

High Dynamic Range

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What is HDR?

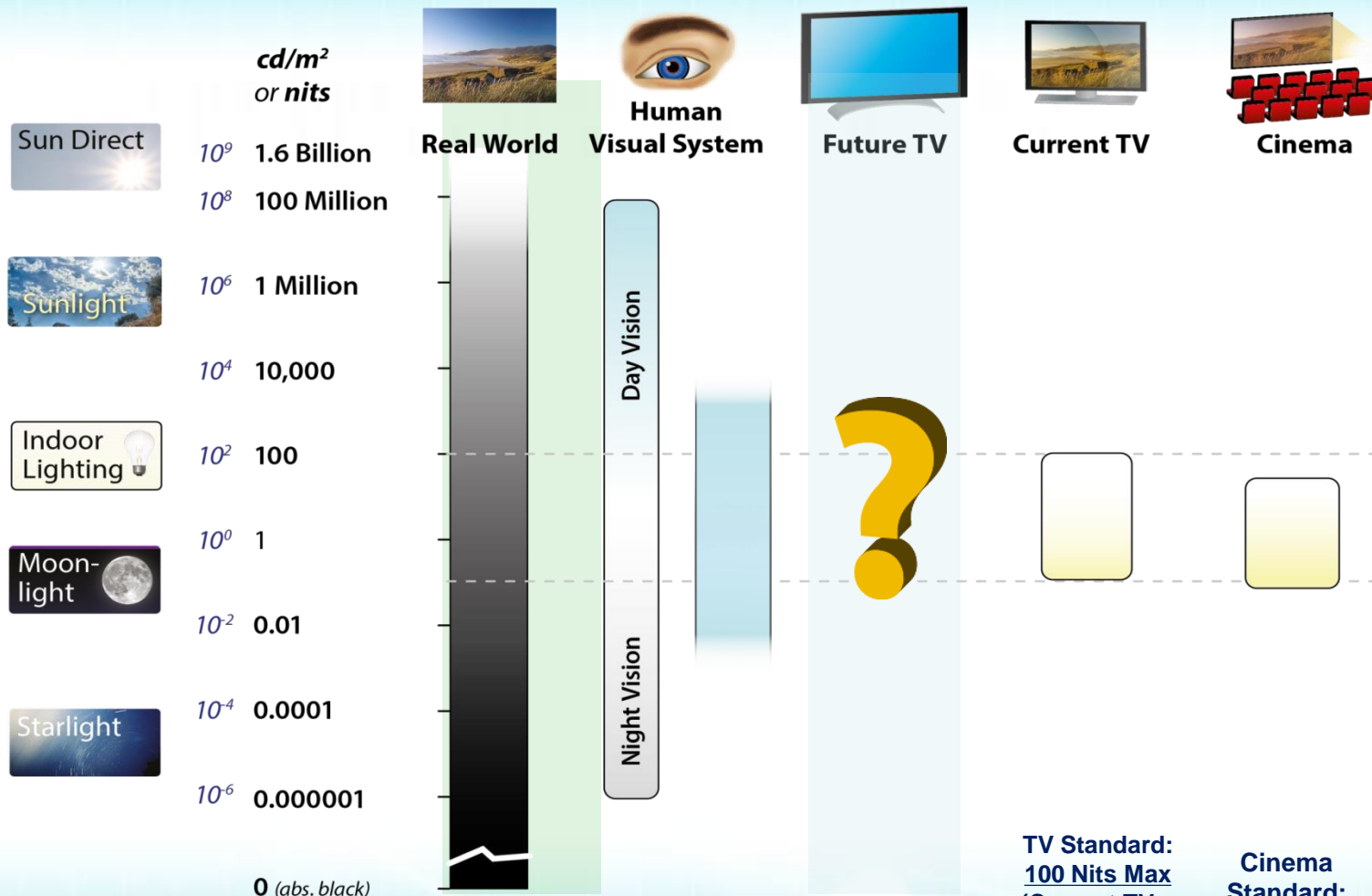


Source: ITU-R, "How much dynamic range for better pixel?," Dolby, 2015

What is HDR?

Luminance Levels

Light units are in candela/m², more conveniently spoken - “Nits”



Visual
Adaptation

TV Standard:
100 Nits Max
(Current TVs:
100 ~ 500
Nits Avg.)

Cinema
Standard:
48 Nits Max
(14 FL)

Source: SMPTE annual Conference 2013, Pat Griffis, Making Better Pixel

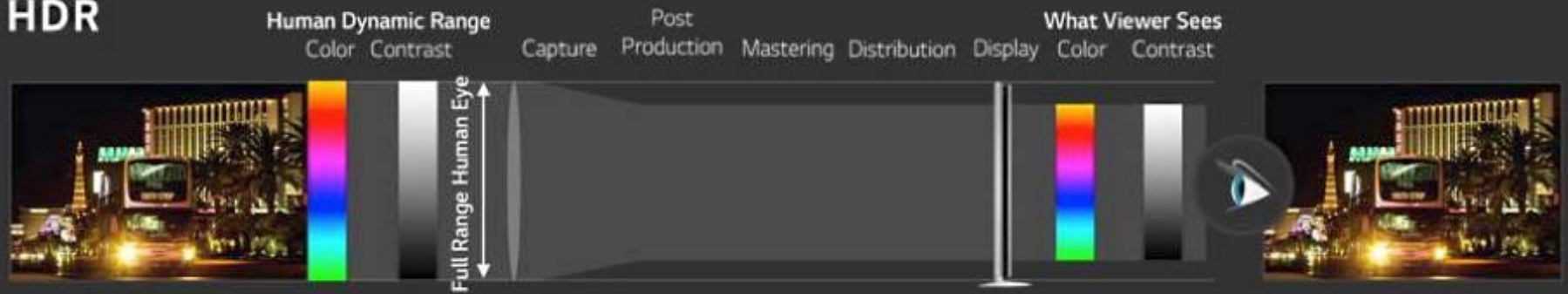
What is HDR?

