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# ECE 471 CGML Assignment 2
# Professor Curro
# library imports
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tqdm import tqdm
# hyper parameters
iteration = 50000
learning rate = 0.4
lambda_ = 0.0001 # regularization constant
display = 1000
sigma_noise = 0.15
samples = 2500
layers = [2,40,50,40,1] # This is my neural network set up spiral_difficulty = 3 # This controls how many times the spiral goes around
sd = spiral difficulty*2 # I don't have to write spiral difficulty*2 everytime.
, , ,
Layers = [2,30,1]: After 100000 iterations at lr = 0.5, lambda = 0.00001, it has 0.089 loss for spiral_difficulty = 2
This layer was too slow to converge, and wasn't too correct. So I changed my layer to [2,30,3
0,1].
I increased the spiral difficulty from 2 to 3. Then my second layer option wasn'
t sufficient enough.
So I increased both hidden layer and number of nodes, and now it learns the spiral_difficulty = 3 well.
I actually had a minor difficulty of having too few samples, so my boundaries weren't as pretty as I wante
d, so I increased the sample size as well.
# Data Generation
class Data(object):
  def __init__(self,N):
    np.random.seed(31415)
    temp = np.random.uniform(0,sd*np.pi,size=(N,1))
    self.label = np.random.randint(2, size=(N,1))
    self.x1 = temp*np.cos(temp+self.label*np.pi)+sigma_noise*np.random.normal(size=(N,1))
    self.x2 = temp*np.sin(temp+self.label*np.pi)+sigma noise*np.random.normal(size=(N,1))
# Model
class My_Model(object):
  def __init__(self,sess,data,layers,learning_rate,iteration,lambda_):
    self.sess = sess
    self.data = data
    self.layers = layers
    self.learning_rate = learning_rate
    self.iteration = iteration
    self.lambda = lambda
    self.build model()
  def build model(self):
    self.x = tf.placeholder(tf.float32,[None,2])
    self.y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32,[None,1])
    self.w = \{\}
    self.b = \{\}
    for i in range(0,len(self.layers)–1):
      self.w[i] = tf.get_variable('w'+str(i),[self.layers[i],self.layers[i+1]],tf.float32,tf.random_normal_initializer())
      tf.add_to_collection('l2_norm', tf.reduce_sum(tf.square(self.w[i])))
      self.b[i] = tf.get_variable('b'+str(i),[self.layers[i+1],1],tf.float32,tf.random_normal_initializer())
      tf.add_to_collection('12_norm', tf.reduce_sum(tf.square(self.b[i])))
    # first layer
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self.y hat = tf.sigmoid(tf.add(tf.matmul(self.x,self.w[0]),tf.transpose(self.b[0])))
     # subsequent lavers
     for i in range(1,len(self.layers)-1):
       self.y_temp = tf.add(tf.matmul(self.y_hat,self.w[i]),tf.transpose(self.b[i]))
       self.y hat = tf.sigmoid(self.y temp)
     self.costs = tf.reduce_mean(tf.nn.sigmoid_cross_entropy_with_logits(logits=self.y_temp,labels=self.y))
     self.12 = tf.reduce sum(tf.get collection('12'))
     self.loss = self.costs+self.l2*self.lambda_
  def train init(self):
     self.optim = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(self.learning rate).minimize(self.loss)
     self.init = tf.global variables initializer()
     self.sess.run(self.init)
  def train(self):
     for k in tqdm(range(0,self.iteration)):
       w,loss,optim = self.sess.run([self.w,self.loss,self.optim], feed_dict={self.x: np.concatenate((self.data.x1,self.dat
a.x2),axis = 1),self.y:self.data.label})
       if k % display == 0:
         print('The Current Loss at '+str(k)+'th iteration is '+str(loss))
  def predict(self,x new):
     temp = self.sess.run(self.y_hat,feed_dict={self.x:x_new})
     return temp > 0.5
# Session Run
sess = tf.Session()
data =Data(samples)
model = My_Model(sess,data,layers,learning_rate,iteration,lambda_)
model.train init()
model.train()
# Predicting
N plot = sd*100
xGrid = np.linspace(-sd*np.pi,sd*np.pi,N plot,dtype=np.float32)
vGrid = xGrid
x plot,y plot = np.meshgrid(xGrid,yGrid)
XX = \text{np.reshape}(x_{\text{plot}},(-1,1))
YY = np.reshape(y_plot,(-1,1))
test = np.concatenate((XX,YY),1)
LGrid = model.predict(test)
# Plotting
plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
plt.contourf(x plot,y plot,np.reshape(LGrid,(N plot,N plot)))
plt.plot(data.x1[data.label==0],data.x2[data.label==0],'.r',label='Class0')
plt.plot(data.x1[data.label==1],data.x2[data.label==1],'.b',label='Class1')
txt="sigma noise = 0.15, Each background color represents each class"
plt.figtext(0.5, 0.01, txt, wrap=True, horizontalalignment='center', fontsize=12)
plt.xlabel('x1')
plt.ylabel('x2')
plt.axis([-sd*np.pi,sd*np.pi,-sd*np.pi,sd*np.pi])
plt.title('Spiral Learning')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
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