path



Compile java using Eclipse IDE

(cont'd)

2. Add External IDE → select ojdbc6.jar



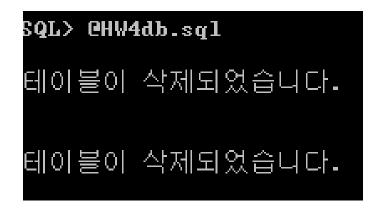


Homework #4

- 1. Table Creation
- 2. Homework Assignment
- 3. Directions
- 4. References

Table creation

- Download HW4db.sql from the course homepage and copy it to (directory that Oracle Client is installed)\BIN
- 2. Use the SQLPlus and perform the command @HW4db.sql or start HW4db.sql



Problem 1

 Ask the user for the maximum price and minimum values of the speed, RAM, hard disk, and screen size that they will accept.
 Find all the laptops that satisfy these requirements. Print their specifications (all attributes of Laptop) and their manufacturer.

Problem 2.

Ask the user for a manufacturer, model number, speed, RAM, hard-disk size, and price of a new PC. Check that there is no PC with that model number. Print a warning if so, and otherwise insert the information into tables Product and PC. And then print Product and PC tables

Problem 3.

 Ask the user for a price and find the PC whose price is closest to the desired price. Print the maker, model number, and RAM of the PC

Problem 4.

- Ask the user for a manufacturer. Print the specifications of all products by that manufacturer. That is, print the model number, product-type, and all the attributes of whichever relation is appropriate for that type.
- For example,
 - » Print model, speed, ram, hd, screen and price for laptops
 - » Print model, color, type and price for printers

Problem 5.

 Ask the user for a "budget" (total price of a PC and printer), and a minimum speed of the PC. Find the cheapest "system" (PC plus printer) that is within the budget and minimum speed, but make the printer a color printer if possible. Print the model numbers for the chosen system.

Submission

Files to submit

- 1. JAVA (*.java)
- 2. Archive them into [student ID].zip and upload it to course homepage (KLMS)

Evaluation

- You will get points if your source codes are complied successfully
- You will get points if your program find the right answers and is written correctly
- Do not cheat others. Both of them will get no point

Submission (cont'd)

Due date

- Oct 19 (Wed), 2 am.
- Delay is not accepted
- TA info.
 - Hyun Ji Jeong (email : hjjung@dbserver.kaist.ac.kr)

References

- Related files(Test.java) are uploaded in KLMS
- JAVA Installation
 - (Korean version) http://blog.naver.com/5suhyeon/220299496827
 - (English version)
 http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/technotes/guides/install/windows_jdk_install.html#CHDEB
 CCJ
- JDBC
 - JAVA Platform, Standard Edition 8 API Specification : http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/
 - documentation: http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/technotes/guides/jdbc/index.html