Dynamic Range in Television

SDR



HDR

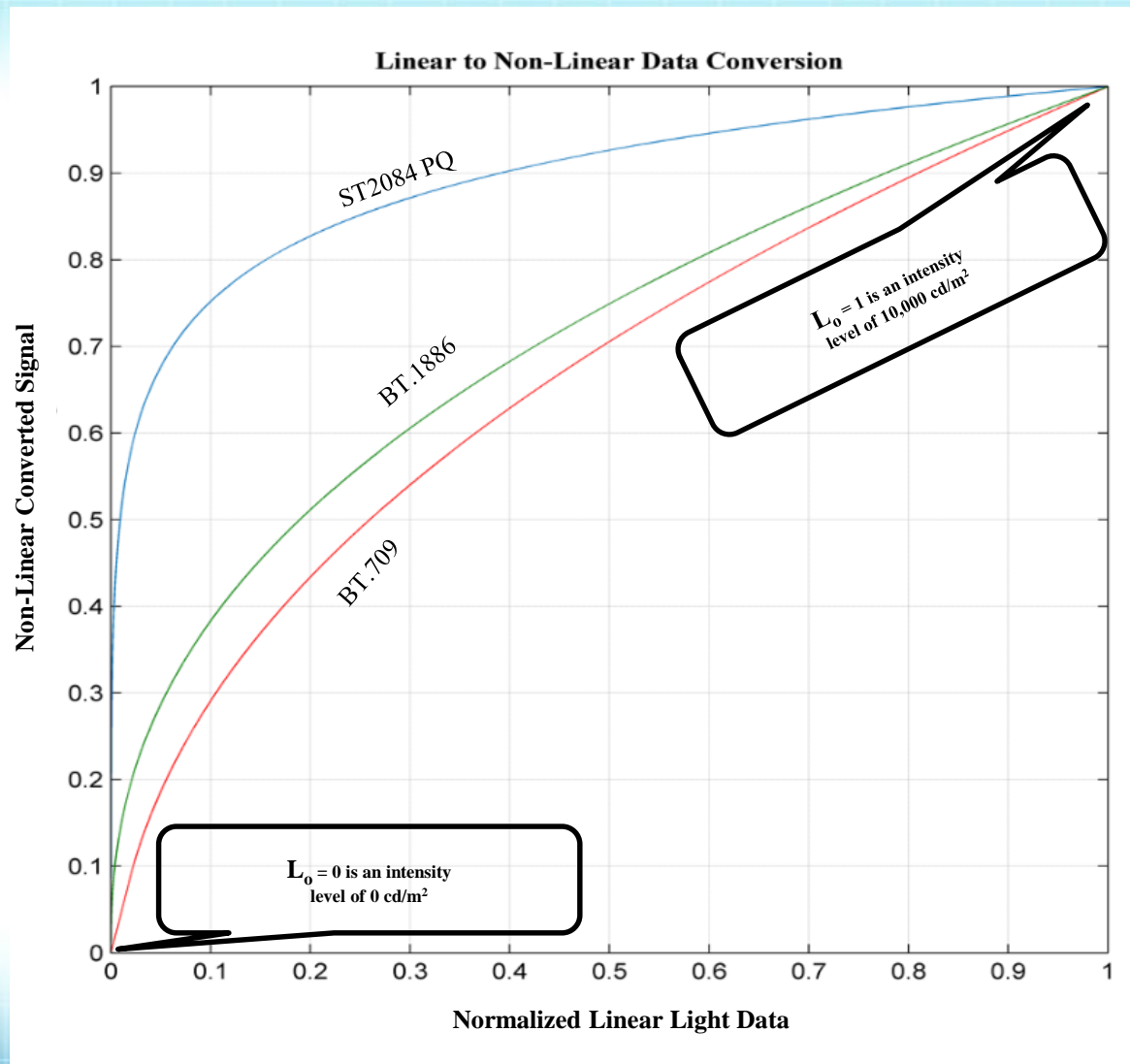


What is HDR?

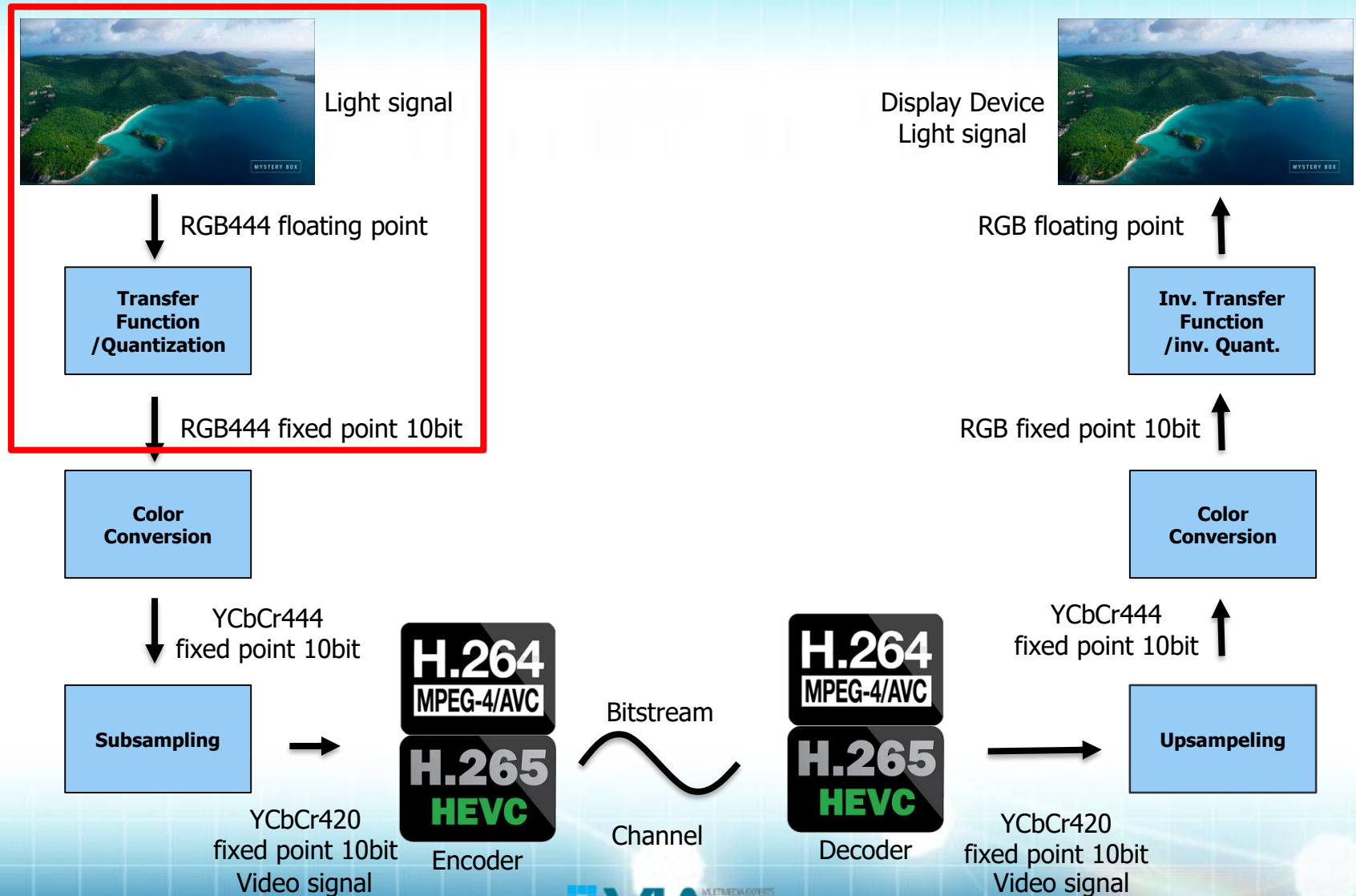
❖ HDR

- Dynamic Range of a scene = max / min light intensity
- Classification
 - SDR(Standard Dynamic Range) : $< 1000:1$
 - EDR (Enhanced Dynamic Range) : $1000:1 \sim 100,000:1$
 - HDR (High Dynamic Range) : $> 100,000:1$
- Standard for HDR display device
 - HDR10
 - Transfer function (Optical to Electrical)
 - PQ(Perceptual Quantization)
 - HLG(Hybrid Log-Gamma)

