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# ECE 471 CGML Assignment 5
# CIFAR-10
# Professor Curro
# library imports
import tarfile
import csv
import io
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from keras import optimizers
from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
from keras.preprocessing.text import one_hot
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Embedding, GlobalAveragePooling1D, Dense
from keras.layers import BatchNormalization, Conv1D, Dropout, MaxPooling1D
from keras.callbacks import LearningRateScheduler
# Parameters
num class = 4
num words = 50000
r = 0.95 # Ratio of training data otu of training + validation
learning_rate = 3e-2
epochs = 10
batch_size = 128;
# Useful Functions
def loaddata(name):
    csv_file = io.StringIO(name.read().decode('ascii'))
    X = []
    y = []
    for row in csv.reader(csv_file):
        y.append(int(row[0])-1) \# -1 is here so that classes are from 0 to 3
        x.append([str(row[1]), str(row[2])])
    return np.array(x),np.array(y)
def one_hot_encoding(data, numclass):
    targets = np.array(data).reshape(-1)
    return np.eye(numclass)[targets]
def encode_pad_data(data,num_words):
    out = []
    for i in data:
        out.append(np.concatenate((one_hot(i[0],num_words),
            one_hot(i[1], num_words)), axis=None))
    out = np.array(out)
    out = pad_sequences(out, padding='post')
    return out
def lr_adaptive(self,epoch):
    lr = learning rate
    if epoch > 5:
        lr = learning_rate/10
    elif epoch > 10:
        lr = learning_rate/20
    return lr
# Data Import
fid = tarfile.open('ag-news-csv.tar.gz', 'r:gz')
x_train,y_train = loaddata(fid.extractfile('ag_news_csv/train.csv'))
x_test, y_test = loaddata(fid.extractfile('ag_news_csv/test.csv'))
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y_test = one_hot_encoding(y_test,num_class)
y train = one hot encoding(y train, num class)
# Data Encoding
# I decided to use title + description as one feature.
encode_pad_train = encode_pad_data(x_train,num_words)
encode_pad_test = encode_pad_data(x_test,num_words)
mask = np.full(encode pad train.shape[0],True)
mask[np.random.choice(encode pad train.shape[0],
    int(encode_pad_train.shape[0]*(1-r)), replace=False)] = False
encode_pad_val = encode_pad_train[~mask]
encode_pad_train = encode_pad_train[mask]
y_val = y_train[~mask]
y_train = y_train[mask]
# Model
model = Sequential()
model.add(Embedding(num_words, 32))
model.add(Conv1D(64, 2, activation='relu'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(GlobalAveragePooling1D())
model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.6))
model.add(Dense(num_class,activation='softmax'))
# model.summary()
model.compile(optimizer=optimizers.Adam(learning_rate),
    loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(encode_pad_train,y_train,epochs=epochs,batch_size=1024,
    validation_data=(encode_pad_val, y_val),
    callbacks=[LearningRateScheduler(lr_adaptive)], verbose=2)
scores = model.evaluate(encode_pad_test,y_test,verbose=2)
print('Test loss:', scores[0])
print ('Test accuracy:', scores[1])
# I started with a simple model with two dense layers. It achieved a fairly
# good result of about 86% validation accuracy. I was curious as to how
# effective convolutional networks would be, and surprisingly, it did not
# help that much. I tried a deeper network, upto depth 12, but going deeper
# did not seem to help at all. I played around with the length of the
# embedding vector, width and depth of conv-nets, different activations
# but nothing really improved the result. The state of the art from the paper
# is 92.7%. My final configuration gives results that are in the range of
# validation accuracy of 88% to 91%.
# The final test result that I did as I realized I don't have any strong
# strategy of improving the model further, came out to be 89.9%.
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Train on 114000 samples, validate on 6000 samples
Epoch 1/10
 - 5s - loss: 0.3562 - acc: 0.8793 - val_loss: 0.2883 - val_acc: 0.9072
Epoch 2/10
- 3s - loss: 0.1925 - acc: 0.9354 - val_loss: 0.3514 - val_acc: 0.8905
Epoch 3/10
- 3s - loss: 0.1447 - acc: 0.9495 - val_loss: 0.4080 - val_acc: 0.9055
Epoch 4/10
- 3s - loss: 0.1216 - acc: 0.9555 - val loss: 1.3631 - val acc: 0.8153
Epoch 5/10
- 3s - loss: 0.1029 - acc: 0.9621 - val_loss: 0.5419 - val_acc: 0.8852
Epoch 6/10
- 3s - loss: 0.0915 - acc: 0.9657 - val_loss: 0.5528 - val_acc: 0.8980
Epoch 7/10
- 3s - loss: 0.0839 - acc: 0.9690 - val_loss: 0.5751 - val_acc: 0.8797
Epoch 8/10
- 3s - loss: 0.0777 - acc: 0.9716 - val_loss: 0.6704 - val_acc: 0.8992
Epoch 9/10
- 3s - loss: 0.0625 - acc: 0.9766 - val_loss: 0.6353 - val_acc: 0.8922
Epoch 10/10
- 3s - loss: 0.0605 - acc: 0.9779 - val_loss: 0.7428 - val_acc: 0.8992
Test loss: 0.8242086154836044
Test accuracy: 0.8990789473684211
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