# EE 541 - Computational Introduction to Deep Learning

# **Project Proposal**

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Project Title: Musical Chord Classification

## **Background summary**

• We will address the problem of determining whether a musical chord is major or minor for piano and guitar.

We propose to create a model that classifies whether a given audio is a major chord or a minor chord. A major chord consists of a root note, a major third, and a perfect fifth, and a minor chord consists of a root note, a minor third, and a perfect fifth.

# Dataset description

https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/deepcontractor/musical-instrument-chord-classification

The dataset is 169.67MB. It consists of 2 types of files, a major chord, and a minor chord. There are 502 .wav files of a major chord, and 357 .wav files of a minor chord. Each file is around 180 kB, and about 2 seconds long. The preprocessing that we will investigate is frequency-domain representations because we think chords are more easily represented in a frequency domain.

## Objective

Our objective is to compare different models of different approaches, for example we are going to try machine learning methods on both time-series data, and frequency representations, and deep learning methods on both representations as well. We would compare the accuracies of different methods to investigate which one performs the best.

#### Estimated Compute Needs

We intend to use our personal workstation. We have a workstation equipped with a 8-core 3.6GHz CPU, a Geforce RTX 2060 GPU with 8GB Memory, and a 32GB RAM.

### References

We propose to build on the approach used in

- N. Boulanger-Lewandowski, Y. Bengio, P. Vincent, "Audio Chord Recognition with Recurrent Neural Networks," ISMIR. 2013.
- N. Monnier, D. Ghali and S. X. Liu, "FFT and Machine Learning Application on Major Chord Recognition," 2021 Twelfth International Conference on Ubiquitous and Future Networks (ICUFN), 2021, pp. 426-429, doi: 10.1109/ICUFN49451.2021.9528762.
- T. Li, "Study on a CNN-HMM Approach for Audio-Based Musical Chord Recognition," J. Phys.: Conf. Ser., vol. 1802, no. 3, p. 032033, Mar. 2021, doi: 10.1088/1742-6596/1802/3/032033.