Perceptual Quantization

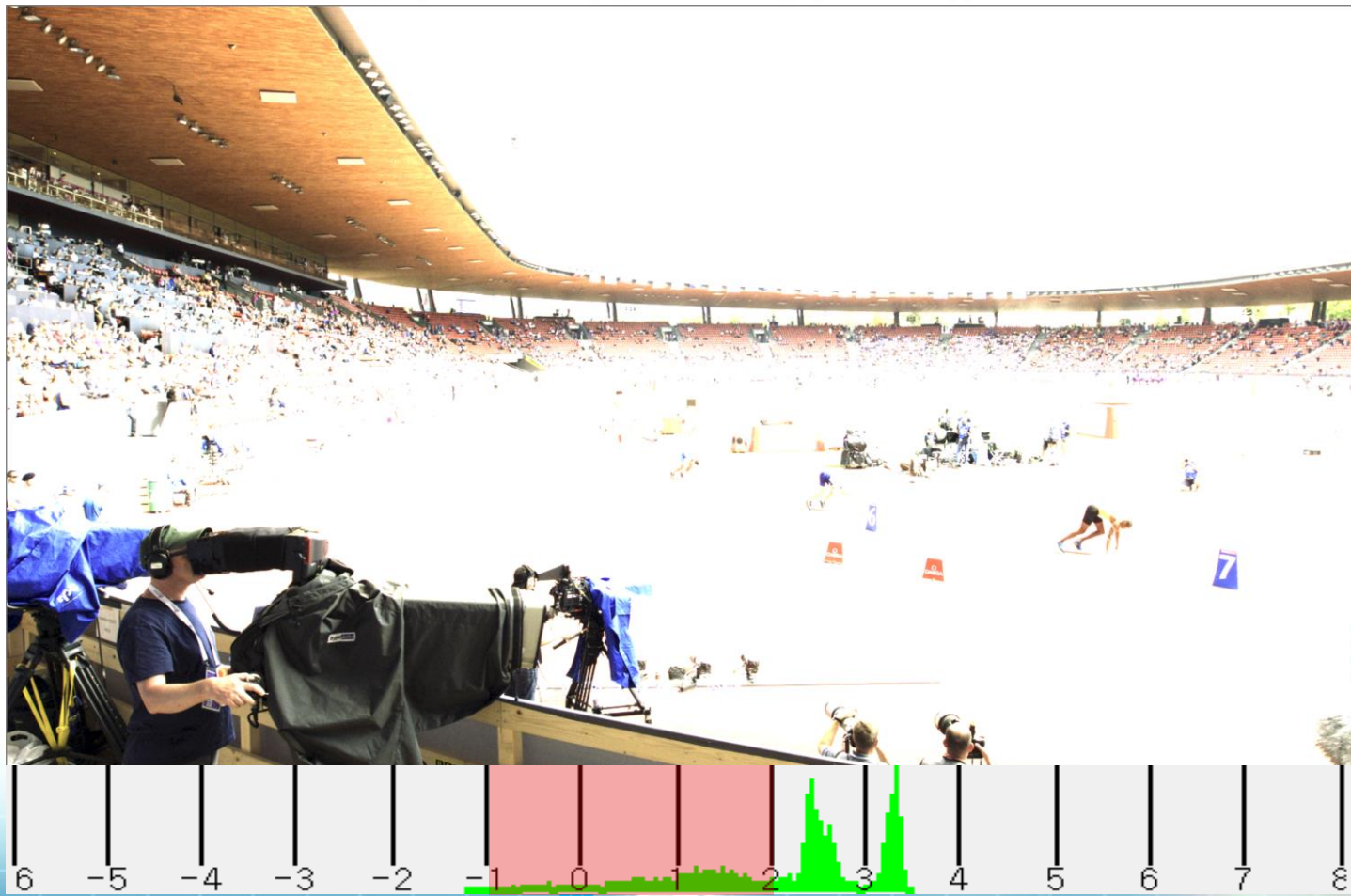


HDR in CODEC



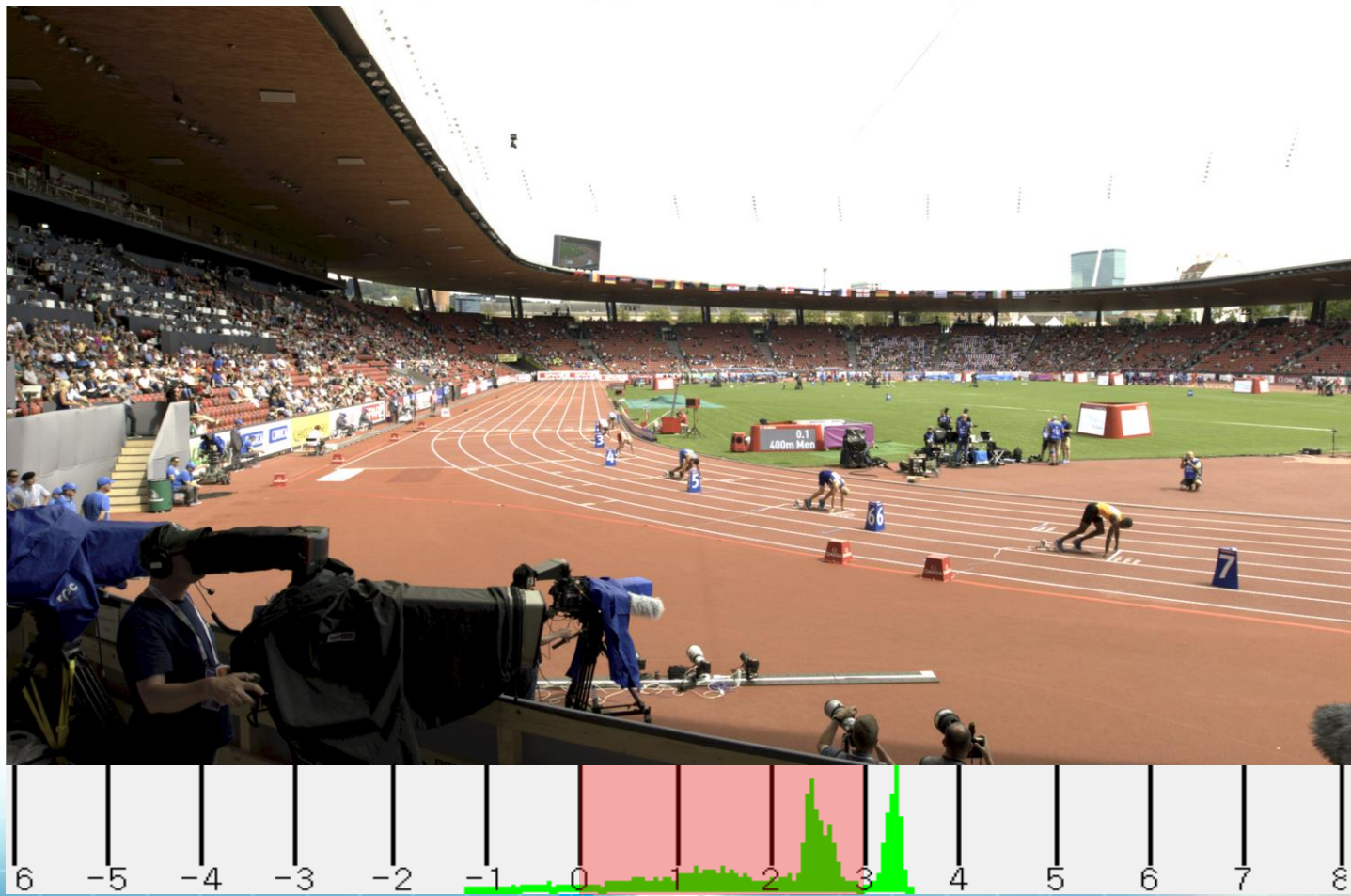
SDR vs HDR

❖ SDR



SDR vs HDR

❖ SDR



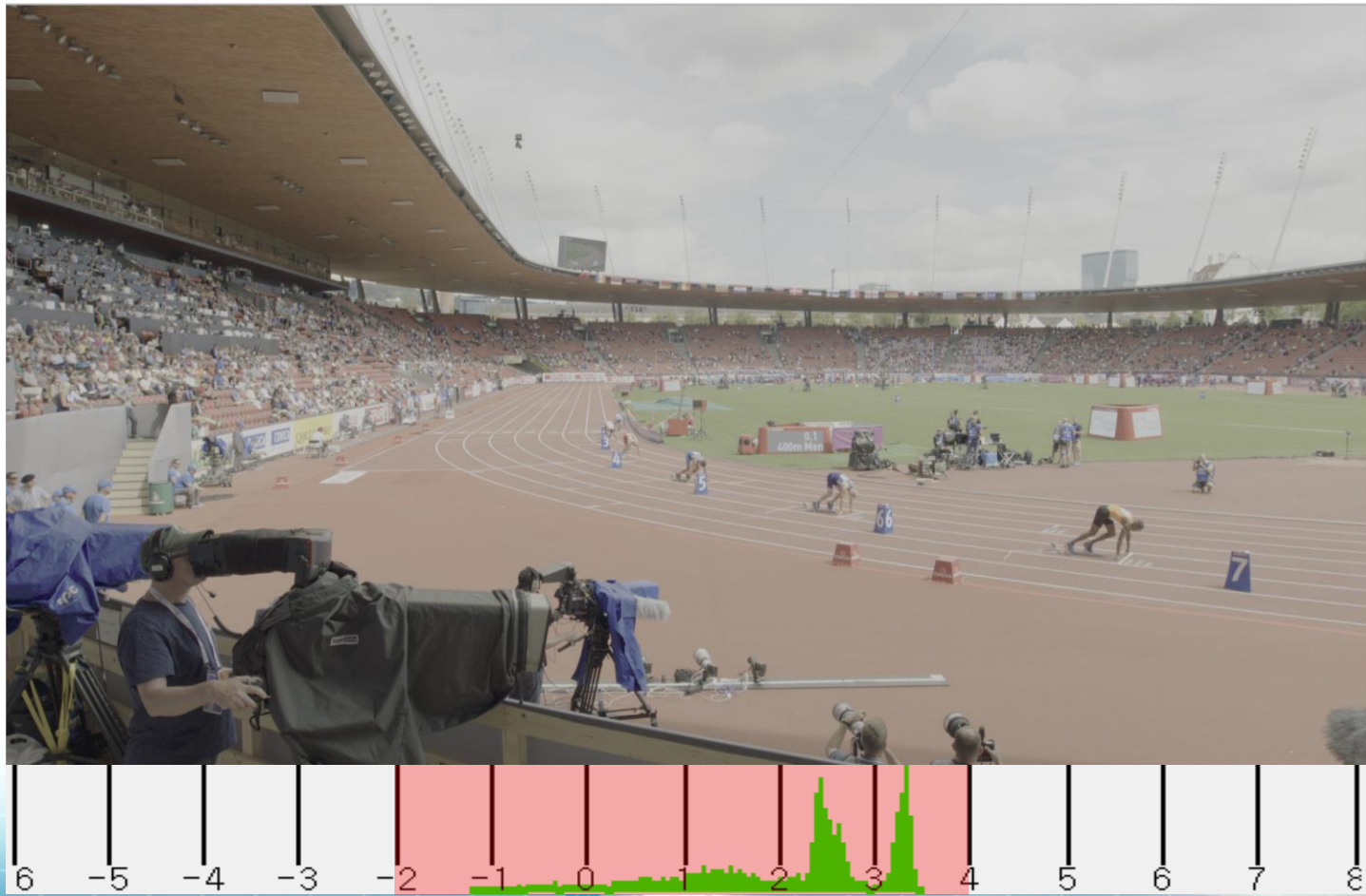
SDR vs HDR

❖ SDR



SDR vs HDR

❖ HDR



SDR vs HDR

❖ HDR



HDR rendering



SDR rendering

Assignment

❖ Assignment#1

● Implement SDR(sRGB) Transfer function

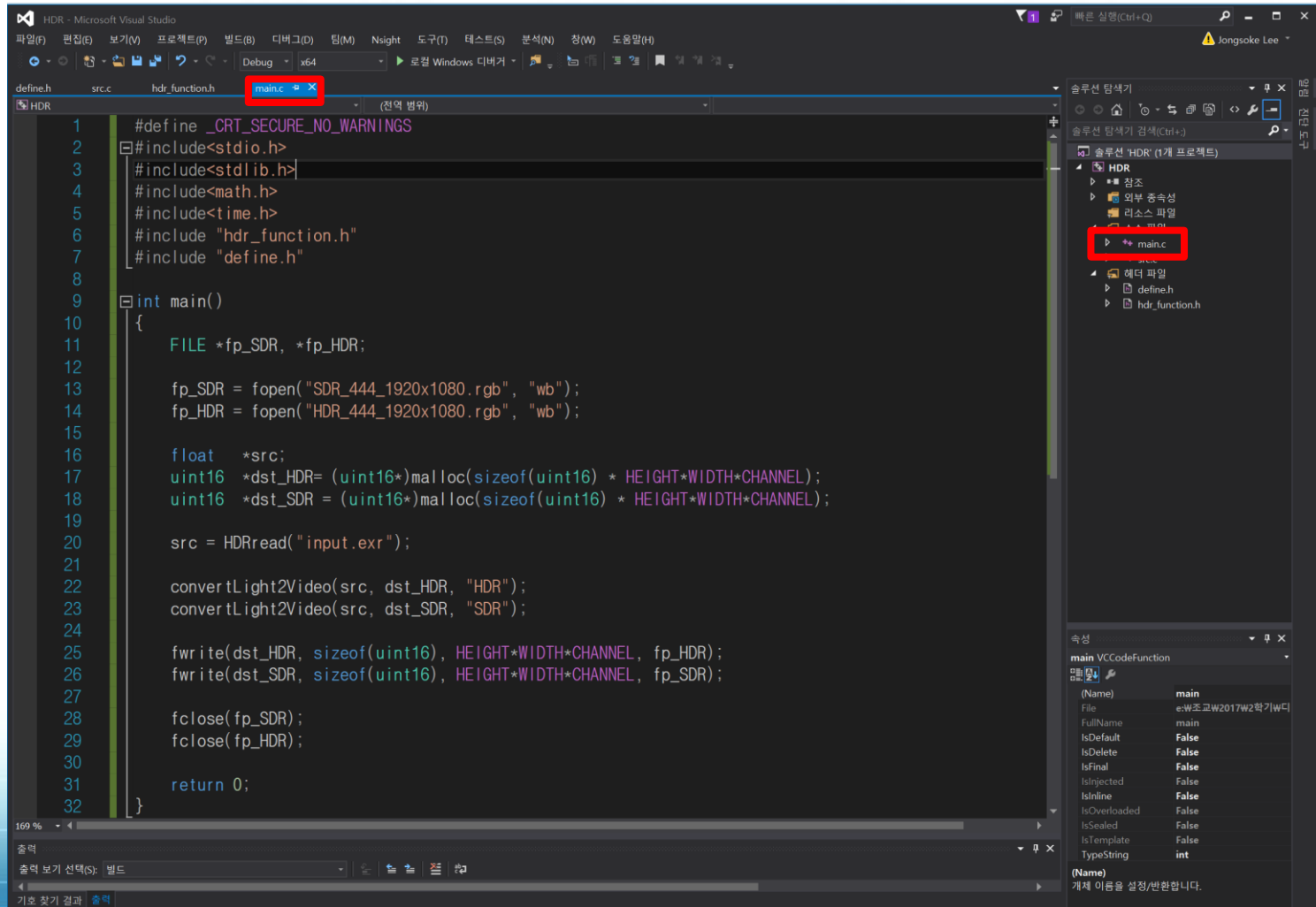
- V is linear light signal, $[0, 1]$
- L is video signal, $[0, 1]$
- $$L = \begin{cases} 12.92 \times V & \text{if } V \leq 0.0031308 \\ ((1 + 0.055) \times V)^{1/2.4} - 0.055 & \text{if } V > 0.0031308 \end{cases}$$

❖ Assignment#2

● Decide SDR maximum intensity

Assignment

❖ Code



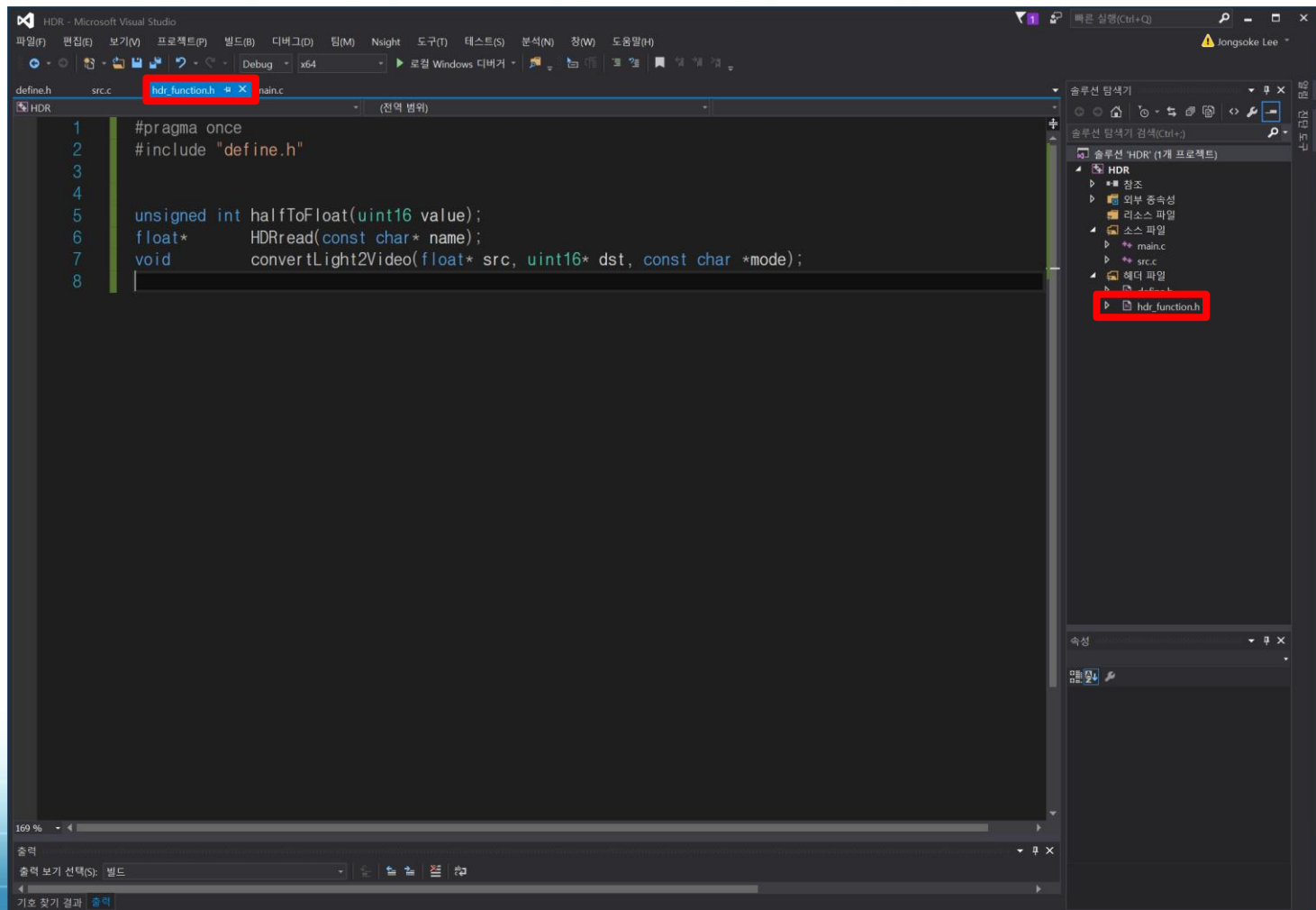
The screenshot shows the Microsoft Visual Studio IDE. The main window displays the `main.c` file, which is highlighted with a red box in the tab bar. The code in `main.c` is as follows:

```
1  #define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
2  #include<stdio.h>
3  #include<stdlib.h>
4  #include<math.h>
5  #include<time.h>
6  #include "hdr_function.h"
7  #include "define.h"
8
9  int main()
10 {
11     FILE *fp_SDR, *fp_HDR;
12
13     fp_SDR = fopen("SDR_444_1920x1080.rgb", "wb");
14     fp_HDR = fopen("HDR_444_1920x1080.rgb", "wb");
15
16     float *src;
17     uint16 *dst_HDR= (uint16*)malloc(sizeof(uint16) * HEIGHT*WIDTH*CHANNEL);
18     uint16 *dst_SDR = (uint16*)malloc(sizeof(uint16) * HEIGHT*WIDTH*CHANNEL);
19
20     src = HDRread("input.exr");
21
22     convertLight2Video(src, dst_HDR, "HDR");
23     convertLight2Video(src, dst_SDR, "SDR");
24
25     fwrite(dst_HDR, sizeof(uint16), HEIGHT*WIDTH*CHANNEL, fp_HDR);
26     fwrite(dst_SDR, sizeof(uint16), HEIGHT*WIDTH*CHANNEL, fp_SDR);
27
28     fclose(fp_SDR);
29     fclose(fp_HDR);
30
31     return 0;
32 }
```

The Solution Explorer on the right shows the project structure for "HDR" (1개 프로젝트). The `main.c` file is highlighted with a red box. The Properties window at the bottom right shows the properties for the `main` function, including the file path and various flags.

Assignment

❖ Code



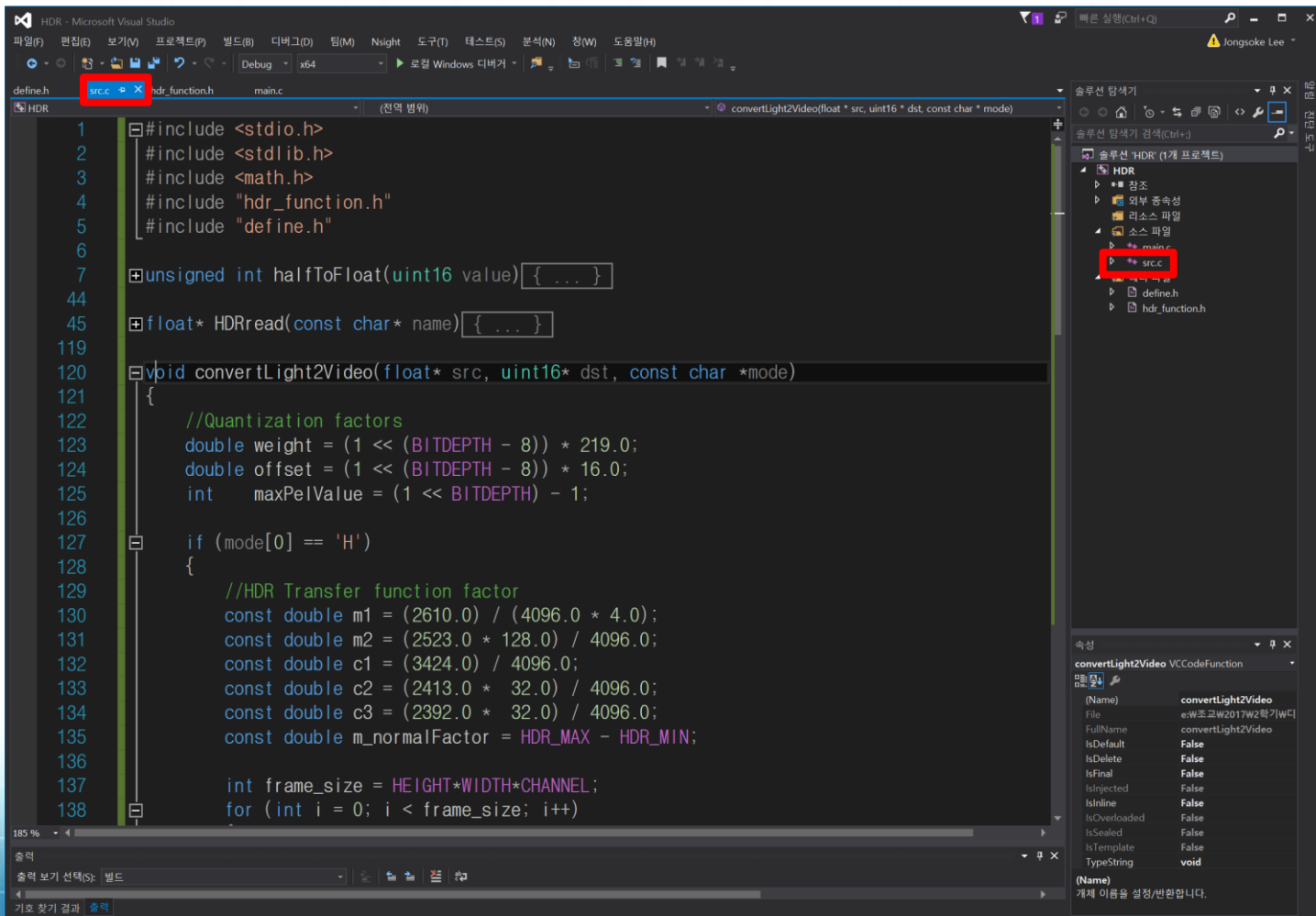
The screenshot shows the Microsoft Visual Studio IDE with the 'HDR' project open. The file explorer on the right highlights the 'hdr_function.h' file. The code editor displays the contents of 'define.h'.

```
define.h
src.c
hdr_function.h
main.c

HDR
1 #pragma once
2 #include "define.h"
3
4
5 unsigned int halfToFloat(uint16 value);
6 float* HDRread(const char* name);
7 void convertLight2Video(float* src, uint16* dst, const char *mode);
8
```

Assignment

❖ Code



```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "hdr_function.h"
#include "define.h"

unsigned int halfToFloat(uint16 value){ ... }

float* HDRread(const char* name){ ... }

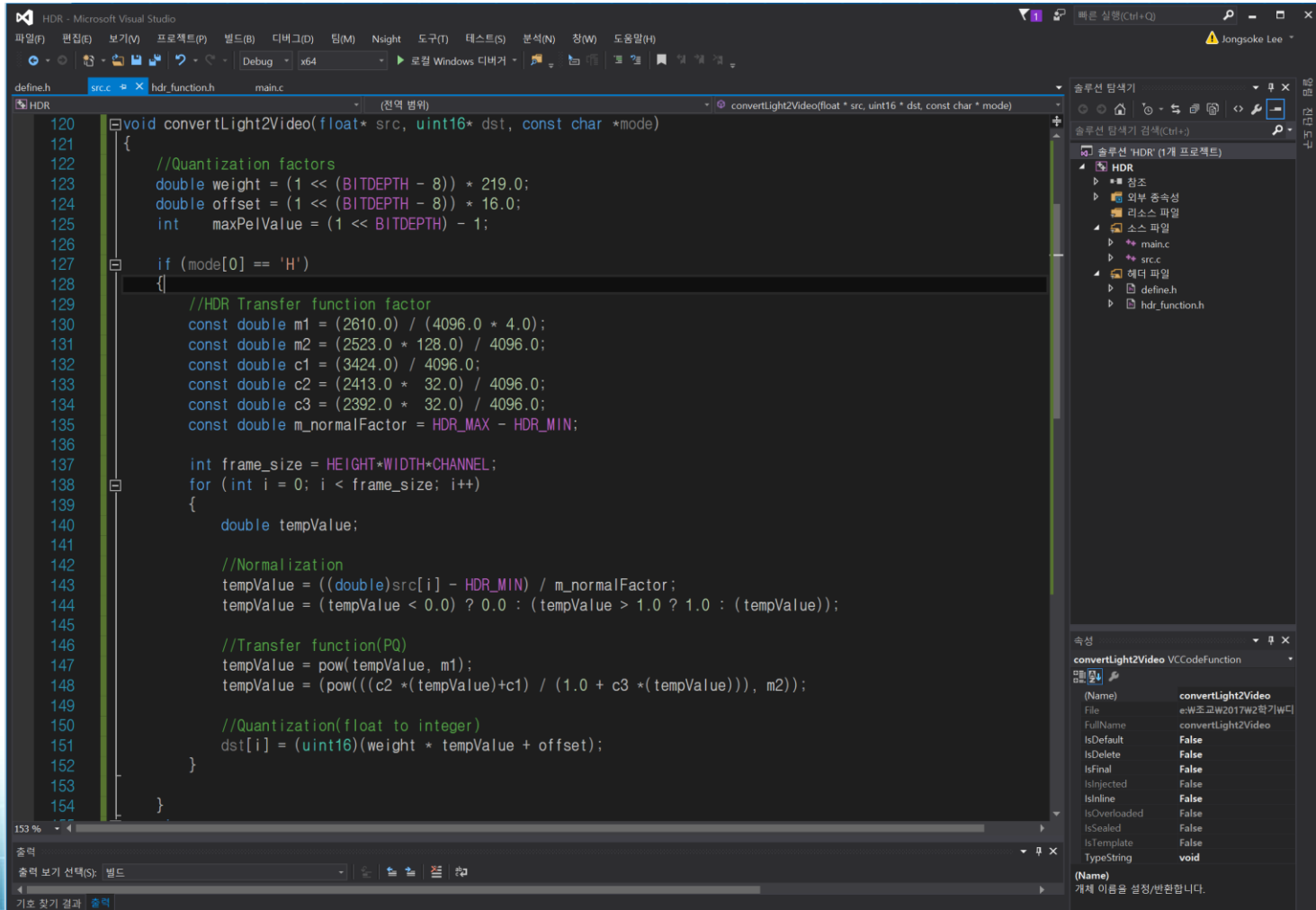
void convertLight2Video(float* src, uint16* dst, const char *mode)
{
    //Quantization factors
    double weight = (1 << (BITDEPTH - 8)) * 219.0;
    double offset = (1 << (BITDEPTH - 8)) * 16.0;
    int maxPelValue = (1 << BITDEPTH) - 1;

    if (mode[0] == 'H')
    {
        //HDR Transfer function factor
        const double m1 = (2610.0) / (4096.0 * 4.0);
        const double m2 = (2523.0 * 128.0) / 4096.0;
        const double c1 = (3424.0) / 4096.0;
        const double c2 = (2413.0 * 32.0) / 4096.0;
        const double c3 = (2392.0 * 32.0) / 4096.0;
        const double m_normalFactor = HDR_MAX - HDR_MIN;

        int frame_size = HEIGHT*WIDTH*CHANNEL;
        for (int i = 0; i < frame_size; i++)
```

Assignment

❖ Code



```
120 void convertLight2Video(float* src, uint16* dst, const char * mode)
121 {
122     //Quantization factors
123     double weight = (1 << (BITDEPTH - 8)) * 219.0;
124     double offset = (1 << (BITDEPTH - 8)) * 16.0;
125     int maxPelValue = (1 << BITDEPTH) - 1;
126
127     if (mode[0] == 'H')
128     {
129         //HDR Transfer function factor
130         const double m1 = (2610.0) / (4096.0 * 4.0);
131         const double m2 = (2523.0 * 128.0) / 4096.0;
132         const double c1 = (3424.0) / 4096.0;
133         const double c2 = (2413.0 * 32.0) / 4096.0;
134         const double c3 = (2392.0 * 32.0) / 4096.0;
135         const double m_normalFactor = HDR_MAX - HDR_MIN;
136
137         int frame_size = HEIGHT*WIDTH*CHANNEL;
138         for (int i = 0; i < frame_size; i++)
139         {
140             double tempValue;
141
142             //Normalization
143             tempValue = ((double)src[i] - HDR_MIN) / m_normalFactor;
144             tempValue = (tempValue < 0.0) ? 0.0 : (tempValue > 1.0 ? 1.0 : (tempValue));
145
146             //Transfer function(PQ)
147             tempValue = pow(tempValue, m1);
148             tempValue = (pow(((c2 *(tempValue)+c1) / (1.0 + c3 *(tempValue))), m2));
149
150             //Quantization(float to integer)
151             dst[i] = (uint16)(weight * tempValue + offset);
152         }
153     }
154 }
```

솔루션 탐색기

솔루션 탐색기 검색(Ctrl+F)

솔루션 'HDR' (1개 프로젝트)

- HDR
 - 참조
 - 외부 종속성
 - 리소스 파일
 - 소스 파일
 - main.c
 - src.c
 - 헤더 파일
 - define.h
 - hdr_function.h

속성

convertLight2Video VCodeFunction

(Name)	convertLight2Video
File	e:\W조고W2017W2학기\W디
FullName	convertLight2Video
IsDefault	False
IsDelete	False
IsFinal	False
IsInjected	False
IsInline	False
IsOverloaded	False
IsSealed	False
IsTemplate	False
TypeString	void

(Name)

개체 이름을 설정/변경합니다.

Assignment

❖ Code

```
void convertLight2Video(float* src, uint16* dst, const char *mode)
{
    //Quantization factors
    double weight = (1 << (BITDEPTH - 8)) * 219.0;
    double offset = (1 << (BITDEPTH - 8)) * 16.0;
    int maxPelValue = (1 << BITDEPTH) - 1;

    if (mode[0] == 'H') { ... }
    else
    {
        //SDR function factor
        const double m_gamma = 2.4;
        const double m_inverseGamma = 1.0 / m_gamma;
        const double m_alpha = 0.055;
        const double m_beta = 0.0031308;
        const double m_normalFactor = SDR_MAX - SDR_MIN;

        int frame_size = HEIGHT*WIDTH*CHANNEL;
        for (int i = 0; i < frame_size; i++)
        {
            double tempValue;

            //Normalization
            tempValue = (double)(src[i] - SDR_MIN) / m_normalFactor;
            tempValue = (tempValue < 0.0) ? 0.0 : (tempValue > 1.0 ? 1.0 : (tempValue));

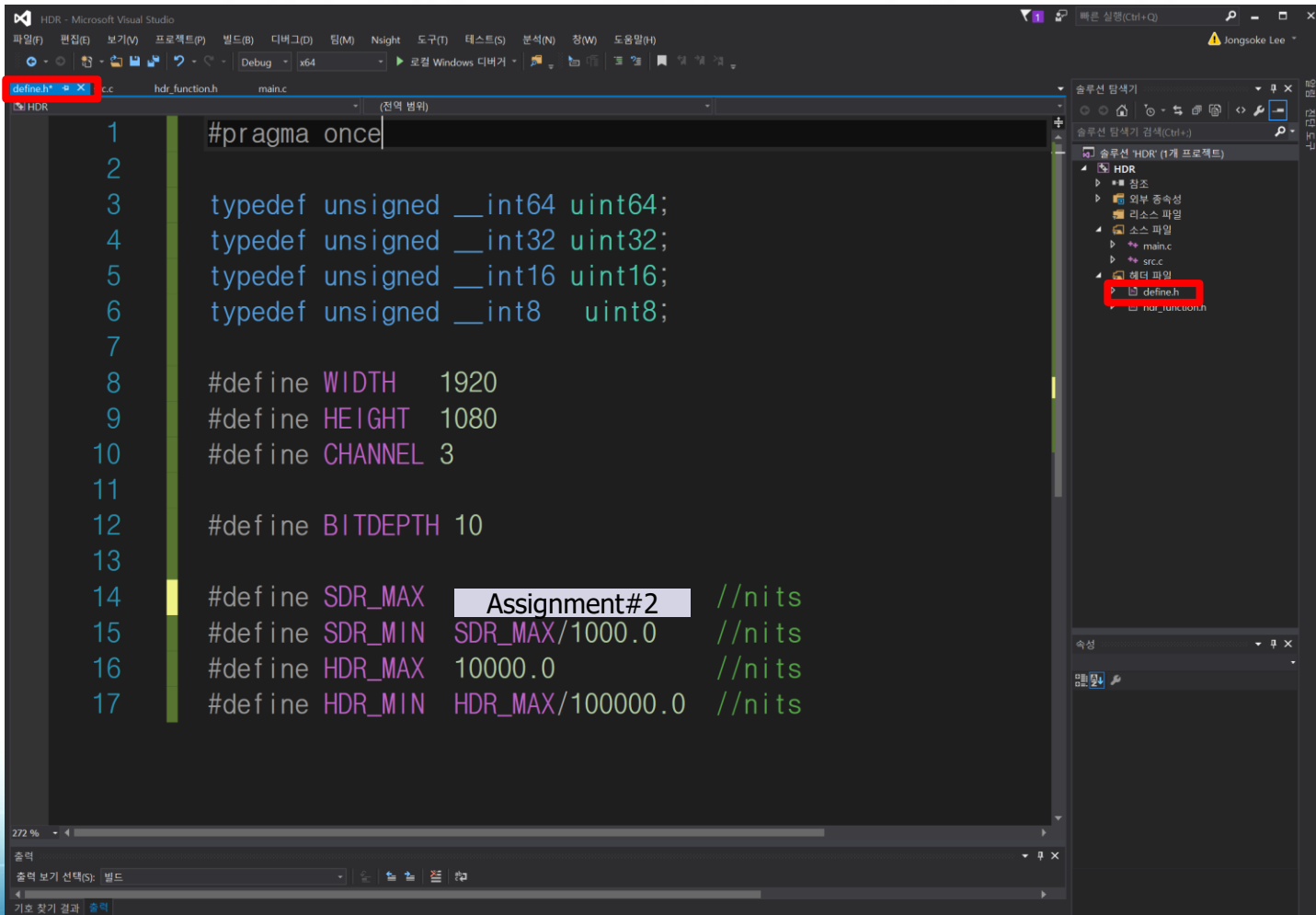
            //Transfer function(sRGB)

            //Quantization
            dst[i] = (uint16)(weight * tempValue + offset);
        }
    }
}
```

Assignment#1

Assignment

❖ Code



```
1  #pragma once
2
3  typedef unsigned __int64 uint64;
4  typedef unsigned __int32 uint32;
5  typedef unsigned __int16 uint16;
6  typedef unsigned __int8  uint8;
7
8  #define WIDTH 1920
9  #define HEIGHT 1080
10 #define CHANNEL 3
11
12 #define BITDEPTH 10
13
14 #define SDR_MAX Assignment#2 //nits
15 #define SDR_MIN SDR_MAX/1000.0 //nits
16 #define HDR_MAX 10000.0 //nits
17 #define HDR_MIN HDR_MAX/100000.0 //nits
```